MINERS' JOURNAL,

AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

I will teach you to pierce the bowels of the Earth and bring out from the Caverns of the Mountains, Metals which will give strength to our Hands and subject all Nature to our use and pleasure.—DR JOHNSON.

Weekly by Benjamin Bannan, Pottsville, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

VOL. XV — SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1839. — NO. 37.

Terms of Publications.

Two DOLLARS per annum, payably semi-annual in advance. If not paid within the year, $2 50 will be charged.

☞ Papers delivered by the Post Rider will be charged 25 cents extra.

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be charged $1 for three insertions—and 50 cents for one insertion. Larger ones in proportion.

All advertisements will be inserted until ordered out unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified, and will be charged accordingly.

Yearly advertisers will be charged $12 per annum including subscription to the paper—with the privilege of keeping one advertisement not exceeding 2 squares standing during the year, and the insertion of a smaller one in each paper for three successive times

All letters addressed to the editor must be post paid otherwise no attention will be paid to them.

All notices for meetings, &c and other notices which have heretofore, been inserted gratis, will be charged 25 cents each, except Marriages and Deaths.

☞ *Pamphlets, Checks, Cards, Bills of Lading and Handbills of every description, neatly printed at this Office at the lowest cash prices.*

PROSPECTUS

OF

THE MINERS' JOURNAL.

THIS Journal was materially enlarged and otherwise improved at the commencement of the year, and will now rank with any paper in the state, out of Philadelphia. Its pages will be devoted to a

General Chronicle of the Coal Business;
Improvements in the Manufactory of Iron;
The progress of the Arts and Sciences;
A Summary of European Intelligence;
The Current News of the Day.

And in addition, each number will be furnished, unless a press of local matter should exclude it, with

ORIGINAL TALES,

Thereby making it equal in interest to many publications whose subscription prices double it in amount.

To those interested in the Coal or Iron business, as well as the general reader, its pages will, it is hoped, afford valuable information and amusement, and no pains shall be spared to render it worthy the patronage of all classes of the community.

☞ ANOTHER ENLARGEMENT. ☜

In the first week in January, 1840, the Miners' Journal will again be enlarged by the addition of another column to each page, which will make it the largest paper published in the State, out of Philadelphia, provided each subscriber will, in the mean time, procure us an additional one. Those who do not, will be charged $2 50 per annum after the enlargement takes place. The Coal Region will then have a representative abroad that will add credit to the enterprise and liberality of its citizens.

B. BANNAN.

PHILADELPHIA AND POTTSVILLE

OPPOSITION

LINE OF DAILY COACHES,

Via Reading and Norristown

RAIL ROADS.

THE subscribers, having acceded to the earnest solicitations of the travelling community on this route, respectfully announce to the public that they have commenced running a

DAILY LINE OF COACHES

Between Philadelphia and Pottsville,

For the accommodation of the public. The Coaches are entirely new, built at Troy, large and roomy, and superior to any now running in Pennsylvania. Experienced and accommodating drivers are engaged, and every attention paid to the comfort and convenience of travellers on the route, by the Proprietors and their Agents.

☞ *No racing will be permitted on any consideration whatever*—nor will the rates of fare be changed if other Lines should think proper to reduce their rates, or even run for nothing—it being the whole and sole aim of the Proprietors to *accommodate the public at a reasonable rate of Fare*—they therefore confidently look to the public to sustain them in the undertaking.

The Line will leave their office, in the old Post Office, at Pottsville every morning at 7 o'clock, A. M and leave Sanderson's Hotel at 4½ o'clock, every morning, and at 2½ o'clock every afternoon. By the afternoon Line, passengers arrive at Reading the same day, and leave Reading next morning at 10 o'clock, and arrive in Pottsville at 3½ oclock, P. M., at the following

RATES OF FARE:

From Pottsville to Reading.	$2 00
From Reading to Philad'a, No. 1 Cars,	3 00
Do. Do. No. 2 Cars,	2 50
Pottsville to Port Clinton	75
Do. to Hamburg	1 00
From Philadelphia to Pottsville, No. 1 Cars,	5 00
Do. Do. Do. No. 2 Cars,	4 50

☞ Omnibuses are engaged to carry passengers to and from the depot in Philadelphia and across the Bridge at Norristown, free of additional charges, at the above rates of fare.

For seats, in Pottsville, apply at their Office, in the old Post Office.

In Philadelphia, at Sanderson's Merchant's Hotel, North 4th St, Mount Vernon House, 2d St., Congress Hall, 3d St., United States Hotel, and Marshall House, Chesnut Street.

