POTTSVILLE.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1849.

☞ Mr. E. J. Fay is authorised to receive subscriptions for the Miners' Journal, and receipt for the same at his Drug store, *in Tamaqua*

☞ *Strawberries and Blackberries.*—The N. Orleans papers of the 17th, speak of the return of winter the Saturday previous, with a severity equal to the hardest blows the past season; yet in the *Delta* of that date is the following:

Our markets abound with the most delicious strawberries and blackberries. The crop of both promises to be very fine.

☞ *Cholera* prevails in Autauga county, Ala. to such an extent that the Circuit Court Judge refused to hold the usual session of court. On board the steamer New World, on her last trip up the river, there were eight deaths.

☞ *The Arkansas Election* is yet in doubt, though it is supposed from the latest accounts, that Roane (Locofoco) is elected Governor by a very small majority. There are but two counties to hear from, and Roane has 62 *majority*. Wilson, the Whig candidate, has made a most unprecedented run.

☞ *A Rumored Resignation.*—The Pittsburg American says:—"It is rumored here that Attorney General Darragh will tender his resignation during the present month. This was purposed, we believe, about the first of March last, but delayed, it is supposed, until the March term of our Quarter Sessions would be over, which generally continues through the greater part of April."

☞ *Glad of it.*—Fitz Green Halleck, whose health was somewhat impaired by close application, is convalescent. We are also glad to learn that C. F. Hoffman, whose health had become much impaired by too close confinement and incessant application to literary labors, has been for some time under the care of Dr. Kirkbride, of Philadelphia, and his health is now almost entirely restored.

☞ *Melancholy Death.*—We learn from Lafayette, Ind., that Mrs. Orth, wife of the Hon. Godfrey S. Orth, late Speaker of the Indiana Senate, visited Lafayette a few days since, and after making several purchases, stepped into a friend's house, where she was suddenly attacked with bleeding at the lungs, and died before assistence could be obtained. The diseased was a sister of Mrs. James Cooper, of this Borough.

☞ *A Portrait.*—The last *Lancasterian* draws the following flattering portrait of its own political friend in the course of some remarks about the Legislature which has just adjourned

The truthfulness of the portrait will be at once acknowledged:

"The democratic party requires purgation. There is too much rottenness and corruption within it. It has blinked at deviations from political rectitude so long that many seem to think these *deviations essentialities. There is no security* from contamination other than by lopping off the diseased members and let that be *done soon and specily.*"

Temperance Law of Wisconsin.—A remarkably stringent bill in relation to the sale of intoxicating drinks has recently passed the Legislature of Wisconsin. It requires all persons who would vend or retail "spirituous liquors," to give bond to the town authorities, with three sureties, in $1000, "conditioned to pay all damages the community or individuals may sustain by reason of such traffic; to support all paupers, widows and orphans; pay the expenses of all civil and criminal prosecutions made, growing out of, or justly attributable to such traffic." And it is made the duty of the officer holding the bond to deliver it to any person who may claim to be injured by said traffic."

The bill passed the Senate by a vote of 10 to 3, and the Assembly 29 to 21.

THE MILITIA LAW.

This law has been abolished. We shall no more have militia trainings, but in their stead a tax of *fifty cents* is levied on all persons subject to militia duty. The amount is, perhaps, rather high, but will, no doubt, be cheerfully paid, to effect so wholesome a reform in the system as is contemplated in the bill. Adjutant General Irwin has been at the Seat of Government for several days past, and is adopting the necessary measures to carry the bill into effect. He has given instructions to the several Brigade Inspectors to countermand their orders for parades this spring, which had been generally issued.

THE GOLD DOLLAR.

The people have no doubt been expecting to see the gold dollar ere this, that was directed by Congress to be coined; but we now reluctantly have to say to them, that there is no knowing when the law will be carried out. It seems that some of the officers about the mint, all of whom are good Locos, are opposed to the law, and "take the responsibility" of retarding the issue.—This is in keeping with the principles and actions of that party. Whenever a law does not exactly suit them, they disregard it and act upon their own book.—If what he said about the officers of the mint be true, it is time Gen. Taylor should give them their walking papers. Things will not go on rightly until there be a perfect cleansing of the Augean stable; and the quicker the administration accomplish it, the more truly will they be carrying out the people's will.

JEALOUSY—REVENGE.

