Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....OCTOBER 18.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

THE NEWS.

The Boston *Times* asks for "a thousand cheers for the Old Keystone."

A national convention of Colored Americans is now in session at Philadelphia. Fred Douglass is among the delegates.

The Philadelphia North American is out in favor of Hon. William Cullom, of Tennessee, for the Clerkship of the next House of Representatives.

The National Magnetic Telegraph Company, at a meeting of the Directors, on the 11th inst., in Philadelphia, declared a dividend of two per cent., payable on and after the 20th instant. The report of the Treasurer shows a very handsome increase of the number of messages sent over the lines since the recent equalization of the rate of charges.

Senator Seward, in a recent speech at Albany, of great length, abandoned the Whig party and declared himself in favor of the Republicans. A number of Whig papers comment severely upon the honorable gentleman's course. Hons. Hamilton Fish and Washington Hunt have declared themselves in favor of sticking to the Whig organization.

Commodore Stockton is out in a severe and pungent letter in defence of himself and fellow Directors of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company. It is a reply to an anonymous pamphlet by the Rev. Dr. C. Van Rensselaer, which condemns him in connection with the Burlington Railroad massacre, and accuses him of a want of feeling for the welfare of those who travel over his road. The Commodore appears to have the best of it so far.

UNITED STATES SENATOR.

We have repeatedly urged that Western Pennsylvania is entitled to the Senator that is to be elected by the next Legislature. It is a Democratic Legislature, two to one. That is, there are eighty-nine Democrats, on joint ballot, and forty four Know Nothings and Whigs. We shall have a Democratic Senator, and by all right and justice he must be a western man. There are interests now pending that no eastern man can be expected to understand and advocate with such zeal and effect as a man from our midst, who is identified with our interests, and who cannot neglect them with safety. Our State has now for a long time been represented in the Senate by two eastern men, and both residing in the extreme eastern portion of the State. The western half of the State has had but one Senator for, we believe, a quarter of a century; yet it contains now nearly half the wealth and population. No political reasons, no regard for particular men, however distinguished, should induce any western man to relinquish this important right this time. We cannot afford it. It is asking too much to require us to give to the east all the Senators for a long series of years. The east gets the lion's share of all the offices; it is time for the west to stand up for its rights. A Know Nothing Legislature could barter away our rights last year to an eastern political trickster; but better things are expected of the Democracy.

We have men at the west abundantly competent to fill that high place with credit to himself and the State, and with usefulness to his more immediate constituents of the western part of the State. It is not necessary to name them yet; but their names will be presented in due time, and a selection from amongst them will be insisted on.

We want from the next Congress a liberal appropriation for the improvement of the Ohio river. No measure, with which Congress will have to do, can be of more importance to the whole western half of the State. The Ohio is the outlet—the extension of the Monongahela and the Allegheny rivers, and all the counties bordering upon those rivers or their tributaries are as much interested in this improvement as Allegheny county. It is a common interest of Western Pennsylvania, and the most important interest now to which any aid from the general government can be expected. A western man would feel this much more forcibly than one from the east; could understand it better, and do more for its success. An able, active, resolute western man is the man needed for that purpose, and such a one we must have. It is believed, too, that Congress will from year to year make provision for a gradual, and very considerable increase of our navy. The building of war steamers could be prosecuted with great advantage at Pittsburgh, and give our iron men and artizans lucrative employment.

What did our two eastern Senators do during the last Congress? They helped to secure the building of a war steamer at *Philadelphia*, at a cost probably of more than a million dollars. Let us have now a western Senator, and Pittsburgh's advantages for doing such government work will not be overlooked. That our navy should be largely increased no one can doubt, who understands the political condition of the world, and the extent and wants of our commerce; and in building such vessels the Iron City should have a share of the work and the profit. The iron and other products of several of our western counties would enter into such work, and some of it should be done here.

We have now but one United States Senator, and he is from the east. The Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the State Treasurer, two of the Canal Commissioners, the Auditor General and the Attorney General are all eastern men. Last winter the Speaker of the Senate and the Speaker of the House were both eastern men. In fact the east has claimed and got the lion's share of the offices, and, as a consequence, has had its interests more fully cared for than the west. It is time now for the west to demand its rights, and combine to secure them. And its most important right now is the next Senator in Congress. Thanks to the eternal feuds of Know Nothingism an eastern man failed of an election last winter. That gives the Democracy of the State a chance to do justice to Western Pennsylvania this year, and Western Pennsylvania demands it.