In Reading, at Finney's Hotel.

☞ All Baggage at the risk of the owners.

The Proprietors would merely state for the information of the public, that this Line has no connection whatever with existing Lines, nor will it have any connection—but will stand or fall on its owe merits. POTT, SHOENER, FINNEY & CO.

Proprietors.

March 23, 12—tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

POTTSVILLE.

William G. Johnson

HAS taken this commodious establishment recently occupied by Joseph Weaver, Esq. as the "National Hotel," corner of Centre and Callowhill streets, and has materially improved its arrangement for the accommodation of customers. The situation is pleasant and central, being contiguous to the Post Office and Town Hall, and in the business part of the borough; and three Daily Lines of Stages arrive and depart from the Exchange to and from Reading, Northumberland, Danville and Catawissa.

PRIVATE FAMILIES who desire spending the summer months in the Coal Region will be furnished with parlours and chambers calculated to please the fancy and render comfortable the most fastidious guests; and TRAVELLERS will always find those accommodations which are most desired, and the strict attention of servants.

It were superfluous to say that his TABLE and BAR will always be furnished with the choicest viands and liquors; and with a wish and exertions to gratify his guests he anticipates the patronage of the public.

Pottsville, april 13, 1839. 15—1y

PENNSYLVANIA HALL,

In the Borough of

POTTSVILLE PA.

J. HAUGHHOUT.

ANNOUNCES to the travelling public that he has refitted his commodious establishment with every attention to the comfort and convenience of his patrons. The contiguity of its situation to the Miners' Bank and the different Coal Landings recommends it to the man of business, while its extensive parlors and well ventilated sleeping apartments give it peculiar advantages for the summer traveller or the invalid.

The *culinary department* is in experienced hands, and he *Liquor* and *Bar* stocked with every seasonable delicacy of viand and liquor, numerous accommodating servants will at all times conduce to the pleasure and attend the wants of his guests.

The salubrity of the Borough of Pottsville, and the many sources of amusement, both natural and artificial, which its vicinity affords, render it a desirable place of resort, and the proprietor pledges his continued exertions to make a sojourn therein, condusive both to comfort and gratification.

Pottsville, Pa. March 30, 1839. 13—1y

ENGLAND.

Exchange at New York on London 8¼ to 8½ per cent. premium.

Murder Twenty Years Ago.—Two men named Bond were on Thursday examined at Uxbridge, charged with being implicated in the death of their grandfather, a farmer named Howard, who was murdered in the year 1816, at Yiewsley, near Uxbridge, under very mysterious circumstances. The apprehension of the men arose from pretended information supplied by a man named Haynes, at present in Newgate under sentence of transportation, but nothing whatever transpired to fix the crime on the accused, and they were discharged without suspicion, after a very long inquiry. Haynes is a person of most abandoned character, and had endeavored to procure a commutation of his sentence by pretending to disclose the particulars of this affair. The Secretary of State refused, however, to the proposal, and Haynes then made a voluntary statement as above referred to.

London and Southampton Railway.—This railway was opened on Monday from Vauxhall to Winchfield, and from Southampton to Winchester, leaving only 18 miles yet to be completed, over which the passengers are conveyed by omnibuses. The line to connect this railroad with Gosport and Portsmouth is just commencing. It is expected that it will be finished early in the spring of 1841.

A Catholic Chruch has been opened at Evermingham in a style of splendour unequalled in England. The building cost £30,000; and the procession of bishops and clergy, with the pope's banners and host elevated, was more splendid than ever witnessed before in modern days in this country.

The shareholders of the Brighton Railway, following the excellent example afforded by other Railway Companies, have voted 100l. per annum towards the support of three clergymen, who are to go among the labourers employed on their line, and impart to them religious instruction.

Great consternation has been excited in Salisbury by the stoppage of the large brewery and coal concern, formerly the property of Messrs. Whitchurch. The returns of the house were from 40,000l. to 60,000l. per annum; and it is feared that several persons will be involved in ruin by the failure, as the deficiency in the case is immense.

Valuable Invention.—We saw, the other day, on board the new and splendid ship Rochester, Capt. Woodhouse, now lying in the Waterloo Dock, and loading for New York, a simple, but very ingenious invention for the guidance of the man at the wheel. It is a rod, connected with the rudder, which, moving within, shows the steersman the exact position of the rudder at any moment. It traverses a space above his head and is always visible All the ships now building at New York have these indicators.

