POTTSVILLE.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 5, 1843.

Insurance.

The subscriber, Agent for one of the best Insurance offices in Philadelphia is prepared to make insurances on all descriptions of property such as Houses, Mills, Stables, Goods, Furniture, &c., &c., at the very lowest rates. B. BANNAN.

☞ V. B. Palmer, Esq., No. 59 Pine Street, Philadelphia is authorised to act as Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for this paper.

We refer our readers to the proceedings of the county meeting which are placed at length in another column. The concourse present was not so great as might have been desired, but we account for this very naturally as the result of that unanimity of feeling which exists throughout the whole Whig party in this county. With our friends of the opposition the case was different; there are a number of aspiring office seekers, and a variety of conflicting interests in operation, which draw into the arena their respective adherents all ready and watchful to take advantage of any opening in favor of their favorites. Thus we account for the difference, yet still we think it the duty of every good Whig, no matter how great the harmony, to be present at such periods, and aid by his voice and presence, the manifestations of feeling and enthusiasm in the cause.

CAMP DE KALB.—The time for holding this Encampment is rapidly approaching. The preparations are nearly all completed, and it promises to be a truly brilliant and animated display. Companies and visitors from various portions of the State will be present, and every arrangement necessary to insure a completely successful parade has been made. Our Borough companies are drilling nightly, and evince by their zeal a determined intention not to be last in point of discipline. Major General Wm. H. Keim will review the troops on Saturday, the 19th, and General Scott, Governor Porter, Col. R. M. Johnson, and several other distinguished persons are expected to be present. The Committee intend to hold their target firing on Monday, the 21st, and propose having a brilliant display of fire works the same evening. Judging from everything we have seen and heard, connected with this proposed Encampment, we are justified in predicting that it will be the most splendid affair of the kind ever seen in the State.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE POST MASTER GENERAL.—Quite an excitement has been occasioned by an attempt upon the life of Mr. Wickliffe, by a young man named John McLean Gardner, son of Colonel C. K. Gardner, first Auditor of the Post Office Department. The occurrence took place on board the steamboat Georgia, on her way from Norfolk to Baltimore. As Mr. Wickliffe, with his daughters and niece, were advancing towards the dining saloon, Gardner encountered the party, and before his purpose could be well conjectured, suddenly raised a knife, with which he had been cleaning his nails, and with great violence stabbed Mr. W. in the chest.—Gardner was instantly seized by Lieut. Bradford, and prevented from repeating the blow; his person was then properly secured, and he was in guarded custody until the boat reached Baltimore, where he was taken in charge by an officer, and committed to jail until a further examinat on could be had. From a number of circumstances, it is supposed that Gardner is deranged. Mr. Wickliffe himself thought so, and despatched a person to prevent his commitment if possible.

LADIES' FAIR.—On Thursday next, the 10th inst. the Ladies of the Protestant Episcopal Church will throw open their rooms for this long contemplated sale. It will no doubt prove a brilliant affair, as we know that great preparations have been made, for some time past, to insure the complete success of the undertaking. Articles of nearly every description, from the beautiful and fanciful to the useful and necessary, will be spread out for disposal in the greatest profusion. Every one should go, for independent of the beauty which beckons you on all sides to purchase, we are assured by the Ladies that each one shall receive an equivalent for his outlay. Among other sources of revenue, provided for by the fair, we understand that a Post Office Department has been attached to it, where upon paying the requisite postage, all despairing lovers can receive the happiest assurances of their felicity—ladies in doubt will read there the respect ful devotion of admirers—business men will hear of flattering prospects, and profitable sales; and all who are in trouble, anxiety or fear, will through that comfortable medium have each of these unpleasant sensations removed. We predict for the ladies that success which their laudable and worthy enterprise so richly deserves, and hope that the event may prove a truly prophetic.

The two large Parlours of the Pennsylvania Hall have been kindly granted for the occasion, and the rooms will be kept open for visitors from 9 o'clock in the morning until 10 o'clock in the evening of each day.

RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT.—Quite a dreadful and fatal accident occurred on the Reading and Pottsville Rail Road, two miles above Reading, at about 3 o'clock in the morning of last Monday. A laden train of cars going down the road came into collision with an empty train, and the concussion was so evident as to break and crush them to pieces—Two men, George Hickman and Daniel Forawalt were instantly killed, and five or six others were badly injured. One train was so broken as to be completely ruined, we have not yet learnt the amount of damage done, but suppose it to be considerable.

☞ Quite a singular phenomenon was observed at Quebec a few days since. It occurred between 10 and 11 o'clock at night, and was witnessed by a number of persons. The moon fell down apparently, the space of several feet, and then jumped suddenly back again to her old place; continuing her solitary eccentricity several times. This singular sight took place in the direction of the valley of the St. Charles, and was doubtless caused by the delusive agency of the heavy mist at that time arising thence. A great many persons were inclined to turn Millerites, and believed that the end of all things had come.

