Miners' Journal.

Saturday Morning, Jan. 15, 1848.

TAMAQUA.

☞ Mr. E. J. Fay is authorised to receive subscriptions for the Miners' Journal, and receipt for the same, at his Drug store, in Tamaqua.

VOLNEY B. PALMER,
At his Real Estate and Coal Agencies,
Corner of Third & Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia,
No.160, Nassau Street, New York,
No. 16, State Street, Boston, and
South east corner of Baltimore, & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our Agent for receiving subscriptions and advertisements for the Miners' Journal.

☞ The circulation of the Miners' Journal is greater than any other paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and has nearly double the circulation of any other published in Schuylkill county. It also circulates largely among capitalists, manufacturers, iron and coal dealers, throughout the Atlantic and Eastern States.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY OF THE COUNTRY!
The People Demand its Restoration!

For President,
General ZACHARY TAYLOR;
Subject to the Decision of the Whig National Convention

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—Owing to their irregular receipt, and other sources of complaint, we have concluded to send our papers by mail, hereafter, in the different towns in this county. We have assurances from Washington that our subscribers in the county will not long be subjected to postage on their local newspapers, as the attention of Congress has already been drawn to the subject, with every probability that it will receive their hearty sanction. In the mean time, the country press has only to speak out to secure free circulation to their papers in the counties in which they are respectively published.—Our subscribers in Minersville and Port Carbon, &c., will receive their papers as heretofore.

A WORD OF THANKS.—We have made a very considerable accession to our subscription list since the commencement of the present year. Many of our old subscribers have each procured an additional name or more, and while the work is "going bravely on," we would take this occasion to interpose our grateful acknowledgements to each individual contributor. May they never cease in well-doing; and may there be a "few more left of the same sort."

OUTSIDE PAGES.—We present a brief general outline of Mr. Calhoun's late speech upon the Mexican war, &c., which we have taken from the Philadelphia *North American*. This will supercede the necessity of any remarks of our own, which it was our intention to make. A large amount of other interesting and useful matter will be found on the outside pages, which we commend to the notice of our readers.

☞ *Food for the Thoughtful.*—It appears by the annual Report of the Auditor General of this State, which has just been issued for the past year, that the county of Schuylkill has paid the sum of $2,221 08 for Tavern-licenses, while the county of Lancaster, with nearly three times the extent of population, has paid but $515 22 cents for similar purposes—and Berks county, with twice the amount of population, but 1,359 50, and all the other counties in the State in proportion! This is an alarming exhibit, and is well calculated to arouse the sober inquiries of our citizens—for it is well known that the amount of licensed inns in our county, is comparatively small to the number of unlicensed ale-houses, refectories, &c., in which by far the greater portion of intoxicating beverages are consumed. With the exception of the city and county of Philadelphia, there is not another county in the State that pays a like amount for Tavern-licenses—scarcely half as much, in fact;—and with perhaps a single exception, there is none in which one-third the number of *unlicensed* ale-houses could be found!

Now, this matter calls in the loudest tones for reformation. The unprecedented criminal business in our Courts may justly be attributed to it, and it has often occurred to us that the administration of the judicial functions, instead of effecting a diminution of crime, was rather calculated to increase it, and render law a mere mockery.—A criminal is no sooner arrayed before the bar, found guilty, and sentenced, than the judges step down from the bench (and it is doubtful if they observe even this consistency!) and sign a petition for the Executive pardon! This has been done *repeatedly*, directly, and in many cases, foolishly—defeating the very objects of justice, law and punishments, and rendering prosecutions and the formalm of jurisprudence a mere *farce!*

Tavern-licenses are granted—for what! Because they are *necessary?* Is it possible that Lancaster, well-known for the number of its grog-shops, and having nearly thrice the amount of population, pays but a fraction over five hundred dollars for her tavern-licenses, while we pay *over two thousand dollars!*—to say nothing of the ale-houses, which, if they were compelled to pay license, would swell the amount to four thousand dollars at least! Is it possible, then, that all these licensed-inns are *necessary?* Assuredly not.

How those licenses are obtained may be adverted to hereafter. For the present it is sufficient to know that the county is subjected to a heavy expense in the maintenance of a police force, which for all the good it accomplishes in abating crime, and as well not exercise its powers at all. For to confirit our county with grog shops, licensed and unlicensed, thereby *inviting* the commission of crime, and afterwards praying the interposition of the Executive authority to set aside its just punishment and send the convict unbridled from the prison and the gallows, is a course directly hostile to the best interests of society—dangerous to life and property, and altogether unjustifiable.

