TEMPERANCE RECORD.

FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL. Mr. Entron. Since the formation of the St. Patrick's Temperance Society, I have witnessed with pleasure that you devote a portion of your valumble paper to that holy cause. To aid therein, l beg to make a few remarks in reference to the question proposed in your last by Aqua Fontano: whether miners enjoy as good health when they entirely abstant from intoxicating liquors, as when they use them in moderation!

Now I answer from my own experience. I have then working under ground as a miner for the last eight years, and have been in the habit of taking a drop, as an antidote against the injurious effects of the black damp, the sulphur, the dust, and powder smoke, and thought, like many others, that it was absolutely necessary to do so. As hobits grow stronger by indulgence, I sometimes took a little to much. But at the formation of the Temperance Society, my wafe and friends advised me to take the temperance pledge, -not the total abstinence, but contrary to their wishes, I became a tetistalter at once, and thank God, I-have no reason to repent it. I never was happier, nor enjoyed more amply the blessings of peace and plenty. I know several of my neighbors who have also joined the Total Abstinence Society, and they have experienced the same boneficial results; their health and strength have been decidedly improved.

It is further to be remarked that many of the most deplorable accidents that happen in and near coal mines are to be traced to inebriety. A difficulty or a danger presents itself, and the unhappy miner, blinded in his cups, bereft of presence of mind or self possession, is ingulphed in dire destruction, leaving a wife and children in mourning and dis-

Dram-drinking has been well said to be strength; in the beginning, but weakness in the end. If. therefore, the miner thinks it fortifies his body against the poxious influences to which he is frequently exposed, he may rest assured that whenever the momentary stimulus is gone, his frame becomes more and more susceptible of those influences. The natural health, strength, and vigour of the body form the best preservative from such dangers and these, with their usual concomitants, tranquillity and presence of mind, are best maintained and preserved by universal temperatice. I am Sir Yours truly

A MINER and TETOTALLER. Intemperance.

The following is the most graphic delineation of the miseries and effects of intemperance that we have ever seen. It is from the arguments advanced by certain citizens of Portage county, Ohio, in a memorial to the legislature on the subject :-

" And yet its march of ruin is onward still.

reaches to others-invades the family and social circle, and spreads wee and serrow all around. It cuts down youth in its vigor-manhood in its strength -and age in its weakness. It breaks the father's heart-bergaves the douting mother-extinguishes natural affection-erases conjugit love-blots out filial attachment; blights parental hope - and brings down mourning age in sorrow to the grave. It produces weakness, not strength; sickness not health; death, not life. It makes wives widows-children orphans-father's fiends-and all of them paupers and beggars. It hails fevers; feeds rheumstisms; nurses gout-welcomes epidemics-invites cholera-imcrime. It fills your jails-supplies your alms houses engagements are such at present as to prevent us -and demands your asylums. It engenders con- from calling on them personally. troversies; fosters quarrels-and cherishes riots. It crowds your penitentiaries; and furnishes, the victims for your scaffolds. It is the life blood of the gambler; the aliment of the counterfeiter; the prop of the expeditions manner. highwayman, and the support of the midnight incen-

It countenances the fiar; respects the thief; and esteems the blasphemer. It violates obligation; reverences fraud; and honors infamy. It defames benevolence; hates love; scorns virtue; and slanders innocence. It incites the father to butcher the offspring; helps the husband to massacre his wife; and aids the child to grind-his particidal axe. It burns man; consumes woman; detests life; curses God; and despises Heaven.

It suborns witnesses; nurses perjury; defiles the jury hox; and stains the judicial ermine. It bribes votes, disqualifies voters ; corrupts elections ; pollutes our institutions; and endangers our government. It degrades the citizen ; debases the legislator; dishonors the statesman and disarms the patriot. It brings shame, not honor; terror, not safety despair, not hope; misery, not happiness. And now, as with the malevolence of a fiend, it calmly surveys its frightful desolations, and insatiate with havoc, it poisons feliicity; kills peace; rums morals; blights confidence; slays reputation; and wipes out national honor, then curses the world, and laughs at its rum."

The "man of honor" gets it from the Old Soldier.

