TERMS OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Two Dollars per annum, payable semi-annually in advance, to those who reside in the County,—and annually in advance to those who reside out of the County. The publisher reserves to himself the right to charge $2 50 per annum, when payment is delayed longer than one year.

TO CLUBS.

Three copies to one address,	$5 00.
Seven, do do	10 00
Fifteen do do	20 00

Five dollars in advance will pay for three years' subscription to the Journal.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square of 14 lines, 3 times,	$1 00
Every subsequent insertion,	25
For lines, 1 time,	25
Subsequent insertions, each,	12½
One Square, 3 months,	$3 00
Six months,	5 00
One Year,	8 00
Business Cards of Five lines, per annum,	3 00
Merchants and others, advertising by the Year, with the privilege of inserting different advertisements weekly,	12 00

☞ Larger Advertisements, as per agreement.

VOLNEY B. PALMER, *at his Real Estate and Coal Agencies*,
Corner of Third & Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia,
No. 160, Nassau Street, New York,
No. 16, State Street, Boston, and
South east corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our Agent for receiving subscriptions and advertisements for the Miners' Journal.

THE CIRCULATION of the Miners' Journal is greater by half than any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and has nearly double the circulation of any other published in Schuylkill county. It also circulates largely among capitalists, manufacturers, iron and coal dealers throughout the Atlantic and Eastern States.

SINGLE COPIES OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL can be obtained every Saturday of William Oldknow, Minersville; Mr. Moore, Port Carbon; at the corner of Centre and Market streets, Pottsville and at the counter of the publication office.

FIRE, HEALTH, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The subscriber is Agent for Fire, Health and Life Insurance. Any information on either of the different branches can be obtained at the office of the Miners' Journal, where insurances are effected.

B. BANNAN.

Miners' Journal.

Saturday Morning, March 17.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY OF THE COUNTRY!
The People Demand its Restoration

WE ARE GLAD to learn that our enterprising townsmen, Fisher & Sheafer, have now in preparation a very valuable Map of the First and Second Coal Fields, including a great part of this and the adjoining Counties. This work is the fruit of much labor and very accurate research—being compiled from actual surveys and authentic information, obtained from official and reliable sources, to which the authors have peculiar and ample means of access. As a topographical and geographical chart, this will be relative be the acknowledged standard; and it will contain all railroads and coal operators either actually made or certain to be carried on—corrected to the very latest dates. An undertaking of a nature so interesting and important to the public, and arduous to the authors, should meet with the most liberal encouragement: but this it must receive without any word of ours, since our miners, merchants and farmers will soon find that they cannot do without it.

THE RAIL ROAD GAZETTE, published by S. Horn, New York, at $2 per annum, is devoted entirely to the Railroad affairs of the country. Besides furnishing information in regard to Railroads, it contains Diagrams of various Railroads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, in which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order; hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting links of stages, steamboats, rates of fare, freight and tonnage, refreshment stations, &c.

BY REFERENCE to an advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Geo. Rahn, Esq., formerly of this county, has taken the White Swan Hotel, Philadelphia, lately occupied by J. Peters. The Hotel is one of the largest in the city, and under the supervision of Mr. Rahn it will no doubt be made a comfortable home for all who make it their stopping place.

THE WORKING FARMER, is the title of a new agricultural periodical, just started in New York city, edited by James J. Mapes. It is neatly got up, and filled with sound matter of an agricultural character. It is published monthly for 50 cents per annum. Taking into consideration the size of the work, and the neatness with which it is prepared, it is among the cheapest works of the kind in the country.

THE BAKER FAMILY.—This popular Family, whose concerts in Pottsville, about two years ago, gave so much satisfaction, will shortly visit this place, for the purpose of favoring our citizens with their music. They are a gifted family, and it is only necessary to hear them to be delighted with their performance.

MESSRS. HUDSON & ALLEN have commenced the Steam Engine Building and Machinery Business near Hazelton, Luzerne County. They are experienced and competent workmen, and we feel confident they will give entire satisfaction to those who employ them.

WE PUBLISH this morning, resolutions adopted at a meeting of building mechanics, telling forth the grievance under which they have laboured. They also give the prices for which they will execute work in their line.

THE ATTENTION of Hatters is invited to the advertisement of Geo. H. Warder & Co., Hat Manufacturers, Philadelphia. They manufacture a good article, and those who purchase from them can depend upon receiving a good article.

THE FULL PROCEEDINGS of the meetings of Colliers held on Friday and Wednesday last, will be found in another column.

SEVERAL EDITORIALS, prepared for this week's *Journal*, unavoidably crowded out—also advertisements.

GEORGE N. ECKERT.

