LOVE.

Love is the offspring of a gentle mind,
Pure in its motives, in its actions kind;
Of nature trusting, disposition warm,
It blooms in sunshine, yet survives the storm.

A plant engrafted on man's living soul,
It lives on earth awhile, its buds unfold,
Its beauties glow, its odors fill the air,
Dispensing light, dispelling anxious care.

But when transported to its celestial home,
Where spirits of the 'just made perfect' roam,
With truth united, (heaven's eternal dove,)
The strain is sweetly echoed, 'God is love.'

Wit and Humor.

☞ *One and Indivisible*.—The Home *Journal* translates from a French paper the following incident (said to be true) of the late revolution in Paris. We confess that our own taste, like the lover's, is for the "one and indivisible."

In one of those paradises of love, silk, gilding and tapestry, which with so much genius are created by architects, upholsterers and writers of romances—at that hour of tender melancholy when the veiled lamp throws only silver rays over curtains and costly exotics—two lovers commenced, for one time more, the saying over, amid sighs and murmurs, their adorable nothings at all.

"It is true, then," said Juliet, passing her fingers, blue veins and all, through the blond curls of the young man, "it is indeed true that nothing on earth could make you cease to love me?"

"Oh—thrice oh, no!" cried the youth with trembling voice, "not even despair, not even madness, not even crime."

"But—but—" hesitatingly inquired the charming one, "if I were to subject your love now to a terrible proof?"

"Speak! speak!" he said, "try me by whatever it be—I will undergo it without blenching or hesitation."

"Well, then," she resumed—"for it is anguish to have a secret from the half of one's soul—I have long ached to avow it to you, and I will do it now—for now I know that you love me."

(Here the task of the narrator became difficult.)

As the confiding accents died upon her lips—her lips of roses—Juliet opened wider that blushing vestibule to an inner gate of pearls—and thence, with profaning thumb and profaning finger, drew forth, (how name it without rebellion in the ink!) a false tooth! And instantly a flush of timidity and shame deepened to purple the vermillion of her cheeks.

Romeo's expressive countenance underwent a slight decrease of happiness, but, gathering himself together with a slight effort, he said: "Oh, my angel beloved! were you indeed capable of believing that for this—this addition, I would cease to leave you?"

And is it so? And now I can venture to tell you all? Oh, noble as beautiful, you have loved me for myself!"

And with the same hand, blanched and delicate, and with the grace of a fairy dipping a cup full from a drop of dew, Juliet took out from her drooping lashes an—artificial eye!

The ardent lover fell into a profound reverie, and for some seconds sat in an uneasy silence. He then arose and took his hat. "Oh, Heaven! what would you do?" exclaimed Juliet with a convulsive sob.

Romeo stooped forward and kissed—gingerly—her snow white hand. "I bid you adieu," he said. "You see I am a true democrat, and it is necessary for me that women should be like the Republic—one and indivisible."

☞ *A Court Scene*.—There is a point beyond which human forbearance cannot go, and the most even of tempers will become ruffled at times. At the Assizes held during the past year at Lincoln, in England, both Judge and counsel had had much trouble to make the timid witnesses upon a trial speak sufficiently loud to be heard by the jury, and it is possible that the temper of the counsel may thereby have been turned aside from the even tenor of its way, and more likely perhaps owing to his feeling himself a man of considerable importance since he married a Dowager Duchess.—After this gentleman had gone through the various stages of bar pleading, and had coaxed, threatened and even bullied witnesses, there was called into the box a young ostler, who appeared to be simplicity personified.

"Now, sir," said the above-named counsel, in a tone he would at any other time have denounced as vulgarly loud, "I hope we shall have no difficulty in making you speak up."

"I hope not sir," was shouted or rather bellowed out by the witness, in tones which almost shook the building, and would have certainly alarmed any timid or nervous lady.

"How dare you speak in that way, sir," said the counsel.

"Please, zur, I can't speak any louder, zur," said the astonished witness, attempting to shout louder than before, evidently thinking the fault to be his speaking too low.

"Pray, have you been drinking this morning?" shouted the counsel, who had now thoroughly lost the last remnant of his temper.

"Yes, zur," was the reply.

"And what have you been drinking?"

"Corfee, zur."

"And what did you have in your coffee, sir?" shouted the exasperated counsel.

"A spune, zur," was the answer, innocently spoken, amidst the roars of the whole court—excepting only the now thoroughly wild counsel, who flung down his brief and rushed out of the court.

