At his Real Fitate and Coal Agencies.
Corner of Third & Chennut Streets, Philadelphia,
No.150, Nassan Street, New York,
No. 180, State Street, Bostoo, and
Bouth east corner of Baltimore, & Calvert Streets,
Saltimore, is our Agent for receiving subscriptions and
devertisements for the Miners' Journal.

CIRCULATION. 1200 COPIES WEEKLY THE TARIFF OF 1842 The Country demands its restoration.

FOR PRESIDENT, GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR, Subject to the decision of the Whig National Convention.

FOR GOVERNOR GEN. JAMES IRVIN. OF CENTRE COUNTY. &

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, JOSEPH W. PATTON OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

For the Campaign .--- To Clubs. As the Governor's Election is approaching, and a local question is to be decided in this County, which will probably be of rather an exciting character, so offer the Journal for the Campaign on the following cruss; until the election, havelied in advance.

rnis; until the election, payable in Single Copy. Five Copies to an Address, do. do. do. do. do. do. wenty do. do.

With a little exertion Clubs can be made up at.
Collieries, and in all the Election Districts in the
y. We hope our friends will aid in the good cause.

THE DAILT JOURNAL .- In reply to numerous inquiries we will state that we have not abandor ed the idea of publishing a Tri-weekly or Daily Journal. We are gradually making the necessary arrangements to accomplish our object. In the mean time we will prepare the community for. WISE AND UNIUST. Why, sir, is it not imsuch a paper by issuing all the important news in politic in an administration just coming into powadvance of the city papers in extras. As soon as er, after professions of relieving the people from we procure the power press, a commencement will be made.

We regret that our paper is not double its present size-generally one half the news prepared for its columns, is crowded out. This is very provoking to us,-and our readers loose the benefit of a large portion of our labors-but if they will only continue their smiles, bestow their approbation, and aid us in extending its circulation, we will enlarge its deminsions at the commencement of the next volume.

CORNER STONE. - The corner stone of the new Episcopal Church, will be laid on Sunday, July 11th, at 5 o'clock. Bishop Potter will officrate on the occasion, assisted by several clergymen from abroad and the Rector of the Church One or two other Bishops, are also expected to be present on the occasion.

The remains of our much esteemed friend and late townsman, FRANCIS B. NICHOLS, Esq., were consigned to the tomb, vesterday afternoon attended by his relatives, and an unusual concourse of friends, to whom he had endeated himself, during a long residence, by his kind, benevolent and manly feelings. He was buried by the order or Free Masons, with Masonic honors, of which he was a distinguished member. There is one solace mixed with this bitter cup of affliction, that he was permitted to close his eyes forever, in the midst of all the members of his family, (except an honored son, now absent in Mexico.) in along must have ceased to exist. But now his beloved Pottsville, a place which we know he preferred to all others, and to which he was much attached, by a long residence and many pleasing recollections, that he delighted to dwell upon.

FOURTH OF JULY. The political subbath of the country falling this year on Sunday, very littic preparation, as far as we can learn, has been made to celebrate it in a public manner in this vicinity. There will be appropriate services in will be a moje rational mode of showing our dedom, than the methods frequently adopted. We do not wish to be understood as condemning all innocent rejoicings, even to excess, and the proper public demonstrations in honor, of the day, in which all who choose can participate. We have abundant cause for such rejoicings-but the drunken revelry and riotous disposition, which has marked its celebration in our borough for several years past, has been rather disgraceful than other-

We learn that the Rev. Mn. NEILL, late of the First Methodist Episcopal church of this borough, will deliver an address to the Port Carbon Artillerists, German Yaegers, and several of the Orders of the Sons of Temperance and Odd Fellows M on the grove, near the residence of Joseph G. Lawton, at St. Clair, to-morrow at 10 o'clock .-A Temperance dinner will be served up for the Artillerists and their guests at Johnson's Hotel.

W ? The North American & United States Ga zette, since the union, comes to us with increased dimensions, and its columns bountifully supplied the country has been added to the editorial corps, in the miscellaneous department. This paper in this country.

agree with us, that its talented and respected author, not only possesses a sound head, but a most excellent heart. We rejoice that he retires after 25 years arduous duties, with a full competency generally the lot of retiring editors and publishers.

THE VICISEITUDES OF TRADE .- Mr. Chandler phia, that was in existence twenty-five years ago. of it can be exported. This statement would seem to confirm the im pression that the mercantile business is one o the most precarious that could be engaged in.

Bishop Potter, has promulgated a Prayer to be used in all the Episcopal Churches in his Diocese on the 4th of July.

GER, IRVIN-TEA AND COFFEE.-Our readers will recollect, that a few weeks since, we publish ed a letter from the Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, addressed to the Hon. Geo. N. Eckert, in which he fatly contradicted the charge made against Geo. Irvin, that he voted in favor of placing a duty on Tea and Coffee. The character and standing of Mr. Ingersoll, who was a member during the whole of General Irvin's Congressional career we should have supposed would have been sufficient to put that charge at rest forever-but we regret to state that a portion of the Locofoco press, with a degree of turpitude almost unparalleled, continue to reiterate it with a view to bolster up the falling fortunes of Gov. Shunk. To refute the charge a second time, the Harrisburg Intelligencer has republished the speech made by Gen. Irvin in Congress when the proposition was before that body. From this speech we make the following extract, which leaves no room for cavil or doubt on the subject. Should any Locofoco editor repeat it again, he will stand before the publie branded as a base calumniator, and perverter of the truth:

"Sir, I agree with the honorable chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, that it is necessary to raise additional revenue; that the finances of the country require it; and I am as much in favor of providing ways and means to meet the current expenses of the Government, and also to provide for whatever deficiency now exists, as the honorable chairman or any other membe now on this floor. But, sir, I differ in opinion with the committee who reported this bill, respecting the propriety of levying a duty or tax on some the articles contained in this bill.