The Lebanon *Courier*, alluding to the Congressional career of our late representative in Congress, says that "the term for which Mr. Eckert was elected to represent this district in Congress has expired, and his connection with the people of Lebanon County, in that capacity, has, therefore, terminated. We feel it due to justice to say that Mr. Eckert has, on all occasions, been true to the interests of his district, and his influential standing and ability have done much towards accomplishing what little good has been done by the Congress just dissolved. We much deplore that there were not more in Congress like Mr. E. who was content to *work* for his constituents and the country, without proclaiming it every few days, to the annoyance and detriment of the people, in a buncomb *speech*. We are confident we but express the sentiment of the people of this County, when we say he has represented them truly and satisfactorily."

APPOINTMENTS.

The Doylestown *Intelligencer*, in an article upon appointments by the President, says that President Taylor should make it a rule not to appoint to office editors or publishers of newspapers.—This is, indeed, strange language, and an argument of which we cannot approve. The reason the editor assigns is that the Press of those who held appointments, would hesitate to condemn an administration when condemnation was necessary, and therefore the press would become corrupt.—If the President as that paper suggests, makes it a rule that no great editors, it would work the same in the state affairs, and in this manner, editors would seldom be rewarded for their labor in the cause. If an editor is an honest one, he will not hesitate to speak his mind upon public measures, even if it does threaten his removal from office.—Honest men will not allow the press to become corrupt in their hands, and if men do not speak their minds through the columns of their paper, in this land, under any circumstances, they will fall short of their duty. We see no reason why editors should not be favored. Certain it is that their labor is greater than that of most other persons, while their contributions to the party are such that should entitle them to some reward.—They are ever ready to advocate the cause of the party, do everything that is honorable to promote the success of their principles, sometimes much to their pecuniary disadvantage, and when towards are to be dealt out, they are to stand back. We think the establishment of such a rule would do more injury than good, and our esteemed cotemporary, would perhaps be among the first to feel the effects of such a rule. For ourselves, we do not desire office from Gen. Taylor; but we think there are members of the press, whose labor and exertions in the Whig cause entitle them to some favor at least.

CLAY ON EMANCIPATION.

Henry Clay has written a letter to a friend in Kentucky, in which he takes strong grounds in favor of the Emancipation of slaves, as the only mode by which the system of slavery can be eradicated from the land. The letter has been called forth by the request of some of the citizens of Kentucky, whose Constitution is about being amended. Desiring to take the lead in the noble cause of emancipation, a portion of the citizens of that State have consulted Mr. Clay upon the subject who has not hesitated to express himself freely upon the matter. He is in favor of the gradual emancipation of slaves by colonization. It is known that a colony of blacks, consisting of emancipated slaves, is now in existence in Africa who are progressing remarkably well. Unless the slaves are colonized Mr. Clay thinks their emancipation would be productive of much wretchedness and misery. He suggests that all slaves from after a certain date, 1855 or 1860, remain slaves until the age of twenty-five, and afterwards be hired out, under the authority of the State, for a period not exceeding three years in order to raise a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of their transportation to the colony and to provide them an outfit for six months after their arrival at that place. The offspring of those who are to be free at twenty-five, should be free from their birth, but upon condition that they should be apprenticed until they are twenty-one, and be also subject to be hired out for the purpose of raising money to meet the expenses of the colony, and their subsistence for the first six moths. The colonization of the blacks as they are emancipated he thinks indispensably necessary to their welfare. These are the principle features of the letter, and will no doubt command universal attention. The final eradication of slavery from the land, upon whose fair name it has long been a blot, is an object which every lover of liberty must desire to see consummated. The proud staud Mr. Clay has taken upon the subject must redound greatly to the honor of the sage of Ashland: Himself a slaveholder, he has the frankness, which is characteristic of the man, to propose a plan for the emancipation of slaves, notwithstanding the influence by which he is surrounded. That would be a proud day for the American people which would witness the emancipation of slaves by colonization. We are no abolitionist in the strict sense of the word but we do not hesitate to express our hostility to slavery. Beside fettering a class of human beings, the majority of them for life, the effects of this system are most detrimentally felt. It is time, therefore, that the subject of emancipation is being agitated, and the sentiments of Clay, who has figured so largely upon the public stage, and who is prompted by no other motive than patriotism, cannot but have a weighty influence upon a question of such vast importance.

THE GOLD EXCITEMENT.

