

POTTSVILLE

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1838.

Pamphlets, Checks, Cards, Bills of Lading, and Receipts of every description, neatly printed at this Office at the lowest cash prices.

Delegates Attend!

A MEETING of the Delegates to the 4th of June Convention, will be held at Henry Stager's, this evening, at 8 o'clock. It is expected that all will attend.

A PROPOSITION!

In order to place our paper within the reach of every person, during the present gubernatorial contest, we have come to the conclusion to receive subscribers to the Weekly Journal, to be forwarded regularly, until the second Tuesday of October next, at the low rate of FIFTY CENTS per copy, or TWELVE COPIES for five dollars, payable in advance.

Our friends, in various parts of the county, will please act as agents in transmitting the names and cash of those who feel disposed to subscribe for that period.

The prospects of Gov. Ritner, throughout the state, are of the most cheering character. We are just from a visit to our metropolis. We availed ourselves of all suitable opportunities to obtain information and we unhesitatingly say, that Gov. Ritner will be elected by a majority of at least 10,000 votes. The city of Philadelphia will give Ritner a larger majority than was ever before given to any Governor in that city; and even the county of Philadelphia, from all that we can learn, and our sources of information are such as may be relied on, will give Ritner a small majority. There certainly never was a more popular Governor in Pennsylvania since the time of Simon Snyder. The true Democrats are almost to a man ranged on the side of Ritner; the locofocos, to be sure, are against him. This party, every one knows, is made up of the worst portions of the old Federal and Democratic parties—retaining the vices of both, without the virtues of either. Such men cannot of course be expected to go for Ritner! But the mass of the honest yeomanry of the state are in his favor, and those who are opposed to him of this class, are made opponents by the falsehoods, calumnies, and deceptions of the locofocos. However, they are every day becoming more and more acquainted with the true character of the locofocos and their worthy candidate; hence, the scales are falling from their eyes, and they turn away from the arts and delusions of locofocos with sickening and disgust! The triumph of Ritner will be like an avalanche to the locofocos—they will be completely overwhelmed!

Young Men's Convention, at Reading. We have published above, a call for a meeting of the Delegates of Schuylkill County, to be held this evening, at Henry Stager's. We hope that all who can make it convenient will attend. It is necessary that there should be a consultation as to measures of organization and arrangement, previous to the departure of the Delegates. The delegations of several counties are already on the move. The Huntingdon delegation started from Hollidaysburg, in a canal boat, yesterday. The Philadelphia delegation will, we understand, also embark on a canal boat, for Reading, to the number of two hundred. The convention will, no doubt, be the largest ever held in the State. Upwards of THREE THOUSAND delegates, it is stated, have been appointed. There should be no holding back on the part of delegates. Those, however, whose family affairs are such that they cannot leave home, should make known the fact at the meeting to-night.

The Porter loco-focos are doing every where all in their power to defeat the object of the convention. Every one knows that they can't effect much with all their exertions. They can neither stop the people nor turn them aside from their purpose; they will go on, in spite of them, triumphantly conquering and to conquer under the broad banner of Virtue and Patriotism!

State Loan.—Notwithstanding the great pressure of the times, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the State Loan has already been taken at 4 per cent. the Ritner maximum, and there is little doubt but that the whole amount authorized to be borrowed will be taken shortly. Of this amount, the Philadelphia Loan Company took the large sum of one hundred thousand dollars! This institution was the first to step forward and make an offer—which offer was subsequently accepted. This is a fact which reflects great credit upon the managers, and speaks volumes in favour of the prosperous state of the institution. The truth is, that this Loan Company is under able management. The Company pays an interest of six per cent. on all deposits for a year; and the credit of the institution rests on the firmest foundations. When we consider the great scarcity of money, the universal stagnation in all kinds of business, and the low ebb to which confidence and credit have fallen, we ought to be surprised that a single dollar of the state loan should be taken on any terms at all. But when we see the large sum which has already been taken, and that too at the low rate of four per cent., the conclusion is irresistible, that public confidence in the Ritner Administration is such that nothing can shake it, and that the able pilot at the helm is determined to carry the good ship called the "Commonwealth," through every peril, until in her triumphant progress, she arrives at the glorious haven of unexampled prosperity, and this in spite of all the RATIONAL LOCO-FOCO CRUIZERS A-FLOAT! under the black flag of Gen. Porter!

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FATALITY.

