Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING:::::::::::::AUGUST 18.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

ARNOLD PLUMER,

OF VENANGO COUNTY.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ *Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the daily or weekly Post forwarded to them, can have it done regularly for any specified time, by leaving their orders and address at the office, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.*

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence assembled at the St. Charles Hotel, on Saturday, July 21st. After a short address by Thomas Farley, Esq., and others, in favor of referring the nomination of State and County officers to a County Convention, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, of Allegheny county, be requested to meet at the usual places on Saturday, the 18th of August, and elect two delegates from each district, to meet in County Convention on the following Wednesday, at the Court House, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to take such action regarding a ticket for State and County officers for the ensuing fall election as the Convention may deem proper. The citizens of the Boroughs and Townships will assemble between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock, P. M., and of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock, P. M.

OUR WEEKLY.

Our Weekly of to-day is full of interesting intelligence, late news, foreign and local, and editorial on subjects of interest. It is a number that we want our friends to see. Call and get one. For sale at the counter at 5 cents per copy.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.—The Democrats should turn out in good numbers this evening to elect delegates to the County Convention. See that none but true Democrats run, and that none but Democrats vote. We hope no others will try to interfere with these meetings. The opponents of the Democracy are pretty generally known now, and an attempt on their part to take part in these elections would not be submitted to.

In the two cities and the borough the meetings take place between the hours of five and seven; in the townships from three to five.

THE NEWS.

The deaths in Cincinnati for the week ending the 14th inst., numbered one one hundred and forty; of these, forty-five were from cholera.

During a thunder storm last Monday, a farmer named James Cooper, while working in a harvest field near Lyburd, Pa., was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

According to the return of the assessors, the aggregate amount of real estate in the city of Brooklyn this year is $85,545,698, and of personal estate $17,702,889, making a total of $103,248 587.

Letters have been received in this country from Mr. Peabody and others in London stating that there will be a large demand for American provisions in Europe during the coming fall and winter.

A party of gentlemen are in Louisville commissioned to purchase a large amount of summer packed beef for the use of the allied armies in the Crimea. They are now negotiating with certain packers for killing and barreling one thousand head of cattle.

Accounts from Portsmouth, Va., give a melancholy picture of the condition of that city. About 8,000 persons have fled from it. The whole surrounding country is overrun with the fugitives, who fill barns, kitchens, churches, school houses and dwellings. The town looks quite deserted, entire streets having only one or two families remaining, districts depopulated, hotels and stores closed, business suspended, and society disrupted.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

In nearly all the counties of the State the Democrats seem resolved to run pure and straightout Democratic tickets. The idea of fusion is almost everywhere repudiated, and the "unterrified" are ready for battle single handed with all opponents. It is the right spirit. It keeps up our party organization, and shows more regard for principles than for offices. It will secure both in the end, and make our party stronger than ever. The great want is good and true men on our tickets—men of character, capacity and experience. And such men should not refuse to run this year. One strong pull now, with the right kind of candidates and Democracy will recover all its lost ground, and find now and good men taking the places in our ranks vacated by the disaffected and the unreliable.

The Democrats in other counties are putting forth their best men. Gen. Foster, of Westmoreland, runs for the Legislature, and will stump his district. In other counties good men are coming forward to the rescue, and the Democracy are resolved to conquer. We hope the Convention next Wednesday will be equally wise in the selection of candidates. We have no reason to despair of success if the ticket is a good one.

KANSAS LEGISLATURE.—The territory of Kansas will be supplied with some pretty stringent laws in favor of slavery. Among others a bill is pending making the attempt to entice away slaves from their owners a capital offence, punishable with *death*. The committee that reported the bill recommended its passage, and it will probably become a law.

The bill also provides that the introduction of abolition documents which tend to incite the slaves to insurrection is made punishable with *death*. A censorship of the press will probably be provided for next; and various other antics that are rendering the whole proceedings of that body something worse than a farce. It will probably result in good in the end. It will be a long time before the Missouri outrage in Kansas will be forgotten; and while remembered its admission into the Union as a slave State will never be conceded by the north.