The recent excitement in regard to the gold of California, is, as has been remarked by a contemporary, by no means the first gold excitement to which our markets have been exposed. In the year 1803, a negro found in North Carolina a lump of gold weighing 27 lbs., worth some $8,000, and since that time many mines have been discovered and worked in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana. In 1830, nearly as great an excitement prevailed in relation to them, as does now in reference to California. Persons from all quarters crowded into those regions, and the product was then estimated at $5,000 per annum. Gradually, however, hopes failed to be realized. Although the mines became *richer* as they were worked, the business was found in a long run less profitable than others. Hands were withdrawn to cotton fields. Companies dissolved and the work was continued only by farmers and others, who dig gold only when otherwise unemployed. The census gave the number of smelting concerns at 156, and the product for 1839, $526,405. From 1824 down to 1848, $14,000,000 have been realized from those mines. The new excitement in California is sustained by official reports, and by the arrival of considerable quantities of gold at New York, of great purity, say 22 carats fine. A "carat" is a weight of four grains, used in weighing diamonds, but used in reference to gold, the mass is supposed to weigh 24 carats, 12 grains each, and "22 carats fine" means there are 22 carats of pure gold and 2 carats of alloy, and this 22 carats is about the fineness of our gold coin; or, as expressed in the mint term, 22 carats is 917 thousand fine.

GENERAL CASS.

Gen. Cass has already commenced the work of drawing "extra pay." Late in the evening of the last day of the late Congress, the General took his seat, ousting his predecessor. The General, we understand, added $900 to his bill for the couple of hours legislation he did in that short time. It has also been suggested he designed drawing "extra" mileage for attending the 30th and 31st Congress. This suggestion does not seem much out of the way, when we take into consideration that the General is yet very fond of "extra allowances," notwithstanding he is immensely wealthy, most of which has been drawn from the Government. The above may seem strange, but it is characteristic of his former conduct.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President has made the following appointments:

Charles B. Penrose, Esq., of Philadelphia, has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. McGaughey, of Indiana, formerly a member of Congress, has been appointed Governor of Minesota; Mr. C. K. Smith, of Ohio, Secretary, and Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, Chief Judge. The Marshal and District Attorney will be chosen from the Territory.

Thomas L. Smith, who was superceded by Mr. Graham, as the Register of the Treasury Department, has been re-appointed to fill that office.

Mr. Loyal, naval officer at Norfolk, re-appointed; Palmer V. Kellogg, in place of Jacob Gould, marshal of the Western District of New York; Gov. Gayle, representative to the last Congress, Judge of the District Courts of the United States for Alabama; Charles Hudson, a representative in the last Congress from Massachusetts, naval officer of the port of Boston.

Judge Clayton, formerly Representative from Georgia, was nominated to the Senate as Second Auditor of the Treasury, in the place of Mr. Mc Calla.

Henry V. Brown, has been nominated as Register of the Land office, at Green Bay, Wisconsin, in the place of J. S. Fish, removed.

The President has also appointed Mr. Evans, Maine, Mr. C. B. Smith, of Indiana, and Col. Paine, of North Carolina, as Commissioners to adjudicate the unsettled Mexican Claims.

The re-appointment of Col. Bigger, Democrat, to the Post office of Richmond has been confirmed by the Senate. Mr. Sloanaker, as navy agent at Philadelphia, has also been confirmed.

☞ *Gen. Shields' Case.*—The committee in the United States Senate to whom had been referred the case of Gen. Shields, have made a report that he is not entitled to the seat to which he lays claim, which renders his election void. Mr. Shields tendered his resignation which produces a vacancy in the Senate as the both Legislature of Illinois has just adjourned, we presume an appointment will be made by the Governor.

☞ *The Pennsylvania* Canal was opened on Saturday last, and boats passed on to Pittsburg.

Local News.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

[*Reported for the Miners' Journal.*]

The Second quarterly meeting of the Schuylkill Convocation, composed of the Clergy of Montgomery, Berks, Schuylkill and Carbon, commenced at Pottsville on Monday, March 15th, 1849. The Convocation meets every 3 months at the different parishes of its members. The next meeting will be held at Mauch Chunk, on the 2d Monday in June. The design of Convocation is to enable the Clergy composing it, to meet together at stated times for mutual encouragement, and to awaken an interest in the Congregations by giving variety to the services.

The first service was held on Monday Evening, at 7½ o'clock.

Prayers were said by the Rev. Mr. Downing, and the lessons read by Rev. Mr. Beaty.

The Convocation Sermon was then preached by Rev. Dr. Morgan, from 1st Corinthians, 4th chaper, 1st and 2d verses. After the sermon, the Right Reverend the Bishop of the Diocese, addressed the Congregation from the Chancel—letting forth some of the objects of the Convocation, commending it to the intrusts, and the Clergy to the sympathy and support of the people.

On Tuesday mording Divine service was again celebrated, commencing at 10½ o'clock.