A fatality seems to attend every great public measure or enterprise in the hands of the National Administration. Their failures are so numerous, that it would be difficult to recapitulate them in this order of limits. We, however, may briefly mention a few of their failures: First, the gold and silver currency project. This has been a signal failure, and the attempt to carry it has been the means of introducing a spurious substitute currency throughout the country! This by the way is the great source of all the evils that overpread the nation! The Government nearly ruined itself by the Pet Bank System, then nearly ruined the people by the gold and silver project.

Another great measure of the Administration was the Removal of the Seminoles. They have spent about Thirteen Millions of the People's money on this project, and they have spread devastation and slaughter on the hereditary hunting grounds of the poor Indian, but all in vain. Neither their money, nor their massacres, nor their treacherous captives, have yet succeeded! And yet they persist! Another glorious enterprise that they undertook, was to send an expedition to explore the South Seas. Millions have also been lavished upon this project, but in the hands of the Administration it proved nothing more or less than a mere South Sea bubble! Officer of the Administration resigned in disgust—the scrub politicians interfered too much—and the expedition went to Davy Jones!

To show, however, the utter imbecility of the Washington Cabinet, and the singular fatality which attends even comparatively small things, we may remind our readers that they undertook to erect a Treasury Building—this building has been in progress for some time—about eighty thousand dollars have been expended on it—and now lo! and behold! the building turns out to be good for nothing—it must be pulled down or it will fall down of itself, and a new one must be erected! Again: The Steam Frigate Fulton is a late project. This also turns out to be a failure, and the project must be abandoned. So that we see that every thing the present Administration touches, fails. If it be a currency measure, it spreads ruin and dismay among the people—if the carrying into execution an Indian Treaty, it wastes human life unnecessarily, burns, pillages and massacres with fire and sword, and without mercy—if a South Sea Expedition, it is soon converted into a South Sea Bubble—if a Treasury Building, the building is soon ready to fall upon their heads. And now we ask how can any country on earth prosper under the fatality of such an Administration.

The beautiful corps of volunteers, the Reading "Washington Greys" under the command of Capt. KIST, are now on a visit to Philadelphia.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States convened in Philadelphia last week. The session was opened with prayer by the Rev. David Elliott, D. D., Moderator of the last Assembly. Some resolutions were then submitted by the Rev. Wm. Patton, of New York, which the Moderator declared to be out of order, when Mr. Patton appealed from the decision, and the Moderator refused to put the question on the appeal, but directed the clerks to finish the report upon the roll, which was done. The resolutions of Mr. Patton declared some of the proceedings of the last Assembly unconstitutional. A good deal of feeling prevailed between the parties. The moderator refused to put the question on any appeals from his decisions, which were arbitrary, and after several motions were made to no effect, the Assembly disbanded in confusion, and the "New School" members withdrew to Dr. Barnes' Church, the "Orthodox" keeping their ground. In our opinion, these differences in the Presbyterian Church have reached a height and warmth much to be regretted.—Har. Intelligencer.

Corruption most foul.—It is an actual fact, that more than THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS have been paid by the National Administration, in the purchase of and keeping up newspapers since the year 1832. ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY TWO THOUSAND OF WHICH has been paid within the last two years! This is the use the present administration makes of the people's money—buys and keeps up newspapers with it. Is it any wonder that the Treasury is empty!—Har. Chron.

Distressing explosion.—An establishment in which fire works were manufactured, was blown up on Wednesday last, in the city of New York, and four or five lives lost.

More Reform.—The United States Government had to pay the last year, five hundred and fifty dollars for an ostrich, to attend Martin Van Buren's nostrils!

GREEN PEAS made their appearance in London on the 19th of April, and sold at FORTY DOLLARS PER PECK!!!

New Business.—A person by the name of Nathan Nicholas, has opened an office in New Orleans for the regular baiting of convicts. His charges are very heavy.

CONGRESSIONAL

FOR THE MINERS JOURNAL. With a view to the purchase of the Miners Journal, the lawyer, wearing his coat of arms.

Mr. BARNUM.—You are aware of the fact, I presume, that there has been delivered during the past winter, before the Athenian Institute, of Philadelphia, a course of lectures on indiscriminate subjects, by various gentlemen of distinguished abilities, residing principally, I believe, in that city. It has not been my good fortune, till within a day or two, to see a reprint of any of these productions; but, if we may judge from samples contained in Waldie's last Journal, I doubt not that the first of these gentlemen whose names are severally appended to the articles in question, is Professor Reed. The other Judge Hopkinson; and I need scarcely say, that names like theirs afford a guarantee of character to any Institute to which they may choose to contribute. This is uttered in all good faith, and it is not without considerable hesitancy, therefore, that I venture to dissent from an opinion promulgated by the latter, in the communication referred to: Allow me to cite it.

