# THE MINERS' JOURNAL.

#### FANOY BALL.

must languish. In the first place, a weigh lock nust be erected to weigh all the light boats on their return trips, and in the second place, the price of toll should be reduced to seventy five cents. It is hardly eccessary to attempt to prove so self evident a fact, as that these things would be equally advantageous to the Company and the dealers. If however, the Navigation Company will exam Saturday Morning, Feb. 9.

he the business of last year, they will find there was little, if any diminution of the export of red ash Coal, because, there being no competition with any region. the domand is steady. Nearly the whole tomange which fell short last year, was of white ash Coal, which at present rates of toll, and loss sustained, cannot successfully compete with the Lehigh and Lackswana regions. We are convinced that consumers would willingly pay a little more for Schuylkill white ash than any other, as all experience has shown it preferable to others, for the reason it is less hard, ignites more readily, burns more freely, and ssesses all other qualities necessary for manufacuring purposes

There is another point of view in which the Navigation Company will find it their interest to reduce the toll, and bring our entire market in fair competition with its rivals. The public mind is now agitating the comparative economy of a rail road and canal for the transportation of coal, and all estimates at the present rate of canal toll, empracing loss, cost of landing, and transportation to the Delaware, are in favor of rail roads. This fact being known in connection with the progress of a continuous rail road from Pottsville to Philadelphia, may deter persons from building boats to accommodate our increassubscribers at Minersville. Such endeavors are to us ed trade.

These facts make it evident that the interest of the Navigation Company, and the Collier are identified, and whatever benefits the latter, must eventually be the true policy of the former. Let them then, erect without delay, a lock to weigh our light boats, and reduce their toll to 75 cents, and we are confident, better dividends will be made than at present rates-a better business will be effected for all concerned, and the Coal trade may avoid those fluctuations which prevent at present, the embarkation of capital in its prosecution.

"flat burglary" as Dogberry himself could make out One more reference to the correspondent of the U. a case. We lately perpetrated an Impromptu on S. Gazette, and we will conclude. The existing Bully's picture of Victoria and so vile was it that we capital employed in the Schuylkill Collienes is nearappended our own particular name to it, is order to ly equal to our necessities, when the trade keeps a shift the odium from any one else, and feurful that steady pace, and the purchasers meet their engagethe fame of some modern Martial might suffer by the ments, although a much greater quantity might be supposition of its paternity. The article is copied usefully employed. The principal want of capital in the N. Y. Star, without credit, without name or exists among the dealers in Philadelphia, and the without endorsing the paper, and the consequence deficiency of their investments cramps the business is, the Saturday Courier and Ledger both copy and of the Colliers here. An overstock of 40 or 50,000 credit it to the Star. We speak of this as an argu- tons of Coal on their wharves on the Schuylkill, at ment to produce care, not by way of finding fault, the close of navigation, cannot be held by them withfor we are well convinced our old acquaintance, Maout drawing on the resources of our region, and the or Noah would do anything to advance our interests capital of the Colliers being locked up in their ship-Another case is this : our article on the Coal Trade ments, it becomes a matter of necessity with them of the U.S. is copied by the Pennsylvania Teleto have their working capital crippled. This pregraph, and credited to the Baltimore American, by vents their carrying on the Winter operations, for which we presume, it was copied without the usual very few, if any, have as yet made sufficient by sumforms of newspaper credit. We hope to see these mer sales, to keep their mines at work during the winter. The supply is thus diminished for an ensuing season, and fluctuations in price, so fatal to the wel-Rolling Mill.-By reference to our advertizing fare of any business, and so sincerely deprecated by columns, it will be seen that Messrs. Bartolette & Co. the mining interest, must inevitably be the result. have their Franklin Rolling Mill in operation, on If then a sufficient amount of capital be employed the little Schuylkill Rail Road, near McKeansburg at the lower end of the canal to meet engagements

The advantages of an establishment of this kind in punctually, without the contingency of awaiting a our county, are self-evident, and we feel every confisale, the effect will soon be visible in a healthy and dence in recommending this establishment to the atsteady market-capitalists will no longer stand aloof tention of all who may have occasion for Rail Road from our region, and the whole system will be har-Iron. or other articles of their manufacture. monious, and conduce to a fair living profit. But till Report of the Board of Trade .- We have curtailthere suggestions are matured-until the Navigation ed the usual variety on our outside form to day, to Company, the dealer below, and the collier here make room for the Annual Report of the Board of can identify their interests; and until we are placed Trade to the Schuylkill Coal Mining Association. on an equality with all rivals, the Coal busines It will be found a most interesting document. must be dangerous and unprofitable, subjected to and should be read with attention I visit those vexatious contingencies, and hampered with difficulties. interested in our region. We are gratified to observe

that attention has been called to the necessity of We in conclusion state, that these remarks are forming some preventive to an overstock of Coal. -

