glance. One point is, that Fort Leavenworth is the seat of Government, made so by the organic act: that a law passed anywhere else than at the seat of Government would be illegal.

That he had the right to call the Legislature to meet at a point not the seat of Government, (that is, Pawnee,) and that laws enacted there (though not the seat of Government) would be legal, thereby destroying the preceding proposition.

That we could have passed an act at Pawnee—though not the seat of Government, and therefore illegal—establishing a permanent seat of Government, and by an illegal adjournment—because passed at a point not the seat of Government—have met at such permanent seat of Government, and there have made legal and binding statutes; or, by the same illegal process, have adjourned to Fort Leavenworth, the seat of Government, and there have made legal and binding statutes.

We would respectfully represent that, if the above are the *honest* opinions of Gov. Reeder, you must admit his utter incompetency to discharge the high duties imposed upon him, and he should be removed. If they be *not* his honest opinions, then he is acting with the sinister design of defeating the whole object for which we are assembled.

If he believes that Fort Leavenworth is the seat of Government, and that laws passed anywhere else than at that point would be illegal and void, then to call us to Pawnee to legislate is a willful, deliberate and base attempt to render all our acts, of whatever character, wholly illegal and void; because, by his showing, Pawnee is not the seat of Government, and acts passed anywhere else than at the seat of Government are of necessity void, and for which he should be removed.

We will not proceed further with this, but will simply aver from the action of Congress, Fort Leavenworth is not now the temporary seat of Government. The bill provides in the 31st section, that Fort Leavenworth shall be the temporary seat of Government, and that such building as may not be needed for the use of the military, shall be used by the Governor and Legislative Assembly. A subsequent clause of an appropriation bill provides for the appropriation of twenty-five thousand dollars to be expended upon the contingency, or rather the appropriation made on the contingency, that the requisite buildings could not be obtained from the military or war department. That appropriation having been made and paid over, proved conclusively that the contingency mentioned has arisen, and that the buildings are refused. A subsequent appropriation made on the 31 of March, 1855, provides that the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be appropriated, and that, in addition to the amount already appropriated, shall be expended in making suitable buildings at the permanent seat of Government.

Now, if Fort Leavenworth is the seat of Government and the place for the legislature to meet and transact business, then this absurd consequence follows: that they must meet and transact business at Fort Leavenworth; that they shall not use any of the buildings already erected there, and that they shall not have any of the money to erect other buildings which could be occupied.

Now, as the law never contemplated an absurdity such as this, forcing a legislative assembly, even though composed of squatters, to meet out of doors, and forbid their erecting houses, we infer that the 31st section of the bill is virtually repealed; and having no seat of government created by the competent authority, the selection of the point for the temporary seat of government legitimately belongs to the legislative assembly, whenever and wherever convened. And we further submit that according to the spirit and letter of the law, we have that right, even if Fort Leavenworth be the seat of government.

We submit that, as all government is for the good of the governed, and as this is one of the legitimate subjects of legislation, vested in the people of every State in the Union; and as there could have been no intention on the part of the wise and good men who framed this bill, when they fixed the seat of government temporarily, to have done so other than for the comfort and convenience of the sovereigns; that they never intended to fix an arbitrary rule which the people could not alter, if found inconvenient; that it was more a *permission granted* by Congress that we might have the use of those buildings or sit at that point, than *command* that we *should not* select another point, if more desirable.

We will and do further represent that the position assumed by the Governor is a despotic and tyrannical one, calculated to lead to worse consequences if he is not forthwith removed.

Already threats in advance have been made that no respect would be shown to any act passed by this Legislative Assembly, whensoever it may remove such act or acts may be passed. Several papers in the Territory boldly advocate this position. A man professing to have been elected to the Legislature, (M. F. Conway,) who afterwards tendered his resignation, advocates this doctrine of resistance. The Governor is and has been on terms of intimacy with those very persons; and, with him as their leader, they may be led to the commission of acts which will inevitably result in wide-spread strife and bloodshed.

