

MINERS' JOURNAL,

AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

I will teach you to pierce the bowels of the Earth and bring out from the caverns of the Mountains, Metals which will give strength to our Hands and subject all Nature to our ease and pleasure.—Dr. JOHNSON

Weekly by Benjamin Bannan, Pottsville, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

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HARRISON TRIUMPHANT.

THE COUNTRY REDEEMED!

How stands the contest?

Since the nomination of Gen. Harrison, the following States have declared for him:

Rhode Island	4
Connecticut	8
Virginia	23
Louisiana	5
Kentucky	15
Delaware	3
Georgia	11
Maryland	10
Maine	10
Vermont	7
Ohio	21
Pennsylvania	30
New Jersey	8
North Carolina	15
Indiana	9
Total	179

Necessary to a choice 148

States that will also vote for Harrison.

Massachusetts	14
New York	42
Tennessee	15
Illinois	5
Michigan	3
Mississippi	4
Total	83

States that will probably vote for Van Buren, but not one certain:

New Hampshire	7
Missouri	4
Arkansas	3
Alabama	7
South Carolina	11
Total	32

States already voted for Harrison 179

States that will vote for Harrison 83

States that will probably vote for Van Buren 32

Harrison majority 230

ALL RIGHT IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Legislature and Senate.

The Senate of Pennsylvania will stand 20 Whig—13 Loco Lococo, viz:

District	Whig	Loco
1 Philadelphia city	2	3
2 Philadelphia county	3	3
3 Chester, Delaware and Montgomery	3	1
4 Berks	1	1
5 Lancaster and York	3	1
6 Dauphin and Lebanon	3	1
7 Huntingdon, Union, Mifflin, Juniata and Perry	2	1
8 Columbia and Schuylkill	1	1
9 Northampton and Lehigh	1	1
10 Luzerne, Monroe, Pike and Wayne	1	1
11 Lycoming, Centre and Northumberland	1	1
12 Bradford and Susquehanna	1	1
13 Cumberland, Adams and Franklin	1	1
14 Schuylkill	1	1
15 Berks and Bedford	1	1
16 Westmoreland	1	1
17 Washington	1	1
18 Fayette and Green	1	1
19 Allegheny and Butler	1	1
20 Beaver and Mercer	1	1
21 Erie and Crawford	1	1
22 Jefferson, McKean, Tioga Potter, Warren and Venango	1	1
23 Indiana, Armstrong, Cambria and Clearfield	1	1

WHIG RALLYING SONG.

As is—'Marsell's Hymn.'

YE SONS OF FREEMEN! wake to duty:
Hark! 'tis the voice of Freedom calls:
Marsell's Hymn, and its glorious beauty,
And shattered its foundation walls:
The spoiler's hand, with touch unholy,
Hath desecrated Freedom's Ark,
While hireling train-bands 'gainst her
foolly
Plot their vile schemes of treason
dark.

Arouse! arouse! BE FREE!
Strike! strike for Liberty!
March on, march on, all hearts resolved
On victory or death!

Shall tyranny and usurpation
Sweep like a fell destroying flood
O'er the broad land of this fair nation.
Once watered by your fathers' blood?
Are ye the worthy sons of sires
Who pledged their honors, fortunes—
all
That life endears and being fires—
That Freedom's gift on ye might fall?

Then rouse! Again BE FREE!
Strike! strike for Liberty!
March on, march on, all hearts resolved
On Victory or death!

Shall the rich boon of freedom garnered
Amid your fathers' blood and toil,
Be ever by their sons surrendered
A prey to tyranny and spoil?
No! From Columbia's sons and seamen
O'er her broad land, and ocean waves
The abouts resound—"Our sires were
freemen!
Their children never will be slaves?"

Then rouse! Again BE FREE!
Strike! strike for Liberty!
March on, march on, all hearts resolved
On Victory or death!

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
Composed of 100 Members.

Philadelphia City,	Whig
Delaware,	7
Chester,	4
Lancaster,	6
Dauphin,	2
Lebanon,	2
Adams,	2
Franklin,	2
Huntingdon,	2
Union, Mifflin, and Juniata,	3
Somerset and Cambria,	2
Washington,	4
Allegheny,	3
Butler,	2
Mercer,	2
Erie,	2
Butler,	1
Bedford,	1
Indiana,	1
Becks,	1
Armstrong,	1
Lycoming and Clearfield,	1
Total	52

RECAPITULATION.