"Sir, I believe the true and correct policy of his Government is, to raise sufficient revenue by import taxes, as being the least onerous and burdensome to the people; but, in doing so we should select such articles in the first place as come IN COMPETITION, WITH THOSE articles of luxury or such as do not come into general use, and are not required or consumed by the great portion of the people; but it would only be in the last resort that I would consent to evy an onerous and burdensome tax upon articles that have come into general use in almost every family, whether rich or poor throughout our whole country. SIR, I CONSIDER SUCH A SPECIES OF TAXATION IMPOLITIC, UNtheir difficulties, to propose a burdens on them, as one of its first measures?' Why, sir is it not unwise to bring this measure upon the people at the present time? Why not wait until the regular session, when there would be time for a fair investigation into the tariff system, and suc regulations made as might be satisfactory? It cannot be possible that the Treasury is in such a wretched situation that an able financier could not carry on the operations of Government for a few months WITHOUT THIS TAX ON COF-FEE AND TEA. AND IS IT NOT UN-JUST TO TAX THE POOR MAN, WHO ABORS FOR THE SUPPORT OF HIS

FAMILY, AND EARNS FROM FIFTY TO THE MAN WHO OWNS THOUSANDS!feel satisfied, if this bill becomes a law, that hundreds of poor families in my district will have to pay more of this tax than those who are comp atively rich. Sir, the articles of COFFEE AND TEA have become among all clusses, but esnecially among those who live in towns, and at manfacturing establishments, NECESSARY AR-TICLES OF LIFE, and substituted by a great many in the place of milk, as being more easily obtained, and even chenper. Then, why should we OPPRESS this class of people more than they are at present? Why increase their BUR-DENS! Does this bill hold out any relief to the

laboring class of the community ? None-none Sir, it is well known to you and other honorable gentlemen on this floor, that, owing to the inil acionled condition of for the last two or three years particularly, it has been with great difficulty the manufacturing intorests of the country have sustained themselves, and if it had not been for the bountiful crops with which our country has been blessed, and the cheapness of living, many that are yet struggling just on the eve of another reduction of duties, which takes place at the close of the year, and which even now is operating in anticipation on the whole business of the country, you propose a tax to be levied on this suffering people of from

one and a half to two millions of dollars. Sir, for one I cannot give it MY SUPPORT. I came here expecting to assist in carrying out mea. grow out of annexation." burthen them. I WILL NOT LEND MY AID TO PRODUCE THE LATTER.

GEN. LESLIE COMBS AND THE PRESIDENT .the different churches, and perhaps, after all, it | This distinguished son of Kentucky, Gen. Leslie Combs, recently repaired to Washington to have votion to the great cause of civil and religious free- a talk with President Polk, on the affairs of the War. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot of June 26th, relates the following incident which occurred at the White House, The Indiana State Journal says he was one of touchine his mission:

"At the appointed hour, yesterday, the General re-paired to the White House to hold his talk with Mr paired to the White House to note us seek when and Polk. He found there Lieut. Col. May, who was in formed that he could not see the President, because he was with the Cabinet in council assembled! It requ other. They were friends "Sir." said the General's Col. May, "you shall see the President! Were he teimes an Emperor, the services you have rendered you country would entitle you to see him! I am here, by appointment, to see him at 20 'clock. Accompany mend you shall see him!" The usher informed Genera Combs that the President was with the Cabinet!—"What care I for the Cabinet!" exclaimed the General—"go and inform Mr. Polk that General Combs is here by appointment at 2 o'clock, to see him, and that Col May, of the Army, is here with me and also wishes to see him." see hum."

The usher did the message, and Mr. Polk left the Cabinet and gave audience to the two distinguished

The shameful treatment Col. May has received at the hands of the present Administration, has caused a deep feeling of indignation throughout-

the whole country. Gen. Cameron has been instrumental in with advertisements. It is beautifully printed and getting up a locofoco meeting at Harrisburg in Dr. R. M. Bird, one of the most able writers in favor of Gen. Taylor, for the next Presidency .-Gen. C. is a shrewd man-he finds that Pennsylvania is lost forever to free trade Locofocoismpoint of talent, will now rank with the ablest and is now paving the way for coming over to the journals of the day, and will unquestionably prove Taylor party, and advocating Whig principles .to be one of the most profitable, establishments in In 1832 we received a number of political lessons from the lips of Gen. Cameron, and then he was one The valedictory of friend Chandler appeared in of the most devoted friends of Henry Clay to be the last number of the U. S. Gozette of Wednes. found in the State. We have always believed day. It occupies upwards of two columns-is him to be a democratic Whig at heart, although written in the most feeling manner, and contains | policy and political advancement has caused him a number of great truths, established by experience, to hang upon the skirts of Locofocoism. He admitwhich ought to be of great service to both editors | ted when in Pottsville last year that one of the and readers. We derived great pleasure and in. greatest political sine he had to answer for, and struction from its perusal; and doubt not, all will one which he regretted the most, was his vote in tres are large, and the heavy brow denotes a kind favor of the Annexation of Texas to the United

THE CROPS-ENCOURAGING PHON EUROPE. The last number of Wilmer and Smith's Times to smooth the remainder of his days, which is not publishes extracts which show that the crops on the continent, and particularly on the Mediteranean and Black Sea, promise great abundance this year. It is stated that the quantity of potain his valedictory states that he does not know of toes planted in Holland is so large, that if it a single mercantile firm now extant in Philadel- should prove as productive as usual, three-fourths

> STRAWS, &c .- At'the recent Taylor meeting held at Harrishnry, resolutions in favour of Shunk and Longstreth, were opposed by Gen. Cameron,

Rav. Mu. Tens, has returned from Europe with his health much improved.

LATEST FROM THE ARMY.