Some years since, says the *Louisville Democrat* of yesterday, a man residing in Patriot, Ind. married a young lady residing in the same place. After they had been married some five years, the parties were blessed with two children, and things went smoothly on, until it was discovered that the husband had fallen desperately in love with a young woman living in the family. Finally, the husband eloped with the girl to parts unknown, leaving his lawful wife and children without a protector, husband or father. A few days since, a store-boat arrived at Patriot, the owner of which proved to be the recreant husband, and his mistress was on board. These facts soon reached the ears of the deserted wife, who forthwith armed herself with a hatchet in one hand and a pistol in the other, intent on slaying the husband and the wretch who had seduced him. The woman on the *boat noticed her approach thus hostilely equipped*, and there being no chance but a "fight or a foot race," she took to her heels, pursued by the injured, *infuriated wife.—After a run of some distance*, she was overtaken and several fearful and dangerous wounds were inflicted with the hatchet. She would have been fairly "minced" but for the interference of loiterers-on. The husband fled down the river in time to escape a coat of tar and feathers already prepared for him and his paramour.—The mistress remains on the store-boat, under the protection of the police and physicians. Public sympathy is strongly in favor of the injured wife —[*Cincinnati Nonpariel.*

☞ *Editors looking down.*—Henry B. Anthony of the Providence *Journal*, is elected Governor of Rhode Island, by a very large majority. Salary 400 whole dollars per annum. Henceforward the Governors will have an editor among them.

☞ *Governor Seward* has in the press a volume of one hundred and forty pages, on the Life and Services of John Quindy Adams.

☞ *How to make a Whistle of a Pig's Tail Married*, on the 7th ult., in Chesnut Grove, by the Rev. Mr. Sulvaile, *Mr. Jonathan Whistle*, to Miss Jedutha Pigtail. Look out for music.

A Hard Case.—A young widow, who edits a paper in a neighboring State, says:—"We do not look so well to-day as usual, on account of the non-arrival of the males."

All accounts concur in stating that the Emancipation letter of Henry Clay has had a powerful anti-slavery influence in Kentucky.

☞ *Defaulters.*—Wm. K. Stiles, collector of State taxes at New Orleans, is a defaulter for $28,045.—He was arrested.

THE NEW LICENSE LAW.

The provisions of the act of the last Assembly to change the mode of granting tavern licenses in the City and County of Philadelphia, are substantially as follows:

Sec. 1. Before the 1st September, 1849, every retailer of liquor in small measure shall take out a license from the County Treasurer; physicians, &c., are excluded from the operation of the law: all licenses to expire May 1, 1850, and at that period yearly thereafter—and every person applying for a license must present the written consent of the owner of the premises which is to be occupied.

Sec. 2. A bond in $500 to be filed that the house to be kept will not permit riotous conduct or gaming; nor sell liquor to a minor; nor sell it in less measure than five gallons after license expires; bone to be sued out one half to informant, the other to the use of the State. The Clerk of the Quarter Sessions to be entitled to a fee of *fifty cents* for filing the bond.

Sec. 3. Venders to be classed as follows:

Those who are esteemed and taken to make and effect annual sales to the amount of ten thousand dollars and upwards, shall pay three hundred and fifty dollars.

Those to the amount of eight and less than ten thousand dollars, shall form the second class and pay two hundred and fifty dollars.

Those to the amount of six and less than eight thousand dollars, shall form the third class and pay two hundred dollars.

Those to the amount of four and less than six thousand dollars, shall form the fourth class and pay one hundred and fifty dollars.

Those to the amount of two and less than four thousand dollars, shall form the fifth class and pay one hundred dollars.

Those less than two thousand dollars, shall form the sixth class and pay fifty dollars, and no license shall be granted for any less sum: *Provided*, That tavern keepers selling spirituous, vinous, and malt liquors, in the unincorporated districts and townships of the county of Philadelphia, whose annual sales do not amount to one thousand dollars, shall be required to pay twenty-five dollars per annum.

Sec. 4. Provides for the appointment of three appraisers to be divided into classes, and hold office for three years.

Sec. 5. Appraisers to prepare lists of dealers, with their places of business, arranging them in their several classes, and they shall furnish to each of the persons a written or printed notice of their several classifications, giving notice to each of time and place, at which appeals may be made from such classifications, and for such service the appraiser aforesaid shall be paid for each certificate of license the sum of fifty cents.

Sec. 6. Remedy provided for those who allege they are erroneously assessed.

Sec. 7. Lists to be transmitted to County Treasurer, and by him to Auditor General.

Sec. and 9. Duties of County Treasurer and Auditor General in relation to suits under the law, making applicable the law of March 24, 1824.

Sec. 10. Fee of County Treasurer twenty-five cents.

Sec. 11. and 12. County Treasurer to give bond, and also to publish list of retailers in two daily newspapers three days.

Sec. 13. Appraisers who neglect or refuse to serve to be liable to a fine of $500.