SALT RIVER NEWS.—The editor of the *Dispatch* went up Salt River a few days ago, and it seems his first discovery is that the *Post* is unsound on certain questions touching and concerning the New York Democracy. Wonderful discovery that! It must be a nice port for observation away up that renowned and melancholy river. We may expect some rich discoveries from the *Dispatch* man during his five or six years' residence there. By the way, we are told the Lieutenant's whiskers have turned mud color again since he got up there.

A MISTAKE.—A mistake occurred in the advertisement of our friend S. B. Lauffer, bookseller, yesterday. His store is No. 80 Fifth street, next door to the Exchange Bank, where his smiling countenance, and excellent assortment of books are a great attraction.

SEVERAL THINGS.

The *Dispatch*, of yesterday, very candidly admits that most of our arguments during the late campaign were right. We said that a *secret* political society was condemned by the majority of the people. The result of the election proved that, and now the *Dispatch* admits it, and comes out strong for an open organization.

We said that the nominations of the K. N. party would give general dissatisfaction, from the fact that ten out of fourteen of their candidates lived within sight of the Court House. This, too, the *Dispatch* now admits. We must give our neighbor a little credit for *after*-wit at least. And we are glad, too, to see our arguments so generally endorsed even after the election is over.

It is said that the K. N.'s, in their Councils, are now discussing the question of adopting the slavery platform of the majority of the Philadelphia Convention. Many are in favor of doing so, and many are opposed. There is a split in sight. It is the first element in the process of dissolution to which that party is doomed.

Our former political friends, who have left our ranks for a time, are cordially invited back. We have room left for a couple of thousand voters more under the Democratic banner, and ours is the trump party for the next race, and the next, and the next.

BEGINNING OF THE LECTURE SEASON IN PITTSBURGH—JOHN G. SAXE.—We understand that the course of lectures before the Young Men's Library Association will begin on Friday, the 26th inst. John G. Saxe, the poet, wit and punster, is to read his new poem, "The Press," which has elicited such great applause in the Eastern cities. The poem is pronounced a very fine one by a prominent poet of our country, who heard it in New York. We are glad to have an opportunity to hear our old funny friend again. He is one of the most successful writers in his line, and in spite of his tendency to satire and sarcasm, we find in him a keen appreciation of the true poetic element,—a sincere worship of the beautiful. His poems are not only amusing, but also instructive, and full of common sense philosophy. We hope to see him welcomed by a full house, and, moreover, that he will favor us once more with his incomparable "Proud Miss M'Bride," as a dessert to his treat.

Saltpetre and Gunpowder.

We find the following communication in an Exchange, and copy it as it is also of interest to many in this quarter. We have before remarked upon the increased price of this chief ingredient in gunpowder, and the probability of a vastly greater increase should the Turco-Russian war continue. Powder is not so necessary in the mining of coal in Bituminous as in Anthracite regions, but there are many other sources of consumption which will be equally effected by any extravagant price:

Are our coal interests apprised of the increasing scarcity and high price of these essentials to mining coal? A manufacturer of powder in the coal region informs the writer that he is rapidly using up his stock and selling powder, as a favor to his customers, at five dollars a keg—more than double the usual price,—which he will not be able to do after the present season. The price of saltpetre has risen 300 per cent. and it is difficult to get it at that, as the Russian agents contract for it before arrival, and pay for it whatever they must, for have it they will. This increase in price of saltpetre, if continued into next year, it is calculated will make an increase in the expense of mining of ten cents per ton. It becomes miners and contractors, therefore, to look to this in their contracts for the next and following years, so long as the Russian war shall last. But the purpose of this is to awaken American enterprise and research for the home production of saltpetre. It is an article that every nation, to be independent in the event of war, should obtain within itself. In that event, with the supply from India cut off, whence would come the supply to work our mines, to open our railways, and quarry out building stone, or to serve as a munition for defence? It behooves our men of science, men of enterprise, and the proper department of the general government to be on the alert to take advantage of existing high prices, and provide for the trade, at some price, the article of powder for home use, and, if practicable, for our future independent supply What has become of gun cotton.