MILITARY.—Capt. Nagle's company of Independent Blues, paraded on Thursday last, the first anniversary of their inspection, and marched through our street to the Camp ground, where they had a long and pleasant drill. The weather was delightful—the arms and equipments were bright, and the company marched and looked extremely well. Their beautiful new flag, the late gift of the ladies, was borne proudly in front of the company by the Ensign. This is an excellent corps, and promises to be one of the first in the State.

☞ The two last weeks composed the period for holding the Court in Orwigsburg. Very little business of importance was transacted, in consequence of the indisposition of his Honor Judge Eldred, who was so ill as to be unable to attend after the first day of the Term. All the minor causes were disposed of by the Associates, but there still remains much unfinished for the next Term.

A native American paper called the "Pioneer," has been lately started in New York.

☞ The last number of the Berks and Schuylkill Journal contains quite an ill-natured article upon the subject of the late reduction of fare on the Pottsville and Reading Rail Road, and in the course of its remarks observes that Pottsville probably needed the change. We would advise our brother of the Journal to keep cool, and at the same time would gently insinuate that such an expression ought to have emanated from any other place rather than Reading.

When the fare to Pottsville was $3 50, the fare from Philadephia to Northumberland was reduced to $4 the whole passage. No one found fault with the arrangement, but on the contrary, it was first suggested here, and all felt pleased with the result. It was the interest of the Rail Road Co. which first suggested the change, and our neighbors should bear in mind that it costs but little more to carry a passenger from Philadelphia to Pottsville than to Reading. On all rail-road and steamboat routes as the distance increases, the proportion of the fare is reduced, with the object alone of increasing the amount of travelling over the whole extent.

We again say that Reading should be the last to find fault with this arrangement Are not all the workshops of the Company located there? Have not many of the offices on the road been filled by her citizens? Have they not been feted, feasted and petted by the company? And what has Schuylkill county, who furnishes the main support of the road, ever received from them that now when an arrangement is made, which was entirely unknown to our citizens until completed, we should be thus attacked. We should not have noticed this matter had it not been for the illiberal and unfair slur which was cast upon Pottsville in the editor's comments, and now dismiss it with the hope that we may never again be compelled to advert to it.

NICHOLAS BIDDLE.—This gentleman has been sojourning in Pottsville for the last week, and left here on Thursday morning for Philadelphia. Mr. Biddle has lately created some stir by a letter addressed to the Editor of the Philadelphia Enquirer on the subject of the State Debt. He insists that foreign bond holders can sue the Commonwealth in the United States Supreme Court, and obtain judgement against the whole State and all its appurtenances, mercantile, manufacturing, and agricultural. Mr. B., among other excellent things in this letter, says:

"I need not say that in all this, I have not a particle of personal interest—not owning a dollar of this debt, to pay, which I am to be taxed. But I am not the less anxious on that account for its payment. It grieves me to see the great cause of free institutions tarnished by the misconduct of Pennsylvania. It pains me to see our ancient Commonwealth thus dishonored—nor, with the blessings of God, shall I, while I have life, cease my poor efforts to rescue her from the shame and degradation to which her present career is hastening her."

☞ In the last number of the Carbon County Transit, we notice, what we are compelled to consider, an uncalled for and discourteous charge against us. The writer accuses us of making "frequent" mistakes in the calculation of our coal reports, and in a patronising way requests us to be more careful for the future. Now we are aware of having made one typographical error in a late report, that we corrected immediately after, which will probably account for the *frequency* of the mistakes. The editor of the Transit is a new hand at the business, and has not yet learned that typographical errors, when occurring accidently, are not noticed by the courteous cotemporary. They will occasionally take place in additions and thus escape the notice of the reviser. A mistake of two or three thousand tons, which would form an item of fearful magnitude in the shipments of *another* region, is scarcely noticed in a business like ours.

LOCO FOCO MEETING AT ORWIGSBURG.—On Monday last, the Locofocos held a meeting in the Court House at Orwigsburg. Their whole proceedings were characteristic of the party, and the resolutions passed were of that non-committal character which might suit any emergency—they were neither tariff or anti-tariff—nothing fixed, definite or positive, and as we intend reviewing them at length next week, we forbear saying anything further at present.

NOT SO BAD.—We heard one of our friends the other day, who by the bye, is a practical joker, recommend to a poor fellow affected with the Grippe, a plaster of *tar*, on the back of the neck and the forehead, as a certain specific for the malady.—We did not learn whether the patient followed the suggestion or not, but if he did, he ought to understand its efficacy by this time.

CLAY MEETING IN LANCASTER.—This meeting which was held on Saturday last, was the greatest outpouring of people ever before witnessed in the State. Much enthusiasm prevailed, and several excellent speeches were made, among the list of speakers we notice the names of James S. Wallace, and Morton McMichael, Esquires, of Philadelphia. The feeling is generally increasing, and will continue to swell until the contest of '44 shall kindle it into one broad blaze of triumph.

