

#### POTTSVILLE.

Saturday Morning, March 6.

THE FOURTH OF MARCH. Long will the 4th of March, 1841, be remembered by the American people. The condemned, the rebuked Martin Van Buren, has reluctantly relinquished the reins of Government, and GEN. WILIAM HENRY HARRISON IS the President of the United States! The chief of seventeen millions of freemen! In contemplating this glorious event, what abundant cause, fellow citizens, we have to rejoice. For twelve long years we have been literally bowed to the ground by the oppression and tyraney of our taskmasters. The Demon of Locofocoism has been let loose upon us, and it has stalked across the land, blighting with its palzied touch the industry and enterprise of the country. But, like the Israelites of old, we have been led out of our captivity, and a view of the "promised land" now bursts upon our enraptured vision. The political horizon is once more clear and unclouded, and the signs of better days and better times are multiplying on all sides. Locofocoismdemoralising and revolutionary locofocoism-is crushed, and Democracy once more is in the ascendant!

The 4th of March was celebrated by the Democrats of this borough in the most appropriate and joyous manner. The day was ushered imby the German Harrison Band playing several patriotic and spirit stirring airs; and at an early hour the "Stars and Stripes" might have been seen in various parts of the town, gallantly floating in the breeze.-In the evening an elegant supper was provided at Mr. George Brumm's Hotel, of which, as the reader may suppose, none but good, genuine democrats partook. The Hotel was brilliantly illuminated and excited general admiration. Our old war songs, which led us on to victory during the late presidential contest, were revived this night; and the sir was made vocal by a large portion of the orising generation" of Pottsville, singing the well known song of "Tippecanoe and Tyler, too." The pleasures of the evening were not a little enhanced by the execution, in capital style, of several appropriate pieces of music, by Captain Coatesworth's Pottsville Band.

At Port Carbon, our democratic friends hailed the 4th of March with the most lively and heartfelt demonstrations. Flags were flying, music playing, and the cannon "talking" in the loudest kind of style; at Simpson's Hotel, the "tallest" sort of a dinner was served up, and the way the good things of this epicures, gourmands, and bon vivants.

AWFUL Explosion."-If a Bombshell had exploded, or an officer of Justice had made a regular out every department of the Government, such has been the economy of the Jackson Van Buren dynasdescent upon a Gambling-house, it could not have caused a greater commotion, among our Danville friends, than our remarks two weeks ago about "stool pigeons" did, if we are to judge from the "Truth" it is said "is mighty." and sometimes does feel disposed to "wake up" our neighbors again.

Congress gave \$35,000 to furnish the Presimppery and expensive gewgaws. a large portion of which now hang about the Capitol, in a filthy condition, and must be removed, while the more substantial comforts of the house appear to have been entirely neglected. On inquiring into the condition of the Furniture, the bedding found was not sufficient to accommodate Gen. Harrison's private family-and he was compelled to give Col. Chambers, who made the inquiry, an or- of every high minded and honorable man in the nader to procure a quantity before he could take pos- tion: session of the White House.

TAVERN LICENSES. - A Bill has passed the Senate of this State, and sent to the House for concurrence, requiring all applicants for Tavern Licenses, to advertise the same in the papers of their respective counties, together with the names of those who recommend the applicant.

In Columbia County, the Court has given notice, that only a designated number of public houses, in the different sections of the county, will receive license at the April term of that Court, which reduces the number at present in that county about one-third.

THE BANK BILL .- An abstract of the new Bank Bill, presented to the House by Mr. Hinchman, of Philadelphia, will be found in another column. We are not prepared at present to express an opinion as to the merits of the Bill. One thing, however, is certain, that if it passes in its present shape, it will be difficult to obtain a Board of Directors for the Miners' Bank in this region-particularly when it is known that in dispensing its favors, the Directors generally fare worse than the other members of the community.

The New York Democrat says :- " Peter V. Daniel, of Virginia, was nominated on Saturday by President, to fill the vacancy in the Supreme Court, occasioned by the death of Judge Barbour. The Senate, however, instead of confirming the nomination, passed a resolution to dispense with the circuit over which Judge Barbour presided, and bring it within the jurisdiction of Judge Wayne. It is not by any means probable, however, that the resolution will be adopted by the House."

John J. Morgan, has been appointed Collector of the Port of New York, in the place of Jesse Hoyt, resigned. The appointment has been confirmed by the Senate, Mr. Hoyt refused to "fork over' to the Government certain monies which he held in his hand to the amount of some two hundred thousand dollars. Secretary Woodbury, for the first time, became indignant-hence the resignation to prevent a removal.