We have nothing later from the Army since the issue of our Extra, containing the account of the battle between Gen. Cadwallader and the Guerrilla corps at and in the vicinity of the National Bridge. He couted the Guerrillas at every skirmish, although their forces numbered several thousand, while the men under his command did not exceed 1000 men. About 100 of the enemy were killed-while the loss of the Americans was only 15 killed and 20 or 30 wounded. The Mexicans had grown bold in consequence of their success in attacking the wagon train, and were led on by a Priest, confident of victory. The schievement was therefore a brilliant one, and places Gen. C. among the heroes of the present war. He is a near relative of the lamented Maj. Ringgold, and like him pluck to the back bone

The estimated loss of Col. McIntosh who commanded the wagon train was about \$4,000 in provisions. The specio was all preserved. The road for miles was strewed with empty boxes and bacon@sides, which had been captured by the

There was a great deal of dissatisfaction in the army respecting the command which had charge of the train. There will be a court of inquiry

into the subject.
The garrison of Jalapa has been broken up by order of Gen. Scott, and all the sick and govern-ment stores have been sent to Perote Castle, so that this line of communication is entirely clused. Gen. Scott has had a road opened from Perote to Tuspan, from which, in future, all our stores and

men will be sent. A correspondent of the New Orleans Times says that Jarauto, the priest who headed the late guerrilla attack, has returned to Vera Cruz. The Governor was informed of his arrival, and immediately took measures for his arrest, but so far without success. His horse and accoutrements, RODUCED BY OUR OWN CITIZENS, and and some other small articles, have been found. if we cannot raise sufficient from them, then take and hopes are entertained of discovering his place of concealment. He is supposed to be in some one of the vaults or recesses of the Cathedral, which is surrounded with soldiers to prevent any commu nication with, or egrees from its interior.

Our readers will learn with surprise that all the troops ordered by Government to re-inforce Gen. Taylor, with a view of murching on San Luis Potosi, have been ordered to Vera Cruz to join Gen. Scott's Army. Gen. Taylor, of course has orders to remain at Monterey, for the present.

MEXICO.-The latest accounts from the city miserable condition and poorly equipped. Various projects were suggested for the defence of the city, but little progress had been made so far .-The Guerrilla system is condemned by some of the papers as being more destructive to Mexicans than to the Americans. It was announced positively that Gen. Herrera had been elected President. This result was considered favorable to peace. The report that propositions for peace ry govern were offered to Gen. Scott is confirmed.

Lucoroco Parniors !- It is stoutly urged by the Locofocos that if their President made the war, they have fought it! If we were to take the accounts of these political historians, who like Bancroft shape facts to suit their partizan tenets, we should believe that Scott, Tatlon and Worth were ingloriously reposing at home, instead of gathering military laurels in Mexico, and we should be compelled to believe that the blood spilled by the noble McKer, Clat, Hann, Watson and others on the battle fields of Mexico was as purely "Democratic" as that against which Mr. Buchanan once so loudly fulminated, and which with the lancet of his indignation, he threatened to let out, should it be found truantly current in his veins. But when we come to compare locofoco professions on the war and locofoco practice, they will be found widely different. war, they have fought it! If we were to take can vepor with as much noise of steam as Santa Anna himself, in a proclamation: but when hard knocks are required, many of its therents are inclined to show their knowledge of

the Mexican language by exercises in the art of We are led to these general remarks-for there are individual exceptions, and we know some truly brave locotoco soldiers-by noticing in the Corydon (Ia) Gazette, that; during the last Congressional canvass in that district, the Hon. Ro-BERT DALE OWER, on several occasions said :-"I will agree to do all the fighting which may Upon this Prentice sures calculated to relieve my constituents, not to exclaims - What a blunder it was on the part of the Administration to expend so much mor raise so many men to fight at Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, Buena Vista, Vera Cruz. Cerro Gorda, and Sacramento, when the Hon-Robert Dale Owen might have won all those battles single-handed, and when he stood positively

edged to his constituents to do so!" But there was another locofoco member of Congress from the same State-a brawler for War, for Mexico, the Halls of the Montezumus, and the whole or none of Oregon-Tuomas J. HENLEY. Mr. Polk's electore in that State, and then told the people that the annexation of Texas would not produce a war with Mexico, and if it did he would undertake to conquer Mexico with a dozen old ladies armed with broomsticks. The annexe tion took place and the war followed. Mr. Henley did not conquer Mexico with his dozen old for troops. As an excuse for not doing it he wrote as follows:

wrote as tollows:

"And now in conclusion, as the occasion is a fit one, allow me to say to the troops at Camp Whitcomb, that having voted for the annexation of Texas which is alleged to have originated it, if my duties in Congress would have allowed it, I should already have been one of of their number; and if they do not mark before the ridjournment, or if ternleave at an earlier period without neglecting the duties which devote upon me here, I may yet join them before they reach the tuble lands of Mexico. They have my ardent wishes for a safe return o their homes and families,"

Very respectfully, vour oh't serv't.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv't.
THOMAS J. HENLEY.

Washington, June 26, 1846. So much for Locoloco patriotism ! Then there vas Judge Wick; another Polk elector of Indiana, who was willing to whip Mexico on contract! We do not hear of him since the war, and when we do, he will probably be feeding the American

thrown the good prople of that city into ecstacies.