To his eulogium on the writings of Dr. Goldsmith, little can be objected, and few perhaps would be willing to join issue with him on that point; but I mistake widely if he is not singular in the judgment expressed concerning the pre-eminence of that author over lord Byron. A rigid scrutiny might prove that the former was somewhat less "profligate" in his habits than the latter; and yet if history were to testify in the case, I apprehend his Honour would find some difficulty in adducing even prima facie evidence to sustain the fact. But peace be to their names. It is their capacities as poets that he examines and contrasts, and it seems a good deal unaccountable that he should so readily resolve every thing in favour of his favourite, as he calls the Irish bard. Now, whilst I can reproach myself with no leaning towards licentiousness, nor with any wish to detract from just reputation, when I rank myself on the popular side in this question, declaring my hottest conviction, that in all the great essentials which go to make up the sum total of poetic excellence—a rich imagination, language at once glowing and sublime, happy execution, &c.—Byron must be ever considered as transcendent. It is not my intention, however, to deliberate or dwell on this subject, much less do I mean to derogate from the exalted worth of the lecturer. We have it from very good authority, that "Homer sometimes nods;" and all that could be urged under the premises by the most querulous would only amount to this: That from one so well established in years and learning, we had a right to expect less passion, and more extended and fruitful criticism in a matter so important. X. Y.

Mr. Jabez Harraden has requested us to publish the following:

Ma. BARNUM.—An Editorial remark in the 1st Number of the Pottsville Emporium having appeared, which may tend to impair my character as a man of business, I beg leave through your medium to contradict the same. My facilities of transportation are fully equal to those of Messrs. Bolton & Co; nor is the expense of forwarding and shipping any higher, though a steamer has been put forth that a sailing is made to the merchants by sending them to the Rail Road Depot on the Potomac, which is added on the shippers of the goods, by the higher rates of storage; consequently making the freight higher. With regard to the unaccountable delay imputed to me by the Editor of the Emporium, my printing apparatus was sent to my warehouse on the 13th of April on the 14th a Boat left for Pottsville which had a full load, and was unable to take the same—the next Boat in succession of the many boats taking in loading, was the Washington, Captain Spots, who loaded on the 18th, and had her bill of lading on the morning of the 19th; and how the Emporium should have been prevented from appearing before the public till the 11th of May, the owner is best able to account for, and not throw the blame on me who had no hand or part in the matter.

Your Respectfully, J. HARRADEN, Vine St. Wharf, Schuylkill, Philadelphia, May 26, 1838.

The announcement of the new Board of Canal Commissioners, has thrown dismay and confusion into the Porter ranks. It has unhorsed the knight of loco focism, and they bite the dust in agony at the prospect of the inevitable defeat, which awaits them.

Cambreleg's new Treasury note bill was introduced with the following title viz: "To carry into effect." The Whigs make him alter it. They should have amended it by adding to it these words, "the ruin of the country."

Harriburg Chronicle.

The friends of Mr. Clay called a public meeting in Richmond, Virginia, a few days ago, but having since judiciously withdrawn the call. The best feeling pervades the ranks of the entire Whig party of the Union.

Editorial Courtesy.—Our neighbor of the Advertiser persists in descending upon our person. He calls us the ugliest man that ever was created. That may be; but, as for him he was never created at all—he was only gessed at. He was the spawn of Caliban and Sycorax; and his dam, on account of the horrible looks of the young moon-calf, refused to suckle him. He was accordingly thrown into the street, where his ugliness stood him in great stead; the boys no more thought of casting him than they would of stuffing themselves with junk bottles. Of course his ugliness saved his life; and therefore it is deemed as the God of ugliness, he ought in gratitude to build a temple to us.—Louisville Journal.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

We have been favored with a copy of the report of the Auditor General of Pennsylvania, in obedience to a resolution of the legislature, calling upon him to "ascertain as near as soon as practicable, the amount of individual, company or corporate notes, either legal or illegal, in circulation on the 1st of November last, under the denomination of five dollars." The following recapitulation possesses considerable interest:

RECAPITULATION. Adams, \$ 775 00; Alleghany, 26,429 50; Armstrong, 800 00; Berks, 6,715 93; Beaver, 48,461 87; Bucks, 14,656 09; Chester, 20,482 26; Columbia, 10,179 00; Camberland, 3,041 85; Dauphin, 18,750 00; Franklin, 19,617 60; Huntingdon, 7,138 10; Jefferson, 200 00; Lancaster, 72,492 72; Lebanon, 6,276 50; Lehigh, 10,000 00; Luzerne, 400 00; Lycoming, 13,445 75; Northampton, 24,728 39; Northumberland, 2,688 00; Perry, 3,918 12; Philadelphia city and co. 1,140,446 37; Schuylkill, 28,700 50; Susquehanna, 500 00; Union, 9,393 75; Venango, 300 00; Warren, 896 50; Wayne, 136 00; York, 29,990 08; Total, \$1,523,381 90.

It is said that the Banking capital of New York city is about 21,000,000.

The Frederick Times, a Van Buren Conservative paper, makes the following prediction in its last number.

We will make a prediction for the benefit of the deluded and misguided Sub-Treasury men. It is this—If the Sub-Treasury is not given up in a very short time, and Mr. Rives' substitute carried by the aid of all our friends in Congress, Pennsylvania will go for the Whigs by ten thousand majority. Don't forget that we made this prediction, when the election shall have taken place and the result made known.

The same paper in another paragraph, says—"If the Administration will return to the principles which it has abandoned, we think it possible that it might be able to sustain itself, but if the present policy is adhered to twelve months longer, Mr. Van Buren will not receive the electoral vote of a single State in the Union, in 1840."

Just so. But the Conservative Times would vainly strive to reclaim the Administration, and thus do real service to the Executive. The President has made his bed with the loco-focos, or allowed Blair and Kendall to do it for him; and therefore no hope for conservative principles during the remainder of his term of office—happily near to be renewed. As was said of old "Marta hath turned to his idols—let him alone"—Balt. Patriot.

The Southern Christian Advocate publishes the following letter, giving a moving description of a massacre by the Florida Indians. The writer is Superintendent of the Alachua Mission on the Tallahassee District.

DEAR BR. CAREY.—I am ruined! While engaged in my labors in the Alachua mission, I received a letter bearing awful tidings. It informed me that the Indians had murdered my family! I set out for home, hoping that it might not prove as bad as the letter stated; but, O my God, it is, if not even worse! My precious children, Lorick, Pierce and Elizabeth, were killed and buried up in the house. My dear wife was shot, stabbed, and stam-ped, seemingly to death, in the yard. But after the wretches went to pack up their plunder, she revived, and crawled off from the scene of death to suffer a thousand deaths during the dreadful night which she spent alone by the side of a pond, bleeding at four bullet holes and more than a ball dozen stabs—three deep gashes to the bone on her head, and three stabs through the ribs, besides a number of smaller cuts and bruises. She is yet living, and O help me to pray that she may still live. My negroes lay dead all about the yard and woods, and my every thing else turned to ashes. Pray for me.

My family was on a short visit to my father-in-law, for the purpose of having some supplies sent up from our plantation to our temporary residence in the mission, and during this brief period the awful catastrophe took place.

T. D. PEURIFOY. BACKING OUT.

"Rats desert a sinking ship." The name of Lieutenant Governor JENKINS, having been brought forward as the Van Buren candidate for Governor of Illinois, he has addressed a letter to the public from which we take the following brief extract.

"No man could be more proud than I would be to be Governor of this young and flourishing State. I should consider it the greatest honor, almost that could be conferred upon me by any people; but if I ever should arrive at that honor, I wish to do it honestly; and were I to practise any deception upon my fellow citizens in regard to my sentiments, by which I might by possibility be elected to that office, I should consider myself unworthy to fill it. Cease on my part, and justice towards the respectable party with whom I have formerly acted in good faith, who were, to some extent, seen tickled to—elect me still more, require of me to make known to them, than public opinion is the policy pursued by the administration. I now stand, in many things, DECIDEDLY OPPOSED TO MR. VAN BUREN'S POLICY. Their deleterious effects upon every interest of the country, have brought conviction to my mind that they are wrong; have been productive of much evil already, and will be of much more, if (if persisted in) to the country generally, but particularly so to the West. Believing this, as I honestly do, I am bound to oppose them, for I am in favor of my country in preference to men."