☞ The Louisville *Courier* has returns from every county in Kentucky—from seventy-eight of the counties official and from twenty-five reported, and they make the majority for Morehead, Know Nothing, 4,297.

There is no doubt of the election of Winston, Dem., as Governor of Alabama. The Congressional delegation stands:—

1. Percy Walker, K. N.	4. S. Moore, Dem.
2. Eli Shorter, Dem.	5. W. R. Smith, K. N.
3. J. F. Dowdell, Dem.	6. W. E. W. Cobb, Dem.
7. Sampson W. Harris, Dem.	

In Kentucky, the latest report elects Albert G. Talbott, Dem., to Congress, in the most doubtful district, by *seven* majority.

We learn from Texas that Pease, Democrat, is re-elected Governor, by an increased majority. Ex-Governor Bell is elected to Congress.

Such is the progress of Know Nothingism in the South.

A shark over seven feet in length was caught with a hook and line on Long Island, New York, on the 11th instant.

Declination of Gov. Dawson.

The following is the letter of the Hon. John L. Dawson to the President of the United States, declining the appointment tendered him of Governor of Kansas Territory:

BROWNSVILLE, Aug. 9.

My Dear Sir: On my return home this evening, after an absence of several weeks, I find your letter of the 28th ult., tendering me the appointment of Governor of the Territory of Kansas. This distinguished mark of your favor and esteem, and the very flattering terms in which it is conveyed to me, elicit my grateful acknowledgments. My private affairs prevent the acceptance of the honorable and responsible trust which your confidence and good opinion would commit to me. With but little taste for public life, and with a deep attachment to my home and my native State, I could not consent to change my residence—but am constrained by every cherished consideration to remain in a community whose confidence I have enjoyed, and of whose good will I have had the most positive and repeated testimonials. I shall ever hold in grateful recollection this evidence of your appreciation, and the more because it was unsolicited and unexpected. Accept assurances of my high regard and best wishes for the success of your administration, and believe me,

Truly your friend,

JNO. L. DAWSON.

HON. MR. DOBBIN.—We copy the following from the Baltimore American. Secretary Dobbin has literally "won golden opinions from all sorts of people:"

"The Hon. Mr. Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy, will soon return, it is said, to Washington city, with much improved health. Mr. D. is popular with all parties in the country. His successful management of the navy, and the unanimity with which his great measures passed through both houses of Congress, evince the high confidence of our national representatives in his capacity to be the chief of the Navy Department of the republic."

KNOW NOTHING NOMINATIONS.—The Know Nothings of Fayette county have nominated the following ticket:

Assembly—Jesse B Ramsey.
Treasurer—Jesse Reed.
Commissioner—John Holmes
Auditor—Hugh Dwyarmon.
Poor House Director—Mathew Clark.
Coroner—Dr. Post

☞ We invite attention to the advertisement of a country residence for sale, seven miles out on the Steubenville road. For a physician it would be an excellent place. The house is new, and the whole property in complete order, and in a very pleasant part of the county. It is offered cheap.

EDINBURGH REVIEW.—The July number of this valuable quarterly is received. It is for sale by Gildenfenney & Co. and Miner & Co., at their depots. It contains some articles of great interest; among others a historical account of the Crimea.

THIRD WARD DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY MEETING.—The primary meeting for the selection of delegates for the Third Ward will be held in Splane's building, entrance from Fifth street, between hours of 5 and 7 o'clock, P. M., this day.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

General Jomini, the well-known military writer, has arrived at Brussels, where, as already stated, he intends to take up his permanent residence.

Madlle. Cruvelli's approaching retreat from the opera stage into married life, is formally announced in the musical journals of Paris.

Letters from the East Indies mention that Miss Catharine Hayes has departed from Calcutta for Australia, where her popularity is described as being almost without limit, and her gains beyond all precedent.

