THE MINERS' JOURNAL, AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The following melancholy strain is from the Pittsburg *Mercury*, but as it will find numerous sympathetic souls in this longitude—especially now that the election is over, we publish it for their especial consolation.

THE LOAFER'S LAMENT.

Look at my coat compared to his'n
'Tis true I'm poor and werry needy
Had that 'ere swell been caged in pris'n,
Like me, his togs would 'ave grown seedy.
Six months—my eyes! that 'uman kind,
Should treat a brother cove like that,
For bonly 'elpin naters wants,
But sympathy's all round my 'at.

Ve 'ears as 'ow equality,
Prewails in this 'ere 'appy land,
But 'ven a cove's bix taggery,
Oh! don't they come it stiff and grand!
And 'ven done up, cleared out, and poor,
He sees starvation near his looms,
He goes and prigs a penny loaf;
And then they slams him in the Tombs

'Tis true I 'ails from sweet St. Giles,
This 'ere great country isn't my land,
And if I've gained a parish here;
It must 'ave been on Blackwell's Island.
They calls me halien, loafer, snob,
And quizzes both my phiz and figger,
I'd rayther be, so 'elp me bob!
A full blood wooley 'caded nigger.

A nigger in some southern state:
No matter 'ow the bosses snub,
Von thought would cheer my inerds up—
The full allowances of grub;
And then I'd see the work vos done,
My banjo or my fiddle fix,
I'd play 'em breakdowns by the score;
And sing the viskey down like bricks:

But vots the good to patter thus?
Von requisite I still must lack,
I can't not be, for don't yer see,
Unfortunatly I'm not black?
Oh! how I long for sweet St. Giles—
I'll bolt ven I've a chance vot suits;
And ven yer cotch me 'ere again,
I'll give yer leaf to move my boots.

CRIPPLEGATE.

Wit and Humor.

☞ *A Witty Speech.*—The friends of Taylor in the city of New York, says the Philadelphia Daily *News*, celebrated the recent glorious victory with a supper, on Tuesday night, at the Irving House. The banquet was most brilliant, and was gotten up with admirable taste. The Hon. Geo. H. Folsom presided: patriotic toasts were drank, and happy speeches made by Hon. J. Prescott Hall, Gov Young, Hon. George Wood, Hon. Francis Granger, Hon. Philip Hone, Hon. J. A. Collier, Moses H. Grinnell, and others. The speeches were all in excellent taste; but that of Mr. Collier was so peculiarly happy, so well-timed, and so eminently suited to the festive board, both in matter and point of brevity—for dinner speeches should ever be short—that we cannot forego copying it entire:

Mr. Collier made one of the most taking speeches delivered during the evening. He said: "As it happens, I have taken some part in the great question that has been before the American people; and without laying myself open to the charge of being a vain boaster, I think I may be allowed to say that I know something that I know something that is altogether beyond the ken of Gen. Taylor—that is, I know how to surrender, and when to surrender. (Laughter) At Philadelphia, gentlemen, I not only surrendered 'at discretion,' but with discretion. (Great laughter.) But I won't go back to the contest. Haven't we made everybody happy? (Laughter and cheers.) Why, there are the old Hunkers—they're extremely happy. (Roars of laughter) They console themselves with the reflection that they have put Mr. Van Buren into 'the nine holes,' where he can't get out by 'honors,' and must rely solely on the 'odd trick.' (Great laughter and hissing of corks.) General Cass himself is a happy man—very happy! [Roars of laughter.] He is happy to escape from 'the noise and confusion' of an inauguration! [Roars of laughter.] 'Circumstances will prevent' his attendance upon that interesting occasion. [Convulsive laughter in which even the waiters heartily joined.]

Besides, the General is, you know, of a literary turn, and once wrote a book about the Court of Louis Philippe, that is somewhat out of fashion; but he can devote his leisure hours to the preparation of a work that is sure of an unparalleled sale—'The Court Etiquette of Old Rough and Ready!' [Shouts of applause.] There is the barnburning party. This, also, is happy—very happy. In the first place, they have helped to defeat Cass—that is a great comfort to them!—[Roars of laughter.] But more than that, they have swallowed the entire abolition party—they have taken it down whole—are happy—very happy! and now they strut about as proud and as happy as if they were all in the family way.—[Convulsive laughter.] They look very like a whale. [Renewed laughter.]

Well, there is Mr. Van Buren himself!—he is happy—very happy—for he told you that he loved retirement. [Laughter.] He begged and entreated to be left in retirement, and we have helped to keep him there. [Cheers and laughter.]—Yes, Mr. Van Buren is a very happy man. The abolition party are happy, very happy. They were a little like a band of Ishmaelites, and it was very comfortable for them to reach a snug harbor inside of a whale. Once safe there, they don't even desire that the animal should turn a little sick at the stomach, for there they are holding mass meetings, and loudly insisting that they are the whale. [Great laughter and cheers]

Well, there is my old friend, Gerritt Smith—all that is left of the old abolition party—and he is happy. He was originally the head of the party, and now he is both head and tail. [Roars of laughter.] He was a little jealous when Martin Van Buren stole all his eggs, but he now ruffles up his feathers and dares the 'little magician' to show chickens with him. [Renewed laughter.] Mr. Polk is happy, very happy. [Shouts of laughter.] He came in with a little grumbling, to be sure, but he goes out with universal applause. [Loud cheers.] Gentlemen, you appear to be happy—I'm happy—we're all happy together.—[Cheers.] The reporters are happy that I'm about to conclude. ['Go on! go on!'] No, gentlemen, I heard so many hints about long speeches when other men were addressing you that I must now close with a sentiment. I give you—'The union and harmony of the Whig party—we have stood shoulder to shoulder in the glorious contest; do not let us fall into disorder in the hour of triumph!'"

Drank with enthusiastic applause.

☞ *Otis and Webster.*—Mr. Webster was speaking on one occasion, some years since, in Faneuil Hall. If we remember right he was arguing in favor of the 'Maysville Road' bill.—Mr. Otis sat near him, on the platform. Mr. Webster proceeded as follows:

'I am in favor, Mr Chairman, of all roads, except—except—'

Here he stuck, and could not think of any exception. Mr. Otis saw his difficulty and said to him in a low voice, 'Say except the *road to ruin!*' Mr. Webster heard it, and, as if he had merely stopped for the purpose of making his remark more effective, repeated the whole as follows:

'I repeat it, Mr. Chairman, I am in favor of all roads, except—*the road to ruin.*'

The wit of Otis, in this instance, was well met by the presence of mind in Webster.—[*Lynn News.*

PURIFY THE BLOOD!
DR. KEELER'S PANACEA.

FOR the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood and habit of the body, viz.:

Chronic Bronchitis, Catarrh, Pleurisy, Coughs, etc., Scrofula in all its forms, Tetter, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Cutaneous eruptions of the head, face, body, and extremities, Chronic diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Enlargement of the Joints and Ligaments, White Swellings, Hip Joint affections, Abscesses, Ulcers, Syphilitic disorders, mercurial and hereditary predispositions, etc., etc.

From the known part which the *Blood* performs in the ordinary processes of nutrition, who doubts that it does not undergo important alterations when the processes take place in an unhealthy manner? These alterations are sometimes the cause and sometimes the effect of the morbid phenomena, which constitute what we term disease. That there is a strong analogy between many constitutional diseases and the effects of poisonous agents introduced into the blood, no one will deny, and that these diseases are due to the action of some morbific matter, which has affected both its physical and vital properties. What that effect may lead to is forcibly sketched by Dr Williams: "The appearance of putrid (decomposition) on the external surface, the occurrence of more extensive hemorrhage in internal parts, the general fluidity of the blood and frequently its unusually dark or otherwise altered aspect, its poisonous properties, as exhibited in its deleterious operations on other animals, and its proneness to pass into decomposition, *point out the Blood as the first part of disorder*, and by the failure of its natural properties and offices as the vivifier of all structure and function, it is plainly the medium by which death begins in the body." All of those affections in which the Panacea is applicable an alteration of this fluid has taken place—it must be changed before health can follow. That it has this power the most ample testimony can be given. Do not hesitate: Remember a responsible medical person tells you so.

Read the following evidence:

Birchwoodtown, N. J., Feb. 6, 1848.

Dr. Keeler—Dear Sir—I am entirely out of your Panacea: I was called on day before yesterday for half a dozen. Your medicine is becoming very popular where I have introduced it, and I think the more it is used the more popular it will get.

Respectfully yours, WM. PARHAM, M.D.

Prepared and sold N. W. corner 3d and South Street, Philadelphia. For sale by J. G. Brown and J. S. C. Martin, Pottsville; J. Kempton, Port Carbon; J. B. Falls, Minersville, and by druggists and merchants throughout the County. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. For particulars see pamphlets.

The Youth's Friend and the Teacher's comfort.

COLUMBIAN SERIES OF ARITHMETICS.

Our own Country—our own currency—and our own Books.

The attention of Teachers, School Directors, Parents, Merchants, and the Public generally, is called to a series of Arithmetics, prepared with great care by Mr. Almon Ticknor, a Teacher of upwards of twenty-five years' experience. They are called—

THE COLUMBIAN CALCULATOR.
THE YOUTH'S COLUMBIAN CALCULATOR.

A complete KEY to the above works to be had separate or together.

TICKNOR'S ARITHMETIC TABLES.