Embracing the True Faith.

Senator Dixon, of Kentucky, formerly a Whig, but who, during the recent election in that State addressed several American assemblages, announces, in a recent letter, his determination hereafter to act with the Democratic party of the Union:

HENDERSON, Sept. 24, 1855.

Gentlemen:—I am in receipt of your favor of the 15th inst., requesting me to be present and address a mass meeting of the Democracy, to be held at Paducah, on the 27th inst. You are right in supposing that it is my intention to cooperate in future with the Democratic party. The Whig party, with which I have so long acted has no political existence. I have no party now but my country. To this I shall not cease to be faithful. The American party, divided as it is into two great sectional parties, the one northern and the other southern, can only injure where it would serve the country; for, instead of strengthening the national men of all parties, it can only divide them in all election hard when union and concert of action are necessary to the very salvation of the country. As far as I can judge, the Democratic party, although weakened in the free States, is still national, and will co-operate with the southern Democracy in opposition to the Abolitionists and Free Soilers of the North, who, to destroy the institution of slavery, would rend the Union asunder, and bury beneath the ruins of the Constitution the liberties of the country.

I regret, gentlemen, that circumstances over which I have no control will prevent my being with you on the occasion alluded to.

I am, very truly, your obedient servant.

ARCH. DIXON.

L. C. Trimble, R. I. J. Twyman, and others

Suspended for Violating the Law of the Land.

[From the Vincennes (Ia.) Gazette.]

At the late session of the Cumberland Presbyterian church of this State, the Rev. S. B. McCormick, one of the ministers of that church, was tried and suspended from ministerial duty on account of the following charge of specifications:

Charge—Unchristian conduct.

First Specification—For associating himself with an association known as the Underground Railroad, whose avowed business is to assist slaves from slave States to escape to free territory.

Second Specification—For actually engaging in the business of assisting slaves in making their escape from slave to free territory, which is contrary to the laws of the State of Indiana.

Several of the witnesses stated that Mr. McCormick had boasted to them the number of slaves he had aided to escape, giving the names and places in Kentucky from which they had escaped, and one of them testified that he had heard him say that he had never denied belonging to the Underground Railroad, and that he had said, in April last, in speaking of the relative number taken to Liberia by colonization, and to Canada by underground railroad, that ten thousand had gone to Liberia, and thirty-five thousand to Canada by underground railroads. One of their papers states that he visit d one of his ministerial brethren in Kentucky, partook of hospitality, prayed with his family, and in the meantime arranged matters with his servants to make their escape.

A VERMONTER AMONG THE PHILISTINES.—Last evening, the police picked up in the streets a pure specimen of Vermont wordancy in the shape of a young man, who "came down to Boston" Yesterday and fell among thieves, who took him to a noted gambling house, where they got him drunk, and then relieved him of $7 at play. But for this loss, which so frightened him that he refused to play and left, he would probably have been minus a check for $600, which he had in his pocket. The officer at the station where he was taken gave him some good advice and sent him home. Just before going the Vermonter informed the officer, very confidentially, that "there are some darned sharp fellows in this 'ere town."—*Boston Times.*

WE would call particular attention to the valuable improved Real Estate, on Wood and Liberty streets, in this city, to be sold this evening, at the Merchants' Exchange, by Mr. Davis, Auctioneer. Some desirable stocks will also be sold.

TABLE OF THE ELECTIONS OF 1854 AND 1855.