☞ *Alphabetical Conundrums*.—Why is the letter A like the meridian? Because it's the middle of day. Why is the letter B like a hot fire? Because it makes oil boil. Why is the letter C like the ocean? Because it makes a sea. Why is the letter D like a fallen angel? Because by its association with evil it becomes a devil. Why is the letter E like the end of time? Because it is the beginning of eternity. Why is the letter F like death? Because it makes all fall. Why is the letter G like wisdom? Because it is the beginning of greatness and goodness. Why is the letter H like the drying words of Adam? "This is the end of earth." Why is the letter I like the American Revolution? Because it is the beginning of independence. Why is the letter J like the end of Spring? Because it is the beginning of June. Why is the letter K like a pig's tail? Because it is the latter end of pork. Why is the letter L like a young lady giving away her sweetheart to another? Because it makes over a lover.

☞ *Thermometer and the Races*.—"Bub, what are you fussing round with the thermometer for?" lately inquired a father of his hopeful heir who was handling the instrument in question.

"I want to find out the heat, pa," replied the hopeful without looking off the thermometer.

"But you've had time to discover the degrees, you've been ten minutes looking at it," observed the indulgent sire, who trembled for the safety of the instrument.

"Well, I ain't looking after the heat of to-day," impatiently answered the boy. "I'm after what Bill meant when he told me he'd been to the races and seen a '*three mile heat*.'"

The papa put up the thermometer.—[*Saturday Rambler.*

☞ *The Telegraph*.—'Bout what time does your tellegraph start?' inquired a green 'un, entering the Telegraph office yesterday.

'Immediately,' was the reply.

'Don' though! wall here's a dockyment, want yer to put in, will yer?'

'Certainly, sir,' said the clerk proceeding to open the letter.

Hello, there! what on earth ye about, that's a gallant billy-dux to Becky, what business yer to open it?'

'Why, my dear sir, we cannot send it unless we do.'

'Can't eh, wall darn yer impudence, jesk fork it over will yer! I'll try the neshbo!'

☞ *Birds of America*.—We heard recently a good story of an Irishman who had never seen any of the birds of America. "The first feathered fowl," said he, "that I ever see when I kem to Ameriky, was a forkintine, (porcupine). I treed him under a haystack, and shot him with a barn-shovel. The first time I shot him I missed him; the second time I shot him, I hit um in the same place where I missed him before!"

☞ "*If you don't* give me a penny," said a young hopeful to his mamma, "I know a boy that's got the measles, and I'll go and catch 'em—so I will."

PHILADELPHIA WARDROBE
CLOTHING EMPORIUM.
No. 105 *Chesnut Street, between Third and Fourth, North side, Philadelphia.*

TO Merchants and others visiting the City. At this establishment may always be found a full assortment of Gentlemen's Clothing, to suit all tastes and at such *reasonable prices* as will *astonish* all. I publish no list of prices, but will *guarantee* to sell as low, if not lower than those who make mere pretensions. My goods are all purchased at *low prices*, and made in as *good styles* as can be found in the city. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere, as the Wardrobe is free to all. PERRY R. McNEILLE.

No. 105 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

N. B.—A large stock of piece goods on hand. Garments made to order at the shortest notice.
May 20, '48. 21-3mo.

NEW GOODS.—Just received, a large assortment of Brade, China Pearl, Neopolaton, Verona Pearl, Coburg, Rough and Ready and French lace Bonnets, at unusually low prices, large and small Straw Bonnets as low as 37½ cts. by J. MORGAN.
Market Street, Pottsville, May 29 21-

MONTHLY BULLETIN, NO. 7.

During the months of July, August, and September, stomach and bowel complaints ravage many portions of the country. One-third of all the deaths during that period will be the result of these difficulties. For Children, the Graefenberg Children's Panacea, will prove infallible preventive and cure.

For adults suffering under the worst forms of Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Bloody Flux, and the like, the Graeffenberg Dysentery Syrup is equally infallible.

The tables of mortality in the city of New York, during the week ending the 15th of July instant, show that out of 284 deaths 106 were caused by the above disorders: The same ratio will elsewhere appear.

In Fevers, Fever and Ague, and the like, the celebrated Graefenberg Vegetable Pills and Health Bitters are the most reliable medicines, and they should be procured without a moment's delay. The Graefenberg Sarsaparilla is decidedly the best of all others, and contains double the number of doses of any other.

☞ The General Agents for Pennsylvania, Maryland and District of Columbia, are Howell & Read, No. 40 South Second St. Philadelphia, to whom application may be addressed. EDWARD BARTON, Sec'y.