The books are thoroughly American in their character—based on our beautiful decimal system of currency, and received the approval of upwards of five hundred Professors and Teachers in different sections of the U. States. We glean a few from the list, and publish below: (See pamphlet for the balance.)

The following recommendation is from Thomas H. Burrowes, Esq., the late able and talented Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State—and who may very properly be termed the "father of our Common School system:"

"I feel pleasure in expressing the opinion that the Columbian Calculator, by Mr. Almon Ticknor, is a most valuable school book. The adherence to our own beautiful and simple decimal system of money, and the exclusion of the British currency of pounds, shillings and pence, which forms one of its chief differences from other arithmetics, I consider a decided and valuable improvement. It always appeared to me useless, if not worse, to puzzle the beginner in Arithmetic with questions in any other money than our own, at a time, too, when the unavoidable intricacies of the Science are sufficiently numerous and difficult to task all his patience, and when the teacher's chief object should be to excite and sustain his interest in the study. After he has become well versed in the principles of Arithmetic, and complete master of all calculations in our own coin, it is not only proper to give him a knowledge of those of other lands, but it will be found practicable to do so in one tenth of the time requisite for that purpose at an earlier period. In many other respects, also, the Columbian Calculator is a superior work; and I therefore cordially recommend it.

"THOMAS H. BURROWES."

Lancaster, Nov. 26, 1847.

Lititz, Sept. 30th, 1848.

Mr. Bannan—Dear Sir:—I have received from you with much pleasure a copy of the "Columbian Calculator," a treatise on elementary arithmetic, by Almon Ticknor. After a careful examination of the work, I have come to the conclusion that it is well calculated to impart a full and clear understanding of figures, as applicable to the business transactions of the country, and *exactly such a work* as should be introduced into the schools throughout the State of Pennsylvania. The work is full and comprehensive, and treats of several subjects which are often omitted in elementary works, among which I was particularly pleased to notice, is that of "Practical Mensuration." A familiar acquaintance, with the principles therein developed would form an excellent basis for an ordinary mathematical education.

Yours respectfully, JOHN BECK,
Principal of the Lititz Academy.

From W. McCartney, Esq., Professor of Mathematics, Lafayette College:

Easton, January 7, 1845.

Mr. Ticknor:—Dear Sir:—I have looked over some of the proof sheets of your treatise on Arithmetic, and am pleased to observe that you have introduced many practical examples in illustration of the rules. Your book is well adapted to those who desire a practical work on the subject, and is *full* in details and illustrations for those who are commencing the study of this science. Practical books are the kind adapted to the business transactions of the age.

Very truly yours, &c., W. McCARTNEY.

From N. Olmstead, teacher of a public school in Easton, Pa. *Easton*, February, 1845.

Mr. Ticknor—Dear Sir:—From a pretty thorough examination of your system of Arithmetic, I can say without hesitation, that in my opinion it is decidedly superior, for the use of common schools, to any now in use. The currency of our country, in every system of arithmetic, should be of paramount importance; and in this respect, I think your system may challenge competition. Yours, &c., NICHOLAS OLMSTEAD.

York, Sept. 22d, 1848.

Dear Sir:—Having examined your Arithmetic, the "Columbian Calculator," I hesitate not in saying that I felt it to be my duty to urge its general adoption in my school. The profuseness of the examples, adapted to the wants of the learner, is a very important recommendation to those who are employed in the instruction of youth.

JOHN TAYLOR,
Mr. ALMON TICKNOR.] Teacher of District School.

York, September 19th, 1848.

M. A. Ticknor—Dear Sir—I have examined the Columbian Calculator, and find in its arrangement a work well calculated to facilitate the progress of scholars in arithmetic; and would therefore recommend its adoption in the schools in general. Yours respectfully,
SAML. LEITNER, Teacher of District School.

York, Sept. 19, 1848.

I have partially examined the third edition of the "Columbian Calculator," by A. Ticknor, and feel no hesitancy in recommending it as the best practical arithmetic with which I am acquainted.

WM. A. GOOD, A. M.,
Principal of Institute for Boys, York, Pa.

York, September 21st, 1848.

Mr. Ticknor—Sir:—I have examined with considerable care and attention your treatise on arithmetic styled the Columbian Calculator. It is, in my opinion, a very valuable work for schools not only on account of the system and practice which it embodies, but for its adaptation to the currency of this country. Explanations throughout the whole work are plain and satisfactory, and the brief system of mensuration which is appended embraces many things useful both to the business man and the student.

Respectfully yours, ANDREW DINSMORE,
Principal of York County Academy.

Mr. Ticknor's Arithmetics being clear and concise in illustration, full and practical in examples, so brief that it can easily be learned, yet so comprehensive as to meet the exigencies of ordinary business, and conforming as they do, to the decimal currency of our country, are, as I believe, well worthy the patronage of teachers and pupils in common schools.

A. E. SULLARD, Town Supt. Common Schools.
Franklin, July 15th, 1848.

Hummelstown, June 9th, 1848.

Mr. A. Ticknor—Dear Sir:—I have examined the Youth's and Columbian Calculators, and from a thorough conviction of their utility, have introduced them into my school. It is unnecessary for me to particularize the merits of these works. Several eminent teachers have already in a brief yet comprehensive manner anticipated much of what I would say, and they are before the public. To call it the best system of "Arithmetic," would be merely repeating what has been said of almost every new publication. All who give it a fair, unprejudiced examination, must unite with me in calling it the best system of Arithmetic now before the public. It enables the pupil to acquire with comparatively little exertion, a correct knowledge of Arithmetic.

DANL. S. ZACHARIAS.

Lebanon, June 9th, 1848.

Mr. A. Ticknor—Sir:—Having had in practice for some time your system of arithmetic, entitled the "Columbian Calculator," I do not hesitate to pronounce it a work well adapted for the use of schools, and also well calculated to facilitate the instruction of youth in the science of Computation, for any business.

Yours truly, JAMES ROGERS.

Lebanon, June 5th, 1848.

Dear Sir:—So far as my examination of the "Youth's Columbian Calculator" has gone, I am well pleased with the book. I think your views regarding the most efficient mode of teaching arithmetic altogether correct, and its introduction into our schools would be a great and public benefit. CONRAD MARK, Teacher
of the Junior Department, Lebanon Academy.

Lebanon, 1848.

Sir:—I have examined Mr. Ticknor's Columbian Calculator, and have been much pleased with its general arrangement and simplicity of its rules, and can say that I think it a work well adapted for our district schools and academies. I hope to see the labors of the author repaid by its general introduction into all our schools. I will introduce it into my school as soon as convenient.

Yours, JOHN H. ELLSODDES.

Northumberland, May, 1848.

From a cursory examination of the Columbian Calculator I feel favorably impressed with the character of the work, and would, so far as my name may have influence, cordially recommend it as well adapted to impart a correct and practical knowledge of this very important branch of education. SAMUEL SCHOOVER,
Teacher of the Select School, Northumberland.

At a meeting of the Board of School Directors for Northumberland district, held May 30th, 1848, it was agreed by a resolution of the Board, to introduce the "Columbian Calculator," into the schools as soon as possible. W. S. BRIGHT, President.

Williamsport, May 26th, 1848.

Mr. Ticknor—Dear Sir:—I have been highly gratified by the examination of your arithmetic entitled the "Columbian Calculator." The principles of the science are unfolded, and its practical uses explained with great perspicuity and simplicity. I think your reasonings and illustrations are peculiarly happy and original. This, together with your "Introductory Course on Arithmetic," forms the most lucid and intelligible, as well as the most scientific system of arithmetic I have seen for some time. Its own merits place it beyond the need of commendation. With much esteem,

Sir, your obedient, NEHEMIAH ROSS.

Sir:—I have partially examined the "Columbian Calculator, and have no hesitancy in pronouncing it a good work, (and in the hands of competent teachers,) well calculated to give the young scholar a thorough knowledge of the science of Arithmetic, and to prove my opinion I shall introduce it, as soon as it is practicable into my school. JOS. G. RATHMELL,
Teacher of Public Schools, Williamsport, Pa.

Williamsport, Pa., May 24, 1848.

I have examined with some care the "Youth's Columbian Calculator," and the "Columbian Calculator," by Mr. Almon Ticknor, and am satisfied that their excellence, as well in quality as arrangement, will facilitate the acquisition of a knowledge of arithmetic on the part of the pupil, and render comparatively light the labor of the instructor. I shall embrace an early opportunity to introduce the works into the seminary under my charge.

WM. J. CLARK, Christ Church, Female Institute.

Williamsport, May 25, 1848.

I have examined the Columbian Calculator, by Ticknor. I am well pleased with the judgment displayed in his method and perspicuity of his explanations, and thinking it much more easy and comprehensive a system than any with which I am acquainted, I would without the least hesitation recommend it to the patronage of teachers and the public generally.

P. P. ABRAMS,
Teacher of the Williamsport Select School.

Some time since, the "Columbian Calculator" was left with me for examination by a friend of the author, and having carefully examined it, I do not hesitate to record my approbation of the "Calculator" in respect to its matter and also its form. Under the instruction of careful and qualified teachers, there is no doubt but pupils will become not only [illegible] in the American sense of the word, but practical accountants.

GEORGE W. McILVAINE.

New Philadelphia, Ohio, April 7, 1848.

