THE MINERS' JOURNAL, AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

TERMS OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Two Dollars per annum, payable semi-annually in advance; to those who reside in the Country—and annually in advance to those who reside out of the County. The publisher reserves to himself the right to charge $2 50 per annum, when payment is delayed longer than one year.

TO CLUBS.

Three copies to one address,		$5 00
Seven	Do Do	10 00
Fifteen	Do Do	20 00

Five dollars in advance will pay for three years' subscription to the Journal.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square of 14 lines, 3 times,	$1 00
Every subsequent insertion,	25
Four lines, 1 time,	25
Subsequent insertions, each,	12½
One Square, 3 months,	$3 00
Six months,	5 00
One Year,	8 00
Business Cards of Five lines, per annum,	3 00

Merchants and others, advertising by the Year, with the privilege of inserting different advertisements weekly, 12 00

☞ Larger Advertisements, as per agreement.

VOLNEY B. PALMER, *is Real Estate and Coal Agent*, Corner of Third & Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, No. 160, Nassau Street, New York, No. 10, State Street, Boston, and South east corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our Agent for receiving subscriptions and advertisements for the Miners' Journal.

THE CIRCULATION of the Miners' Journal is greater than any other paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and has nearly double the circulation of any other published in Schuylkill county. It also circulates largely among capitalists, manufacturers, iron and coal dealers throughout the Atlantic and Eastern States.

SINGLE COPIES OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL can be obtained every Saturday of William Oldnow, Minersville; Mr. Moore, Port Carbon; at the corner of Centre and Market streets, Pottsville; at the counter of the publication office.

FIRE, HEALTH, and LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The subscriber is Agent for Fire Health and Life Insurance. Any information on either of the different branches can be obtained at the office of the Miners' Journal, where insurances are effected.

B. BANNAN.

Miners' Journal.

Saturday Morning, April 7.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY OF THE COUNTRY!

The People Demand its Restoration

THE BAKER'S COMING.—The Baker Family, whose performance wherever they have been, has elicited general admiration, will visit Pottsville next week for the purpose of giving two of their delightful Concerts. Their concerts are of the most pleasant and entertaining character, and we think we do not risk too much in saying they will meet with a hearty reception from the citizens of Pottsville, who know how to appreciate good music.

THE ANTHRACITE HALL, an excellent public house, in Minersville, is, as will be seen by a card in this morning's paper, kept by Mr. Jacob Kram. Mr. K. is a good good landlord, understands his business, and those who make the Hall their stopping place, will be sure to find the accommodations to be of the best and most ample kind.

MR. JOHN JONES has taken the Washington Hotel, Schuylkill Haven, formerly occupied by Saml Beard. Mr. Jones has had much experience in the business, and will not fail to render satisfaction to those who favor him with their patronage.

THE WEEKLY PITTSBURG GAZETTE, one of the most ably conducted papers in the State, has been very much enlarged and otherwise greatly improved, which, with its new head, make it present a neat and handsome appearance.

WE INVITE ATTENTION to the Furniture advertisement of Messrs. Sillyman & Gressang. They have constantly on hand a large and excellent assortment of Furniture, which purchasers will find to be cheap and of good quality.

PERSONS IN WANT of Shade Trees, Shrubbery, and Bulbous Roots, &c. will please leave the orders at this office as early as possible to secure them in time.

HON. ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

This gentleman has been appointed Governor of Minnesota by the President, in place of Mr. Pennington, who declined accepting the appointment. Mr. Ramsey is well known to the people of this State, and especially to those of this District whom he formerly represented in Congress, with much ability.—His appointment, will meet with general approbation from his fellow citizens who know him to be well qualified to fulfill the duties of the appointment. The selection evinces a desire on the part of the President to reward those whose labors contributed much to his election. During the late Campaign, as the chairman of the State Central Committee, the exertions of Mr. R are known to have been untiring, and nothing on his part which could promote the success of our much cherished principles was left undone. Therefore, on bestowing the office upon Mr. R. the President could not have given it to one more deserving or better qualified to administer the affairs of Minesota.

LOW POSTAGE.

One of the most important measures before the late Congress, was the Low Postage bill, but which, like some other important bills met with little success. It is not, however, too late yet to bring about such a measure. Let the people at the next Congress send in their petitions, couched in language not to be misunderstood, asking for a reduction of the rates of postage. Let them be determined in their effort and they will eventually succeed. The principal objection urged to a further reduction is the fact that the franking privilege would have to be abolished, to which there is of course some opposition. The franking privilege might be dispensed with without being seriously felt. The documents franked at Washington are, in the majority of cases, speeches or proceedings, which in this age of public accommodation, are transmitted to all portions of the land long before the documents reach their destination. Were the franking privilege moderately used, there could not be so much fault found with the system; but at present the privilege is abused, and seeing this, and knowing that the present rates of postage are necessary to sustain the Post Office Department, while the franking system is carried to excess the people desire a modification of the system or its entire abolition. In England the rates of postage are low, and the revenue from the mails is more than sufficient to defray the expenses of the department. There is no franking privilege in that kingdom, which also contributes to the increase of revenue. Like causes produce like effects and by adopting the same system, in this country we have no doubt but that the increase in the revenue of the Department would be such that no one would regret the adoption of the plan that has worked so beneficially to the people as well as to the Government of England.