Now, we submit that the course pursued by the Governor is unwarrantable and factious, even if he is right in the opinion advanced, that our acts are illegal and void. The courts are the tribunals to decide this issue, and no man, Governor or private citizen, has a right to set the laws at defiance, even if unconstitutional and void, unless so decided by the proper courts.

This principle is so well understood that we are not prepared to imagine that Governor Reeder is ignorant of it, even taking his own argument as an index of his intelligence; and there must be a willful and base design to lead the less informed into the commission of treasonable acts, for which he should be removed.

In conclusion, we charge the Governor, A. H. Reeder, with wilful neglect of the interests of the Territory—with endeavoring, by all the means in his power, to subvert the ends and objects intended to be accomplished by the "Kansas and Nebraska bill"—by neglecting the public interests and making them subservient to private speculation; by aiding and encouraging persons in factious and treasonable opposition to the wishes of the majority of the citizens of the Territory, and the laws of the United States in force in said Territory; by encouraging persons to violate the laws of the United States, and set at defiance the commands of the General Government; by inciting persons to resist the laws which may be passed by the present Legislative Assembly of this Territory, and, finally, by a virtual dissolution of all connection with the present Legislative Assembly of this Territory.

For these and many other reasons we respectfully pray your Excellency to remove the said A. H. Reeder from the exercise of the functions now held by him in said Territory; and represent that a continuance of the same will be prejudicial to the best interests of the said Territory. And as in duty bound, we will ever pray, &c., &c.

THE AUTHOR OF "MARY LYNDON."—The editor of the Sandusky *Register* suspects Mrs. E. OAKES SMITH, of being the author of "Mary Lyndon," a novel lately published. We can assure the gentleman that he is entirely mistaken in his conjecture. We have it from good authority that Mrs. Oakes Smith did not write the book, and does not even endorse all the opinions advocated therein. Mrs. Mary Jane Nichols, formerly editor of a paper in Windham, Vermont, and one of the strong minded "old girls," is the author of the work in question.

☞ **Worms! Worms!**—A great many learned treatises have been written, explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that, after all, a mode of expelling these worms, and purifying the body from their presence, is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to the origin. The expelling agent has at length been found—Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge is the much sought after specific, and has already superceded all other worm medicines, its efficacy being universally acknowledged by medical practitioners.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
No. 56 Wood street, corner of Fourth.

aug6daw

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which he always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 20. apl25

☞ **Just Received,** a superior lot of Lutons, Ponges and Grass COATS, which are desirable, and will be sold low for CASH, at GRIBBLE'S,

No. 240 Liberty street, head of Wood.

j74

Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING.....AUGUST 9.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

ARNOLD PLUMER,

OF VENANGO COUNTY.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & Co., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill Orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ *Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the daily or weekly Post forwarded to them, can have it done regularly for any specified time, by leaving their orders and address at the office, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.*

The Democratic Committee of Correspondence, FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY,

Are requested to meet at the St. CHARLES HOTEL, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th August inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. B. GUTHRIE, *Chairman.*

The following gentlemen compose the Committee:

John Birmingham,	D. R. Williams,
Wm. Wilson,	A. Holcombe,
T. B. Patterson,	Thos. J. Keenan,
Thos. B. Hamilton,	J. Heldmann,
Henry Ingram,	James A. Irwin,
Harmes Ford,	Geo. F. Gillmore,
Wm. M. Porter,	John M. Irwin,
Thos. Farley,	Alex. Black,
Edmund Snowden,	John Mellon,
Dr. A. H. Gross,	Chas. Barnett,
F. H. Collier,	Francis Feltz,

Jacob M'Collister.

☞ Our friend B., of the *Chronicle*, is becoming facetious, in the way of getting up tickets. We are not ambitious in the matter of legislative honors. We've been *that*.

COMMITTEE MEETING.—The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence, it will be seen, is called to meet on the 15th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., at the St. Charles Hotel. Business of importance is to be transacted, and a full and punctual attendance is desirable. A "*test*" will be reported by the committee appointed for that purpose; and other matters will claim attention. It is hoped there will be a full meeting.

