Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING::::::SEPTEMBER 20.

STATE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

ARNOLD PLUMER,

OF VENANGO COUNTY.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

SENATOR:
WILLIAM WILKINS, Peebles township.
ASSEMBLY:
JAMES B. FULTON, Tarentum;
SAMUEL SMITH, Allegheny;
JAMES SALISBURY, Birmingham;
C. MAGEE, Pittsburgh;
L. B. PATTERSON, Mifflin.
SHERIFF:
RODY PATTERSON, City.
PROTHONOTARY:
JOHN BIRMINGHAM, Ohio township.
TREASURER:
THOMAS BLACKMORE, Upper St. Clair
DCRONER:
WILLIAM ALEXANDER, City.
COMMISSIONER:
JACOB TOMER, Pittsburgh.
AUDITORS:
JOHN MURRAY, South Pittsburgh;
A. B. M'FARLAND, North Fayette township.
DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN BOYLE, Indiana township.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

Under a resolution of the late Democratic Convention, the following gentlemen have been appointed the County Committee of Correspondence for one year:

Hon. Charles Shaler, Pittsburgh; Col. W. G. Hawkins, Wilkins Township; D R. Miller, Sewickley; James Hamilton, Birmingham; Thomas S. Hart, Indiana Township; William Johnston, Lawrenceville; Jacob L. Ecesson, Stewartstown; R. B. Roberts, Pittsburgh; James Herdman, Pittsburgh; Michael Snee, Jefferson Township; John H. Phillips, Robinson Township; John Sill, Versailles Township; John McGlowry, Pittsburgh; Col. James Scott, Elizabeth; John Roth, Pittsburgh; Col. Andrew Scott, Pittsburgh; A. Hartje, Esq., Allegheny; Morrison Foster, Allegheny; Samuel Kirk, Plum Township; A. B. Kirkland, North Fayette Township.

SAML. W. BLACK, *Chairman.*

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorized to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

Let every Democrat, and every man who is intending to vote the Democratic ticket, attend at once to being assessed. Your vote depends upon it. The election occurs on the 9th of October. You must be assessed at least TEN DAYS before the election or lose your vote. See the assessor and then the collector of taxes at once, and have the thing done right. Don't wait till the last day, for the assessor may not then be found.

☞ We invite attention to the address of the Executive Committee. The character of our candidates is there set forth, and vouched for by a committee large in numbers, and of well known and respectable character. No ticket was ever presented in this county more unexceptionable, or more deserving of general and cordial support.

☞ We invite attention to the card of Brott & Curtis, land agents, at St. Anthony's Falls, Minnesota territory. They give good references, and we are assured they are capable, responsible and reliable gentlemen in their business. Those wishing to locate land warrants, buy Western lands, or employ agents in that region, would do well to address Messrs. Brott & Curtis.

DISTRIBUTION OF CANDIDATES.

It has always been the design in Democratic nominations to make such a distribution of the several offices as will do equal justice as near as possible to all parts of this county. Let any one examine our ticket this year and he will find that this rule has been observed with great fairness. *Our* convention did not ignore the *country* folks, and make up a ticket almost entirely from the city.

Dividing the county into three districts we have a chance to ascertain the regard to fairness and propriety with which our ticket was selected. The district between the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, including Pittsburgh, contains considerable more than a third of the population of the county. The next district in amount of population is that south of the Monongahela and Ohio rivers. The third district is that portion of the county between the Allegheny and Ohio rivers, including Allegheny city.

To the first named district is given five of the fourteen candidates, to wit: one Assemblyman, the County Commissioner, the Coroner, the Senator, and the Sheriff. To the second named district is given two Assemblymen; the Treasurer, and the two Auditors. To the third named district is allotted the Prothonotary, two Assemblymen, and the Director of the Poor. How could a fairer division have been made between the three districts?

To the city of Pittsburgh four offices only are allotted out of fourteen. To Allegheny city one; and the remaining nine offices, some of them among the most valuable, are given to the country. There is thus left no possible ground of complaint. No superior merits and claims are put forth by the cities. In Democratic estimation the dwellers in the country are as good as the people of the cities, and all are allowed equal rights and honors. That is Democracy.