MINESOTA.

The Act organizing this new territory, bounds it on the North by the British Possessions, East by the State of Wisconsin and the Mississippi river, South by Iowa, and West by the Missouri and Whitearth rivers. The government is to be organized in the usual manner consisting of a Governor, Secretary and Legislative Assembly. The two former hold office for four years. The last consists of a council elected every two years, and an assembly chosen annually on the principle of universal suffrage.

GENERAL MANUFACTURING LAW.

We are pleased to learn from Harrisburg that this Bill has passed both houses, and only requires the signature of the Governor to become a law. If not burthened with objectionable features this single law will aid more in developing the resources of the State than all the Legislation for the last ten years.

JUDICIARY ELECTIONS.

The election of Judges by the people, the same as we elect other officers, has been agitated in our Legislature for some time, and on Monday last the joint resolution providing for an amendment of the Constitution to elect Judges was considered and passed by a large vote. The question must be decided at the next Legislature, when it will come before the people.

Such a law, in our opinion, would work well and in a land like this, where the supreme power is vested in the people, we think such a law should have been enacted years ago. There are some objections urged against this mode of selecting Judges, by people, who think that voters in the heat of a political contest, would be apt to put men in office, who are incapable of acting as Judges. However sincere persons may be in this belief, we are inclined to think that such would not be the case. The Judges, under the present law, are appointed by the Governor, *who* is elected by the people. Certainly it will not require more judgment to elect Judges than a Governor. And, again, if the people are capable, which they have shown themselves to be, of electing a President, who, presides over the destinies of a nation containing 20,000,000 of people, and whose duties are much more responsible and onerous than those of a Judge, it is absurd, utterly absurd, to say that the people are not capable of electing their Judges. At first, perhaps, as in everything else, there would be some difficulty experienced in putting into practice such a law, but that would be overcome, and the selection of a Judge by the people from *their* midst, instead of having one sent them from a distant district, whose feelings are not congenial with their own, to preside over the Court of their County, with other advantages accruing therefrom, would soon remove all prejudices in favor of the present system. Our system of government is such, too, that the election of this officer should be confided to the people, because they are as well qualified to select a suitable person as the Governor, who, in many cases, has appointed to office men because of their political merit, when at the time such nomination was remonstrated against by the citizens of the district, in consequence of incapacity.—Were the mode changed the people might select from their lawyers a candidate, and knowing him to be qualified would vote him into office. They would be cautious in regard to selecting the proper person, because to select any other would result most detrimentally to their judicial business.

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.

We observe by several of our cotemporaries that John S. Skinner, Esq., late Assistant P. M. General, is recommended for the office of Commissioner of Patents. Mr. Skinner is eminently qualified for the post, and his selection to preside over its affairs, we doubt not, would give satisfaction to his friends and the party. The Delaware *Republican*, alluding to the proposed selection, says:

"COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.—We are highly gratified to learn that of all the chances for Commissioner of Patents, that of the Hon. J. S. Skinner late Assistant P. M. General, is the best. Public opinion points him out, over the length and breadth of the land, as the man best fitted for the office, and the office for the man. To his appointment Delaware with one voice will say amen, and the whole Union will heartily respond. Three-fourths of the whole Union are agriculturists, or interested in the produce of its soil, and they would be made happy by the appointment of one who has labored so zealously to promote their interests."

The New York *Courier and Enquirer*, a leading Whig journal, endorses the above, and holds the following language with regard to Mr. S.:

"It seldom happens that public opinion unites so soon and so cordially as it seems to do on the appointment of Mr. Skinner as Commissioner of Patents in case of vacancy in that office. Decided approbation has been expressed by the press in Massachusetts, in New York, in Pennsylvania; and, now, as is seen above, in the Delaware "Republican." Mr. S has given his whole life to the advancement of great industrial pursuits, applying his mind and labors to objects so alike interesting to all parts of the Union, as to entitle him to the good will which he enjoys, as much in the East as in the West—in the South as in the North. An appointment like his would be considered, not as a local appropriation of patronage, but as a fit offering to the industrial interests with which the Patent Office is connected, and an illustration of the President's disposition to afford, as far as depends on him, encouragement and protection to agriculture, commerce, and manufactures." We anticipate no dissent, if there would be very glad to see Mr. Skinner appointed to a place for which he is so well fitted by his favorite studies and industrious habits."