THE MEMORIAL.—We publish to day, as we promised, the memorial of the Kansas Legislature to the President, asking the removal of Gov. Reeder. Had it been truly a *Kansas* Legislature, elected by the people of Kansas, no such memorial probably would ever have been presented. But with the help of Missourians a Legislature was elected expressing the will of Missouri rather than Kansas. But we let them be heard for once, believing as much of their statements as we please. It is proper to remark, however, that the Governor was removed before this memorial reached the President.

It is probable that Gov. Reeder will come out in his own defence. If so, let him be heard too. Instead of *manufacturing* opinions for the people, and suppressing the facts for a political purpose, we choose to lay the facts and documents before them, and let all who choose to read form their own opinion of the matter. Is not that the fair way?

THE NEWS.

The Democracy of the Fifth Congressional District of Mississippi have nominated Gen. John A. Quitman, of Miss., as their candidate. He has accepted.

During a violent thunder storm on Saturday evening, the lightning struck the house of Mr. Smiley, of Dorchester, Mass., instantly killing Mrs. Smiley.

John Wilson, convicted of the murder of a fellow convict in the Massachusetts State Prison, is to be executed on the 5th October next, the Governor and Council having refused to commute his sentence to imprisonment for life.

Thurlow Weed is about to retire from the editorship of the Albany Evening Journal, and Samuel Wilkson, of the Buffalo Democracy, takes his place. The Democracy is to be discontinued.

On the 16th of July, the Omaha Indians attacked the combined forces of the Sioux, Cheyennes, Apaches, and Beaver Creek Indians. A serious conflict ensued, resulting in the defeat of the Sioux, &c. A number were killed and wounded. Longan Fontillue, the head chief of the Omahas, was slain.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Our Democratic fellow citizens will remember that on Saturday the 18th inst., the Democrats of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of this county, are to meet at their several and usual places, to elect from each election district two delegates to the County Convention which assembles at the Court House, on the following Wednesday. It is hoped that every democrat who regards the principles and the well-being of his party will turn out on this occasion and elect good, true and reliable democrats to this Convention. In the present state of political parties, democrats should be firm and active if they would maintain their present organization. We may win success if we act harmoniously, present good tickets for the suffrages of the people, and work zealously for our good old cause, and our ancient faith. A good, an unexceptionable ticket is especially wanted this year, and can be found if good and independent men come into the Convention. Our party has seen greater perils, and encountered equally violent opposition as the present, and by courage and earnest effort has overcome them all. We can do so again.

No aid or alliance is offered us, and none should be sought at the expense of principles or honor. We can do battle as heretofore; and with an unexceptionable ticket, can hope and labor for success.

It is hoped that none but democrats will be permitted to take part in the election of delegates. Let secret foes and open enemies be expelled from the primary meetings. We do not interfere with them. It is base and treacherous for them to seek to interfere with our party affairs. It is hoped they will not do so. Let all true democrats resolve to prevent it, and we can have a Convention worthy of our time-honored cause, and a ticket worthy of general support. Will the democrats respond to the call of the Committee and the call of duty, submitting to no dictation, and permitting no interference of those who seek to overthrow the great party that has been for half a century emphatically the party of the people and of the constitution?

Remember the 18th inst. is the time for the primary meetings. See call, for the hour of meeting.

HON. JOHN L. DAWSON AND THE KANSAS-NEBRASKA BILL.—The Detroit *Advertiser* of a late date contains the following, which it says was uttered by Hon. John L. Dawson, on board the steamer Illinois, while on a trip to Lake Superior:

"I now regret my vote upon the Nebraska bill; I consider that measure as of most injudicious policy for the Democratic party and the administration—as an act of gross injustice to the North, and of glaring bad faith on the part of the South."

This choice morceau has been copied far and wide by the opposition press, who imagined they had found a distinguished colored individual in a pile of fuel. There is, however, not one grain of truth in the story of the *Advertiser*. We have the very best authority for saying that the statement is false in general and false in detail. Will those newspapers which published the falsehood give the denial also? It would be no more than an act of justice to Mr. Dawson.