COUNTIES	Blair, D.	Shriver, W.	Baird, R. N.	Purviance, D.	Nicholson, K. N.	Williamson, R.
	SUPREME JUDGE.			CANAL COM.		
Adams	1192	914	1348	1784	1679	.....
Allegheny	5351	4318	5705	6779	5786	2357
Armstrong	1022	783	1663	.....	.....	.....
Beaver	1460	1107	1290	1334	1090	581
Bedford	2053	1228	836	1670	1701	.....
Berks	8256	2474	2794	6948	3204	.....
Blair	1445	487	2205	1405	2392	.....
Bradford	2701	2014	1885	.....	.....	.....
Bucks	5148	2818	2666	6328	4123	.....
Butler	2374	1656	1189	2182	2582	120
Cambria	1705	1761	810	2068	1437	.....
Carbon	1229	231	784	.....	.....	.....
Centre	2133	849	2341	.....	.....	.....
Chester	4564	3726	2670	4420	4708	.....
Clarion	2188	95	1981	2154	1508	.....
Clearfield	1891	382	900	1409	1013	.....
Clinton	948	305	1140	.....	.....	.....
Columbia	2147	1660	.....	.....	.....	.....
Crawford	2609	1068	1744	2015	2091	791
Cumberl'nd	2651	1401	2018	2899	2660	1
Dauphin	2292	1376	2553	2031	3021	.....
Delaware	1561	1580	886	1487	1682	.....
Elk	344	1	373	.....	.....	.....
Erie	2389	1499	1694	1698	2118	471
Fayette	2354	73	3877	.....	.....	.....
Franklin	2761	1457	2114	2411	2860	.....
Fulton	877	308	387	822	609	.....
Greene	1972	204	1825	.....	.....	.....
Hunt'gdon	1416	585	1997	1194	1920	.....
Indiana	1228	1356	1140	667	2315	586
Jefferson	945	120	1447	.....	.....	.....
Juniata	1176	814	359	.....	.....	.....
Lancaster	4738	5576	5564	5099	5301	.....
Lawrence	996	1565	992	864	1197	635
Lebanon	1590	1401	1209	.....	.....	.....
Lehigh	3092	1725	1251	.....	.....	.....
Luzerne	4297	1030	3572	.....	.....	.....
Lycoming	2274	260	2140	.....	.....	.....
McKean	469	284	30	.....	.....	.....
Mercer	2513	1541	851	1635	1808	563
Mifflin	1292	641	940	.....	.....	.....
Monroe	1894	218	223	.....	.....	.....
Montg'ry	5530	3140	1954	.....	.....	.....
Montour	948	295	388	.....	.....	.....
Nor'am'ton	3758	679	2241	1983	2443	.....
Nor'umb'rl	2185	866	945	3738	1011	.....
Perry	1462	143	1893	.....	.....	.....
Phila's	25446	5872	22114	28284	25779	20
Pike	631	88	51	.....	.....	.....
Potter	558	460	214	.....	.....	.....
Schuylkill	5377	896	3451	5012	1175	.....
Somerset	1451	1406	1308	.....	.....	.....
Susq'hanna	2133	1059	1118	.....	.....	.....
Sullivan	407	114	168	.....	.....	.....
Tioga	1402	782	1471	.....	.....	.....
Union	1842	2015	707	.....	.....	.....
Venango	1413	285	1259	.....	.....	.....
Warren	1048	722	543	.....	.....	.....
Washington	1709	1931	2322	.....	.....	.....
Wayne	1769	515	799	.....	.....	.....
Westm'rel'd	7927	1059	2433	3547	3200	46
Wyoming	857	237	765	.....	.....	.....
York	4612	731	4044	.....	.....	.....
Total	167,010	73,651	120,596			

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTIONS.

INDIANA COUNTY—OFFICIAL

Canal Commissioner—Plumer, D., 667; Nicholson, K N., 2,315; Williamson, R., 686

Assembly—Mahon, R., 1,143; Moorhead, A., 2,354; Forrester, Vol., 68; Davis, Vol., 149.

Treasurer—Clark, R., 1,139; M'Candless, A., 2,439

Commissioner—Thompson, R., 1,459; Gourley, A., 2,370

Auditor—Williams, R., 1,101; Riddle, A., 2,412.

BEAVER COUNTY—OFFICIAL

Canal Commissioner—Plumer, D., 1,334; Nicholson, A., 1,090; Williamson, R., 681; Cleaver, A., 130.

Assembly—John White, D., 1,382; James Brodin, D., 1,351; D. M'Courtney, D., 1,304; R. B. M'Combs, A., 1,286; De Lorme Imbrie, A., 1,238; A. W. Crawford, A., 1,246; Ebenezar M'Junkin, R., 630; George Navan, R., 560.

Treasurer—Anderson, D., 1,374; M'Creary, A., 1,272; M'Gadick, R., 561

Commissioner—Cooper, D., 1,338; Weygandt, A., 1,250; Carothers, R., 559

Auditor—Pander, D., 1,341; Mitchell, A., 1,253; Eakin, R., 541.