Sec. 14. All persons who sell without license to pay a fine of fifty dollars *a day for such offence*; one half to the *informer*, the *other to the State*.

Sec. 15, 16, 17, and 18 provide that existing licenses shall expire before a *renewal under this* law; that when riots occur in any tavern, the keeper of such tippling house, where such liquors are sold, shall be deemed and taken to be aider and abetter in such riot or other breach of the peace, and shall be liable to prosecution, and punished as such, the fine not to exceed $500, and *one year's imprisonment*; and all laws conflicting with this one, are repealed.

AN IMPORTANT ACT.

The following Act to restrain Corporations from issuing obligations redeemable *otherwise than* in Gold and Silver, or in Current Bank Notes, passed at the last Session of the Legislature, was approved April 21st, 1849.

Section 1st.—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same: That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any Corporation within this Commonwealth, directly or indirectly, either by itself or through any agent or agents, individual or individuals, to make, issue, reissue, or pay out, or circulate, or cause to be issued, issued, put out, or circulated, any certificate, check, order, or due bill, or acknowledgement of indebtedness of any description, or any purpose whatsoever, payable or redeemable in any thing except in *Gold or Silver*, and that any violation of the *provisions* of this Act *shall be held* and deemed to be forfeiture of the Charter of any Company so offending, and any private citizen may by quo-warrant *proceed according* to law to have such forfeiture declared. *Provided*, That this Act shall not be construed to authorize any *Corporation or individual not expressly* authorized by existing laws to issue any Note, Bill, Check or Certificate whatever, in the nature or similitude of a Bank Note and intended for circulation, and that all laws inconsistent with this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed: And, *Provided further*, That this Section shall not be construed so as to prevent any Corporation from drawing orders in the *ordinary course of* business not intended for circulation or in payment of interest, and that such orders shall not be negotiable.

Section 2d, approved April 10th, 1849.—That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to issue re-issue, pay out, or circulate for any purpose whatsoever, any check, *order, certificate* for interest due, or growing due, on Lehigh Common Loans issued by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company; and if any person or persons shall, upon conviction thereof, pay a fine of fifty *dollars; one half of which fine shall go for the use* of the commonwealth, and the other half for the use of the person or persons bringing suit for the same.

RUMORED DEFALCATION.

The N. Y. Tribune of Monday last, has the following with regard to a rumored defalcation, said to have taken place in that city. It says:

Ely Moore, U. S. Marshal for this District, according to the Sunday Atlas, is vaguely reported a defaulter to the Government in the sum of $20,000. We presume there is no truth in the rumor.

The New York Courier has the following statement in reference to the same matter.

Probable Defalcation.—On Saturday, J. Prescott Hall, Esq., the newly appointed U. S. Attorney for this District, made a motion in Court, which was grounded on the probable defalcation of Mr. Ely Moore, the U. S. Marshal, to the amount of $18,500. Some time since the brig Lawrence was libelled at this port by the United States, on the ground of having been engaged in the slave trade, and the U. S. Marshal took charge of her by virtue of his office. She had on board the sum of $20,000 in specie, which Mr. Moore placed in bank as a special deposit, the law requiring that the money should be paid into Court, but he preferred keeping it in that manner to save the half per cent, which would have accrued to the Clerk, as his fee for the custody of it. Soon afterwards Mr. Moore transferred the special deposit to his own private account, and on Saturday Mr. Hall moved that the Marshal pay the money forthwith into Court, where it rightfully belonged, but on examination into his private account at the bank, it was ascertained that he only had *fifteen hundred dollars* on deposit. An order was then made that unless he pay the money into Court on that day, an attachment would issue against him on Monday. On inquiring at the office of the Clerk on Saturday afternoon, we were informed that the money had not yet been paid.

Increase of Population.—Mrs. Miller, residing near Fahnestock's brick yard, Harrisburg, on Monday morning last, gave birth to *five boys*, all of which are alive and doing well. What makes the case singular is, that at her first confinement she gave birth to *two*, and at her second to *three*, and at this, her third, to *five*, making in all *ten* children in four years, and all living.

General Manufacturing Law.—The Pittsburg Gazette states, on the authority of Senator Darsie, that the liability clause is *not* in the General Manufacturing Law, and that incorporations under it are confined to certain specified objects, such as the manufacture of cotton, iron, woollens, &c.

The Vermont License Law, which it was contended was unconstitutional, has been decided by the Supreme Court of that State to be constitutional.

The Siamese Twins, who have been living some years with their wives and children in North Carolina, are about to embark for Europe with a view to consult the most eminent surgeons on the practicability of an operation to divide the ligament that binds them together.

[For the Miners' Journal.]

Pottsville, April 27, 1849.