ANOTHER REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIER GONE.—Mr. James Newell, an old soldier of the Revolution, who fought at the battles of Lexington and Yorktown, and at the taking of Ticonderoga, died at Boston on Saturday morning. He was buried at Mount Auburn, under arms, the Washington Artillery, Capt. Richards, with the Brigade Band, performing the military honors.

☞ The moon has again made her appearance above us, and our young folks are determined to enjoy her pure rays whilst they remain. Moonlight is a great ally to the passions, and the timid heart beneath its influence has been boldly and enthusiastically. The queen of night is a sad witch to the loving tribe, and many a poor mortal when basking in its beauty has been induced to seal his earthly destiny. But nevertheless—hurrah for the moonlight, say we.

FORCIBLE.—The New York correspondent of the Madisonian, among other reasons which he gives against the nomination of Martin Van Buren, to the Presidency, says that he should not be nominated because "*he cannot be elected.*"

Major Freas, of the Germantown Telegraph, complains bitterly of the annoyance to which he is subjected by beggars. He says he has tried every method to drive them away, and he has concluded as a last resort to compel each applicant to read the Telegraph fifteen minutes—the last remedy is certain!

☞ Passing by Mr. A. B. White's new store, a few days since, we saw the counters piled up with foreign looking boxes, which we were told contained prime Havannas. Those who delight in the weed, will no doubt take advantage of this arrival.

☞ The weather for the last week has been delightful—genial days, cool evenings, and an occasional shower to refreshen the atmosphere. Vegetation wears an aspect of renewed vigour, and the farmers talk cheeringly of their prospects.

☞ Nearly thirty lots for refreshment booths were distributed to different persons on the Camp Ground, last Wednesday. Quite a trade will be driven in small beer there that week.

John Tyler is now styled the "Calamitous Accident." That will do.

ANOTHER ATTEMPTED FRAUD UPON THE PUBLIC.—A book purporting to contain the speeches of Mr. Calhoun, delivered in the Congress of the United States, has been published by Harper & Brothers. The work is intended to give the reader an insight into the character and principles of Mr. Calhoun, through his speeches, and the compiler, whoever he may be, has fraudulently suppressed many of the most important speeches. We copy the following, in relation to this attempt, from the National Intelligencer:

"The compilers have absolutely omitted and suppressed every one of the Speeches delivered during the term of Mr. Calhoun's service in Congress, from December 18, 1811, (a few days after he took his seat in the House of Representatives) to 1817, when he retired from Congress, though these Speeches actually embraced and covered "*all* the great political questions that agitated the country," and constituted the foundation of that reputation as a statesman, which placed Mr. Calhoun first in the Cabinet of Mr. Monroe, and afterwards in the Vice Presidential chair."

No one would accuse Mr. Calhoun himself of being cognizant to, or conniving at such a deception. Although possessing political principles of an ultra, and dangerous character, he has invariably acted openly, and has never subjected himself to the slightest imputation of political dishonesty.

TYLERISM.—The selfish debasing ambition of this man Tyler, is winning for him daily the unmitigable disgust of every honest man in community. The Baltimore Patriot holds the following justly severe language in relation to his shameful duplicity, every word of which deserves to be re-echoed by the just and pure republican:

"There is no word—there can be no word invented—which by association or application can express to the people of the United States so fully and so clearly the ineffable meanness of an act, as this word Tylerism. It embraces all the degrees of treachery, public, private and official—it includes all the significations of baseness, sordid, vile and mean—it expresses to the mind all that can be conceived of littleness in office, littleness out of office, littleness in the social circle—it characterizes an act which arouses the indignation, the contempt, the scorn of every honest man—it shuts out the idea of every sort of good, remote, present or past—it applies to every thing wanton, disgraceful and dishonorable—it signifies that very worst, last and meanest act which a mortal being would or could commit, and the very last thing which a man would like to be identified with—it is something disreputable, whether regarded in the abstract or the concrete, and covers the act and the actor all over with disgrace, making him a moral leper. As the Globe forcibly expresses it, it is that thing which "is death to any one who willingly receives it."

A MURDER IN TENNESSEE.—A letter to the New York Tribune dated Cherryville, Tenn., July 14, says:

"There is quite an excitement among us at present, occasioned by several negroes murdering a young white man in our vicinity—a young man of great personal worth and first family. They (the negroes) have confessed their guilt and purpose, which was to murder as many of the whites as possible, or those who were supposed to have most money, and make their escape to a free State. An abolitionist brought on a few goods from Pennsylvania and located in this county. He it was, so say the negroes, that instilled into them their diabolical intentions. The reason why their first intentions were not carried out, is that there was a misunderstanding as to the time appointed, consequently there was not a simultaneous action. The negroes are now in jail, and a rigorous investigation is going on among the negroes by the whites, and so far almost every negro in the neighborhood is involved."