We copy the following letter from the Village It is a letter from the Post Muster at Marshalton, Chester County, who it appears was one of the brave spirits who assisted to redeem our national name from the disgrace heaped upon it by Hull's surrender. What a rebuke this is from the woodenlegged patriot to the Hon Amos Kendall-the hired vilifier and traducer of the brave Harrison. For the impunence and effrontery exhibited by this old pathe may be expected to be discharged from the service of the government! 2-2

MARSHALTON, Aug. 10, 1840. MR. Anos Kendalf. - Dear Sir : - I acknowledge the receipt of the puckage of Extra Globes which you were politic enough to send me; but as I consider it would be an act of ingratitude to contribute to the support of a sheet, got up for the purpose of vilifying the character of the man with whom I had the honor to share a portion of the toils and dangers of the late war-in contending for the liberties which we now enjoy-you will not be surprised to learn that I cannot become your patron: I have always gone with the Democratic party : and if I am living and my crutch and one leg [the other leg having been lost while I, was fighting for my countral will carry me to the polls on next election day, my vote shall be given for Win. H. HARLISON for President of these U. States. He is a democrat of the genuine stamp-1 know him well - I have been a daily witness, in common with his soldiers, of his noble bearing, goodness of heart, and devotic n to his country, and it is with the er been attached. God forbid that I should do ! aught to propagate them. What! slander the palriot who bared his bosom in the front of battle in defence of the rights and privileges which you and your children anjoy! As I wish to avoid all imputation of that kind, I have thought proper briefly to offer you my unqualified disapproval of such a course; and will you permit me to ask, in conclusion, how many hattles you have been engaged in, which should justify you in almost duly abusing one who never faltered when his defenceless coun. try demanded his service, to protect their homes I mted States from Gen. Washington down to times been an unsuccessful candidate for office, enom the rothless enemies extending along the en- Gen. Jackson. tire line of our western frontier, Yours, &c.

WM. WALKER.

of the 14th Ward of this city under the new cencus, 116. 20,231, viz: 9490 males, and 10741 females. Showing an increase of 2890 since 1835, and 5860 since over 20 years of age, who can neither read nor write !" | tion in this state;



POTTSVILLE.

Saturday Morning, Sept 5.

BY REMUTTANCES BY MAIL. "A postmaster may en-lose money in a letter to the publisher of a newspaper, o pay the subscription of a third person, and frank the etter, if written by himself."—Amos Kendall. Some of our subscribers may not be aware that they may tave the postage on subscription money, by requesting the postmaster where they reside to frank their letters containing such money, he being able to satisfy himself before a letter is sealed, that it contains nothing but what refers to the subscription. [Am Farmer.]

OT A \$5 current bill, free of postage, in advance, will may for three year's subscription to the Miners' Journal

HARRISON, TYLER, AND DEMOCRACY! COUNTY CONVENTION.

N pursuance of a resolution passed at the late County Wreting, a County Convention, of the People, will be held at the House of Frederick Hans, in Schuvlkill Haven, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19TH.

at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of forming l'icket to be supported at the ensuing elect Turn out Farmers, Mechanics, and Working Men -let the people take their affairs into their own hands, in accordance with the spirit of our free in stitutions, and in pursuance of the principles of real Jeffersonian Democracy Several addresses may be expected in the Ger

nan and English languages. 1
AMUEL D. LEIB, JACOB SHOCK, Jr.
V. H. MANN, JOHN K. SMITH,
OSEPH MORGAN DANIEL B. HAAS. SAMUEL D. LEIB, W. H. MANN, JOSEPH MORGAN JOS WEAVER, Esq. JOHN YARNELL HENRY KOCH. SHOLLENBERGER ADAM HERB. ACOB MANTZ. MICHAEL ARTZ, Sen RICHARD ADDAMS, JACOB MILLER. JOHN W. HEFFNER, CHARLES DENGLER, PETER FILBERT. JOEL YUNDT, 'ARQUHAR, Secretary E. Y. FARQUHAR

CONFEREES.

of County Committee.

THE County Committee, announce the following person as Conferees to meet the Conferees of Lehigh County, at such time and place as they may direct, to nominate a candidate to be supported at the ensuing election for Congress in this district, to wit: Hon, Samuel D Leib, Andrew B. White, Charles Dengler, Esq. Charles Witman, Esq., and Capt. Daniel B. Kershner.

The Committee have also appointed the following persons as Conferees to meet the Conferees of Columbia County, at such time and place as they may designate, to nominate a candidate for Senator, o represent this district in the Senate of Pennsylvania, to wit : E. Y. Farquhar, John T. Werner, Joel Yundt, John Bulley, and Levi Reber.