Who will now say that we, of Pottsville, belong act to the fancy, who will date presume to tax us with want of knowledge of "the usages of genteel society?"-we have had a Fancy Ball, and such a in the way of business. When a person wakes in Ball! long will our Anthracite segion resound with its stories, and our coal drifts re-echo its praises ! On wings of steam, and mounted on lightnings of ted States, Kamskatcha, and the land of the Hottentots-Gath will hear the cry; and Ascalon reverberate its megalichical i BarsE hawli then trunpets of fame and fancy-and bear to the remotest regions the giories of our Fancy Ball!

Our Ariel was at our allow leady po Thunday the bulls and bent - if Destructiveness be in the asnight, and desiring us to mount his " hazel nut car, drawn by atomics," we were soon whisked to the Mount Carbon House ! On entering the room, we were agreeably surprised at the taste displayed by the ladics-rainbows flitted before our eyes, and Iris, gemmed in all her magnificent attire, seemed to reign queen of the revels. The Bavarian, with her tasteful cap, and her appropriate costume-the lass of Scotia, with the dearly loved tartan, and the plumed bonnet-the Shepherdess, with hat and crook, whose eyes, inspired by the magic of the scene, seemed to have usurped the lightning-darting qualities of Olympic Jove-the female Brigand, with graceful head-dress, and colors leading us to exclaim,

### " Huzza for the white, red, and blue !"

The Gypsey, with her basket of charms, some of which escaping, seemed to spread over her personthe peasant lass and the stately dame \_ Fanchette and Mary Stuart-Juliet and Belvidera-and dozens of unchristened characters, whom we must class under the general head of the fancy, added beauty,

azimation, and joy to the scene! " Now take a peep at the lords of creation." whispered Ariel in our ear, almost loath to quit our " gaze on beauty's brow," to chronicle the male characters of the evening; still the " stern responsibility devolving on our goose quill." caused us to assume Roman fortitude, and turning from the scene where those were

> - Quen circum Jocos Volat. et Camido."

with a "last lingering lock," such as Boabdil el Chico, cast on the plains of his native Granada, and heaving a sigh "el altime suspiro del Moro"-a last sigh for more, we turned to view the male species of the genus homo.

"Look!" said Ariel .... " there is the Knight of Snowden, James Fitz James-the suit of Lincoln green and golden horn, proclaim him Scotland's disguised King-Ah Paul ! my old friend Paul Pryyou never intrude-Ching-chang fe fo fum, the Chinese Mandarin, from whom we receive our tea-Ah-there is Rhoderick Dhu! be careful that he encounter not Fitz James, or we shall have blood Tartar in his turban, and flowing trowsers? No one of female love might find it out, none other, save by the treacherous aid of a well known plume! Ah! Haden Smith, is it you !- no, it is not, but the selfsame image, as he lives and walks, and personated by the greatest odd fellow in our region! Here comes a modern Centaur, with the head dress of a Turkexcept when he exchanged it with one as lovely as Peri of Mahomet's paradise) --- the sash of a soldier, and the pants of an American-he hews his way through the crowd, and is a complete "cavalier des dames." A sailor comes next, with his bride on his arm - a well supported character, jovial, frank and free! Take care of your pockets and your throats-here comes Allessandro Massaroni, ribboned and gartered like a barber's pole, and quite as tall. Ah ha! Monsieur Bagatelle, comment vous portez vous! when did you arrive from France!-we know him well-he is about to publish his travels, and we are certain keeps a Journal—Next comes a travelling Yankee, well sustained-after which Jim Crow, a character by the way, which should be like a beef-

steak -rarely done, and never overdone. But how dictated with a spirit of good feeling equal to their scan we particularize more; how can Ariel, after a ight of revel, be expected to enumerate the crowd of sailors and Irish gentlemen-Indians and beaux, cobblers, tinkers, Polish officers, ccc. &cc. &cc. ad infinitum? In "one fell swoop" they must all be in cluded, and this sketch be concluded with a wish that we may all live to see again as smiling an assemblage of youth and beauty, cheerful age, and sober gaiety .--- Winter is our Bacchanalian festival--then we attend to pleasure; in summer our enjoyment lies in the attributes of the min'd. Ariel bids you, for the present, farewell ! State Legislature.-Since our last, both branches have been occupied in the discussion of appropriation and loan bills. The State Debt has been increased nearly two million,-all party feeling has been brought to bear on public improvements, the state interests are lost sight of, and nothing is to be seen but a scrambling for office. The Wolf and Muhlenburg interests are both anxious to secure spoils for their party, and Gov. Porter has already found that his friends have not presented him with a couch of 0606

