Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE.

Saturday Morning, April 15.

TAMAQUA.

☞ Mr. E. J. Fry is authorised to receive subscriptions for the Miners' Journal, and receipt for the same at his Drug store, in Tamaqua.

VOLNEY B. PALMER,
At his Real Estate and Coal Agencies,
Corner of Third & Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia,
No. 160, Nassau Street, New York,
No. 16, State Street, Boston, and
South east corner of Baltimore, & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our Agent for receiving subscriptions and advertisements for the Miners' Journal.

BENJAMIN BANNAN, *Editor.*
ELE BOWEN, *Assistant Editor.*

☞ The circulation of the Miners' Journal is greater than any other paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and has nearly double the circulation of any other published in Schuylkill county. It also circulates largely among capitalists, manufacturers, iron and coal dealers, throughout the Atlantic and Eastern States.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY OF THE COUNTRY!
The People Demand its Restoration!

For President,
General ZACHARY TAYLOR;
Subject to the Decision of the Whig National Convention

For Canal Commissioner,
NER MIDDLESWARTH.

PLEASE OBSERVE.—Communications, advertisements, &c., for this paper, must hereafter be handed in as early in the week as possible, and none can be admitted after 12 o'clock on Friday. This arrangement is rendered necessary by the alteration in the hour of the departure of the Eastern mail, which will compel us to go to press at 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon, as well as our large circulation, which requires much more time to print off the edition than formerly.

CITY OF READING.

(Continued.)

During our brief sojourn in Reading, we visited the work shops of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, which are doubtless the most extensive in the United States. The different shops cover several acres of ground, and are well supplied with the best machinery in the country. Between six and seven hundred hands are regularly employed in the works, which, together with those dependent upon them, are sufficient of themselves to constitute a considerable town.—About seventy-five tons of metal are melted every week, which is equal to the amount manufactured weekly by one of our large class furnaces. The courteous Superintendant of the work shops, (Mr. Kirk,) is an excellent Machinist, and the Company are greatly indebted to his skill for the perfection of numerous improvements in machinery, which have greatly lessened the expenses of transportation on their Road. Within a short period a new spring for coal cars has been introduced, very simple in construction, which requires less than one-half the usual quantity of steel, and which, if it should break, is not liable to result in any serious injury. A tilt-hammer is also in the couse of construction, as an auxiliary to these extensive works. We also observed that an additional safety valve is being introduced on the top of the boilers of the different engines, which according to the rules of the Company, is to be screwed down, by the engineer, to a pressure of only 100 lbs. to the square inch—a violation of which rule subjects the offender to immediate discharge.

A new and very large boiler has been added to the "Novelty Engine," which has been built upon a new principle, under the superintendence of the Company, for the use of Anthracite coal, and which, it is supposed, will remedy the defects that have heretofore operated against its feasibility for this purpose. It is to be hoped that the experiment may prove successful, as a large sum of money has been expended in this experiment, and the necessity for the use of coal is every year becoming more formidable—particularly as wood is rapidly disappearing on the line of the Road. Thus far, Mr. Ross Winan's engines have been the most successful in the use of coal as a fuel—but even in these the expenses attending the frequent removal of the fire-boxes is very great, and a strict regard to economy requires it to be lessened before coal can be used to advantage while wood can be had at the present rates. Mr. Kirk informed us that they find no difficulty in running the engines for forty or fifty minutes, but that beyond this distance the heat from the body of ignited coal becomes so great and intense, that the destruction of the fire-boxes, &c., is very great, and cannot be remedied. We confidently believe, however, that the numerous experiments now making for the economical use of Anthracite coal in locomotives, must and will result in its speedy and exclusive substitution for wood, as a fuel,—at least on this great thoroughfare. It is a "consummation devoutly to be wished," and we imagine that we see shadows of its immediate forthcoming.

We attended by invitation, a lecture delivered by Robert Tyler, Esq., in the Academy, on the subject of *Commerce*. We must confess that we have entertained some "ancient" prejudices against the name of Tyler—in common with the whole "Guard,"—and felt little inclination to accept the invitation so generously extended to us,—but we attended, and were most agreeably disappointed in our expectations. It was one of the most interesting lectures we ever listened to, and the audience were delighted with the masterly manner in which the subject was handled. Mr. Tyler has talents of a high order, and is quite an eloquent, fluent, and rather imposing speaker, and commands at once the attention of the hearer. We are pleased to learn that he has consented to repeat this lecture in Trinity Church in our borough, on Wednesday evening next. We would earnestly advise our citizens to turn out on the occasion, for we are sure that they cannot be disappointed.