Great Rowing Match between the Officers of the Grenadier Guards and the Royal Artillery.—On Saturday, Greenwich was the scene of much gaiety; and was more than usually crowded with fashionable parties in consequence of the interesting match between six officers of the first battalion of Grenadier Guards, and the same number of officers of the Royal Artillery. The two boats proceeded to the starting point opposite Greenwich Hospital, about half past four o'clock, and at 25 minutes to five the signal was given. Both boats shot off in gallant style, upon a strong ebb tide, and the vigorous and skilful exertions of each party drew forth loud and long continued bursts of acclamation as the galleys swiftly glided past the taverns. The Guards had slightly the advantage in going off, and they maintained the lead from the start to the winning point, which was a boat moored off the Royal Arsenal Woolwich, a distance of five miles. The Guards came in about two minutes and a half before their opponents. It was stated that the match was for a thousand guineas, and that an immense sum changed pockets on the occasion.

Fire in Spittalfields.—On Saturday night, a fire broke out in Spittalfields, London, and no less than twenty eight houses were burnt to the ground.

Increase of Females.—Mr. Finlaison calculates that in May, 1841, the total population of England and Wales will be, males 7,983 652; females 8,142 910. Majority of the females 159,258! "One hundred and fifty nine thousand two hundred and fifty eight ladies without the chance of a gentleman! Finlaison ought to be stoned to death by the women. It cannot be.

The Cyclops, the largest man-of-war steamer in the world, will be launched from Pembroke yard on Wednesday next. The vessel is 12 feet longer than the Gordon steam ship, launched from the same slip in August, 1837.

IRELAND.

At the meeting of the Dublin Total Abstinence Society, held on the 17th inst. at the Royal Exchange, amongst other facts the following was stated:—That in the State of New York the distilleries are reduced from 1,300 to less than 200; and that out of 2,250 Ministers of religion of all persuasions in that State, 1,950 signed the total abstenence pledge. That the largest distillery in Illinois, which manufactured annually 3,650 barrels of whiskey, has been closed on principle. That in Cornwall (England) the principle has lately spread to such an extent, that in some parts nearly one half of the population are teetotalers. That in Preston, Lancashire, the cockpit has been turned into a place for holding temperance meetings; and the rooms over it into a school for the children of reformed drunkards. That in the city of Cork there are upwards of 12,000 individuals who have signed the total abstinence pledge. In Belfast upwards of 3,000; and at a late meeting of the Wexford Society, one of the leading Magistrates publicly signed the pledge.

Sir James Anderson's steam carriage was shipped on Saturday at Dublin for London. On her arrival there it is intended to test her capabilities.

Fatal Accident in Carrickfergus Bay.—On Friday last, a man named Nowman left the quay of Carrickfergus, in a small boat, accompanied by three children, for the purpose of giving them a pleasure sail. By some accident the boat, when a boat mid channel, in the lough, capsized, and afterwards sank. The children were picked up by the men of a cutter's boat, who observed the accident; but Nolan getting entangled in the ropes of the sail was drowned. His body has been found.

The Mining Company of Ireland.—The half yearly assembly of this Company was held on Thursday, the 4th of July, at their office, Lower Ormond quay, Dublin, Thomas Pim, Esq. in the chair. The secretary Mr. Purdy, read the board's report for the half year ended, from which it appears that the company's profits amount to £13,204, 2s, 10d. exclusive of £2,616, 11s. 4d expended in opening mines not yet in a state to yield profit, and £2,084, 13s. 5d applied to erect permanent improvements, and in searches at mines recently opened.—The company's capital is stated at £140,000; and the following concluding paragraph of the report was considered satisfactory:—

"In conclusion, your board has much satisfaction in announcing that the profits in the past half year have afforded the means to discharge the remaining liabilities of the company, £6,500, and to leave at the disposal of the proprietory for dividend £7,000, which your board recommends may be divided, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable on the 1st September."

The Crops, throughout the counties Tyrone, Armagh, Monaghan, Gavan, and Fermanagh, promise remarkably well. Flax has improved every where; whilst the early hay crops appear light.—The natural grasses, however, have greatly improved by the recent rains.

A Real Absence of Mind Case.—We learn from the *Newcastle Guardians* that, during the sessions which are now going on in that town, a gentleman who had a case pending, previous to its coming on, locked up a material witness for the purpose of being certain of him when required rthe case came on, the witness was called, but was of course *nonsuited*; and, though the gentleman concerned was present, and wondering at the absence of his witness, it was not until the matter was dismissed that he recollected having his man under lock and key. The case was a process case, in which the *absent* gentleman was plaintiff.