The boards of French railways have given orders for a very reduced fare for all English officers and soldiers passing through France to and from the Crimea.

Intelligence has just reached London of the almost total loss of the fine collection of antiquities which the agents of the French government have been employed for some years past in bringing together, from the various ruins of Assyria and Babylonia, for deposit in the museum of the Louvre.

It is rumored that Mr Thackeray is writing a new novel, the title to be "Bolingbroke."

His Excellency Count A'Persigny has waited on Lady Raglan, to convey to her personally, the deep condolence of the Emperor and Empress of the French.

The returns of the gross receipts of the French railways during the first six months of 1856, amounted to 112,767,976, exceeding by 2,940,000f., those of the corresponding period of 1855.

TELEGRAPH TO INDIA.—The line of electric telegraph, now terminating at Constantinople, is about to be extended to British India. The Turkish government have granted an exclusive concession for a submarine telegraph from the Dardanelles to Alexandria. The cost will be £120,000, and the line could be completed in twelve months. An annual subsidy of £4,000 for twenty years is to be paid by Turkey for the transmission of official messages. The communications from India will be accelerated from five to six days when this and the general system of telegraphs now constructing in European Turkey shall have been completed.

At the same time proposals are on foot for extending the project to India, by carrying the communicati n via Suez and Aden to Kurrachee, at the mouth of the Indus, where it would connect with the lines already in operation, or in course of construction, by the East India Company throughout the various Presidencies. The total length from the Dardanelles to Kurrachee is about 4000 miles, and the sum required for the whole, including the submarine line to Alexandria, would be $4,000,000. Application has been made to the India House for support, in the shape of an annual allowance of $100,000 a year, subject to reduction in proportion to the ultimate success of the undertaking. The entire line in India may, it is estimated, be completed in two years.

THE BALTIC FLEET.—The following is given as a statement of the force of the Allied fleet in the Baltic.

ENGLISH.	Guns.
20 Line-of battle ships, with	1,576
26 Frigates and corvettes	447
22 Smaller sl'rs and gunboats	57
18 Mortar boats, &c	24
86 Ships, with guns	2,098
FRENCH.	
3 Line-of battle ships, with	280
6 Frigates and corvettes	107
7 Gunboats	24
16 Ships, with guns	408
TOTALS.	
23 Line-of battle ships, with	1,856
31 Frigates and corvettes	554
29 Smaller sl'rs and gunboats	78
18 Mortar boats, &c	24
Tot'l 101 Ships, with guns	2,506

ARRIVALS AT CASTLE GARDEN.—The total number of arrivals of emigrants at Castle Garden since the new arrangements went into effect on the 1st instant, together with the amount of property brought into the country from this source, is shown by the following statement:

Aug 1 to Aug. 7, inclusive,	1,014 passengers, with	$207,340,50
Aug 8, by St. Louis	166 passengers, with	8,086,75
Aug 9, by Neptune	590 " "	13,239,38
Total	2,670 " "	$228,676,63

Giving an average for each person of $85,64.

The immigration at this port for the past six months of the present year amounted to 69,476 persons. Should an equal number arrive during the remaining six months, and bring as much property per head as those who have recently arrived, the amount of property introduced into the country from this source during the year would nearly equal $12,000,000.—*N. Y. Jour. Com., Saturday.*

SLAVERY IN NEBRASKA.—The editor of the Nebraska News said he fabricated the story of slavery having been introduced in Nebraska, and that his purpose was to get that territory brought into notice, in wh'ch he has succeeded beyond his desires. He adds—

"There is as much effort being made by slaveholders to introduce slavery into Nebraska today, as the theologians are at present putting forth to drive a camel through the optic of a cambric needle; and there is as much danger of its being legalized in Nebraska, as there is of good sense becoming common among the two extremes."

A GREAT SAVING.—The Erie Railroad has cut down its fuel expenses from $50,000 a month to $27,000. How this has been done is not stated. Probably by the introduction of certain improvements in the locomotives.