With a little more enterprize and public spirit, (it has abundance of capital,) Reading must become one of the largest and most important manufacturing places in the country. Located as it is, but a short distance from mountains of fuel, which in this age of steam, forms the very bone and sinew—the very *soul* of business,—with markets on all hands, and accessible at all seasons—and an agricultural district stretching out from it on all sides unsurpassed for natural fertility—*Nature* seems to have done her share for Reading, and to have left litt'e for her citizens. Surely, when the instruments of success can so easily be grasped, capitalists will not long hesitate!

PHILADELPHIA ART UNION.

The annual distribution of the Philadelphia Art Union will take place on the first of May next.—The engraving for the present year (as we have heretofore made known) is from the celebrated picture by Leutze, representing Knox in the act of reproving Mary Queen of Scotts. To obtain membership in time to secure copies of this engraving, (which is represented as one of the very finest ever executed in this country,) and to participate in the distribution of the proceeds of the present year's business, to be appropriated to the purchase of such works of art as the drawers may select from any exhibition in the Union, it is requisite to subscribe and pay over the money *immediately*. Those, therefore, of our citizens who have subscribed to us, will please pay over the respective amounts due, before the expiration of the next week.

We may add that the National Academy of Design in New York, has kindly proffered to all subscribers of the Art Union of Philadelphia, the courtesy of a free admission to their Gallery during the current year of each subscriber's subscription.

It is believed that the receipts of the Philadelphia Art Union will this year reach about $10,000.—Allowing $2000 for expenses, the sum of $8000 will remain to be distributed—first, in the costly engraving which each subscriber will receive; and secondly, in sums of from fifty to five hundred dollars among subscribers, for the purchase of such paintings or other works of art, (by living artists) as they may select.

☞ *The Roads* have become very *dry* during the present week, and the mud has been on a frolic with the dust.

MR. CLAY AND THE PRESIDENCY.

The Philadelphia papers of Thursday last, contained a Card from the Hon. Henry Clay, in which that distinguished Statesman and Patriot signifies his willingness to submit his name to the Whig National Convention, in connection with a nomination for the Presidency. In stating the reasons which have influenced him, he says: "It has been urged to me that the great obligations under which I have been hitherto placed by a large portion of the people of the United States, the full force of which no one can be more sensible of than I am, demand that I should not withhold the use of my name if it should be requested: And I have been reminded of frequent declarations which I have made, that whilst life and health remain, a man is bound to render his best services upon the call of his country."

What the effect of this determination of Mr. Clay upon the course of the Whig party of the Union will be, is not difficult to conjecture. For our part, and speaking for ourself alone, (as we take the liberty of doing, on this occasion, in the absence of the senior editor,) we are now, ever have been, and ever will be for Henry Clay so long as we believe in the virtues of the Whig creed, and he be spared to carry them out. It is due the country, ourselves, and the principles we profess, "never to give up the ship" while life, and health, and "the unconquerable will" remain with the venerable helmsman of our craft. True, the choice of men, merely, is nothing: yet if we sought men, where, in this wide continent, could we find a nobler Man, a truer Patriot, a more enlightened, liberal and far-seeing Statesman than Henry Clay—or one who, having grown grey in serving his country, and repeatedly saved it from threatened dissolution, at the temporary sacrifice of his persoal popularity, has a higher claim upon the gratitude and affection of a free people? Who set a-foot our system of Improvements, by which millions of laborers have in all seasons found employment, and the oppressed and king-trodden millions of the old world have found homes in the 'land of the free'—converting the territory of the great West into cultivated fields, and providing the emigrant with all the protection, means and appliances of contentment and happiness? Who conceived and through all his varied, subsequent life, has stood by the admirable system of Protection to Home Industry, so necessary to the preservation of our free institutions, and the prosperity of our people? And who, finally, has been more unjustly assailed, slandered, and libelled;—yet who ever achieved a grander triumph over a combination of malignity and falsehood, than he, who, nursing his venerable age in the shades of Ashland, beholds every lie and slander sink into the ground with their authors, until not a shadow lingers over the grave of the Past! Henry Clay is living—*Truth is Omnipotent, and Public Justice certain!*

The name of Gen. Z. Taylor, it will be perceived, still floats at our mast head. We did not place it there, and have no hand in keeping it there. But although it is there—and it can't be denied!—we nevertheless know the gentleman who run it up sufficiently well to believe, that another and a dearer name dwells in his heart;—for when this step was taken, it was generally believed that Mr. Clay never again would consent to the use of his name, and the No-party course of Gen. T. had not been so distinctly laid down. Although he professes to be a Whig, he avows no political principle as likely to receive his support, if he should be elevated to that high position; and we are admonished by Holy writ, that not all of those who cry "Lord! Lord!" are Christians, any more than those who exclaim "Whig! Whig!" are such in truth. Judas Iscariot, within sight of the Savior, proved treacherous under the former; and John Tyler, in the sight of the whole world, proved false under the latter colors!

JUDGE IRVINE'S CASE.