The Continees have power to fill any vacancies

that may occur. E. Y. FARQUIIAR, Secretary

of County Committee. August 29.

To Our Patrons.

Our creditors are becoming so urgent in their emands that we are again compelled to call on all those indebted to us for subscription, advertising, stationary &c., (which we can assure our readers are not few in number at present) to call and discharge their respective accounts, with as little delay as possiparts pestilence, and embraces consumptions. It ble. We have performed our part of the contract, covers the land with idleness, poverty, disease and and it now remains with them to perform theirs. Our day, the 23d, on my way home, and I shall be happy

Those who are largely in arrears abroad, and contemns law-spurns order-and loves mobs. It who have had their accounts frequently transmitted, must not complain if their names are shortly atricken from our list, and the accounts collected in the most

We refer our readers to a call in another part of the Journal, headed " Harrison, Porter and Democracy." We can only state that a number of our most respectable cuizens, who have heretofore been active supporters of Martin Van Buren, have authorized the call for said meeting to be inserted.

Meeting at Port Curbon .- There was quite a numerous and spirited meeting of the Working Men at the house of Mr. James Palmer, in Port Carbon, on Saturday evening last. We learn that the meeting was addressed in a very able manner by John M. Crostand and Alfred Haswell, both Work-

The Sub-Treasury .- Sub-Treasury Bills as low as \$5, payable one year after date, are plenty in New York. Is this the gold and silver currency the people were promised under the Sub-Treasury

of Harrison's Witnesses .- The Locus accuse Gen. Harrison of being a coward and a Granny. The elections in Kentucky show that the people of that State, who fought under him, and who know him, don't believe it.

The Locos charge Gen. Harrison with " voting in favour of selling white men into slavery!" The people of Indiana are freemen, and they have repudiated this charge against the old Governor by upwards of 9,000 majority. They know him well, and don't believe it.

The Locos charge Gen. Harr.son with being an Abolitionist; North Catolina is a slave holding riot in asking Amos where he fought his Battles, state, and of course opposed to Abolitionists. They have nailed this charge to the counter by upwards of 8000 majority in favour of his friend, Mr. Moorehead. North Carolina don't believe the charge.

> Van Burenism in Maine .- At a Van Buren election, at Eastport, Me., on the 4th of July, the following was one of the regular tousts drank:

" The Trading community-A CURSE TO THE

The spirit of Van Burenism is the same in this region,-they profess to benefit the Working Man by advocating measures, which, it carried out, must inevitably ruin his employer.

Mr. Buer. - So delighted were the mechanics and workingmen of Wilkesbarre, with their fellow mechanic, Mr. Baer, that they presented him with an elegant cloth coat. The contributions for said purpose, we learn, were made without distinction of deepest regget that I have seen the base slanders ut. | party. The Lades also presented him with a beauat him by the party to which I have eve tiful Log Cabin Reticule, made with their own hands, for Mrs. Baer.

> The American Sentinel, a Van Buren paper, publishes Col. Johnson's recent letter, and admits it is a withering rebuke of the conduct of certain presses and individuals in slandering a man like Gen. Harrison, who has rendered such eminent services to his country, and who retained the undiminished confidence of every President of the Courier. Mr. B, after stating that he has several

Census fur 1840 .- Reading, Pa. Males 3993, females 4721-total 8714. Increase in ten years making this tack, I will say, that if I had gone over The New York Star, says: -" The population 2958. Colored population: Mules 105, females

Lancaster city contains a population of only 8419, being 295 less than the population of Read-1830. There are in this Ward 991 white persons, ing. Reading now stands third in point of popula-

State Conventions.

In addition to the State Conventions called at the 18th instant, the State Cental Committee, have called two more State Conventions,—one to be held at WILKSBARRE, in Luzerne County, on on the 7th of October next. The People are i

An Important Letter from Vice

resident Johnson.