The law requiring applications for Tavern-licenses to be published in the newspapers, was some time ago repealed as far as it applied to this county. We never could see the expediency of this. No harm, certainly, could result to the community by the publication of applications for licenses wherever they were *necessary*, and where they were not necessary the people would thus be placed on their guard, and could interpose their objections if any were entertained. Its repeal was brought about in such insidious manner, that very few people knew anything about it for some time afterwards.

The Grand Jury should direct their attention to the subject. If the Court is to blame (and it unquestionably is—) they should inform the people of the county by what agency it is accomplished, so that redress may be sought and obtained. The burthen is becoming intolerable, and crime stalks unchecked amongst us.

☞ *Bank at Minersville.*—One of our representatives, we perceive, has introduced a bill into the Legislature to incorporate, with general banking privileges, a company under the name and title of the Mechanics' Bank of Schuylkill County, to be located in Minersville. Although we are opposed to any material increase of the banking capital of the State, we still think that this institution is called for by the wants of the business community, in and about Minersville. The population and business has increased very rapidly, and as there exists no institution of that kind in their midst, there can be no just reason for throwing any impediment in the way of the passage of the bill, and allowing them the business facilities enjoyed elsewhere.

☞ *Schuylkill Navigation.*—We are very happy to learn that the entire loan desired by the Schuylkill Navigation Company to take up its floating debts, &c., has been subscribed for, and that the Company is now released from all pecuniary embarrassment. This was an object much desired by the public, as it removes a barrier in the way of the successful operation of the Company heretofore, in which the former were compelled largely to share.

☞ *Reading Railroad Company.*—On Monday January 10th, 1848, the following named gentlemen were elected officers of this company, to serve the ensuing year:

President—JOHN TUCKER.

	Managers:
Samuel Norris,	John Oakman,
Owen Towne,	Christ. Lesser, Orwigsburg,
J. R. Tejee,	M. S. Richards, Reading.

Secretary and Treasurer—Sam'l Bradford.

☞ *Growth of Reading.*—The number of buildings erected in Reading last year was 360, nearly double the number of the year before. The German' *Borough* is evidently going a head—thanks to the coal Region!

☞ *The Removal Question.*—We have been somewhat surprised at the course of the citizens of Columbia county. We understand that they have forwarded petitions to the Legislature, praying that, as the acts allowing the people of Columbia, Delaware and Schuylkill counties to declare by ballot, for or against the removal of their seats of justice, and slide the voice of the majority, were unconstitutional, the Legislature should take no further action on the subject, or else establish the seats of justice at the places they respectively occupied heretofore. This is rather a strange procedure for the good people of Columbia, who *pride* themselves not a little on their *Democracy.* We *had* thought that Democracy favored the voice of the majority in *all* cases—but in this particular, it appears that it has no weight or bearing.

We may add that as far as Schuylkill county is concerned, no erroneous impressions can be allowed to bear on the minds of the Assemblymen. A committee of our citizens will personally wait upon them—exhibit the majority in favor of Removal and the comparative amount of taxes paid by Townships which opposed it and those which declared in favor of Removal. With these explanations, no intelligent legislator can be left in doubt as to the expediency of a law establishing at once the seat of justice in Pottsville, without further circumlocution.

☞ *Obscene Advertisements.*—The editor of the Pottsville *Emporium* repudiates the reference to that Journal contained in an advertisement in our columns, and states that we knew it to have been falsely made, &c. It is very easy for the editor to make false insinuations—he is used to it,—but we do not think that it is worth while to heed them. We have refused during the past year upwards of $200 worth of advertisements of an indelicate character, and in the case referred to, (Dr. Kinkeline) the very one that we refused to publish on account of its obscenity, shortly after appeared in the columns of the unedited *Emporium*, and a short one, stripped of all objectionable features, and simply *referring* to that in the above paper, was handed us for publication in our paper, where it has appeared ever since! The reason for publishing the *reference* in our columns is perhaps obvious enough; but being a matter only proper for the advertiser, we leave the matter rest with him and the virtuoso of the *Emporium*.

☞ *The Pottsville Senate.*—The meetings of this association are becoming very interesting, and of late have attracted large audiences. On Tuesday night a bill to alter the Naturalization laws was taken up, and discussed in a manner very creditable to those engaged in it. The Senate adjourned at a late hour, holding the same bill over for consideration on the next evening. The large saloon of the Town Hall will hereafter be used, so as to accommodate those who may desire to witness the proceedings of this self-constituted Legislature, and more especially the ladies, who have heretofore been unable to attend on account of the lack of conveniences provided for their reception.