The members of the York bar, and the citizens generally, petitioned the Legislature at its late session to appoint a committee to investigate the charges brought against this gentleman, touching his competency, &c., for the post which he now holds as the President Judge of the Judicial District composed of York and Adams. The committee was appointed; but instead of having reported the *facts* of the case, as they were gleaned in the investigation, the majority recommended that no farther action should be taken on the subject, while the minority members reported directly the reverse. The case was finally dismissed, and Judge I. is still on the bench. That he is grossly unfit and incompetent is universally acknowledged by all who are cognizant of his official acts. At the late session of the Court at York, every member of the bar, without a single exception, signed a request addressed to Judge Irvine himself, to resign his post—setting forth that they could not conscienciously with their sense of duty to clients, bring any further business before the Court, if he continued its legal expounder. The request was refused, and thus rests the case: one of the many splendid fruits of Locofocoism!

REMARKABLE PHENOMENON.

We have observed a statement going the rounds of the press, that the water of the Niagara River, at the great falls, had recently fallen so low that scarcely as much water fell over the awful precipice as would suffice for a saw-mill. It had fallen three or four feet lower than it had ever done before within the recollection of the oldest inhabitant; and it is stated that two persons with a horse and carriage, rode over one-third of the length of the exposed dam, and then turned about and rode back again—a feat which is regarded as being nearly as remarkable as the famed one of Sam Patch.

The singular phenomenon is accounted for in various ways: some think that the whole secret lies in the circumstance that it occurred on or about the *first* instant; and others attribute it to the prevalence of heavy northeast gales at this season, which drive the water into the Lake at its western extremity: but the most probable cause is, the prevalence of large bodies of ice at the head-waters of the River, which having formed great dams, threw back the water, until in turn the current became sufficiently strong to carry it off. This is the whole secret, without doubt.

STATE MEDICAL CONVENTION.

This body met in Lancaster, on Tuesday last, in the Methodist Church, and temporarily organized by the appointment of Dr. J. P. Heister, of Berks co., Chairman, and Dr. Stilly, of Philadelphia, Secretary; on examination of credentials it was ascertained that about twenty-five Societies and Faculties were represented. For the permanent organization, Dr. S. Humes, of Lancaster, was appointed President; Dr. J. P. Heister, of Berks, and Dr. Wood, of Lycoming, Vice Presidents; Dr. Marshall, of Lebanon, and Dr. Dimmick, Secretaries.

A CURIOUS TREE.

A gentleman of Golnitz, in Altenburg, carried the art of engrafting various kinds of fruit into a native tree so far that it contained 300 samples. This we believe has never been surpassed. It was a work of love with him. He appended a piece of board to each engraftment, which gave the tree an appearance the most amusing. The Russians, who once bivouacked in the vicinity, refrained from harming it, although they cut down all its companions for fire wood.

CLAY CELEBRATION.

The anniversary of the birth of Henry Clay, by the whig young men of Philadelphia, came off in a splendid manner on the 12th inst. Many distinguished persons from abroad were present—John M. Botts, Mangum, Greely, &c. the former of whom made a powerful and unanswerable speech in favor of Mr. Clay as the whig candidate for the Presidency.

Our Olla Podrida.

☞ *An Earthquake in Ohio.*—We learn from the Zanesville Courier, that the shock of an earthquake was distinctly felt by the citizens of that place on the 6th inst. The Norwalk *Gazette*, says: About 8 o'clock last Thursday evening, there were two successive shocks of an earthquake, something like ten minutes time intervening, which shook the houses very sensibly in all parts of the town.

☞ *Fraternising with the Yankees.*—From all accounts the Prince de Joinville is made of better stuff than usually enters into the composition of royalty. When at Gibraltar, he bade adieu to one of his officers, saying, "you will soon see me a lieutenant on board of an American Frigate, throwing a few shot into some of these craft," pointing to a British fleet at anchor in the bay.

☞ *Got into a Tight Place.*—A man named Slater lately attempted to rob the New Brunswick Bank. He by mistake got wedged into a chimney of the bank building, and to save himself, was obliged to cry for help. After removing a portion of the chimney he was found snugly enconced in his tight quarters, from which he was liberated and conveyed to prison.

☞ *Suspension Bridge Air Car.*—The Niagara *Iris* says, that by means of the wire cable fixed to both shores, 250 feet above the rapids of the river, between Lewiston and the Falls, a car is drawn across by pullies and ropes, between Canada and New York, which is in constant use, conveying passengers and things from shore to shore.

☞ *Commencing Operations.*—We learn that the *Phœnixville Rolling Mill* has been put into operation again, the pudlers having agreed to work for $3 50 per ton. The reduction of the wages at our iron works is solely to be ascribed to the baneful influence of that abominable Polk Tariff of 1846. We trust the working men will bear this in mind.