From the examination which I have been able to give to the Columbian Calculator, I make no hesitation in recording my approval of its merits, especially its arrangement and peculiar adaptation to the currency of our country. In my humble opinion, it is worthy the patronage of those who feel interested in the prosperity of the public. MARY ANN RUSSELL.

New Philadelphia, Ohio, April 12th, 1848.

I have examined the Columbian Calculator, by Mr. Almon Ticknor, and I am confident that it is equal, if not superior to any books of the kind that I have ever perused. JAMES R. HALL.

New Philadelphia, Ohio, April 12th, 1848.

Selins Grove, June 24, 1848.

Having examined the Columbian Calculator, by Mr. Almon Ticknor, I believe it is a most admirable work to give the young scholar a proper idea of the science of Arithmetic. The rules are comprehensive, and the examples being arranged in a natural and progressive order, brings the work within the comprehension of pupils, and is well calculated to facilitate their advancement in this important branch of education. The work is, in my opinion, is well calculated for common schools and academies. I will introduce it into my school as soon as possible. THOMAS LLOYD,
Teacher of Select School.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the "Youths' Columbian Calculator," by Almon Ticknor Esq., believe it to be an excellent introduction to the study of arithmetic, and superior to any other work of the kind they have examined. They intend to introduce it into their respective schools as soon as practicable.

A. C. FISHER,
J. HOFF,
PETER SCHUSTERBERRY, JR.

Selin's Grove, Pa., June 2d, 1848. Teachers.

Harrisburg, April 6, 1848.

To the Hon. Board of the S. Ward—Gentlemen:—We, the undersigned, teachers of the South Ward, have examined the Youth's Columbian Calculator, and the Columbian Calculator, by A. Ticknor, and believe them to be the best systems now extant. We would therefore recommend their adoption. We believe that in the first named work Mr. Ticknor has accomplished much to facilitate the progress of children in becoming acquainted with the elementary parts of arithmetic, while in the latter, the science of arithmetic is explained and developed so as to suit the more advanced scholar. We would respectfully request, that your honorable body would take into consideration the superior merits of the above named works, and cause their adoption in the public schools in the South Ward.

CHARLES W. SCHREINER,
LEWIS H. GAUSE,
J. K. McKEEVER.

Harrisburg, June 5, 1848.

Extract of the minutes of the South Ward School District:

Resolved, That the Teachers of the respective schools in said Ward, be requested to introduce into the school, under their charge the "Columbian Calculator" and the Youth's Columbian Calculator, by Almon Ticknor.

C. SEILER, Secretary.

Secretary's Office, School Department,
Harrisburg, June 6, 1848.

To all whom it may concern:—I have given the "Columbian Calculator," by A. Ticknor, a cursory examination, and entertain the opinion that it is admirably adapted to the use of our common schools.

J. MILLER.

Lewisburg, May 30th, 1848.

So far as I have had an opportunity of examining Mr. Ticknor's system of arithmetic I am highly pleased with the mode of its execution and should be much pleased to have it generally introduced into the Common schools of this place. H. H. BLAIR, Teacher.

Bloomsburg, May 15, 1848.

Mr. Ticknor:—I have examined the series of treatises on arithmetic, of which you are the author, and am much pleased with them, and shall introduce them into the school under my charge immediately.

A. FORSTER.

Catawissa, May 15, 1848.

The examination which I have been able to give Mr. Ticknor's "Series of Arithmetic," the Columbian Calculator, Youth's Columbian Calculator, with Keys and Arithmetical Tables, has satisfied me of its great superiority to other systems. It is an original work—original in its plan, arrangement and questions, and that the advantages resulting from its general introduction would much more than compensate for the temporary inconvenience of making the exchange. The system in my opinion should be introduced into every school.

J. J. BROWER.

We have examined the Columbian Calculator of Decimal arithmetic, by Almon Ticknor, believing it to be judicious in arrangement, meeting the wants of the scholar, and adapted to the currency of our country—We have introduced it into the seminaries respectively under our care.

S. H. THOMPSON, Union Academy.
S. M. ANDREWS, Female Seminary.

Mr. B. BANNAN.
Doylestown, July 20, 1848.

Bath, Pa., March 15th, 1848.

Respected Sir:—After several years' practice in teaching, both in the State of N. J., and in this State, I am convinced that among all the arithmetics by different authors, with which I have become acquainted there are none equal to your Columbian Calculator. I have had your Calculator in my school for more than two years, and am confident I have scholars farther advanced than they could have been with the use of any other *arithmetic that I have seen*. From a cursory view of your Youth's Calculator, I am so well satisfied that I intend to introduce it into my school as soon as opportunity may present. Yours respectfully,

N. J. MANLEY,
Teacher of the Public School, Bath.

Bethlehem, Sept. 4, 1848.

Almon Ticknor, Esq.—Dear Sir:—After such examination of your Columbian Calculator, (both the smaller and larger work) as I have been able to give it, I have no hesitancy in according with the general high recommendations it has received from other quarters. It is clear, well digested, suited to this country, and sufficiently comprehensive for all practical purposes. You have my best wishes for a "*fortunate run*" of the work—it deserves it. Truly yours, &c.,

E. O. BLECK, Principal
Bethlehem Institute for Young Gentlemen.

I have examined Mr. Ticknor's work on arithmetic, entitled the Columbian Calculator, and consider it admirably calculated for common school instruction. As soon as practicable I will introduce it into my school.

E. D. STILES, Classical School, Hamburg.

From a cursory examination of an arithmetical series, by Almon Ticknor, I am favorably impressed with their practical adaptation, and genuine merit. Being gradually inductive and progressive in their character, they are finely adapted for the new learner and the advanced scholar. Mr. Ticknor's plan of teaching the tables in concert, merits my most cordial approbation, as from several years' practice of it I am fully convinced of its great superiority to the ordinary mode of instruction.—Could this plan be generally adopted both in our primary and higher schools, I doubt not but the interests of education would be greatly enhanced.

C. D. VIRGIL,
Principal of Tunkhannock Select School.
MELISSA R. MARCY,
Teacher Young Ladies' School.

Kingston, Pa., May, 1848.

I have examined Mr. Ticknor's work on arithmetic, entitled the Columbian Calculator, and consider it to be a work worthy of being introduced into all the District schools and Academies throughout the United States. Believing it to be a work of practical utility and indescribable merit, on account of its beautiful arrangement and its excellent system of gradations from one step to another, up the rugged and difficult hill of mathematical science, I would hail with inexpressible delight that hour, when all the citizens of this great Republic may be enjoying the union of currency and other benefits, which an extensive circulation of this work is destined to produce wherever it is introduced.

S. C. WAGNER, Teacher of Public School, No. 1.

Having examined the system of arithmetic by A. Ticknor, I cannot but express a decided opinion in its favor; particularly as relieving the pupils under the present systems, of a considerable unnecessary burden, as well as presenting the science in a plain and concise view. On these accounts it cannot but recommend itself to the attention of every teacher of youth, and it will be introduced into our institution, at least, as soon as practicable. E. D. YEOMANS,
Principal of Danville Academy, Pa.

Danville, May, 1848.

Milton, June 2, 1848.

Mr. Ticknor—Dear Sir:—Having examined the work entitled the "Columbian Calculator," I deem it due to the author to say it is the best work upon arithmetic that I have examined; therefore I would recommend it to the public schools in our district.

Yours respectfully, J. M. HUFF, Teacher.

The "Columbian Calculator," by Mr. Almon Ticknor, I have examined, and must say that I am very much pleased with its arrangement, and I think its introduction into our schools would be a great and public benefit. GEO. HILL,
Principal Public School, New Berlin, Union Co., Pa.

Mr. Ticknor—Dear Sir:—I have examined your book entitled the "Columbian Calculator," and can say I am much pleased with its contents. It combines great perspicuity of arrangement with originality and excellence of matter. Long theoretical explanations, useless to young students, and all else not highly practical and useful is wisely excluded from its pages. I think it well calculated for all primary schools. The work itself bears evidence of the ability and experience of its author, and to those who may have occasion to use or examine it, it will be its own best recommendation.

GEO. W. F. EMERSON,
Professor of Mathematical and Military Sciences.

N. B.—The "Calculator" is adopted as a Text-book in the Reading Collegiate Institute. G. W. F. E.

Reading, Pa., June, 1848.

The following communications were written by two of the best arithmeticians in the country:

[From the Easton Sentinel.]

Mr. Editor:—The acquisition of the science of numbers, as arithmetic is called, is one of much importance; and occupies the "going to school," time of our juvenile existence. In acquiring this knowledge, books are necessary, although in teaching, a teacher should not confine himself entirely to them, but oral instruction should be resorted to. We have a great variety of systems of arithmetic in use, but for the most part, they are not *exactly* what I think an arithmetic should be:—as *mind* in its juvenile state has to grapple with this science, it should be made as interesting as possible. It should be devoid of all extraneous, or irrelevant matter,—simplicity should be the principal feature. By simplicity, I do not intend mental calculations, figures of birds, apples, marbles, &c.—seeing little arithmetical knowledge can be gained; but by the use of the slate. The different rules should be stated as briefly as possible, and in language that the scholar, with a little help from the teacher can easily comprehend. The examples under each rule should be as varied and as practical as possible, and so far as the practical part is concerned, should prevail to the exclusion of all others. I am prompted to these remarks by the appearance of a new work on arithmetic, called the "Columbian Calculator," by A. Ticknor of this place. This book meets my views of what an arithmetic should be, better than any I have ever seen, indeed I do not see much room for improvement. Mr. Ticknor has also lately published a small book or arithmetic for beginners, which in my opinion is admirably adapted as an initiation to this study, and will be the most popular work of the kind ever published. The two together forming a complete system and better adapted to the use of American citizens than anything else.