JUDGE KANE'S DECISION.—The *Journal* seems anxious to catch us wrong somewhere, and concludes to try us on the correctness of Judge Kane's decision in the Williamson case. We have said nothing about that decision as yet, except to publish the facts as a matter of news. If a party is guilty of a "contempt of Court" by making false answer or otherwise, he is liable to such punishment as the Court may impose. It is for the Court to judge of the facts and decide whether the offence is committed. Judge Kane did so decide, and sent the offender to prison. Had there been no question of slavery connected with this affair very little would have been said about it. But as it arose out of a slave rescue our abolition neighbors conclude to make a little political capital out of it, and hence this clamor about Judge Kane.

When one court imprisons a person for contempt it is not competent or proper for another court to take cognizance of the case and discharge him. Judge Lewis so decided, and unquestionably he was right. Were it otherwise no Court would have the power to compel true answers, or enforce its decrees and processes. Even the *Journal* seems to admit this. Yet it blazes away about the subserviency of Judges to the slave power! Vive la humbug.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A house on Chatham street, New York, occupied by Isaac Jacobs as a clothing store on the first floor and on the second and upper floors as his residence, was burned about ten o'clock on Monday evening. His wife and four children were asleep on the premises at the time. The two eldest of the children, Jacob and Matthew, were burned to a crisp; the others were taken out alive, though all more or less seriously burned—especially Mrs. Jacobs, who cannot, it is feared, recover from her injuries. The father, it is stated, was not about his premises during the fire, having left early in the evening for the upper part of the city, to attend the meeting of a society of which he is treasurer. A subsequent account, however, says: "Isaac Jacobs, in whose premises the fire originated, and whose children were lost, was arrested in Broadway about 11 o'clock last night, on suspicion of setting fire to his premises, and causing the loss of the lives of his two sons and the injury of the rest of his family. For the sake of our common humanity we hope he may prove an *alibi*.

REPUBLICAN PARTY.—The *Gazette* publishes a call for a Mass State Convention, to be held at Pittsburgh on the 5th of September. This is a State movement for a Republican party.

The *Gazette* also declares that this party is not to be an *Abolition* party, but merely opposed to the *extension* of slavery over new territory. The American meeting in this city was designed to head off this Republican movement by giving a few speakers a chance to prove that the Know Nothings were better Abolitionists than those who proposed to form a Republican party. Such desperate bidding for the anti-slavery folks was never seen before. Formerly the *Gazette* has been thoroughly anti-slavery in sentiment, while the *Journal* affected conservatism. Now the *Journal* is rabid on the slavery question, and rejoices when an abolition mob murders an officer of the law, while the *Gazette* "squares off" on to conservative ground. Both, however, can talk bravely about "Dougfacism" Pshaw!

Declines the Governorship of Kansas.

Hon. Jno. L. Dawson passed through here yesterday, on his way home, after an absence of several weeks. His appointment, which was entirely unsolicited and unexpected, was first made known to him while traveling homeward.

Highly as we know the compliment to be held, yet Mr. Dawson has no wish to change his citizenship. He intends to stick to the flag of our good old Commonwealth, and will not exchange for that of any other State or Territory. He therefore declines the appointment.

SPIRITUALISM.—Our friend "R. C. P." of the *Dispatch*, relates some startling "experiences" on Spiritualism, and comes to the conclusion that mesmerism and humbug cannot explain it. We refer him to Mr. Spencer; and in the mean time advise him to keep cool.

(For the Pittsburgh Post.)

BODY PATTERSON AND THE SHERIFFALTY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST *Sir*—I do not know that Rody Patterson wishes for, or will accept the nomination for the Sheriffalty of Allegheny County, at the ensuing October election, but I *do* know that if he wishes it, or will accept of it, he is justly and fairly entitled to it—and for the reason that he has been the pack horse, the carriage horse, the livery stable horse, the express horse, and the full team (if required) of the Democratic party for the last twenty years; in helping candidates, in expressing news, and in contributing his full proportion, independently of all this, of the expenses of our general elections! Many know and acknowledge this to be the fact, and yet, like an editor of a political journal, his services are considered *too important* in this department to be served himself—*because* his services are so essential to that of other people, and because he is so useful as a party drudge!