Mr. B. Bannan:

The suspension of Coal Shipments have now continued *for six weeks* and may continue for a longer period, if it is considered expedient to do so by the Meeting that assemble at the American House this afternoon. What is the cause of this cessation of business, is it the fault of the buyers, the Transportation Companies or the Colliers themselves—the latter parties, as I understand the matter, are not anxious to continue in action for a moment longer, if the purchasers will consent to pay them the expense of digging their Coal, and a small advance to remunerate them for their capital and toil. This all parties agree they should have. I think sir, that the chief cause of the difficulty existed in the excessive advance made by the Transportation Companies in *their* charges, over the corresponding period last year. The buyers can't understand why the price of Coal this Spring should be so much greater than that of last Spring, and hence have come to the conclusion that something unfair is demanded of them. I think if it had been clearly stated to the purchasers abroad, this Spring, that the Transporting Companies had discovered that their charges heretofore had been inadequate to pay them, and that it therefore became imperative *now*, and for the future, for them to charge higher rates, a great deal of the difficulty, growing out of the suspension, would have been avoided. Certain parties in this trade at Richmond, however, who conceived that their interests would be more advanced by a different line of policy, laid all the blame at the door of the poor Colliers, when in reality the Colliers had nothing to do with the advances asked. The buyers, however, and the public generally are gradually getting to see the true bearing of the whole matter, which is contained in a nut-shell, and is solved by the following figures.

In the spring of 1848, Red Ash Coal was sold at Richmond at $ 7 75; 4 month interest added. The charges by the Rail Road Co., for transportation was $1 25, on a credit of 4 months. The price at which it is now offered (without obtaining buyers, and which is the cause of supplies not going forward) is $4 00 per ton, showing only an advance of twenty-five cents per ton in the price of Coal, while an advance of thirty-five cents has been exacted by the Rail Road Company. With regard to White Ash Coal the figures show still worse. In the Spring of 1848, White Ash prepared Coal readily brought $3 40 per ton, with the Rail Road charge only $1 25 per ton, now the dealers only ask $3.62½ with the charge per Rail Road thirty-five cents higher. These plain statements will show the public the true position of things, and where the odeum rests, if any is deserved.

A OBSERVER.

The Coal Trade for 1849.

In the Coal article of our last week's paper, we assumed the ground, that the suspension of shipments by the Operators would be continued. The action of the Colliers at their meeting on last Saturday afternoon, shows that we were correct. The suspension *indefinitely*, or until purchasers should show a greater disposition to buy, was recommended by the Committee, and was, of course, adopted by the meeting. The suspension has now continued six weeks, during which time there has been comparatively but little Coal sent away from this Region. An active shipment during the above period, would have thrown into the market at least 130,000 tons more Coal than has gone forward under the regulation; this, it behoves buyers to take seriously into consideration. Had this Region, in conjunction with the other Anthracite Districts, commenced sending away Coal at the usual period this season, and continued an active, energetic shipment throughout the entire year, the quantity of Coal sent into the market would have fallen far short of the actual demand for this year's consumption, but as it is, the short crop will be so extreme, that we feel it our duty, thus early to caution those most deeply interested, that, unless they come forward at once and buy freely, the suffering for fuel in the Atlantic Cities, during the coming winter, will be excessive. We have been the conductor of this Journal now, for upwards of *twenty years*, and *we think we can safely say*, that during the entire period, we have never led the public astray in reference to our statements regarding the Coal Trade. We now wish *that* public to examine the figures which follow, the correctness of which we will vouch for; they will then discover the true state of the Trade:—

Sch'kill Canal will send to market in '49			550,000
Reading Railroad	do	do	1,175,000
Lehigh Canal	do	do	750,000
Lackawanna	do	do	437,000
Susquehanna	do	do	257,000
Total, tons			3 219,000
The consumption of last year was			3,399,000
The increase of consumption this year cannot be less than			463,000
Consumption of 1849, tons,			3,862,000
From the above requirements deduct the supply,			3,219,000
Deficiency, tons,			633,000

This is a most startling development, but we firmly believe it to be correct. If the above figures are accurate, (and who that is familiar with the Trade can doubt it) is it not madness for buyers longer to hold back from making their purchases; we warn them now to awaken from their lethargic sleep, and by prompt purchases now and for the balance of the season, make up somewhat for the errors they have committed, in permitting almost two months of this season to elapse without buying any part of their supplies; the communities in which they reside will hold them to a *strict accountability for their excessive folly*, if it is longer persisted in.

