

The Family Circle

Along with humility we should cultivate cheerfulness. Humility has no connexion with penance melancholy or timorous dejection. While the truly humble guard against the distraction of all violent passions and inordinate cares, they cherish a cheerful disposition of mind. They cannot, indeed, be genuine cheerfulness without the approbation of our own heart. While, however, we pay a sacred regard to conscience, it must be enlightened and directed by reason and revelation. And happy are the individuals who can say, "our rejoicing is this, the testimony of our conscience, that in simplicity and godly sincerity, we have had our conversation in the world." An approving mind will contribute greatly to cheerfulness, and that cheerfulness which results from it, from trust in God, and from the hope of a blessed immortality, is equally remote from sour dissatisfaction, desponding melancholy, and fitful hilarity. It smooths our path and sweetens our cup, rendering duty easy and affliction light.

True benevolence inspires with the love of justice, and prompts him in whose bosom it glows, neither to oppress the weak, to impose on the ignorant, nor to overreach the unwary; but to give every man his due, and with steady and undeviating steps to walk in the hallowed path of equity. Decent and dissimulation, fraud and falsehood, are far from the humble worshipper of God; integrity is enthroned in his heart, truth dwells on his lips, and an enlightened sense of duty regulates the whole of his conduct. He faithfully performs every promise, and fulfills every engagement. Others respect and trust his word, because he respects and holds it sacred himself. His life is characterized by the simplicity of truth, and the dignity of virtue; and in dealing with him, they who have an opportunity of knowing his character, place unbounded confidence in his justice and faithfulness.

Duelling, as a punishment, is absurd, because it is an equal chance whether the punishment fall upon the offender or the person offended. No is it much better as a reparation—it being difficult to explain in what the satisfaction consists, or how it tends to undo the injury, or to afford a compensation for the damage already sustained. The truth is, it is not considered as either. A law of honour having annexed the imputation of cowardice to patience under an affront, challenges are given and accepted, with no other design than to present or wipe, off the stain of dishonour. The principles of moral conduct could be totally insignificant if they did not lead to some end, and if a certain manner of acting, had not been found, by repeated experiments, to have made us happy, and a different manner to have made us unhappy, we should never have had any principles of morals.

The truths of morality, like all other truths, are discovered only by trials and experiment. The principles of moral conduct could be totally insignificant if they did not lead to some end, and if a certain manner of acting, had not been found, by repeated experiments, to have made us happy, and a different manner to have made us unhappy, we should never have had any principles of morals.

A PLEASANT INCIDENT—A STRIKING SIGN.

Rather an amusing incident occurred in our village on Tuesday evening last, and one which shows as far as any thing can show, the strong current of political feeling which has and is setting in favor of our old patriotic FARMER GOVERNOR. It is this:

Between seven and eight o'clock on Tuesday evening, NINE five-horse Congoleg wagons, in one train, passed through this place, and as each train reached the railroad depot, where our Whig friends were assembling to choose delegates, the drivers—all being Germans—to the back-bone—gave three cheers for RITNER—and when all had arrived at a given spot they gave a simultaneous hurrah, accompanied by a significant twist of their whips.

This was promptly returned with three times three, by the assemblage of Whigs on the spot, and a committee was forthwith appointed to wait upon and invite them to partake of the hospitalities of their political brethren—and a very agreeable and interesting scene took place. Some stated that they had voted for Wolf; others that they had supported Muhlenberg; but that they all now went heart and hand for their "brother wagoner, the old Dutch Governor." They said they could never support the man that cheated the poor wood choppers out of their hard earnings, as Porter did, by taking the benefit of the Act, and who still persisted in refusing to pay them, although worth forty or fifty thousand dollars.

They farther said, that the people of the interior were beginning to see what Van Buren Loco Foco Sub-Treasury was; and they no sooner understood it, than they utterly and indignantly renounced all connection with it; and that they were turning by companies to the support of a man after their own heart, who has ever been an unwavering democrat, and never yet set his face against the interests of his own state, to court the smiles and favors of the Powers at Washington. They all joined in declaring that no one could believe the unprecedented changes in favor of Ritner, in the interior and back counties, unless he saw them with his own eyes—and as each one shouted his "gee up" and crack'd his whip, the air resounded with reiterated hurras for the Farmer Governor.

TERRIFIC STORM IN ENGLAND.