FULTON COUNTY—OFFICIAL

Canal Commissioner—Plumer, D., 822; Nicholson, K N., 609

Assembly—Joseph Bernhard, D., 815; G. N. Smith, D., 801; W W Kirk, A, 608; R S Alexander, A, 609

CLEARFIELD COUNTY—OFFICIAL

Canal Commissioner—Plumer, D., 1409; Nicholson, K N., 1,013

Senate—Ham'in, D., 1,352; Souther, K N., 1,055.

Assembly—Bankus, D., 1,398; Williams, K N., 1,061

CAMBRIA COUNTY—OFFICIAL

Canal Commissioner—Arnold Plumer, Dem., 2154; Thomas Nicholson, Am., 1508.

Assembly—John M. Fleming, Dem., 2179; Michael K. Boyer, do, 2179; George Rodgers, do, 2174; Philip Clover, Am., 1603; J. U. Gillespie, do., 1618; Darwin Phelps, do., 1635.

On the rest of the ticket the vote ranged about the same as for Assembly.

[From the Cincinnati Columbian, 15th.]

Immense Conflagration—Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars worth of Property Destroyed—Incendiarism.

The watchman employed at the planing establishment, and sash, door and blind manufactory of Messrs. Henkle, Guild & Co., on Front, near Mill street, went off duty at a little after half past five o'clock yesterday morning, having previously roused up the watchman hired to guard the premises on Sunday. The latter soon afterwards reached the factory, and discovered fire in the basement story, in a part of the building remote from the engine, and where ordinarily there was no fire.

The alarm was promptly given, but the flames spread with great rapidity, and soon wrapped the whole five stories in flames. The large quantity of dry stuff and manufactured goods in the building rendered it impossible, although the firemen did their duty well, to check the flames until the vast pile was a heap of ruins. Spreading to the adjoining buildings, the fire destroyed the stable of Messrs. Henkle, Guild & Co., a frame house owned by a Mr. Smith, and a stable and pattern shop owned by A. B. Holabird & Co. Of Henkle, Guild & Co.'s building, the basement was occupied by a grinding workshop, the first, second and third stories by Messrs. Henkle, Guild & Co., the fourth story by S. J. Johns, furniture manufacturer, and the fifth story by the Cincinnati Manufacturing Company.

The horses and wagons in Henkle, Guild & Co.'s stable were got out safely. The entire loss by this fire will fall little short of $250,000, and it will deprive a large number of workingmen of employment. Messrs. Henkle, Guild & Co., will lose on their building, about $40,000; on their stock and machinery, about $70,000, and they also lose about 300,000 feet of lumber, a stable, and other property.

They are entirely uninsured. The Cincinnati Manufacturing Company, have lost several hundred dry goods boxes, and several hundred refrigerators, as well as a large quantity of stock and machinery. Mr. S. J. Johns, cabinet manufactory, has lost stock and machinery to the value of $15 or $20,000, on which there is a small insurance. A. B. Holabird & Co.'s loss will amount to $3 or $4,000. No insurance. This fire is a very severe blow to the worthy enterprising and self-made men, whose property has thus been swept away to gratify the fiendish malignity of some scoundrel.

[From the New York Post.]

Shocking Accident on the Harlem Railroad—Two Men Killed.

Last night some fiend placed a rail across the track of the Harlem railroad, just beyond the switch at Williamsbridge depot, and a milk train coming south about two o'clock was thrown from the track with prodigious force.

From the position in which the engine now lies, when it struck the rail, it must have leaped from the track, and been pushed some fifty feet beyond the obstruction, turning a complete somersault in its progress. The fireman and engineer were both killed instantly, one having his head completely severed from his body. They were both brothers, named Patrick and Barny Rourke, both having families dependent upon them. Their bodies were placed in a house at the depot and locked up to await the coroner's inquest.

There seems to have been a singular fatality attending the death of one of these unfortunate men. He had been running for the last four months upon another part of the road, and this was his first trip during that time to New York, where he intended remaining a few days for a holiday. No clue, that we could hear of, has yet been obtained to the perpetration of this foul deed.

The obstructions caused by this accident have been removed and the road repaired, so that the trains this evening will suffer no detention.

FANNY TALBOT.