SCOTLAND.

White Bait in Scotland.—We hear that white bait have been now begun to make their appearance in the Frith of Fourth; if warm weather continue there will soon be abundance of them. The apathy of the gourdmands of Edinburgh is to be wondered at in not taking measures for having this delicate article of food supplied in large quantities. A young naturalist of our acquaintance last summer, with no better means than a small silk net, which he carried in the crown of his hat, took on several occasions draughts of several pounds weight. Some persons for a time affected to doubt that the genuine *Clupia Alba* had been caught, and founded their opinion on some attempts which were made in the market to pass off their species for them; but no point in natural history has been more strictly investigated and settled by competent judges than the identity of the white bait of the Forth with that of the Thames.

A Cautious Witness.—Wednesday, a young Highlandman employed by the police had apprehended an offender, and, on being called for evidence against her, was required to give his testimony on oath. To this he demurred. The magistrate explained, and told him that it was indispensible that his evidence should be taken on oath. "I never pe swear before," said the Gael, "and I no pe swear now." "If you refuse to give legal evidence," said the Fiscal, "you will be dismissed." "Och, och," said the Highlander, "come what will, I pe no swear." He left the office, and left his employment without dismissal, rather than submit to "pe sweat."

WALES.

Moravian Missions.—A Sermon was preached on Thursday evening, at Merthyr Church, in behalf of the London Association, in aid of the above Missions, by the Rev. Hugh Owen, LL D., Rector of Beccles, Suffolk. The Rev. Dr. preached from the text:—"There is a friend that sticketh closer than a brother;" and urged upon his audience the duty of extending to the whole world the knowledge of the Friend of sinners. He gave some interesting details of the operations of the Society: respecting which the following brief summary has been pretty generally distributed:—The church of the United Brethern, (or Moravians,) has been fully recognised as an "Ancient Protestant Episcopal Church."—Their missions among the Negroes, Hottentots, American Indians, and Greenlanders, (most of them being in British Colonies,) were commenced above a century ago, and now consist of fifty one stations, supplied by two hundred and thirty seven missionaries, and contain above fifty-one thousand converts. The stations abroad are chiefly dependent upon this country for their maintenance. Of the numbers above stated, 129 missionaries administered the gospel to above 45,000 of the Negro race, a branch of the mission, which, at this moment, is of pre eminent importance. The missions, however, are labouring under an annual deficiency of £1500 in their funds, which fetters their exertions in the West Indies, where every department of the work suffers from want of means to embrace opportunities which are now occurring under circumstances of much encouragement. Dr. Owen was to preach in behalf of the same Society at Dowlais Church last night.

Isle of Man.—Orders have been given that there shall be a copper coinage for the Isle of Man. The coin is to have her Majesty's profile on one side, and on the reverse, the shield with the three armed legs, the armorial bearings of the isle.

Naval Force.—Within the last three months the following ships have been added to the navy list (being ordered to be built):—at Plymouth, Albion and Aboukir, of 90 guns each: at Chatham, Majestic and Mars, of 80 guns each, Alecto and Polyphemus steamers; at Pembroke, Centurion and Colossus, of 80 guns each, Helena, 16, Mariner and Martin, 10, Medina, steamer; at Liverpool, Dover, steamer; at Woolwich, Heroine and Hound, 10 each, Siren, 16, Lizard and Locust, steamers; at Sneerness, Promethesus, steamers.

Abergavenny.—There is now in the course of erection, at Abergavenny, an additional church and parsonage house, school-house, and a range of almshouses for the aged poor, at the charge of a generous lady, to whose wishes we shall perhaps do violence in giving her name; but the risk of which we must incur in the performance of our duty, to hold up all such acts for the public honour, and as examples for imitation. The good work, too, is the more valuable in the latter point of view, on account of the great destitution of some of the populous ironwork districts in South Wales, as to the means of public worship and religious ministration. The benificent donor in this case, is Miss Herbert of Abergavenny.

Spirit of the Mails.

Snow on the 29th of August.—We learn from a gentleman who was at the Catskill Mountain House on Friday night last, that snow fell at that place in sufficient quntities to keep the ground completely covered for several minutes.—*N. Y. Sun.*

The Eastport people (Me.) Have considerately returned the $1000 generously presented to them by the inhabitants of St. John, New Brunswig, to relieve the sufferers by fire—those sufferers by the destructive and recent calamity at St. John needing it far more than the people of Eastport.