Dr. Wagner, we learn, will deliver a Lecture before the Senate on Wednesday evening next, upon the subject of *Phrenology*, &c. The Doctor being a professor of this Science, will without doubt give a learned and interesting exposition of its truths.

☞ *Reading Rail Road Company.*—The stockholders of this Company held their annual meeting, on Monday morning, in Philadelphia, and declared a dividend of 12 per cent. payable in stock. The annual report of the Company was read, from which we make the following extract: The total receipts in 1846 were $1,900,115 35; there was a handsome increase last year, yet the profits have not been as good, owing to an increase in the expenditures. The prospect of the Company for the present year, 1848, is highly cheering

Receipts from coal transported,	$1,603,663 99
From Passengers,	156,301 45
From freight on merchandize,	136,219 92
From transport of mail, &c.,	11,960 26
Total,	$2,202,945 62
All expenses amount to	1,100,406 59
Balance of profits to pay interest and dividends,	$902,533 12

☞ *A midnight Prowler.*—We have understood that several ladies have been grossly insulted in the streets, within a week or two past, by some profligate, disguised in a queer *dress*. Business detains many young ladies from their homes until nine and ten o'clock at night, and it is such that he usually approaches. The wretch will continue his cowardly tricks just long enough to be caught, and in that case he will certainly receive chastisement that his conduct entitles him to.

"A whip in every upright hand
To lash the scoundrel round the land."

Sons of Temperance.—The following are the Officers of the Pottsville Division, No. 52, S. of Temperance, for the current term, commencing on the 5th inst. W. P. Charles M. Ent—W. A. Joseph W. Bowen—R. S. Geo. W. Hughes—A. R. S. John M. Shomo—F. S. Thomas A. Nichols—T. Nathan Cleaver—C. John Ray—A. C. Thomas T. Sands—I. S. Amos B Sands—O. S. Elias Faust—Trustees, Isaac Beck, E. Chichester, R. M. Palmer—Chaplain, Rev. T. C. Murphy—Asst. Chaplain, A. G. Swift.

☞ *Cold Weather.*—The coldest day this season, and with a few exceptions, the coldest we have had for some eight or ten years past, was Tuesday last. Oh, but it was a stinger—it was! The air was as cutting as an old maid's scissors—the snow screaked under your tread like an ungreased axle—and everybody's nose looked red, and very much like small specimens of radish! This is all we have to say about cold weather at present! It is a feeling subject, but cannot be warmly discussed!

☞ *Swatara Railroad Company.*—The following gentlemen were elected, at an election held in Danville on the 31st ult., to serve as officers of this company for one year: *President*—Hon. Wm. Donaldson. *Managers*—Wm. Colt, Wm. Biddle, Col. Charles Frailey, Wm. Graeff, A. W. Frick, George Scott, W. F. Wagonseller, Wm. D. Moore. *Treasurer*—W. F. Wagonseller. *Secretary*—J. D. Colt.

☞ *Mr. Charles Barlet*, barber and hair-dresser, near the corner of Market and Centre Sts, has lately added to his stock of books, fancy and toilet articles, the Ball-Room Guide, lately published by Charles Durang, professor of Dancing in Philadelphia, besides numerous other works. He has a fine variety of frizzettes, &c., to which he invites attention.

☞ *Evening School.*—We would take the liberty of inviting the attention of those interested to the advertisement of Messrs. Kempton & Barnett, to be found in another column. These gentlemen are competent Teachers, and we can with entire safety commend their professional services to the public.

☞ *Col. F. M. Jackson*, who left this place last week for the city of Mexico, for the purpose of bringing home the remains of Lieut. Wonder of Reading, has been entrusted by the President with despatches for Gen. Winfield Scott.

☞ *Lieut. F. B. Kurcher*, who has been in our Borough for the last six months, recruiting for the Regiment to which he belongs, left here on Tuesday last, for Mexico. He was quite successful, we believe, in procuring enlistments.

The New York Express says that Mr. Buchanan will not run in opposition to Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. It is doubtful, we think, whether Mr. B. would *decline* running on that account; but there can be no doubt as to *how* he will run if he confronts old Zack.

Olla Podrida.

☞ *The Mint Defalcation.*—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* says that all the stories about money having been left at the house of Mr. Hutchison, &c. are destitute of truth. The actual amount of the defalcation is $23,000. Mr. Hutchinson's security is $5000. Mr. H. was appointed by the Director of the Mint, with the approbation of the President of the United States. By the laws regulating and governing the Mint, the punishment for embezzlement is imprisonment in the Penitentiary for not less than one nor more than ten years. A reward of $500 has been, or will be, offered for the apprehension of Hutchinson.