THE CANAL COMMISSIONERS.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says that the situation in which the interests of the State are placed by the course pursued by the Locofoco leaders shows the utter disregard they have for its prosperity, if they do not cherish a hostile feeling against it. Knowing the situation of Mr. Longstreth, and his desire to resign his office, they have resisted it, so that a good man could not be appointed to fill his place, while they have stimulated Mr. Painter to the performance of such acts as would, as they knew, lead to a breach of all official intercourse, and thus throw the whole business of the department into confusion

None but men of utter recklessness—who expect to ride upon the cloud of dust thus raised, and who look upon it as the only chance of obtaining a consequence, would thus endeavor to inflict a wrong upon the State. Mere demagogues only, possessing neither principle nor honesty, they would sacrifice the interests of the State to their own lust for office, and revenge, that the people have pronounced them unworthy. If the interests of the Commonwealth are thus to be controlled by unscrupulous cliques; if the prosperity of trade, commerce, and agriculture are to be made a foot ball for the amusement of such men, the sooner the people know it, the better.

CONNECTICUT.

The election in this State took place on Monday last. As we expected, in consequence of a coalition between the Free Soilers and Locofocos, three Locofoco Congressmen have been elected in districts formerly represented by Whigs which leaves only one Whig member of Congress. There is no choice for Governor by the people. The House is supposed to be Locofoco; the complexion of the Senate is not yet known. The loss of three Congressmen in this State is much to be regretted, and is the result of the folly of the Free Soilers uniting with the Locofocos. It is to us a matter of surprise that a party whose desire is to check the progress of slavery should unite with a party the majority of whose members are known to be hostile to Free Soil principles. Already are some of the Locofoco journals rejoicing at what they call a Victory; but in these days, when their party is so completely prostrated by the voice of a people whose interests had been sacrificed and trampled upon by the late Administration, they will catch at anything to prop up their fallen party. Connecticut is Whig, and when the people shall time come she will give such a vote as will show her not to have wandered from the proper course.

DISPLEASED.

The Locofocos are hard to please. The appointments of Gen. Taylor, few as they are, compared with the large numbers turned out by "Democratic" administrations, have set the Locofoco press against the President. Who cares? About sixty or seventy post masters in this state have been removed while there are about 1500 to 1800 locofocos in this State who are still holding office under the Whig administration, but who, it is fair to infer that were they Whigs, and the administration Democratic, they would ere this have been made to feel the policy of the Democratic party, which is to rout all from office, who do not coincide with them in their political views.

On the 19th ult., Bernard Barton, the philanthropic Quaker and poet, died at Woolbridge, in Essex, England.

Local News.

IMPROVEMENTS.—A number of improvements will be made in and about our Borough during the ensuing summer. Among others, we observe that Mr. J. S. Silver is improving his terrace garden, on Sharp Mountain, which, when completed, will present quite a pretty appearance. At Mt. Carbon, there has been erected a very handsome Cottage residence, the property of Mr. H. M. Walker. It is pleasantly situated at the basis of the mountain, among the trees, and when properly finished will make a splendid residence. We observe that another Cottage residence is being erected by Mr. John G. Hughes, on the Sharp Mountain. This residence promises to be a very pretty affair. We are glad to observe so much taste displayed by our citizens in the erection of residences. It is true, however, that the old style of building should be made to make way for the modern and improved plan of model cottages. This style of building Cottage residences in our place, and especially in among the mountains, cannot but help improve its appearance. While upon this subject, we may call the attention of mechanics and builders, who desire to obtain correct and useful information in regard to building, to the work on Architecture by Mr. Hamlen, in which may be found plans, specifications, &c., &c., and a quantity of information that will be found to be useful to the mechanics.

J. D. COLT FOUND.—The body of Mr. J. D. Colt, of Donaldson, in this County, who so mysteriously disappeared a few months since in Philadelphia, was found floating in the Dock, at the foot of Arch Street Wharf, on Friday evening, the 30th ult. The "Daily News" states that notwithstanding the face of the deceased was very much disfigured from the length of time the body had been in the water, it was readily recognized by papers and letters found in his pockets to be that of young Colt. On his person, was also found his gold watch, a small sum of money, the theatre bill for Thursday evening, December 31st, and a number of valuable papers, which preclude the idea that he was murdered with a view to robbery.—The Coroner held an inquest on the body on Saturday, and rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts. The remains of Mr. Colt were taken to Danville, where his father, Major Wm. Colt, resides, by way of this Borough, on Tuesday last.