Now look at the Know Nothing ticket.

Eight of the fourteen candidates live in the city. *Ten* of the fourteen candidates live within eight of the Court House. And yet it is said that one purpose of the new party is to break down "Court House cliques." Only four of the fourteen offices are left for the country districts, to wit: the Auditors, worth nothing; the Director of the Poor, who *must* be taken from the country, and is worth little or nothing; and one Assemblyman, who is selected for his treachery to the party that lately gave him an office.

Such is the result of one comparison of the Democracy with Know Nothingism. A still more striking contrast will appear upon examining the merits of the candidates. But that we must reserve for a future occasion.

Political.

LANCASTER.—The following is the Assembly ticket nominated by the Democracy of this county: Geo. Sanderson, A. L. Henderson, Geo. G. Brush, Jesse Reinhold and John Gross. The Whigs and K. N.'s have each a separate ticket in Lancaster, so that our chances are good.

ADAMS.—Isaac Robinson, Esq., is the Democratic nominee for Assembly in this county.

CLARION.—Philip Clover, Esq., the member last year, has been re-nominated for the Assembly by the Know Nothings in Clarion county.

Know Nothing Candidate for Canal Commissioner:

This order has nominated Peter Martin, of Lancaster, for Canal Commissioner. He was prominent before the Republican Convention until Pasemore Williamson's name was mentioned, when he, as well as all others, were—nowhere. Against such competitors as Williamson and Martin, Arnold Plumer will walk over the course.

☞ We understand that Judge Lowrie's opinion in the Williamson case was sent to the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court at Philadelphia last Saturday. We may consequently expect to see it in the papers of that city in the course of a day or two.

THE NEWS.

Col. A. K. Cornyn, some years ago a member of the legislature from Huntingdon county and an eloquent advocate at the bar, died in Bloomfield, Perry county, on the 4th instant.

The Wisconsin Democratic State Convention, besides nominating a State ticket, also nominated a ticket for Presidential electors in 1856. She is early in the field.

Thomas Francis Meagher is said to have been retained as counsel by the murderers of Bill Poole. The trial will probably come off in October.

The President has restored Commodore Charles Stewart to the command of the Philadelphia Navy Yard, he having been placed upon the leave of absence roll by the Retiring Board, with $3,500 pay per annum.

The Squatter Sovereign, the organ of the Know Nothing invaders of Kansas, goes in for David R. Atchison as the next President of the United States, and hopes that the next Congress may be the last.

The imports at Philadelphia, since the commencement of the year to the 18th instant, amounted to $12,290,246, against $15,023,453 during the same period last year, which exhibits a decrease of nearly two and three-quarter millions.

Constitution Day, the 17th of September, was duly celebrated in Philadelphia by the Democracy, by an immense mass meeting, said to be the largest held in Independence Square for years. Eloquent speeches were made by Hon. Hendricks B. Wright, Col. Richardson, of Illinois, Dan. E. Sickels, of New York, and Col. Thomas B. Florence.

Governor Roeder has been nominated by the Free State men of Kansas for Delegate to Congress, and the day of election fixed one week later than that named by the so called Legislature. The evident intent is to ignore the authority of the Legislature, and then two Delegates will probably be chosen. There will then be an opportunity for a trial of sovereignties in Congress.

Thomas Williamson, father of Passmore Williamson, now in Moyamensing prison for making a false return to a writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Kane, has published a letter in which he states that the words "at any other time," in the writ, which were the cause of his imprisonment, were suggested by him. He says:

"Passmore and myself proceeded to the office of E. Hopper. The return was there endorsed upon the writ, Passmore himself writing it in the usual form, according to the dictation of his own counsel, and having thus proceeded therein to the proper point, I requested a pause, and proposed adding the words—'*or at any other time*,'—which being approved by both Passmore and his counsel, they were accordingly inserted."

It was a bad suggestion for the father to make and worse for the son to accept it. We, nevertheless, hope the punishment of this man will not be without its good results. It will teach the Abolition zealots that "to be too busy is some danger;" that they cannot meddle with another man's business without running a risk and getting small thanks for their pains.