We are every day more and more convinced that the science of Phrenology is not ideal ; all the world, and all its actions, may be classified and arranged; we can no longer have stoo many irons in the fire". the morning, he must rub his denter hand over his pericranium, manipulate his bumps, and see which stands most prominent for the day. classical word a pepragameter, to decide what shall be done for the best. Thus if we find Amativeness fully developed in the morning, then is the time to

condant, put on a straight jacket, and keep yourself to yourself, or you may give the Coroner a job .--Thus we see the great practical benefits of Phreno-

### **Phrenological Developements.**

1. Amativeness.-A young gentleman, recently sued for breach of marriage promise, plead in abatement, that his pa was opposed to the match. "Par-

2. Philoprogenitiveness .- There is a place in London where infants are let out at six pence a day to beggars, that they may impose upon those who have 3. Adhesiveness .- Near Chester, during the re-

cent freshet, several hogs were carried down stream, and lodged in trees. This is raising the price of

4. Inhabitiveness .- It is supposed that 5000 emigrants have left Ireland for New South Wales during the last year.

5. Concentrativeness .- These lines were writte by a maniac on the walls of his cell :

And every man a scribe by trade ;---To write the love of God above Would drain the ocean dry -

6. Combativeness.-The New Albany (Indiana) Gazette says : "We have received a letter under date of the 16th inst., from a highly respectable member of the Legislature, giving an account of a most disgraceful riot in the House."

7. Destructiveness .- An individual was mortally wounded, in the vicinity of St. Charles, N. O. by a Spaniard, who fired a pistol, intending as he says, to kill some one else.

8. Alimentiveness .- It is not generally known that oysters taken from the shell and broiled on a spilt - no - they speak to each other. - Who is the gridiron, like steaks or any other meats, and then served with such seasoning as the taste of the eater cnows but Ariel-'tis a complete disguise-the eye may scleet, are first rate eating ! Try them friend Silver! 9. Acquisitiveness .- A beggar died recently in

England, apparently in abject poverty, but several thousand pounds were found sewed in different parts of his garments. 10 Secretiveness.-The Portland Advertiser

gislature of Maine, it is rumored, were in relation to new brick house, to be sure !" respasses on the disputed territory. 11. Cautiousness .- The Cranston Bank, in H

sland, has been in operation over twenty years, and its entire loss thus far has been but forty-eight dollars and thirty-eight cents. 12. Approbativeness.-The leader of the Orchestra at the French opera in N. Orlcans, has received a

reath of diamonds worth near a thousand dollars. 13. Self Esteem .- Niles of the Senate, answering argument from Henry Clay. 14. Firmness.-At the funeral of a child in the

ountry, the father, (an honest farmer) who had suffered this first bereavement, was overwhelmed with grief. The clergyman in attendance endeavored to console him by a soothing address. The grieving

Summer and Washington streets, towards the Mari- Pottsville. Dr. Halberstadt had that day left house boro' Chapel. What are we coming to ! 29. Order.-Strife has arisen between Governor Lucas and the Iowa Territorial Legislature, on a mestion of power. The Governor insists that all aws and resolutions must be approved by him, before they are of any force. The Legislative body ontest this position. Both parties spunk up-and all public business is delayed in consequ 30. Calculation .- The following items figure in

the appropriation bill for 1839. For alterations and repairs of the Presi-

dent's House and furniture, and keep-\$3.465 ing the grounds in order.

1,000 Salary of principal gardener! Texas, has been appointed to locate a spot for the mat of Government.

32. Eventuality .-- Stephen Van Rensaelaer, the Patroon, died at his residence in Albany, last week, while scated at the dinner table.

33. Time.-Seven Express mails arrived in New Orleans in one day, due a week before.

34. Tune .-- The London papers give long ac ounts of two highly successful first appearances in opera-at Paris, of Mademoiselle Pauline Garcia. ister of Madame Malibran, and at Venice, of Miss Adelaide Kemble, sister of Mrs. Butler.

35. Language .- "What is your business, Madm?" asked a counsel recently of a witness on the stand. "I keep a seminary for the destruction of young ladies," was the answer.

36. Comparison .- Dean Jackson passing one norning through Christ church quadrangle, met some undergraduates, who walked along without capping The dean called one of them, and asked, Do you know who I am ! No, sir. How long have you been in college ! Eight days, sir. Oh, very well, said the dean, walking away, puppies don't open their eyes till the ninth day.

37. Causality .- What did Mr ----- die of !' asked a simple neighbour. "Of a complication of disorders," replied his friend. "How do you describe a complication, my good sir ?" "He died," rejoined the other, "of two physicians, an apothecary, and a surgeon."