☞ *Not Coming Yet.*—Father Matthew has written a letter to a friend in New York, stating his inability to reach the United States at the time appointed. He is ordered to Rome for the present, but states his determination to visit this country upon his return in the fall. This is all satisfactory enough, as far as we are concerned.

☞ *Acceptable Present.*—The Washington *Union* learns that the Viscountess De Kalb d'Absac has deposited with the American Consul at Paris a fine and genuine portrait of her grandfather, Major Gen. Baron De Kalb, to be presented to Congress. It will be forwarded to New York in one of the Havre packets.

☞ *Hutchinson Convicted.*—The jury in the case of Randall Hutchinson, at Philadelphia, on Thursday, declared him guilty of embezzling from the mint, $23,238 31, but recommended him to mercy. The defence set up, that he came not within the meaning of the law of Congress, was overruled by the court. His counsel moved for a new trial.

☞ *Paying For It.*—We learn from the Lexington (Ky.) Observer, that C. M. Clay lately obtained damages of 2,500 against the committees" who removed his abolition press, &c., a year or two since. The press, &c. however, goes to the defendants, who have appealed from the decision.

☞ *More of it.*—A German, named George Dout, attempted to murder his wife in Philadelphia, on Saturday, horribly injuring her with a piece of iron, and, on Sunday evening, a man, named Trainer, attempted to murdur Geo. Martin, his wife, and Mrs. Carlton.

☞ *Louis Philippe in New York.*—A letter, emanating from one of Louis Philippe's intimate friends, was received by the steamer Washington, by a gentleman in New York, announcing that the ex-King has taken the resolution to come and fix himself with his family in the United States.

☞ *Miss Susan Cushman.*—*Married*, on the 22d inst., at the Seffon Church, near Liverpool, England, Dr. Sheridan Muspratt, of Seaforth Hall, to Miss Susan Cushman, late of Boston, Mass.—In consequence of this step, Miss C. has taken leave of the stage.

☞ *A Town nearly destroyed.*—Intelligence has reached Harrisburg that the village of Troy, Bradford county, Pa., has been almost entirely destroyed by fire. Every store in the town was consumed.

☞ *More Vetoes.*—Gov. Shunk has vetoed the bill to incorporate a Telegraph Company from Reading to Lebanon, and the bill to allow a lateral Railroad to be built by ex-Governor Porter.—He is a great man, decidedly!

☞ *Failure in Manayunk.*—J. C. Kempton of Manayunk, considered one of the largest and most skilful manufacturers of cotton and woollen stuff goods, has suspended. Hundreds of laborers are thus thrown out of employ.

☞ *Fear of Hanging Exemplified.*—Brechtel on cutting his own throat, exclaimed: "I will die with the old woman!" and on being asked who killed his wife, he said: "*I did—and I'll hang like a man.*"

☞ *Speaker of the Senate.*—Previous to the adjournment of the Legislature, Hon. Wm. Johnson, of Armstrong County, was elected Speaker of the Senate, the term of Mr. Williamson expiring with the session.

☞ *The Bill* to secure to married women the right of property in their own names, passed the Legislature, and is now a law. What are we going to do now, who seek rich wives? Do without, oh! Very well!

☞ *The Franklin Typographical Society*, of Boston, have resolved to forward an address to the printers of Paris, congratulating them on the revolution in the government and the part which they bore in it.

☞ *In the Austrian Empire*, one man out of seventy-eight is a soldier; in the kingdom of Great Britain and its dependencies, one to 426; in the United States, one in 2947.

☞ *When Socrates* was told by a friend that his judges had condemned him to die, "And has not Nature," said he, "already passed the same sentence upon me."

☞ *Let Her Come.*—A letter has been seen in London from the celebrated Lola Montes, in which she says that she intends to visit the United States as a *danseuse*.

☞ *John Jacob Astor's Will.*—From a statement that appears in one of the New York papers it would seem far from improbable that the will of Mr. Astor will be disputed by the heirs-at law.

☞ *Mr. Robert Webster*, of Howellsville, Chester County, was waylaid and robbed of $600 near the Paoli, on Monday night last. Four persons concerned.

☞ *Commendable Liberality.*—It gives us great pleasure to state that Mr. William B. Astor has increased Fitz Green Halleck's annuity from $200 to $1000 per year for life.

☞ *One of the New York papers* announces that the Italian Opera Company are engaged to chaunt the Marseilles Hymn at Grace Church, on Sunday next.

☞ *The Emperor of Prussia* has issued an edict granting liberty of the Press and a National Guard, which has completely satisfied the people and called forth the most enthusiastic rejoicings.

☞ *Look out for them.*—Five dollar notes on the old issue of the Bank of Chester County, altered to the Cumberland Bank of Bridgeton, New Jersey, have been put in circulation.