"ISAAC, my dear son," said Mrs. Partington, recently, "being's you have good learning and know all about the course on human events, can't you tell me if Sebastet Pool, about whom the papers talk so much, now-a-days, is any relation to Bill Pool who was killed in New York last spring?"—*Cin. Commercial.*

We don't think there is much relationship existing between the two persons. Bill Poole, just before his decease, it is well known, declared himself to be "*a goner*," while Sebastet Pool, from the way she holds out, is not likely ever to belong to that family.

BENEFIT OF MRS. DUFFIELD.—As will be seen by a card in another column, this lady takes a benefit on Friday evening, on which occasion she will appear as Meg Merrilies in "Guy Mannering," and Mary Mortimer in the comedietta entitled "Naval Engagements." We bespeak for her a full house.

GRAND HORSE EXHIBITION.—The second Ohio and Pennsylvania Horse Exhibition will be held in Salem, Ohio, on the 10th, 11th and 12th of October, 1855. There are forty five premiums, ranging from $50 down to $5. An immense congregation of horse flesh, from thorough bred down to the common roadster, may be expected.

Execution of a Boy.

(Correspondence of the New Orleans Delta.)

ALEXANDRIA, LA., August 27.

The execution of the boy Frank, for the murder of Rev. J. B. Weems, took place on Friday last, the 24th inst. It is strange to say, that the majority of the citizens of Alexandria, and, in fact, the inhabitants all round, were anxious to see him executed; and on the fatal day when it came to pass, there were not a dozen people there! Some drove forty miles to witness this painful drama, but he was executed and buried by the time they came to Alexandria. On the day before he was called to face death, some gentlemen visited him, and propounded questions to him; but his answers were, and could be no other than childish. He was, I believe only fourteen years old. The gentlemen told him the Sheriff was to hang him on the next morning—and asked him what he thought of it, and whether he had made his peace with God, and why he he did not pray? His answer was—"I have been hung many a time!" He was playing all the time in jail, never once thinking that death was soon to claim him as his victim. To show you how a child's mind ranges when about to die, I will mention that, when upon the scaffold, he begged to be permitted to pray—which was granted—and then he commenced to cry! Oh! what a horrible sight it was!

Yes, and what a shameful sight it was for the people of Louisiana, that hanging of a boy ten years old! If the people in that region burn a few more negroes and hang a few more children they will be the envy of every Camanche Indian who inhabits the State of Texas.

☞ Mrs. PARTINGTON at the Baby Show—"Were those three driblets born at a birth?" asked Mrs. Partington at the baby show, as she looked at the three fat children on the platform. Col. Wood blandly informed her they were not. "I declare," said she, "I should like to know how they were brought up, for they are so heavy they couldn't have been brought up by hand—it must have been done by a steam engine." The colonel informed her they had been brought up by a railroad train. "Where are the quadrupeds?" said Mrs. P., looking for the quatrain. "They have not come yet," was the reply, "they will be here to-morrow." The old lady looked at her informant critically. "Any how do you know so well," said she, "when they will come? These things are not as we say, but babies are born just as it pleases God. They can't be born by order any how." She was informed that they were coming the next day by railroad, and not to be born next day, as she evidently thought. She gave an extended "Oh-h-h!" like a cypher laid out, (○), and turned her attention to the singular babies on the platforms. "Dear creatures," said she, tapping her box gently, "what a great pity it is that these little beautiful babes should grow up to be very common looking men and women." She gazed upon the parents of the children and sighed as she spoke, but her reflection was interrupted by a joggle of her elbow which sent her snuff box rolling upon the floor. A large gentleman put his foot upon it to stop it, and the crushed papier mache sent up a fragrant cloud as a sneezy ovation to the scene. He was expelled from the hall shortly afterwards for teasing one of the fat boys with a stick, after making one of the babies cry by making up faces at it.