[From the New Orleans Picayune, August 8.]

INVASION OF MEXICO.

The Texas mails of this morning bring us accounts of an organization of a military force within the United States, in aid of the revolution in northern Mexico. The San Antonio *Ledger* of the 28th contains a letter from its correspondent, dated at Leona river, on the 19th of July, detailing "the movements of the auxiliary force intended for the overthrow of the Santa Anna government in Mexico, and the establishment of a government favorable to the interests of Texas." The first part of the expedition arrived at that place on the 16th ult., and men were said to be coming in hourly in great numbers, and to be expected with great anxiety, on the other side of the river. The party was expected to cross in five days—that is to say, about the 24th ult. They are under the command of Capt. W. D. Henry, late of the Texan volunteers.

Accompanying this correspondence is an address by Capt. Henry to the people of Texas, and a proclamation addressed to the Mexicans.

The address to the people of Texas announces the purpose of himself and his companions "to engage in the revolution now existing in the Mexican republic, to displace the far-famed Santa Anna, and establish a new republican form of government, a government more favorable to the interests of Texas enlightened in its views, and *with the final intention of extending the proud American eagle over its protection.*

He appeals to Texas, in the strength of her revolutionary experience and example, and incites them by representing the bordering country of Mexico as the refuge of Indian marauders, who perpetrate crimes, robberies and murders within Texas, which distress "all lovers of peace and order." It is on the account of "peace and order" that Mexico is invaded.

The proclamation to the Mexicans, published alongside of the other in the same paper, talks much more mildly than that intended for the Texans. It does not have a word about extending the American eagle over Mexico, but declares the wish to see the Mexicans govern themselves.

"Our only wish, the only reward we seek for, and with which we shall return happy to our firesides, is to see re-established the federal system, and to secure treaties by which the interests of both countries shall be protected, and which will allow us to exchange our products with yours, without fear of molestation, under the protection of just and equitable tariffs, thus giving a new impulse to the prosperity of both countries."

Nothing is stated in this paper to give us an idea of the numbers collected for this force across the borders.

The Austin State Times, of the 28th ult., says that within a few weeks more than twenty running negroes have passed at no great distance from that city, on their way to Mexico, and adds:

"The number of negroes fleeing from their masters, and endeavoring to reach Mexico, makes it imperiously necessary something should be done to arrest the evil. We can see no more feasible plan than the one long since suggested By aiding the liberal party in Mexico, we can accomplish an arrangement which will make slavery as secure in Texas as any State in the Union."

The New Orleans Delta regards the success of the revolutionists in Mexico as already certain, and with reference to the results, says, that next to the removal of all restrictions on commerce and intercourse between Mexico and this country, the most important benefit to both nationalities will be the opening of the former to emigration from the United States:

"The existence of the lead the present revolution are thoroughly aware of the fact to which we allude, and have pledged themselves not only to overthrow Santa Anna himself, but his policy also. We cannot regard their success, therefore, as a mere change of dynasties, to which Mexico is somewhat accustomed. We believe it will mark the opening of a new and propitious era in the history of the country. In free commercial intercourse and unrestricted emigration we perceive her only chances of reconstruction, and on that account we sympathize warmly with the cause of Alvarez and his friends. Let them go ahead."

Rumored Raising of the Siege of Sebastopol.

Rumors have been current of a misunderstanding about Sebastopol have broken out between the English and French governments, but on inquiry in the best informed quarters, the Paris correspondent of the London Times finds that it simply amounts to this

"England asked the French government for its opinion on the question whether, in the event of Sebastopol not falling into the hands of the allies before the end of October, it would not be desirable, in order to preserve the troops from the terrible rigors of a Crimean winter, to give up the siege, remove the camps to near Constantinople, and recommence the siege early in the spring on an entirely new plan.