Prayers were said by Rev. Mr. Mintzer, and the lessons read by Rev. Mr. Leaf.

The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Lightner, from St. Luke, 14th chapter, 22d verse. The Bishop followed in a brief exhortation from the Chancel, and the service was concluded with a hymn.

The Church was again open for service at 3½ o'clock, P. M.

Prayers were said by Rev. Mr. Colhoun, and the services read by Rev. Mr. Russell.

The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Mintzer, from Malachi, 3d chapter, 14th verse. After which the Bishop followed in an exhortation from the Chancel.

Divine service was again celebrated in the evening, commencing at 7½ o'clock.

Prayers were said by Rev. Mr. Lightner, and the lessons read by Rev. Mr. Stem.

The sermon was preached by the Bishop, from Job, 15th chapter, 14th verse.

After the sermon, the Bishop administered the Holy Rite of Confirmation to 17 persons.

On Wednesday morning, Divine service was again celebrated.

Prayers were said by Rev. Mr. Colhoun, and the lessons read by Rev. Mr. Russell.

The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Stem, from Genesis, 7th chapter, 1st verse.

After the reading of the sentences of the Offertory by the Rev. Mr. Cooley, the Holy Communion was administered—the elements having been consecrated by Rev. Dr. Morgan.

The last services were held on Wednesday evening, commencing at 7½ o'clock, on which occasion prayers were said by Rev. Dr. Morgan, and the lessons read by Rev Mr. Beaty.

The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Leaf, from 2d Corinthians, 5th chapter, part of 2d verse.

The attendance on these services, all things considered, was good, and on the evening of Tuesday, in particular, when the Bishop preached and administered confirmation, the number in attendance could not have varied much from 600 persons.

Before adjournment Convocation passed the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That the thanks of Convocation are due and are hereby tendered to the Rector, Church-wardens, and Vestrymen of Trinity Church, Pottsville, for the use of the Church building, granted to Convocation.

Resolved, That Convocation gratefully acknowledges the Christian kindness of the churchmen of Pottsville in so freely extending their hospitality to its members.

☞ We take this occasion to state that our columns are always open for condensed religious proceedings and religious notices, which are published without charge, unless they partake of a business nature. It is necessary that reports should be handed in as early as possible in the week.

BANKS IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

The following are the Statements of the Miners' Bank of Pottsville, and the Farmers' Bank of Schuylkill County, located at Schuylkill Haven; the former to Nov. 10, and the latter to Nov. 18, 1848, as presented to the Legislature:

MINERS' BANK OF POTTSVILLE.

DR.

Bills discounted,	$289,473 26
Bonds and mortgages,	44,487 08
Judgments,	28,244 48
Real estate,	51,654 40
Miners' Bank stock,	18,225 00
Bonds receivable,	2,308 11
Loan to Commonwealth per act 4th May, 1841,	7,235 00
Bills on Demand,	2,000 00
Schuylkill Navigation Loan,	300 00
Costs,	313 68
Notes receivable,	3,318 05
Expense,	46 30
Due by other banks,	73,033 72
Notes and checks of other banks,	16,977 71
Specie,	28,670 42
Relief notes on hand,	18 00
Due by treasurer Commonwealth,	34 96
Miscellaneous,	160 91
	$566,537 34

CR.

Capital stock paid in,	$199,929 00
Notes in circulation,	253,460 00
Issue per act 4th May, 1841,	7,236 00
Contingent fund,	36,804 62
Dividends unpaid,	8,268 57
Discounts received,	772 27
Due depositors,	114,319 89
Due other banks,	33,731 62
Profit and loss,	5 65
	$566,537 34

Dividend declared 2d May, 1848—4 per cent. on $160,429, : $7,216 80
Do 7th Nov. 1848—4 per cent. on $160,429 : 7,216 80
CAAS. LOESER, *Cashier.*

FARMERS' BANK OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

DR.

Bills discounted,	$151,692 03
Salaries and expenses,	54 03
Real estate,	6,409 69
Notes of other banks,	1,550 00
Specie,	18,870 17
Due by other banks,	65,358 00
Miscellaneous,	3 21
Bills receivable on demand,	15,050 80
	$278,935 69

CR.