And retailed by J. S. C. Martin, Pottsville; J. W. Gibbs, Minersville; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; J. H. Alter, Tuscarora; John Williams, Middleport; Robert Butler, Spring Vale. (Aug. 19, '48. 34-1y

BOOK-BINDERY IN POTTSVILLE.

THE subscriber has in his employment two Book-Binders, and is prepared to bind, re-bind and manufacture to order, books of every description. Persons wishing binding done, will please send in their Books immediately, to keep the hands employed.

He rules and binds Blank and Time Books to almost any pattern, at short notice. B. BANNAN.
May 20 21-] At his Cheap Book & Stationery Store.

N. B.—A number of books left to be bound, are still remaining at the Establishment—some for two and three years. Unless called for shortly they will be sold to pay binding.

NEW BOOKS.

The Fortune Hunter, or the Adventures of a Man about Town, by Mrs. Mowatt,	25
The Gambler's Fate, or the Doomed House,	25
Mysteries of the Criminal Records—a romance of both Hemispheres,	25
Fresh supply of the Little Wife,	25
James Brother Jonathan and other Pictorial Papers, wholesale and retail, just received and for sale at BANNAN'S
June 10 24-] Cheap Book and Periodical Store.	

TENNENT'S
WASHINGTON GALLERY OF DAGUERREOTYPES,
No. 232 *North Second Street, N. W. corner of Callowhill Street, Philadelphia.*

THE Likenesses taken are beautifully colored at this well known establishment, for *One Dollar*, are universally conceded to be equal in every respect to any in the city. Pictures taken equally well in cloudy and clear weather. A large assortment of Medallions and Lockets on hand, at from $2 to $5, including the picture.

The Subscribers respectfully invite the citizens of Schuylkill County, to call and examine specimens of the latest improvements in the art of Daguerreotyping, which will be exhibited cheerfully and without charge.
Philadelphia, June 29, '48. T. & J. C. TENNENT. 27-6mo.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.
A SURE REMEDY FOR WORMS
Facts for the People.

THE constantly increasing popularity and sale of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge has induced persons who are envious of its success, to publish off upon the public preparations which all medical men know to be inefficacious in expelling *worms* from the system.

To prevent mistakes made its way into public favor upon the ground of its own intrinsic merits, more than any other medicine of the kind now used; and, while many worm remedies have, by dint of puffing, been forced into a short lived popularity, after gone into the obscurity which their worthlessness justly merited, B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to be triumphantly sustained. It is known and acknowledged by all its effects will fully sustain all that is said of its wonderful expelling power:

CERTIFICATE.

Wolfes, Erie Co., New York, Jan. 7, 1843.
We certify that we have used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge in our families, and in every case it has provided a decided and effectual remedy for expelling worms from the system. We cordially recommend it to parents who have children afflicted with that dangerous malady. ELON VIRGIL,
WM. B. PAINE,
ROBERT MAY,
JOS. BURROUGHS.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the drug warehouse of B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
Corner of Sixth and Wood sts., Pittsburg, Pa.
For sale in Pottsville, by CLEMENS & PARVIN
Druggists. December 19 —50

HEALTH INSURANCE
[*of Philadelphia.*]
Or, Provision against the expense and loss occasioned by Sickness or Accident.

COMPANY incorporated March 2, 1848, (MUTUAL,) with a Capital of $100,000. Insures all persons between the ages of 18 and 65, an *immediate* allowance of $3, $4, $5, $6, $8 or $10 per week, for one, two, three, or five years, by paying a certain yearly sum.

Thus a person under thirty-five, insuring for one year, by paying $4 a year, is allowed $3 per week; for $5 25, $4 per week; and in the same proportion, one of a like age by paying $6 55 a year, gets $5 per week; for $7 90, $6, $11 20, $8; and for $14 85, he gets $10 for every week of disability occasioned by sickness or accident, during the year. By paying a fraction more yearly, a weekly allowance can be insured of from $3 to $10 for two, three or five years. The rates are to be paid yearly in advance, and are in proportion to the age and the weekly allowance. In case of permanent disability, occurring after an insurance for, say five years, at a weekly allowance of $10, a person would be in the yearly receipt of $520 a year, for the entire five years.

There are no weekly or monthly assessments to pay, or attendance of meeting required; and by the charter the insured receive a share of the net profits, without liability for losses. There is ample security for the insured, as can be shown, and promptness and liberality is exercised in the payment of benefits. For particulars, inquire at the office, No. 69 South Seventh-st., above Walnut ☞ All letters must be post paid.