Five of the crew of the packet ship Mary, from New York for New Orleans, while off the Baliza, were caught breaking open trunks of merchandize, for which they were sent up in chains to the city.

The Congressional Election in Maryland takes place on the 1st Wednesday in October; in Mississippi, on the 4th and 5th of November. These are the only States which have not already elected their Congressmen.

Steamboat Accident.—The steamboat Adventure burst one of her boilers above Van Buren, Arkansas, on the 24th ult. killing a man by the name of McLaughtin, a fireman.

Commerce of Boston.—There arrived at a port of Boston during the month of August 606 vessels coastwise and from foreign ports. There cleared from the same port, in the same time, 448 vessels.

The honorary degree of L L. D. has been conferred upon Alexander H. Everett, by the Faculty of Middlebury College.

Return of a Runaway.—The Alexandria Gazette says, "a runaway slave returned to the Alington estate, in this vicinity, a few days ago, of his own accord. He declares that he had enough of it, and that the North is not the place it has been cracked up to be for colored people. This is the second instance within a few years.

At a stated meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the incorporated District of the nothern Liberties, held on the 3d instant, John Conrad, Esq. was duly re-elected Mayor of the said District for the ensuing year.—*U. S. Gaz.*

At a meeting of ship owners and ship masters, held on Tuesday evening, at the second ward Hotel, in New York, the following resolution, very much to the point, was adopted:

Resolved, That if the President of the United States will cause the said N. P. Trist to be brought within the jurisdiction of the Judicial tibunal of the United States, that we pledge ourselves to sustain an action against him, and to prove him unworthy to hold his present situation, or failing to establish these points, we hereby pledge ourselves to defray the expenses of the said N. P. Trist to the United States. Also the expenses of his suit while here: and in case of his acquital, we further promise to petition the government for his immediate return, and that we will defray in like manner his expenses back to Havana. Signed by

Henry Russel,	Charles A. Runtlett,
B. H. Norton,	William F. Martin,
Jonathan Hillman,	Joseph Munroe,
Russel E Glover,	S E. Glover.

Mormons.—We are informed that fifteen persons were to have been babtized in the Mormon faith, by immersion, on Monday of last week, in East Nantmeal, Chester County.—*Village Record.*

Elliot Cresson.—This indefatigable philanthropist is at Hartford, Conn. A correspondent there informs us that his subscription list for Colonization now amounts to $15,000.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

The Charleston papers annouce the death of the Rev. Abraham Kauffman, assistant minister of St. Phillips Protestant Episcopal Church, in that city.

New Orleans.—During the week ending on the 24th ult. there were admitted into the Charity Hospital 129 cases of yellow fever. Discharged in the same time, 84: died 67—all whites.

The case of Shepard and J. F. Miller versus the Corporation of the third municipality, in the District Court for the first judicial district, has terminated in favor of the plantiffs, the jury awarding damages in $53,000. The plantiffs sued the defendant for damages received by them in consequence of the prohibition by the corporation to carry on the business of their saw mill below the city. We learn the corporation has appealed to the Supreme Court.—*N. O. Louisianian.*

On Wednesday evening last, a little before dark a rencontre occurred in Columbia, S. C., between Mr. *P Burton*, and Mr. *G. W. Hunt*, in which both were wounded, from the discharge of pistols—the former slightly, the latter fatally. *Mr. Hunt* lingered until Thursday morning about nine o'clock, when he expired. *Burton* has been arrested, and is in confinement.

Contempt at Court.—During a trial before a Justice in Pontiac, Michigan, the other day, one of the parties threatened to flog the presiding magistrate, and actually spit tobacco juice in his face!

Galveston, which contained only 12 houses a year ago, now comprises 300 houses, and 2500 inhabitants.

Notes of 50 and 20 dollars of the Merchants and Planiers' Bank at Chicago, Ill. are circulated at Galveston. There is no such bank in existence.

A boy aged 14 years, named Joel Spaulding, of Westford, was shockingly injured by the discharge of a musket, on Thursday, Aug. 22, while shooting squirls.

Mr. John Goodwin, of Newburyport, Mass. went down the Merrimack river, on a gunning excursion, on the morning of the 22d ult. and was found in the afternoon at the end of the Breakwater, with his brains blown out.

The steamboats Marmion and Fusileer, which arrived recently at the mouth of the Ohio from N. Orleans had fifteen deaths on board from the yellow fever,

The expenses of the Aroostook Expedition are said to be $400,000. The Augusta Age says that Maine has a claim for three-fourths of the amount on the United States; and that the sale of lumber, "secured from the plunderers," will meet the balance.