☞ *The Water* has been let into the Morris Canal, and the prospects for business are represented as being cheering.

☞ *Sound the Loud Symbols!*—Marriageable girls are wanted at Clarksville, Arkansas. Where are they *not* wanted!

☞ *The Banks of Cincinnati* are refusing to receive all notes of a less denomination than five dollars on banks out of that State.

☞ *On Dit.*—That Fitz Greene Halleck will now venture on matrimony—on the strength, we presume, of *that* $200. Fortunate man!

☞ *Alas! for the Peaches.*—The cold has been so severe in the central and southern parts of Ohio as to destroy all the peach buds.

☞ *To be Sold.*—The celebrated Brandywine Springs, near Wilmington, Delaware, are offered for sale.

☞ *Young Attorney.*—A useless member of society, who often goes where he has no business to be, because he has no business where he ought to be.

☞ *Liability of Physicians.*—It has been decided in one of the New York courts, that a Physician, when once employed to attend a patient, is bound to continue his attendance.

☞ *Bank of Germantown.*—Charles Magarge, Esq., of Philadelphia, was on Tuesday last, elected President of this excellent institution.

☞ *Is there any situation* worse than that of a lawyer's clerk. Yes, that of a lawyer's client.

☞ *Bachelor.*—A fellow without shirt buttons and addicted to dickies and false colors.

☞ *Perfection.*—A young wife's first baby!

The Beaver Canal was opened on the 7th inst. All the canals in that Region are now open, and doing a prosperous business.

FOREIGN MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

Notice has been issued by the Post-office authorities of England, that during the ensuing summer mails will be transmitted between Liverpool and North America once a week by the British contract mail packets, which will leave Liverpool for Boston and New York, alternately, on every Saturday, and will be despatched from Boston and New York alternately, on their return voyage, every Wednesday. This weekly service will commence with the outward packets on the 8th of April, and with the homeward packets in May, and will continue until the end of November, after which time, and during the following lowing four months, mails will be conveyed to Boston and New York only once a fortnight, instead of weekly. The branch packet for Newfoundland will be despatched from Halifax on the arrival at the latter port of the homeward packet from Boston, and the Branch packet for Bermuda will be despatched on the arrival at Halifax of the outward packet for Boston.

NEW LOCOMOTIVE, FOUR WHEELS, SEVEN FEET.

A new locomotive called 'Leblanche,' in honor of the great buffo, and constructed by Messrs. Wilson, of Leeds, has lately been performing some very remarkable feats of power on the Midland railway. "We have been assured," says the Railway *Chronicle*, "on excellent engineering authority, that it has been running between Rugby and Leicester with three carriages, at an average speed of 75 miles per hour. The same engine has taken a load of 400 tons, at an average speed of 30 miles per hour, which is even a still more remarkable feat. It runs upon only four wheels, each of seven feet diameter; and its motion is described as being remarkably easy and smooth. The wheels are 16 feet apart, and were at first hung on India-rubber springs. It was built as an experiment, and its success has been so signal that the Midland have not only been tempted to purchase it, but to order others of a like character. If the railway board possessed a little more practical experience of facts like these, they would, perhaps, be rather more cautious in their patronage of broad guage extensions. Great speed being the only recommendation of broad guage eccentricity."

IRELAND.

The Irish and other citizens crowded the Chinese Museum to the number of five thousand, at Philadelphia, on Monday evening, to sympathise with France and express their desire in behalf of the nationality of Ireland. Robert Tyler at the instance of the mayor, presided. An address to the people of Ireland, encouraging them in their wrongs, and giving assurance of interest in their behalf, was adopted. Mr. Tyler, Morton McMichael, Joseph R. Chandler, Col. James Page and others addressed the meeting.

EQUAL RIGHTS.

The Pottstown *Ledger* asks the following significant question, which we commend to the attention of members of Congress as the most unanswerable and pointed argument in favor of allowing local newspapers to pass free of postage, that we have yet seen. "We would like to know upon what principal of sound economy, that portion of our Post Office law is based, which subjects the local country press to the same amount of Postage, whose circulation extends but to ten or twenty miles from the place of publication, as the mammoth city weeklies that are 'made up' from the matter of 'dailies,' and sent out at the cheapest possible rates, for hundreds of miles through the mails."

NEW YORK.

The Delegates from this State, to the Whig National Convention, are *all* favorable to the nomination of Mr. Clay,—ditto nearly every whig member of the State Legislature.

Local Items.