BUFFALO HUNT.—We copy the following from the Boonville [Mo.] Observer, of the 12th instant:

"We have information of the success of the party which left our city in the Spring, for the purpose of hunting buffalo. Mr. Garnett, the gentleman connected with Mr. M'Cormack in this novel enterprise, has been home several days, and he has related to us the result. The party went out 300 miles above Independence. They caught about 100 calves, and selected 32, with which they started home, only one of the calves having died, when he left the balance of the company within the settlements, having 31, which he says will be brought in. The calves were selected two heifers to a bull. The result of this hunt will undoubtedly give those who are fond of novelty and sport, an itching to gratify themselves with a trip next Spring."

☞ We have taken the following caution from one of our exchanges, it having been copied from the Brooklyn News. We have seen one or two notes of the same kind in this Borough, and would advise our citizens to be on their guard against them:

"CAUTION.—Several of our shopkeepers were yesterday defrauded by receiving bills purporting to be issued by the *Globe Bank* of New York. There is no such bank, and storekeepers would do well to arrest any person attempting to pass these bills."

☞ The newspapers of the country are all filled with grateful descriptions of the late shower. The excessively dry weather we have lately suffered, had lengthened the visages of the farming community to quite a lugubrious extent. The rain came just in time the save distrust in the crops.

☞ A new work entitled the "Attache in London," has been issued by the author of Sam Slick. We have seen several extracts from it, and judge it to be a regular side shaker, and although it wants the abusive misrepresentations and ill natured irony of Dickens, we are very much mistaken if it does not share closer and keener.

"The Globe warns those of its party who take office under this administration, that the 'Tyler touch will be death to whoever receives it.' Stand from under!"

What do the Locofocos care from whom they take offices, provided they always receive the *quid pro quo*, viz—the salary?

☞ We are pleased to announce that on Thursday last, John K. Clement, Esq., was, on motion of Christopher Loeser, Esq., admitted to practice as an attorney in the several Courts of Schuylkill county.

A Lancaster correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer, calls friend Wallace of the Forum, Colonel—probably mistook him for one of the Governor's *aids*.

The Philadelphia Inquirer says, "President Tyler has written a very friendly letter to the Emperor of China"

☞ A fatal rencontre took place in Warrenton Virginia, last Monday, between Mr. R. Lee and a Mr. Moore. Lee was shot and expired immediately.

☞ The Globe and Madisonian are hammering away at each other on behalf of their respective candidates, most lustily—these family squabbles are excessively amusing to lookers on.

A CHARACTER.—Major Noah, in the second number of his "Messenger," says, "We should like to see the man who could get Spencer out of an office he was determined to retain; not even the President himself can get him out."

410 new buildings have been commenced in Cincinnati, since Spring.

All sorts of Items.

(Original and Selected.)

Mike Walsh is busily at work exposing the villainy of some of the police officers, and other dignitaries of New York.

What has become of Corporal Streeter?—hav'n't seen his Star for two weeks—nothing wrong we hope—how is it, old Virginny!

Henry T. Hall, Esq., has been elected Mayor of Columbus, Geo., in place of the Hon. Jacob L. Moses, resigned.

Some villains recently set fire to the wheat field of Mr. C. Shoemaker, near Muncy, in Lycoming county, Pa.

Col. R. M. Johnson was sick with the Influenza at the last accounts.

The drought has been very severe in New England, and in eastern New York, and New Jersey. Grass, fruit and corn have suffered very material damage.

JOHN Q. ADAMS was at the last advices at Rochester, on his return from Niagara Falls.

Bishop McIlvaine, is in New York soliciting funds to relieve the embarrassments of Kenyon College, in, Ohio.

During the year 1841, 928 women made application, in France, for separation from their husbands; while the husbands who applied, only amounted to 59 in number.

The Louisville Whig says that about 600 buildings will be put up in that city this season.

The lady of Ex-Governor Edwards died on Thursday morning at New Haven. Her age was about 56.

LOWELL, Mass, has contributed $3,600 to the relief of the Fall River sufferers.

A Mr. Monateith, an Englishman, was drowned by the capsizing of a boat while crossing the Ohio, Madison, Ind. on the 17th inst.

There were about 200 visiters at the White Sulphur Springs, Va., on the 25th.

Twenty inches water in the channel at Pittsburg on Monday.

A horse mackerel was caught in a weir near Belfast on Tuesday. He weighed 650 pounds

Henry Dagget, a veteran of the Revolution, was buried with martial honors at New Haven, Ct., on Saturday, the 22nd. Peace to his ashes.

The Misses Shaw are giving Concerts at Baltimore.

The Little Rock Gazette, for many years the leader of all the Loco Focoism of Arkansas, has become a Whig paper.

Five dollar counterfeit bills on the Bank of Commerce, N. Y., are in circulation.

The Abolitionists advertise that they will hold a National Convention on the 30th and 31st of this month, to meet each day at 10 A. M., in the city of Buffalo.