☞ *A Valuable Publication.*—The *Farmer & Mechanic*, published in New-York, is one of the most valuable weekly publications in the country. It is devoted principally to Manufactures, the Mechanic-Arts, Agriculture, &c. A new volume commenced with the present year, and we can heartily commend it to the support of those interested in the vast concerns of labor and Mechanism. Each number is handsomely illustrated with engravings. Wm. H. Starr, publisher—price $2 per annum.

☞ *Another Great Cave.*—The editor of the Wisconsin *Argus*, accompanied by several friends, recently entered upon an exploration of a newly discovered cave in Dane county, near Madison. They wandered through its labyrinths for several hours, but found no signs of its termination. It is probably of great extent, and is marked by many of the peculiarities of the great cave of Kentucky. It will constitute the story of some venturesome explorer hereafter.

☞ *An Abstract View.*—Talk about the enjoyment of wealth,—says the editor of the Pittsburg *Despatch*, who perhaps knows no more of the *reality* of the thing than many of his professional brethern—it never was, never can be enjoyed. An abundance of money is a heap of misery. A man who owns a small house, a small farm, a small wife, a big dog, a good cow, two or three fat pigs, and two children ought to be satisfied. If he isn't, he never can be.

☞ *The Lady's Newspaper* suggests as a good plan to secure short speeches, that the German system be adopted in this country, as lately exhibited at the entertainment given to Mr. Cobden in Hamburg, viz: to give toasts and make speeches during the dinner. Gentlemen under these circumstances are never tedious, always when "called out, speedily resuming their seats and their dinners.

☞ *Berks and Lancaster.*—From the recent Report of the Superintendant of Common Schools, we learn that there were 3,391 scholars in attendance at the Common Schools of Berks county last year, and that the tax levied to support the schools was $9,533. In Lancaster county, for the same period, 14,664 scholars attended school, and $30,853 of school tax was levied. There is as little similarity between these counties in the matter of education as there is in politics.

☞ *Receipt for Sore noses.*—A man of science up among the Knickerbockers, prescribes the following cure for a bruised or irritated nasal appendage:—Take half a pound of gum guiacum, half a pint of cowhage and half a gallon of tar—simmer over a slow fire until effervescence ensues. Apply to the afflicted part with a white-wash brush. In about an hour the sore will peal clean off—nose and all.

☞ *Newspaper Postage.*—The Legislature of Ohio has adopted, without a dissentient voice, a resolution requesting the Delegation from that State in Congress, to vote for an amendment to the Post Office Law which shall permit newspapers to go in the mails free of postage to any Post Office within thirty miles of the office of publication.

☞ *The Boston Courier* describes a new cannon which has been invented by Mr. E. B. White of Nashua, New Hampshire. It has six bores and six vent holes, so that it can be fired that number of times without stopping to load. The lock, which has but one hammer, revolves, while the barrel is stationary.

☞ *What's in a Name?*—A petition has been presented to the Legislature of Alabama, that Charles Frederic Kollessinski Von Ponistowski le Poggestt de la Ferrassee de la Pooquellairice Nommene Pavillion (oh! gracious—phew!) may be permitted to change his name to Francis Duncan. The request will be granted, of course.

☞ *An Editorial Lion.*—Mr. Kendall of the New Orleans *Picayune*, is now in Philadelphia. While at Boston, lately, he visited the Theatre, where, on making his appearance in a private box, he was at once recognized by the spectators and greeted with three hearty cheers.

☞ *Mr. John Donkey* twits us for "puffing" Mr. Poe. We never "puffed" that gentleman at all; but if we did, and should thereby excite the indignation of the whole *Donkey* family, we would certainly be sorry for the last time.

☞ *Marriage Contracts.*—A bill has been introduced into the legislature of Georgia, which requires all marriage contracts to be recorded within twelve months after their date. We can't see into the propriety of this—but no matter.

☞ *Coal Statistics.*—In consequence of our inability to procure a statement of the quantity of Coal mined by the different Operators on the Mount Carbon Rail Road, we have done injustice in our publication to two individuals, part of whose operations were on that road. They have however politely furnished us with the quantity themselves, and we now cheerfully make the correction:

E. W. McGinnis mined and shipped tons 35,342
instead of 26,908 tons.
Jonathan Wasley, mined and shipped " 20,740
instead of 10,117 tons.