DIRECTORS.

Samuel D. Orrick, Iron Merchant, No. 109 North Water-street.
Calvin Blythe, Attorney and Counsellor, Sixth below Market-street.
Charles B. Hall, Wholesale Commission Merchant, 34 Church Alley.
William F. Boone, Attorney and Counsellor, 51 South Seventh-st.
Jacob Snyder, Jr., Wine Merchant, No. 76 Walnut-st.
John Thomason, Tinsmith, 65 N. Sixth-st
Daniel C. Lockwood, Tax Collector, Cherry-street, near Schuylkill Seventh street.
James P. Bruner, Wholesale Wool Dealer, No. 6 Willow-street.
Edward Duff, Merchant, No. 39 N. Wharves.
Edward J. Crane, Clerk, No. 338 S. Fifth-street.
Charles P. Hayes, Coal Merchant, Willow-st. Wharf.
Charles O. P. Campbell, Iron Merchant, Water, above Race-street.
SAMUEL D. ORRICK, President.
W. F. Boone, Secretary and Solicitor.
Governor Emerson, M. D., 167 Walnut-street, Consulting Physician.

☞ The subscriber has been appointed Agent for this Institution in Schuylkill County, and is prepared to give any information on the subject, and effect insurances on the terms of the company, at the office of the Miners' Journal.
June 24, 1848. 26-1y

LIFE INSURANCE.
PENN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Office No. 91, *Walnut street.*

THIS Company is now ready to make INSURANCES on LIVES, on the mutual system, without liability beyond the amount of the premium.

All the profits of the Company divided annually among the insured.

The premium may be paid quarterly, semi-annually, or annually, or one-half of the premium may be paid in a note at 12 months.

Individuals insured in this Company become members of the corporation, and vote for trustees.

The rates of premium, with a full participation in the profits, are as low as those of any other institution in the state or country, and lower than many of the English Companies, with only a portion of the profits.

Blank applications for Insurance, with full particulars can be had at the office.

DANIEL L. MILLER, President.
WILLIAM M. CLARKE, Vice President.
JOHN W. HORNOR, Secretary.
Edward Hopkins Osborne, M.D.,} Medical Examiners,
Mark M. Reeve,
In attendance daily from 1 to 2 o'clock, P. M.
Jn22 48-4-1y

INDEMNITY.
THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE No. 163, Chesnut street, near Fifth street.

DIRECTORS.

Charles N. Bancker,	George W. Richards,
Thomas Hart,	Mordecai D. Lewis,
Tobias Wagner,	Adolphe E. Borie,
Samuel Grant,	David S. Brown,
Jacob R. Smith,	Morris Patterson

Continue to make Insurance, permanent or limited, on every description of property in town and country at rates as low as are consistent with security.

The Company have reserved a large Contingent Fund, which with their Capital and Premiums, safely invested, affords additional security to the insured.

The assets of the Company on January 1st, 1848, as published agreeably to an act of Assembly, were as follows, viz.:			
Mortgages,	$590,558 65	Stocks,	51,563 25
Real Estate,	108,358 00	Cash, &c.,	45,157 87
Temporary loans,	125,459 00		$1,220,097 67

Since their incorporation, a period of eighteen years, they have paid upwards of *one million two hundred thousand dollars*, losses by fire, thereby affording evidence of the advantages of insurance, as well as the ability and disposition to meet with promptness, all liabilities. CHARLES N. BANCKER, President.
CHARLES G. BANCKER, Secretary.

The subscriber has been appointed agent for the above mentioned institution, and is now prepared to make insurance, on every description of property, at the lowest rates. ANDREW RUSSEL, Agent.
Pottsville, June 19, 181 25 [Feb19-8

SPRING GARDEN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

THIS Company having organized according to the provisions of its charter, is now prepared to make Insurances against loss by Fire on the mutual principle, combined with the security of a joint stock capital.—The advantage of this system is, that efficient security is afforded at the lowest rate that the business can be done for, as the whole profits (less an interest not to exceed 6 per cent. per annum on the capital) will be returned to the members of the institution, without their becoming responsible for any of the engagements or liabilities of the Company, further than the premiums actually paid.

The great success which this system has met with wherever it has been introduced, induces the Directors to request the attention of the public to it, as a system that requires but to be understood to be appreciated.

The act of Incorporation, and any explanation in regard to it, may be obtained by applying at the *Office Northeast corner of 6th and Wood sts., or of* B. BANNAN, Pottsville.