Lieutenant Governor Jenkins is also an office holder under the General Government, being Receiver of the Edwardsville Land District.

THE SMALL NOTE CURRENCY.

From the Pennsylvania Inquirer. A proposition has been made in some of the New York papers to fill the Erie Canal at the time of its enlargement. The extent of wall required for this purpose will be about seven hundred miles.

It is stated in one of the Western papers that 327 steamboats have been built on those waters within the last four years. The largest number built at one place was 118—at Pittsburg. At Cincinnati, 92 were built.

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"POPULARITY TRAPS."

The Locofoco presses talk a great deal about what they call the "popularity traps" of Governor Ritner. They say his inaugural address was a "popularity trap" so was his approval of the bill to REPEAL THE STATE TAXES; so was his veto of the Girard Bank bill; so was his veto of the MAMMOTH IMPROVEMENT BILL of '37; so was his approval of the improvement bill of last session; so also was his message and refusal to give SIX PER CENT. interest on the temporary loan when it might have been had at the rate of FOUR. These are all "popularity traps" say the Locofocos. We are agreed that they so consider them, and no doubt they wish their candidate had a few such "traps" to catch votes with!

We do not wonder that the Locofocos consider the acts and recommendations of Governor Ritner "popularity traps." They are popularity traps indeed. They are very popular. They have been all for the interests of the people and the people warmly applaud them. The Locofoco hit the true secret of Gov. Ritner's popularity—it supports the people and they in return support him.

When the present State Administration came into power, in what condition was the Treasury? EMPTY. But ere six months rolled round, it had received an influx of FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS. By whose means was this money secured? By means of Gov. Ritner's POPULARITY TRAP. What has ever DAVID R. PORTER or any of his party done like this?

When the present State Administration came into power, the people were TAXED TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT, and also to keep the public works in repair. These taxes were repealed before JOSEPH RITNER had been Governor six months. Who repealed them? JOSEPH RITNER and his friends. What has ever DAVID R. PORTER or any of his party done like this?

We shall occasionally notice some more of the POPULARITY TRAPS of the present democratic State Administration.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

From the New York Gazette. Mr. RIVES OF VIRGINIA.

We have the authority of the Madisonian for declaring that this gentleman has wisely concluded to cut himself clear from the present administration altogether. Indeed the declaration of the Madisonian may as well be given in its own words. It says, Mr. R. "has been more and more confirmed in the entire opposition to the financial schemes of the administration even as more recently developed, he has lost all confidence in his colleagues as politicians, and in Mr. Van Buren as Chief Magistrate of the nation."

Whig prospects in Louisiana.—From the present appearances, says the New Orleans True American, the Whigs have every prospect of carrying the election throughout the State, for Governor, Congress, and the Legislature. Governor Roman will undoubtedly be elected by an immense majority over Mr. Priour. Gov. White's election is considered certain in the first Congressional district. From the second district all the accounts concur in the belief that Judge Chinn, the Whig candidate, will be elected over T. Lawson, loco-foco. The Hon. Rice Garland has no opposition in the third district. The Senate will be renovated and improved. In the House of Representatives the whigs have every right to calculate on two thirds.

MISSISSIPPI SAFE.

The latest returns from this state confirms the statements heretofore published of the election of Messrs. Prentiss and Wood, to Congress. The following is from the Nashville Banner Prentiss' majority over Claiborne, 1391 Do. Do. Davis, 370 Wood's majority over Claiborne, 270 Do. Do. Davis, 748

In order to realize the Whig gain in the late election in Virginia, we must recollect that in the lower House, the Van Buren majority last year was twenty. The Whigs now have a majority of twenty! Total gain 52.

The excuse of the locos for their defeat in Baltimore was, that their voters were at the fishery. We have not yet heard the fish story for Virginia. At the bursting of a boiler, a stout Yankee plunged into the river, and saved the life of the captain. As soon as they reached the shore, the captain was profuse of thanks to the preserver of his life. "Save your thanks, my hearty," said the other, for I only saved you from the water in the hope that I should have the pleasure of seeing you hung for the wilful murder of your passengers."