A TALE OF CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

(CONCLUDED)

"Father, Ildo Sternberg is innocent!"

"Very likely," gloomily responded the father.

"And, dear father, *you* must not permit his death; if all others insist, you must refuse to be convinced. They cannot hang him without your sanction."

"But, my child, my friendship towards him is known—my reputation may suffer, may be ruined, in consequence."

"But then you will have saved an innocent man from a frightful death. And, dear father, no one can suspect you, who are so upright, of partiality."

"Well, dear child, we will see what can be done to save him."

"Father, you must *promise* me!" exclaimed Fanny Talbot with unwonted vehemence; and then she poured into her father's ears the deep and abiding interest she took in the young man, also her deep-seated convictions of his truth and innocence, and the grounds of those convictions, saying that if he were hung and could have been saved by her father, she could not live to bear the horror of the thought.

Deeply affected by his daughter's pleadings, Mr. Talbot left her to attend the trial, with a solemn promise to do all in his power to save the prisoner."

The trial proceeded—the evidence was all convincingly against the young Pole. His own words were few and pointed; he declined any explanation of the case, but distinctly and firmly pronounced that he was not guilty of the awful charge preferred against him.

His calm, majestic manner did much toward establishing his innocence in the minds of some. But all the evidence being so strange and decided against him, the presiding judge closed his speech with pronouncing the prisoner "guilty," and recommending the jury to remember the responsibility resting on them and their duty to society.

The impatient multitude without and within waited the decision of the panel for twelve long hours. At length they returned and the crowd was hushed into silence.

"We cannot agree!" was the response of the foreman to the usual question.

The bench was perplexed. The president went all over the whole of the evidence, again dilating on the points which proved so conclusively the prisoner's guilt.

The jury again withdrew, and thirty hours' time were passed before they pronounced a second decision, and then the verdict of eleven was guilty, while the twelfth juror firmly persisted in the belief of the prisoner's innocence and solemnly avowed he would suffer death himself before he would assist in his condemnation.

Finding this man so solemnly impressed with the prisoner's innocence, and his arguments in his favor still sounding so convincingly in their ears, to the astonishment of all present the eleven, unanimously concurred with the one in a verdict of acquittal.

The prisoner being therefore set at liberty, narrowly escaped the lynch law of the infuriate mob without. A strong police guard alone protected him.

Once more Ildo Sternberg stood upon the deck of a vessel bound for South America. A boy whom he recognized as one in the employ of Mr. Talbot, approached him and placed a letter in his hands. The captain's order, meantime had been given, the anchor was drawn up and the brig under way. With a cat like spring the agile messenger jumped upon the wharf, receiving a hearty cheer from the jolly jack tars who witnessed the feat.

Ildo leaned his head mournfully upon his hands, and gazed abstractedly upon the receding shore.

Suddenly he bethought him of his letter—He opened it, and to his surprise a roll of bank bills fell from it. They were all bills of large amount. The letter merely said

"You will not refuse a loan enclosed from one who believes in your innocence. When you make the fortune which I know your energy will achieve in the new country to which you are going, you can repay them, if you like, to your sister FANNY."

Three years after the above occurrences, a young man lay sick to death upon his bed, raving in his delirium to see Mr Redfield, the father of the murdered Isabel.

Mr. Redfield stood beside the bedside of the dying man, who was to have been the husband of his daughter.

"I am sorry to see you so low, my poor Augustus," said Mr. Redfield kindly.

"Oh, speak not to me! It was I who stabbed Isabel!" exclaimed the young man wildly.

All were horrified at these words. His mother and sister imputed them to the delirium of the disease; but when he grew more calm, and solemnly repeated his asseveration, they were forced to believe him.

Before his death he narrated all the particulars of his unnatural deed.

It seems that the proud Isabel, from the time the handsome Sternberg entered her father's house, had smiled less graciously on her affianced, Augustus Raymond. Stung to madness by jealousy, he had watched them together, had heard Isabel, the evening previous, appoint the grove as a meeting place, that she had something very particular to say to Sternberg.

Augustus repaired himself to the spot before daybreak—secreted himself—heard the conversation—saw the reluctance of Sternberg—heard the passionate Isabel avow her love for him, and urge him to make her his wife. Sternberg refused her gently but firmly. At first she was angry, but he soothed her into quiet, and left her after confessing to her that he loved another. She acquitted him of attempting in the slightest to gain her love, and as he turned to depart she smiled sweetly upon him, and said she would try to forget him, except with the love of a sister, but that none other could ever supply his place in her affections.