Great Flood—Loss of Life—Twenty-six Children Drowned in a Coal Pit.

The following particulars we have in the Leeds (English) Mercury: On Wednesday last the southern part of Yorkshire, and part of the county of Lancaster, were visited by a terrific storm of thunder and hail, which not only did great damage by the breaking of glass and the destruction of trees in the gardens, but by suddenly swelling the streams to an almost unprecedented height, has caused immense damage to property, and also a far greater

loss of life than we remember on any similar occasion. The following particulars are sent by our Barnsley correspondent:

"I have this week to give you the most disastrous account of loss of life and property that ever fell to my lot to record. On Wednesday afternoon a most violent thunder storm took place in this part, when large pieces of ice fell, which had not dissolved on Thursday, and which broke nearly all the glass in the gardens of F. V. Wentworth, Esq., Wentworth Castle, doing much damage, to the amount of about £500. The sudden rush of water caused one of Messrs. Field, Cooper & Co.'s coal pits to be nine yards deep, as well as washed a great part of their railway up. The flood has done a great deal of damage along the valley from Little Houghton to Silkstone. Windows have been broken in nearly all the houses from Round Green to Silkstone, by the large pieces of ice. Such a flood has not been known since 1807 at Silkstone, where the houses were from four to five feet deep in water. In many gardens not only the crop but even the soil, also, has been carried away. Large trees were rooted up and taken down the stream.

But by far the most dreadful part of the account is that twenty-six lives have been lost. I obtained the following particulars on the spot. As the water was seen to be running down the shaft of a coal pit belonging to Mr. R. C. Clarke, at Silkstone, the person in authority at the top sent a man into the pit to order all to put out their lights, and come out as soon as possible. Consequently all made the best of their way to the pit bottom, expecting to be drawn out immediately; but lamentable to relate, on account of much water having fallen, the steam engine could scarcely keep the team up, and they could not be drawn out. About forty of the smaller children then set off to the dry-hole, the horizontal shaft by which persons may walk in or out of the pit, without going up or down the perpendicular shaft. Having got through a trap-door that is set a few yards up the dry-hole boardgate, and about ten of twelve yards below what is called "a slit," driven in a top bed of coal, full of dirt, they were making the best of their way up the road, when the water burst into the day-hole, met the children and forced twenty six of them back to the door, where they were afterwards found, all quit dead, within the space of eleven or twelve yards between the door and the slit! Fourteen of the largest children escaped by getting into the old slit ends. The sufferers are from the age of seven years to seventeen. It was the most heart-rending sight that could be witnessed to see the caris, with the bodies in them, going through Silkstone, leaving a corpse or two nearly at every door; the women, in a state of distraction, tearing the hair from their heads.

THE NAVY AND THE MECHANICS.

The Evening Post does not deem the inquiry as of any importance, as to the authorship of the semi-official articles in the Government OFFICIAL, attacking the Navy,—in which we wholly disagree with the Post, for there is coupled with that attack a very contemptuous expression of the Mechanics of the Country. We have often heard the Government attack all Stockholders of Banks, as Rag Barons, &c. &c., and the Merchants ranked by the organs of the Government, as well as by the Ex-President, among Traitors and Betrayers of their country,—and we have never seen any shuffling off of responsibility when the authorship of such attacks was demanded. The language of the Globe in its official assault upon the Navy, was, "it is impossible to make heroes out of men, who adopt the principles and maxims of cobblers and tinkers." Now, we beg to know of the Post, if there is not some importance in the inquiry as to the authorship of such a sneer upon the great labouring and industrious Classes of the Country. What renders the inquiry of more importance is, that the sneer comes from the Journal of a Government professing the greatest respect for the Labouring Classes,—but we have a sneer cast upon them as Cobblers and Tinkers,—and now we want to stamp, by ascertaining the authorship of the sneer, the hypocrisy of these men that profess.