Four thousand strangers arrived at Saratoga during the week ending July 29th.

Mr. Samuel Appleton, of Boston, has presented $1000 to Dartmouth College.

Mr. Porter, Secretary of War, arrived at Albany a day or two ago.

The Caledonia carries out 15,000 letters, and 15 bushels of newspapers.

Wise, the Aeronaut, is to make his 42d ascension from Lancaster to-day.

The evil complained of, by our correspondent in the following communication, calls for immediate remedy on the part of our authorities. The pathway is a dangerous one, and the absence of a railing renders it the more perilous, as the pedestrian has no protection from vehicles.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MR. EDITOR:—There was a railing put up on the side of the path-way between this and the "York Store," for the purpose of making it safe to persons travelling along it, but in its present condition, it is very unsafe and dangerous—and certainly evinces great negligence and want of attention on the part of those whose business it is to keep it in repair. You will therefore confer a favour upon me by calling their attention to it.

ANDAX.

Pottsville, August 2, 1843.

ALARMING INTELLIGENCE FROM THE INDIAN COUNTRY.—Six Mackinaw boats arrived last evening from the Platte river, with Robes to P. Choteau, jr. & Co. We have been permitted see a letter from the U. S. Blacksmith at Willow Creek, (Pawnee country.) to his friend in this city, dated on the 29th of June, giving an account of the murders committed by the Sioux Indians upon the Pawnees, and upon the wife of the Blacksmith. His wife was shot on Tuesday morning, the 27th, about 7 o'clock. The husband had endeavored to save her by shutting her up in the shop, but she had not time to bolt the door, and it was burst open. She was killed, and they fell to whipping the Blacksmith, without doing him serious injury, having their guns all the while cocked, ready to fire.

The Indians had also killed Lushapel, the U. S. Interpreter, who had been in that country for 25 years, Capo Blue, first Chief of the Pawnee Tappages, and father-in-law of the Interpreter; a son-in-law of the old Chiefs Moulin, and several other Chiefs and Braves, young men, women and children. It is also stated, that out of 41 Lodges, 21 of the largest were burnt, and most of the horses were stolen or killed on the spot. The Pawnee Indians had left their villages to go on their Spring Hunt. Willow Creek from whence this letter is dated is 150 miles up the Platte river, and the Sioux are 250 miles above it.

A WEDDING PARTY POISONED.—The Elmira Gazette gives the following account of an occurrence which took place at Southport, to the great peril of nearly twenty-five persons.

In preparing the cake for the wedding of Mr. Dalrymple, an article called sugar-sand was procured in this village, for the purpose of putting on the top of the cake. This sand appears to have been made of a new article of paint called French green, instead of another green in common use, because it was much prettier, but which appears to be much more poisonous. The confectioner knew, that, like all other greens, it contained some poison, but supposed it not sufficient to injure any one, unless taken too freely. The base of the French green, so called, is supposed to be arseniate of copper, which is highly poisonous. We understand that all who partook of the cake were more or less affected, some very seriously, though we believe all are recovering.

MAKING TELESCOPES IN THIS COUNTRY.—Mr. Lewenberg, an optician of New York, is now constructing the largest refracting telescope we have ever had in this country. He has obtained from a manufactory at Boston, an 8½ inch glass, which is larger than any in the telescopes in use here. The largest and best instrument in this country, is the telescope at West Point, procured from Europe. Its glass is 6½ inches. Mr. Lewenberg assures the editor of the Post, that it is not necessary to send to Europe for these glasses, inasmuch as, in this country, in Boston for example, double and treble achromatic glasses can be manufactured of a larger size than they can be made in Europe. It is already certain a 12 inch glass can be made here, and experiments are going on, from which hopes are entertained, that a twenty-four inch glass can be produced. This would make the largest telescope in the world.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG COUNTY MEETING.

A meeting of the Democratic Whigs of Schuylkill County was held at the Court House, in the Borough of Orwigsburg, the 1st inst. On motion, GEORGE N. ECKERT, of Pinegrove, was called to the Chair, and Ludwig Berger, Capt. John Heffner, and Col. B. Ayerigg, were appointed Vice Presidents, and Joseph Morgan and John C. Neville, Esqs., as Secretaries.

After the call of the meeting was read, on motion, a Committee of five, consisting of Benjamin Bannan, Maj. Jacob Wagner, Adam Hertzog, Benjamin T. Taylor, and George Mortimer, were appointed to report proceedings to the meeting.

On motion, the above Committee were also empowered to select conferees and also delegates to the State Convention.

In the absence of the Committee, John Bannan, Esq., after being called upon, addressed the meeting in an able manner, and was followed by James H. Campbell, Esq., who with his accustomed eloquence, spoke long and nervously in relation to the present situation of the country, and commented severely upon the principles of the Locofoco party in their support of John Tyler.