Perfectly infuriated with passion, Augustus Raymond stood before her upon Sternberg's departure, and reproached her more like a demon than a man, with her perfidy.

Her manner was so haughty and indignant that, insane with jealousy and passion, her discarded lover plunged the fatal steel into her fair bosom, and then dashing into the thicket, made his escape with the cunning caution that eluded the eyes of all, and locking the fearful secret up in his own breast, he escaped without being even suspected of the foul deed.

The repentant lover died, and the father of the murdered girl wished to make reparation to the falsely accused Sternberg.

Finding the turn affairs had taken, Fanny Talbot confessed to her father, with a countenance suffused with blushes, that she knew the hiding place of the acquitted Ildo. She had corresponded with him faithfully in his exile.

A few weeks more, and the now happy Sternberg returned to his friends, more highly in favor than he had ever been before.

It was with a proud and reluctant heart that the fond father placed his daughter's hand in that of Ildo Sternberg, who, under an assumed name, had won both fortune and fame during his exile—who had also proved himself so well worthy, in all ways, of the trust now reposed in him—the sacred trust of the safe keeping of a woman's heart and happiness.

BISHOP DOANE IN TROUBLE AGAIN.—The *Episcopal Recorder* contains a long correspondence between a number of the most influential persons in St. Ma.y's Church, Burlington, New Jersey, of which Bishop Doane is rector, and the Bishop, in regard to certain reports "greatly inimical to the moral character of the latter." The parties addressing the Bishop, requested him either to institute a satisfactory investigation into the charges made against him, or to resign his rectorship; neither of which having been done, they have taken steps to bring the matter before the House of Bishops. The nature of the alleged misconduct is not stated; but the *Recorder* says it is "of recent date, and of a different character from that formerly noticed."

OCTOBER.

Not the light of the long blue Summer,
Nor the flowery hautbress, Spring,
Nor the chill and moaning Winter,
Doth peace to my spirit bring
Like the hazy and red October,
When the woods stand bare and brown,
And into the lap of the Southland
The flowers are blowing down.

☞ On such Subjects the Testimony of Women should be Conclusive.

NEW YORK, October 2, 1852.

Mrs. Chute, of No. 272 Second street, believing her child about three years old, to be troubled with worms, purchased one bottle of DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and gave it two tea spoonfuls, which had the effect of causing the child to discharge a large number of worms. The child is now enjoying good health. We would advise all parents who may suspect their children to be troubled with worms to lose no time, but immediately purchase and administer Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. It will cure. *The money will be refunded in all cases where it does not give satisfaction.*

☞ The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sa e proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
No. 56 Wood street, corner of Fourth.
oct16:daw

☞ Important to Farmers—New Discoveries.—VEGETABLE CATTLE POWDER.—These Powders are put up in one pound packs, and are really a good article, not only for the diseases incident to *horses, cows, swine*, and other animals, but they are likewise an excellent article to improve the condition of the animal.

For Milch Cows, they not only improve the condition of milch cows, but they increase the quality as well as improve the quality of milk and butter. The proprietors say that it increases the quantity of butter from half a pound to a pound a week to each cow, while those persons who have tried it say a pound and a half to two pounds per week, with the same kind of feeding as before. Of one thing we are certain, all who use it once will use it all the time, and save money by the operation as well as improve the appearance of their stock. Price 25 cts. a paper; 5 papers for $1.

GEO. H. KEYSER,
Corner Wood street and Virgin alley,
Wholesale and Retail Agent.
oct12

Inhalation for Diseased Lungs.