The Albany Argus, a quasi official, says the Editor of the Globe did not write this article. If this be the fact, it is an interesting inquiry, to know who is permitted to act as Editor of the official organ, and thus to abuse the hard-working population of the Country, who earn their living by the sweat of the brow, whether it be the President himself, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Post Master General. The organ of the Government being the common reservoir of Government venom, the Mechanic interest has a right to know whether the sneers come from High Officers of the Government, who are denouncing Merchants and other great Classes of Society as Aristocrats, Rag Barons, &c. &c. We Whigs think it very possible "to make Heroes" out of American Mechanics, "who adopt the principles and maxims of Cobblers and Tinkers."—Roger Sherman and General Greene for examples,—but the official organ of the Government assuming itself to be Democratic, thinks otherwise. It is very proper, then, to know if the whole Government adopts the opinion of the organ. If the Editor of the Globe did not write the article, it is probable Mr. Paulding did,—and if he did, we never shall expect to hear him at least,

called Democratic. We come to the conclusion then, that every way, the inquiry as to the authorship is a proper one.—N. York Express.

The Horrible Murder in Virginia.

The New York Whig gives the following particulars of the bloody and malicious massacre of the two lovely little girls daughters of Judge Mayers, of Virginia, by a couple of slaves, near the Virginia Sulphur Springs, received from a lady and a gentleman just returned from the South. It appears that the Judge owns several slaves, and among others, Sally, an old woman; Andy, a desperate negro; and Jane, a daughter of Sally, a girl of 14. Jane was in the habit of taking the children to a school in the vicinity. On last Friday week, they did not return as usual, and the family became uneasy at their absence. Search was made and they were at last found by Jane, but as she exclaimed when thirty feet from them in the dusk of the evening—"Here they are with their throats cut," suspicion fell upon her, and she was immediately arrested. Upon examination she stated, that on the day above mentioned, Sally told her to bring the children home by the way of the blackberry patch. When she arrived there, the old woman seized the youngest child, and cut its throat; Andy rushed out of the bushes, and cut the throat of the eldest. They then wanted to murder the infant of Mrs. Mayes; which Jane had in her arms; she however fled, and saved the innocent. Four of the Judge's children had previously died very suddenly, and it is supposed that they were poisoned by Sally. She was heard to say, a short time ago, after her master had been lecturing her, that no child of the Judge's should live to forsweep a child of hers. The murdered children were, one 7 and the other 8 years of age.

The persons from whom we gather the above sad bodies of the children, and the distracted mother weeping over them. They describe it as a most heart-rending scene. The parents have but one left out of seven.

Maxims for Boys.—Be vicious and you cannot be happy; be virtuous and you cannot be miserable.

All good and great men in the world have been boys, and why should not all boys become good and great men?

Never go to bed till you are wiser than when you arose, for observation, experience and reflection, the elements of wisdom, are the property of all who like to enjoy them.

Read good books, seek out good companions, attend to good counsel, and imitate good examples.

The man depends on the boy—the peace of to-morrow on the actions of today.

New Constitution.—We have been informed that many of our citizens entertain the belief that all the members of the Convention agreed to the amendments proposed to the Constitution, because their signatures are found to the amended Constitution. This is an error which may induce some persons to vote for it, who otherwise would not. It is well known that some of the most important changes in the Constitution, passed by bare majorities.—The first form of the Certificate offered to be signed by the members of the Convention contained expressions which implied their concurrence in the amendments, or might have been so construed. It was at once objected to, nor would it have received the signatures of the minority.—It was then put in the present form, which merely certifies "that the foregoing is the amended Constitution of Pennsylvania, as agreed to in the Convention." The members only testify to the fact, that it is the Constitution the Convention had agreed to, but not that they individually approved of it, or had agreed to it, or recommended it to the adoption of the people.

Editors of newspapers who desire to have a fair vote on the question of the Constitution, will do well to publish this notice.—U. S. Gazette.

The New Orleans True American states, that that city has been favored with a new importation of mosquitoes, "very large fellows, extremely thirsty, and like a fashionable party, altogether too numerous to be agreeable.

Michigan.—Quite an excitement exists against the Governor of Michigan for refusing to make public the terms upon which he negotiated the loan of \$5,000,000. The contract is on file in the Secretary of State's office, but the Governor has laid an injunction of secrecy upon it till the meeting of the Legislature. An extra session is demanded in consequence.

A New Touch of Loco Focism.—The Jacobin organ publishes the following notice:—"Marshall J. Bacon, Esq., is the only democratic Justice in the city. In these times of litigation, let our friends remain by him. Office corner of Woodward and Jefferson Avenues."—Detroit Advertiser.

The cattle are dying off at a shocking rate in some parts of New Hampshire by some unknown disease. The bodies putrify soon after death, that it is necessary to bury them immediately. Some persons had been poisoned by attempting to skin the dead animals.