We invite attention to the following letter. It and in the most emphatic language, the base insinintions of certain presses against the courage of Gen. Harrison. The letter reflects the highest honor upon its author. It is in reply to a communication addressed to the Vice President, by T. D. Carneal, Esq., of Cincinnati: -

MANSFIELD, Aug. 18th, 1840. My DEAR SIR: - Your favor has been received, in which you observe that by my reported speech, an inference may be drawn that I am not only in doubt as regards the courage of Gen. Harrison, but that I

had but little respect for him as a commanding Genral. I am happy to have this opportunity, of informing you that during my service with Gen. Harrison, I had no cause to doubt his courage, but consider him A BRAVE MAN, and I have always expressed myself to that effect—nor have Lever disapproved or censured any of his measures as commanding General in the pursuit of Proctor, or in the Battle of the Thames-everything I saw met my entire approbation, and I have never spoken of it in any other terms. In speaking of the Battle of the Thames, and the part acted by my regiment, I did not intend to increase the merit of that regiment, or to diminish the meric claimed by others, much less did I intend to imply that Gen. Harrison, or Gov. Shelby, or any officer attached to the army, avoided duty or danger. Each had hie part to act, and I should feel myself much degraded to suppose that they did not perform their duty fearless of danger, - nor have I ever doubted, that these gallant officers were precisely where duty called them. I regret that in such a battle, where our country was victorious, that there should be a controversy about the merit due to the actors in that battle. I claim nothing above the most humble soldier, who performed his duty on that occasion, nor shall any earthly consideration ever induce me knowingly to do injustice to the commanding officer, Governor Shelby, or any other officer in that army. I have thus confined myself to general remarks, not knowing in what particular fact, injustice is supposed to have been done to General Harrison. I should be gladto know what particular issue is made as to the facts stated in the reported speech, respecting which I had no agency. I shall feel no difficulty to state facts as

MAJ. THO. D. CARNEAL. We commend the above letter to the particular attention of that base libeler of Gen. Harrison, Senator Frailey.

far as my own personal knowledge extends, and what

I understood from others, and not to censure or crimi-

nate, but to state the truth as far as I know or be-

lieve the facts. I expect to be in your City on Sun-

RH. M. JOHNSON.

The German Population of this country .- Some idea of the importance of this element of the Anglo Saxon race may be formed not only from the numbers of Germans our seahoard cities have, especially New York, but also the mass they form throughout Pennsylvania, and also in Ohio and all the West. Take this one item:

The German population of Cincinnati is estimated by the agents for taking the census at 12,000-more than one fourth of the entire population.

The people have pronounced condemnation upon the following members of Congress, at the recent elections, who voted for the Sub Treasury

FROM INDIANA. John W. Davis, John Carr. William W. Wick, Thomas Smith, Tilghman A. Howard.

FROM NORTH CAROLINA. Bedford Brown, Robert M. Strange, SENATORS. Charles Fisher, Representatives.

John Hill, FROM ALABAMA. Dixon H. Lewis.

Total, 2 Senators, 8 Representatives. We look for more " withering rebukes" in other States when the elections come on.

Solomon Hower, formerly of this county, charged with killing a man by the name of Eisenhower, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to two years' confinement in the Penitentiary, at Danville, on Monday last.

The Phila. American Sentinel, in alluding to the

county ticket for the Legislature, says: We learn that great dissatisfaction has been expressed by many democrats from different sections of the county, at the ticket recommended by the delegates on Monday. It is alleged that all active friends of Governor PORTER have been carefully excluded from nomination, and that individuals peculiarly obnoxious, in consequence of their wellknown and violent hostility to him and his administration, have been placed on the ticket.

[COMMUNICATED.] Mr. Bannan,-Please announce in your paper, Joseph Brohst, Esq., of Cattawissa, as a candidate to represent the counties of Schuylkill and Columbia in

the next Senate of Pennsylvania.

MANY VOTERS OF COLUMBIA. Good Times Coming .- The increasing prospect ! General Harrison's election has already caused an improvement in the aspect of business. Every thing looks brighter. As soon as his election is made certain, by the electoral vote in November, and long before his entrance upon the duties of his office, there will be a universal restoration of confidence, and a state of prosperity will commence, such as the country

A Mr. Butler has left the Whig party. His renunciation is published in the Palmyra, (N. Y.) deavors to vindicate his motives for changing, and makes this very candid remark: "To those who attempt to impugn my motives for

has not seen for many years. - N. Y. Star.

to the strong side like some of their present fuvorites, then indeed there would be some ground for the charge, but I changed at a time when I had not a doubt of General Harrison's election."

The Locos may well exclaim, after reading the above, bring us no more such recruits.

Senator Frailey.