The New Orleans National says:--

Upon careful examination of Gen. Taylor's porrait, there will be found marked upon it all the peculiarities which, we presume, in the physical, o be characteristic of the mind. The very high and rather narrow forehead, which in Gen. Talor, even more than in the portrait, strongly resem bles Walter Scott's, suggests the greatest facility of thought and expression. The reflective faculsition and a love for quiet humor. the prominent point; small and set deeply in the head, you see mirrored in it all the virtues an amenities of life. You see there the spirit that rompts Gen. Taylor to hear the humblest soldier's wrongs, and personally attend to their re-dress; that makes him loved as a neighbor and a gether." friend, that so markedly speaks the honest man. But as you look, you can discover in the depths of the mind that are thus but imperfectly displayd, that latent fire that you can imagine must be exhibited in the excitement of the battle-field, and gave to that calm and patriotic face a sternness of rpose as unyielding as the foundations of the

"POLK AND HIS GENERALS."-The Vicksburg Whig says that this new work will shortly appear. neinal "Generals" skectched are Antoni Lopez de Santa Anna. Thomas Hart Benton, and Gideon Pillow. The Whig predicts for it an immensa—rvn /

DECLARATION OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE IN CONGRESS, JULY 4, 1776. unanimous Declaration of the Thirteen United States of America.

WHER, in the course of human events, it becomes secessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume mong the powers of the earth the separate and equal tation to which the laws of nature and of nature 's God attille them, a decent respect to the opinions of manifest them. station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain onalienable rights; that among these are life, therty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever any form of government of the governed; that whenever any form of government heromed destructive of these ends, it is the right of the papple to alter of to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happtness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light, and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience

and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experient hath shown, that mankind are most disposed to suffe while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed.-But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pur suing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to after the former sufferance. The bistory of the been the patient sufferance of these colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter the former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain, is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these states. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world. He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbiden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, juniless suspended in their operation, still his assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature, a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual uncomfortable, and distant from the repository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatigueing them into compliance with nis measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing, with manuly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions to cause others to be elected: whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large, for their exercise, the state remaining in the mean time, exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He basendeavored to prevent the population of these states; for that purpose obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of hew appropriations of land.

He has bestructed the administration of Justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary

refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary

He has made judges dependant on his will alone, for out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislatures.

He has effected to render the military independent of,

MEXICO.—The latest accounts from the city state that about 20,000 troops had been collected in the city. They were represented to be in a given by the city of the city of the city of the city. They were represented to be in a given by the city of tended legislation :
For quartering large bodies of armed troops among

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should committ on the inhabitants of these states:

For cutting off ourtrade with all parts of the world:

For imposing taxes on us without our consent:

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by fury: al by jury : For transporting us beyond seas, to be tried for pre-

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a ror abousming the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitra-ry government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for in-troducing the same absolute rule into these colonies: For laking away our charter, tholishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the forms of outgovernments.

For suspending our own legislatures, and declaring
hemselves invested with power to legislate for us in
ill cases whatsoever.

He has abdictated government here, by declaring us

citions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince, whose character is thus marked by every et which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler o

a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties on our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitable interrupt our connections and of our common kindred, to disavow these which would inevitably interrupt our con

which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our seperation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war, in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in general Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world, for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states; that they are absolved from all aligniance to the British crown, and that all-political connection between them and the state of Great Britain, is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; of Great Britain, is, and ought to be, totally dis which independent states may of right do. And for the protection of Divine. Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacre-

AN AFFECTING SCENE .- Lieut. Talbot, wh as with Col. Fremont through all his troubles in California, has published a letter in the St. Louis Union, narrating the events which occurred, and the difficulties which had to be surmounted .-Coming to the insurrection headed by Jesus Pico, adies, nor did he volunteer when the State called the brother of the Governor, Pio Pico, and passing over his trial and condemnation to death, for breaking his parole, we find the subjoined description of a touching scene:

"There was no time to loose; the hour of 12 next day was fixed for the execution. It was 11 o'clock, and I chanced to be in the Colonel's room, when a lady with a group of children, followed by many other ladies, burst into the room throwing themselves upon their knees, and crying for mercy for the father and husband." It was th wife and children, and friends of Pico. Never did I hear such accents of grief. Never did ! witness such an agonizing scene. I turned away my eye, for I could not look at it, and soon heard from Col. Fremont, (whose heart was never form ed to resist such a scene,) the heavenly word of pardon.

"Then the tumult of feeling took a different army on contract, and making a fortune .- North turn. Joy and gratitude broke out, filled the room with benedictions, and spread to those without. To finish the scene the condemned man GEN. TATLOU'S PORTRAIT .- Mr. Atwood, the was brought in, and then I saw the whole impulartist, who repaired to the head quarters of Gen. siveness and fire of the Spanish character, when Taylor a short time since, to procure a likeness of excited by some powerful emotion. He had been he old hero for citizens of Philadelphia, has arri- calm, composed, quiet and almost silent, under his ved at New Orleans with a portrait that has trial and condemnation; but, at the word pardon, a storm of impetuous feeling burst forth, and throwing himself at the feet of Col. Fremont, he swore to him an eternal fidelity; and demanded the privilege of going with him and dying for

"But it was not all vet over with Col. Fremon His own men required the death of Pico-he had ne us much harm, and, in fact, was the head of the insurrection in that district, and had broken The Colonel went among them, and colmed the ferment in his own camp. He quieted his own men; but others, who were not there have since cried out for the execution of Pico, and made his pardon an accusation against Colunel Fremont. The pacified state of the country will answer the accusation, and show that it was a case in which policy and humanity went to-

"MORAL TREASON."-It is stated that Mr. Polk appointing Mexicans to subordinate offices in of Costoms, &c., in Mexico, and that his action in the premises produces a good deal of excitement among the loco-foco expectants of such places,-Is not this giving "aid and comfort to the enemy, and will it not elicit a chapter on "Moral Trean" from the Union!

Mr. Polk may soon have it in his power to do directly for his friend Santa Anna what he has ted to do indirectly. If Gen. Scott takes the city of Mexico it is not improbable, judging from the past, that Mr. Polk will appoint Santa Anna Governor thereof.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL PRILAD'A., June 27, 1847.