EMANCIPATION IN KENTUCKY.—The Newport (Ky.) *News*, at the suggestion of a number of prominent slaveholders in Kentucky, proposes that a Convention be held in Frankfort, to adopt a plan for the gradual abolition of slavery in that State. Public sentiment in Kentucky and also in Maryland and Virginia, has been undergoing a change for some years in respect to maintaining the slave institution. Whether the citizens of those States are prepared yet for gradual abolition, the only way in which slavery can be extinguished in a State, will depend a great deal upon the discretion of the opponents of slavery in the free States. The fact that a proposition for freedom comes from slaveholders themselves, is one of great significance, and shows that the moral and political bearings of the question are as well understood among the intelligent men in the South as they are in the North.

ADDRESS

To the Democratic Citizens of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—It is the good fortune of the Democratic party to have at all times in its bosom men of tried integrity, of stern republican virtue, of exalted patriotism and of ready talents, and that in great public exigencies such men are willing to forego every private consideration and enter upon the career of public duty, and the intelligence of that party is never more fully demonstrated than in the caution it uses in times of trial and difficulty in its selection for office, of its most elevated citizens. The people left to their own free action are true to themselves, and the delegates of the people recently convened as their representatives have, by their unanimity of action and intrepid conduct, done justice to the confidence that was placed in them. Taking the Democratic ticket as a whole it furnishes a sure safe guard that the principles of the party, the best interests of the Commonwealth and the security of the Union will be fully sustained, and we now look forward with pride and pleasure to the result of the fall election, feeling satisfied that with whatever unmitigated ferocity the nominations may be attacked there is enough of strength in the selection to carry the candidates triumphantly through the contest.

If we examine into the character of the individuals selected we shall find no ordinary grounds for the approval of the action of the convention. What party can produce, what part of the State, or the Union can exhibit a person better entitled to receive the votes of the community than the venerable man whose name heads the Democratic ticket. He is not our property alone, but the property of the nation. His fame belongs, as his eminent services have all been given, to his country. He has filled the most exalted stations both at home and abroad in a manner that equally contributed to his reputation and her renown—judge, legislator, in the nation and in the State Councils, Secretary at War, Minister to Russia, filling all departments with the approbation of his country. In the walks of domestic life endearing himself to his neighbors, the friend and adviser of his fellow citizens, their safe counsellor in private and in public, of fairer, unswerved in the exercise of those qualifications that tend to advance the interests of the people of his county and Commonwealth; in private life a model of courtesy and republican simplicity, asking for nothing of his fellow citizens, but ready and willing to serve his country in every exigency that requires talent and unyiding energy. WILLIAM WILKINS in the breadth and depth of his character has been brought before the public as a Democratic candidate for the Senate. Who shall say him nay? Who is there that can be selected from among the ranks of our political enemies superior to him in personal and intellectual worth? Who the individual who like him has nobly devoted the best years of an honorable life to his country's service? Who amongst them can bring to the duties of high station his talents, experience and political wisdom? If this man is not worthy of receiving the suffrages of his fellow citizens, if even the madness of party and fanaticism can defeat him, the most melancholy apprehensions must be felt for the future fate of our country. But he can not be defeated in Allegheny county, where a residence of a long life, longer than the county itself, where a love of his person, an identity of interest with its people, a career marked and known as his has been, entitles him to the confidence of the old and the veneration of the young.

In looking beyond the Senatorial nomination, if we examine the Assembly ticket we shall find it composed of men of firmness and integrity, and on whose undeviating Democratic principles we have the pledge of the Convention that we may rely.

Mr. JAMES B. FULTON has been long known to the public as an influential and talented member of the Democratic party. He is a merchant by profession, bears the character of an honest and independent citizen, and claims for his ancestor one of the most efficient Democrats that ever belonged to the party.

Mr. SAMUEL SMITH is a son of a revolutionary soldier and inherits the virtuous principles, enduring patriotism and energy of his father; a mechanic by trade, honest, industrious, laborious, sustaining by his industry a large family, he possesses in that family a stake in the community that must render him ever active for its welfare and prosperity.

The manly letter of R. A. Bausman, declining the nomination on account of ill health, has been published, and it has become the duty of the committee of correspondence to nominate a person to fill his place. They have selected JAMES SALISBURY, of Birmingham, to complete the Assembly ticket. Mr. Salisbury having on a former occasion been selected as the Democratic candidate for Congress, it was believed by the committee that the sanction already given by the community to his talents, patriotism, worth and intelligence, would be a sufficient warranty to our Democratic friends in making the selection. A manufacturer, whose industry and capacity are well known to his fellow citizens, the firm supporter of popular rights a clear headed determined, uncompromising Democrat, he is again presented to the people with the expectation that his well earned popularity and honest efforts in behalf of the laboring man will be the sure herald to his success in the coming contest.