APRIL.—The fourth month of the year 1849, and the second month of spring is upon us. Gradually, Summer is approaching, bringing with it the pleasures incident to that season of the year. How refreshing it is, after having been pent up by a cold and dreary winter, when the hills by which we are surrounded, present a bleak and desolate appearance, whose trees are leafless, and from whose midst the feathered songsters are driven, by the cold blast of winter,—to emerge therefrom and inhale the genial air of spring. In a lovely season! Some vegetation will put forth its young branches, and the tree their tender leaves," upon whose limbs will set the bird and pour forth its sweet carol, reminding us of the lines of the poetess:

"Sweet poet of the woods—a long adieu!
Farewell, soft minstrel of the early year!
Ah! twill be long ere thou shalt sing anew,
And pour thy music on the 'days dull car.'"

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS.—Last Monday two passenger trains of cars were placed upon the Reading Railroad, which will pass up and down once a day. They start from the two points at 7½ o'clock, A M and 2½ o'clock, P. M. The afternoon train of cars stops for way passengers only at Schuylkill Haven, Port Clinton, Pottstown, Phœnixville and Norristown. The morning train stops at all Way Stations, as usual. A line of stages will also leave Danville, daily, for Pottsville, starting from that place early in the morning. Persons parties who desire to go through to Philadelphia can do so by taking the afternoon train of cars. This will, doubtless, prove a great convenience.

SHADE TREES.—Now is the time to plant shade trees. There is nothing which rends to the comfort of the citizens or to the beauty of a town than fine rows of shade trees. In the heat of summer, they protect us from the heat, and at the same time much adorn the residences of those who display proper taste in planting trees. As this is the season when trees ought to be planted, we hope our citizens will procure a suitable kind and plant them out. The improved appearance they will add to the town, and the comfort to be derived from them will much more than repay one for the little trouble incident upon planting

COMING DOWN.—A large stone house, situated in the Orchard, in this Borough, inhabited by a large number of persons, was found to give way one day last week, a portion of one end falling down. Those who dwelt in the house, owing to its instability were compelled to remove their articles of household furniture, with themselves to a more safe place of residence. The house is in a bad condition, and is, we think, rather an unsafe residence. It may now, with truth, be called the "Deserted Homestead."

THE FIRST OF APRIL coming on Sunday this year, our citizens were unable to indulge in the long established custom of moving upon that day. On Monday, however, the "movings" took place, and quite a large number of persons moved their residences, and the streets, as the busy people moved to and fro, presented quite a stirring appearance. The day was pleasant, and gave all who had to move their "quarters" a fair opportunity of doing so.

THE HON. JAMES COOPER, United States Senator elect, arrived in our borough on Thursday last. Mr. C. intends taking up his permanent residence among us, and will be a valuable acquisition to our County. He will also have an opportunity of viewing our trade in person, and will become better qualified to legislate upon the wants of the coal interests of Pennsylvania, next winter, when an alteration in our present revenue system is urged upon Congress.

HAS STARTED.—The Eagle Foundry, situated in the lower part of this Borough, and which has been lying idle for the last few months, has been started by a company consisting of the Messrs. Wren. We are pleased to notice this evidence of a revival of business.

MORE CHURCHES.—We understand that the Presbyterian Missionary Association is about erecting two churches in the Schuylkill coal field, one at New Philadelphia, the other at Middleport.

CLOSED.—All the Refectories in this Borough, with the exception of one, were closed on last Sabbath, in pursuance of a decision given to that effect by Judge Kidder a few days previous.

ACCOMMODATION.—An Omnibus will leave Pottsville daily, at 12 o'clock M., for Westwood, where it will connect with the cars on the West Branch Railroad.

DETENTION.—The afternoon train of passenger cars did not arrive on Tuesday evening last until a late hour, owing to a break in the Locomotive.

GOOD FRIDAY.—Yesterday was good Friday.—Public worship, as usual upon this day, was held in Trinity Church in this Borough.

PROGRESS OF RAIL-WAYS,

Tables of the rail-roads of the United States, recently published in the American Rail-road *Journal* exhibit the extraordinary fact that 6421 miles of railway were in actual operation at the commencement of the year 1849, within the limits of the United States. This amount far exceeds that of any other nation, though the cost of their construction is much less per mile.

The railways of the United States, including the cost of road and equipment, will not exceed $30,000 per mile. The railways of Canada average nearly with the cost of those of our own country. Those of Cuba were built at less expense, on account of the fact that all railroad material and machinery are admitted free of duty. Those of Great Britain cost $145,000 per mile. Of France $110,000.