The mode of inhalation, in cases of diseased lungs and throat, recommended by Dr. Curtis in his advertisement, strikes us as the true one. It is now generally admitted by our best physicians, that *local* difficulties can only be successfully treated by *local* applications. This practice has been pursued from the first with respect to external inflammation and corrosions, and we see not why diseases of the throat and lungs may not be treated in the same manner; we believe they may. In this variable climate of ours, where lung and throat complaints have become so prevalent and rife, we earnestly recommend to the public, and *to the afflicted especially*, to avail themselves of Dr. Curtis remedy.—(One who has tried it.) See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—DR. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. sep4:wdaw

☞ Ague and Fever of Three Years' Standing Cured.—Mr. John Longden, now living at Beaver Dam, Hanover county, near Richmond, had Ague and Fever for three years; most of the time he had chills twice a day, and rarely less than once: he was parched with fevers as soon as the chill left him; and after trying physicians, quinine, most of the tonics advertised, and everything recommended to him, was about to give up in despair, when Carter's Spanish Mixture was spoken of: he got two bottles, but before he had used more than a single one, he was perfectly cured, and has not had a chill or fever since.

Mr Longden is only one out of thousands who have been benefited by this great tonic, alterative and blood purifier. See advertisement. sep4:lm

☞ Batchelor's Hair Dye.—Fifteen medals and diplomas, EIGHTY THOUSAND APPLICATIONS OF THE IMITABLE, attest the public appreciation Brown or black hair, as true to nature as nature's self, is produced INSTANTLY, without a chance of failing or injury to skin or hair. Made and sold, or applied, (in nine private rooms) at BATCHELOR'S old established Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street. oct12:law

☞ Stockings and Hosiery for Winter.—If you don't want your feet pinched with bad and short stockings, you will take our advice and go to C. DALY'S, corner of Market alley and Fifth street, and buy some of those elegant Pine Stockings that make your feet feel nice and comfortable. DALY also makes and sells every variety of Hosiery that you can mention, at wholesale and retail.

Remember the place, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. oct4

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

THE FAST TRAIN leaves at 7 A. M., through to Cincinnati in 12 hours and 40 minutes.

MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all make close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via. Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via. Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there for participants see handbills. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 4 45 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 30 A. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

D. C. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.
Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, July 23, 1855. (yr)

Pennsylvania Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $300,000.

☞ Dwelling Buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. P. Johnston, Rody Patterson, Jacob Painter,
A. A. Carrier, W. M'Clintock, Kennedy T. Friend,
James S. Negley, W. S. Haven, D. B. Park,
J. G. Hampton, Wm. Sproul, Wade Hampton, D. M. Long,
A. J. Jones, J. H. Jones, John A. Gaughey,
H. R. Coggshall,
George S. Selden, S. S. Bryan,
David McCandless.

☞ All Losses sustained by parties insured under policies issued by this Company will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid at its Office, No. 99 WATER street. [jy11

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street.
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, OR DELIVERY.

1y20 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

HATS, HATS.—We have received our FALL STYLE OF SILK HATS, which will be found, on inspection, a neat and good article. A good Hat for $3, and an extra one for $4. Call and see.

MORGAN & CO., No. 164 Wood st.,
Next house to the new Presbyterian Church,
One door from Sixth street.

N. G. MURPHY & BRO.,

NO. 57 WOOD STREET,

Have now in store a beautiful assortment of

DRY GOODS AND SMALL WARES,

BOUGHT within the last two weeks at the very lowest cash prices, and which they will sell at a small advance on Eastern cost for cash, or to good prompt six months purchasers.

All purchasers are invited and desired to make an examination of their stock. oct10:dwlm

Notice.

THE Stockholders in the Allegheny and New Brighton Plank Road Company will meet at the house of M. Hartman, Woods' Run, on MONDAY, 5th November next, between the hours of one and five o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing one President, five Managers and one Treasurer, to serve for one year.

By order. JAMES COOPER,
oct16 Secretary.

Herpetic Notice.

Herpetic Soap is well known in this community as an excellent article for healing sore chapped hands,
Removing tan, sallowness and redness of the skin,
Preserving the complexion, and rendering the skin
Exceedingly soft, smooth and white.
The ladies who use it are much pleased with
Its good effects. It is sold, wholesale and retail, by
CUTHBERT, No. 53 Market street. [oct16

DWELLING HOUSE TO LET—One two-story Dwelling House, situated on Bedford street, for rent, by

MILLER & HIGHSTON,
221 and 225 Liberty st.
sep28

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, in No. 209 of October Term, 1855, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 10th of November, 1855, at 10 o'clock A. M., all the following described FARM or Piece of Land, devised by THOMAS PATTERSON, late of said county, for the spread of the Gospel, situate in Upper St