E. B. Hubley, Esq.-This gentleman has forwarded to Gov. Porter his resignation as Representative in Congress, to take his place in the Board of anal Commissioners.

Delaware .- This little state is in great trouble .-The Senate and House cannot agree on the nomination of Dr. Moull to the U.S. Senate, and as a deal of obstinacy is exhibited, it will probably prevent any election this session.

Troubles at Harrisburg .- The appointment of Mr. Packer as Canal Commissioner, it appears was rather a forced one. When Bell, of Chester, received the nomination, the worthies who before the election. had been promised a sop in the pan, made an awful hubbub. To conciliate them, Bell was induced to decline, and the Keystone man received the appointment, to keep the party from growling. Mr. Packer is the person who, when making a speech previous to the late election, asked indignantly "where are the public moneys?" and was answered by a wag in anuary 25th says-" The secret sessions of the le- | the crowd-"where ! why a part of it is in your

> Delaware and Hudson Canal -- By a strip from the New York Herald of Feb. 4th, we find that during the recent storm and freshet, the Delaware and Hudson Caal Co. suffered severely at Rondout, two steam and several freight boats, and at Eddysville, their drawbridges & canal were totally destroyed. We also learn, by intelligence from Honesdale, that the Delaware River presentted a scene of the most awful desolation, every thing yield ing to the force of the impetuous torrent-dams, bridges of mills were involved in the general ruin. This terrible visitation is sometimes appreheaded in the spring, but such a disastrous onslaught was never known to have accurred in the winter.

The Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, all

intending to be absent about ten days. Mr. Stage, who was authorized by the Directors of the Poor to employ a physician when occasion required one; then directed Kline to employ a physician to attend upon Lewis. Kline called upon the plaintiff, who under his direction continued to attend upon Lewis while he required his attention.

. .

By the Acts of Assembly relating to the poor and the construction put on them by the Supreme Court. if a person by reason of sickness or accident, sudden. ly requires medical aid and the occasion will not al low the delay neccessary to apply to the directors of the poor, a physician who renders assistance will be entitled to compensation out of the funds provaded 31. Locality .-- A Committee from the Senate of by the public for the support of the poor, in case the person receiving assistance is an object entitled to aid under the laws relating to the poor, and application is made to the proper officers designated by law to superintend the maintenance of the poor, in convenient time afterwards.

If therefore, you should be satisfied by the evidence that Joseph Lewis, at the time of the accident by which he was disabled, was destitute of means to procure the necessary medical aid, and the emergency was such as not to admit of the delay necessary to make application to the proper officers entrusted by law with the care of the poor, the plaintiff is entitled to be paid out of the County funds for his attendance, until an application could be made to the proper officers, or information given to the physician whose duty it was to attend in such cases.

You will apply these observations to the services rendered by plaintiff to Joseph Lewis before he was employed by direction of Mr. Stager to attend upon Lewis.

You will also apply these observations to the case of Bates, for attending on whom compensation is also claimed.

Verdict for the Plaintiff. Edward Owen Party and C. Loeser, Esque; for Plaintiff.

John Bannan, Esg. for Defendant.

FOR THE MINERS JOURNAL. SMALL POX.

Mr. BANNAN :- It may not be amiss at the pres. ent juncture, when this loathsome discase is still dominant, and unsubdued in violence, to offer your readers a few reflections of a prophylactick charac. ter, which may tend in some small degree to lessen sts predominance. That the mortality has not been great, is unquestionable ; but it is equally true that the complaint is steadily on the advance. It be comes the duty then, of those invested with the guardianship of health, considerately, but effective. ly as may be, to point out the means of escape from an enemy both captions and cruel. Like the skir, mishes of an invading army, it has created little a. larm, because its depredations hitherto have been few and triffing; but at any hour it may anddenly assume a more hostile attitude, and be far less in noxious.