Harrison.	Loco.
Senate,	20
House,	52
Total	48

Majority on joint ballot, 12

The Senate stood last year, 16 Democrats to 17 Loco—and the House 31 Democrats to 69 Loco.

Members of Congress stood in 1838 11 Democrats to 17 Loco—this year 13 Democrats to 15 Loco.

New Jersey Returns.

The annexed table shows the complete returns from New Jersey:

Whig.	V. B.
Burlington Co. 810	Atlantic Co. 272
Cape May, 416	Bergen, no opposition.
Cumberland, 197	Sussex do
Gloucester, 516	Warren do
Hudson Co. 201	Hunterdon, do
Monmouth, 83	
Middlesex, 156	
Mercer, 350	
Morris, 203	
Passaic, 199	
Somerset, 241	
Salem, 112	
Essex, 1740	

The above returns show a Whig gain in the 13 counties of 3113 on the vote of 1839, in Atlantic Co. there is a gain on the Van Buren majority of 42, deduct this from the above leaves a net Whig gain of 3071 votes, and beyond all question secures the State for the Harrison Electoral ticket, and one of the largest majorities on the Congress given in that State for ten years.

BOOK-BINDERY

B. BANNAN has commenced a Book Bindery in connection with his Book Store, where all kinds of Books will be bound at the shortest notice at low rates.

SUMMER'S GONE.

BY MRS. KANTON.

Hark through the dim woods dying,
With a moan,
Faintly the winds are sighing—
Summer's gone!

There when my bruised heart feel'd,
And the pale moon her face reveal'd,
Darkly my footsteps stealthily
To weep alone.

Hour after hour I wander
By men unseen—
And sadly my young thoughts ponder
On what hath been:

There in our own green bowers,
Long ago,
Our path through the tangled flowers
Treading slow;

Off hand in hand entwining—
Off side by side reclining—
We've watched in its crimson shining
The sunset glow.

Dimly the sun now burneth
For me alone—
Spring after spring returneth,
Thou art gone;
Summer's gone!

Still on my warm cheek playeth
The restless breeze;
Still in its freshness strayeth
Between the trees.

Still the blue streamlet gusheth—
Still the proud river rusheth—
Still the calm silence husheth
The heart's disease.

But who shall bring our meetings
Back again?
What shall recall thy greetings—
Loved in vain?
Summer's gone!

POTTSVILLE.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 21.

WHICH IS THE BANK PARTY.

The editor of the Newark (N. J.) Advertiser, has compiled from the official records at Washington, the following table which shows conclusively which is the Bank Party, and to whom this country is indebted for the great issue of paper money—and all the extravagance and speculation which has characterized the country since 1833.

From 1820 to 1830, including the last four years of Monroe's Administration, all of John Quincy Adams, and two of General Jackson's, the increase of Banks in the United States was only 22

Increase of Bank capital from 1820 to 1830, about \$8,000,000

Increase of Banks from 1830, to 1837, 7 years during the Reformers' Administration, the increase of Banks were 348

The increase of Banking capital during that period, was upwards of \$268,000,000

The statistics also show that during the last period of seven years, the aggregate number of the sessions of the Legislatures in all the States, were as follows:

Jackson or Reform	118
Anti-Jackson or Whig	40
In favor of Calhoun	4
Total	172

Of the 348 Banks—the Jackson or Reform Party Legislature created 234

With a capital of upwards of \$205,000,000

The anti Jackson or Whig party, 134

With a capital of over \$62,000,000

The above is compiled from the official documents, filed in the Secretary of the Treasury's Office at Washington. Read this statement carefully, and it will not be difficult to decide which of the two parties may justly be styled the "Bank Party."

GIVING UP.

All the locos in this neighborhood, whose opinion are worth any thing, give up the contest as lost. And so does

MARTIN VAN BUREN.

We learn that he has written to some of his particular friends, requesting them not to spend any money in the contest, as ALL IS LOST.

Beware of lying Handbills distributed on the eve of Elections, they are generally false, otherwise they would have been brought out before.

MR. WEBSTER AT RICHMOND.

Richmond, 5th October, 1840.