We learn that we were in error also in classing the Delaware Coal Company as fifth or sixth in the list. We are informed that they will stand eighth. As some of the individual Operators mined ninety odd thousand tons in 1847, we can see no good reason why the Delaware Coal Co. should have a charter, which gives them privileges not enjoyed by individuals in the trade, to mine about fifty-four thousand tons.

In connexion with this subject, Mr. Cleaver desires us to state that the Company did not instruct him to withhold the list from us. This may all be true—but Mr. Cleaver knew the men he had to deal with—and he also knew that if they did not directly prohibit him from doing so that he would expose himself to censure by complying. We do not censure Mr. Cleaver—we know that if left to his own inclinations he would freely give us all the information in his power. In the present instance he was differently situated.

In other Governments there are Home Departments for collecting the statistics of the country by law, at the expense of the people. In our country it is left to individuals and associations, who, if they want to make themselves acquainted with the business of country, or any particular branch of trade, are compelled to do so at their own expense. It is generally considered a laudable enterprise on the part of the few, who are willing to encounter this trouble and expense for the benefit of the community at large—but when such persons are thwarted in such enterprises by petty corporations, merely for the purpose of indulging in their natural disposition to exercise "a little brief authority" where they have the power, is certainly very provoking, to say the least of it, and it is right that the public should know it.

It is this little petty tyranny, practised by petty corporations, that has caused so much hostility against corporations in general, and in many instances prejudices the public mind against worthy institutions which are absolutely necessary.

The Coal Trade for 1848.

Amount of Coal sent over the Philadelphia and Reading Rail Road, for the week ending on Thursday evening last:

	Week.	Total.
Port Carbon,	2,375 03	5,587 11
Pottsville,	1,978 08	3,287 03
Schuylkil Haven,	3,737 12	4,559 16
Port Clinton,	1,108 17	1,531 17
	10,191 00	15,045 07

MINE HILL AND SCHUYLKILL HAVEN R. R.
The following is the amount of coal transported over this Road, during the week ending on Wednesday evening last:

Per last report,	3,131 01 tons.
	895 03 "
Total,	4,026 03 "

WILLIAM NEWELL, Collector.

SCHUYLKILL VALLEY RAIL ROAD.
Amount of coal passed over the Schuylkill Valley Rail Road, for the week ending Saturday evening last:

	1,112 04 tons.

JESSE TURNER, Collector.

MOUNT CARBON & PORT CARBON RAIL ROAD.
Amount of coal passed over the Mount Carbon and Port Carbon Rail Road, for the week ending Saturday evening last.

	3,520 10 tons.

JESSE TURNER, Collector.

MILL CREEK RAIL ROAD.
Amount of coal passed over the Mill Creek Rail Road for the last six days:

	1,307 00 tons.

GEORGE HADESTY, Collector.

New Wholesale and Retail!

CLOCK, WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE
Great Bargains at City Prices.

THE subscriber having just received, direct from the manufactory, a large and beautiful assortment of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, is prepared to sell them at the following extremely low prices:

First quality Brass O. G. thirty hour,	from $2 75 to	$4 50
do Prince Albert,	3 50 "	4 50
do Brass O. G. Alarm,	4 00 "	4 50
do Eight Day Column,	7 00 "	8 50
do do O. G.,	5 00 "	6 50
Full Jeweled Gold Patent Lever,		45 00
do Silver,	20 00 "	25 00
Seven Jewel Silver,	20 00 "	25 00

Also, a large assortment of Jewelry, comprising Finger Rings, Breast Pins, Gold Bracelets, Gold Curb and Fob Chains, Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Pens, Spectacles, Keys, Studs, &c.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware repaired and cleaned in the most workmanlike manner.

☞ Old Gold and Silver bought or taken in exchange.

N. B.—County merchants and dealers would find it to their advantage to give me a call, as they can obtain goods at wholesale city prices.

ROBERT C. GREEN,
Clock and Watch Maker, Centre street,
between Mortimer's Hotel, and Market street,
Jn15 48-3-3m] and opposite G. W. Slater's store.

Evening School.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the residents, guardians, and parents of families that they propose opening an EVENING SCHOOL in the room now in occupancy of 1st Public School. (Male department,) on Market street, for the reception of a limited number of the more advanced pupils. The leading branches to be taught comprise Single and Double Entry Book Keeping, Euclid's Elements of Geometry, Dummere's Surveying and Trigonometry, Mensuration, Algebra, together with a general English Mercantile and Mathematical education, (if needs be.) Other studies will be presented to meet the wants of the students.