My Dear Sir :- This city is a queer place, q rather there are queer people living in it, and if we look at things as they occur, queer advent present themselves to the imagination of the be-holder. During the past week we have had James K. Polk, the Father of the new Democratic system among us, and we have feasted him, showed him to his friends and to his foes, and passed him over to our neighbors. All this we have done for the gratification of the people—for buncum; but we have done it without sincerity—without affection-without respect for the talent of the guest, or veneration for any of his acts or associates .-We, through our Mayor, made him a speechshowed him Independence Hall-talked of the departed heroes and statesmen who loved their country, but said nothing of the acts, or the wisdom of those who were sppointed to sustain it .--We then shook him by the hand, bid "God preerve him for many years" and placed him in the hands-in the keeping of Geo. M. Dallas, who since his memorable vote upon the tariff has walk-ed our streets unprotected—unmolested—unspoken to, or uncased for, by even his most sabid

cannot but exclaim what queer things take place in this queer city. But he has gone, and had it not been for the appearance of one of the heroes of Cerro Gorda, he would have departed from us without a cheer, or without any of their manifestations of kindness that have marked the course of his illustrious predecessors. But we are again quiet and his illus trious bost is left to contemplate the moral effect at Santa Anna's resignation—the disastrous effects of the famine in Ireland, and the consequences of Tepuhanac canal to the "industrial classes."
Your Obedient Servant. J. O

adherents. Such however is the fact, and when

we contemplate the chief magistrate of our na-

tion, supported only by his Kane and his Vice we

All sorts of Items.

A man by the name of Turney was hung in Canada last week. He confessed that he had committed six murders. A boat Captain was murdered at Syracuse, Y., on Friday night last.

In The Cotton crop in South Carolina looks

A riot occurred between some Irishmen and Americans, at Springfield, Mass., on the 28th ult. Several persons were severely injured. The Telegraph wires will soon be extendto Halifax. Nova Scotia, which will bring us

oo days nearer to England. The Council of New York city have caus ed the destruction of all Wooden Awning Posts in that city. A neat Iron Post has been adopted in Broadway. Awning Posts are a great nui-

sance in all cities and towns. Thomas S. Richards of Philadelphia has purchased Joseph Bonapartes residence at Bur-lington, N. J., for \$30,500. The buildings alone

ost over \$60,000. A person said to his friend, who was learning o take snuff, that it was wrong to teach one's nose a bad habit, as a man generally follows his

Gideon Pillow was a member of the Baltimor Convention of 1844. Flounces are by-gones in the world of Pari

Col. Alex. McClung, the gallant soldier, is th Whig candidate for Congress in the Columbus

district of Mississippi. A Cock FIGHT .- Two gentleman of Tennessee of the name of Cock, are pitted against each other for Congress. Gaff them and stand

" Well George." asked a friend of a young law yer, who had been 'admitted' about a year how do you like your new profession?' . The reply was accompanied by a brief sigh to suit the occasion- my profession is much better than my practice." A Father killed himself last Saturday week

conduct of his son. The act which immediately led to his seeking refuge in death, was the detection of his son in a theft from the money drawer of a grocery, for which he is now in FEMALE LABOR.-Not far from \$5,000.000 are yearly earned in Massachusetts by females em-

in Clarksville, Tenn, in consequence of the bad

ployed in the various factories and manufactories straw hats, stocks, &c. About 40,000 females are thus annually emoloyed. JOHN H. DONNERT, Esq., County Treasurer paid into the hands of the Trustees of the Penn sylvania Hall, last week, the sum of \$27,994 77 for damages sustained in its destruction by mob in May, 1838. This is paying pretty dear-

for the sport. Mahogany is becoming so cheap in England that ship builders are using it instead of teak wood. The reduction in price is caused by the extensive use of other woods, as black walnut, oak, &c., ia the manufacture of cabinet ware.

VERY Goon -A gentleman residing at the vest part of the city, says the Boston Times who had been very much annoyed by pedlers, has placed upon his door the following no ilers and Thieves are requested not to ring the bell, as the occupant of this house declines deal ing with them.

LETHEON. The most remarkable case of the use of the Letheon is that of a rich man in New York, who, while under its influence, had "extracted from him fifty dollars for a charitable pur ose, without experiencing the least pain or re-

Several flour spectators in New York have failed in consequence of the heavy decline in prices. They were quite confident that the Cambria would bring intelligence of a still further advance in

He who forgets the fountain from which he drank, and the tree under whose shade he gambolled in the days of his youth, is a stranger to

the sweetest impressions of the human neart. A PLAIN QUESTION -If a servant open a doo in the still midnight and give admission to a mur derous burglar, is he not an accessory, and as guilty as the other. If, then, Polk issued a pass to allow Santa Anna to creep through our block ading squadron, and gain admittance to Mexico to head the armies of our enemies, and murde

fue. Polk or SANTA ANNA! At a female debating society out West, the question was discussed—Is a mon a monkey !which was decided-"He is, until he shaves his "goatee" off! DUNATION.-Harmer Denny, of Pittsburg, has

our citizens, who is the most guilty, who most out

given 11 acres of land, said to be worth, in the market, full \$10,000, as a site for the erection of a public hospital. CHURCHES .- There are, it appears, in Cincinnati, just now. 70 church buildings finished, and

eix more in progress. DEXTHS IN NEW YORK .- There were 323 leaths in New York within the last week; 30 were from consumption, and 69 from the prevailwhole number but 191 were merican; all the rest were foreigners, 104 being

Miss Nancy Kendall, the daughter of the late Hon. James Kendall, of Leominster, Mass., at her decease, left two thousand dollars to promo the circulation of the Bible.

from Ireland alone.