The following is the report of the Committee:

The quantity of Coal shipped this week to Richmond and the city, from the Collieries on the Valley, Mill Creek, and Mt. Carbon roads, is as follows:

Non-subscribers per Railroad,		2,507 15
" " Canal,		1,405 09
		3,913 04
By subscribers to the city,		171 05
		4,084 09

We have not obtained accurate information from Tamaqua, on the Weh Branch. At the former place we understand the operations generally have been sending away more or less coal. On the West Branch, the subscribers as a general thing, have been faithful to their agreement, with the exception of Charles Miller & Co., who have been sending Coal into Broad Street, during the entire week.

S. SILLYMAN,
GEO. H. POTTS,
F. MACDONALD,
Committee.

Amount of Coal sent over the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad and Schuylkill Navigation for the week ending on Thursday evening last:

	RAILROAD.		CANAL.	
	WEEK	TOTAL.	WEEK.	TOTAL.
P Carbon,	1,825 04	53,665 02	1,689 03	9,336 19
Pottsville,	2,230 14	39,956 07	1,759 15	7,160 15
S. Haven,	3,193 16	55,183 05	750 09	1,782 17
P. Clinton,	2,736 14	32,923 14	708 15	3,140 05
	10,366 08	171,167 00	4,908 00	18,420 16
		18,420 16		
Total by RR & Cal,		189,587 16		
To same period last year, by Railroad				298,338 19
Do by			Canal	36,922 10
				335,331 09
Decrease this year,		145,743 13 tons.		

RAIL ROADS.

Transportation on the Railroads in Schuylkill County.

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week ending Thursday evening, April 19, 1849.

		WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mine Hill and S. H. R. R.		4,097 10	58,8-3 03
Little Schuylkill R. R.		3,322 16	35,972 11
Mill Creek	do	1,913 13	23,095 18
Mount Carbon	do	4,131 01	37,099 11
Schuylkill Valley	do	1,601 19	28,581 07
Mt. Carbon and Pt. Carbon d.		1,740 09	52,757 19
Union Canal	do	2,217 01	5,315 08
Swatara	do	1,706 09	4,007 02

LEHIGH COAL TRADE.

The following is the quantity of Coal sent from the Lehigh region for the week ending April 14th, 1849.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Summit Mine,	7,152 18	10,384 00
Blume Run,	1,737 01	2,921 12
Beaver Meadow,	1,311 16	2,417 17
Spring Mountain Co.	939 05	2,015 11
Hazleton Coal Co.	60 00	67 03
Cranberry Coal Co.	62 16	128 00
Buck Mountain Co.	550 02	550 02
	11,752 18	18,517 05
To same period last year,	21,853 12 tons.	

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAIL ROA

To	From M. Carbon.	S. Haven.	P. Clinton.
Richmond, until June 1, 1849,	1 60	1 55	1 35
Philadelphia, do do	1 60	1 55	1 35
	65 cts.	62 cts.	52 cts.

RATES OF TOLL BY CANAL, TO JUNE 1, 1849.

To Philadelphia	From Mt. Carbon.	S. Haven.	P. Clinton.
	65 cts.	per ton.	
RATES OF FREIGHT.			
To Philadelphia	65 cts. per ton.		
To New York	1 70 "		

SCROFULA CURED.

Phila., Nov. 21, 1848.

Dr. Keeler—Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to state to you the good effects of your Panacea has produced on a son of mine, who has been for several years afflicted with what Physicians have termed Scrofula. He has been somewhat hard of hearing for several years, accompanied by a constant discharge from the ears, and a dull heavy pain across the forehead with general health quite feeble, appetite precarious, and bowels irregular. There were swellings of the neck and at the groins, which have *been completely cured* of an ashy paleness, and all the characteristics of wasting health. At your request, I commenced giving him your Panacea, and I am rejoiced to state that after using three bottles there has been a remarkable change for the better—His appetite is now good, the pain across the forehead entirely gone, the swellings have disappeared, the color of the skin is now like one enjoying good health, indeed he now says he feels well, appetite good, sleeps well, and is really changed, which I attribute solely to your medicine. I feel fully satisfied from what I have witnessed in my own child, that it is a medicine far surpassed power in disease of a scrofulous character. I feel at liberty to make what use of this you may deem proper.

I remain very respectfully yours,
CHAS. FLAGG, George St.

Also, Dr. KEELER'S CORDIAL and CARMINATIVE—Every family whether rich or poor, who values health and all its blessings, should have this invaluable remedy at hand. It is infinitely the best remedy known for diarrhea, dysentery, cholera morbus cholera infantum, cholic, flatulency, griping pains, cramp, etc; and for all diseases of the stomach and bowels caused by Teething. The numerous testimonials from Physicians and others unsolicited, has given it a reputation far in advance of all other Carminatives.