CHRISTOPHER MAGEE is a young man scarcely known to the public, yet talented, educated and strictly upright, we can confidently vouch for him; he has deliberately examined the great party questions of the day, and has decided to act upon its immutable principles which have received the sanction of Jefferson, Jackson and the great apostles of the Democratic school. Since entering into life he has sustained the Democratic party with the full confidence that whether it stands or swims, in life and death it is the true embodiment of the Constitution and the Union. Rightly conceiving that its banner will finally float in triumph over all the combinations of its enemies, he comes forward early in life the pledge I supporter of its friends, and evinces himself in the present struggle with the energy of youth and fervid inspiration of patriotism to maintaining its ascendency and heralding it to victory.

Mr. L. B. PATTERSON, of Mifflin, has been for years the decided friend and supporter of the Democratic party. A farmer in the true sense of the word, a Western Pennsylvanian of intelligence and industry, understanding his own business, and reared from infancy in those principles which rendered his venerated father during his life so highly prominent and popular in the Democratic ranks, he brings to the Democracy of Allegheny county, his native county, an accession of strength which will add to the power of sustaining, during the present season of difficulty and in its present war with fanaticism and the revolting spirit of disunion, a glorious contest in which the enemies of our political faith will meet at our hands a defeat as disastrous as their principles are infamous.

In presenting to the public the name of RODY PATTERSON, as the Democratic candidate for Sheriff, the delegation have evinced the sense they entertain of the exigencies under which the party now labor, and the necessity of calling to its support the most active, persevering, intelligent and useful of its citizens, one whose Democratic character, and whose earnestness and activity in support of the party are so well known and so highly appreciated. Born amongst us, regular in his habits, industrious in his calling, a firm friend, a Democrat of more than thirty years standing, known to all our citizens, fearless, prompt, ready at all times to expend his money, to apply his property to the services of the party; forwarding express riders, communicating information, procuring intelligence from all quarters, devoting horses, carriages, his drivers and riders, without fee or reward, to every exigency of the party, it is but a fair compliment to his energy and perseverance that he has been brought forward for the office of Sheriff—one to which he is every way adapted, and for which we have no doubt he will receive, as he is justly entitled to, the unanimous vote of the Democratic party.

Mr. JOHN BIRMINGHAM, the candidate for Prothonotary, has been for many years active as a business man engaged on the river, and most popular in the various departments he has filled; and after a laborious life in pursuit of a competency, is now engaged with energy in agricultural pursuits, devoting himself to the labors of his new calling with the same patient industry which he has always exhibited during an active and stirring life—he is the very kind of person fitted for the station to which his Democratic friends propose to elect him. The proof of his principles is evinced by a long career of honorable exertions on behalf of the Democratic ascendancy, and his business habits eminently fit him for the office to which the people now seek to see him advanced.

Who that professes to be a Democrat has not heard of THOMAS BLACKMORE, and will not feel honored in sustaining as Treasurer a man on whose firmness and integrity, whose intrepidity in the Democratic cause, and whose uniform consistency in the hour of trial is so well known and appreciated.

Mr. WILLIAM ALEXANDER, the candidate for Coroner, is the old and firm friend of General Jackson, a citizen respected for his private life and his public services, intelligent and faithful, a Democrat from his early youth, a fit representative of the principles of his party.

Mr. JACOB TOMER, is still the same ardent and undeviating Democrat, who in times of party difficulty has always stood forward with heart and hand, purse, inclination and activity in support of our principles.