The Committee then returned and offered to the meeting the following resolutions, which on motion, were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It becomes us, the people of the United States, when great national questions are agitated, and fundamental principles are to be settled, to meet in our primary assemblages, and express our views and opinions, and to remember when we do so, that we have a country to preserve, free institutions to protect—the liberty bequeathed to us by the illustrious fathers of our Revolution, to hand down to our children, and therefore it becomes us to act with prudence, wisdom and energy—whether our foes are foreign or domestic—whether they come with the standard of blood and revolution above them, or rise up in our midst hostile to our dearest interests, and sworn foes to all those cardinal doctrines which have ever been recognized as the land marks and protection of our country, we, the freemen of the land, are bound to repel them with all the energy God has given us.

We have arrived at an important era in our political affairs, and it becomes us to speak out, and spare not. We have a wily foe to contend with—we have treason and treachery, and the corrupting influence of the public monies to meet, and believing, as we do, that there is but one person upon whom we can all unite, and who will gallantly carry the ship of the Union through every storm, and restore happiness and prosperity to the country—Therefore be it

Resolved, That in HENRY CLAY, of Kentucky, we recognize the most illustrious statesman of the age—a sound patriot, and an honest man, and we will give him our united support for the Presidency in 1844.

Resolved, That John Tyler is joined to his idols, and we will let him alone; and if his Loco foco friends desire to reward treason the most foul, and baseness the most contemptible, they can *try* to make him President in 1844.

Resolved, That we believe the Protective Policy to be so closely interwoven with the best interests of the country, that we will support no man to represent us either in the National or State Legislatures, who is not the open and avowed advocate of a Protective Tariff.

Resolved. That while we condemn the principles of the Freetradists of the South, we cannot but contrast their open and manly conduct with the contemptible, cringing, skulking conduct of the northern dough-faced locofocos, who while they profess to be protective tariff men, in their private intercourses for the purpose of humbugging the people, they *dare* not avow themselves as such in their public meetings.

Resolved, That the party, which in times like these, are non-committal on the subject of a PROTECTIVE TARIFF, can only be viewed as the open and avowed enemies of the measure, and ought to be treated as such.

Resolved, That the experience of the country conclusively proves that during the period of forty years, while we had a National Bank, we had a currency of equal value throughout the whole country—all the Banks redeemed their notes in specie at their counters—very little over-trading and speculation took place, and the country was prosperous and happy—but on the other hand, nothing but scenes of speculation and *peculation*, a ruined currency—non-specie paying Banks, Borough and County Shin Plasters, State Shin Plasters, fluctuating between 3 and 50 per cent. discount, a Bankrupt people, and an impoverished country, characterised the periods when we were without such a regulator of the currency.

Resolved, That the Public Lands which were purchased with the blood and fortunes of the fathers of the Revolution, and ceded to the states for purposes of education and internal improvement in the opinion of this meeting, belong to the states, and the proceeds should therefore be distributed among them as soon as it can be effected.

Resolved, That we cordially invite all those who love their *country* better than *party*, to unite with us in endeavoring to reinstate the cardinal democratic principles which characterised true democracy in the days of the pure Madison, when Henry Clay was the leader and defender of his administration.

Resolved, That while we entertain the same opinion we always have of David R. Porter, and his Administration, we cannot help but rejoice that the period has arrived when those who voted for him, and elevated him to the post he now occupies, corroborate all the charges the democratic whigs ever made against him—and even go farther in their condemnation of the man than the democratic whigs ever did. Witness the resolutions adopted in a meeting of his former supporters in Westmoreland county, where they declare, to adopt their own beautiful language, "that he is so corrupt and rotten that he absolutely stinketh."

Resolved, That this meeting is decidedly in favor of the Sales of the Public Improvements belonging to the State, the proceeds to be applied to the liquidation of the State debt—believing that so long as they are under State management, they will remain unproductive and be the means of still further impoverishing the people by oppressive taxation.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the citizens of Schuylkill county, to assemble in County Meeting, at the Pottsville House, in the Borough of Pottsville, the last Saturday in September next, to form a County Ticket, to be supported at the ensuing election.

Resolved, That John Bannan, Peter Filbert, and James H. Campbell, Esquires, be Conferees to meet the Conferees from Dauphin and Lebanon county, at Jonestown, Lebanon county, on Saturday, the 26th inst, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent this district in the next Congress.

Resolved, That James H. Graeff, and Col. B. Ayerigg, be the representative delegates, and William Pollock, Senatorial delegate, to represent this county in the State Convention, to be held at Harrisburg, on the 6th of September, for the purpose of nominating Canal Commissioners, to be supported at the October election—and that the delegates be empowered to procure substitutes in case they cannot attend.

Resolved, That this meeting deem it inexpedient to nominate any Conferees to meet the Conferees from the other portion of this Senatorial district—the interests of the different sections being so directly opposite, that the prospect of uniting upon any candidate harmoniously appears to be out of the question.