A returned Pennsylvania volunteer passed up the Ohio river lately, with seven. Mexican skull in his possession. A man of refined taste, that! A NUNNERY IN PERRETLY ANIA .- The Catholics have purchased the beautiful estate of Mr. Cowperthwait, on the Delaware river, near Andalusia, Bucks county, for \$30,000. It is stated that it is to be converted into a nunnery. It is remarked of the Chinese language that

there is not a word in it that expresses the true idea of sin, and the only word which comes near Hams it is one eignifying a breach of politeness. Forty Millions of Dollars are yearly earned in Massachusetts, by the female operatives of that Dried do unpared "

Shocking outrages are occasionally perpetrated by members of the Army in Mexico. A recent letter states that a volunteer killed a woman in Matamoras because she refused him whiskey .-Another killed a man for the same offence, as he called it.

THE FOURTH OF JULY, 1847.

SUNDAY—to morrow, being INDEPENDENCE DAY, it is intended to make a draft on the liberality and patriotism of our citizens, for the especial benefit of the families of our absent Volunteers.

Without asking our Clergy, or their Congregations, to senction or condemn the present war with Mexico, we Without asking our Clergy, or their Congregations, to senction or condemn the present war with Mexico, we ask them all to contribute to the relief of our struggling towns women and the little children, who are in need by reason of this evil; and as circulars have been sent to all the Churches, it is expected they will be filled to overflowing to-morrow, that the indigent families of our absent Volunteers' may have cause to rejoice in this commendable fullness. "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord."—and it is meet, That we now "Cast our bread upon the waters."

J. M. C. J. M. C.
By order of Committee.

Billors Fryen generally begins with yawning stretching, pain in the bones, languor, giddiness, a swelling about the regions of the stomach, billous somiting, and other unpleasant symptoms.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Fills are one of the best medicines in the world-for the cure of Fevers, because they purge from the body those morlid humors which are the cause of ever, from four to eight of said Indian Vegetable Fills should be taken every night, or, if the symptoms are very violent, night and morning. This plan; if properly carried out, will, in a short time, subdue the most violent attack of fever; at the same ting the digestive organs will be restored to a healthy tone, and the blood so completely purified, that fevers, as well as every other disease, will be driven from the body, and health and vigor will be riven from the body, and health and vigor will be riven from the body, and health and vigor will be riven from the body, and health and vigor will be riven from the body, and bright's Indian Vegetable Fills.

For sale in Pottsville, by T. D. BEATTY; for other agencies, see advertisement in another column. The only original and genuine Indian Vegetable Fills, have the written signature of Wm. Wright's Indian Vegetable Fills, have the written signature of Wm. Wright's to the label of each box. To counterfeit this is forgery, and all others should be shunned as poison.

there should be shunned as poison. Cherry Valley, Otseco Co., N. Y., Oct. 4, 1815.

Mr. Seib W. Fowle: — Dear Sir: — Grattinde aloue prompts me to make the following communication, which I should, like to have published to the world. I have been afflicted for the last five years with a severe pain in the side, attended with a hacking cough and night is weats, so that I have not been able to do a day's work during all that time. I have been attended by three of the most respectable physicians in our vicinity, but obtained no relief. As a last resort I was induced to try Wistra's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I used three bottles and with entire success. I feel that I am restored, and rojoice in perfect health.

Signed, JOHN FERNS.
None gennine without the written signature of I. Butts.
For sale by John S. C. Martin, Druggist, Pottsville; Wm. Taggart, Tamaqua; Bickel & Medlar Orwigsburg; J. B. & J. A. Falls, Minersville; and Caleb Wheeler, Pinegrove.

t each box. To counterfeit this is forgery, and a

·Pictorial Papers. PICTORIAL Brother Jonathan, for the 4th of July,
Do Saturday Courier, do
Do Yankee Doodle,
Do New York Sun, do
Por sale wholesale and retail at
June 25—26] Book & Periodical Store

Single Copies () F the Miners' Journal can be obtained every Satu day at the following places:

At the counter; William Oldknows' Minersville; Henry Shissler's, Port Carbon. [June 12 24 Weekly City Papers.

DERSONS in want of the weekly city papers; to sell can have them supplied every week by leaving their inters at BANNAN'S Cheap Periodical Store. The Great Medicine of the Day. DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This medicine has the peculiar fortune of being recommended and prescribed by the most respectable physicians of the country, and only requires a trial to bring it into general use. His put up in quart bottles, and is six times cheaper than any other preparation. Doct. Townsend is a physician of great reputation in Albart, N. Y. and the Physicians generally in that city prescribe it in their practice. The following is a certificate from some of them: OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from hysicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned Physicians of the city of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and we believe it to see one of the most valuable preparations of the Sarsaparilla in the market.

H. H. PULING, M. D. H. WILSON M. D.

P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April I, 1816. Dr. Seymour, the writer of the following, is one one oldest and most respectable Physicians in Conn. Hartford, Ct., May 21, 4846
Dr. TOWNSEND.--Dear Sir: "Townsend's Sarsapatient of the stream of the The General Agency for the sale of the Sarsa-arilla is at Bandan's Bookstore Pottsville, where Drug-

parma is at Bandan's Bookstore Pottsville, where Druglists and others can be supplied wholesale at the Manuacturers prices. It is also for sale in Pottsville at

John G. Browns, Drug Store.

Clemens & Parvin's, Do.

John S. C. Martin's, Do.

55 See advertisement in another column. A circular optaining a large number of certificates from Physirs can be exan Price &l per bottle, or 6 Bottles for \$5. ealth Made Easy for the People,

Or Physical Training, to make their Lives, in this World, Long and Happy; by the Author of "Education: As It Is, Ought To Be, and Might Be." First American Edition, with Additions: BEING an elementary and interesting treatine of Self Knowledge. Containing short and entertain ng articles on Food, Heart, | Strength,

Vice—Youthful Errors—Woman how made delicate—
Woman's Virtues—Ambition, &c.

The whole designed for the noble purpose of improving and extending education among the people, imparting valuable knowledge on the physiology of the human frame, and the laws which govern mental and bodily health, &c., &c.