Capital stock,	$100,000 00
Notes in circulation,	151,070 00
Interest and exchange,	189,28
Due depositors,	20,607 99
Due other banks,	2,101 82
Contingent fund,	5,094 70
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, tax on dividends,	380 00
	$278,935 69

J. W. CAKE, *Cashier.*

ESCAPED FROM PRISON.—David Sands, the man who beat the Wesleiman, a short time since at Guines Hill, escaped from Prison, at Orwigsburg, on the afternoon of the 9th inst. He had been left into the yard attached to the prison, but was not there long ere he conceived a plan to escape. It is supposed that he escaped by making a rope from his blankets, which he tied to some article and threw it over the wall, the top of which is covered in such a manner that the eaves extend out to some length, that a fastening could easily be made. By throwing his rope over the wall and attaching it in this manner, he is thought to have drawn himself over, thereby effecting his escape. At the time of his escape he was chained, but through some means or other, he freed himself from his fetters and made safe his escape. He was seen in this Borough during the early portion of the week. A reward of $25 has been offered for his apprehension.

PORTRAIT OF ST. PATRICK.—A full length portrait of St. Patrick has been executed by James Mudey, a young painter of this Borough. The portrait represents the Saint standing erect, with a staff in his hand, and a serpent on the ground at his feet. This is the first effort of the young man, and as such it is a pretty fair specimen of his skill in the art.—The countenance of the Saint looks well, while the scenery in the distance adds much to the looks of the picture. The picture, of course, could not be free from defect, being the first effort of Mr. Mudey, and with the exception of that, the work is well executed and gives much evidence of talent on the part of the young man, and with some study and practice, we don't hesitate to say that he will make a good painter.

DEATH FROM EXPOSURE.—On the 25th of last month, as we learn from the "Emporium," an Inquest was held by John Seitzinger, Esq., of St. Clair, upon the body of an Irishman, named Martin Bahan, aged about 30 years, who was found dead in a small coal drift, near that place. He had but recently returned from the Central Railroad, and was enfeebled by disease, and laying out all night, was found dead in the morning. The Inquest found a virdict of death by exposure.

ACCIDENT.—The Passenger train of cars on the Reading Railroad, met with quite a serious accident on Wednesday morning last, at the crossing of the Mine Hill and Schuylkill Haven Railroad.—The switch at that place being wrong, the cars ran off the track; very much injuring the locomotive, and somewhat damaging one of the Cars. No one hurt, we believe.

GREAT ROBBERY.—We understand that Mr. John Armstrong, of the vicinity of Mt. Carbon, was robbed of $600 on Saturday last, by a young man who was staying with him. Three hundred dollars were in gold. The young man cleared himself on Saturday night on one of the coal trains, and has not since been heard of.

THE SCHUYLKILL NAVIGATION will open on Monday next. The most of the boats owned and used by the Company, heretofore, have been disposed of to individuals.

SHAD.—These fish have been in our market for some days. They are of a tolerable size, and sell at 50 to 62½ cents.

☞ *The Mormons.*—These remarkable people are increasing in numbers both in this country and in England. The London *Globe* says that there is a large body of them in the neighboring districts who are preparing to emigrate and to colonize in California. They have chartered four or five vessels for their accommodation and intend to leave this Spring.

The Mormons have already a settlement in California, where they are successfully engaged in agriculture. Considerable numbers of them are on their way to the same region. The first emigrating colony was so large that a batalion five hundred strong was formed from it.

The religious views of these people are peculiar. Their domestic polity is that of communism in some of its forms. Persecution has had its usual effect in multiplying the votaries of this strange faith. They appear to be industrious, and it is very certain that they exhibit an unusual degree of perseverance and fortitude in the prosecution of their purposes.

MR. COLLAMER.

The editor of the New York *Courier and Enquirer*, relates the following anecdote of Mr. Collamer, of Vermont, our new Postmaster General:—

"He is, to an extent, rare even in this country of wonderful opportunities and facilities for success, the artificer of his own fortunes, having raised himself, by the most strenuous efforts, from poverty to his present place. To illustrate his exertions and his merits in this regard, we may, without impropriety, repeat here a remark we heard him make, at a dinner of the graduates of his *Alma Mater*—the University of Vermont—over a year ago. Speaking of one of the early Presidents of that institution, who was in office while he was in college, Mr. C. said he never heard him utter what seemed to him's bach reproof, but once, and that was when he directed him never again to appear in the recitation room, without *shoes*. The harshness of the remark, he said, sprung from the fact that he *had* no shoes. He procured some, however, and for the sake of economy, carried them *in his hand* to the door of the recitation room, and then put them on."

All Sorts of Items.

☞ *Singular Cause of Illness.*—Mr. W. B. Scarfe, a respectable citizen of Pittsburg, while dressing, a few days since, stuck the point of a common pin into one of his fingers, since which time he has been racked with excruciating pains. The *Gazette* says that "faint hopes are entertained of his recovery. Every aid that medicine can give has been resorted to, but it is a case that seems to bid defiance to medical skill."