Our acknowledgments are due to the Harrisburg Telegraph for defending us from the attack of a writer in the Ledger last week - We did not consider the article in question worthy of a reply-but eince it has been noticed in other quarters, we may probably refer to it next week, when we have more

The Washington Correspondent of the U. S. Gazette states that the crowd was so great at Washington, as early as the 2d inst. that five dollars had been offered and paid for a bed. How the poor officehunters must have stared.

ANOTHER VETO. Gov. Porter has vetoed the Bill abolishing the Mayor's Court of the city of Lancaster, which passed the Legislature by a large majority. We suppose the Governor will soon set himself up as a Dictator, and dispense with the Legislature altogether.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS .- If our arrangements do not fail, this document will be for sale at this office this evening.

A large press of advertisements, which are always acceptable, has crowded out notices of several articles which were intended for this paper.

THE INAUGURATION. The National Intelligencer of yesterday gives the following as the order of procession: AIDS-CHIEF MARSHAL-AIDS. UNIFORM COMPANIES. Officers and Soldiers who fought under Gen. HAB-RISON, with a flag carried at their head taken from the enemy at the battle of

the Thames. THE PRESIDENT ELECT AND HIS SUITE. With seven Citizen Marshals on his right, and the United States Marshal for the District of Columbia, with his six Deputy Marshals, on the left of the President Elect, so posted as not to interfere with

the line or order of procession. THE SENATE COMMITTEE. EX-PRESIDENTS OF THE U. STATES. THE JUDICIARY.

FOREIGN MINISTERS. MEMBERS OF CONGRESS ELECT AND EX-MEMBERS. Members of the Harrisburg Convention of December, 1839.

The Committee of Arrangements of the city of Washington, Governors and Ex-Govnrnors of the different States and Territories, and Members of the different Legislatures

Officers of the Army and Navy of the United States, Delegates of the Young Men's Convention at Baltimore, Maryland, in May, 1840. Citizens of each State and Territory, with their respective Tippecanoe Clubs, Associations, &c.

at their heads. The Corporate Authorities, Tippecanoe Clubs, As sociations, Students of Colleges and Schools and Citizens of Georgetown, Alexandria and county, and of Washington city and county, D. C., in the order of precedence named.

The Spy in Washington, in alluding to the Post Office Department, says:

"Mr. Granger, like every other head of a Department, will enter upon the discharge of his official duties, as Post Master General, amidst bankruptcy, desolation and ruin. He will have to contend with strong prejudices, excited by an overbearing influence, and a vulgar deportment on the part of Kendal; but Mr. Granger is a gentleman of great courtesy and urbane manners, and will soon soften the asperities thus created.

The Post Office department, in reference to its pecuriary situation, is in a deplorable state. There are contractors here in search of money, but as well might they attempt to "call spirits from the vasty deep. It is generally believed by those who are best informed, that the department is in arrears nearly one million of dollars. If this be true, and life appeared and disappeared, was a caution to all his statement in 1837, that he had a surplus of \$800, 000 be true, it follows, that he has expended, yearly and every year, four hundred and fifty thousand dol lars more than the receipts of the office. Through.

GENERAL HARRISON'S HOUSEHOLD .- The latest ntelligence from Washington as to the domestic arfrothy emanations which they have given birth too rangements of President Harrison is, that the lady in the last Danville Intelligencer .- Well, well, who is to be at the head of domestic affairs on the coming in of the new administration, is the widow work wonders .- When the "troubled waters" in of William Harrison, the son of the President, who that quarter assume a more even surface, we may | died a few months ago. There will be associated with her. Mrs. Taylor, the youngest daughter of General Harrison, and Mrs. Taylor, the mother of the last mentioned lady's husband. The General's dent's house during Gen. Jackson's term-and \$20, wife intends to remain the mistress of North Bend, 000 to Mr. Van Buren, nearly all of which was exnterest some of our readers to know that all these ladies are cummunicants in the Episcopal Church. The General's private Secretary will be his son-inlaw, Mr. Taylor. "

Gen. Harrison concluded a speech at Petersburg, (Va.) last week, in the following emphatic language, which will find a response in the bosom

"The time for pledges and promises had passed by, and the time of performance was at hand. On Thursday week he should enter on the discharge of his official duties. The condition of the country he remarked, was critical. He should use every exertion consistent with the honor and rights of his country, to maintain peaceful relations with all the world, but he was assured that the people of Petersburg would be among the last to forgive him for what might even savour of a compromise of the national honor."