POTTSVILLE.

SATURDAY MORNING AUG. 25, 1838.

57 Pamphlets, Church, Cards, Bills of Lading, and Handbills of every description, neatly printed at this Office at the lowest cash prices.

Committee of Correspondence for the Borough of Pottsville. Stephen D. Leib, George Heiser, Esq., John Heffner, Benjamin Bannan, James Sullyman, Jr., Henry Stager, Esq., John T. Werner, Samuel Hart, Andrew B. White.

Let the People Remember that DAVID R. PORTER voted in the Senate last Winter to instruct our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote in favour of the odious and infamous Sub-Treasury Bill.

Now is your time for News. The Miners' Journal will be furnished until the election, at the low rate of Twenty-five Cents For each subscriber—or 25 copies weekly for \$5.

Now is your time, Boys. Another Proposition.

The subscriber is now ready to receive 500 subscribers to the Weekly Miners' Journal until the election, in this, and the adjoining counties, on the following conditions:

If Joseph Ritner is re-elected, we will charge each subscriber 25 cents.

If David R. Porter is elected, they shall have the paper for nothing.

If the Porter men are so sure of electing their candidate, they now have a chance of getting the Journal for nothing until the election. B. BANNAN.

Fellow Citizens be on Your Guard.

We learn from good authority, that it is the intention of the Porter men to import a number of voters into this District previous to the election. One of the Party has declared, that they would have at least forty young men's votes before the election, in addition to the votes they now count on. This is to be done for the purpose of winning their Bets on the District. We therefore caution our citizens to be on their guard, and report the names of all such young men who may hereafter take up their residence in this Borough, merely for the purpose of voting, so that they can be put upon oath at the polls.

The Paper containing the certificates relative to the Lewistown Affair, has been taken from our office. Will the person who has it return it. This will account for their non-appearance in this paper.

Pottsville Academy, conducted by the Sisters of Charity.—By reference to an advertisement in another column, it will be observed that the exercises in this excellent Seminary of Learning for Young Ladies, will be resumed on the third of September next.

Messrs. Carey & Hart have issued a second edition of "Charcoal Sketches," by JOSEPH C. NEAL, Esq. This gentleman is now on a visit to our Borough for the benefit of his health, which we regret to learn has suffered considerably in consequence of a too close application to the various duties of his editorial closet.

The "Blaze of Glory," which was lit up in the West, has been somewhat obscured by the Blue Light of Loco focism. Farther returns from Illinois and Missouri, although they show a great gain for the Whigs, are not sufficient to redeem these benighted States from the dark spirit of Loco focism.

The Theatrical Entertainments given by Mr. BARRY, at O'Connor's Hotel, continue to be well attended.

"Never mind his character.—He was the only man he could get to suit the interests of the PARTY"—was the answer given by an office-holder under the General Government, to the inquiry made by an honest Porter man, "How came you to take up a man with so bad a character." There is no doubt but that the office-holder told the truth—but he will find that there are a great many honest men in the State, who will pay some attention to character and honesty in selecting public officers—and the person who made the inquiry, although heretofore a Porter man, declares that he cannot vote for any man merely to advance the interests of a Party, at the expense of the interests of the State—and after hearing the above declaration, declares that he will not vote for Porter.

The Game of the Portrites.—The Portrites are practising gross deceptions with respect to the voice of the People in the several counties, townships and boroughs in the State. This is their favorite game at present. We hesitatingly say, that their statements generally speaking are false and unworthy of credit. They boast of majorities which they know cannot exist; they represent as doubtful what they know to be certain, and even induce their friends to bet by their misrepresentations.

A gentleman from Ohio declares that "Joz Vanpe" will be re-elected Governor of that State by at least 20,000 majority. JOZ RITNER will also outdistance the "Iron Grey" in this State. With two "Joes," there can be no doubt of a sound currency.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