This gentleman in his overweening enxiety to Erie, Pa., on the 10th inst., and at Lancaster, on abuse and villify Gen. Harrison, has placed himself in rather an awkward predicament, from which it will require all the ingenuity of his friends to extricate him. Our readers are aware that we charged him the 30th of September, and the other at BEDFORD | with declaring at a public meeting at the Trap Hotel in this borough, on the evening of the 1st of August, that " Gen. Harrison was nine miles off at the Battle of the Thames." The honorable Senator caused a contradiction to be published in the Orwigsburg German paper, in which he endeavoured to palliate the charge by stating that he said "Gen. Harrison was nine miles off from Fort Stephenson." This is a mere subterfuge on the part of the Senator. Who ever said Gen. Harrison was at Fort Stephenson! Every school boy who has read the history ossesses the strongest interest, and refutes at a word, of the country, knows that Gen. Harrison was at Senaca Town with the main army, and tad given orders for the destruction of Fort Stephenson in case the British made an attack, not deeming it worth the sacrifice of life that would probably take place in defending it. On the evening of the 22d August, at a public meeting, held at the same place, Mr. Frailey again publicly denied the charge, and called his God to witness that it was a lie. He was followed by the Prosecuting Attorney, F. W. Hughes, Esq., who also denied it. Notwithstanding these contradictions, we again charge Senator Frailey, with having stated at the meeting in question that " Gen. Harrison was nine miles off at the Battle of the Thames," and we do so on the authority of the following citizens of our Borough, who, among a number of others, heard him make the declaration, and who are willing to make an affidavit to that effect. But this is not necessary,—their simple words, on a question of verscity, no one in this Borough acquainted with them, will question, viz: JOHN M. CROSLAND, SAMUEL HARTZ.

WILLIAM NICE. ALFRED HASWELL. Should the honorable Senstor again deny it, we are ready to publish the Affidavits.

[COMMUNICATED.] PROGRESS OF THE BUCKEYE BLACK-SMITH.— EXTRACT OF A LETTER 'O THE EDITOR, DATED

BLOOMSBURG, August 26th, 1840. Dear Sir: - We had a very large meeting in Danville on Monday, and in Catawissa on Tuesday, and at this place last evening. Here was supposed to be the battle ground, as it was reported at the Catawissa meeting that a reply would be made by S. F. Hendly, Esq., a lawyer, and also by Mr. Webb, the Editor of the "Columbia County Democrat"large number came over from Catawissa to hear the reply, and at candle-light the meeting opened, and Mr. Webb was on the ground taking notes, Mr. Baer, at the commencement of his speech, said that he understood a reply would be made, and he invited one,—he challenged the whole party to deny what he asserted, and if his documents were false, he called on them to produce the real ones. Mr. Webb took notes all the time Mr. Baer was speaking; when Mr. B. had finished he called for a reply and said he hoped there would be one, and that if there was none it was a tacit acknowledgment that what he said was true. Mr. Baer waited for a reply some minutes; he then sung a song to allow the Locos time to get ready—then invited again a reply-they then called on Mr. Webb to reply, but he was nowhere to be found-" It was like calling forth spirits from the mighty deep." They called, but in vain-Mr. Baer here said, to give the gentleman time, he would sing another song: having finished it, he again called on the Van Buren party for a reply, and told them now to speak or ever after hold their peace. After waiting about half an hour Mr. Baer said "You can't come it Matty!" and then left the stand. The Bloomsburg Band composed of both parties, (the Post Master of this place being one of them) turned out and went down to Catawissa to meet Mr. Baer and escort him to that town. I am told a very threatening letter was sent to the Post Master warning him against turning out with the band to escort the Blacksmith. This, however, had a contrary effect from what was anticipated; he was now determined to go; -he said he was not to be dictated to by any set of men; he went, and in Catawissa produced the letter for the inspection of all parties.-Such a man is Bernard Rupert, Post Master of Blooms bury, Columbia county. He is a strong Van Bu-

spirits it would be better for our country. At Danville where nearly all the Office Holders of the county are, an attempt was made to disturb the meeting by some few of the Barn burnersbut it did not succeed. I can assure you that the medicine is working finely, but very severely on the office-holders. The people want to hear the truth, but the office-holders wish to keep it from them-Success to the Buckeye Blacksmith.

ren man, but he is his own master and intends to

remain so. If we had more such independent

Yours &c.

[COMMUNICATED.] Port Carbon, Sept. 31 1830.