In a region such as pure, the population of which is dense and diversified in the extreme, it is a mat-ter of little surprise that this pestilence should find easy access, and abundant lvictims. Where the mass is heterogeneous, the principles are necessary discordant. When society is large, made up "from It climer and kindreds, and tongues," as is ours, it is by no means strange that there should be strik-ingly discrepant views; and whilst this fact is not adverted to for the purpose of gleaning, matter tor reproach, it will better enable us to discover the true cause, to which is attributable, the extensive prevalence of the malady in question. Few discern except those whose professional avocations afford the opportunity of knowing, could form a tolerable estimate of the very large number of persons, old and young, resident in our immediate vicinity, who have never been vaccinated; much less would most persons suspect the amount of indifference-nay repugnancewhich exists towards this salutary measure. The ne glect is as general as it is lamentable, as reprehensit as it is unaccountable, save upon a few suppositions We meet with individuals every now and then, who are unreasonable enough to object to vaccination on the ground of its inutility, although they are unable to adduce a plausible argument for entertaining notions which are alike vague and dangerous. There is another class of people, who refuse their assent to its benefits, because, say they, we have observed its vant of Protecting and by far a larger flass, who go to the very opposite extreme who are too orthodox. This latter description, are ever ready to endorse all that can be urged in favour of vaccination-extolling its imense advantages-its wonderful simplicity ! and thence they are quite willing to intrust its manage. ment to the care of persons oftimes incapable of telling a pustule from a carbuncle. Here, then, are the grand sources of error, & I hazzard nothing when I ascribe to their permissions influence, four-fifths of all the suffering which is being endured at this time. Let those, therefore, who have imbibed wrong im-pressions in regard to the value of vaccination, get rid of them as speedily as possible; for they may rest assured that unless the great bulk of a testimony is to be repudiated and despised, their united authority will sustain undiminiahed the claims of this noble safeguard. "Tis true, it may not always give complete immunity from the contagion of small pox ; but then the same, or the same nearly, may be said of the latter disease itself. Its recurrence is not very infrequent; and when we cinations, the disparity must be still less. Now, if the above statements are true, (and I aver that they are essentially so.) has not the time arrived when skepticism ought to cease, and some plan be devised which may aid in arresting the course of this desolating scourge ? Should we not have a public meeting of citizens, in order that there may be a free interchange of thought ? There are many seasons which concur to force such a conviction on the mind, not the least of which is suggested by the common dictates of humanity. MEDICUS. Constable's Return. The following return appears on the back of an execution which was lately issued; the execution it will be recollected, commands the constable to levy debt and costs on the goods and chattels of defendant, but for want of safficient distress to take the body to the goal of the county: Went to house of defendant and found as property, but there' being sufficient distress in the family, I did not take the body to jail. So answer Constable.

locomotism, will its fame spread through all the Uni- | head become a business barometer, or to coin a more plead our cause with the fair sex-if Cautious be prominent, hurry into the stock market, among

> logy; that it is interwoven with every day life is evident from the following

ents have flinty hearts."

this bump fully developed.

pork !

Were every stalk on earth a quill,

Nor could the scroll contain the whole. The' stretched from sky to sky.

# Could with ink the ocean fill, And were the skies of parchment made-

The experience of the winter of 1837-38 show most conclusively the necessity of some such step. At that time a large surplusage, probably 200,000

POTTSKILLE.

POTTSVILLE LYCEUM

by the Rev. Arthur Wainwright.

by Doct. James S. Carpenter.

the Pottsville Institute.

ing to

Locture 3d. Tuesday February 26.

its Mythology," by James S. Wallace.

land," by Edward Owen Parry, Esq.

Order of Lectures.

Lecture 2nd, Tuesday February 12. ""On Hest,"

scope of Modern Geology," by Samuel Lywis, Esq.

Lecture 4th, Taesday March 12. "Athens and

Lecture 5th. Tuesday March 26. "Phrenology,"

Lecture 6th. Tuesday, April 9. "History of Eng-

As the room of the Institute will hold a larger

number than was at first anticipated, the Board of

Directors have decided to issue a limited number of

additional tickets, which may be obtained by apply-

The Lyceum .-- Our readers will bear in mind

that Dr. Wainwright will deliver his Lecture on

"Caloric," wext Tuesday Evening, in the room of

We return our sincere thanks to the kind

friend who has sent us in the names of eleven new

renewed incentives to exertion, and we should feel

Give Credit .- We are not aware that our bump

of self-esteem is more full than ordinary, but we

have some little pride in our Journal, and cannot

see our responsibilities torn from us, without an at-

tempt to do ourselves justice. In the case of a week-

ly paper, located in the country, and where patron-

age must be looked for away from home-to scize

on our articles, bad as they are, without credit, is as

things reformed, and speedily.

grateful, if others can "go and do likewise."

James S. Wallace. Secretary,

"Aim an

tons, was on hand, at the opening of last years's million of dollars was rendered unproductive for a

long season: Another thing would increase this | and the public at large. loss-it is the deterioration of Coal in quantity : on 200,000 tons a loss of at least 10 per cent would be experienced, making a deficit in actual value of \$100,000, This must be either a total loss to the 1837, B. D. Johnson & Co., after weighing and holder, or if he has capital sufficient to retain it, until an increased price, it must then fall on the consumer. Either of these results is equally ruinous in a but a small profit, and we can not be too speedy, or cautious in applying the proper remedies to prevent their recurrence.