THOS. D. KEMPTON,
P. D. BARNETT.

Terms $1 per quarter, one half payable in advance, the remainder at the expiration of the quarter.

N. B.—School to commence on Monday, Jan. 18, 1848, Evenings of tuition Monday, Tuesday, Friday, &c.

References:—Edward Owen Pearl, Esq., and C. W. Pitman. [Jan. 15 2-3t

New Books.

THE Past, the Present, and the Future, by Henry C. Carey.
Fresh supply of Greely's Whig Almanac. 12½
Landreth's Rural Register and Farmer's Almanac for 1848. 12½
The Bandit's Bride, or Maid of Saxony, 25
The Prairie Bird, by C. A. Murray, 25
Harry Martingale, or the Adventures of a Whaleman 25
The Doctor's Sister, or The Orphan's Bride, 25
Guizot's English Revolutions,
Fresh supply of Life in London, 2 vols.,
do Ellen Monroe, 2 vols.,
do Esther de Medina, 2 vols.,
do Count of Monte Christo, 2 vols.,
Just received, together with all the late works, at
BANNAN'S
Jn15-3] Cheap Bookstores, Pottsville.

Ticknor's Columbian Calculator,

A NEW AND PURELY AMERICAN ARITHMETIC.

Third Edition, Revised and Corrected.

IN offering the third edition of this work to the public we have selected from several hundred letters commendatory of the "Columbian Calculator," from gentlemen of the first learning and reputability, and from the different sections of the Union, the following, which will be sufficient to satisfy any person of the value and merits of this work. As an educational work it can be relied on. As far as this work is known it has received universal approbation, and is considered by teachers as the beginning of a new era in this department of science, and a desire has been expressed that the old system of confining the pupil for years in the process of reducing *pounds to farthings, and farthings to pounds*, should no longer be followed. It is also the opinion of the best informed teachers, that the use of those books composed chiefly of a foreign currency should be prohibited in our schools, as their use is believed to be a waste of time and labor, without the least benefit or advantage to any one. Those who have examined the work, and many who are using it in their schools, can speak of its merits themselves. It is also the cheapest arithmetic in the United States.

The following recommendation is from Thomas H. Burrowes, Esq., the late able and talented superintendent of Common Schools of Pennsylvania, who may very properly be termed the "Father of our Common School system:"

"I feel pleasure in expressing the opinion that the Columbian Calculator, by Mr. Almon Ticknor, is a most valuable school book. The adherence to our own beautiful and simple decimal system of money, and the introduction of the British currency only as shillings and pence, which forms one of its chief differences from other arithmetics, I consider a decided and valuable improvement. The elementary and practical exercises, if not worse, to puzzle the beginner in arithmetic with questions in any other money than our own, at a time, too, when the unavoidable intricacies of the science are sufficiently numerous to try the patience, and when the teacher's chief object should be to excite and sustain his interest in the study. After he has become well versed in the principles of arithmetic, and completely master of all calculations in our own coin, it is not only proper to give him a knowledge of those of other lands, but it will be found practicable to other and more valuable purposes than those pointed out at an earlier period. In many other respects, also, the Columbian Calculator is a superior work, and I therefore cordially recommend it. Thos H. Burrowes.

Lancaster, Nov. 26, 1847.

From Dr. Buschenberger, M. D., Surgeon U. S. Navy, Brooklyn, New York.

U. S. Naval Hospital, *New York*, May 9, 1845.

A. Ticknor, Esq.:—Dear Sir:—I have examined with some attention the "Columbian Calculator," prepared by you for the use of schools. It gives me great pleasure to believe your system of decimal arithmetic is better adapted to the daily business wants of the people of the United States than any work on arithmetic with which I am acquainted. The examples and illustrations of the several rules are well devised and American in their character. I should be glad to know that your book is extensively used in our public schools.

Respectfully and truly your ob'd't serv't,
W. S. W. BUSCHENBERGER.

High School, *Newburgh, New York*, 1846.

Having examined Mr. Ticknor's Arithmetic, with considerable care, I have come to the conclusion that it is well calculated to impart a full and clear understanding of figures, as applicable to the business transactions of the country. Its particular superiority over other arithmetics of the day consists in its lucid illustrations and correct application to business; the currency of the United States.

C. M. SMITH, Principal.

I cheerfully concur in the sentiments expressed by Mr. Smith in the above.

JACOB C. TOOKER, Classical Teacher, Newburg.
M. STEVENSON, M. D., Principal, Public School.