If recommendations are any proof of superior merit, then surely Mr. Ticknor's work stands unrivalled, for no work of the kind can compare with it in this respect, either for numbers or weight. The author has labored hard and long in effecting his object, and deserves well of the community, and I trust he will realize in the sale of his work, that pecuniary compensation which he certainly merits. N—— O——.

[From the Easton Journal.]

Mr. Editor:—The grand object in a course of elementary education should ever be, the securing a sure and permanent foundation. It is self-evident, that if this solid foundation be not secured, the future labor of the teacher will become comparatively valueless, and the standard of the pupils' attainments necessarily superficial. The well-educated teacher will claim little sympathy with those of his profession, who, in order to secure an evanescent fame for his school, will hastily rear a superstructure that has but sand for its foundation. It is eminently due the young scholars, and due the teacher himself, that he should advance them by a *gradual and sure process of instruction.* He will commence with the primary elements in the various departments of useful study, and "rooting and grounding" them well in those elements, he will proceed *gradually*, laying broader and deeper the foundation of their education, until he has prepared the way for the up-rearing of an elegant, efficient and permanent superstructure.

These remarks premised, it affords the writer no ordinary pleasure to recommend to our seminaries and district schools, a work lately published, entitled "The Youth's Columbian Calculator," by Almon Ticknor, author of the "Columbian Calculator," and which was prepared for the press for the specific object of making it serve as an introduction to the latter work, and the want of which was felt by pupils commencing the study of arithmetic. We are confident that the teacher who will examine the "Youth's Columbian Calculator," will be rewarded for his pains, by finding at last, a work sedulously adapted to the ordinary capacities of juvenile minds, and which admirably prepares the way for taking up the larger and equally excellent work of the same celebrated author. The writer of this article is making use of this "introductory course on arithmetic" in his school, and finds it exactly adapted to accomplish the important object intended by its publication. We again heartily recommend, therefore, the "Youth's Columbian Calculator," as a most excellent introductory step to the larger work, known as the "Columbian Calculator." The book concludes with the Rule of Three; and from the commencement to the end, unfolds in the most simple, pleasing and masterly manner, the ground-work or constituent primary principles of arithmetical science. It is just the work needed by our schools. The examples are original and practical, while the clearness and brevity of its elucidations render it fascinating to the juvenile mind. May it receive that welcome into all our schools, which its merits demand. We feel assured, from the character of the work itself, whose chief beauty is its simplicity, that it will henceforward constitute the *standard introductory book on arithmetic* in our schools throughout the land.

J—— J—— O——.

THE YOUTH'S COLUMBIAN CALCULATOR.

This work embraces 96 pages with about 600 examples for solution on the slate; it will embrace the fundamental rules, Compound Rules, Simple and Compound Reduction, and Single Rule of Three, or Proportion. Teachers who have examined this work are of opinion that it is just what is very much wanted at this time in our District Schools as a primary arithmetic for those commencing the study of numbers, for the reasons that those *Primary Books* now in use are either *too juvenile or too far* in advance of the *pupil*; in fact, that there is no *suitable* Primary treatise on arithmetic now before the public. It is also believed that this volume will contain a sufficient amount of *practical arithmetic*, as will commonly occur in the transaction of ordinary business—more particularly in the *Female Department* of our District Schools, many of whom seldom learn the use of numbers as far as *Reduction or Proportion*, and as this work is intended, in part, for this class of pupils, great care and labor have been bestowed with a view to render every part perfectly plain and easy of comprehension by the pupil. The calculations are in "*our currency*," with the use of a few fractions, sufficient use, as a knowledge of *fractions* can be acquired from the *larger volume*.

Both works have full and complete Keys, embracing *several hundred* examples in Arithmetic and Mensuration, and other valuable matter for the use of the teacher. The *examples* will be given in *full*, with Notes, Explanations, Illustrations, Demonstrations, &c., &c.

The three volumes will contain about 3500 *original* questions for solution—a greater amount of *Arithmetical science* than has ever been published in the same space in this or any other country—a work that is *destined* to become the *standard text-book of the Union.*

We select the following from hundreds of recommendations which we have received in commendation of the work:

I have examined Mr. Ticknor's book entitled "The Youth's Columbian Calculator," and take pleasure in recommending it as highly adapted to the use for which it is intended. That a work of this kind is indispensably necessary for laying a proper foundation of a knowledge of the science of arithmetic, I think all will admit who have had any experience in the education of youth, and also that Mr. Ticknor has succeeded in filling a vacuum hitherto existing in this department of Common School instruction. N. KIRKPATRICK,
Classical Teacher.

Easton, Feb. 21st, 1848.

These books have only been issued but a few months, and they have already been introduced into the Night Public Schools of the City of New York, in the Cities of Reading, Lancaster, Wilmington,—also Harrisburg York, Chambersburg, Pottsville, Doylestown, Lebanon, &c., &c.

For sale wholesale and retail by B. BANNAN, Pottsville, and by booksellers in the U. States. [Oct21-43

Health! Health!

The most effectual of all known medicines!!

Dr. Drake's Panacea,

THE ONLY RADICAL CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

IT ALSO REMOVES AND PERMANENTLY CURES ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, VIZ.:

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica or Lumbago, diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in life also Chronic Constitutional disorders.

IN this medicine several innocent but very potent articles of the vegetable kingdom are united, forming a compound entirely different in its character and properties from any other preparation, and unrivalled in its operation on the system when laboring under disease. It should be in the hands of every person, who by business or general course of life, is predisposed to the very many ailments that render life a curse instead of a blessing, and so often result in death.

FOR SCROFULA,

Dr. Drake's Panacea is recommended as a certain remedy. Not one instance of its failure has ever occurred when freely used! It cures the disease and at the same time imparts vigor to the whole system. Scrofulous persons can never pay too much attention to the state of their blood. Its purification should be their first aim; for perseverance will accomplish a cure of even *hereditary disease.*

FOR ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,

Scurvy, Scorbutic Affections, Tumors, White Swelling Erysipelas, Ulcers, Cancers, Running Sores, Scabs and Biles, Dr. Drake's Panacea cannot be too highly extolled; it searches out the very root of the disease, and by removing it from the system, makes a cure certain and permanent.

INDIGESTION OR DYSPEPSIA.

No medicine perhaps has ever been discovered which gives so much tone to the stomach and causes the secretion of a healthy gastric juice to decompose the food as Dr Drake's Panacea.

RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Drake's Panacea is used with the greatest success in Rheumatic Complaints, especially such as are chronic. It cures by driving out all impurities and foul humors which have accumulated in the system, which are the cause of Rheumatism, Gout, and swellings of the joints. Other remedies sometimes give temporary relief; this entirely eradicates the disease from the system, even when the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen.

CONSUMPTION.

Consumption can be cured.—Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Asthma, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Pain in the Side, &c., have been cured, and can be with as much certainty as any other simple disease. A specific has long been sought for but in vain, until the discovery of Dr. Drake's Panacea. It is mild and safe but certain and efficacious in its operation, and cannot possibly injure the most delicate constitution. We would earnestly recommend those afflicted to give it a trial—and we believe they will not have occasion to regret it. The system is cleansed and strengthened, the ulcers on the lungs are healed, and the patients gradually regain their usual health and strength. Read the following.

TESTIMONY.

Philadelphia, Dec. 8th, 1847.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your question respecting the use of Dr. Drake's Panacea, I will say, that although a perfect disbeliever in the existence of a *Panacea*, or cure for *all diseases*, however valuable it may be in certain conditions of the system, still I have believed that a cure for consumption would be discovered sooner or later, and curiosity led me to try your medicine in two very inveterate cases. They were pronounced by the attending physicians to be *pulmonary Consumption* and abandoned by them as *incurable*. One of these persons had been under the treatment of several very able practitioners for a number of years, and they said she had "*old fashioned Consumption combined with Scrofula*," and that she might linger for some time, but could not be permanently relieved. In both cases the effect of the Panacea has been most gratifying. Only four or five bottles were used by one of the persons before she began to improve rapidly. The other took about ten. I will only add that familiar as I am with Consumption by inheritance and by extensive observation as a study, and knowing also the injurious effects in nine cases out of ten of tar, boneset, and other vegetable tonics, as well as of many expectorants and sedatives, I should never have recommended the use of Drake's Panacea if I had not been acquainted with the ingredients. Suffice it to say that these are recommended by our most popular and scientific physicians, and in their present combined state, form probably the best alternative that has ever been made. The cure is in accordance with a theory of Consumption broached in France a few years ago by one of her most eminent writers on medicine, and now established by facts which admit of no dispute.

Very respectfully yours, L. C. GUNN.

To use the language of another—"Dr. Drake's Panacea is always salutary in its effects—never injurious. It is not an opiate—it is not an expectorant. It is not intended to lull the invalid into a fatal security. It is a great remedy—a grand healing and curative compound, the great and only remedy which medical science and skill has yet produced for the treatment of this hitherto unconquered malady; and no person afflicted with this dread disease, will be just to himself and his friends, if he go down to the grave without testing its virtues. A single bottle, in most cases, will produce a favorable change in the condition of any patient however low."