The French government answered that, though the plan suggested was not without its advantages, the withdrawal of the French army from the Crimea, without the capture or destruction of Sebastopol, would create such a painful sensation in France that, for its part, it could not think of anything of the kind. The English cabinet, which, probably, had no fixed opinion on the point, did not say a word in defence of its question, and the matter dropped."

MEAT.—The Cincinnati (Ohio) Price Current makes an estimate of the amount of cattle, sheep, and lambs consumed in the United States, during a year, in all the cities and towns containing over 5,000 inhabitants, based on calculations deduced from the statistics of the New York market. It gives these towns an aggregate population of about four millions of inhabitants, and sets them down as consuming 800,000 head of cattle, and two and a half millions of sheep and lambs, besides three millions of hogs, the whole valued at seventy one and a half millions of dollars. Two-thirds of this entire product is said to come from the States in the valley of the Ohio.

SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The ship Grimmerden of Calbo, Capt Penney, was wrecked on the 31 of July, 1851, on a reef to the westward of New Caledonia, in lat. 19 45 S., lon. 161 45 E., not laid down on the charts. The captain, with the mate, doctor and four seamen, left her in a boat. She had on board 650 coolies from China, and a crew of fifty-three men, and all must have perished, with the exception of the seven in the boat. Mr. Bottom, the mate, was afterwards killed by the natives on the Island of New Britain. The survivors were picked up by the whaling bark Maria, of New Bedford, Mass.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of James Greer, who emigrated from Newry, county Down, Ireland, to this country a few years ago, by James Gracy, of the above named place. In 1856 he resided with William Okeson, Esq., at Academia, Juniata county, and subsequently went to Pittsburgh. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by the above gentleman, or if he will address either of them, will hear of something to his advantage pecuniarily.

INVITATION TO CANADA.—The Scotch, English, German, and other foreign settlers in Canada, have recently issued a circular, addressed to adopted citizens in the United States, inviting them to Canada, in order that they may rid themselves from the influence of the Know Nothing societies, which they assert is directly pointed against them in their business, political and religious matters

THINGS IN TEXAS.—Cholera is raging at Industry, in Austin county. The corn crop of the State is said to be secure and unusually large, so no most acorns, the latter not only sufficient to fatten all the pork, but to keep all the young hogs through the winter. Cotton is opening finely. Sugar promises well. Large numbers of slaves continue to escape into Mexico.

The State Idiot Asylum, at Syracuse, New York, has just been opened for patients.

There are thirteen Swedenborgian Societies in Massachusetts.

The Lake Superior Journal states that the "Cliff Mine" has shown a mass of pure copper which has been computed to contain five hundred tons. Two hundred tons have already been taken off the mass. There are about five hundred tons of masses in sight besides this.

A Convention of the husbands is to be called shortly, to meet at Syracuse, New York, to take some measures in regard to matters of fashion. They say that since they have to support the expense of fashion, they have an equal right to regulate it. A proposition to raise nothing but boys in the future, is to come before the Convention. This is to be called the "Husbands' Rights' Party."

One hundred and ninety-three thousand nine hundred bounty land applications have been received at the Pension Office. Fifteen thousand six hundred have been allowed, and twelve thousand nine hundred and ninety-one been issued. The issue of warrants has been increased, and between three hundred and ninety and four hundred are now issued daily. The market is heavy. At Washington they are selling at $1,10@1,12 per acre

TWO NEPHEWS.

At the parlor window of a pretty villa near Walton-on-Thames, sat one evening at dark, an old man and a young woman. The age of the man might be some seventy; while his companion had certainly not reached nineteen. Her beautiful, blooming face, and active, light and upright figure were in strong contrast with the worn countenance and bent frame of the old man; but in his eye, and in the corners of his mouth were indications of a gay self-confidence, which age and suffering had damped but not extinguished.