Dear Sir:—Be pleased to accept my thanks for the favor you have done me in presenting me with a copy of the "Columbian Calculator." I have examined it, and consider it well adapted to the use of our district schools and academies, and recommend it as such to all teachers who wish to improve their pupils in *practical arithmetic*. Yours truly, A. B. KNAUB,
Principal of Bethlehem School, Pa., 1846.

I have examined Mr. Ticknor's work, entitled the "Columbian Calculator," and am highly pleased with the manner of its execution, and intend to introduce it into my school as soon as practicable.

Principal of High School, Gothic Hall, Brooklyn.

I have examined Mr. Ticknor's Arithmetic, and think it well calculated for common schools and academies, and recommend it as a work well worthy the patronage of the public. FREDERICK SEDGWICK, A. M.,
Principal of the Salisbury Academy, Connecticut.

J. J. NORTON, H. PATT, WM. WRIGHT,
Teachers, Salisbury, Connecticut.

I have examined Mr. Ticknor's work on arithmetic entitled the "Columbian Calculator," and consider it admirably calculated for common school instruction. As soon as practicable I will introduce it into my school.

H. D. LEE,
Principal, Classical School, 14th street, Philada.

Dear Sir:—I have thoroughly examined your work on arithmetic, the "Columbian Calculator," and pronounce it, *the book* for the common schools and academies of this country. The arrangement, the number of *practical examples*, and the full and explicit explanations of the rules, render it well calculated to impart a thoro' knowledge of this most important science. I will introduce it into my school as soon as convenient.

I am, with respect, A. KIRKPATRICK,
Classical School, Easton, Pa.

The "Columbian Calculator," by Mr. Almon Ticknor, I have examined, and must say that I am much pleased with its arrangement, and think it introduction into our schools would be a great and public benefit.

FRANCIS WINDER,
Principal, Public School, No. 1, Hudson, N. Y.

I concur in the above recommendation.

T. H. STOUT,
Principal Public School, No. 2, Hudson.

New York, 1845.

I have examined a work on arithmetic entitled the "Columbian Calculator," by Mr. Ticknor, am well pleased with the arrangement and the general mode of elucidating the principles of numbers. It is a work which I have no hesitation in recommending to the friends of *education everywhere*. HENRY SWONDS,
Prin. of English Academy, No 23, 6th Avenue, N. Y.

I most cheerfully concur in the above.

MYRON BEARDSLEY, 147, Waverly Place, N. Y.

Sheffield, Mass., 1846.

I have examined M. Ticknor's "Columbian Calculator," and have been much pleased with its general arrangement, and especially with the conciseness and simplicity of its rules. The rejection of the "*pounds, shillings, and pence*," in a great measure, and the introduction of *decimals*, in their proper place is an improvement. I hope to see the labors of the author repaid by its general introduction into our schools and academies. J. M. SHERMAN,
Principal of Sheffield Academy.

Also from A. ROLLINS,
Preceptor of Sheffield High School.
Reading, Pa., 1845.

Having examined Mr. Ticknor's Arithmetic, I am fully persuaded it possesses merits of no ordinary kind, which ought to enlist the attention of teachers of youth on the all-important science of *Common Arithmetic*. I shall introduce it into my school without delay.

B. M. HOAG, WM. GILBERT, and JOHN KELLY,
Principals of Public Schools.

I think Mr. Ticknor has well succeeded in comprising much in a small space in his "Columbian Calculator." It strikes me favorably in several respects, particularly the "Reviews" and the "Appendix," where "*artifices*" work" is arranged under different heads. The book is decidedly practical, the greatest recommendation that can be given to an arithmetic designed for our district schools and academies. J. G. MARCHAND, A. M.
Principal of Meyerstown Academy, Lebanon Co., Pa.

LYMAN NUTTING,
Prin't of the English Dep't'm't Myerstown Academy.

Carlisle, Pa., March 23, 1847.

Dear Sir:—After a careful examination of the "Columbian Calculator," I feel at liberty to say that I regard it as admirably adapted to the purpose of common school education. The rules are well expressed, and the different steps of every process so distinctly marked, that the student is in no danger of confounding them together or mistaking their order. This is but one of the recommendations of the work. The others will become obvious upon a fair trial. I have no doubt that its faithful study will go very far towards laying the foundation of a solid acquaintance with mathematical science. Very respectfully yours,

A. DEVINNEY,
Principal of the Male High School, Carlisle, Pa.

From W. McCartney, Esq., Professor of Mathematics, Lafayette College.

Easton, January 7, 1845.