WHAT'S IN the WIND !- The Mail contractors between Reading and Northumberland, have received instructions to cease carrying the Mail on Sunday between those places, and one-seventh of the compensation deducted for one year. Is this step rendered necessary to cover the amount squandered by the department during the recent contest ?-or is it one of the last measures of reform, to be charged to the reforming administration.

THE DIFFERENCE .- The late Bank of the United States collected upwards of four hundred million dollars, without the loss of a single cent to the Government. Since its destruction as a national institution by the reformers, the Government has already lost by the pet bank and Sub-Treasury system, several millions of dollars, according to Secretary Woodbury's report. Facts speak volumes.

BRADY'S HOTEL, - DANVILLE. - This establishment, we are assured, is equal to any Hotel in Pennsylvania, in point of comfort, convenience and assidious attention to guests on the part of the hospitable landlord, and can, therefore, confidently recommend it to the support of the travelling community.

The Hon. James Buchanan, in the course of debate in the Senate on Monday last, declared that othere was no cause or probablity of a war with

Heary Clay concurred in this opinion.

The Rev. Mr. Miller, of this borough, will lecure before the Mechanic's and Apprentice's Library Company in Orwigsburg, on Monday evening, the 15th inst. Our friends in Orwigsburg have a rich treat in store for them.

THE BETTER CURRENCY .- The editors of the National Intelligencer state that they sustained a loss of \$3,220 15, on an amount of \$8,615 collections made for subscriptions to that paper, by one of its South-western collectors, owing to the depreciation of the currency.

The office of Solicitor of the Treasury has een tendered to, and accepted by the Hon. Charles B. Penrose of this State. A better selection could not have been made in point of capacity.

Martin Van Buren lest the Presidential Chair on Wednesday last, and has left behind him as a legacy to his successors, a National Debt of TWEN-TY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS.

The Democratic Delegates from Lancaster county to the 10th of March Convention, have been instructed to support Judge Banks for Governor.

All the members oi Gen. Harrison's Cabinet were in Washington, and held a consultation on the let inst.

The Canal Commissioner's Bill was lost in the Senate on Saturday last, by a vote of 18 to 12.

IRON ORE IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY. We publish the following communication from

our respected townsman, Mr. Samuel B. Fisher, with pleasure. He is perhaps better acquainted with the subject on which he treats, than any other person in the county, having traversed the region from one extremity to the other, in his capacity as Engineer and Land Surveyor-and effectually puts to rest any doubts as regards the quantity of Iron Ore, and the immense resources of this region-particularly when we state that these calculations only embrace the number of veins already opened in various sections of the region, and may not include more than one-half of the actual quantity of Ore imbedded in our mountains.

FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.

Mr. Bannan-I have heard doubts expressed of traversed the First, or Schuylkill Coal Rield from Mauch Chunk mines to the Dauphin County line, I will state what has come under my observation, which I think will place the subject beyond a doubt; I will give the arrangement as I have classed the measures, beginning with the Mine Hill Range, which is twenty-three miles in length, veins from 3 to 18 inches in thickness, making not less than seven feet of Ore and an average width of breast above

water level of 100 feet. The Diamond Range, including the Ore at St. Clair and at Wolf Creek, North-west of Minersville, in veins of from 3 to 20 inches in thickness, making not less than 8 feet of Ore twenty-eight miles in length, and an average width of breast of 60 feet

above water level. The Pottsville Range is twenty-five miles in length, in veins of from 3 to 10 inches in thickness, making not less than 31 feet of Ore, and an average width of breast above water level of 60 feet.

The Sharp Mountain Range contains not less than 3 feet of Ore, thirty miles in length, and a breast of 200 feet above water level. The Coal Basin between the Mine Hill and Broad

Mountain contains not less than 3 feet of Ore, ten miles long, and a breast of 80 feet above water level. Yours, &c. SAMUEL B. FISHER.

POTTSVILLE, March 2d, 1841.

[FOR THE MINER'S JOURNAL.] TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. No. 3.

CANALS-BOATS-BOATMEN. Our remarks this week will commence with the Locktenders and Agents of the Delaware & Raritan

This Company have, it is said, a set of rules for hose who navigate their Canal. This no doubt is the fact, but where are the Boatmen to see them? there is but one or two copies of them that ever came to my notice, and it is unjust to punish us for an infringement of the Company's laws when ignorant of their existence. If they have been read they have been forgotten; and as it would be asking too much, for us to remember them after a single glance. -so it is acting too severe for us to suffer in consequence. Let every Boat be furnished with a copy of the Rules and Regulations by the Company, and then we can be considered amenable to them.