55 Any person sending 25 cents enclosed in a letter shall receive one cony by mail, or five conies will be sent for \$1. Address, postage paid,

ZIEBER & Co., Philadelphia. This valuable work contains (in duodecimo form)

Philadelphia, May 22, 1817 RELIGIOUS NOTICES. THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH. HE congregation of this Church, during the erection of their Church Edifice, worship in the Second

t Church, in Market Street, every Sunday mo or most charten and an and afternoon.

The morning Service commences at 8 o'clock.

The afternoon Service commences at 4 o'clock.

The Seats are free.—All persons are invited to attend

ie Services.

To morrow, being the 4th of July, a Sermon appoints to the day, will be delivered in the afternoon.

NEW PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Laying of the Corner Stone. () N Sunday, the 11th of July, at 4 o'clock, P. M., the Corner Stone of Trinity Church, now being creeted in this Borough, will be laid with appropriate religious

The Rt. Rev. Alonzo Potter, L. L. D. Bishop of the Diocese, will officiate on the occasion, and it is also expected that several of the Clergy from Philadelphia will be present and take part in the services.

The Rev. Clergy and Officers of the Church, will meet in the house of James Sillyman and move from thence in a body to the South east corner of the Church, together with as many of the Congregation and citizens as may please to join in the procession. The corner stone will then be laid, after which addresses will be delivered chants sung by the Choir, and a collection taken up in aid of the building fund.

Our friends and fellow citizens are respectfully invited to most with an area. to meet with us upon the occasion, and aid us by their presence and their means, to build the walls of the house to be consecrated to the worship of our common

Lord and Saviour. CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, for merly the Universalist Church, Second street near Market. The Rev. W. Wilson Bonnell of the Presbylerian Church (Old School) will preach every Sabbath themood at 3-12 o'clock and evening at 8 p'clock in he above named church. Also on Western ngs there will be a lecture at 8 o'clock.

OUR MARKET. CORRECTED CAREFELLY FOR THE JOURNAL Wheat Flour, Vheat bushel Clover Dozen Hay Dried Peachespared Bush.

\$10 Libraries. CONTAINING 100 volumes, published by the American Sunday School Union, No. 1 and 2, each 100 volumes, together with a general assortment of Sunday School books and requisites, always for sale at Union prices, at BANNAN'S Unice 25 Wholesale and Retail Book Stora MARRIED

in Philadelphia on Wednesday merning, the 30th ult., by the Rev. H. Furness, S. C. Thiwing, of Boston, to Anne S. Haven, daughter of Mr. Thumas Haven, that city.
On the 29th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Burg, Mr. John Adam Paperst, to Miss Gerreude Harman, all of Pottsville.
On the same day by the same, Mr. Charles Shitm to Miss Margaret Flieder, both of New Philadelphia.
On the same day by the same Mr. Michael Joseph Wiseman, to Miss Robina Herringer, both of Port Carbon. Carbon.
On Wednesday June 2th by the Rev. John Maddless, Mr. Daniel L. Winterstrein of Port Carbon, to Miss Elizabeth W. Shaw, of Pottgville.

DEATHS.

On Monday 23th inst., at the residence of her soin-law, G. C. Wynkoop, Mrs. ELIZABETH LEE WALEER On Friday, the sension, son of E. O. and Elizabeth Jackson, aged 4 months and 2 days.

At Port Clinton, on the 7th ult. Mr. Peter Matters, in the 40th year of his age
On the 23d ult. at Mineraville, Maddalena, infant daughter of Jacob and Caroline Wernert.

OBITUARY.

Died in this Borough on Saturday last, Mi SILLYMAN, Senr., in the 68th year of his age. Mr. Sillyman was a highly respectable citizen, an one of the oldest inhabitants of our Borough. For number of years past, he had lived a very retired life and but few were aware that he resided among us -During a residence of 18 years we recollect of only seeing him twice in our streets, and then he was on his way to the ballot-hox to deposite his vote; a duty, which neither age or infirmity caused him to neglect ip to the time of his death. He has left a numerous family of children, gran children, and great grand children, to mourn his loss

OBITUARY.

Departed this life, in this Borough, on the 30th a It is with feelings of deep sorrow that we announ death that has shed so unusual a gloom on our commo y. It is seldem that we find one moving only in the que sphere of private life, on whom was centred in so great degree the esteem and affections of his fellow citizens, on him, to whose many virtues we would pay a will tribute. It was an esteem gained by a life of unbleme ed probity-an affection won by the continual exerce

of kind offices to all around him.

At an early age Mr. Nichols entered the Navy as Mil. hipman, and shared actively in the dangers and sucre of that arm of the service during the last war. In the spring of 1813, he was attached to the Chesepeakers was with her during the engagement with the Shanon. Having just come from shore, he was in full dress, when he vessel went to action, and thus affording a conspin ous object to the fire of the enemy, he soon fell, struck is the breast by a ball which he carried in his body until death. After the unfortunate issue of that action h remained for a long period a prisoner at Halifax, and on his return, enveloped by a wound from which his return. very was almost miraculous, he was obliged by it toleste his profession and enter into other pursuits. He came a this county in 1818, since which time until within the few months, by fur the largest portion of his life hashwith us, and among us. As one of the earliest pioneer the great trade on which we all depend, and filling at rious times different responsible stations, he was unite ally known and universally beloved

In the midst of his career, in the full enjoyment of his health and strength, he has been suddenly called to de part, and while we seek not to intrude upon the sale of the grief which finds but fresh cause for its exerciin the review of his well spent life, we ask but to than while we commemorate, the general sorrow felt for !

PLOUR. 140 bbls of Four in Store, and for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by sale in lots to suit purchasers, by
July 3, '47.] NORTON & HESSER

1000 bushels of Oats, just received and I NORTON & HESSER July 3, '47.1 200 hus, Corn, received and for sale by NORTON & HESSER

July 3, 1847.