Dear —: Our State Convention has just closed its labor, and a more enthusiastic and determined spirit never pervaded a body of men. Virginia is just as safe for Harrison as any state in this Union. I not only give you this as my candid and deliberate opinion, but I do not believe that there is a Whig in the whole State that doubts it, and not many of the other party who are tolerably well informed. Mr. Webster has won for himself golden opinions. He has removed the prejudices of his political friends, and conciliated the animosities and commended the respect of his opponents. His speeches have exhibited the true Virginia doctrine as to State Rights, and we are all Federalists if he be one for Madison himself never preached more sound democratic doctrines than he has in this city. From this point forth, he will be regarded in Virginia, as he deserves to be regarded every where, amongst the loftiest patriots, the most profound statesmen, and the ablest defenders of the Constitution.—N. Y. Courier.

REFORM.

are questions, which the voice of millions answer in the negative—that he has failed in each of these particulars. Were it possible, for all self-interest, all sinister and prejudicial feelings for each candidate to be laid aside, and were it possible to remove the cloud of ignorance which is imposed upon, and which leads by the nose thousands into a course which they would otherwise detest, one *unbiased* should proclaim, that Martin Van Buren is unfit to preside over a large, enlightened, and free people. We have been made to feel by sad experience, the fatal effects of his mal-administration; there is nothing theoretical or speculative in this—it is palpable to our senses—we feel it—where is there an act in the history of Martin Van Buren, which has for its object the welfare of the working men?—We cannot find such an act, but while he and his party are making great promises for political effect, and circulating far and wide toasts and sentiments in favor of working men—his actions are proclaiming trumpet-tongued that he is ever the stern opponent of any thing that interests or encourages the working man—witness his opposition to a protective tariff—his sub-treasury scheme—his standing army in time of peace, all fraught with destruction to the interests of the poor man. My fellow working men—there is nothing speculative in repelling the formidable advances of a power whose only objects are dominion and despotism—they are endeavoring to wound us in the most vital part, by taking from us our liberty, and reducing our wages; consequently trying to circumscribe our efforts where it will feed and clothe our families, and to enforce these terrible laws, are grasping at the wide-wasting and fatal sword! Working men reflect upon these matters! Reflect upon them now—the time for action is at hand—Have you investigated the life and actions of William H. Harrison? this being the illustrious individual held forth as the other candidate, it is highly important that we carefully examine his character—do not listen to what party politicians may say about him, who will, no doubt, give distorted views of his character in many instances—examine for yourselves the public records of his life and actions—read his unbiassed history which was given to the world when he was never thought of as a candidate for the Presidency. We find from an impartial view of his life, that he has held high public offices—that he has fought and conquered for his country—that he has been the protector of the mother and infant from the tomahawk of the ruthless Indian, and last, but not least, he is the tried and sincere friend of the working man—in every instance of official trust we find that he has acquitted himself with a courage, honesty and honor which render him a never-fading laurel in the wreath of his country's glory. He is a tried soldier—he is a tried patriot—and a tried statesman; there is, therefore, nothing speculative in giving our suffrages to William H. Harrison, in preference to Martin Van Buren for President of the United States. The former is our friend, the latter is our avowed enemy—we are aware, that the office holders, office hunters, and all interested demagogues, tell us, that Gen. Harrison is a coward, and that he is a black-cocked federalist, and that he is the vilest old Granny in the world (hush inglorious slanders, like the source from which they emanate.) As regards the thinking part of the community, they can never suffer from these foul libels—they know better, and such slanders may tell to the destruction of their inventors; the moderate and unimpaired, are, however, by these means, deceived, and the galling yoke is imposed upon them unknowingly. The only safe guard is to get the truth determined, let each and every working man examine closely for themselves, authentic and unbiassed records of the lives and actions of both candidates, and there will be no question about the result. The cause of the enemy at this juncture, is desperate, never more so, and there is no doubt, but that the means to which they will resort to support their rotten fabric, will be equally desperate. Be not deceived by their sleek and golden promises, but judge for yourselves—and act accordingly, and there is no question but W. H. Harrison will be elected President of the United States—business will be re-animated, confidence will be restored, our wages will be kept up and all will go on well.

TEMPERANCE RECORD.

Mr. Editor.—Please publish the substance for the good of the many ruined husbands and families. A constant reader earnestly desires this:

"PUT DOWN THAT GLASS!"

There is no harm in putting it down; there may be harm in taking it.

First.—To put it down will not make you poorer, but a glass, two or three a day, in a single year amount to a handsome sum.

Second.—To put it down will not injure your health or diminish your strength.—To take it will surely do so.