What right the Lock-tenders have to tie up boats when their dignity is called in question, instead of damage being done to the Canal, may be tested before a Court of Justice the coming season if they continue to do so. Many of the Bridge-houses have no light at night, and if the Bridge-tender was liable to complain of the boats running against them.

to all of them when they get out of the Schuylkill with its curves, rocks, gravel points, sand bars, and ditches, and enter the beautiful navigation of the Delaware and Raritan Canal.

There is no occasion for a Boat to strike the bank the whole distance, and if there was stabling for our horses at Bordentown, Princeton and New Brunswick. I would say to the managers of the Schuylkill. here's a model for you.

There is serious objections to taking Barges of any kind in the same tow with Boats-there has been much damage done in consequence of it, and besides there is some doubt whether a Freight Barge arriving at either end of the Canal after the Coal Boat, is justly entitled to the preference of being towed, to the exclusion of all boats before it .-This has been the case, and we submit the matter to Capt. Stockton's naval experience to decide.

If we omit the fault finding due the Captains of only deserving of their Oaths, and other superfluous breeding, we may say we are safely at New York! And now we are there, it is particularly recommended to several of the Coal dealers there, to come up to the golden rule, and "Do unto us, as they would have us do unto them !" In what particular respect shall be told them next week. J. M. C.

"Gen Harrison's election was to bring in the Millenium upon us. It was to operate as a charm upon the disease of the body politic. It was to cure all our distresses, remove all our embarrassments, and bring in a new era of prosperity upon us. What a humbug! Are the times improved? Where is the reform promised us? Where is that mighty "change" which the God-like Webster

held out to us? No where: It is all a humbug?" The above precious piece of drivelling is from the Richmond Enquirer of February last. We were just going to make a few comments upon it when a paragraph in the Louisville Journal, which seems to fit exactly, caught our eye. "The Van Buren papers, says" Prentice, " persist in abusing Gen. Harrison because he has not already restored the prospertty of the country.... Highly as we think of the old General's wisdom and patriotism, we really do not expect his administration to accomplish much before it comes into existence. We have heard of Jack the Giant-Killer's sword, which was so sharp that it cut half a mile in advance of its edges; but we freely admit that Gen Harrison's Administration is not quite so sharp as that." -N. Y. Democrat.

Friend Cook, in his last paper insinuates pretty strongly that we are no gentlemen. . This is very unkind, indeed, on the part of Mr. Cook-and decidedly silly. With the same exertion on the part of our pen, we could insinunte quite as strongly that Mr. Cook is a very great blackguard,-but perhaps we might be quite as unfortunate in convincing those who know Mr. Cook, that he really is a blackguard as he would be in persuading those who know us, that we are no gentleman. Therefore we shall not quarrel with Mr. Cook about epithets-and dismiss the subject until he finds "time and inclination" to answer the query we propounded to him a few weeks since.

The Harrisburg Telegraph states that a foreign mission will be tendered to Thaddeus Stevens, Esq.

Counterfeit Quarter dollars are in circulation They are dated 1839, and well executed.

John Strohm, Esq., has declined being a candidate for the office of Governor.

The Vice President Elect, called on the President and Vice President on Tuesday last.

From the Harrisburg Telegraph Feb. 26. GENERAL BANK BILL.

Mr. Hinchman from the committee on Banks, yesterday, reported a General Bill for the regulation of the Banks. Knowing the great interest which is felt on the subject, we have taken pains to offer the following digest of its provisions.

Section 1-provides for the suspension of penalties under the law of April 3d 1840, until the 15th May, 1843, prior penal provisions not to be revived, and claimants to have their action at common law. Section 2-provides for the issue, of one, two and three dollar notes, for five years, to an amount not exceeding 15 per cent, on their capital stock actual ly paid in, & the banks not to issue any kind of notes to an amount off more than 25 per cent over their capital, prohibite the issue of post notes having longer than 120 days to mature, nor for a less sum than \$500, nor amounting to more than 10 per cent of the whole amount of hills of every kind issued.

Section 3-The total amount of debts and liabili. ties exclusive of deposits, shall not more than double the quantity of Iron Ore in this Coal field. Having the capital stock actually paid in; nor shall the total amount of debts and claims due or becoming due exceed the same amount.