CHARLES STOKES, President.
L. ERMBHAAR, Secretary.

DIRECTORS,

Charles Stokes,	George W. Ash,
Joseph Wood,	Abraham R. Perkins,
Elijah Dallett,	David Rankin.
P. L. Laguerenne,	Walter B. Dick,
Samuel Townsend,	Joseph Parker,

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the above mentioned institution, and is prepared to effect insurances on all descriptions of property at the lowest rates. B. BANNAN.
February 26, 1848. 8—

National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

"A GIFT to the Widow and the Orphan."—Empowered by Act of Parliament.—Capital £500,000 or $2,500,000—Besides a Reserve Fund of upwards of $500,000 Sterling.

T. Lamie Murray, Esq., George street, Hanover square, Chairman of the Court of Directors in London.

Physician.—J. Elliotson, M. D., F. R. S. *Actuary.*—W. S. B. Woolhouse, Esq., F. R. A., S. *Secretary.*—F. F. Camroux, Esq.

The following are among the advantages offered by this institution:—

The guarantee of a large capital, in addition to the accumulation of premiums. The peculiar benefit secured to the assured by the principle of the loan department. The payment of premiums half-yearly, or quarterly, by parties insured for whole term of life, at a trifling additional charge. The travelling leave extensive and liberal. Persons insured for life, can at once borrow half amount of annual premium, and claim the same privilege for five successive years, on their own note and deposit of policy. Part of the Capital is permanently invested in the United States, in the names of three of the Local Directors, as Trustees—available always to the assured in cases of disputed claims (should any such arise) or otherwise. Thirty days allowed after each payment of premium becomes due without forfeiture of policy. No charge for medical examination.

The Society being founded on the Mutual and Joint Stock principle, parties may participate in the profits of the society; two-thirds of which are annually divided among those assured for life on the participation scale.

Persons who are desirous to avail themselves of the advantages offered by this Institution, by addressing the General Agent, J. Leander Starr, No. 74, Wall St., New York, can obtain the requisite information and the necessary papers for effecting an insurance.

☞ Any information of the general nature of this Company can be obtained at the office of the Miners' Journal.
August 21, 1847 34—

THE GIRARD LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY OF PHILA.,
Office 139 *Chesnut Street.*

MAKE Insurance on Lives, grant Annuities and Endowments, and receive and execute trusts.

Rates for Insuring $100 on a single life.

For 1 year.	For 7 years. And thy annually.	For Life. annually.
0	0 95	1 77
20 0 94	1 36	2 36
40 1 69	1 83	2 92
50 1 96	2 09	4 60
60 4 25	4 91	7 00

EXAMPLE:—A person aged 30 pays next birth-day a premium of $1 31, would secure to his family or heirs $100, should he die in one year; or for $13 10 he secures to them $1000; or for $13 60 annually for 7 years; he secures to them $1000 should he die in 7 years; or for $23 60 paid annually during life he provides for them $1000 whenever he dies, for $65 50 they would receive $5000 should he die in one year.

JANUARY 20, 1845.

THE Managers of this Company, at a meeting held on the 27th December ult., agreeably to the design referred in the original prospectus or circular of the Company, appropriated a Bonus or addition to all policies for the whole of life, remaining in force, that were issued prior to the 1st of January, 1842. Those of them therefore which were issued in the year 1836, will be entitled to 10 per cent upon the sum insured, making an addition of $100 on every $1000. That is $1100, will be paid when the policy becomes a claim instead of the $1000 originally insured. Those policies that were issued in 1837 will be entitled to 8½ per cent, or $85.50 on every $1000. And those issued in 1838, will be entitled to 7½ per cent, or $75 on every 100, and in ratable proportions on all said policies issued prior to 1st of January, 1842.

The Bonus will be credited to each policy on the books endorsed on presentation at the Office.

It is the design of the Company, to continue to make addition or bonus to the policies for life at stated periods:

B. W. RICHARDS, President.

JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary.

☞ The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the above institution, and is prepared effect Insurances on lives, at the published rates, and give any information desired on the subject, on application at the office.
BENJAMIN BANNAN.
Pottsville Feb. 8th, 5—

PUBLIC SCHOOL BLANKS.

Such as monthly returns for teachers, Collector's and Treasurer's Bonds, Warrants for Collecting School Tax, Blank Order Books and Permit Books. Always on hand and for sale at BANNAN'S Printing Office and Bookstores.
Pottsville, Aug. 5. 32—

PATENT METALLIC ROPES,
FOR THE USE OF MINES, RAILWAYS, &c.,
For sale, or imported to order, by the subscriber.