The total number of miles of railroad in America is 67, built at a cost of $200,000,000. In Europe there are 10,678 miles of railroad, and the cost is estimated at 1,044,403,400. These vast sums above stated have all been expended for railways within the last twenty years. It may be safely asserted that the roads now in progress, including all those which will be completed within the next five years, will represent an additional amount of capital equal to the sums expended upon those already finished. At the close of 1847 the railways built and in progress in Great Britain and Ireland were 12,481 miles. In France at the close of 1846 the number built and in progress was 3841 miles. In Russia 1600 miles were in progress.

☞ *An Old Parson.*—The venerable Dr. Nott of Franklin, Connecticut, received the visits of his flock, on the 23d ult., to congratulate him on his having reached his *ninety-sixth* birth day. Dr. Nott was born in 1752. He was ordained and installed over his present charge, "the Congregational Church in what is now Franklin, then Norwich, West Farms" on the 13th of March, 1782; and has consequently exercised the pastoral office during a period of sixty-years.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

The following bills have passed the House of Representatives, viz.: The bill "to restrain corporations from issuing scrip redeemable otherwise than in gold and silver," with an amendment, having previously passed the Senate.

The bill to incorporate the hospital on the Mine Hill and Sch. Haven R.R.

The bill to incorporate the town of St. Clair into a Borough, to be called *St. Clairville.*

The bill to authorize the School Directors of the Borough of Pottsville to sell certain real estate, and to increase the number of Directors.

The bill to incorporate the Carroll Hall Association of Sch. Haven.

The following bills passed both Houses, viz.: The bill to establish the boundary line between Berks and Schuylkill Counties.

The bill to erect a new school district in East Brunswick Township. Also, a bill to erect a new school district in West Brunswick Township.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

The Frankfort *Commonwealth* gives an account of a decision recently made in the Kentucky Court of Appeals, declaring divorces granted by act of the Legislature to be unconstitutional and void so far as the rights of property are concerned, and that a wife so divorced, without her consent, is, upon the death of the husband, entitled to a dower in his lands and slaves, and to a distributable portion of his personal estate, as fully as if no such act of divorce had been passed. As to the effect of such a divorce upon the relations of the parties, aside from the rights of property, nothing is decided. The case is Gaines vs. Gaines, being an appeal from the Green Circuit Court.

☞ *Not Dead.*—It appears that the news of the death of Hon. B. A. Bidlack, is unfounded, as letters have been received in New York, from Mr. Bidlack's family, contradicting the rumored death of this gentleman, our minister to Bogota.—He was in good health six days after the date mentioned in the report of his death.

☞ *Gen. Taylor Going North.*—The Albany Evening *Journal*, of Friday, says:—"Gov. Fish has received a letter from Washington, giving him the agreeable information that President Taylor will attend our next State fair at Syracuse."

All Sorts of Items.

☞ *Lawrence County.*—This new county has been formed out of parts of Beaver and Mercer. The seat of Justice is at New Castle, a thriving and beautiful borough on the Canal, containing a population of over 2000 souls. An immense amount of manufacturing is carried on in and about New Castle, and the country around abounds with agricultural and mineral wealth. For some years past New Castle has supported an excellent Whig newspaper, the *Gazette*, and the county will give a Whig majority of about 800.

☞ *Breach of Promise Case.*—At the Court of Common Pleas, now sitting in Exeter, N. H., says the Concord Patriot, Mary Hoitt of Sandown has recovered a verdict of $1000, against William H. Moulton of Hampstead, for not marrying her according to his promise. The courtship continued about twelve years, and from the evidence they meet have had a good time, though the defendant will probably conclude that it has now cost him more than it was worth.

☞ *A New England Mother* is mentioned by the Boston Traveller as having just completed her hundredth year in that city, who has now living six children, sixty-two grand children, one hundred and twenty-five great grand-children, and, so far as is known, ten great great grand-children. Besides these, the number of her descendants who are dead are, three children, ten grand children, and seventeen great grand-children.

☞ *Religious Toleration.*—In the Legislature of Wisconsin a resolution was lately offered giving the use of the State Capitol to any denomination, professing the Christain religion, to hold public worship in."—This was amended by striking out the clause "professing the Christain religion," and inserting before "denomination" the word "religious," and in this shape the resolution passed by a vote of two to one.

☞ *John Tyler for Free Trade.*—His ex-Excellency has declared for Free Trade in a letter recently published in the Lousville *Journal*, dated Sherwood Forest, Va., Feb. 5, and addressed to Hamilton Smith, Louisville. The Nashville Union and Richmond *Enquirer* extol the letter highly, and consider it "one of the plainest and most forcible arguments in favor of Free Trade seen for many a day."

☞ *According to* a statement in Hunt's Magazine, the total number of boats now running upon all the streams emptying into the Mississippi, is 572. The tonnage of these boats is 118,655 tons—their estimated value $5,189,579—the yearly outlay $19 950,553, and the annual earnings 17, 429,840. The largest number of the boats now running, lose money, while the entire capital is exhausted in four years.