☞ *Mr. Hughes' Drug Store.*—We must take the liberty of congratulating our neighbour (who is a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy) upon his achievement of what we regard as the *perfection* of Drug Store neatness. Somehow, one can't pass his quarters without the homage of a side-glance—an instinctive tendering unto Cæsar the things which are Cæsar's; and we doubt if Macbeth, who, once upon a time, petulantly told an apothecary to "throw physic to the dogs," were now "flourishing" in this, our goodly borough of Pottsville, could more successfully resist its attractiveness, than he did the prophecies of the witches. But this is surmize:—it is *not* surmize, however, to say that a large and splendid stock of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Fancy and Toilette articles, &c. fills the interior, and that the gentlemanly proprietor is visible to all eyes, at all hours.

We may as well add, that Mr. Hughes will erect a mineral-water fount in his store, in a few days, and that this delightful and wholesome beverage may be had daily, perfectly pure and fresh, during the Summer Season.

☞ *George Knoop.*—We are gratified to announce that this justly celebrated performer on the Violincello, accompanied by Mr. Vincent Schmidt—also well and favorably known to the musical circles—will visit our Borough on Monday or Tuesday next; and give one or more grand Musical Soirees. There is perhaps no better player than Mr. Knoop in our country: and his late connection with Mr. Henri Herz, the well-known Pianist, and with Camilli Sivori, the Violinist, has secured him a fame, in common with those distinguished men, throughout the length and breadth of the land, and their Concerts were everywhere patronised by the first respectability.

☞ *Brady & Elliot's Store.*—The extensive Jewelry establishment of Messrs. Brady & Elliot, has been removed to the house next to that adjoining the Miners' Bank—having undergone a complete and thorough renovation for the purpose. The front is embellished with a large bulk-window, the glass of which is 36 by 48 inches; the interior has been remodelled, handsomely papered, and furnished; and the inside and outside have been painted in the richest designs. Messrs. B. & E. have a liberal sprinkling of *enterprize* in their composition, and the success which has attended their business heretofore has been eminently deserved.

☞ *John C. Cresson*, who has been connected with Mr. Longstreth as lessees of the boats of the Schuylkill Navigation, running between this place and Philadelphia, has withdrawn his interest, and the same has been taken by Mr. Moorehead. The business, therefore, is in the charge of Moorhead & Lapgstreth. The arduous duties imposed on Mr. Cresson, as President of the Mine Hill and Schuylkill Haven Railroad, no doubt rendered his withdrawal from the former business advisable.

☞ *Operatic Company.*—The celebrated *Frog troupe* of vocalists have made their appearance before the Pottsville public—or that portion at least, residing near the canals,—and will fulfil an engagement during the present season. Some one says—(it must have been *you*, Messrs. of the Pottstown *Ledger?*) that there's a deal of unwritten music about these chaps, which must be heard to be appreciated."

During the last few weeks, our region has received an accession to its mining and laboring population, from the foreign emigrants who have arrived on our shores. They are generally Scotchmen and Englishmen.

☞ *Fire on the Mountains.*—Several of the mountains in this county have been on fire for several days past. The firmament over Sharp mountain, on Tuesday night, was red with the fire raging below.

☞ *Robert Tyler, Esq.*—We are pleased to announce that this gentleman has accepted the invitation extended him, to Lecture in this Borough for the benefit of the new Episcopal Church. Mr. Tyler, as is generally known, is a son of ex-President Tyler, and is one of the most talented young men in the country. The subject of his Lecture here will be Commerce, and from the encomiums which have been bestowed upon him wherever he has lectured heretofore, we should judge that a treat such as is rarely met with in the lecture-room, awaits our citizens on this occasion. He delivered this lecture in Reading, a week or two ago, and the senior editor, who happened to be present, pronounces it in every respect, one of the most interesting, able, and eloquent discourses he ever listened to. Let not the sins of the father, in this instance, obscure the merits of the son—let the poet, orator, and upright man have a full and "overflowing" house—on Wednesday evening, the 19th inst.

☞ *Fatal Accident.*—A young man named Martin M'Keon, Jr., employed by the Reading Railroad Company, was killed on Wednesday last, at the junction of the Mine Hill and Reading Railroad, near Schuylkill Haven.

Another.—A man named Joseph Knight, a citizen of Phœnixville, was found near Douglasville, on Saturday last, terribly cut and mashed. It is presumed that he got upon a coal train coming up, without permission, and fell through the bottom without being noticed. He was no doubt instantly killed, as many cars must have passed over him.

☞ *Death from Intemperance.*—A German named Fidelia Kass, in the employ of Mr. Lomison at Dorsidson, became so intoxicated on Tuesday last, that he fell upon the floor and received severe injury upon the head, which brought about his death the next day. A Coroner's Inquest was held by the Coroner, Dr. Triechler, and a post mortem examination by Dr. Halberstadt of this borough, the result of which was, that he met his death by compression of the brain, brought about as above stated.

☞ *Break in the Canal.*—A serious break occurred in the banks of the Schuylkill Canal, near Pottstown, on Friday afternoon last, which has impeded navigation between this place and Philadelphia ever since. It is no doubt fully repaired by this time, or will be in a day or two hence—upwards of one hundred and fifty hands having been immediately put to work on it.