Resolved, That the representatives in the State Legislation from this county, be requested to use all their influence in favor of the passage of a law forfeiting the charters of all Borough and other Corporations (other than Banking Institutions,) that may hereafter issue any certificates of loan, scrip or Shin Plasters, intended for, or which may circulate as currency.

Resolved, That Jacob Hammer, Elias Derr, and Lawrence F. Whitney, be a Standing Committee for the ensuing year, with power to call meetings of the democratic whig party whenever the interests of the party require it.

Resolved, That the Standing Committee be authorised to appoint Committees of vigilance in every Borough, Ward, and Township throughout the county.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and published in all the democratic whig papers in the district.

After the adoption of the resolutions, John C. Neville, Esq, was called upon and addressed the meeting forcibly and eloquently for some time. Mr. Neville commented long and severely upon the non-committal bearing of the Locos in relation to a tariff, and held up their shifting policy to the derision of all honest men.

Before the adjournment, Colonel Ayerigg, one of the Vice Presidents, stated to the meeting the following important fact, viz: That he was one of the Committee appointed, by the State Tariff Convention, to collect and lay before the committee on manufactures the statistics in favor of the measure; and that whenever he urged them to the protection of the coal and iron interests of Pennsylvania he was always met by the reply that our State had invariably sent anti-Tariff men to Congress, and that they could not depend upon their co-operation at any time should they do anything. It was always cast into the teeth of the Committee "Why don't you send men here who will protect your interests?"

On motion the meeting adjourned.

INGENIOUS SYSTEM—FORGERY.—The New York Herald gives the following, as a new method of forgery, resorted to by the rogues of Gotham, which excels in ingenuity anything of the kind we have heard:

"Two or three rogues having means to make an appearance and a small amount of money, condense their funds, one of the party then makes a deposit in one of the banks of our city. His associate, with an understanding agreed upon, then draws a check in the name of the depositor for any ordinary amount less than the whole deposit, and presents it for payment. If paid all appears correct until the check is returned, when the depositor denies the check, and pronounces it a forgery, of which he has no knowledge, and the bank must therefore bear the loss, while two rogues pocket the money thus obtained between them. If the teller, on presentation of the forged check, should doubt its genuineness, and refuse to pay it, or detain the party offering until the depositor can be sent for, the latter takes high ground in objection to the teller's conduct, pronounces the check perfectly good, and orders it to be paid forthwith.—With this understanding, nothing is more easy than to successfully pass off a forged check, and there is no risk of discovering the fraud, even if detected. Several of the banks have, therefore, recently refused all deposites except from persons who are in the transaction of business that would tend to give a character for honesty.

The following is told in the Boston Daily Advertiser, illustrating the classical attainments of some of the reporters of the Bunker Hill oration:

The fate of Mr. Webster's Latin.—Our readers have noticed in Mr. Webster's oration the happy quotation from Sallust:—"Pulchrum est benefacere reipublicæ; etiam benedicere haud absurdum est." It is somewhat amusing to see the fate of this quotation in the various published reports. In the "official" in the Courier, the last two words were omitted—Mr. Webster, of course, not needing them in his manuscript, had not written the phrase out at length, and the compositors *followed copy*. The United States Gazette gives it thus:—"Pulchrum est, bene facere, bene dicere, bene ab secundum est." The Journal of Commerce only leaves out *etiam*. The New York Herald gives the following:—"Pulchrum est, bene facere, bene dicere, haud ab secundum est," an effort of originality only inferior to an exertion of the same print, on occasion of a former speech of Mr. W.'s when it read—"Adsum qui feci,—(he or me must perish.)"—for the beautiful line—"Me, me, adsum qui feci, me, in me convertite ferrum."

In the New York Tribune, the place of the quotation is ingeniously supplied thus:—"* * * *" Other reporters said nothing at all about it.

VICIOUS YOUTH.—As you value the blessings of a virtuous and holy life, as you value your own peace and enjoyment here and hereafter, we solemnly charge you not to associate with profane, vicious and idle youth. It will be instrumental in killing your body and soul. Now is the time to take a decided stand against immorality and vice. Let your influence be exerted on virtue's side.—Let all your talents be cast in the scale of piety. Set such an example before those with whom you associate, as will lead them to practise the precepts of Christianity.

Reject, therefore, young man, the associate as your worst enemy, that would seduce your virtue and lead you by degrees from the principles inculcated by a judicious father or a tender mother.—If you yield for once, you may be lost forever.—The only correct and safe course is, to adhere to the right, and never give the least countenance to what is evil. Then your life will be pleasant: no dark forebodings, no fearful apprehensions, no dubious prospects will rise before your mind, to destroy your peace; but calm content, and pure joy will accompany you through life.