☞ *Sword to Gen. Taylor.*—The Messrs. Ames, have manufactured, by order of the Virginia Legislature, a magnificent sword, to be presented to General Taylor, for his gallant operations in Mexico. The hilt is of solid gold, richly chased; the scabbard is of silver, thickly plated with gold, and adorned with heavy gold mountings. The whole embraces 300 penny-weights of gold. The value of the sword is $1000.

☞ *We understand*, says the Village *Record*, that one of the clerks in the employ of Messrs. Reeves, Buck & Co., Phœnixville, who has for a long time largely enjoyed the confidence of the firm, has been detected in an embezzlement of some $2 200 of the firm's money, within the last year or two. $1,600 has since been refunded, and the clerk has since been discharged.

☞ *Hon. James Buchanan.*—The Hon. James Buchanan, says a Harrisburg paper, has been spending some days in that borough, at the invitation of the Democratic members of the Legislature. His fine appearance, courteous deportment, transcendent abilities, and unblemished private character, make him the centre of attraction, wherever he sojourns.

☞ *Distressing Event.*—James H. Goulding, a little boy not quite ten years old, son of Mrs. Maria Battel, of Dover, N. H., was burnt to death by pulling coals from the fire upon his dress when left with a little sick sister, for a few minutes. The latter threw a pitcher of water over him, but his limbs were already burned to a crisp, in several places.

☞ *Not Leathers.*—A Mr. Leathers petitioned the Legislature of Maryland for a change of name. The mover of the resolution for a special bill assigned as reason for the motion, that Mr. Leathers had found a helpmate who would become his for life, provided his name was changed; but she declared she would never marry a man whose name was Leathers.

☞ *John B. Gough*, the temperance lecturer, is creating a great ado at Syracuse, we see. So enamoured have the people there become of him, that they propose raising, by voluntary subscription, a sufficient sum to purchase a lot and house for him, so that they can always have his services when they want them.

☞ *Good News.*—The Rolling Mill in South Trenton, known as "Cooper's Mill," will resume operations again this morning. The mill has not been going for several weeks past, owing to a disagreement between the proprietors and the operatives in regard to wages.—The difficulty has been adjusted.—*Trenton Gazette.*

☞ *Hon. Henry Clay* reached Louisville on Wednesday, week from N. Orleans, in good health, though rather thin. He left next day for Frankfort. It is thought he will accept the public dinner at Louisville, for his next birth day, the 12th of April. Mr. Macready was a passenger on the same boat from New Orleans.

☞ *The Supply of Water* in London is a monopoly in the hand of eight companies, who furnish about 190,000 houses, with 237,101,476 hogsheads, at the price of from £1 6s. 3d., to £2 8s. 6d. per 100 hogsheads, and the fluid none of the best.

☞ *Emigration to Minesota.*—Gen. Caleb Cushing and Robert Rantoul, Jr., of Massachusetts, it is said, propose to emigrate to the new Territory of Minesota, there to engage in the iron business, in connection with a company already formed.

☞ *The population* of the city of Peoria, Ill. according to a census just taken, is 5,043, nearly double that of Alton. There are but fifty colored persons in the city.

☞ *Texas Silver.*—The Austin Democrat says that a specimen of Texas silver ore, sent to New Orleans to be assayed, turns out to be exceedingly rich, yielding one hundred and fifty ounces to the ton.

GREAT SURGICAL OPERATION.

Prof. Washington L. Atlee, of the new Pennsylvania College of Medicine, says the *Pennsylvanian*, performed an operation on Thursday, the 14th ult., which stamps him as one of the ablest Surgeons of the day. The operation was performed in the presence of several eminent physicians. The tumor, consisting of the right ovary, was of a solid fibrous structure; and immoveably attached to the bones of the pelvis. It weighed 8 lbs. and measured around its largest circumference 2 feet 3 inches, its smallest 23 inches, being the largest fibrous tumor ever removed by this operation. The incision through the walls of the abdomen, necessary to remove it, was 15 inches in length. The patient aged 29 years, a married lady, and a mother of four children, is now considered out of danger, no symptom having occurred to interfere with her rapid recovery. A mixture of chloroform and ether was used to an extent to destroy the sensation of pain, but not consciousness. This is the first time this operation has been performed in Philadelphia.

NEWSPAPERS.

The following, from the Liverpool Mercury, is not inapplicable to many persons in this part of the world, and to such we recommend its careful perusal:—Every subscriber thinks the paper is printed for his special benefit, and if there is nothing in it that suits him, it must be stopped—it is good for nothing. Some people look over the deaths and marriages, and actually complain of the editor if but few people in his vicinity have been so fortunate as to get married, or so unfortunate as to die. An editor should have such things in his paper whether they occur or not. Just as many subscribers as an editor may have, just so many different tastes has he to consult. One wants stories and poetry; another abhors politics. One must have something smart; another something sound. One likes anecdotes, fun and frolic; and the next door neighbor wonders that a man of sense will put such stuff in a paper. We only wish that every man, woman and child who reads a paper, were compelled but one single month to edit one. They would find that it is not quite so easy matter as they at first supposed it to be.

POTTSVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE JOURNAL.

Wheat, Flour, bbl.	$5 50	Dr'd Peaches par'd.	8 00
Rye do do'	4 50	do do unpar'd.	1 75
Wheat, bush.	1 10	Dr'd Apples, pard.	75
Rye, do	75	Eggs, doz.	10
Corn, do	75	Butter, lb.	15
Oats, do	50	Bacon,	08
Potatoes, do	45	Hams,	10
Timothy Seed,	2 50	Hay, ton,	15 00
Clover do.	3 50	Plaster.	6 00

DEATHS.

At Woodbury, N. J., on Saturday, March 31st, Wm. C. Fisher, Esq. Attorney at Law, and son of Michael C. Fisher, Esq. of that Borough. The deceased was only 25 years of age, yet during his brief career as a member of the N. Jersey Bar, he had already become an ornament to his profession. He was much and deservedly esteemed for his strong sense, benevolent disposition, and the many good qualities of his heart; while as a son, a brother, and a friend, the memory and virtues will long be cherished by his mourning family and numerous acquaintances.—[*Philad. Inquirer.*

THE PHRENOPATHIAN LITERARY SOCIETY will meet without fail, next Wednesday evening, the 11th inst. at Sichter's Hall, at 7½ o'clock. The same question that was previously announced viz: "can the immortality of the soul be proved without the aid of the Bible?" will be discussed—Affirmative—Fisher, Walker and Kontz. Negative—Ellis, Kempton and Neville. Let all, who have the objects of the society, encourage it by their attendance on that evening. W. J. K. Sec'y

PULASKI LODGE NO. 246.—A Special meeting of this Lodge will be held on Monday evening, April 16th, 1849, at 8 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—The Rev. Mr Gloss, of Middleport, has agreed to preach next Sabbath evening, at 7½ o'clock, in the hall over Mr. J. M Long's Store

THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The following Resolution has been passed by the Vestry of Trinity Church, Pottsville.

Resolved, That in consideration of the sums contributed and to be contributed as donations to the erection and furnishing of the church edifice, the vestry do hereby set apart, and appropriate FIFTY EIGHT PEWS, which shall be, and remain *free* for all persons who may desire to worship in the Church. These pews are located as follows:

IN THE CENTRE AISLE.

North side, No. 111, 119, 127, 123, 115, 131, 139.
South side, No. 112, 120, 128, 124, 116, 132, 140.

IN THE NORTH AISLE.

North side, No. 1, 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43, 51, 52 54, 55.
South side, No. 2, 8, 14, 20, 26, 32, 38, 44, 50, 52.

IN THE SOUTH AISLE.

South side, No. 56, 57, 58, 60, 74, 80, 86, 92, 98, 104, 110.
North side, No. 59, 67, 73, 79, 85, 91, 97, 103, 109.

DIVINE SERVICES are held in the church every Sunday. *Morning Service* commences at 10½ o'clock. *Afternoon Service* commences at 4 o'clock. And evening service, on the first Sunday of every month.

☞ TRINITY CHURCH CEMETERY, AT MOUNT LAUREL.—The Vestry of Trinity Church, Pottsville, are now ready to sell burial lots and graves in that large and beautiful plot of ground, near the junction of the Union Canal and the Schuylkill River, which they have lately enclosed and laid out for a Cemetery. Application for lots or single graves may be made to ANDREW RUSSEL, Esq., Treasurer of the Church, at whose office on Mahantango Street, a plan of the Cemetery can be seen, or Edward Owen Parry, Esq., Centre Street.

☞ UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Services are held in the 2d story of Slichter's New Hall, every Sabbath morning and evening at the usual hours. Rev. R. K. BRUSH, of Luzerne County, Pastor.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

A COMMON COLD AND COUGH.—It should be remembered that a cough is an evidence that some impurity is lodged in the lungs, which, if not speedily removed, will so irritate these delicate organs as severe or inter to bring on *inflammation of the lungs*—a form of disease which we all know is the high road to consumption.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a most delightful medicine for carrying off a cold, because they expel from the system all morbid and corrupt humors (the cause of every kind of disease) in an easy and natural manner. Four or five of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills taken every night on going to bed, will in a short time remove the most obstinate cold—at the same time the digestive organs will be restored to a healthy tone, and the blood completely purified.