☞ *First of May Ball.*—We understand that the members of the Good Intent Fire Company, of this Borough, intend giving a Ball on the first of May next, for the benefit of said Company.

☞ *We were within* an ace of having a fire in our Borough, on Tuesday night, from the explosion of a camphene lamp.

The Coal Trade for 1848.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week, is 26,676 14—by canal 7,510 12—for the week 34,187 06 tons—total by Railroad 261,175 19—by Canal 19,617 04.

Amount of Coal sent over the Philadelphia and Reading Rail Road and Schuylkill Navigation, for the week ending on Thursday evening last:

	RAILROAD. WEEK.	RAILROAD. TOTAL.	CANAL. WEEK.	CANAL. TOTAL.
Pt Carbon,	7,748 11	75,624 00	5,765 02	15 560 00
Pottsville,	4,223 06	41,326 14		
S Haven,	12,345 07	98,991 11	1,561 04	3,872 12
Pt. Clinton,	3 359 10	25,703 00	184 06	184 06
	26,676 14	241,558 15	7,510 12	19,617 04
		19,617 04		

Total by R.R. & Canal, 261,175 19

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAIL ROAD, To June 1, 1848.

	From Mt. Carbon.	S. Haven.	Pt. Clinton.
To Philadelphia,	$1 35	$1 30	$1 15
To Richmond,	1 25	1 20	1 05

RATES OF TOLL BY CANAL, to June 1, 1848.	Mt. Carbon.	S. Haven.	P. Clinton
To Philadelphia,	50 cts.	38 cts.	25½ cts.

RATES OF FREIGHT BY CANAL

To Philadelphia	60 a 65 cts. per ton.
To New York	$1.70 do

TRANSPORTATION ON THE RAILROADS IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week:

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mine Hill and S. H. R. R.	12,237 16	101,133 04
Mount Carbon do	4,556 05	35,968 12
Schuylkill Valley do	6,436 15	39,414 13
Mill Creek do	9,393 19	45,225 06
Mt. Carbon and Pt. Carbon do	3,209 15	73,909 15

LEHIGH COAL TRADE.
Sent for the week ending, April 1, 1848.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Summit,	320 19	00,000 00
Beaver Run,	621 01	00,000 00
Beaver Meadow,	352 01	00,000 00
Spring Mountain,	307 07	00,000 00
Hazleton,	162 03	00,000 00
Buck Mountain,	000 00	00,000 00
Wilkesbarre,	000 00	00,000 00
	2,011 16	

The Credit System

A FOE TO HONESTY.

All the world ought to be by this time aware that the "credit system" is one of the most unmitigated evils that ever afflicted humanity, and has created more villains than all the other influences of a false and artificial state of society. Therefore, we wish most earnestly to impress upon all classes of every kind, in this community, the great palladium of honesty and fair dealing, "CASH and no TWO PRICES!" If this motto should be universally adopted, mankind would become specially honest.

Just take the case of the country people who supply our markets with provisions—if the scale happens to turn, "but in the estimation" of the seller, he is sure to lose all. But let these same persons go into a store to make a purchase of any kind, and the chances are that something like the following will take place:

Purchaser.—How much do you ask for this?

Merchant.—So much, (naming a price about twice what he is willing to take rather than not sell.)

Purchaser.—I can't give that price, (walking towards the door.)

Merchant.—Stop, Stop, my friend! What will you give?

Purchaser.—(returning.)—Well I don't know—you appear to ask very high for your goods; I will give you just half what you mentioned just now.

Merchant.—Well, you shall have the goods for that price—but I give you my word of honor that it is far below cost.

Now we appeal to men of common sense whether this is honesty, or the reverse of it. If you want good and cheap HATS, therefore, at one invariable and uniform price, and no mistake, call on the subscriber. If we are ever guilty of asking two prices take our Hat for nothing.

J. WALKER, Proprietor.

No. 1 Church Alley, South side of Christ Church, one door from Second Street.

Philadelphia, april 15 2m 16

Dr. Keeler's Panacea.

A GOOD SPRING MEDICINE.

FOR the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the *blood*, or habit of the body, viz.:

Chronic diseases of the chest, Brochitis, Pleurisy, Cactarrh, etc. Scrofula in all its forms, Tetter, Scald Head, Ulcers of the neck, body, and extremities, Chronic, Rheumatism, Chronic affections of the Stomach, Liver and Skin, White Swellings, enlargement of the joints, old Ulcers, Syphilitic disorders, constitutional debility, mercurial and hereditary predispositions, etc.