Wheat.—The wheat harvest at Milwaukie, (Mich) has been gathered, and is said to be abundant. Price fifty cents per bushel.

It appears from an article in a New London paper, that when Lieut. Meade went on board the Armistead, the Spaniard, Montez, was almost beside himself with joy. He threw himself upon Lieut Meade, and hugged him with so much energy as to surprise and shock the gallant sailor, who could not understand what he would be at—and who brought him to his senses by presenting a cocked pistol at his face—at the same time assuring him he would discharge it if he evinced a disposition to continue his rude and annoying assaults upon his person.

We learn from the Catholic Advocate, that letters have been received from France, bearing date of June 9th, which state it was the intention of the Bishop of Bardstown to embark for the United States again the 8th of July. Consequently, his arrival may be expected early in September. He was to have been accompanied by Bishop Purcell, the Rev. J. McGill, and several Missionaries, destined for the two Dioceses of Ohio and Kentucky.

In the New York Court of General Sessions, on Monday, *John P. Arlin* and *William Garland* were arraigned under an indictment charging them and *Arlin's* wife, with a conspiracy against *James McGowan* for the purpose of extorting money from him, and pleaded not guilty.

The army express which arrived here on Monday morning last, brought the following piece of news in the shape of a memorandum upon the waybill made by Capt. Miles.

"Colonel Harney safe at Key Biscayne, has captured Sam Jones's' nephew and 25 other Indians.—The boats of the United States Steamer Poinsett, also captured 15 Indians on the Miame River."—*Sav. Georgian.*

There is no news from the South. Col. Harney, at Key Biscayne: having too few men to fight, can only "talk" and the Indians not daring to attack him, "talk" back again. It will probably turn out that the "Spanish Indians" against whom Sam Jones and Chitto offered to go out and fight were a part of their own people.—St Augustine Herald 23d instant.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives the aggregate amount of outstanding Treasury notes, as $4-519,937 86.

There was a rumor at Jacksonville on Tuesday that a party of militia had been killed near Newnansville, but as no report had reached the proper quarter—Black Creek, yesterday morning, we suppose it without foundation.

Drowned.—A boatman named Frederick Sennett aged about 28 years, was drowned at Gray's Ferry Bridge, on Monday evening, in the following manner:—He was engaged in pushing the boat through the draw of the floating bridge, when the pole with which he was shoving slipped and he fell into the water, and not being a good swimmer was drowned before aid could be rendered him. His body was found yesterday morning, and the verdict of the jury was "accidental drowned." He resided in the city and was unmarried.

The character of Savannah for general health, observes the Georgian of Thursday last, is sustained by the report for the past week. Not one death from fever has occurred, and if such exemption from disease continues, we shall expect business to commence the ensuing season, even earlier than usual.

The Nashville (Tenn) Banner of the 23d ult. states that a spirited revival of religion is now in progress at that place. It appears that nearly two hundred persons had attached themselves to the Methodist Church at Nashville, during the last two months, and that public interest, so far from relaxing on the subject, was rather on the increase.

Torrents of rain and hail poured down in the neighborhood of Peru, Indiana, Aug. 11, inundating and destroying the corn and oat crops in every direction. One farmer lost 400 bushels of corn.

Coming round the Tailor.—A merchant of St. Louis, Mo. had some clothes stolen. He tracked them to a tailor's shop at Louisville, Ky. "Please make me up a coat of blue," said Jenkins. "We have none but made goods," said snip—thinking all was not right. "Where are you from?" said Snip. "From Chicago," replied Jenkins—"I have a piece of blue which may suit." Mr. Jenkins identified it & promised to return and did so with a police officer, and on further search came upon most of the stolen property.

A beautiful lunar rainbow was seen, a few nights since at Canajoharie N. Y.

The Ladies are no advocates of agrarian infidel doctrines. They came out to a man in the late election in Indiana to oppose Loco, foco doctrinaire Robert Dale Owen, and his dissolute principles on the subject of marriage, &c. One of the younger ladies so distinguished herself in this moral combat to sustain the purity of the elective franchise, and the sacred institutions of civilization, that the young men of Evansville presented her a beautiful silk dress.

The citizens of St. Augustine, in a public meeting, have passed a resolution, tendering a sword to Lieut. Hanson, in acknowledgement of his services, particularly in the capture of the Indians near Fort Mellon, upon the receipt of the news of the massacre of Col. Harney's detachment.