Section 4-provides that the total amount of investments and advances, directly or indirectly, in stocks, bonds, or other securities, including its own stocks, and loans, [excepting only our State stocks,] United State stocks, stock of cities, counties, boroughs, incorporated districts, institutions or compaies, whether purchased, bona fide, or held as collateral, shall not exceed the one tenth part of the of so large a portion of specie and specie funds from total amount of the debts and liabilities as limited by the 3d section. Nor shall any advance, loan or discounts be made on any of the above stocks and securities, except those of our 5 tate, or held collateral, exceeding two thirds of their par value, or if below par, not exceeding two thirds of the current market value, provided no bank shall be compelled to reduce the amount of such loans or investmeents made prior to the passage of this act, in a greater ratio, than 12 1-2 per cent for every ninety days, in the total mount thereof.

Section 5-provides that the total amount of liabilities of directors, individually and collectively for oans, discounts or advances, made to them directly or indirectly, shall not exceed the following limits. Where the capital stock does not exceed \$ 250,000. nor over one sixth of the aggregate loans; where the capital is over \$ 250,000, and not above \$ 500,-000, one eighth part of the aggregate loans; where the capital is over \$ 500,000, and not over \$ 1,000,000, not over one-tenth of the aggregate loans; where the capital is between one and two millions, not to exceed one-twelfth part . between two and three millions, not to exceed one-fifteenth part, over three millions not to exceed one twentieth part : provided that the liabilities, now existing shall not be reduced in a greater ratio than 121 per cent for every nine-

Section 6-No cashier, teller, clerk, or any subordinate officer, shall have any loan or discount, or keep a private or individual account with or in the bank they are engaged by: and any loans or discounts so made herctofore, may, if deemed expedient by the directors, be renewed at a reduction of

123 per cent for every ninety cays. Section 7—At general meetings or elections, each share of stock not over 50, owned by the same person three months previously, shall entitle the holder to one vote; all shares between 50 and 100, one vote for every 10 shares. No vote by proxy, unless persons owning stock live more than 50 miles from the location of the Bank, and the proxy to be made and acknowleged before an alderman or justice of the peace, within 30 days next preceding such meeting or election-no person to be the proxy of more than two stocholders, nor shall any director or officer of a bank hold a proxy in the bank he is connected with.

Section 8-No person shall serve as a director unless he hold, bona fide in his own right, stock in the following proportion: \$3,000 if the capital is not less than \$3,000,000 2.000do. do.

1.000.000 1.000 do. it less than 1 060 000 rovided that persons holding stock in the Bank of Pennsylvania, or Philadelphia Bank, to the amount of \$ 1,000, or in the Columbia Bridge Company to the amount of \$ 500, shall be eligible as a director on the part of the state in said banks respectively. The Raritan Canal, (barring these objections) is But no person shall serve in more than one bank the boast of our Boatmen; and it is really gratifying | for more than three out every four years, and not more than three-fourths of the directors shall be reelected for the succeeding year except the President who shall always be cligible.

Section 9-If any person concerned in the management or employ of any bank, shall wilfully and corruptly make or cause to be made any false entry on the book, or a false return to the state on the condition thereof, or forge, alter, or be privy to any tergery or alteration of any minutes on the board of directors, or any book or record of the bank, to disguise or conceal its condition or issue false papers or certificates, relating to its affairs or its capital stock, which would increase its liabilities; or shall embezzle, secrete or take for his own use, or use of other persons, any bullion, money, note, bill, check, draft, certificate, obligation or security, or any property or effects of the bank or of depositors, he sha be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before a court, of imprisonment in the State Penitentiary for any term not exceeding seven years,

and be fined not exceeding \$ 2000. Section 10 .- No dividend over 7 per cent per an. shall be declared: all surplus profits over 7 per cent Steamboats, for their aptness to consider us Dogs, to be equally divided, one half for the use of the Commonwealth, and the other half to be set apart as a contingent fund, to be invested in State loans. It a bank close its business, the contingent fund remaining, after redeeming all liabilities shall be divided pro rate, among its stockholders.-Provided that the taxes now imposed upon dividends not exceeding 7 per cent per annum, and by the act of

June 11, 1840, shall not be exempted. Section 11-1t shall not be lawful for non specie paying banks, to declare a dividend exceeding 5 per cent her annum, and be subjected to a tax of 8 per cent, on the amount thereof to the use of the Com.

monwealth Section 12- Between the 1st and 5th days of the nonths of January, April, June, and October, the banks shall in every year make out a statement verified by the oath or affirmation of the President and Cashier, to be transmitted to the Auditor Gen

eral, designating as follows: FIRST-LIABILIEIES OF THE BANK. Amount of Capital Stock. Amount of Bills &c payable on demand.
do payable after date Balances due other Banks in the State. not in the State.