The pathology of these affections furnish abundant evidence, that although exited by manifold causes, their effects are identified by the presence of a vital principle or constitutional idiosyncrosia. Cold, the most prolific source of disease, may excite, in one, inflamation, in another fever, in a third rheumatism, provided no constitutional predisposition exist, if so, under such circumstances its action becomes generally uniform. In the numerous varieties of Scrofulosis this phenomena is alike prominent, the vital principle determines the effects of the cause, and give rise to the many symptoms which some believe to be idiopathic, but which upon closer examination will be found to co-exist with *Scrofula*. All constitutional diseases at whatever period of their birth, may be traced to certain peculiar defects of organization, which from the feebleness of the vital powers, are incapable of resisting the influence of external as well as internal causes. To destroy this peculiar condition of the body we must increase the vital powers by lessoning their susceptibilities—strengthen the whole system by augmenting the power of digestion and volume of blood. For this purpose art furnishes no remedy equal to the Panacea. Read the following from a practising physician, who uses it in his practice.

Blackwoodtown, N. J. Feb. 6th, 1848.

Dr. Keeler:—Dear Sir:—I am entirely out of your Panacea; I was called on day before yesterday for half a dozen bottles. Your medicine is becoming very popular where I have introduced it, and I think the more it is used the more popular it will get.

Respectfully yours,
WM. PARHAM.

☞ Prepared and sold wholesale and retail N. W. cor. of Third and South, and Third and Green streets, Philada. For sale by J. G. Brown, and J. S. Martin, Pottsville; S. Kempton, Port Carbon; J. B. Falls, Minersville; W. Haas, Schuylkill Haven; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; and by Druggists throughout the County and State. For particulars see pamphlets. Price $1 large bottles, $5 half dozen. [april15 1f 16

New Spring and Summer Goods.

THE undersigned has received a large assortment of Spring and Summer Goods. They are desirable and Cheap. Customers and all others are respectfully invited to call at his Store. They might be benefitted. Dry Goods and Groceries were never known to be as cheap as they now are.

GEO. W. SLATER.

Pottsville, april15 3t 16

Wide Curtain Paper.

500 Pieces Wide Curtain Paper, containing all the latest patterns, which will be sold at City prices wholesale and retail. The highest price paid for rags in exchange for paper, at BANNAN'S

april8 15] Wholesale and Retail Paper Store.

FRESH GOODS

AND GREAT BARGAINS IN MINERSVILLE.

NEW DRY GOODS, HARDWARE and QUEENSWARE Store, in the large New Brick Building, Corner North and Second streets, on the Railroad. The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened in the above building, one of the largest and best assorted stocks of goods to be found in Schuylkill County, comprising almost every article of HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c. properly coming under those heads. These goods have been selected with especial regard to quality, and adaptation to the wants of the community, and can be sold as low, if not lower than can be obtained elsewhere. The attention of purchasers is therefore invited, in the full assurance and belief that every satisfaction can be rendered.

JOS. HEISLER.

Corner North and Second Streets.

Minersville, april15 3t 16

Gold Pens at $1,37 1-2.

THE subscriber has just received a lot of *good* Gold Pens, which he will sell as low as $1,37½ with Silver Pencil case. Also, Beneditt & Barney's Congress Pens, &c.—all of which will be sold at Manufacturers' prices.

A superior lot of Gold Pencil cases and Pens, Gold Pencils, &c., which will be sold at less than city prices at BANNAN'S

april 15,'48.] Cheap Fancy and Variety Stores.

John P. Hobart,

ATTORNEY AT LAW and CONVEYANCER,

POTTSVILLE, PA.

HIS former connection with the Recorder and Prothonotary offices at Gettysburg affords him very great facilities for making examinations in those offices. Deeds, Mortgages, and Instruments of writing of all kinds, neatly and carefully drawn.

Office directly opposite the American House, Centre street. 3m0. [april 15,'48-16

NEW YORK SPRING TRADE.

1848.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

THE undermamed Merchants, Manufacturers and Importers, respectfully invite the attention of Merchants visiting the City to their extensive stocks of goods, which will be found unsurpassed in this or any other market, and will be offered at the lowest market prices.

Steam refined Candy, Loaf Sugar, &c.—R. L. & A. Stuart, 225 Greenwich, corner of Chambers street, New York, offer for sale a large assortment of Steam Refined Candy, Sugar Plums, &c. of a superior quality, also double refined Loaf, Crushed and Ground Sugar, in quantities of five packages and upwards, at as low cash prices as any other establishment. Sugar-House Molasses, in hhds. and tierces.

Plated Ware and Replating.—Spalding & Watt, 299 Broadway, New York, Importers of Tea sets, Waiters, Castors, Spoons, Forks, &c. &c. These goods are all on the Albata or White Metal, and treebly plated with silver. They also replate Spoons, Forks, Candlesticks, Castors, Urns, and re-gild Watches, Tea Setts, &c. in the most permanent and beautiful style