Mr. Bannan,-I was somewhat surprised to hear the reasoning of the great and erudite Senator of Schuylkill county, on Saturday evening, at the Port Carbon house in this place his elevated position rendered him conspicuous, and he so far transcended the level of his audience as to station himself in one of the second story windows of the above mentioned house, from whence, in his usual flow of eloquence, he poured fourth arguments which I have no doubt he considered irresistable in themselves, and would

so play upon the minds of his hearers as to convince them that he is a Democrat. But I would inform the gentleman that he is mistaken, (notwithstanding all his malicious denunciations against the Man who will be our next President) he has entirely failed to convince us that he is what he calls himself .- However, the office holders of the loco foco party may pervert the word democracy, or exert their ingenuity to change the true and literal meaning of that term, they never can succeed in making us believe it consists in defaiming and holding up to public scorn the character of men who have fought the battles of our country, and risked there lives and fortunes in extricating the American people from the Tomahawk and Scalpingknife. Such is the course pursued by the Democratic Senator-he is determined to prove the principles of his party by defaiming the character of Gen. Harrison; all his invictives are brought to bear on that distinguished veteran,-he says he is a Mock Hero and a Granny, and that these terms are applicable to him, because he was in the habit of delivering up forts to the enemy, a charge entirely false and plainly contradicted by the history of our country. Did the Senator suppose he was speaking to a people that never read, if he did he is mistaken; some who heard him, knew as much about the military character of Gen. Harrison as he did, and knew at the same time he was maliciously and falsely attempting to detract from a character he himself will never be able to equal or imitate. Any man who will stand up before an audience and publicly abuse a person who has done as much for his country as W. H. Harrison has, is recreant to every principle of humanity, destitute of every feeling of gratitude, and no friend to

Working Men-what do you think of Martin Van Buren's Standing Army GAG LAW ? Don't it go far ahead of the Federal Gag Law of John Adam's Administration'! Yet the locos claim to be democrats.-Is it not a shameful prostitution of the word Democracy?

his country.

A MINER.

[COMMUNICATED.] TO THE SCRUTLEIL NAVIGATION Co .- Gentlemen Directors, I am requested to address you on a subject of considerable importance—not only as regards the imposition practised upon the boutmen, but in regard to the risk which boat owners and

coal shippers are liable to, from the damage and de-

tention of boats. Due credit is awarded to the company, by the oatmen, for many improvements on the line of cacal; but the navigation of Fairmount Dam seems

ormer. It is well known that the canal channel in this Dam is the worst part of the whole navigation when in its best state, and when boats are detained for want of sufficient water to carry them through it, others have preferred paying a Manayunk Pilot for steering them through the rocks or old channel.

to deprive them of all advantages resulting from the

This business has now become a system, and am informed that no loaded boat can pass the canal channel on account of stones thrown in by persons interested in the piloting operation.

This system of fraud suggests two matters for the consideration of the Board: 1st. A strict inquiry into the truth of this matter; and 2d the propriety of clearing out the old channel, in a manner that will do away with the necessity of employing extra hands to navigate that part of it. Until this is done, the company should make arrangements with competent persons, at their own expense, for the safe navigation of their waters; and relieve the boatmen of the \$1,00 tax per trip, now imposed on

While writing on the subject of the canal, I might recommend the Schuylkill county superintendent to devise the simple means of preventing the projecting irons, at Kline's Locks near the toll gate, and at Hendricks Locks above Port Clinton from tearing off the tender irons of boats, which are put on for the protection of the boat, and torn off for the saving of one dollar to the Navigation Yours Respectfully, Company. J. M. C.

We refer our readers to the article in the first page from the National Intelligencer; read it care. fully, and then decide whether we are not fully borne out in the assertion, that Martin Van Buren has put his name to a wilful and deliberate falsehood.

Another Loco U.S. Senator Resigned .- The Hon. W. Wright, of Indiana, has resigned his seat in the United States Senate, in compliance with a pledge made, that if Howard, the Van Buren candidate for Governor of Indiana, was beaten in his own county, he would resign his seat.

Tables for Reference.