Of the candidates selected for Auditor, one of them, Mr. JOHN MURRAY, is an efficient, long continued, active and prominent member of the party, a man of business habits, capable of investigating accounts, and one whose integrity and firmness the most implicit reliance may be placed. The other, Mr. A. B. M'FARLAND, is a young man who enters the field of Democracy with the ardor of one who is determined not to change in his political course, and bringing with him ability and information adapted to the situation to which the party wishes to elevate him. When we consider the miserable condition of the financial concerns of the county, the debts in which a series of administrations has involved us, and the detestable subterfuges which have been so long used to cover and conceal the depredations made upon the public by fraudulent scrip and other devices so ruinous and calamitous, we shall readily see that nothing but an honest Democratic Comissioner, and Auditors of ability, activity and true to the Democratic faith, can cleanse the Augean stables, and point out to the public the hidden causes of our present moneied distresses, and the polluted source from whence they originate.

Mr. JOHN BOYLE, of Indiana township, our candidate for Director of the Poor, is a Democrat indeed in whom there is no guile. He is already thoroughly acquainted with all the duties of the office in detail. Kind and humane in his disposition, he appreciates deeply the hard condition of the poor; wise, discriminating and inflexibly honest, he is the more able to watch well the public interest, and prevent extravagance and waste.

We take the liberty before we conclude to advert to the nomination made by the State Convention of the Honorable ARNOLD PLUMER, for the office of Canal Commissioner. A more judicious nomination could not well have been made. He is a veteran in our ranks, of great probity and ability, and has at all times during a long life of political honor and consistency presented himself under the panoply of Democracy to the shaft of its enemies. He has acquired a moderate fortune by prudence, industry and sagacity, and has on all occasions, when engaged in public services, enlisted the same characteristic in the discharge of his public duties that he has in the attainment of private prosperity. His private character is as free from reproach as his public conduct is approbrated, and both have been the subject of frequent commemoration by his fellow citizens. He is a man suited to the times, and we feel confident that in the redeeming spirit now pervading the State, he will insure a triumph to his Democratic friends.

As Democrats, we hold these truths to be self-evident, and stand pledged to maintain, vindicate and defend them:

1. The Union, one and indivisible.

2. The Compromises of this Union, securing to each State the right to its domestic institutions, and that contract between them which authorises the capture in either of fugitives from justice or fugitives from labor within the jurisdiction of each.

3. The immutable principles guaranteed as well by the letter as the spirit of all our institutions, and extending as well to States and Territories; that in the language of the bill of rights of our great Commonwealth, "all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on this authority and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness, and that for the advancement of these ends they have at all times an unalienable and indefeasible right to alter, enforce or abolish their governments in such manner as they think proper."

4. That as it is alleged in the Declaration of Independence as one cause of our separation from Great Britain "that the Parliament was invested with power to legislate for us forever," so we now allege that any attempt on the part of Congress to legislate for territories once formed, or States about to be formed of them, upon any subject connected with their domestic institutions other than guaranteeing to them a republican form of government, is an usurpation of power unwarranted by the constitution of the country.

5. That no human authority can in any way interfere with the rights of conscience, and that in the manner which every other man may claim, every each individual has an indefeasible right to worship the God of his fathers.

6. That the acquisition of territory, whether by treaty, by purchase, or by war, is an acquisition in which the blood and treasure of all the members of the Union, north and south east and west, have been expended, and that all attempts to introduce congressional legislation which shall distinguish the rights of the one from the other, or withhold or confer privileges, creating distinctions between them, is an act of bad faith and should be repudiated by every man who claims an interest in the common soil, is connected with the prosperity, or feels one patriotic inspiration in the rising glories of his country.

Take the Declaration of Independence as made it a prominent cause of complaint against the Crown, that "the King had endeavored to prevent the population of these States" for that purpose *obstructing* the laws for the naturalization of foreigners," we now complain that the spirit of George the III is abroad now as in the days of the Revolution. We are determined to abide by the declaration of our fathers, and maintain the faith by them once delivered unto us.

The first inspiration of Know Nothingism was in the breast of the British King, and emanated from a foreign soil. It was that resisted on American soil by the patriots of the Revolution, because it was *not* American in name, in heart, or in hope. We hold that religious intolerance, fanaticism and proscription are all at war with the great first charter of our liberties, and therefore we are at war with them. With it to inspire, and the Constitution to guide, we enter the contest with an enlarged and unfaltering trust.