Amount due the general depositors. special do unpaid dividends.

dσ of all other debts due by the bank SECOND-RESOURCES OF THE BANK. Amount of bills, &c. discounted or purchased and not due, exclusive of advances, &c. where collateral security is held. Amount of advances, discounts, &c. on which

Notes of Banks in this State. not in the State. Balances due by banks in this State. do not in this State.

Amount of coin, bullion &c. on hand.

collateral security is held.

debts due, secured on mortgage and ground rents. Amount loans, held created by the United States or any state, city &c. Amount loans to incorporated institutions others

than banke. Amount stocks held of other incorporations. Amount of its own stock held. Nett cost of all real estate held, except its Bank.

g House. Nett cost of the said Banking House. Amount of all other debts due such bank-speci ying the time when due, and not charged as lost.

Amount received for interest, discount, and all purces constituting profits since the last dividend. Amount of expenses and losses, incurred since the last dividend. Amount of contingent fund, and how invested. The Auditor General is to prepare quarterly ab

structs of these statements, to be published in one of the daily papers published in Philadelphia, Harrisourg, and Pittsburg.

It shall be the duty of the President and Cashier.

to have such abstract published once a week for three weeks, in a paper where the bank is located. Section 13-If the officers of the Bank, refuse for thirty days, to furnish this abstract, or neglect to publish the same, or any director small violate any of the provisions of this act, they shall individually, and severally, be liable for the whole amount of the debts and liabilities of such Bank, and be thereafter incapable of holding an office in such or any other

violation of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed a forfeiture of charters the Court of Common leas if in session, or the President Judge thereo to act according to the resolutions of April 3, 1840. Section 14-Repeals conflicting, and prior acts.

BUSINESS IN NEW YORK.—The Express of Sat-

urday afternoon says :--"The blighting effect of the suspension of specie payments at the South, is most sensibly felt in a variety of ways. Real estate owners, particularly those of stores, find their rents reduced ten to twenty pe cent. Merchants who had taken stores find that their prospects of business are sensibly diminished. Capitalists who held state and other stocks, find ruinous falling off in value. The owners of United States Bank stock have nearly lost their all. The losses in all shapes are most appalling. The blow has fallen as heavily on this city as it has on the South. What merchant here that deals with the South, that does not feel it most deeply. Our exchanges, that were approximating to par, are at the most ruinous rates,-thousands and thousand are daily paid and lost in thess differences."

In confirmation of the above, a gentleman direct from New York, has assured us that that city will suffer to a much greater extent, by the suspension than the advantage she derived by the withdrawal the Philadelphia Banks.

ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS .- Governor Mc-Nutt, of Mississippi, in vetoing the bill to pay the bonds of that State, among his reasons for so doing states that the bonds given to the United States Bank were sold to Rothschilds, and then adds: " The blood of Judus flows in his veins, and he

unites the characteristics of both. He has a mortgage upon the gold Mines of Mexico and the quicksilver of Spain; he has loaned money to the Sublime Porte, and holds a mortgage upon the Holy City of Jerusalem, and the Sepulchre of our Lord Jesus

Christ." Well, this is the most ingenious piece of executiue swindling that the people of this country ever heard of. It is precisely of the character of that of King John of England, who borrowed large sums of the Jews to maintain his kingdom, and drew out their teeth when they asked for payment. How came this honest Governor to take money from those 'Shylocks,' as he calls them, for the internal improvement of his state if payment was to be withheld on such grounds? Citizens of other states, like joint partners in a commercial concern, cannot sufter a rouge to continue in the firm, and thus endanger the character and credit of the whole union at home and abroad. If the people of the Lynching state do not promptly disavow such doctrines and drive McNutt from power, that state ought not to he considered a component part of the union and i should be annexel to Texas or any country con-

senting to receive it. There is not a people on the face of the globe who would stoop to the disgrace of such an excuse to avoid paying an honest debt .- New York Star. South CAROLINA .- This State voted for Aaron Burr for President, against Thomas Jefferson; it ilso voted for Martin Van Buren for President, gainst William Henry Harrison.