The Van Buren Members of Congress, previous to their adjournment, published an address to the People of the United States, in which they declare that the issue must be continued "Sub-Treasury, or no Sub-Treasury." "Upon that measure is suspended the fate of the Administration." Upon it, they "will sink or swim." This address was approved of by all the Loco foco members of Congress from Pennsylvania, who now support DAVID R. PORTER for Governor! Can it be any longer doubted that he is the Sub-Treasury Candidate! If he is not, why don't he come out publicly with his views of the measure. It is proper that the voters should know them. Joseph Ritner has publicly proclaimed himself the opponent of this abominable Bill, while some of the advocates of the Bill declare David R. Porter is in its favor, and others declare him to be opposed to it. Should not the public therefore be made acquainted with his views under his own signature? How unlike the conduct of our honest, fearless and upright Governor, JOSEPH RITNER. He never hesitates to give his views on all public measures, when required to do so. He does not wish to sail under false colors—but on all occasions when requested, he comes out manfully, and publicly proclaims his views and his opinions, and is willing to stand or fall on their merits. His opponents charged him with being an Abolitionist. His fellow citizens called him out, and instead of his being an Abolitionist, his views on the subject of Slavery and Abolition, prove to be those cherished and adhered to by four fifths of the people of Pennsylvania, and they have completely discomfited his enemies. The same queries were proposed to David R. Porter—he remains mute—he has refused to answer them—he dare not make known his views on that subject to the People of Pennsylvania. And he dare not proclaim himself the advocate or the opponent of the Sub-Treasury Bill. Is such a man fit for Governor of Pennsylvania?

We are pleased to learn that the leading Conservatives in this State, as well as in New York, are abandoning Martin Van Buren's Administration. We also learn that in Philadelphia and other sections of the State, they are also abandoning Porter, and coming out for Ritner, believing that the success of the former, would be claimed as a triumph in favor of the leading measures of the General Government. The great anxiety on the part of the Globe to have David R. Porter elected, has effected this change.

Was not the late attack of the Globe on the navy, caused by an attempt made in Pennsylvania by a portion of "the Party," to bring forward Com. STEWART as a candidate for the Presidency.

Porter has not yet resigned his seat in the Senate.—Porter's organ in Huntingdon county declared that Porter would resign his seat in the Senate. He has not yet resigned, although the Convention to form a ticket meets in Huntingdon next week. Porter won't resign, unless forced by public opinion to do so. He knows that he cannot be elected Governor, and will therefore hold on to the office of Senator, which he now holds.

A Justice of the Peace in Poccono township, Monroe county, by the name of Samuel Meyers, who, under the impression that the new Constitution will carry, and that Justices of the Peace would therefore be elected by the People. A Ritner man in a district, with a large majority against him, will stand very little chance to be elected a Justice. In this dilemma, what's to be done? Throw up my commission for a few months, come out publicly on the strong side in the District—then I will have a claim upon the People, and they will elect me and continue me in the office.

Read! Read!! Read!!! According to the official reports of the Secretary of the Treasury, the first year of Van Buren's Administration cost the People upwards of

\$38,000,000.

While the WHOLE FOUR YEARS OF John Quincy Adams's Administration, cost the People in round numbers only

\$44,000,000.

John Quincy Adams was turned out because his Administration was an extravagant one. David R. Porter is a violent supporter of Van Buren, and approves of all his measures. People of Pennsylvania, will you support a man for Governor of this great State, who thus approves of squandering away this People's Money?

The Locomotive Engine.—This paper a short time since was published in Bellefonte—it was boozed up for want of support. It was a short time after revived in the upper end of Lycoming county, under the name of "The Eagle," for the purpose of advocating the formation of a new county to be called "Eagle." It professed to be neutral. It sunk a second time for want of patronage. Some of the friends of Ritner stepped forward and revived it a second time. It then feebly supported Ritner for several weeks—it was again about sinking, when the Porter men stepped forward, extended further aid—and the paper now supports David R. Porter. Of such support, the Porter men may boast as much as they please.

GIBSON LEE, formerly the Jackson Mayor of New York, and SAMUEL SWARTWORT, late Collector of the Port of New York, officiated as Vice Presidents of the great Whig Meeting, convened last week to welcome the Hon. Mr. PAVANIS, of Mississippi, to that city. The prominent and leading men all over the country are daily deserting Van Buren. The fact is, that it is becoming disreputable to be connected any longer with a Party composed of such vile materials as the Van Buren Party of the present day is made up of in our principal cities.

The True Issue.—The following resolution was offered at the South Ward meeting of the Locos in Philadelphia last week, by Henry Horn, who "can't lie"—and was passed.