We learn from the Salem Register that a fire broke out in Manchester about half past 2 o'clock on Saturday morning in the Steam Veneering Saw Mill of John F. Allen, in the apartment containing the engine and boiler; the building and contents were entirely destroyed without injuring the other apartment. Insurance $4000, at the Rockingham Office.

The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, alluding to the recent firing upon the Steamboat St. Lawrence, by the Canadian armed schooner Montreal, says:—"Since the affair referred to, Col. Worth, who is in command at Sacketts Harbor, has furnished each of the boats in the line down the river with a guard of 12 men, with directions, if fired upon, to return flash for flash, and that with all cartridges, the precaution has been effectual. None of the boats carrying a guard have been molested.

Noah's Correspondent says—Paris is now quite quiet again. I shall give you an instance of how it was affected by fear. While the trial was going on, the luxembourg and its gardens were very closely guarded. If any one went into the garden with the smallest parcel in his hand, he was sure to be stopped and searched. I saw one man go in who had his hat in his hand, and carried his handkerchief over his head. They stopped and searched him. A crowd gathered around him, and loud was their laughter when underneath the handkerchief nothing but a snuff-box was found. The whole was a hoax upon the sentry. The sergent de ville came up sternly ordered the people to disperse, and said, threateningly "This is no laughing place, and we like not ill-timed jokes."

Another instance may be cited. After the trials had concluded, fire works were let off at Tivoli and the Jardin-Ture. Some of these went off (owing to the compression of the pyrotechnic materials,) with an explosion as loud as that of a musket. In ten minutes, all of Paris was in an uproar! Police, garrison, Garde Nationale, and inhabitants. Crowds gathered in the streets—groups congregated in the cafes. Every one thought a new emute was on foot. At last, the mountain duly delivered its mouse. The fact that a few fireworks had caused the alarm became known, and what was done!—why, an order was issued by the authorities to the effect that all future fireworks must go off without noise! I pledge you my word that this is a fact.

Bad Fix for Savages.—The warlike Indians on the east border of Texas, who were severely drubbed by Generals Douglass and Burleson, have retreated for safety to the U. States. Our militia, compared to Texas mounted riflemen, are, they think, no match for them.

The Slave Schooner.—A question has arisen, if the Slave trade has been prohibited by Spain, whether Joseph, the Chief who recently had been imported from Africa, had not a right to use every effort to liberate himself.

From a Correspondent of the New London Gazette.

Montez is writing a history of his sufferings which a friend has kindly offered to translate for me, and should it develope any additional facts of importance, they shall be transmitted to you at once. The negroes have been taken to New Haven, where they will await in jail their trial, which is to take place in Hartford on the 17th day of September next. The schooner is discharging at New London, where probably both vessel and cargo will be sold at auction.

Gov. Boggs of Missouri, has punished the St Louis people for their opposition to Van Buren, by appointing Judge Lawless to dispense justice over them.

Dr. Jackson, the geologist of Maine, is to survey also the State of New Hampshire.

The Public Lands.—In many of the Western States the great system of public improvement have been suspended from want of money, and we apprehend that such will be the fate of our New York projects. The refusal on the part of Mr. Van Buren and his friends to allow Mr. Clay's land bill to pass, has, we fear, been the cause of this delay in internal improvement; and what renders this conduct really criminal on the part of the general government is, that they have set on private speculation among their friends in these lands—allowed millions to be lost by sub-treasurers, and have now promised to the new States the gift of the public domains. Let *all* the States in the following table see what sums each would have received had Mr Clay's bill been passed:

Nett proceeds received by each State.	
Ohio,	$4,557,932
Indiana,	2,646,744
Illinois,	1,797,563
Missouri,	1,116,530
Alabama,	1,968,934
Mississippi,	1,672,294
Louisiana,	982,149
Michigan,	449,198
Arkansas,	134,905
Maine,	1,705,208
New Hampshire,	1,149,714
Massachusetts,	2,605,734
Rhode Island,	414,897
Connecticut,	1,270,683
Vermont,	1,198,058
New York,	8,190,102
New Jersey,	1,365,691
Pennsylvania,	5,754,679
Delaware,	322,068
Maryland,	1,732,475
Virginia,	4,369,167
North Caroling,	2,730,079
South Caroline,	1,942,422
Georgia,	1,834,794
Tennessee,	2,669,148
Kentucky,	2,654,502
	$57,227,520

While two girls in Ohio were playing with a pistol, one a Miss Squires, was shot dead.

The lowness of the Ohio has brought the keel boat business into great activity.