"No use looking any more, Mary," said he; "neither John Meade nor Peter Finch will be here before dark. Very hard, that, when a sick uncle asks his two nephews to come and see him, they can't come at once. The duty is simple in the extreme—only to help me to die, and take what I choose to leave them in my will! Pooh! when I was a young man, I'd have done it for my uncle with the utmost celerity. But the world's getting quite heartless!"

"Oh, Sir!" said Mary.

"And what does 'Oh, Sir, mean?" said he. "D'ye think I shan't die! I know better. A little more, and there'll be an end to old Lilly Collett. He'll have left this dirty world for a cleaner—to the great sorrow (and advantage) of his affectionate relatives! Ugh! Give me a glass of doctor's stuff."

The girl poured some medicine into a glass, and Collet, after having contemplated it for a moment with infinite disgust, managed to get it down.

"I tell you what, Miss Mary Sutton," said he, "I don't by any means approve of your 'Oh, Sir' and the rest of it, when I have told you how I hate to be called Sir at all. Why you could not be more respectful if you were a charity girl and I a beadle in a gold laced hat! None of your nonsense, Mary Sutton, if you please. I've been your lawful guardian now for six months, and you ought to know my likings and dislikings."

"My poor father often told me how you disliked ceremony," said Mary.

"Your poor father often told you quite right," said Mr. Collett. "Fred Sutton was a man of talent—a capital fellow! His only fault was a natural inability to keep a farthing in his pocket. Poor Fred! he loved me. I'm sure he did. He bequeathed me his only child—and it isn't every friend who would do that!"

"A kind and generous protector you have been."

"Well, I don't know; I've tried not to be a brute, but I dare say I have been. Don't I speak roughly to you sometimes? Haven't I given you good, prudent, worldly advice about John Meade, and made myself quite disagreeable, and like a guardian? Come, confess you love this penniless nephew of mine."

"Penniless, indeed!" said Mary.

"Ah, there it is!" said Mr. Collett. "And what business has a poor devil of an artist to to fall in love with my ward? And what business has my ward to fall in love with a poor devil of an artist? But that is Fred Sutton's daughter all over! Haven't I two nephews? Why couldn't you fall in love with the discreet one—the thriving one? Peter Finch—considering he's an attorney, is a worthy young man. He is industrious in the extreme, and attends to other people's business, only when he is paid for it. He despises sentiment and always looks to the main chance. But John Meade, my dear Mary, may spoil canvass forever and not grow rich. He's all for art, and truth, and social reform, and spiritual elevation, and the Lord knows what. Peter Finch will ride in his carriage, and splash poor John Mead as he trudges on foot."

The harangue was here interrupted by a ring at the gate, and Mr. Peter Finch was announced. He had scarcely taken his seat when another pull at the bell was heard and Mr John Meade was announced.

Mr. Collett eyed the two nephews with a queer sort of a smile, while they made speeches expressive of sorrow at the nature of their visit At last, stopping them.

"Enough, boys, enough!" said he. "Let us find some better subject to discuss than the state of an old man's health. I want to know a little more about you both. I haven't seen much of you up to the present time, and, for anything I know, you may be rogues or fools."

John Meade seemed rather to wince under this address, but Peter Finch sat calm and confident.

"To put a case now," said Mr. Collet, "this morning a poor wretch of a gardener came begging here. He could get no work, it seems, and he was starving. Well, I knew something about the fellow, and I believe he only told the truth, so I gave him a shilling to get rid of him. Now, I'm afraid I did wrong. What reason had I for giving him a shilling? What claim had he on me? What claim had he on anybody? The value of his labor in the market is all that a working man has a right to, and when his labor is of no value, why then he must go to the devil or wherever else he can. Eh, Peter? Taste philosophy—what do you think?"

"I quite agree with you, Sir," said Mr. Finch, "perfectly agree with you. The value of their labor in the market is all that laborers can pretend to—all that they should have. Nothing acts more pernicious than the absurd extraneous support called charity."

"Hear, hear!" faintly Mr. Collet. "You're a clever fellow, Peter. Go on, my dear boy, go on."