All of the above celebrated and extensively used medicines, are prepared and sold Wholesale and Retail N W Corner Third and Spruce, and Third and Green sts., Philadelphia, and for sale by J G BROWN and J S C MARTIN, Pottsville; J B Falls, Minersville; E J Fox, Tamaqua; Hans, Schuylkill Haven, and by Druggists and Merchants throughout the county and state. [April 14'49-1y Oct14-tf apr28'49

☞ The General Agency for the sale of the Sarsaparilla in Schuylkill County, is at Bannan's Bookstore, Pottsville, where Druggists and others can be supplied wholesale with the Manufacturers prices.

April 28, 1849. 17-tf

PENNSYLVANIA COAL REGION.

THE Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, being a general Geological, Historical, and Statistical Review of the Anthracite *District of Pennsylvania*, *Illustrated* with many very valuable charts and statistical tables, besides a new and authentic colored map of the Coal Regions with the avenues of Trade and Travel from the interior counties of the State, *correctly* laid down, and pointing out the various places of mineral deposit in the several counties. By Charles Lesley, formerly Associate *Editor of the Miners' Journal. Price 50 cts.*

A small portion of the edition remains unsold. They can be obtained at the office, or can be *mailed to any* part of this country. They are also for sale at

Stringer & Townsends, New York; Zieber's, No. 3 Ledger Buildings, Philadelphia; G Berger's, Harrisburg. And by Booksellers generally.

April, 21. 17

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Isaac Starr,
vs.
Tamuna Biddle and James W. Paul and James N. Bitzer, with notice to the garnishees, James N. T. Bunker, and the following named persons and Institutions, claiming under Churchill Houston, deceased, whether as heirs or devisees, viz:—James Woodward, John Farnum and Wm. Justice, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Churchill Houston, deceased; Susanna Louisa Houston, Mary Ann Houston, Louisa A. Davis, Mary Ann Gibb, Margaret P. Johnson, Horatio G. Vanclève, C. Houston Vanclève, John Vanclève, William C. Houston, Eliza Ellen Houston, Mary Houston, George H. Brown, William C. H. Brown, the American Sunday School Union, the Philadelphia Orphans' Asylum, the Indigent Widows and single Women's Society, the Pennsylvania Bible Society, the Philadelphia Home Missionary Society, the *Union Benevolent do.*, the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery do, the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, the Penn Savings Society of the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, the American Bible Society, the Northern Soup Society of Philadelphia, in the Northern Liberties, and the Southwark Soup Society, with notice to all and singular the body corporation or institution claiming under the said Churchill Houston, deceased, whether as heirs or devisees, or in any way whatever.

Notice is hereby given to the above named parties, that by virtue of the above mentioned writ of Partition, an Inquest will be held and taken upon the premises therein described, viz: "The Tract of Land" in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, on Saturday the second day of June next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of making partition or valuation and appraisment of said real estate, as in the said writ required, at which time and place the said parties can attend, if they think proper.

Sheriff's Office Orwigsburg, JNO T. WERNER, Sheriff.
burg, April 21, 1849. 17-7t

WEST CHESTER FEMALE SEMINARY.

Miss P. C. EVANS, Principal.

THIS Institution is located in the unusually pleasant, healthy borough of West Chester, Chester county, Pa., to which access is had *daily from* the east and west by railroad.

Tuition embraces all the branches of a thorough English education, viz: Orthography, Reading, Writing, Grammar, Geography, Practical and Rational Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Algebra and Geometry; Natural, Ancient and Modern History; Intellectual, Moral and Natural Philosophy; *Astron my, Chemistry*, Composition, Botany, Physiology, Plain and ornamental Needle *Work; in addition instruction will be given in Drawing*, Painting, and in the Latin, French and German Languages.

TERMS—Tuition and Boarding, including Washing, $75 per session of 5 months, Drawing, Music, and the Languages at moderate extra charges.

The Summer Session will commence on the 1st of May. Circulars will be forwarded on application to the Principal, or H. S. Evans.

REFERENCE.—*Rt. Rev. Bishop Potter*; Rev J. B. Clemson; Hon. Townsend Haines, Secretary of the Commonwealth; Hon. Thos. S. Bell, *Judge*; Rev. Wm. Everhart, Esq; Jos. J. Lewis, Esq. Dr Wm. Darlington. [April 21, 17-4t

BRIGADE ORDER.