Mr. Geo. Field, an aged citizen of Cranston, R. I., fell down and suddenly expired there on Thursday.

☞ The Whigs of Tennessee are not by any means disheartened by their defeat, but are reorganizing with great spirit.

The fever at Charleston now carries off the old settlers as well as new comers. The domestic men will have to find another name than strangers fever. Among the deaths of note we remark the Rev. A. Kaufman, Miss Marion Porter. Mr. Lots.

A severe storm at Beaufort, S. C. the 9th. The crops were damaged, and the schr. Levant of Charleston, was thrown on her beam ends.

The Sisters of Charity, at the Orphan Catholic Asylum, Boston, are to hold a fair this week.

The late Commodore Perry.—There is now in press in Providence, R. I., a Lecture delivered before the Rhode Island Historical Society, in 1836, by the Hon. Tristam Burges, giving a graphic and beautiful description of the Battle of Lake Erie, with a review of the conduct of Capt. Jesse D. Elliot, during the engagement. The Lecture was one of a series prepared by the author upon the maratime history of Rhode Island.

The Sons of Murat.

The Countess of Lipona, Ex-Queen of Naples, has appointed Joachim Murat, son of Lucien Bonaparte, her residuary legatee, and has left to him every thing left to her by the Emperor Napoleon—his sword, bed, portrait, &c. The will directs that he shall be educated and live in France. Her daughters, Letitia and Lousia, (Countess of Pepoli and Rasponi) will receive what the law accords them, and the two sons will retain every thing that will remind them of their brave and heroic sire. We see it stated that these young men reside in this country—in what part we are not told—and practising as barristers. Their absence from their mothers is said to have greatly increased the anguish of her last moments.—*Boston Transcript.*

The two sons of Murat referred to in the above paragraph are Achille and Lucien. Achille, the eldest son, was on board the frigate in which his father sailed on that desperate and fatal expedition to recover the throne of Naples. At that time he was some ten or twelve years old. Subsequently he passed several years in Austria, and on coming of age, emigrated to the United States. He purchased a plantation near St. Augustine, in Florida, devoted himself to the study of law, and was admitted to practice as an attorney and counseller.

About the year 1825, the Seminoles, who at that time occupied what is known as Middle Florida, were induced to cede their lands, and to retire southward into the peninsula. Murat, in company with his friend, Col. Gadsden, of South Carolina, was one of the first adventures who explored the country thus ceded. They built a hut in the midst of the wilderness, and employed themselves in land hunting, that is, in seeking out fertile tracts which might be purchased to advantage. These gentlemen entered plantations some fifteen or twenty miles west of Tallahassee. Murat, called the plantation Lipona, the title assumed by his mother, which is formed from Napoli, the Italian of Naples, by reading the syllables backward.

Among the French, and other foreign settlers in that vicinity, Murat commonly went by the title of *the prince*, though the state which he kept did not exactly correspond with the notions we are apt to attach to that title. He might be met in the woods, on a lean horse, dressed in the common homespun of the country, with a long whip in his hand, hunting cattle, with the outward style of what is known in that country as a *Georgia cracker*, rather than that of the heir and claimant of the throne of Naples. Having settled in the woods, he availed himself of his liberty, and seemed to cast off all regard for the mere forms and shows of artificial society. His domestic establishment was on the same careless plan. It is related of him, that one day a large party from Tallahassee having come out to pay him a visit, he sent for his cook to inquire what there was in the house for dinner. "Nothing at all," replied the cook,—a circumstance rather apt to happen in the days of his bachelor house-keeping, when things went with him pretty much at sixes and sevens. Just at the moment of this alarming annunciation, the overseer came in to say that he had driven up the cattle of the plantation, and to inquire of Murat what mark he should put on them. It is to be observed, by the way, that in Florida the cattle belonging to the several settlers run wild in the woods, the whole time. Once a year, however, they are hunted and driven up, for the purpose of marking the young cattle—every proprietor having a particular mark, generally a slit of some kind in the ear, by which his particular cattle is distinguished. "What mark!" said Murat, "why cut off their left ears, and bring them all in directly to the cook!" This was done accordingly, and Murat's guests were soon served with a dinner, consisting principally of cow's ears, dressed in every variety of style. To this day, while riding through the woods in that vicinity, if a cow happens to be seen mutilated of her left ear, she will be pointed out with the observation, "There goes one of Murat's cattle."

That Murat is a philosopher, and no epicure, will appear from the following anecdote. One day at a dinner party, the conversation turning on the different sorts of viands, Murat declared that during his