THE GREAT MEDICINE OF THE DAY: DOCTOR TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.—This medicine has the peculiar fortune of being recommended and prescribed by the most respectable physicians of the country, and only requires a trial to bring it into general use. It is put up in quart bottles, and is six times cheaper than any other preparation. Doct. Townsend is a physician of great reputation in Albany, N. Y. and the Physicians generally in that city prescribe it in their practice. The following is a certificate from some of them:

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned Physicians o the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and we believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations of the Sarsaparilla in the market.

H. H. PULING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
R. P. BRIGGS, M. D.
P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April 1, 1846.

Dr. Seymour, the writer of the following, is one of the oldest and most respectable Physicians in Conn.

Hartford, Ct., May 31, 1845.

Dr. TOWNSEND.—Dear Sir: "Townsend's Sarsaparilla" finds a ready sale in Hartford—is highly esteemed by all who have made use of it, and we have reason to believe its good qualities will be daily appreciated by a discerning public. I have daily calls for it, and hope you will be remunerated for your exertions to render service to the afflicted. I am sir, your obedient servant, HARVEY SEYMOUR, M. D.

☞ The General Agency for the sale of the Sarsaparilla is at Bannan's Bookstore Pottsville, where Druggists and others can be supplied wholesale at the Manufacturers prices.

It is also for sale in Pottsville at John G. Brown's, Clemens & Parvin's, and John S. C. Martin's Drug Stores; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; J. W. Gibbs, Druggist, and J. B. Falls, Minersville C. Fraley, Druggist; Henry Shisler, S. M. Kempton, and W. L. Heisler, Port Carbon; Paul Barr, Pinegrove; J. C. C. Hughes, Pottsville.

☞ See advertisement in another column A circular containing the number of certificates from Physicians and others can be examined at Bannan's Bookstore. Price $1 per bottle, or 6 Bottles for $5.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.—*Taylor's Counterfeit Detector, and United States Money Reporter*, be best in the United States, containing fac simile engravings of all the Gold, Silver, and Copper coins in circulation with their value attached: corrected monthly. No merchant or dealer ought to be without it.

☞ Persons enclosing one dollar to the subscriber will have the Detector mailed monthly one year to their

Miners' Hospital.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY announces that he has so far matured his plans for the establishment of a MINERS' HOSPITAL, that it will be opened for the reception of patients on the first of April, 1849.

The object of the Institution is to secure to persons engaged in mining operations, proper medical aid and treatment, at the smallest possible expense. With this view the proprietor has procured for the purposes of the Hospital, a Farm, on which is a large and convenient House, in an elevated, airy and healthy position, on the road leading from Pottsville to Minersville, about 2 mile from the former place.

Persons paying Three Dollars per annum, in advance, will be entitled to membership, and to admission in the Hospital, in case of injury from accident, or sickness, and to support and medical treatment during said illness free of additional charge.

Invalids who may desire admission into the Hospital, will be received on liberal terms. The poor of the Borough of Pottsville, not in the Hospital, will be treated by the attending Physician, *gratis*

All those who may be disposed to avail themselves of the advantages of membership, may apply to the undersigned, at his office in Market st., Pottsville.

March 24, 1849. 13-1y] G. W. KNOBLE, M. D.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—COAL SHIPPING.—James Penman having leased the Schuylkill Navigation Company's Landings, No 3 and 4, on the Firth Dock, Port Carbon, will attend to the shipping of all kinds of coal on the most reasonable terms. Will also receive coal on consignment, and sell it at market prices.

☞ White and Red Ash Coal of superior quality for sale. [Apr7-15-3t*

NOTICE.—THE DOCKETS and other papers appertaining to the office of the late GEO. HEISLER, Esq., have been handed over to the undersigned, successor in the office. All persons having unfinished business on said Dockets will please leave such directions in reference to the same as they may think proper, at my office in Centre Street, opposite the Town Hall.

SAMUEL HARTZ.

Apr7-15-3t] Justice of the Peace, Pottsville.

NOTICE.—TO COAL OPERATORS.—The advertiser having one of the best wharves on Schuylkill newly planked, is desirous of making an arrangement to receive and ship Coal—or to receive a first-rate article to be sold on commission. References furnished and required. J. C. PRICE.

Apr7-15-1m] Cor. 12th & Willow sts., Phila.

SHERIFFALTY.—To the FREE and INDEPENDENT Voters of Schuylkill County:

Having been encouraged by numerous friends throughout the County, I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing General Election. Should I prove so fortunate as to receive a majority of your votes, it shall be my constant aim to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality. Your fellow citizen,

N. M. WILSON, Pottsville.

Apr7-13]

NOTICE—CHANGE OF HOUR.—LIVINGSTON'S Express Line—On and after April 2d, the Express will close at 7 A. M