The same, we believe may be said of New Hampshire. The fact needs no comment.-Madisonian. ABSENCE OF MIND Last Case .- An office-holder woke up the other morning, and persisted in calling himself a Whig. It is supposed he will not discover his mistake until somebody is appointed in his

Cracks in the stoves and stove pipes, are readily closed by a paste made of ashes and salt, with water. Iron filings, sal ammoniæ, and water, make a 2,000,000 | hard and more durable cement. IMPORTANT IF TRUE .- A London newspaper, an-

nounces that Governor Porter, of the state of Baltimore, has pronounced General Harrison President of the United States!!! FEVER AND AGUE .- Prentice, of the Louisville Jonrnal says, "we perceive that some of the officeolders, who have been exceedingly impertinent in

the tenure of their offices. We rather think that their fever will be followed by an ague, pretty soon ifter the fourth of March A PHILANTHROPIST, by way of illustrating the horrors of solitary confinement, stated that out of one hundred persons sentenced to endure imprison

ment for life in an American prison, only fifteen survived it. It is said that Col. Harney has been put under arrest for disobedience of orders, in having hung several Indians.

THE HEIGHT OF IMITATION .- Wooden cakes, beautilully frosted, and mahogany doughnuts, are advertised to be let for parties in one of the Bangor pa-

How no you no ?- A couple of travellers having arrived on horseback at the door of a log cabin, and noticing the word "Entertainment," written in lamp black on a board and spelt just as it happened, stick-

ing over the door. "Can we get breakfast and horses fed here this norning, sir?" said one of the travellers to a man who was splitting wood in front of the cabin.

" No I don't think you can."

" Why ?" "Got no meat, no bread, nothin' in that way."

"Oh! well, take our horses and feed them, any.

" No, I don't think we could this mornin.' " Why !"

"No corn, no fodder, nor no hay." "Then how do you do?"

"Pretty well I thank you, how do you do your-

St. Patrick's Day.

At a meeting of the St. Patrick's Society, held at the house of Edward O'Connor, on Monday evening March 1st, for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of St. Patrick's day. Mr. JAMES

Moody, appointed Secretary. On motion, JAMES CLEARY was appointed Chief Marshal of the day .- Patrick Quin and James Donnelly, Assistant Marshals.

CLEARY was called to the Chair, and Peter F.

On motion, Resolved, That the Procession be formed at the house of James Cleary, at 8 o'clock,

# St. Patrick's Day.

At a meeting of the sons of the Emerald Isle, held at the house of Hugh Kinsley, Port Carbon, to take into consideration the best mode of celebrating the ensuing Anniversary of Ireland's Patron Saint, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted

Resolved, That we meet at the house of Mr. George Dougherty, Port Carbon, at 7½ o'clock, and form in Procession. Resolved, That we co-operate with our Pottsville

brethren in celebrating the day. By order of the Committe.

THOMAS MALONEY, EDWARD COLEHAN.

# MARRIED.

On Monday the 1st inst. by Evangelist James Gallager, Mr. ROBERT M. PALMER, son of the Hon. Strange N. Palmer, to Miss ISABELLA, daughter of Jacob Seitzinger, Esq. all of Pottsville.

Accompanying the above notice, we received a whole pound cake. Mr. and Mrs. P., accept our thanks and accept our congratulations. May your cake never turn to dough, and may you realize all your bright hopes, visions, and aspirations. May you never stick in the broad pathway of human life for want of sorts; nor press too closely forward in vain and fleeting pleasures. And may you be locked up tight in that embrace, which is founded on true love and affection, until the mallet of Death announces its intention of distributing you into Bank and every such neglect or refusal, or any another and better world.-Printer's Devil.



# POSTSCRIPT.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S

INAUGURATION ADDRESS. Owing to the politeness and prompt attention of our Philadelphia cotemporaries, we received last evening copies of this long looked for address. It occupies six columns of the Philadelphia Ledger .-In consequence of its length we are unable to present it in full to our readers.

The address is written in the most simple, elegant and masterly makiner, and breathes a spirit of the purest patriotism, and an honest and sincere desire to heal the wounds of party spirit, and to restore the country to its original and pristine vigor.

In it occasion is taken by the President to renew the pledges given by him previous to his election, with a solemn promise to redeem them.

Allusion is made to the Veto power, its abuse and when only it should be used; and we are told that the first six Presidents never made use of that

The character of our currency is discussed, and the idea of an exclusive metallic currency ridiculed, as calculated to plunge the country into the greatest distress, and to cause the poorer classes of our community to feel that distress more acutely.