Notice Is hereby given that an application will be muthernext Legislature, for a Bank to be located bottough of Minersville, Schuylkill County, to be the Mechanics Bank lof Schuylkill County, wi pital of One Hundred and Fifty : Th and the privilege of increasing it to Two Hun Thousand Dollars. Signed

SAMUEL KAUFFMAN, MICHAEL WEAVER, ABRAHAM TROUT, JAMES B. FALLIS, MIDELSVILLE, JUNAS BAST, MIDELSVILLE, MI JACOB HEISLER, August Ter 1847.

Elijah Hammer, administrator, &c, of Daniel Focht deceased, and Estier Focht widow, Joseph, Hannah, Charles, James, George, Abrahani, Hiram, and Aurori children and he its of said deceased, with notice to Alias Sci F uire ex non i Maria Fo. ht an l'other terre tenant Debt 511 5: Berks County ss.

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvac to the Sheriff of Berk. County, Gre ing: Whereas, Jacob Heisler, lately our Court of Common Pleas, before Judges, at Reading, at our Court of Co mon Fleas, held for the County of Ber in the Ferm of January, in the year of in the Fermot January, in the year of the control of the same Court, recovered again Daniel Focht, late of the Same Court, Yeoman, as well the judgment of the same Court, recovered spans, Daniel Focht, late of Le Fa County, Yeoman, as well it of a certain debt of five hundred and forty one Dollan and fifty-eight cents lawful money of Pennsylvans, a fifty cents, which to the same Jacob Heisler, in our nid Court were adjudged for this damages, which he subtaned by occasion of the detention of that debt, where the said Daniel Focilit is convict, as it appears to us or record, and whereas the said Daniel Foch has sindied, and Elijah Hammer has by a due course of his hecome his administrator, and now, on behalf of the said Jacob Heisler, live have understood in our sustanding the court, that althoughljudgment thereof is given, exection, nevertheless, for the debt and damages aformis, still remains to be made to him, wherefore the said Jacob Heisler besought us to grant him a proper remedy in his behalf; and because we are willing that what is jud in this behalf should be done, we command you, use have before commanded you that by good and lawfi men of your bailiwick, you make known to the individual control of the said when the proper commanded your bailiwick, the said successions and the said men of your bailiwick, you make known to the individual control of the said were the said successions. have before commanded you that by good among men of your bailiwick, you make known to the ide Elijah Hammer, Administrator of Daniel Focht, ord and to Esther Eocht widow, Joseph Hannah, Chades James, George, Arbaham, Hiram and Aaron, children and heirs of said deceased, with notice to Maria Focht and the comments, that they be and appear before the comments. and theirs of said deceased, with notice to Maria Foch, and other terre tennins, that they be and appear before our Judges, at Reading, at our County Count of Common Pleas, there to be held on the first Mönday in Adrext, to show if anything for themselves, they have of know to say, why the said Jacob Heisler ought note have execution against them for the debt and damigt aforesaid, according to the force, form and effect of the recovery aforesaid, lifthey shall think fit, and forther do and receive what jour said Courts shall then said there consider in this behalf. And have you then then the names of those by whom you shall make the sacknown to; and this writ.

Witness the Homorable J. Pringle Jones, Esq., Predent Judge of they apid Court, at Reading, the twenty

dent Judge of the gaid Court, at Reading, the to first day of May, in the year of our Lord, one the eight hundred and forty-seven. ed and forty-seven.
PETER STROHECKER, Prothon fary Reading, July 3, 1517 August Term

DANIEL YODER. Elijah Hammer Administrator, &c. of Daniel Forth, dec'dl and Esther Forth, widow, Joseph, Hannah, Charles, James, George, Abraham, Hiram and Aaron Forth, children and Heirs of said deceased, with notice to Maria Forth, and other terre tenants. 89, Jan. Term 1842. 1847. Alias Sci F: , quire ex non à Debt \$460 0

notice to Maria Jan. Term 1842.

Berks County, 55.

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvane, to the Sheriff of Berks County, Greeting: Whereas, Daniel Yoder, Litely our Court of Common Pleas, before an Indiges at Reading at our Court of Common Pleas, before an Indiges at Reading at our Court of Common Pleas, heat for the County of Berks in the Term of January, in the year our Lord, one thousand leight hundred and forty Two by the Judgment of the same Court, recovered against the County of Pennsylvania, as fifty, whit is the same Dane Yoder in our said Court were adjudged for his damar, whithis has sustained by occasion of the detents of that debt, whereof the said Daniel Rocht is convict if it appears to wis of record, and whereas the said Daniel Focht has issueedided und Elljish Hammer, has by a due course of law become his administrator and now on behalf of the said Daniel Yoder we have undersood in our same Court, that hithough judgment thereof us given, execution, nevertheless, for the debt and damages aforesaid, still remains to be made for him, where fore the said Daniel Yoder beaought us to grant has proper remedy in this behalf; and because we are willing that what is just in this behalf should he done, who command you, as we have before commanded you the horizon of the said Elljah Hammer, Administrator of the county of the said Elljah Hammer, Administrator of the county of the said Elljah Hammer, Administrator of the county Court of Common Pleas, there to be be on the first Monday in August next, to shew, if another to Maria Focht, and other terre remains that they be and appear before our Judges, at Reading, at they be and appear before our Judges, at Reading, at the first health on the first Monday in August next, to shew, if another the more of those by whom you shall make the same known to, and this writ.

Petition of the mand there could be a manuary of the shalf. And have you then there is the horto, form and effect of the recovery aforestat the force, form and effect of the recovery aforestate the force

hundred and forty seven.
PETER STROHECKER, Prothynology
Reading, July 3, 1847.