Mr. Ticknor:—Dear Sir:—I have looked over some of the proof sheets of your treatise on arithmetic, and am pleased to observe that you have introduced many practical examples in illustration of the rules. Your book is well adapted to those who desire a practical work on the subject, and is *full* in details and illustrations for those who are commencing the study of this science. Practical books are the kind adapted to the business transactions of the age.

Very truly yours, &c., W. MCCARTNEY.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your lequiry, I can say that I have been engaged these *ten years* in the cause of educating our country's children and in that time have used nearly a score of arithmetics in my school, among which were Pike's, Daboll's, Rose's, Smiley, Watts, Emerson, Davies, Smith, &c.; but they are all seriously deficient in all those eminent respects particularly in relation to *our currency*, as well as in other points.—The arrangement of your arithmetic is excellent, and leaves very little chance of improvement in this respect. It is an AMERICAN ARITHMETIC, adapted to American Currency, to American Teachers, and Scholars. The numerous and appropriate examples given under the respective rules, illustrating and explaining the *modus operandi*, &c., is a feature that places it above *all* other arithmetics in this respect. I can teach the children *more of arithmetic*, in less time, with less labor to them and myself, from this than any other arithmetic. I have no doubt but that it will soon supersede *all* the old antiquated, obsolete, and, "heterodox" systems now so widely circulated and generally used. My children can *readily assimilate* arithmetical principles in the use of this book; they seem to have an instinctive preference for it, over *all* others. I am delighted with the *quantity* and *quality* of DECIMAL MATTER which it comprehends. I am sure its explanation in decimals alone will secure the widest use—as wide as our country extends.

Yours truly,
J. N. TEWKILLER,
Teacher, Ashbury New Jersey.

Also from J. B. LOVELL,
Teacher and Superintendent, Harmony, N. J.
W. A. LOBBS,
Teacher and Sup't, Alexandria, N. J.
WM. A. HUFF, Teacher.

From the Hon. Jesse Miller, Secretary of State, and Superintendent of Public Schools in Pennsylvania.

Secretary's Office, *Harrisburg*, March 19, 1847.

My Dear Sir:—From the examination which I have been able to give to the "Columbian Calculator," and the confidence I have in the recommendations of those who have examined more thoroughly, I have no hesitation in pronouncing it an excellent practical work, and admirably adapted to the use of our schools.

I am, very respectfully, &c., J. MILLER.

Also recommendations from WM. B. FOWLER,
Principal of the Harrisburg Academy.
E. L. MOORE,
Principal North Ward Male High School.
LEWIS H. GERT,
Principal North Ward Male School.
F. FRICKENSON,
Principal South Ward School.
C. M. SCHEINER,
Principal High School South Ward.

March, 1847.

Dear Sir:—At your request I have examined the "Columbian Calculator," and am fully satisfied of its merits. I entirely concur in the opinion expressed by Profs. M'Cartney and Yeomans. The *practical* character of the illustrations, as well as the numerous examples, make it admirably adapted to the object intended. No recommendation is needed to insure the book a general circulation and introduction into our schools and academies. Respectfully yours, M. L. BROWN,
Professor of History and Principal of the Preparatory Department, Pa. College, Gettysburg.

Also from, W. WYNKOOP, Prin'l of Public School.
March, 1847.

Having examined the "Columbian Calculator," I highly approve of it as a book exceedingly well adapted to the purpose for which it is designed. Mr. Ticknor, from long experience as a *practical teacher*, is qualified to prepare a volume of this nature. I will adopt it as a regular text book in my own teaching.

OLIVER ST. JOHN,
Rector of the Academical Department of Lafayette College, Easton, Pa.

I concur in the above, and do not hesitate to say that a *circulation* is only necessary to become generally in use. CHARLES F. TEASDALE,
Principal of the Female Seminary, Easton, Pa.

Mr. Ticknor:—Dear Sir:—The undersigned make use of your arithmetic in our schools, and take pleasure in recommending the same to the friends of education generally, and to our public and private schools in particular, as a work fully entitled to the patronage it has received, and which we cannot doubt it will continue to receive. Its special regard and adaptation to the *currency of our country*, presents peculiar claims on the *patronage of our American schools*, or in other words of a similar character which have issued from our press. Such a work evidently has been long needed, and it fills a want long felt in this department of useful and practical science. We hope it may receive that welcome into our schools to which its *originality* and merits eminently entitle it.—With respect and esteem, yours truly, JAS. J. GOSS,
Principal of South Easton School, Pa.
GEO. A. NICHOLS,
Teacher at Glendon, Pa.

THE YOUTH'S COLUMBIAN CALCULATOR.
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