	Lavies for Medicities.						
	We give below	v several	Tal	bles of	Electi	оњя, V	
	&c. which will	be handy	for	referer	ነቦሮ-		
	ELECTIONS.						
		State Presidential					
	· States.	Election	n	Electi	on	Electe	
	Maine	Sept	14	Nov	2	1	
.	N. Hampshire	March	10	Nov	2		
	Rhode Island,	April	15	Nov	18		
. !	Vermor.t	Sept	1	Nov	10		
	Massachusetts	Nov	9	Nov	9	. 1	
	Connecticut	April	6	Nov	2		
	New York	Nov	23	Nov	. 23	4	
	New Jersey	Oct 13,	14	Nov	3		
•	Pennsylvania	Oct	13	Oct	30	3	
	Delaware	Nov	10		10		
	Maryland	Oct	9	Nov	9	1	
	Virginia	April	23		2	2	
	Ohio	Oct	13		13	5	
	Kentucky	Aug	3	Nov	2	1	
	Tennessee .	Aug	6	Nov	19	1	
•	Indiana	Aug	3	Nov	2		
ı	Illinois	Aug	3	Nov	. 2		
•	Michigan	Nov	2	Nov	2		
	Missouri	Aug	3		2 2 2 3		
	Mississippi	Nov	2		2		
•	Arkensas	Nov	2	Nov	2		
ι	Louisiana	July	6				
t	Alabama	Aug	3		9		
3	Georgia	Oct	5	Nov	2		
1	N. Carolina	In Aug	ust	Nov	19		
9	S. Carolina	Oct	15	By L	egir.		

		•	294
The following is a	table o	of electoral votes a	s the
were given at the las	t Presi	dential election:	
Van Buren.		Harrison.	
Maine	10	Vermont	7
N. Hampshire	7	N. Jersey	-8
Rhode Island	4	Delaware	3
Connecticut	8	Marylar.d	10
New York	42	Kentucky	15
Pennsylvania	30	Ohio	21
Virginia	23	Indiana	9
N: Carolina	15		_
Alábama	:7		72
Mississippi	•4	White.	
Lousiana	5	Georgia	11
Illinois	5	Tennessee	15
Missouri	4		_
Arkansas	3		26
Michigan	3	Webster.	
		Massachusetts	14
	170	Mangum.	• •
l .	4 4 17	.mongum.	

South Carolina 11 The following is the popular vote polled at the last Presidential Election

Opposition 15,239 Van Buren 22,900 New Hampshire 18,722 14,039 20,990 Vermon! Massachusetts 33.237 41.099 Rhode Island 2.710 2,964 166 815 New York New Jersey 15.844 87,811 91,475 Penney Ivania 4.155 Maryland 22,168 25.852 20.261 23.668 Virginia, North Carolina 23.626 26.910 South Carolina chosen by the Legislat 23,786 22,104 Georgia 20.506 15,612 Alabama. Mississippi 9,979 9,688 3,654 85,962 76.120 Tennesce 33,435 36,955 Kentucky Arkansas 10.995 7 337 14.292 17.275 41,281 Indiana 104,958 Supposed vote in South 803,868 780,104 Carolina in 1836 30,000 810,104 808.868 808,868

Popular vote against Van Buren in 1836, 1,236 Popular vote at the elections in 1840 as far as held, compared with the popular vote in 1836: 184C 1836 Op. V. B. 6,228 18,722 N. Hampshire 8,000 1300 Rliode Island 12,710 4500 Connecticut 17,719 19,284 2000 Virginia 2000 3,383 Indiana

30.261 3,654 9000 41,281 15.800 Kentuckv 36 955 38 435 North Carolina 23.626 26.910 14.292 Missouri 15.612 20.506 Alabama 1.000 43,300 16,600 192,511 216,484 16,600 192,511 26,800 23,973 The above returns are not all official, but the cor-

rect returns will not vary more than from 1000 t 1500. We merely give the majorities in 1840. These States, it will be observed, gave Van Buren a majority of 23.973 in 1836, and they now give Harrison a majority of 26,800, being a gain of upwards of

50.000, on the popular vote since 1836 in eleven States.

The result, so far as compared with 1836, stands as Electoral Votes. Electoral Votes. Har. V. B. Har. New Hampshire -Rhode Island. Connecticut 23 Virginia Louisiana Kentucky 9 Indiana Illinois Alabami North Carolina 15 \ Missouri

23 78 24 Thus, it appears that in these States Mr. Van Buren has already lost 54 electoral votes, and by such decided majorities, that it would be idle to suppose he can possible regain them. Since 1836 he has also tost New York, which no well informed and candid man can now claim for him. We may assert the same of Virginia, where Harrison's net gain has been upwards of 10,000 votes, and where the Whigs had a majority of 2000 at the last election. The following States, then, it may be predicted most confidently, will give Harrison their e.

lectoral votes. Vermont Massachusette Connecticut Rhode Island New York Delaware 23 Virginia North Carolina 15 Lousiana Indiana Michigan

148 electoral

Here is a majority for Harrison, leaving to Van Buren the following States

Maine New Hampshire New Jersey Pennay Ivania 30 Maryland 10 South Carolin Georgia Alabama Mississippi Aıkansas Tennesses Missouri lllinois 146 electoral

Of these States, Ohio, Tennessee, Mississippi, Seorgia, Maryland, and New Jersey, are as certain to cast their 69 electotral votes for Gen. Harrison, as Indiana or North Carolina, and Maine, Pennsylvania, Alabama, and Illinois, may be considered as doubtful States.