The interference of federal office holders in elections is strongly condemned.

Our foreign relations are spoken of, and a spirit shown to place them on amicable and peaceable footing, so far as is compatible with our national honor and dignity.

The President expresses himself hostile to any and every attempt to form an "executive party" in the halls of the Legislative body.

A wise and paternal desire is evinced to support the credit of such of our States as are now deeply in debt, without violating the Constitution.

The President concludes his address by a simple and beautiful expression of reverence for the Christian religion, and a just reliance upon the Great Disposer of all things.

### **Pottsville**

PHILOMATHIC SOCIETY. Tuesday Evening, March 2d, 1841, Subject for Discussion-" Were the Persons concerned in the destruction of the Pennsylvania Hall (Philadelphia.)

justifiable in that act. ' AFFIRMATIVE .- Messrs. Pitman, Leoser, Gillingham and Neville.

NEGATIVE -- Messrs. Palmer Porter, Holzer, and The Ladies of Pottsville particularly, and all riends of learning and free discussion, are invited to attend the meetings of this Society, which will hereafter be held on Tuesday instead of Thursday

venings, at the Academy.
THOMAS D. PITMAN, Secretary.

Orwigsburg Mechanic's & Ap-

prentice's Library. Rev. ALFRED A. MILLER, of Pottsville, will deliver an Address before the above Association at their first Anniversary, in the Court House, in the Boreugh of Orwigsburg, on Monday evening the 15th March. All nersons friendly to the Associa elections, are extremely feverish on the subject of tion are respectfully invited to attend.

JAMES H. GRAEFF.

A. T. GEISSENHAINER,

Orwigsburg, March 6,

For Rent, A convenient Two Story Stone Dwelling House, with Brick front, situated on Rull Road street. Possession given on the 1st of April
Apply to S. & J. FOSTER.

#### March 6 IMPORTANT NUTICE.

Hams, Shoulders, &c., &c. THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he has on hand a large quantity of well cured and smoked Hams, Shoulders, Flich. &c., &c., together with a choice lot/of picl ked Pork and Beef, which will be disposed of at the lowest

The public are also informed that they can be supplied as usual with every kind of Fresh Meat, daily, at his establishment, in Centre Street, immediately opposite Jenning's Hotel, where the public are invited to call with the, assurance that they will

be dealt with to their entire satisfaction.
SIMON STRAUSE. March 6 10-3t

# Notice.

IS HEREBY given agreeably to an act of the Legislature passed 7th April, 1830, that the Constables of the different boroughs and townships in the county of Schuvlkill, are required to make under oath or affirmation, a list of all the wholesale and retail dealers in their respective districts, and deliver the same to the clerk of the Court of Quarte- Session, of said county on or before the first day

of March Session 1841. Agreeably to the 5th section of same act, the wholesale and retail dealers of Foreign Merchandise of the county of Schuylkill, are notified that the Associate Judges and Commissioners will meet at the Commissioner's Office in Orwigsburg, on Friday the 23d day of April 1841, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of placing said Merchants in their class which shall appear right and just, when and where said Merchants, their agents or Attorneys, may appear and show their amount of their annual sales during the previous year.
STRANGE N. PALMER,

SAMUEL D. LEIB.

EDWARD HAMMER, Commissioners, GEORGE BOYER, JOHN H. DOWNING, Clerk.

ATTEST: Commissioner's Office, March 6. 1841. 10-

# PROCLAMATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Court of Common of Pleas, for the trial of causes at issue, in and for the County of Schuylkill, will be held at Orwigsburg, in the county aforesad, on Monday the 23d day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Therefore all persons having suits pending, and all persons whese duty it shall be to appear at said Court, will take notice and govern themselves ac-

JOHN G. WOOLISON, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Orwigs- & burg, March 6, 1840.

FOR SALE.

A LOT of Ground in the town of Pottsville, containing in front on Centre St. twenty-five feet, and in length or depth one hundred and ten feet. On said street there are crected two dwelling houses,

which rent for four hundred and twenty dollars per

Also a Lot of Ground in the town of Port Carbon, containing in front on Lawton St. sixty two feet, and in depth one hundred and twenty-eight feet. On this lot there is erected a dwelling house, which rents for fifty two dollars per annum. The above rents are punctually paid, and the prop erty is in every point of view, a desirable one. It will

be sold for \$2800 cash, on application to WM. B. HIESKELL.

46 south 6th st. Philadelphia. March 6