LOSS ON COAL AND THE REMEDIES. We noticed in a cursory manner in our last, an article from a correspondent of the U.S. Gazette, on from the boats at boat weight ; equal in all to nearly the subject of the loss of Coal, experienced by the shippers between Pottsville and Philadelphia, on the line of canal. It is only within a few years that this loss has amounted to any thing serious ; for the former plan of deducting 5 per cent all around, caus ed an average loss of actual wasteage, amounting to barely 2 or 3 per cent. This was known and catrulated on, and the mining interest was satisfied with the first of March ! Would not some such plan tend the arrangement. But the Philadelphia dealers, ta- to benefit our mutual interests, and give rise to a king advantage of a dull season, induced the Navi- harmony of action which would invigorate our busigation Company, despite of our remonstrances, to ness ! change the per centum deduction from 5 to 8, think ing to obtain from the colliers and boatmen, the same rates. They however, justly indignant at such at tempts at coertion, would not submit to it and therefore refused to take any thing off. This attempt was impolitic on both sides, but especially on the part of the Navigation Company, as it would most andoubted ly have been their true policy to consult the interests of those who produce their tonnage, and are the very vitiality of their operations.

This experiment then was unsuccessful-w per cent off the toll would not answer-the Navigition Company therefore agreed to take that per centage off the Coal shipped, the dealers below urging the same motives as before, and hoping to bring the other branches of the trade into the same measures, This was equally unsuccessful, no change being effected. Since that time, many new leases have been made out, embracing extensive operations, in which no reservation is made in favor of the collier for the old 5 per cent, and consequently a return to that system is impracticable, however desireable it might

We repeat that the old 5 per cent deduction all round, operated well; and was perfectly satisfactory to the colliers until the] Navigation Company were over persuaded to disarrange this system not at our instance but instigated by the dealers below, and now it is for them, and them alone to furnish the remedy !

Now we commence with a disclaimer as to the motest wish to dictate to the Navigation Company -but as we believe they have all the will to do right and justice, we shall mercly throw out our suggestions for their consideration. But this we will say, that what we ask, is required by the trade here, and unless it is conceded, or some substitute offered, the Schuylkill White Ash Coal, business cannot compete Zebra like appearance to her tail, to make it look with that of other regions. Two things are imperiously necessary, and until

be recomplishment, we are confident the business red ?

candor; and while we again di tate, we shall be unceasing in our exertions to produce those effects, which a long experience, and attentive observation have convinced us, are of vital navigation. This at a very low estimate was worth importance to the safety of our region, and the es-\$5 per ton at the different depots-at which rate a tablishment of the Schuylkill Cod Trade on a basis of permanent profit to those immediately concerned,

P. S. Since writing the above, we have received a latter from an extensive coal dealer in Philadelphia which states that at the close of the business of selling every thing received that year, were deficient between 18 and 1900 tons in an amount of 23 000. which would have been worth, and cost them bebusiness, which under every advantage can produce tween 8 and \$10,000, consequently about \$1700 was paid for toll on coal never realized. Our informant likewise states that the Delaware Coal Co. in making up their business for the last three years, out of an amount of 250,000 tons shipped from the mines, have experienced a loss over 12000 tons, besides an allowance of \$30,000 made on coal shipped

\$100.000. The loss this season cannot yet be ascertained, as

some coal is still unsold, but the general opinion is it will be even greater, than in previous years.

A\_Proposition .- What say the coal dealers in Philipphiasto a Convention to be held here about

Postponement .- We are requested to state that the sale of store goods at Port Clinton, on behalf of the estate of Samuel Depui, deceased, is postponed from the 11th to 18th inst-See the advertisement.

Picks, Shopels, &c .- We need a factory for these articles in our vicinity. Any enterprising mechanic would find it highly advantageous to devote his exclusive attention to them

How is this ! - Mr. Bell, of Chester, refused the apointment of canal commissioner, on account of his legal avocations, and extensive practice. Why did he stick to the Senate for three dollars a day until he was turned out, then 7

Canal Commissioner .- Bell of Chester having reused the proffered appointment, William F. Packr has been designated in his place.

Fot calling Kettle black !- The Keystone quotes n article from our Journal as a sample of "Whig Decency." We have looked over the files of the Keystone for several weeks back, to find a sentence n which we might retailate. We however 'confers ourselves besten; we can find no decency in its columns.

We have to acknowledge our indebtedness to lady unknown for a splendid pair of horns and a first rate tail, with all the necessary appurtenances, to "play the devil" at the Farcy Ball. They were received too late however, to have the "coat of red," and the breeches of blue" made to correspond, and therefore they are laid up in lavender for another occasion. Is the mean time, we should like to know on what authority our fair friend has given a like a "striped pig," or where does she find prece-

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dent for tipping bus Satanic Majesty's horne with • 1. . . . . . .