Resolved, THAT THE DELEGATES OF THIS WARD BE AND THEY ARE HEREBY INSTRUCTED, NOT TO PLACE IN NOMINATION FOR ANY OFFICE, THE NAME OF A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL WHO IS CONNECTED WITH ANY BANK OR BANKING INSTITUTION, EITHER AS DIRECTOR, STOCK HOLDER, OR BORROWER, OR WHO IS LIABLE TO THE SUSPICION OF CONSERVATISM, WHICH IS ONLY ANOTHER NAME FOR FEDERALISM.

Another resolution passed at the same meeting, says: "Those who are not fit or against us. There is no middle or Conservative ground to stand upon."

Conservatives Read.

The following remarks we copy from the New York Evening Post, the Van Buren organ in that city, in reply to some remarks which appeared in the Philadelphia American Sentinel, in reply to the resolution lately offered at one of the Ward Meetings by Henry Horn.

In reply to this we have only to say, that if the democratic party cannot retain the majority except by abandoning the principal measures now in controversy between that party and its adversaries, we are willing to go into a minority immediately. It is better to be beaten in a manly fight than to abandon our ground like cowards.

FOR OUR PART, WE HOPE THAT THE PRIMARY MEETINGS, BOTH IN PHILADELPHIA AND ELSEWHERE, WILL TAKE THEIR GROUND DECIDEDLY ON THE INDEPENDENT TREASURY SCHEME; THAT THEY WILL PROCLAIM THE FULL AND ENTIRE APPROVAL OF IT TO BE AN INDISPENSABLE CONDITION IN ALL CANDIDATES WHO ARE TO RECEIVE THEIR SUPPORT; AND THAT THEY LOOK UPON ALL THOSE WHO WOULD COUNSEL SILENCE ON THE VITAL PART OF THE CONTROVERSY AS CONCERNED IN A CONSPIRACY TO DECEIVE AND BETRAY.

Our readers may rest assured that if David R. Porter is elected Governor of Pennsylvania, that the Sub-Treasury Bill will be brought up again in Congress next winter. Let every man therefore pause, ere he casts his vote for any man whose success will cause a revival of this most odious and iniquitous measure.

More Confirmation of the Blackguard Conduct of the Portrites at Harrisburg.

If there should any doubt remain in the minds of any of our readers, with respect to the shameful outrage committed on the Governor at Harrisburg, and through him on the people of the State, we should think the following evidence would be sufficient to remove them:

A SIGN FROM OLD ADAMS: Extra of a letter from an intelligent gentleman in Adams county, to his friend in Centre, dated in Adams county, August 4, 1838.

"FOUR respectable young gentlemen of this place, who went to Harrisburg as Delegates, to the Porter Convention, on the 14th of July last, were so much disgusted with the conduct of the mean fellows who participated in the outrage at the Governor's house, and having obtained better information relative to Ritner, himself, have honestly confessed their shame for having been in such a party, and have become active friends of the Farmer Governor, JOSEPH RITNER. Their names are JOHN EMMITT, JOHN McELROY, JOHN SAUNDERS, and W. STAELSMITH. Yours, &c."

Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal—better for Steam Ships than any other.—We copy the following important article from the last Richmond Compiler.

"From late facts made it appears that our bituminous coal will not answer for steam engines. The 'Natchez,' which recently sailed from New York to New Orleans, had to stop at Key West, and send a schooner to Havana for a supply of English coal, the Richmond coal being unfit. The Anthracite coal of Pennsylvania is said to be the best yet tried by the steamship. The Great Western has used it to better advantage than any other."

Can't Stand Porter's Dishonesty.

More Help.—The "Carroll Gazette," published at Monongahela City, Allegheny, has struck the dark flag of Porter and the Sub-Treasury, and hoisted "the banner which streams in light"—its editor remarks that having seen Porter fairly convicted of fraud and dishonesty towards his creditors, he can no longer support him, but will use his utmost exertions to secure the re-election of the Farmer Governor, Joseph Ritner.

The Susquehanna Rail Road will be opened between Baltimore and York in this State, on Thursday next, 23d inst.

Another Sub-Treasurer Absconded.—The last Lexington Observer brings us the following:

"We learn from the Tennessee Review, that Littleberry Hawkins, one of Mr. Van Buren's 'constitutional Sub-Treasurers,' receiver of public money at Helena, Ark., has absconded, proving a defaulter to the amount of \$115,462 94. The amount for which he had given bond to the government was only \$20,000, leaving a balance of \$94,462 94, to pay for his loud buzzes in favor of 'Van Buren and democracy.'"