TO THE LADIES.

Ladies of pale complexion and consumptive habits, and such as are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or two to bloom and vigor. It is by far the best remedy ever discovered for weakly children, and such as have bad humors; being pleasant, they take it. It immediately restores the appetite, strength and color.

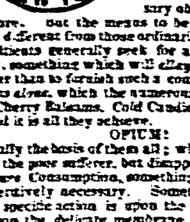
Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame.

CAUTION.—Be careful and see that you get the genuine Dr. Drake's Panacea—it has the signature of Geo. F. Storrs on the wrapper, and also the name "Dr. Drake's Panacea, Phila." blown in the glass.

Prepared only by STORRS & Co., Druggists, No. 12 North Sixth street, Phila.

Also for sale at JOHN G. BROWN'S Drug store, and B. BANNAN'S Book stores, Pottsville; C. Fraley, Orwigsburg; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; J. B. Falls, Minersville; H. Shissler, Port Carbon. [Jan22-4-

MONTHLY BULLETIN, NO. 10.



THE CONSUMPTION

It is the settled opinion of the most distinguished physicians, both of this country and Europe, that *Consumption is Curable*, in any and every stage, excepting that which is attended by wasting diarrhea. The latter symptom frequently marks a breaking up of the powers of life, and then a cure is not to be so certainly counted on. Tubercles on the lungs are not necessary obstacles to a permanent cure. But the means to be employed must be widely different from those ordinarily used. Consumptive patients generally seek for a soothing medicine merely, something which will *allay a cough*. Nothing is easier than to furnish such a compound. It is this, and *this alone*, which the numerous Pulmonic Syrups, Wild Cherry Balsams, Cold Candies, and the like, aim at; and it is all they achieve.

OPIUM!

is usually the basis of them all; which, for a time, deceives the poor sufferer, but disappoints at last.

To cure Consumption, something far beyond all this is imperatively necessary. Something must be used whose specific action is upon the Pulmonary vessels, and upon the delicate membrane which lines the air passages; and which shall arrest and eradicate that morbid principle which shows itself in the form of Tubercles. This the Graeffenberg

CONSUMPTIVE'S BALM

Will effectually do; while at the same time it will allay the cough and remove the wasting hectic.

This medicine is the only one extant, in this or in foreign countries, that can be relied on in the complaints under notice; and as the most trying season is just at hand, the attention of consumptive persons, of the Medical faculty, and of the public at large, is earnestly invited to it. This Balm is of incalculable value in Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Cold, Spitting of Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, and all other affections of the throat, the lungs, the bronchial tubes, &c.

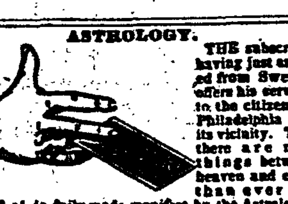
Testimonials of its wonderful efficacy and of the numerous cures it has effected, may be had on application at the Company's Agencies.

E. BARTON, Secretary.

And for sale by J. S. C. Martin, Pottsville; J. W. Gibbs, Minersville; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; J. H. Alter, Tuscarora; John Williams, Middleport; Robert Buber, Spring Vale. [Aug19'48-34-ly] Nov11

FOR SALE.—TOWN LOTS—In the Town of Llewellyn—apply to A. RUSSEL,
June 17 24-tf] Mahantango Street, Pottsville.

ASTROLOGY.



THE subscriber having just arrived from Sweden, offers his services to the citizens of Philadelphia and its vicinity. That there are more things between heaven and earth than ever was dreamed of, is daily made manifest by the Astrologer, C. W. ROBACK, whose miracles approach more near those spoken of in the Scriptures, than any of latter days, by his daily performances of wonders unheard of in this country; yet quite familiar are thousands in Europe who have enjoyed his confidence, among which may be mentioned Oscar, the present King of Sweden, Louis Philippe, and many of the English nobility and gentlemen of high rank, who have consulted him respecting losses, by design or accident, and who have been gratified in invoking the powers of the wonderful science which he has inherited from his ancestors. For information of his powers to forsee the result of law-suits, and all undertakings of hazard, and advice for the restoration of stolen property, and for the speedy cure of diseases of various kinds, heretofore considered incurable by our best physicians.

He is also prepared with a quantity of his celebrated Astrologer's Swedish consumption syrup, which is producing such wonderful cures in healing ulceration of the Lungs from Consumption. More than 10,000 patients have been satisfactorily cured in Sweden by this wonderful remedy. Each bottle is accompanied with minute directions, and for sale at his office.

He would respectfully refer the sceptical, and all others, to.

Mrs. Moss, Brown street, between 3d and 4th, back of No. 115.
Mrs. Mary Miller, No. 3 Ashaned's court, between 8th and 9th, and Locust and Walnut sts.
Mr. John Blair, 4 Adams street, below Fitzwater.
Mr. B. Allan, 317 North 2d st.
Mrs. E. M. Davis, 12 North 2d st.
Mr. R. Johns, 16 Little Pine st.
Mr. M. Johns, 16 Dean street, between Spruce and Locust and 8th and 9th sts
Mr. J. Davies, 23 South 7th st.
Mr. S. Sanaron, 73 Wood st., Kensington.
Mr. Minten, No. 8 Hurst st., between Lombard, South, 5th and 6th.

He has been consulted with by all the crowned heads of Europe, and enjoys higher reputation as an Astrologer than any one living.

The period of our birth is generally marked with some peculiar circumstances, that has a visible effect on the connuet of our lives, which Professor Roback will read and explain to the astonishment and satisfaction of visitors. He will answer all questions concerning Lawsuits, Marriages, Journeys, Voyages, and all the concerns of life.

Terms. Ladies 50 cents. Gentlemen $1. Nativities calculated and read in full; according to the oracles of masculine signs; Terms, Ladies, $1; Gentleman, $1 50. Nativities calculated according to Geomancy; for Ladies, $2; in full, $3; Gentlemen, $3; in full, $5. Persons at a distance can have their Nativities by sending their day of birth.

All letters containing the above fee will meet with immediate attention, and sent to any part of the United States on durable paper.

Office, No. 71 Locust street, between Eighth and Ninth, opposite the Musical Fund Hall. Hours from 9 A.M. to 10 P.M. C. W. ROBACK, Astrologist.

FRESH IMPORTED GREEN AND BLACK TEAS
From J. C. Jenkins & Co.,
TEA DEALERS,
S. W. corner of Chesnut and Twelfth streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

N. B.—One of our partners having learned the Tea business of the Chinese themselves, during a residence of seven years among them, the public may therefore expect of us the full benefit of the knowledge and experience thus acquired.

To our *Black teas*, particularly, we wish to call attention as possessing a degree of strength and richness of flavor seldom equalled. *Black teas* are universally used by the Chinese, who consider the Green fit only for foreigners. Our physicians also recommend the Black as making a more healthful beverage than the Green. Each package is so secured as to retain the virtues of the tea for a long time in any climate, and contains *full weight of tea*, independent of the metal and paper with which it is enveloped.

J. C. JENKINS & Co.

The above warrante tea, put up in ¼, ½, and 1 lb. packages, just received and will be constantly kept for sale by the subscriber. J. WHITFIELD.
Nov27 47 -44

PATENT METALLIC ROPES
FOR THE USE OF MINES, RAILWAYS, &c.,
For sale, or imported to order, by the subscriber.

THESE Ropes are now almost exclusively used in the Collieries and on the Railways in Great Britain, and are found to be greatly superior to Hempen ones as regards safety, durability and economy.

The Patent Wire Ropes, have proved to be still in good condition after three year's service, in the same situation where the Hempen ones, previously used, of double the size and weight would wear out in nine or ten months. They have been used for almost every purpose to which Hempen Ropes and chains have been applied. Mines, Railways, Heavy Cranes, Standing Rigging, Window Cords, Lightning Conductors, Signal Halyards, Tiller Ropes, &c. They are made either of Iron or Copper Wire, and in cases of much exposure to dampness, of Galvanized Wire.

Testimonials from the most eminent Engineers in England can be shown as to their efficiency, and any additional information required respecting the different descriptions and application will be given by

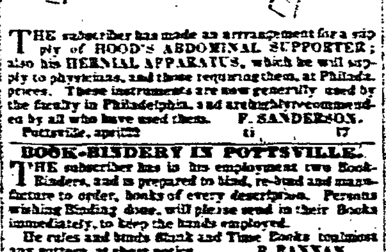
ALFRED F. KEMP, 75 Broad st., New York.
Sole Agent in the United States.

Statement of Trial made at the Woolwich Royal Dock Yard, of the Patent Wire Ropes as compared with Hempen Ropes and Iron Chains of the same strength. October, 1841.

Wire gauge Number.	WIRE ROPES. Circumference of Rope.	Weight per fathom.		HEMPEN ROPES. Circumference of Rope.	Weight per fathom.		CHAINS. Weight per fathom.	Diameter of Iron.	STRENGTH.
	inch.	lbs.	oz.	inch.	lbs.	oz.	lbs.	inch.	Tons.
11	4	13	0	10	24		9	15	20
13	3½	8	8	8½	16		27	[illegible]	12½
10	3½	8	11	7½	18		17	[illegible]	10½
13	3	5	9	6½	9	9	13½	[illegible]	7½
16	2½	4	3	5	8		10½	[illegible]	7

N. B.—The working load with a perpendicular lift, may be taken at 6 cwt. for every lb. weight per fathom, so that a rope weighing 6 lb. per fathom would safely lift 3300 lbs., and so on in proportion.