Nothing of general interest has occurred in the Legslature ; they are despatching business pretty rapidv. but have not yet fixed on a time for the election of an U.S. Senator. The North, South, East and West have each sent in their rival claims for candidates, and as one only can be elected, there will be some little disappointment at the result.

The Freshet .- All the New England States de rived great injury from the recent storm. It has een unprecedented both in its violence and its ex-

ent. Trade of Philadelphia.-By a table in the Comnercial List, the following vessels arrived in the port of Philadelphia. Ships, Barques, 25 Brigs, 🍃 204 Schooners, 1758 Sloops

oloopa,	044
Barges,	150
Total	\$790
Besides which there were from ports	
vithin the precincts of the Delaware	
liver and Bay,	8070
Total Coastwise arrivals, including	
hose on the Schuylkill.	10.860
The arrivals on the Schuylkill duri	ng the sam
erm were.	
Brigs,	24
Schooners.	861
Sloops,	416
•	
Total	1301
Add vessels from ports within the	
precints of the Delaware River and Bay.	325
•	
Making the whole number of arrivals	1629
Thirty-seven Foreign vessels disch	arged in th
schuylkill during the year.	

On our first page will be found an interest article on the Catholic population of Europe and America, to which we refer our readers.

We have received from Hon, E. B. Hubbey, ments for the Geological Society and the Pottsville Lyceum

We are likewise indebted to Hon. Imac E. Crary, and Charles Frailey Esq. for various Congressional and State Papers.

and the first and the second second

man listened awhile, when (the clergyman ceasing) he blubbered out, . I've killed chickens, and I've killed calves, but I never had any thing to cut me up like this !" 15. Conscientiousness.-Great frauds, it is said.

have been practised down east, by selling pigs of the common breed, raised in Berkshire county. Massachusetts, for those of the English Berkshire breed. 16. Hope.- A special election to fill a vacancy in the Senate, was held week before last in Randolph county, Missouri, which resulted in the election of a decided whig, by a majority of six votes. Two years ago the loco foco majority in this county was

17. Marvellousness .- Fanny Wright, Esquire, it seems, has a rival in New York, in the person of a Mrs. Rose, who, having been divorced from her hushand, is lecturing against Matrimony and in favor of

18. Veneration .- The Philadelphia Herald and Sentinel, entertaining the firm belief that the Sab bath, as a day of rest, is essentially necessary to man's worldly, if not eternal welfare, has determin ed to dispense, hereafter, with the services of those in its employment on that day.

19. Benevolence .--- John Greig, Esq. of Canandai gua, New York, has presented the Society for the relief of orphans and destitute children, which was incorporated last winter, by the title of the "Rochester Orphan Asylum," a lot containing about an acre and a half, most eligibly situated for buildings for the Institution.

20. Constructiveness .- A Bridge is to be created over the Mississippi at St. Louis, to cost 1,000,000 dollars, and to have thirty piers. 21. Ideality.- A Hoosier Lawyer thus closed his

appeal in a certain case-"Gentlemen of the Jurywhile Bonaparte are a marching his army from Elba to Paris, and from Paris to Elba, inundating the whole country in blood, I stand here the humble advocate of this notorious hog thief. The goats may soar to the summits of these mountains, and the sheep may feed on the hills below, and the cattle may crop the grass of the meadows, I ut my client are no more guilty of stealing the hog than's toad has got a tail ! +22. Imitation .- A man pretending to be a Methodist clergyman, has been taken up at Poukeepsie for

counterfeiting 23. Mirthfulness .- THE EXPRESS MAIL is called

at N. Orleans, the "slow-go-motive." 24. Individuality .- A biography of Robespierre

which appeared in an Irish paper, concludes in the following ludicrous manner :---- This extraordinary man left no children behind him, except his brother, who was killed at the same time !"

25. Form .- Three girls named Vant Wie, living near Albany, average 6 feet in length. Where's the Irish giant ! he should be courting. 26. Size .- A woman named Marie Prion recent

ly died in the Haute-Garonne, at the age of 158 years, retaining her mental faculties to the last, although her corpse weighed only 42lb, her flesh being gone, and her skin and muscles adhering to her bones like parchment.