Third.—To put it down will not impair your credit or respectability. To take it will do harm to both.

Fourth.—To put it down will not make you a worse father, husband or citizen. To take it will injure you in all these relations.

Fifth.—To put it down will not be an example that your children should be afraid to imitate. To take it will be.

Sixth.—To put it down will not awaken conscience to reproach and condemn you. To take it renders conscience your foe.

Seventh.—To put it down will not embitter your recollection of the past. To take it will.

Eighth.—To put it down will not confirm the habit of drinking. To take it will.

A respectable gentleman called to give us the following instance of a great change for the better in the Temperance cause:

Some time ago, a woman called on him to make known her misery, and complained that her husband was always drunk, abused her, provided nothing for the family, and made her life wretched and unhappy. The man himself spent all his earnings for ardent spirits, and was literally in rags. The gentleman used his influence to make peace and to get the man to agree to drink but one dram foreign and after-noon, and that always mixed with water; and to attend to his work and provide for his family. This the man agreed to, and soon made a very great improvement in his affairs. He some time ago went one step farther and joined the Temperance Society at St. Paul's church, on Grant's Hill, and he has now got good warm clothes, lives happy with his family, has good furniture in his house, and has laid up a hundred dollars in money, and he and his wife wonder at the great change produced by living on strictly temperance principles, and attending well to their household affairs. Let others imitate this noble example, and like this happy family they will exult at the change, and bow the knees in thankfulness to God, for the blessings attending the Temperance society. We are informed that near 1000 persons have subscribed to the Boston Catholic Temperance society.—*Put Down Intemperance.*

THE TARIFF IN DANGER.

Friends of the Tariff, come up to its rescue.

THE DESTRUCTION OF THE TARIFF AND DIRECT TAXATION OPENLY A VOWED.

From the *Poughkeepsie Journal*

"It is the settled determination of Mr. Van Buren and his friends, if they succeed in the coming election to abolish all protective duties, put an end to the whole Custom House system, and provide for the payment of the expenses of the Government by a direct tax upon Property!"

This is the language of Isaac Hill, before the Democratic Association of the city of Providence, in a lecture delivered a few weeks since. Intimations of such a design have been given from various quarters by the accredited and authorized exponents of Mr. Van Buren's views; but here is a bold avowal of the scheme by one of his own body guard, by a constituent part of the Power behind the throne, greater than the throne itself. It is true, that this result is to be apprehended, even with all our protective duties, inasmuch as the unexampled prodigality of the General Government has already brought a National debt of about 20,000,000 of dollars upon us; which we have no means now of wiping off, but we were hardly prepared for the avowal of this doctrine, by so distinguished a man, in the confidence of the administration, as Isaac Hill.

Take this in connection with the following extract from Van Buren's recent letter to Virginia:

"A web more artfully contrived, composed of a high protective tariff, a system of internal improvements, and a National Bank, was then twined around the sleeping giant in the vain hope of subjecting him forever to the dominion and will of the ambitious and grasping few; and you have seen how he has scattered the whole to the winds when roused by the warning voice of the honest and intrepid Jackson."

Take also in connection with this, the following extract of Mr. Calhoun's letter, to some political friends who invited him to join in a celebration of the passage of the Sub-Treasury Bill, at the White Sulphur Springs in Virginia, and we have this whole plot of the Van Buren and Calhoun coalition discovered:

"But this is not all that has been done. Much still remains to be added, and among them, I rejoice to state, that the system of protective tariffs, so pre-eminent in mischief, is about to expire. Yes, that system, which has done so much to divide and distract the country; to corrupt one portion and impoverish and alienate the other, which poured into the Treasury so many millions beyond the wants of the Government, extinguishing, by its effects, the spirit of economy; and substituting profusion, extravagance and waste, is gasping. I trust, its last breath; and with it the connected and kindred system of lawless expenditures on innumerable objects not authorized by the Constitution."

When the tariff is abolished, a hard money currency introduced, and direct taxes imposed for the support of Government, (for this is openly avowed by Mr. Hill) and is an inevitable consequence of abolishing the tariff—what do our readers suppose will be the wages of labor? We shall then indeed have approximated to the rates of Cuba and of China! Yet such success the tendency of all things, for Mr. Calhoun is the harbinger of power, and without his aid Mr. Van Buren cannot carry a single measure through Congress. Is the country ready for this consummation?