☞ *Mr. Dallas* on retiring from the Chair of the U. S. Senate made a very pretty speech, thanking the Senators for their uniform kindness and courtesy toward him during the four years which he had presided over that august body. In the course of his remarks he said that equal divisions of the Senate, requiring the casting vote of the Vice-President, had occured *thirty* times during his official term.

☞ *Fire in Northumberland* Co. Pa.—We have just been informed, says the Sunbury *Gazette* of March 10, that the dwelling house and store of Mr. Emanuel Kaufman, residing in Lower Augusta township, together with his entire stock of goods, were destroyed by fire on Wednesday night, the 7th inst. His loss is estimated at $11,000. We have not heard how the fire originated.

☞ *Death from Chloroform.*—Abby Pinnock, aged 17 years, a chambermaid in Boston, was recently found dead in her bed with a handkerchief, impregnated with chloroform, pressed to her nostrils and a bottle of this article in her bed.—From taking chloroform in a surgical operation she had acquired delight in its effects, and its imprudent use produced congestion of the brain.

☞ *Fire—Great Loss.*—The Tioga (Pa.) *Eagle* of March 7, says: The large store-house of H. Stowall & Son, situated near Manchester, on Pine Creek, with its contents, was burnt to the ground on Thursday morning, 1st inst. The loss is variously estimated from $10,000 to $14,000. The property was insured to the amount of $4,000.

☞ *Horrible.*—The Pittsburg *American* says, that a night or two ago, a monster in human shape entered the dwellings of his wife in Alleghany City, and stabbed her in five parts of the body, with a new dirk knife which he had purchased for the infernal purpose, as he expressly stated to the police officer by whom he was arrested.

☞ *Increase of Population.*—Mrs. Leslie, at Albany, was delivered of *four* children at a birth, on Saturday week, while the fire was raging directly opposite the house in which she resided; all of them have since died. Mrs. L. has been married five years, in which time she has given birth to sixteen children. This goes ahead of Schuylkill county.

☞ *The Baptist Almanac* and Annual Register for 1849, states that the whole number of members of the various Churches in the United States, is 737,078. Baptized in one year, 39,820. Licensed ministers, 1,367. Ordained ministers, 5,874. Churches, 10,164. Associations, 579.

☞ *Too Much of a Hurry.*—A lady, leaving New York a day or two ago, just as they were raising the plank of the steamboat, cried out to her husband, "Goodness, George, I must go back to the Astor House—I've left my teeth in the washbowl!"

☞ *Charles F. Hoffman*, the author, we are pained to learn, has become insane, and is now under medical treatment. This sad event adds another to the melancholy cases on record, of the casualities incident to men of letters.

☞ *At Lexington*, Va., on the 5th inst., Mr. John F. Shields, sheriff of the county, in interfering in a tavern brawl to preserve the peace, was shot in the head by James Paxton, of Fairfield. Mr. S. was not expected to survive.

☞ *Special Election in Adams County.*—A special law passed the Legislature on Monday last, fixing the 16th of March as the day of holding the Special Election in Adams county, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Jas. Cooper.

☞ *Extraordinary Mortality in Boston.*—Deaths in Boston for the week ending March 16, 122. Males, 55; Females, 67. From consumption, 16; scarlet fever, 13; lung do, 9; and measles, 18.

☞ *The insatiate lust for gold* has reached the Indians of Arkansas. The Choctaw *Advocate* contains a requisition, signed by the copper-colored editor, and other of the Aborigines, to form a company for California.

☞ *Who Beat Gen. Taylor?*—Gen. Taylor, while at Frankfort, met his old schoolmaster, who boasted that he was the only man that had ever whipped Gen. Taylor. "Yes," replied old Zach, "but it took you a long time to do it."

☞ *Advertising.*—A young man in New York last week, advertised for a wife. In less than two hours, eighteen married men sent in word that he might have theirs. Connubial bliss in that *village*, must be at a discount, we think.

☞ *Death of Dr. J. C. Reynolds.*—We regret to learn that Dr. John C. Reynolds, late surgeon in the 1st regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, died at Lewistown on the 24th ult., in the 38th year of his age.

☞ *Reading Railroad.*—The London *Morning Chronicle* states that more than eight million dollars of British money are now invested in bonds and stocks of the above mentioned company.

☞ *High Price for Corn.*—Eighty dollars were paid for four barrels of green corn and peas received by steamer Crescent City from Chagres, and sent direct to Washington.

☞ *A Large Family.*—"We once knew an editor," says a Western paper, "who was the father of ten children, kept five dogs, three cats, a pot boar, and four *devils*."