Standing upon these principles, and upon that Democratic platform that has so long sustained the character of our country, insured her prosperity, and contributed to her glory, the Democratic party, although surrounded by the enemies of free institutions in every form, and under every denomination that can be devised by fanaticism, or found in the vocabulary of treason, will present an immovable front to every enemy, and relying with confidence in their principles will fight the battles of freedom, sure of eventual success, and a triumph rendered doubly glorious from the difficulties of their position and the unscrupulous character of their opponents.

CHARLES SHALER, JOHN H. PHILLIPS,
W. G. HAWKINS, JOHN SILL,
D. R. MILLER, JAMES SCOTT,
THOMAS S. HART, JOHN ROTH,
WILLIAM JOHNSTON, ANDREW SCOTT,
JACOB L. ECESSON, A. HARTJE,
R. BIDDLE ROBERTS, MORRISON FOSTER,
JAMES HERDMAN, SAMUEL KIRK,
MICHAEL SNEE,
SAML W. BLACK, *Chairman.*
JOHN N. MCGLOWRY, *Secretary.*

FOOD OF THE ANCIENTS.—The last number of the Revue des Deux Mondes, contains a curious passage on the food of the ancients. The common notion is that the ancients were much simpler in their dishes than we are—perhaps so, at least in earlier days—but, as we learn here, their viands were more various; for, beside the domestic animals and the game eaten by us, they ate many animals we never think of touching except in the least extremity. They did not disdain the hedgehog, the donkey, the cat, the dog, nor that horse flesh which, as our school geography used to tell us, "is publicly sold in the markets of Norway," and which Isadore Geoffroy Saint Hillaire has recently declared to be eminently nutritious; nay, what is more, they considered dogflesh to be equal in nutritive value to chicken, and placed the donkey on a par with the ox. Pork they considered the most indigestible of all, and fit only for artisans and athletes. It would be difficult (says *The Leader*) to persuade John Bull to dine off a sirloin of donkey, or to ask the waiter to bring him "ribs of dog with fried toadstools," so strong is prejudice; we eat oysters, and a few other molluscs, and shudder at the mention of snails. We eat mushrooms and truffles with gusto, and believe all other fungi to be poisonous. Nor can famine itself displace our fears. Had the Greeks better digestions, or were their dogs and donkeys more succulent than ours?

"THERE WAS A FROG THAT LIVED IN A WELL"—One day last week a lady was passing up Essex street, and when near an "Orange County" Milk depot, saw the storekeeper at the door with his right hand immersed in the milk can. He was making violent demonstrations to obtain something from the can, and this attracting the attention of the lady, she awaited the result. Presently the man, who happened to be a native of "Faderland," drew from the can, by one of his hind legs, a fine, large sized bull frog. Without considering the injury which he might sustain in his business by an exhibition of this kind, he unceremoniously dashed the frog upon the side-walk, and carried the can of milk into the store, where it was duly retailed to his evening customers.—*N. Y. Post.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **Benefit of Mrs. Duffield.**—MRS. DUFFIELD, sincerely grateful for the very liberal patronage extended her, by her friends and the public, during the present engagement, would respectfully announce that her Benefit, and positively last appearance but one, will take place on FRIDAY EVENING, September 21, when will be produced.

GUY MANNERING,

With all the Original Music, and with the entire strength of the talented Company.

Meg Merrilies.....MRS. DUFFIELD.

After which,

Naval Engagements.

Mary Mortimer.....Miss DUFFIELD.

☞ Box Book open from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

sep20 2t*

G. F. BROTT.....C. CURTIS.

Brott & Curtis,

DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE, St. Anthony Falls, *Minnesota Territory.* Land bought and sold throughout the Territory. Money loaned, investments made to the best advantage, and Land Warrants located. Also, Agents for the sale of Lots in the town of ST. CLOUD, 65 miles from St. Anthony, and head of navigation above the Falls. The survey of the great Pacific Railroad crosses the Mississippi at this point, and the numerous advantages it possesses as a place of business, will make it one of the largest cities in the Northwest.

REFERENCES.