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

WHEAT FLOUR, by the load was worth on Friday \$7 50. WHEAT 1 50 per bushel, in demand. RYE FLOUR \$ 25 per cwt. in demand. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR \$ 20 per cwt. in demand. RYE, by the load 80 cents by the bushel—ready sale. RYE CHOP 80 cents per bushel in demand. OATS 40 cents—ready sale. POTATOES 42 cents per bushel in demand. CORN—70 cents per bushel in demand. CLOVER SEED—\$5 50 per bushel. TIMOTHY SEED—\$3 00 per bushel. FLAXSEED—\$1 12 per bushel in demand. WHISKY—42 cents per gallon. BUTTER—14 cents per pound—in Mass 13 cents. EGGS—13 cents per dozen. LARD—10 cents per pound. TALLOW—9 cents per pound. HAMS 12 cents per pound. CORN CHOP 80 cents per bushel in demand. BACON—12 cents per pound. BEESWAX—18 cents per pound. FEATHERS—62 cents per pound. COMMON WOOL—40 cents per pound. MACKEREL, by the tub, No. 1 \$13 00 No. 2, \$11. SALT—2 63 per tub; 87 per bushel. PLASTER, is worth \$7 00 per ton. HAY \$18 per ton.

Resumption of Business.

THE Subscriber returns his grateful acknowledgments to the citizens of Pottsville and others, who stepped forward to his assistance after the loss of his property by fire in December last, and would also acquit them and the public generally; that he has again commenced the Drug Business in the house formerly occupied by Charles W. Clemens, in Centre Street, in the borough of Pottsville, where may always be had a general assortment of

Drugs, Paints, Glass, Oils, Dye stuff, Medicines, and every other article in the above line, which he is disposed to sell on very low and accommodating terms.

N. B. If physicians prescriptions carefully put up at the shortest notice. WM. T. EPTING. Pottsville, May 30, 1838.

Boats for Sale.

GOOD Schuylkill Canal Boats built of the best materials, nearly new, will be sold cheap, or exchanged for Coal at the market price. Apply to B. BARNUM. 41

Lot for Sale.

WILL be sold cheap—see Call! a lot situated on William Street in this borough, adjoining the lot on which Luke Lee is now building a dwelling house. The lot is 55 feet front on William Street, by 110 feet deep. Apply to B. BARNUM. May 30 '41.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

Wm. Henry Harrison, Sign of South Fifth Street, opposite Coleman's Stage Office, Reading, Pa.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has opened the above tavern; and will be happy at all times to accommodate them. His arrangements are such, as he hopes may give satisfaction to all who may call. Gentlemen who have horses, will find extensive stables, and careful hostlers always in attendance. As no effort will be spared to deserve, the subscriber hopes to receive a share of public patronage. ANDREW KEPNER. Reading, May 19, 1838.

READING NAIL AND IRON WORKS.

HAVE on hand ROLLER IRON SHEET do. ROUND & SQUARE IRON COIL SCREEN do. RAIL ROAD do. Bar iron of any size drawn to order. Nails and spikes of all sizes, for sale at the lowest city prices. KEIMS, WHITAKER & CO. Reading, May 22, 1838. 40-6mo

\$5 Reward.

STRAYED away from the premises of the subscriber on the 19th inst. a BLACK COW with a white face, and a white streak on both fore feet between the hoofs, and is blind in the right eye. Any person finding said Cow, and returning her to Henry Boyd, in Morris's Addition, will receive the above reward. CHRISTOPHER ROANEY. may 26 40-3

TWO BE SOLD CHEAP—A light Dearborn Wagon. Also, a patent Circular Knife Strag Cutting Machine. A two stall stable and Coach House to let, very near Clemens & Farvin's Mill. M. DEBERG. Enquire of may 26 40-3\* Mahanango St.

At a meeting of the Town Council of the Borough of Pottsville, held on Tuesday the 15th of May inst. the following resolution was passed: Resolved, That the Council at the next Stated Meeting will receive applications for the office of Street Commissioner; and that notice of this resolution be published in the Miners' Journal.

Extract from the Minutes. EDWARD DOWEN PARRY. Town Clerk. The next Stated Meeting of the Council will be held on Tuesday the 5th of June next, at 7 o'clock P. M.

Sellad Oil, Pickles, &c.

JAMES VIOLET & Co. very superior Salted Oil! A full assortment of Wm. Oberlin & Co. Pickles, for sale by MILLER & HAGGERTY. may 26 40

Lemma Syrup.

12 CASES first quality Lemma Syrup, received and for sale by MILLER & HAGGERTY. may 26 40

SANDERSON'S PARIS—just received and for sale at this office. march 31 94