THESE Ropes are now almost exclusively used in the Collieries and on the Railways in Great Britain, and are found to be greatly superior to Hempen ones as regards safety, durability and economy.

The Patent Wire Ropes, have proved to be still in good condition after three year's service, in the same situation where the Hempen ones, previously used, of double the size and weight would wear out in nine or ten months. They have been used for almost every purpose to which Hempen Ropes and chains have been applied. Mines, Railways, Heavy Cranes, Standing Rigging, Window Cords, Lightning Conductors, Signal Halyards, Tiller Ropes, &c. They are made either of Iron or Copper Wire, and in cases of much exposure to dampness, of Galvanized Wire.

Testimonials from the most eminent Engineers in England can be shown as to their efficiency, and any additional information required respecting the different descriptions and application will be given by

ALFRED F KEMP, 75 Broad st., New York,
Sole Agent in the United States.
New York, May 20th, 1846. 43—

Statement of Trial made at the Wolstein Royal Dock Yard, of the Patent Wire Ropes, as compared with Ropes and Iron Chains of the same strength.

Wire gauge Number.	Circumference of Rope. Inch.	Weight per fathom. Lbs.	Circumference of Rope. Inch.	Weight per fathom. Lbs.	Diameter of Iron. Inch.	Weight per fathom. Cwt.	Tons.
10	3	21	4	5	5	2	4
15	3	21	4	5	5	2	4
15	3	21	4	5	5	2	4
14	3	24	4	6	5	2	4
14	3	24	4	6	5	2	4
13	3	31	4	8	6	3	6
13	3	31	4	8	6	3	6
12	3	41	4	10	6	3	8
11	3	41	4	10	6	3	8
10	3	54	4	13	7½	4	10
9	3	54	4	13	7½	4	10
8	3	71	4	17	8	4	12
7	3	71	4	17	8	4	12
6	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
5	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
4	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
3	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
2	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
1	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
0	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
00	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
000	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
0000	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
00000	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
000000	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
0000000	3	93	4	23	9	5	15
00000000	3	93	4	23	9	5	15

N. B.—The working load with a perpendicular lift, may be taken at 6 cwt. for every lb. weight per fathom, and the breaking weight at 36 cwt. for every lb. weight per fathom, so that a rope weighing 5 lb. per fathom would safely lift 3360 lbs., and so on in proportion.

Joseph McMurray's Passage Agency.
ARRANGEMENTS FOR 1848.
S. BANNAN, POTTSVILLE, SOLE AGENT.
OLDEST AND THE BEST ESTABLISHED PASSAGE OFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and the public, for the very liberal support he has received for upwards of twenty years, and solicits a continuation of their confidence. The despatch with which his passengers have been brought out, and the promptness with which his very numerous drafts have been paid at the different banks, are, he flatters himself, a sufficient guarantee to the public for the faithful performance of any future contracts entered into with him.

The following are the REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS, which sail punctually on their appointed days, by which passengers will be brought out without delay or disappointment, viz.:

SHIPS' NAMES.	CAPT'NS.	DAYS OF SAILING FROM N. Y.		
Patrick Henry,	Delano,	Jany. 6	May 6	Sept. 6
Waterloo,	F.R.Allen,	" 11	" 11	" 11
Sheridan,	Cornish,	" 26	" 26	" 26
Henry Clay,	Nye,	Feby. 6	June 6	Octr. 6
New Ship,		" 11	" 11	" 11
Garrick,	Hunt,	" 26	" 26	" 26
New World,	Knight,	March 6	July 6	Novr. 6
John R. Skiddy,	Luce,	" 11	" 11	" 11
Roscius,	Moore,	" 26	" 26	" 26
Ashburton,	Howland,	April 6	Aug. 6	Decr. 6
West Point,	W H Allen	" 11	" 11	" 16
Siddons,	Cobb,	" 26	" 26	" 31

SHIPS' NAMES.	CAPT'NS.	DAYS SAILING FROM LIV'PL.		
Patrick Henry	Delano,	Feby 21	June 21	Oct 21
Waterloo,	F.R.Allen,	" 26	" 26	" 26
Sheridan,	Cornish,	Mar. 11	July 11	Nov. 16
Henry Clay,	Nye,	" 21	" 21	" 21
New Ship,		" 26	" 26	" 26
Garrick,	Hunt,	April 11	Aug. 11	Dec. 11
New World,	Knight,	" 21	" 21	" 21
John R Skiddy,	Luce,	" 26	" 26	" 21
Roscius,	Moore,	May 11	Sept. 11	Jan. 11
Ashburton,	Howland,	" 21	" 21	" 21
West Point,	W.H.Allen	" 26	" 26	" 26
Siddons,	Cobb,	June 11	Oct. 11	Feb. 11