"What results from charitable aid?" continued Peter. "The value of labor is kept at an unnatural level. State charity is State robbery, private charity is public wrong."

"That's it, Peter!" said Mr Collen. "What do you think of our philosophy, John?"

"I don't like it! I dont believe it!" said John. "You were quite right in giving the man a shilling. I'd have given him a shilling myself."

"Oh, you would—would you?" said Mr. Collett. "You're very generous with your shillings! Would you fly in the face of all orthodox political economy, you Vandal?"

"Yes," said John, "as the Vandals flew in the face of Rome and destroyed what had become a falsehood and a nuisance."

"Poor John!" said Mr. Collett. "We shall never make anything of him, Peter. Really, we'd better talk of something else. John, tell us about the last new novel."

They conversed on various topics until the arrival of the invalid's early bedtime parted uncle and nephews for the night.

Mary Sutton seized an opportunity the next morning, after breakfast, to speak with John Meade alone.

"John," said she, "I do think more of your own interest—our interest. What occasion for you to be so violent last night? and contradict Mr. Collet so shockingly? I saw Peter Finch laughing to himself. John, you must be more careful, or we shall never be married."

"Well, Mary dear, I'll do my best," said John. "It was that confounded Peter, with his chain of iron maxims, that made me fly out. I'm not an iceberg, Mary."

"Thank heaven, you're not!" replied Mary "but an iceberg floats—think of that, John. Remember—every time you offend Mr. Collett, you please Mr. Finch."

"So I do!" said John. "Yes; I will remember that."

"If you would only try to be a little mean and hard hearted," said Mary, just a little, to begin with. You would only stoop to conquer, John—and you deserve to conquer."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

☞ **Worms! Worms!**—A great many learned treatises have been written, explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that, after all, a mode of expelling these worms, and purifying the body from their presence, is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to the origin. The expelling agent has at length been found—Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge is the much sought after specific, and has already superceded all other worm medicines, its efficacy being universally acknowledged by medical practitioners. As further proof, read the following from a lady—one of our own citizens:

NEW YORK, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with worms for more than a year. I was advised to use *M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge*. I took one bottle, which brought away about fifty worms; I commenced improving at once, and am now perfectly well. The public can learn my name, and further particulars, by applying to Mrs. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan Place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
aug13:1aw No. 60 Wood street, corner of Fourth.

Lungs! Lungs!!

Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, in a great majority of cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cannot fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr. Curtis' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. jel8:3w:1aw

POLITICAL.

☞ Please publish the following ticket, and oblige PHILO-CASSIUS.

SENATOR:
WILLIAM WILKINS, Peebles township.

ASSEMBLY:
HOPEWELL HEPBURN, City;
WILLIAM KERR, Upper St. Clair;
JAMES A GIBSON, Pine township;
JOHN H. McILHENNY, Jefferson township;
Dr. A. H. GROSS, Peebles township.

PROTHONOTARY:
JOHN BIRMINGHAM, Ohio township.

SHERIFF:
RODY PATTERSON, City.

TREASURER:
THOMAS BLACKMORE, Upper St. Clair.

CORONER:
WILLIAM ALEXANDER, City.

COMMISSIONER:
WILLIAM G. HAWKINS, Penn township.

AUDITOR:
JAMES B. FULTON, Tarentum.

☞ **To the Democracy and Qualified Voters of Allegheny County.**—Having been my name in the Pittsburgh Post and Union presented by some one as a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives at the coming October election, I feel grateful for the kindness of my friends deeming me a suitable person to fill a seat in the Legislative hall of the Keystone State—nevertheless, owing to my having solicited a number of the Democratic party to place me on their ticket for the office of Prothonotary, I feel compelled to decline a nomination by said Convention as a member of the Legislature; still asking my friends of the Democratic party a nomination for the office of Prothonotary.

JOHN H. McILHINNY,
aug16 of Jefferson Township.