☞ *Execution.*—Jas. Cadden was executed at Wilkesbarre, Pa., week before last, for the murder of Daniel Gilligan. A great crowd surrounded the jail yard.

☞ *Hon. John Blanchard*, a Representative from the XVIth District of Pennsylvania, died on Friday at Harrisburg, on his way to his residence at Belfont.

☞ *Lawrence County.*—The bill to erect a new county out of parts of Beaver and Mercer, passed the House of Representatives, a few days since, by a vote of 47 to 28.

☞ *Wheat.*—It is stated that three millions of bushels of wheat will be at Chicago at the opening of the navigation, ready to go forward from Lake Michigan.

☞ *A gambling* establishment at New Orleans was invaded on the 1st inst., by the police, and the proprietors arrested and held to appear in the sum of $2,000. Perfectly right.

☞ *A company* of forty young men from New York, arrived at Pittsburg on the 6th inst., on their way to Independence, to join the great California caravan.

☞ *A Man* took fire while walking Washington street, Boston, from a pipe or friction match in his pocket, and had his clothes badly burnt.

[For the Miners' Journal.]

Mr. Editor:—

While on a visit to Philadelphia a few days since, a friend of mine took me in to examine the splendid China establishment of Messrs. Tyndale & Mitchell 219 Chesnut Street; I found to my great surprise that Messrs. T. & M. were offering goods at unprecedentedly low rates; and I was so struck with the difference that I found myself continually asking questions such as this—Is there anything the matter with that Dinner set marked only $12 00 for 130 pieces? I was very politely shown that it was of the very best material, and perfectly sound: I scarcely knew what to think of it, until I found out that they have adopted the *Cash system* and in consequence of the *large amount of their sales made for Cash, and transfering no losses*, they can afford to sell at prices that will defy competition by those who do a *smaller* business, or a *credit* business.

In fact I found that a citizen or a farmer can buy of them a Dinner set—a Tea set—a Toilet set—a set of Glassware—or anything from an entire outfit down to a cent Bowl—at much lower prices than are paid for such wares by the quantity at wholesale in Market street to those Merchants who must have heavy profits to cover interest and losses accruing from long credit. In a word I found that those buyers who from a proper spirit of economy had examined the markets for themselves, and had not taken as true a prejudice that has been industriously circulated by interested parties that Chesnut street was the dearest street in the City—have been for years enjoying the advantage of selecting from the largest variety, the newest styles and patterns to be found in the United States, and at as low rates as they could have been obtained anywhere By their new system T. & M. are now prepared to offer the same extensive variety, at greatly reduced prices, and being convinced of the above facts I ask the favor of you to insert this communication, And oblige

A SUBSCRIBER.

POTTSVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE JOURNAL.

Wheat Flour, bbl.	$5 50	Dr'd Peaches par'd.	3 00
Rye do do	4.50	do do unpar'd.	1 75
Wheat, bush.	1 10	Dr'd Apples, par'd.	75
Rye, do	75	Eggs, doz.	12
Corn, do	56	Butter, lb.	15
Oats, do	40	Bacon,	10
Potatoes, do	45	Hams,	10
Timothy Seed,	3 50	Hay, ton,	15 00
Clover do	3 50	Plaster,	6 00

MARRIED.

At Pine Grove, on the 27th ult., by the Rev. Benj. Sadtler, Mr. JOSIAH STEES, to Miss CATHARINE ANN, daughter of George Barr Esq., all of the above place.

At the same place on the same day, by the same, Mr. W. HARMAN, to Miss REBECCA FESSLER, both of Pine Grove.

At the same place on the 10th inst., by the same, Mr. JOHN SPANNAGLE, of Pine Grove Township, to Miss JUSTINA HERMINGER, of Berks County.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Edwin Town, HENRY R. HEBSER, to ELIZABETH A. LEWIS, daughter of John C. Lewis, all of Port Carbon.

On the 3d inst., by the Rev. Mr. Mennig, Mr. JACOB FREY, of Manheim, to Miss MARIA GROVE, of Wayne.

On the 28th ult., by the Rev. D. Hassinger, Mr. BENJAMIN KLINE, to Miss SARAH ANN BRININGER, both of Manheim.

DEATHS.

In Philadelphia, on Thursday the 8th inst., Mr. ALBERT G. BROOKE, formely of Port Carbon, in the 29th year of his age.

On the 3d inst., at St. Clair, BARBARA, daughter of Mr. David Sander, aged 12 years 9 months and 24 days.

In this Borough, on the 7th inst., of Small Pox, Mr. JACOB GOEHRING, in the 35th year of his age.

At the residence of her son Peter Kline, Esq., in Ashland, on Monday evening last, Mrs. ELIZABETH KLINE, aged 62 years.