In addition to the above regular line, a number of splendid ships, such as the Adirondack, Marmion, Rappahannock, Liberty, Sea, St. Patrick, Samuel Hicks, Columbia, and Niagara, will continue to sail from Liverpool weekly in regular succession, thereby preventing the least possibility of delay or detention in Liverpool; and for the accommodation of persons wishing to remit money to their family or friends, I have arranged the payments of my drafts on the following banks:

Armagh,	Clonmel,	Enniskillen,	Omagh,
Athlone,	Cavan,	Ennis,	Parsonstown,
Bandon,	Fermoy,	Enniscorthy,	Skibbereen,
Belfast,	Cootehill,	Galway,	Sligo,
Banbridge,	Drogheda,	Kilkenny,	Strabane,
Ballymena,	Dundalk,	Kilrush,	Tralee,
Ballyshannon	Dungarvan,	Limerick,	Wexford.
Ballina,	Dungannon,	Londonderry,	Waterford,
Cork,	Downpatrick,	Monaghan,	Youghal.
Coleraine,	Dublin,	Mallow.	

England.—Messrs. Spooner, Atwood & Co., bankers, London; and Mr. E. S. Flynn, Liverpool.

Scotland.—The City of Glasgow Bank, and all its branches and agencies.

☞ Passages can also be engaged from Liverpool to Philadelphia, Boston, and Baltimore, by the regular packet ships, on application being made personally or by letter post paid addressed to B. BANNAN, Pottsville; JOSEPH McMURRAY, corner of Pine and South sts., New York; or Mr. GEO. McMURRAY, No. 117, Waterloo Road, Liverpool. (Jan18-14

ATTENTION!
MILITARY STORE.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and customers, that he has located his MILITARY CAP MANUFACTORY in Third street, No. 96, a few doors below Race, where he would be pleased to see his old customers and as many new ones as may feel disposed to favor him with their custom. He still continues to manufacture Military and Sportsmen's articles of every description, such as Leather, Cloth, Patent Silk and Beaver Dress Caps, of all patterns; Forage Caps, Holsters for Troop, Body do. Cartouch Boxes, Bayonet Scabards, Swords, Belts of all kinds. Canteens, Knapsacks, different patterns; Fire Buckets, Passing Boxes, Tube do. Brushes and Pickers, Plumes, Pompoons, Firemen's Caps, Leather Stocks, Gun Cases, superior quality Shot Belts, Game Bags, Drums, &c. Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. WM. CRESSMAN.
No. 96, North 3d st., a few doors below Race:
Phila., Jan. 13, 1844 3

KNOW ALL MEN THAT

HAVE REMOVED from 192 Market Street, to their new splendid and immense establishment to be known as the TOWER HALL CLOTHING HALL, No. 182 Market street, between Fifth and Sixth, Philadelphia. The proprietors feel a reluctance in promulgating what in any way might appear like the usual Bombastic language used by the tribe of Manufacturers. Our physicians also recommend the but will in this case dispense with it, lest it should be mistaken for quackery. We shall, however, be guilty of no deception when we say to our friends and the public, that we have the finest, most extensive and most fashionable stock of Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, to be found in the city, and that we will sell them as low as any other house in the city, for the same quality of goods. We would respectfully invite our friends and the public to call and see for themselves, and we will endeavour to make it worth their while to do so. Our stock consists in part of Superfine Black and Blue Cloths, from $3 to $5 per yard; Fancy Cassimeres, from 37½ cts. to $1 per yard; Satinets, from 12½ cts. to $1 per yard; Vestings of every description, from 12½ cents to $5 each; Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., &c., &c., all of which we will sell at the lowest possible prices for cash, or to our regular customers on the usual credit. Our motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits." Our friends will find our place more worthy of a visit (May 27 22-1mo

SILENCE!

That dreadful cough! The Lungs are in danger!
Thousands have died of consumption!
The cough of consumption hath in it a sound of Death!

ARE you a mother? Your darling child, your idol and earthly joy, perhaps, confined to her chamber by a dangerous cold—her pale cheeks, hectic shrunken fingers, tell the hold disease has already gained upon her—the sound of her sepulchral cough pierces your ear!