Ex-Governor Ramsey, Minnesota.
Hon. Wm. H. Welsh, Chief Justice of Minnesota.
Hon. J. Meeker.
Hon. H. M. Rice, Delegate to Congress.
Rice, Hollingshead & Becker, Attorneys at Law.
Messrs. Borup & Oaks, Bankers.
Rev. T. M. Fullerton, Register of U. S. Land Office.

sep20

☞ **Just Received, at Gribble's,** a splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, of every description, consisting of Plush, Gronadine, Valencia and Figured Satin Vestings, Doeskin and Fancy Cassimeres, Cloths, Overcoatings, &c., &c. Also, Gents' Furnishing Goods in great variety, which will be sold low for cash. No. 240 Liberty street.

sep17

☞ **Ague and Fever of Three Years' Standing Cured.**—Mr. John Longden, now living at Beaver Dam, Hanover county, near Richmond, had Ague and Fever for three years; most of the time he had chills twice a day, and rarely less than once: he was parched with fevers as soon as the chill left him; and after trying physicians, quinine, most of the tonics advertised, and everything recommended to him, was about to give up in despair, when Carter's Spanish Mixture was spoken of: he got two bottles, but before he had used more than a single one, he was perfectly cured, and has not had a chill or fever since.

Mr. Longden is only one out of thousands who have been benefited by this great tonic, alterative and blood purifier. See advertisement.

sep4dm

Inhalation for Diseased Lungs.

The mode of inhalation, in case of diseased lungs and throat, recommended by Dr. Curtis in his advertisement, strikes us as the true one. It is now generally admitted by our best physicians, that *local* difficulties can only be successfully treated by *local* applications. This principle has been pursued from the first with respect to external inflammation and corrosions, and we see not why diseases of the throat and lungs may not be treated in the same manner; we believe they may. In this variable climate of ours, where lung and throat complaints have become so prevalent and rife, we earnestly recommend to the public, and *to the afflicted especially*, to avail themselves of Dr. Curtis' remedy.—(One who has tried it.) See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article.

sep12dawdaw

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

THE FAST TRAIN leaves at 2 A. M., through to Cincinnati in 12 hours and 40 minutes.

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EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all make close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road; and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there. For particulars see handbills. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5.15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House,

Or, at the Federal Street Station, to

GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, July 23, 1855. (jy24)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,

BEING THE

Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R. TO FORT WAYNE,

THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN MILES FROM PITTSBURGH.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *without detention, with all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*, and also at Fort Wayne with Trains going North and South, on the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following points:

Fort Wayne, Bellefontaine,
Cleveland, Urbana,
Dayton, Springfield,
Indianapolis, Richmond,
Tiffin, Findlay.

Persons buying Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

J. R. STRAUGHAN, Sept. 1855.

☞ **Sheriffality.**—GEORGE R. BIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election.

jy24dawtc

☞ **HATS, HATS.**—We have received our FALL STYLE OF SILK HATS, which will be found, on inspection, a neat and good article. A good Hat for $3, and an extra one for $4. Call and see.

MORGAN & CO., No. 164 Wood st.

Next house to the new Presbyterian Church.

One door from Sixth street.

☞ **We have just received, by Express,** a large lot of PLANTERS, HUNGARIAN and other HATS of latest style, which we will sell as low for cash as any house in the city. Call and see.

MORGAN & CO., 164 Wood street,

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OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.

INCORPORATED CAPITAL $300,000.

Insure buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

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JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO.,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,

At No 79 Smithfield street,

in WEYMAN'S BUILDING, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all descriptions of children's wear.

Terms strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited. (my26dm

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☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

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H. P. SCHWARTZ, Brooklyn, Allegheny.

☞ TERMS CASH, ON DELIVERY.

jy29 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

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ROBERT GALWAY, President.

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This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

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☞ All Losses sustained by parties insured under policies issued by this Company will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid at its Office, No. 99 WATER street. [jy11

WILLIAMS & ALLEN,

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☞ W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 25 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap16

Watches and Watch Repairing,

W. WILSON, Market street, corner of Fourth, Gold and Silver Watches from $10 to $200. Sole agency for sale of Charles Frodsham's unrivalled Timekeepers. Watch Repairing attended to promptly, and done in a superior manner

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