IF The fate of Van Buren is sealed. HE CAN.

NOT BE RE-ELECTED.

THE ELECTIONS.

Kentucky.-The returns cor plete give Mr. Letcher, the Whig candidate for Governor, 15,841 majority.

Legislature.—The Senate is composed of 38 members-23 of whom are Whigs, and 14 Administration men, and one vacancy, The House of Representatives consists of 100 members 76 of whom are Whigs and 24 administration meri.

A Thousand Cheers for Rhode Island .- The Providence Journal gives the names of Representatives elected from all the counties in that State, excepting five-from which it appears that 49 Whigs have been elected, and 23 Administration menwhich, with 11 majority in the Senate, makes a majority of 37 on joint ballot.

Gatherings of the People.

GEORGIA.

The papers from Georgia bear testimony to the good spirit and great number at the Whig meeting at Milledgeville on the 12th inst. It is said that the number present was 12,500.

There was also a grand gathering at Macon.-Something of the fears, if not the despair, of the administration men may be inferred from the following paragraphs in the Milledgeville Journal:

A band of desperadoes in the county of Bibb. armed to the teeth, tore down a bridge, and erected a bulwark, behind which they posted themselves, for the purpose of preventing the passage of the Muscogee Delegation, unless they would lower the standard under which they were proceeding to the Con. vention in Macon. The particulars we shall present to our readers next week. Suffice it, for the present, to say, that the standard was not lowered at the command of the base set of suffiant, and that the delegation passed over without personal injury

Again, when Mr. Preston was addressing the peo ple, at the Central Hotel, a youth, who had been persuaded to the act by an older head, applied a match to a pack of crackers, and threw thein in the midst of the crowd. Fortunately, no lives were lost, and but one team of horses ran away. But the distress of the ladies who were in their carriages, and the difficulty with which the horses were prevented from running away, together with the rush made by the rowd, and the trampling of one, and then another, inder the feet of so many individuals, rendered the execution of this act one of the most dastardly that we have ever witnessed. We presume that the press

n Macon will furnish us with particulars. Nashville, Tenn., on the 14th and 15th, was in a high excitement, preparing for the 50,000 Whig vistors expected there on the 17th, with Mr. Clay at head. The programmes of the Grand Marshals, Committees of Reception, for the accommodation of the visitors in private houses, occupy two or three columns. There are Grand Marshals to all the 26 States. Such a time, probably, will never have been seen in the West.

Henry Clay, made his triumphant entry into the City, escorted by the military, and about 1500 citizens, amids: the ringing of bells, the firing of cannon. and the shouts of the immense multitude. What will Gen. Jackson say to that.

About 10,000 people assembled at Saratogs, N. Y., last Tuesday. Mr. Webster addressed them for three hours.

A gathering of upwards of 20,000 Buckeye's met at Hillsborough, Ohio, about two weeks ago, to build

a Log Cabin. The State Convention at Trenton, New Jersey, numbered from 6 to 8000 persons.

Another Convention assembled at Salem, N. J., last week, which numbered upwards of 12,000

Union of Texas and Mexico.—The New Orleans Bulletin concurs in our views on this subject : If Texas could be prevailed upon to join the Fede-

ration, she would be an important acquisition, infusing, as she would, into the commonwealth, the healthy, vigorous principles and enlightened institutions of the Anglo Saxon race. We should regard the amalgamation of Texas with Mexico as the great est blessing a kind providence could bestow upon that semi-barbarous benighted people. A gradual renovating might then take place, civilizing and elevating the population, and qualifying for the enjoyment of the inestimable blessings of liberty. The ability of the Mexican and South American Spanish race to maintain free republican institutions may well be doubted. Every experiment has, as yet, signally failed. The best hope, therefore, presented for the establishment of a Republic in Mexico, is the union of Texas with the other provinces, into one grand confederacy. The intelligence and solidity of the American character might be imparted to the Mexicans, and the country would thus be regenerated, and saved from the anarchy that now threatens its desola-