Young man, when just about to enter life, disease sends a heart-crushing blight over the fair prospects of your future—your hectic cough and flushed cheek tell of your loss of hope, but you need not despair. There is a balm which will heal the wounded lungs, it is entrusted to the members of the institution, without their becoming responsible for any of the engagements or liabilities of the Company, further than the premiums actually paid.

The great success which this system has met with wherever it has been introduced, induces the Directors to request the attention of the public to it, as a system that requires but to be understood to be appreciated.

The act of Incorporation, and any explanation in regard to it, may be obtained by applying at the *Office Northeast corner of 6th and Wood sts., or of* B. BANNAN, Pottsville.

CHARLES STOKES, President.
L. ERMBHAAR, Secretary.

DIRECTORS,

Charles Stokes,	George W. Ash,
Joseph Wood,	Abraham R. Perkins,
Elijah Dallett,	David Rankin.
P. L. Laguerenne,	Walter B. Dick,
Samuel Townsend,	Joseph Parker,

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the above mentioned institution, and is prepared to effect insurances on all descriptions of property at the lowest rates. B. BANNAN.
February 26, 1848. 8—

National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

"A GIFT to the Widow and the Orphan."—Empowered by Act of Parliament.—Capital £500,000 or $2,500,000—Besides a Reserve Fund of upwards of $500,000 Sterling.

T. Lamie Murray, Esq., George street, Hanover square, Chairman of the Court of Directors in London.

Physician.—J. Elliotson, M. D., F. R. S. *Actuary.*—W. S. B. Woolhouse, Esq., F. R. A., S. *Secretary.*—F. F. Camroux, Esq.

The following are among the advantages offered by this institution:—

The guarantee of a large capital, in addition to the accumulation of premiums. The peculiar benefit secured to the assured by the principle of the loan department. The payment of premiums half-yearly, or quarterly, by parties insured for whole term of life, at a trifling additional charge. The travelling leave extensive and liberal. Persons insured for life, can at once borrow half amount of annual premium, and claim the same privilege for five successive years, on their own note and deposit of policy. Part of the Capital is permanently invested in the United States, in the names of three of the Local Directors, as Trustees—available always to the assured in cases of disputed claims (should any such arise) or otherwise. Thirty days allowed after each payment of premium becomes due without forfeiture of policy. No charge for medical examination.

The Society being founded on the Mutual and Joint Stock principle, parties may participate in the profits of the society; two-thirds of which are annually divided among those assured for life on the participation scale.

Persons who are desirous to avail themselves of the advantages offered by this Institution, by addressing the General Agent, J. Leander Starr, No. 74, Wall St., New York, can obtain the requisite information and the necessary papers for effecting an insurance.

☞ Any information of the general nature of this Company can be obtained at the office of the Miners' Journal.
August 21, 1847 34—

THE GIRARD LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY OF PHILA.,
Office 139 *Chesnut Street.*

MAKE Insurance on Lives, grant Annuities and Endowments, and receive and execute trusts.

Rates for Insuring $100 on a single life.

For 1 year.	For 7 years. And thy annually.	For Life. annually.
0	0 95	1 77
20 0 94	1 36	2 36
40 1 69	1 83	2 92
50 1 96	2 09	4 60
60 4 25	4 91	7 00

EXAMPLE:—A person aged 30 pays next birth-day a premium of $1 31, would secure to his family or heirs $100, should he die in one year; or for $13 10 he secures to them $1000; or for $13 60 annually for 7 years; he secures to them $1000 should he die in 7 years; or for $23 60 paid annually during life he provides for them $1000 whenever he dies, for $65 50 they would receive $5000 should he die in one year.

JANUARY 20, 1845.

THE Managers of this Company, at a meeting held on the 27th December ult., agreeably to the design referred in the original prospectus or circular of the Company, appropriated a Bonus or addition to all policies for the whole of life, remaining in force, that were issued prior to the 1st of January, 1842. Those of them therefore which were issued in the year 1836, will be entitled to 10 per cent upon the sum insured, making an addition of $100 on every $1000. That is $1100, will be paid when the policy becomes a claim instead of the $1000 originally insured. Those policies that were issued in 1837 will be entitled to 8½ per cent, or $85.50 on every $1000. And those issued in 1838, will be entitled to 7½ per cent, or $75 on every 100, and in ratable proportions on all said policies issued prior to 1st of January, 1842.

The Bonus will be cred