AN APPALLING STORY.—The Osage, Mo., Yeoman of the 12th ult. narrates a shocking tragedy as having recently occurred at Springfield, Barry county. A man whose name is not given, had been in the habit of treating his wife in a manner too brutal and shocking to think of. On the morning of the day mentioned, he told his wife to get up and get breakfast for himself and her two children, and then to commence saying her prayers, for she should die, he swore, before sunset. She got up, made a fire and returned to the room where her unnatural husband slept. He was lying on his back in a sound sleep. She took the axe with which she had been chopping wood, and with one blow sunk it deep into his head, just through the eyes. She immediately went to the house of a neighbor, and related the circumstances as they occurred, giving as a reason that she was certain he would kill her that day, and she concluded that it was his life for hers. He was her second husband, and not the father of her children. A special term of the circuit court is to be held in Bates county, to try the woman for the crime.

VERY FAIR.—There have been various definitions of a gentleman, but the prettiest and most poetic is that given by a fair young girl in New York the other day. 'A gentleman,' said she, 'is a human being, combining a woman's tenderness with a man's courage.'

A country editor, in speaking of a steamboat says: "She had twelve *births* in her ladies' cabin." "Oh, life of me," exclaimed an old lady, on reading the above, "what a squalling there must have been."

THE FIRST BANK IN AMERICA.—In looking over the old Annals, says the Cincinnati Chronicle, we find that the common idea that the first Bank was established in Philadelphia, is a total mistake. A bank was established seventy years before the period which is assigned as that of the first bank in Pennsylvania. In 1712, the Legislature of South Carolina established a Public Bank, and issued forty-eight thousand pounds in bills of trust. These bills were called Bank Bills, and the establishment was called a Public Bank. These were let out at interest, or loaned on personal security. South Carolina has never been opposed to banks in any form. On the contrary, she is one of the strongest supporters of the banking system.

A CURIOUS FACT.—The Indians are said to tame wild horses by breathing smartly into their nostrils. The Buffalo calf, hid in the prairie grass, too weak to follow the herd, when the hunter has breathed furiously into his nostrils, will follow him into camp like a puppy. The other day we had a young Durham calf hid or left by its mother in a distant pasture. When found, it was wild, and retreated; we caught it and breathed into its nostrils—after the second attempt it followed us to the barn like a dog.—*Gloucester Mass. Telegraph.*

A FLORAL CURIOSITY.—We have often heard of a white blackbird, but never till now of a green rose; yet such a one has been produced in Staten, North Carolina. This change in the color of the flower is supposed to have been effected by cutting out a common daily rose-bush in the spot from which a sumac bush had just been removed, and it is believed that the roots of the two mingled.—*N. O. Picayune.*

ANOTHER CLAY DELEGATE.—The Democratic Whig Convention for the District composed of the counties of Columbiana, Jefferson, and Carroll, in Ohio, has unanimously nominated Dr. LEONARD HANNA as a candidate for Congress, and appointed Dr. ROBERT S. MCKAIG as a Delegate to the National Convention. The New Lisbon Palladium says that Dr. McK. will vote for Mr. Clay *first* and Mr. Clay *last*.

SCHOOLMASTERS ABROAD AGAIN!—The Boston Post says:—In a certain bathing house, not a thousand miles from Philip's Beach, is this notice:

"People are requested not to use any thing that are in the bath house, except the boarders."

The grammar of the above is equal to that of the menagerie man's—"This, ladies and gentlemen, is the celebrated baboon, which picks nuts with its tail, which is its natural food.

NEW BOOKS.

BYRON.—The 6th number of this republication has been received, which completes one half of the work—Price per no. 25 cents each, for sale at this office.

ANTHONS AND SMITH'S pamphlet in relation to the recent ordination of Mr. Cleary has been received—Price 9 cents per number.

THE NEW MIRROR.—The 16th number of this excellent periodical is before us. It contains a splendid engraving, and the reading matter is unexceptionable—Published weekly, at $3 per annum.

ALLISON'S HISTORY OF EUROPE. The 13th number of this excellent and standard publication is received. It is rapidly approaching its completion, and should be in the hands of every lover of history—Price 25 cents per number—for sale at this office.

AMONG THE THOUSAND AND ONE MEDICINES advertised as "certain cures for all pulmonary complaints," *Jayne's Expectorant* stands alone. Its path to public confidence has been paved not with *puffs* but *cures*; and the vouchers for its efficacy include an array of names which for character and respectability, cannot be surpassed in this country. Dr. JAYNE, being himself a physician, does not profess to perform physical impossibilities—as for instance to cure a man whose lungs are like a honey-comb, completely riddled, as it were, by disease, but he does assert, and we believe he is borne out by well authenticated facts, that in all diseases of the lungs and chest which are susceptible of cure without miraculous interference, his *Expectorant* will restore the patient to health. There is no medicine before the public which is so effective in removing coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, hoarseness, pleurisy, croup, influenza, quinzy, and all disorders of the machinery of respiration as *Jayne's Expectorant*.

For sale by Eckfeldt & Sanderson, Pottsville. Agents for the Proprietor.

Married.

On Tuesday, the 1st inst., by the Rev. A. T. Geissenhainer,