At Orwigsburg, on the 10th inst., of Consumption, the Rev. JACOB SCHNERR, Minister of the Evangelical Association (generally called German Methodists,) in the 43d year of his age.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ THE REV. JAMES NEILL, of Port Carbon, is expected to preach in the Second M. E. Church, to-morrow, (Sabbath morning.) Services at 10 o'clock, P. M. and 7 o'clock in the evening—seats free.

T. A. FERNLEY, Pastor.

☞ THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH. The following Resolution has been passed by the Vestry of Trinity Church, Pottsville.

Resolved, That in consideration of the sums contributed and to be contributed as donations to the erection and furnishing of the church edifice, the pews be hereby set apart, and appropriate FIFTY EIGHT PEWS, which shall be, and remain *free* for all persons who may desire to worship in the Church. These pews are located as follows:

IN THE CENTRE AISLE.

North side, No. 111, 119, 127, 135, 143, 151, 159.
South side, No. 112, 120, 128, 136, 144, 152, 160.

IN THE NORTH AISLE.

North side, No. 1, 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43, 51, 53 54, 55.
South side, No. 2, 8, (4, 20, 26, 32, 38, 44, 50, 52.

IN THE SOUTH AISLE.

South side, No. 56, 57, 58, 60, 74, 80, 86, 92, 98, 104, 110.
North side, No. 59, 67, 73, 79, 91, 97, 103, 109.

DIVINE SERVICE is held in the Church every Sunday. *Morning Service* commences at 10½ o'clock. *Afternoon Service* commences at 4 o'clock. And evening service, on the first Sunday of every month.

☞ TRINITY CHURCH CEMETERY, AT MOUNT LAUREL.—The Vestry of Trinity Church, Pottsville, are now ready to sell burial lots and graves in that large and beautiful plot of ground, near the junction of Market Street and the Minersville Road, which they have lately enclosed and laid out for a Cemetery. Application for lots or single graves may be made to ANDREW RUSSELL, Esq., Treasurer of the Church, at whose office on Mahantongo Street, a plan of the Cemetery can be seen, or Edward Owen Parry, Esq., Centre Street.

☞ UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Services are held in the 2d story of Stichter's New Hall, every Sabbath morning and evening at the usual hours Rev. H. K. BRUSH, of Luzerne County, Pastor.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

A COMMON COLD AND COUGH.—It should be remembered that a cough is an evidence that some impurity is lodged in the lungs, which, if not speedily removed, will so irritate these delicate organs as sooner or later to bring on *inflamation of the lungs*—a form of disease which we all know is the high road to consumption.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a most delightful medicine for carrying off a cold, because they expel from the system all morbid and corrupt humors (the cause of every kind of disease) in an easy and natural manner. Four or five of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills taken every night on going to bed, will in a short time remove the most obstinate cold—at the same time the digestive organs will be restored to a healthy tone, and the blood completely purified.

THE GREAT MEDICINE OF THE DAY: DOCTOR TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.—This meuiche has the peculiar fortune of being recommended and prescribed by the most respectable physicians of the country, and only requires a trial to bringit into general use. It is put up in quart bottles, and is six times cheaper than any other preparation. Doct. Townsend is a physician of great reputation in Albany, N. Y. and the Physicians generally in that city prescribe it in their practice The following is a certificate from some of them:

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend's almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned Physicians o the city of Albany, have in numero^us cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and we believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations of the Sarsaparilla in the market.

H. H. PULING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
R. P. BRIGGS, M. D.
P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April 1, 1846.

Dr. Seymour, the writer of the following, is one of he oldest and most respectable Physicians in Conn.

Hartford, Ct., May 21, 1846.

Dr. TOWNSEND.—Dear Sir: "Townsend's Sarsaparilla" finds a ready sale in Hartford—is highly esteemed by all who have made use of it, and we have reason to believe its good qualities will be daily appreciated by a discerning public. I have daily calls for it, and hope you will be remunerated for your exertions to render service to the afflicted. I am sir, your obedient servant,

HARVEY SEYMOUR, M. D.

☞ The General Agency for the sale of the Sarsaparilla is at Bannan's Bookstore Pottsville, where Druggists and others can be supplied wholesale at the Manufacturers prices.

It is also for sale in Pottsville at John G. Brown's, Clemens & Parvin's; and John S. C. Martin's Drug Stores; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; J. W. Gibbs, Druggist, and J. S. Falls, Minersville C. Fralley, Orwigsburg; Henry Shissler, S. M. Kempton, and W. L. Heisler, Port Carbon; Paul Barr, Pinegrove; J. C. C. Hughes, P