Abdominal Supporters, &c.



THE subscriber has made an arrangement for a supply of HOOD'S ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER; also his HERNIAL APPARATUS, which he will supply to physicians, and those requiring them, at Philada. prices. These instruments are now generally used by the faculty in Philadelphia, and are highly recommended by all who have used them. F. SANDERSON.
Pottsville, april22 17

BOOK-BINDERY IN POTTSVILLE.

THE subscriber has in his employment two Book-Binders, and is prepared to bind, re-bind and manufacture to order, books of every description. Persons wishing Binding done, will please send in their Books immediately, to keep the hands employed.

He rules and binds Blank and Time Books to almost any pattern, at short notice. B. BANNAN.
May22 21-] At his Cheap Book & Stationery Store.

N. B.—A number of books left to be bound are still remaining at the Establishment—some for two and three years. Unless called for shortly they will be sold to pay binding.

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER?

THOUSANDS of bottles of the American Compound have been sold during the past year, and was never known to fail in curing in a few days, the worst cases of a certain delicate disease, Seminal weakness, and all diseases of the Urinary organs. Persons affected, using this pleasant and popular remedy, need fear no exposure as it leaves no odor on the breath, requires no restrictions in diet or business—contains no mercury or noxious drugs injurious to the system, and is adapted to every age, sex or condition. It is also the best remedy known for Fluor Albus, or Whites, (female complaints) with which thousands suffer, without the knowledge of a remedy. This celebrated remedy has long been used in the private practice of a physician with unerring success, radically curing ninety-nine of the hundred cases in a few days. Around each bottle are plain and full directions.

CAUTION.—Ask for the American Compound, and purchase only of the agents. Price $1 per bottle.

J. G. Brown and J. S. C. Martin, agents for Pottsville; S. Kempton, agent for Pt. Carbon. [Sept14'48-38-1y

SHAWLS—LONG SHAWLS of various style and quality. For sale by
Nov. 13-46] J. M. BEATTY & Co.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY;
The Original and Genuine Preparation.
CONSUMPTION,

COUGHS, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases is, Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE is an agreeable tonic, and very effectual in destroying Worms, curing Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, &c. It is extremely palatable and perfectly harmless, if administered to the tenderest infant. Remember! I have changed my bottles to a square, having my portrait on each.

DR. SWAYNE'S SARSAPA. & EXT. TAR PILLS are a mild and gentle purgative, unsurpassed by any medicine for removing the bile, cleansing the stomach, and effectually purifying the blood.

These medicines are no longer among those of doubtful utility. They have passed away from the thousands daily launched upon the experiment, and now stand higher in reputation, and are becoming more extensively used than any other preparation of medicine ever produced for the relief of suffering man.

They have been introduced very generally through the United States and Europe, and there are few towns of importance but what contain some remarkable evidence of their good effects. For proof of the foregoing statements and of the value and efficacy of these medicines, the proprietor will insert a few of the many thousand testimonials, which have been presented to him by men of the first respectability—men who have higher views of moral responsibility and justice, than to certify to facts, because it will do another a favor, and themselves no injustice. Such testimony prove conclusively, that their surpassing excellence is established by their intrinsic merits, and the unquestionable authority of public opinion. The instantaneous relief they afford, and the soothing influence diffused through the whole frame by their use, render them most agreeable remedies for the afflicted.

Consumption of the Lungs. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry! The greatest medicine in the World! Still another wonderful cure:

Norristown, Pa., Oct 19 1847

Dr. Swayne:—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that my wife was attacked with a violent cough, which settled on her lungs; violent pains in the side and breast, spitting of blood, loss of appetite, great debility and all the symptoms of confirmed Consumption. She was attended by three physicians, all of whom pronounced her beyond recovery. I was at this time recommended to try your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. With little or no hopes, I procured two bottles of Dr. Slemmer of this place, and by its use I am obliged to confess that its effects were really surprising. She had been unable to do anything for the last eight months; at times she would spit blood by the tumbler full, but by the use of your valuable Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry was entirely cured, and is now attending to her housework as usual. My intention in calling at your office was to see you personally, and offer thanks and gratitude to you as a public benefactor, for compounding such a valuable medicine as yours has proven to be in the above case. WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

Asthma of eleven years' standing permanently cured by Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, after all other remedies had failed.

Cincinnati, Feb. 19, 1847.

Dr. Swayne:—This is to certify that eleven years ago last fall, I was troubled with the Asthma, which increased upon me in defiance of all the remedies I could hear of, until the year, 1839-40, when I was obliged to leave my native New England for a milder climate, which had the effect to mitigate my sufferings for three or four years, after which the disease increased until last winter, and my sufferings were intense, almost beyond endurance, being obliged to sit up night after night from inability to sleep in bed.

Last fall I felt the symptoms earlier than usual in the season, but hearing that Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry was a sovereign remedy for Diseases of the Lungs, I immediately commenced its use, and the result was almost immediate relief. For the last six weeks I have not felt the least symptoms of the Asthma, and feel confident that I am well of it, and that I have been cured by the above named medicine.

Yours, respectfully, J. W. KNIGHT,
Walnut street, between 3d and 4th.

DR. SWAYNE IN THE SOUTH.—The most wonderful cure on record! Read it!

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 12th, 1847.

Dr. Swayne:—Dear Sir:—Having been almost miraculously cured by your valuable medicine, I think it not more than common gratitude in me to make one addition to the long list of certificates which you have received of remarkable cures by your medicine. During the two years preceding last August, I was very much distressed by a very bad cold and racking cough, and during the latter part of the time it continued to grow worse, and indeed in July my friends gave me over, having tried all kinds of medicine, said to be good for such diseases, without the least good effect. I was reduced almost to a perfect corpse, and had scarcely any flesh upon my body, and for a long time never thought to rise from my bed again. A friend one day asked me if I had tried Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and advised me to do so at once, as he heard that it had worked a great many wonderful cures.

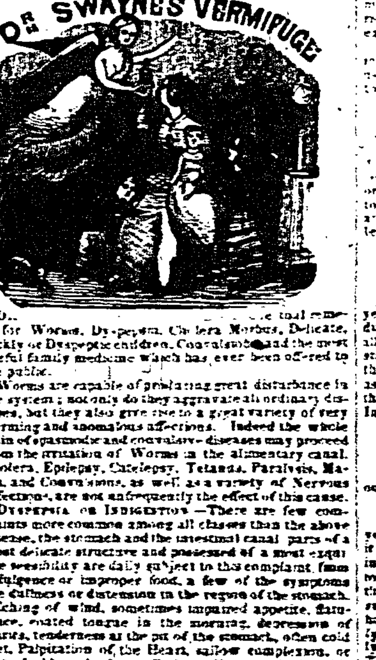
I took his advice and after using up several bottles of it, I grew so much better, that I was enabled to leave my bed, and afterwards to walk about the house, and go out into the street. I was encouraged by this, and continued the use of your medicine, and now, by means of its wonderful curative powers, I am perfectly well, and enjoy the use of all my faculties, just as much as if I had never been afflicted in the way I have described to you. I have written this not thinking that it will at all interest you, but humbly hoping that it will have its mite of influence in causing your valuable medicine to be spread among mankind, and in assisting to raise you to that station which you richly deserve, for your persevering efforts for the public good.

Respectfully your friend and admirer,
JAMES R. MAITLAND.

Comment on such evidence as the above is unnecessary. A single trial will place Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient. But its healing virtues will be its best recommendation.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Read! Read!—There is but one genuine preparation of Wild Cherry, and that is Dr. Swayne's, the first ever offered to the public, which has been sold largely throughout the U. States and some parts of Europe; and all preparations called by the name of Wild Cherry have been put out since this, under cover of some deceptive circumstances, in order to give currency to their sales. By a little observation, no person need mistake the genuine from the false. Each bottle of the genuine is enveloped with a beautiful steel engraving with the likeness of William Penn thereon; also, Dr. Swayne's signature; and as a further security, the portrait of Dr. Swayne will be added hereafter, so as to distinguish his preparation from all others. Now, if it was not for the great curative properties and known virtues of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, persons would not be endeavoring to give currency to their fictitious nostrums, by *stealing* the name of Wild Cherry. Remember, always bear in mind the name of Dr. Swayne, and be not deceived.

Principal office, corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.



D[illegible] [illegible] remedy for Worms, Dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, Delicate, Sickly or Dyspeptic children, Convalescents and the most useful family medicine which has ever been offered to the public.