27. Weight .- WISCONSIN LEAD .-- GOV. Dodge in his message, says upwards of ten millions of pounds of lead are sent East annually from the nince of Wisconsin

28. Color .--- The Boston Sentinel says, the Bosemales, both fashionably clad-one of them was wokite, apparently the daughter of a submattial Est Kline to the office of Dr. Halberstadt, the physician sex farmer, and the other "black as the Ject of chuby" imployed by the Directors of the Poor, to attend up--walking arm and arm through Milk, Federal, High, on the poor requiring medical aid in vicinity of a just warfare by his resources and his conregesex farmer, and the other "black as the Jack of chube" employed by the Directors of the Poor, to attend up-

from Easton to Bristol, has been seriously injured by the recent freshets, rendering it uncertain when repairs can be made to meet the business of the Lehigh Coal Trade. At Easton the abutment leading from the dam to the Canal was undermined and swept away, leaving a breach of 100 feet, which cannot be repaired until low water, as the river now rushes through in such an impetuous manner, as to prevent all work on it.

A loco lie nailed !-- The Keymone of last Saturday rumped up a charge with its usual mendacity, against Mr. Penrose, alledging that he refused to recieve the resignation of Senator Irvin, or issue a writ for a new election-Mr Penrose in open Senate, read and called attention to the article. He said he did so, because he was able to give it a positive denial in every particular. As an officer of the Senate, and out of regard to his wn character, he felt called upon to place the stamp of falsehood upon it. So far, from its being true, he had fixed the election to supply the vacancy at the earliest nomible day.

It appears there was some difficulty in ascertaining whether the writ should usine to the old district by which Mr. Irvin was elected, or the new one of 1836; the question whether the law creating the latter had gone into effect, and therefore repealed that of the former, being unsettled and difficult of solution ; this was, however settlea in favor of the old district, when writs were ad cordingly issued and despatched by special messenger. Thus has this assertion, in common with all made by the Keystone, been disproved, and yet this Journal dates to prate of "decency!"

The County officers .- The Supreme Court has decided in favor of the appointments of county afficers made by Gov. Porter, under the new Constitution. Walk out Whigs and walk in Locos!-Next fall, the people will have their say on this subject.

FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL. IMPORTANT DECISION. Ence Chichester 28/ The Directors of the No. 59 March T. 1836 Poor & of the House of Appeal-Employment of the County of Schuvikill.

This was an action instituted by Dr. Chichester against the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Schuylkill county, to recover compensation for professional services rendered to two indi viduals, who, within a short time afterwards became a charge to the county.

The facts on which the the question of law involve d in the case, was founded, are so fully stated in the charge of the Court, that any further statement is deemed unnecessary.

## BYLTHE, President.

This suit is brought to recover compensation fo medical attendance upon Joseph Lewis. It appears that on the 30th May, 1835, Joseph Lewis, a miner, employed in the mines in the neighborhood of Pottaville, was so much injured by the falling of a mass of slate rock, that his hip was dislocated, his arm broken and by these and other bruises he was reduced to a state of insensibility. Dr. Chichester, the plaintiff, was called by some one not now known to render medical aid. He reduced his hip, set his arm and gave him other aid and visited him on the 31st

May and 1st June 1835. Off 2d June 1835, some one obtained an order of maintainance for Joseph Lewis from two justices of the Peace. Henry Statonians were recently edified with the sight of two | ger, the Steward of the Directors, was applied to and shown the order. He went in company with Jacob Kline to the office of Dr. Halberstadt, the physician

## GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The Edinburg Review for October, contains the The Edinburg Keview for October, contains an second biographical notice of the political charac-ters of Britain, of the lale reigns, by Lord Brougham. Appended to it is a delineation of Napoleon-from whom he turns his attention by contrast to George Washington, whom he designates as "the greatest man of our own or of any age." The following de-scription is the best pertraiture of that American patriot which ever yet was written.

Lord Brougham thus depicts him :-- "In Washington, we truly behold a marvellous contrast to simost every one of the endowments and the vices of "Nepslean" which we have been contemplating; and which are so well fitted as to excite a mingled ad-miration, and sorrow and abhorrence. With none of that brilliant genius which dazzles ordinary minds; with not even any remarkable quickness of apprehension; with knowledge less than almost all persons in the middle ranks, and many well educa-ted of the humbler class possess; this eminent per-tion is presented to our observation, clothed in attributes as modest, as impretending, as little calcu-lated to strike or to asionish; as if he had passed paknown through some secladed reign of private life. But he had a judgment sure and sound ; a state iness of mind which never suffered any passion, of even any feeling, to roffle its calm; a strength of understanding which worked, rather, than forsed, its way through all obstacles-removing or avoiding, rather than overleaping, them: His courage whether in battle or in council, was as perfect as might be expected from this pure and steady temper of soul. A just man, with a firm resolution asy er to be misled by others, any more than by others over-awed; never to be seduced or betrayed, or hur-ried away by his own weakness or self-delusion, asy more than by other men's arts; nor ever to be dis heartened by the most complicated difficulture, any more than to be spoiled on the giddyheights of fer