Brigade Inspector's Office,
Pottsville April 21, 1849

IN pursuance of an act of Assembly passed the 10th inst., revising the Militia system, and providing for the training of such only as shall be uniformed The orders heretofore issued to the enrolled Militia of the 3d Brigade of Schuylkill Co., Pa., are hereby countermanded, so far as respects Militia, as there will be no Militia trainings either in Companies or Battalions

The volunteers of this Brigade, will meet for review in the following order:

1. The Mahantongo Volunteer Battalion, composed of the Jackson Blues, Mahantango Rifles, and Washington Guards, commanded by Maj. Daniel Heim, on Monday the 14th day of May next, at the house of Jno. Maurer, Sen., in Upper Mahantongo.

2 The Union Artillery Company, commanded by Capt Daniel Kitzmiller, on Wednesday the 16th day of May next, at Shoenrove.

3. The 1st Regiment Schuylkill County Volunteers, composed of the Minersville Artillery, Pott Guards, Pottsville Guards, National Light Infantry, Washington Tenacers, and First Troop of Cavalry, commanded by Col F. M. Wynkoop, on Thursday, the 17th May next, at *Pottsville*.

4. The Union Rifles commanded by Capt. Daniel Zimmerman, on Saturday the 19th day of May next, at the public house of Michael Kreiss, in Union tp.

The respective lines will be formed on each day at 10 o'clock, A. M.

It will be important for all Companies to turn out not less than 30 men rank and file; as no other Inspection will be held will companies already organized the present year; and those companies only, who have the required number, can avail themselves of the benefits of the new law; viz: Fifty dollars from the County Treasury yearly, and voting for Field and General Officers on the first Monday of June next.

By order of. DANIEL KREBS.
Brigade Inspector.

Apr 12'1. 17-)

FRIENDS AND FELLOW CITIZENS!

AT the solicitation of a number of my friends, I have been induced to offer myself for the office of CHIEF BURGESS, at the ensuing election. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with fidelity, impartiality, and to the best of my ability.

Your friend, and fellow citizen,
JOSEPH E. SEIDERS.

ap. 21. 17-)

List of Letters.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Donaldson, Pa., for the quarter ending March 31st, 1849.

Berk Henry		Glanding Wm	
Boll Frederick		Pennington Job	
Bows R L		Rein John	
Bottomley Joseph		Sagendorf E J, 2	
Bechtal Caroline		Snyder, Esr &	
Christ George		Will, 3	
Cunbauch B P		Shrub Andrew	
Eckel Mary		Spane John	
Everdell Joseph, 2		Shubert Emilius	
Ford Samuel		Tiley & Ashman	
Ferrity Reed		Weber Henry	
		McCordick David	

Dead Letters.

Dr. Geo. Bush, Jun. Pottsville, Pa.

DAVID LOMISON, P. M.

DAVY'S SAFETY LAMPS.

THE subscriber has just received a supply of Safety Lamps, among which are a few of Upton & Roberts' Improved Safety Lamp, which is acknowledgly to be the best and safest now in use in the mines of Europe. For sale at less prices than they can be imported, at BANNAN'S

April 3 1 Cheap Book and Variety Store

For additional New Advertisements see Next Page. They will there be found arranged under Suitable Heads.

The Wyoming Institute,

Under the Care of the Presbytery of Luzerne.

WYOMING, LUZERNE CO., PA.

Principal, Rev J D Mitchell; assisted by a full corps of able and efficient instructors.

THE Institute will be opened for the reception of pupils on Tuesday, May 15th, 1849. For terms, &c. see circulars, which will be issued immediately, and will be found in the hands of all the members of the Presbytery, or by applying to the Principal

ap28'49—18-2t

N. M. Newman's PLUMBING SHOP, BEATTY'S ROW, NORWEGIAN STREET, *Pottsville, Pa.*

ALL kinds of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Brass Cocks, (a superior article,) Bath Tubs, Shower Baths, Hydrants, Hydrant Hose, Double and Single Acting Pumps, &c.—kept constantly on hand and for sale—Kitchen Sinks made to order, neat and durable, and all kinds of Plumbing done in the best manner.

ap28'45—18-1t

Mr. Collins, THE IRISH COMEDIAN AND VOCALIST,

WILL have the honor of giving his IRISH CHARACTERISTIC Musical Entertainment, in this Borough, on Saturday and Monday evenings, the 28th and 30th instant. The entertainment will comprise some of the most popular Irish, English and American Songs, interspersed with Irish Stories and Anecdotes, including

HIS CELEBRATED SONGS of the 'Widow Machree,' 'The Bowld Soger Boy,' 'Widow Maloney,' 'The Sprig of Shillelah,' 'Hall Columbia,' 'Gem of the Ocean,' and 'A Little more Grape, Capt. Bragg,' a national song, composed and respectfully dedicated to Gen. Taylor, by W G Lemon—*all in character.*

Admission 50 cts. For particulars see small bills.