Worms are capable of producing great disturbance in the system; not only do they aggravate all ordinary diseases, but they also give rise to a great variety of very alarming and anomalous affections. Indeed the whole train of spasmodic and convulsive diseases may proceed from the irritation of Worms in the alimentary canal. Cholera, Epilepsy, Catalepsy, Tetanus, Paralysis, Mania, and Convulsions, as well as a variety of Nervous Affections, are not unfrequently the effect of this cause.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.—There are few complaints more common among all classes than the above disease, the stomach and the intestinal canal parts of a most delicate structure and possessed of a most exquisite sensibility are daily subject to this complaint, from indulgence or improper food, a few of the symptoms are dullness or distension in the region of the stomach, belching of wind, sometimes impaired appetite, flatulence, coated tongue in the morning, depression of spirits, tenderness at the pit of the stomach, often cold feet, Palpitation of the Heart, sallow complexion, or disturbed bowels, &c.—all these diseases yield to this valuable Vermifuge, or great antidyspeptic medicine.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION.—Swayne's Vermifuge is in square bottles (being recently changed to prevent counterfeits, also to pack to a better advantage) with the following words blown in the glass: Dr. H. Swayne's Vermifuge, Philada., also enveloped in a beautiful wrapper, bearing the signature of Dr. Swayne, with his portrait on each side of the bottle without which none is genuine. This article is so pleasant to the taste that both children and adults are universally fond of

DR SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA AND EXTRACT OF TAR PILLS—The great American Purifier—for the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system.

It is an important fact, and one that hundreds are undoubtedly ignorant of, that many of the pills in common use, are composed of such powerful and irritating purgative substances that a continuation of their use for a short time, as is often necessary in derangements of the liver and digestive organs, will many times be productive of serious consequences, and not unfrequently produce the diseases which they pretend to cure. These circumstances will plainly point out the many advantages of Dr. Swayne's Compound Sarsaparilla and Extract of Tar Pills which, though equally certain in their purgative effects, are incapable of producing any of the bad effects mentioned above. They produce a natural pleasant evacuation of the bowels—strengthen and invigorate the system—restore the tone and activity of the liver and digestive organs—thus effecting all that is required for the cure of the diseases under consideration.

BEWARE OF MISTAKES.—Remember that each bottle of the genuine medicine bears the signature of Dr. H. Swayne without which none can be genuine. See that the name is spelled correctly S-w-a-y-n-e.

The above valuable medicines are prepared only by Dr. H. Swayne, corner of 8th and Race streets, Phila., to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale by J. G. BROWN, Druggist, and DANIEL KREBS, P. M., Pottsville; also, by Jas. B. Falls and Jas. W. Gibbs, Minersville; H. Shissler, Port Carbon; C. & G. Huntzinger, Sch'l. Haven; T. Williams, Middleport; Daniel Bertsch, Ashland; Charles Fraily, Orwigsburg; Jno. Sietenman, Hamburg; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; Jno. Dickson, Easton; Matthew Kranz, Bethlehem; Chas. Ebert, Mauch Chunk; Eckel & Barnd, Tremont; Cockill & Son, Llewellyn, and by storekeepers generally; J. CURTIS C. HUGHES, Pottsville.
October7 '48 -41-

FOR SALE.—The subscriber will sell the house in which he now resides, in Morris' Addition.—Possession given immediately if required.
Sept9-37] GEO. H. POTTS.

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.

WESTERN NEW YORK COLLEGE OF HEALTH 207, *Main street, Buffalo*,—NEW YORK.

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture, a celebrated medicine which has made GREAT CURES IN ALL DISEASES, is now introduced into this section. The limits of an advertisement will not permit an extended notice of this remedy; we have only to say it has for its agents in the United States and Canadas a large number of educated MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS in high professional standing, who make a general use of it in their practice in the following diseases:

DROPSY, GRAEL,

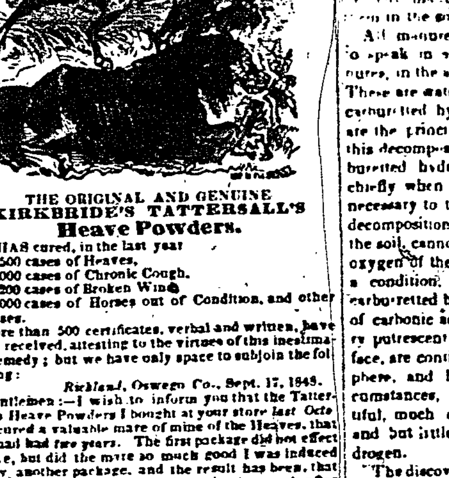
And diseases of the Urinary organs; piles and all diseases of the blood; derangements of the Liver, &c., and all general diseases of the system. It is PARTICULARLY requested that all who contemplate the use of this article, or who desire information respecting it, will obtain a PAMPHLET of 32 pages, which agents whose names are below will gladly give away; this book treats upon the method of cure—explains the properties of the article, and the diseases it has been used for over this country and Europe for four years with such perfect effect. Over 16 pages of testimony from the HIGHEST quarters will be found, with NAMES, PLACES, and DATES, which can be written to by any one interested and the parties will answer post paid communications.

☞ Be particular and ASK for the PAMPHLET, as no other such pamphlet has ever been seen. The evidence of the power of this medicine over ALL diseases is guaranteed by persons of well known standing in society.

Put up in 30 oz. and 12 oz., bottles. Price $2, 30 oz.; $1, 12 oz.; the larger being the cheaper. Every bottle has "G. C. VAUGHN" *written* on the directions, &c. See pamphlet page 28. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at Principal Office, 207, Main street, Buffalo, N. Y. Offices devoted to the sale of this article exclusively, 132, Nassau, New York, and corner of Essex and Washington, Salem, Mass., and by all Druggists throughout this country and Canada as agents.

Also for sale by J. S. C. MARTIN, Pottsville; E. J. FRY, Tamaqua; E. & E. HAMMER, Orwigsburg; LEVAN & KAUFMAN, Schuylkill Haven; WM. S. HEISLER, Port Carbon; WM. PRICE, St. Clair; GEO. REIFSNYDER, New Castle; JAS. B. FALLS, Minersville.

Feb 14, 1848 7-1y



THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
KIRKBRIDE'S TATTERSALL'S
Heave Powders.

IT HAS cured, in the last year
1500 cases of Heaves,
2000 cases of Chronic Cough,
200 cases of Broken Wind.
5000 cases of Horses out of Condition, and other diseases.

More than 500 certificates, verbal and written, have been received, attesting to the virtues of this inestimable remedy; but we have only space to subjoin the following:

Richland, Oswego Co., Sept. 17, 1848.

Gentlemen:—I wish to inform you that the Tattersall's Heave Powders I bought at your store *last October*, cured a valuable mare of mine of the Heaves, that she had had *two years*. The first package did not effect a cure, but did the mare so much good I was induced to try another package, and the result has been, that she has not had the Heaves, since about a week after commencing the second package, although she has been used on my farm almost every day since, which has satisfied me that she is effectually cured. One of my neighbors is giving Tattersall's Heave Powders to a horse, and the prospect is very flattering he will be cured by it.

Believing that the above named medicine is a very valuable one, and that Heaves can be cured by it, I feel willing to lend my name in praise of it.

Respectfully, MOSES P. WARNER.

Spring Hill, Ala., July 21, 1848.

Messrs. J. F. Winter & Co.—Gentlemen:—I most cheerfully bear testimony to the great efficacy and virtue of the Tattersall's Heave Powders, in the cure of horses affected with Heave coughs and colds. I have a valuable horse that was so severely affected with Heaves and violent coughing, that I had well nigh lost him, when I purchased a package of Tattersall's Heave Powders, which entirely cured him and restored his appetite. No owner of horses should be without it.

Respectfully yours, CHAS. A. PEABODY.

CAUTION.—imitations and worthless compounds have followed us wherever we have introduced our remedy, and we understand that several new ones are being put up for circulation—beware of those and take no remedy but "the Tattersall's."

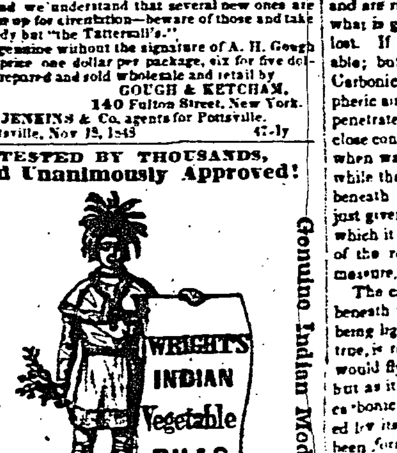
None genuine without the signature of A. H. Gough & Co.—price one dollar per package, six for five dollars. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by

GOUGH & KETCHAM,
140 Fulton Street, New York.

O. D. JENKINS & Co. agents for Pottsville.
Pottsville, Nov 18, 1848 47-1y

TESTED BY THOUSANDS,
And Unanimously Approved!

The Original and only



Genuine Indian Medicine.

EVERY day is this celebrated medicine extending the sphere of its usefulness, and every year adding to the long catalogue of its triumphs.

A MILLION OF BOXES are distributed annually without fully meeting the demand: For some time past, the sales have been limited solely for want of facilities of supply. Truly this is a universal remedy. Unheralded, these Pills have found their way into the remotest corners of the Union, every where proving their title as the POOR MAN'S FRIEND—SICK MAN'S HOPE—THE MARVEL AND BLESSING OF THE AGE.

For a trifling sum every individual and every family may have health secured to them for an indefinite period; and whoever is left without health but a miserable existence.

[illegible]

June 20, 1848. JOHN D[illegible] D

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE.
(From Marble Hall, Pa.)

To Dr. W. WRIGHT—Dear Sir: For the last two years I have had the agency for the sale of your Indian Vegetable Pills at this place, and have sold annually large quantities at retail. They have in every instance, given entire satisfaction. Many families in this section keep them, and consider them invaluable as a family medicine. There is no medicine sold here that can be so universally recommended as Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Very truly yours,

February 1, 1848. WILLIAM M. LUKENS.