☞ **MATTHEW HARRISON**, OF ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. jy24

☞ **JAMES ROBINSON**
OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,
WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

☞ **Sheriffalty.**—GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election. jy2:1awte

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Canton, Brait and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1.50 to $4,00.

MORGAN & CO.,
myl6 154 Wood street.

☞ **Before purchasing your Hat or Cap** to-day, call at 161 WOOD street, and examine our stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as LOW for CASH as any other house in the city can or will sell them.

MORGAN & CO.,
Next house to the new Presbyterian Church,
jy16 One door from Sixth street.

[Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia.]

RICHMOND, July 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Beers & Co.—Gents: Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great value of **Carter's Spanish Mixture**, for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula*.

POISON FROM INSECTS, REPTILES AND PLANTS

Are rendered quite harmless by rubbing in instantly a quantity of DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and after it has swollen, and livid spots are visible. Even then, like the vestal battery, it will directly attract, disolve, and metamorphose the poisoning influence. At the sting of bees and mosquito's, the instant it touches you the pain ceases! The bites of rabid animals also are speedily neutralized.

None genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
G. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 120 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & Co., New York. jy10:3aw2w

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is constantly turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 20. ap25

☞ **Just Received**, a superior lot of Lutcing, Forgoe and Grass COATS, which are desirable, and will be sold LOW FOR CASH, at

GRIBBLE'S,
jy4 No. 249 Liberty street, head of Wood.

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

THE FAST TRAIN leaves at 2 A. M., through to Cincinnati in 11 hours and 40 minutes.

MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains will make close connections at Crestline, and the fast line connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating thereby particulars see handbills. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.
Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, July 23, 1855 (jy23)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,

BEING THE

Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R.

TO FORT WAYNE,

THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN MILES FROM PITTSBURGH.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *without detention, with all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*, and also at Fort Wayne with Trains going North and South, on the Main River and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following points:

Fort Wayne,	Bellefontaine,	
Cincinnati,	Urbana,	
Dayton,	Springfield,	
Indianapolis,	Richmond,	
Tiffin,	Findlay.	

Persons desiring Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

jel J. R. STRAUGHAN, Supt.

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street.
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

my5 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

Pennsylvania Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $300,000.

INSURE Buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. S. Johnston,	Rody Patterson,	Jacob Painter,
A. A. Carrier,	W. M'Clintock,	Kennedy T. Friend,
James S. Negley,	W. S. Haven,	D. E. Park,
I. Orme Sproul,	Wade Hampton,	D. M. Long,
A. J. Jones,	J. H. Jones,	H. R. Coggshall,

OFFICERS:

President.....Hon. WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Vice President.....RODY PATTERSON.
Sec'y and Treasurer.A. A. CARRIER.
Assistant Secretary.S. S. CARRIER. [jy26:1y

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.

JAS. D. M'GILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,	
James S. Hoon,	John Fullerton,	
John M'Alpin,	Samuel M'Clurkan,	
William Phillips,	James W. Hallman,	
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,	
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,	
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,	
	Horatio N. Lee,	Kittanning. feb17

WILLIAMS & ALLEN,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ W. A. A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 45 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap16

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE of Pennsylvania, with Perpetual Charter.

FACULTY.

P. DUFF, President, (author of the "North American Accountant,") Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Science.

ANDREW T. HOWDEN, Assistant Professor of Book-Keeping.

CHARLES DUFF, Assistant Professor of Book-Keeping and Penmanship.

J. B. WILLIAMS, (the best off hand Penman in the United States,) Professor of Commercial and Ornamental Penmanship.

N. B. HATCH, Esq., of the Pittsburg's Bar, Professor of Mercantile Law and Political Economy.

P. HAYDEN, Principal of the Mathematical Department, Professor of Mathematics, &c.

F. L. APEL, Professor of the French and German languages.

The Commercial department of this institution has had the unremitting attention of the Principal for the last fifteen years. Upwards of 2000 students have been prepared by him for business. His "