Ap28'49—18-1t

Attention, S. A. STROUSE,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public generally that he has returned to Pottsville, and is *re-engaged in the butchering business*, and that he will be happy to see his old customers, and all who may favor him with their patronage at his new shop in Centre Street, above the Town Hall, and next *door to Keerr's Tavern, where he is prepared to sell* fresh meat, every day of the choicest kinds on the most *accommodation terms.*

April 28, '49 18-2t

Francis M. Wynkoop, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FOR THE PURCHASING AND SHIPPING OF COAL, having leased Wharves from the Schuylkill Navigation Company, at Port Carbon, is now prepared to attend to the shipments of all Coal from that district, as well as to the purchasing and shipping for dealers abroad. [April 28,'48—18.3m.

The Greatest Bargains in the World!

CAN BE HAD AT MR. TRACY'S (*No 292 MARKET ST. PHILADELPHIA*) UNRIVALLED CLOTHING STORE.

Fine French Black Cloth Dress Coats, from			$10 00 to $12.00
" "	"	Frock "	11.00 to 13 00
Medium, "	"	" "	8.00 to 10 00
" "	"	Dress "	7.00 to 9 00
Fine Blue Cloth			10.00 to 14 00
" Riding Coats,			7.00 to 10.00
" Cassimere,			3.00 to 7 00
" Black Habit Cloth Sacks,			6.00 to 8.00
" Blacks and Fancy Tweed Sacks,			3.00 to 6.00
" Black Cassimere Pants,			3 00 to 5.00
" Fancy " "			3 00 to 5.00
" Satinet " "			2.50 to 4.00
" Satin Vests,			2.00 to 4.00

Together with a large assortment of Seasonable Goods, of every variety, consisting of Pants, Vests, shirts, stocks, suspenders, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, &c. All to be had at the old and favorite stand, and at *prices that will suit all.*

☞ Don't forget the number, 292 Market st

ap28'49—18 2m

Telegraphic News.

IMPORTANT TO THE COAL REGION.

THE Committee beg leave to report that they have attended to the duties imposed upon them, relative to the suspension, and have unanimously ordained out for their rights at all hazards. Should they in the meantime have business in the city, which requires their attention, it certainly will be necessary to appear genteel and respectable by calling on Messrs. Lippincott & Taylor and purchasing a suit of clothes from them very cheap and fashionable, which for beauty and style surpasses anything ever offered in the country. A visit to their well established house will more than repay them for their trouble.

MAGNETISM! CLAIRVOYANCE! TOM THUMB! &c., &c., &c.,

Are trifles compared to the excitement that Lippincott and Taylor's New Goods have produced, such as FALL IN PRICES as they have managed to sell it is almost alarming to the principals themselves. Their object at this time, is to assist the coal operators in carrying out their present suspension successfully.

LIPPINCOTT & TAYLOR,
Corner Centre and Mahantongo streets,
Oct11-12) Pottsville

PURIFY THE BLOOD!

DR. KEELER'S PANACEA,

FOR the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood and habit of the body, viz.:

Chronic diseases of the chest, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Catarrh, etc.; Scrofula in all its forms, Tetter, Scald-head, Erysipelas, eruptions of the skin, Tumors, Swelled extremities, Chronic diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Inflammation of the joints and Sinews, Fever and Ague, Liver Complaint affections, Abscesses, Ulcers, Syphilitic disorders, incurial and hereditary predispositions, etc., etc.

Indeed, all diseases of our nature. The all-wise Creator ordained man a perfect being in all the social relations of life. Happiness is the measured value of his existence, both in relation to himself and those around him. How many fall short of this purpose! Ion, yet how easy to be obtained. Did we respect health as much as we dread disease when it enters our dwellings, how many attachments like the ends of the hour glass would not so soon run out. Oh, yet! who are basking in the sunshine, guard well the jewel! you who are wasting away, remember that time is requiring it. Procrastination is a thief to our happiness; remember that every breeze that faces our cheeks carries an element of disease. Be sure that we are drawing, in every step that we take, in every *parcel of food that* we eat, or glass we drink, there is danger. 'Every bane has its antidote,' and when the stream becomes tainted, or the blood impure, or the blood coursing our veins, becomes tainted with disease, the Panacea is the only sovereign remedy. This must be changed and purified, or the blood here, is not one drop of it a living atom, is not bone, nerve, muscle, tendon and sinew, produced from blood. What fills up the place, reproduces the health and strength of a sick man but the blood, under the vite-electrical influences of the brain and nerves. That medicine which *restores* the atomic and electric movements of this fluid to a healthy action, will as sure as the sun shines, bring health and strength to the sick. Remember a responsible and *med