TESTIMONY OF ANOTHER PHYSICIAN.

The following is an answer in reply to a note from our agent asking Dr. Bouton's opinion of this medicine:

Tunkhannock, Aug. 29, 1848.

Mr. A. Durham—Dear Sir:—In reply to your note of yesterday, I would state, that I have occasionally found it convenient to use the various "Patent Pills" vended in the shops, and while I am unwilling to say anything to depreciate the value of others, I am free to confess that I consider Dr. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills *superior to all others* with which I am acquainted. I have used them for many years, both in my *own family* and in my practice generally, and they have uniformly proved mild, certain and safe in their operations. The care and skill with which these Pills have been hitherto manufactured, are in my opinion, a sufficient guarantee for like good results in future.

Very respectfully, B. A. BOUTON, M. D.

Dr. B. is a practitioner of long experience, well known in and even beyond the limits of Wyoming county. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and highly popular with the people among whom he resides.

Let it be remembered that Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are prepared with special reference to the laws governing the human body. Consequently, they are always good, always useful, always effective in rooting out disease. Every family should keep them at hand.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS:

Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble the original in outward appearance. Purchase from none except the regular agents, one of whom will be found in every village and town in the State.

Mrs. E. M. BEATTY, Pottsville.
Medlar & Bickel, Orwigsburg.
A. Heebner, Port Carbon.
Dewald H. Puff, McKeansburg.
Geo. R. Drey, Tamaqua.
Henry Koch & Son, Middleport.
Wm. Taggart, Tamaqua.
E. & E. Hammer, Orwigsburg.
Wheeler & Miller, Pine grove.
Jonas Kaufman, Llewellyn.
Jacob Kaufman, Mahantango.
John Weist, Klingerstown.
Gabriel Herb, Zimmermantown.
C. B. De Forest, Minersville.
Jonathan Cockhill, Llewellyn.
George Dreibelbis, East Brunswick.
S. Hart & Co., New Philadelphia.
Levan & Kaufman, Schuylkill Haven.
M. & J. Drecher, East Brunswick.
Jones Robinhold, Port Clinton.
Reifsnyder & Brother, New Castle.
B. R. Reedy, Lower Mahantango.
Eckel & Barnd, Tremont.
Wm. Price, St. Clair.
Boyer & Wernert, McKeansburg.
W. H. Barlow, New Philadelphia.

☞ Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, of the North American College of Health No. 228, Greenwich street, New York; No. 198 Tremont street, Boston—and principal office No. 169 Race street, Phila. [Dec. 9, '48-50-1y

D. M. DEPUY, Surgeon Dentist, Office in Market Street, (North side,) First door above Esquire Wilson's Office, [may23

THE YEAR['S DECLINE.]
By John [illegible]

Come, and the year's decline [illegible]
O'er grave and garden, wood and [illegible]
Chased are the leaves by wild winds [illegible]

Wasted and worn, away,
Vanish the graceful, fly the gay,
As before valor flies dismay.

Win ye who will, and when won claim
This world's best good—wealth, pleasure, fame?
But hold—is the [illegible] no nobler aim?

If not, then man is made to mourn;
And Springs are but to mock us born;
And Summers they but smile in scorn.

For pleasure—bright as the rising Spring;
And fame, like songs wood warblers sing;
And riches fly like birds on wing.

But man was never made to m[ourn]
Never was Spring to mock us born.
Never did Summer smile in scorn.

They come that man may live—they go
That he may learn—may learn to know
His heart's best home is not below.

The blessed days that visit earth,
Awakening beauty, gladness, mirth;
Speak of the sky their place of birth.

For there's a better world than this,
Where the true good immortal is;
Else whence our light, and love, and bliss?

And now, amid the year's decline,
A thousand monitors combine,
To bid us seek the land divine.

The Farmer.

☞ *Putrescent Manures. Their Proper Application.*—A great deal has recently been written on this subject, both by theoretical and practical agriculturists, but the difference of opinion still prevalent as to the most economical method of applying manures, even among those who assume to possess the most information as to farming affairs, appears to increase rather than diminish with each successive essay. In this article we [illegible] submit a few observations touching the question whether it is more judicious to apply putrescent manures to the surface, or to inhume them in the soil.

All manures, by the act of decomposition, or, to speak in a more farmer-like phrase—all manures, in the act of rotting, form new compounds. These are water, carbonic oxide carbonic acid, and carburetted hydrogen. Water and carbonic acid are the principal and more important products of this decomposition; the carbonic oxide and carburetted hydrogen, existing more sparingly, and chiefly when there is a less supply of oxygen than necessary to the mass undergoing the process of decomposition. Manure, when buried beneath the soil, cannot, it is obvious, have access to the oxygen of the atmosphere, and hence, under such a condition, the quantity of carbonic acid and carburetted hydrogen formed, is greater, and that of carbonic acid and water, less. On the contrary putrescent manures, when applied on the surface, are continually in contact with the atmosphere, and hence we find that under such circumstances, the supply of oxygen being plentiful, much carbonic acid and water are formed, and but little carbonic acid and carburetted hydrogen.

The discovery of Dr. Priestly, that plants absorb carbonic acid gas, and after an admirable internal process—yet to be elucidated, assimulate the carbon, and exhale from the emunctories of their lung-like leaves, the oxygen with which the former principle was combined, give us an insight into some of the numerous processes by which manure acts upon vegetable life; for it is well known that the base of carbonic acid enters largely in the composition of all vegetables, and consequently the more there is formed of this highly fertilizing principle, the more affluent will be our crops; or, in other words, the more favorable will be the effects resulting from the decomposition of the manure.

A recent writer in some remarks upon this subject, says: "Some of the objectors will perhaps say, that all the gases generated beneath the surface are prevented from becoming dissipated, and are retained for the use of the plant, while what is generated on the surface, flies off and is lost. If these were facts, they would be unanswerable; but chemistry teaches us a different lesson. Carbonic acid is nearly as heavy again as atmospheric air, and consequently all that is produced, penetrates the surface of the soil, or remains in close contact with the surface, and is taken up, when wanted, by the roots and leaves of the plants; while the carbonic acid gas, which is generated beneath the surface, will not rise, (for the reason just given, but is soon carried below the place in which it is deposited by the rains, out of the reach of the roots of plants, and is thus, in a great measure, lost.

The carburetted hydrogen, it is true, is retained beneath the surface, otherwise it would fly off, being lighter than atmospheric air; but as it is true, is retained beneath the surface, otherwise it would fly off, being lighter than atmospheric air; but as it is believed to be less beneficial than carbonic acid, an actual loss of fertility is sustained by its formation, when the latter could have been formed in its stead by the surface application. The above reasons would also seem to apply that all putrescent manures should be applied in their unfermented state, as the carbonic acid gas is produced during fermentation; which, I believe accords with the experience of our best farmers on this subject.

We are all aware of the great advantages which a crop sustains, in time of drought, by having the surface of the ground kept open by repeated workings. The benefits of [illegible] generally been accounted for by supposing that the earth thus [illegible] up more moisture in the form of dew, during night. In addition to this, might not the carbonic acid, which is always found ready to enter the soil, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] its subsequent development and progress, [illegible] during the ulterior stages, will be far greater; and the same may be observed of other grain crops. When manures are applied to the surface, however, it is always judicious to thoroughly prepare the soil before spreading, for the finer and lighter it is made, the more easily will the manure be incorporated with the mass, and the more effectual will be the action of the barrow in covering and protecting it from the wasting influences of the sun and air." If any of the readers of the *Telegraph* are in possession of any valuable information touching this subject they will greatly oblige by communicating.

A CONSTANT READER.

German Town Telegraph, Nov. 25, 1848.

☞ *Converting Wheat from an Annual to a Perennial Plant.*—The attempt has been made to convert wheat from an annual to a perennial plant, and it is said, with some good degree of success. The account given is, that it was discovered by the steward or director named Kern, of an estate at Constance. After he had ploughed and manured the land, he then sowed it with summer or winter wheat. In the spring, before the ear makes its appearance, he mows it. This he does repeatedly several times in the course of the season, using it as a kind of hay. After this he allows the plant to grow, and be harvested as usual. The next year it ripens earlier and bears a much larger crop than wheat cultivated in the usual manner. In autumn it is manured like the grass of meadows, and in the spring the weeds are removed. The effect is stated to be such that from one field four successive harvests have been gathered. The subject is one of considerable interest, and no doubt, if rendered perennial, it would be useful for the purpose of forage. It might as well for some of our enterprising farmers to test the principle, as it is so easily done, and infer information relating to it is needed. We have sought for some more satisfactory history of the matter, but as yet have been unable to light upon anything which will give it. At present it is too vague to entitle it to much reliance, though the particular fact does not appear to be at variance with analogy in regard to improvement quite as great of numerous plants, by particular cultivation.—[*Patent Office Report.*

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a Board and Lumber Yard, at the corner of High street and Mount Carbon Railroad, in Pottsville, above Haywood & Snyder's Foundry; where he will keep a constant assortment of Oak, Hemlock, Pine, and Poplar Lumber. Having three Saw-mills running, he feels himself that he will be enabled to supply his friends with every description of lumber for mining or building purposes on the most reasonable terms, and by the prompt attention to their orders ensure a continuance of the [illegible].
[May20 21-1y] WM. STEPHENSON.