The truth is, that, like an editor of a partizan newspaper, who prints and puffs tickets *gratis* for the nominees of his party, his services are considered too essential to admit of his receiving any favor from the party, or from those who aspire to the honors of a nomination for a general or a county office.

If any man in Allegheny County is justly entitled to the nomination for the Sheriffalty, from the Democratic party, it is RODY PATTERSON!

ONE WHO KNOWS.

(For the Pittsburgh Post.)

MESSRS. EDITORS:—We do not understand why the Pittsburgh Gas Company will persist in forcing their customers to travel from one to two miles to pay bills, or obtain information. There is no apparent necessity in keeping their office attached to their works. It is extremely inconvenient, and have no doubt is a serious drawback upon the interests of the Company. Will you, Mr. Editor, be kind enough to stir the matter up.

CONSUMERS.

REMARKS.

We would merely remark to our correspondent that upon inquiring about the matter we were informed that several propositions are now in the hands of the Company, at their suggestion, for offices in a central part of the city. Say Smithfield, between Fourth and Sixth streets, or on Fifth street. We are glad the Company appreciate the distresses of those who have to "trudge" all the way to the gas works, and hope the increased receipts of the Company may confirm their wisdom in selecting a down town office, and enable the great coal city to enjoy gas at the rate of one dollar per thousand feet.

(For the Pittsburgh Post.)

EDITORS OF POST: The friends of Mr. James A. Irwin, of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will urge his nomination, by the Democratic Convention, for the office of Coroner. Mr. Irwin is well known in city and country as a sound Democrat and an excellent citizen. He has many personal friends in all parties who would be glad to vote for him for that office. His name would give strength to the ticket. He has never sought office. Let the office seek him this time, and it cannot find a better or more unexceptionable man.

UPPER ST. CLAIR.

August 8, 1855.

We have plenty of materials out of which to form an excellent ticket this year, and we would like to see Mr. Irwin's name on it somewhere. He would poll a large vote—would probably carry the whole Democratic strength, and a good deal more.

[From the Louisville Courier, Tuesday.]

THE ELECTION RIOTS.

BLOODY WORK.

MURDER AND ARSON.

TWENTY MEN KILLED!

We passed, yesterday, through the forms of an election. As provided for by statute, the polls were opened, and privilege granted to such as were "right upon the goose," with a few exceptions, to exercise their elective franchise. Never, perhaps, was a greater farce, or as we should term it tragedy, enacted. Hundreds and thousands were deterred from voting by direct acts of intimidation, others through fear of consequences, and a multitude from the lack of proper facilities. The city, indeed, was, during the day, in possession of an armed mob, the base passions of which were infuriated to the highest pitch by the incendiary appeals of the newspaper organ and the popular leaders of the Know Nothing party.

On Sunday night, large detachments of men were sent to the First and Second Wards to see that the polls were properly opened. These men, the "American Executive Committee" supplied with the requisite *refreshments*, and as may be imagined they were in very fit condition to see that the rights of freemen were respected. Indeed, they discharged the important trusts committed to them in such manner as to commend them forever to the admiration of outlaws! They opened the polls; they provided ways and means for their own party to vote; they bluffed and bullied all who could not show the sign; they in fact converted the election into a perfect farce, without one redeeming or qualifying phase.

We do not know when or how their plan of operations was devised. Indeed we do not care to know when such a system of outrage—such perfidy—such dastardy—was conceived. We only blush for Kentucky that her soil was the scene of such outrage, and that some of her sons were participants in the nefarious swindle.

It would be impossible to state when or how this riot commenced. By day break the polls were taken possession of by the American party, and in pursuance of their preconcerted game, they used every stratagem or device to hinder the vote of every man who could not manifest to the "guardians of the polls" his soundness on the Know Nothing question. We were personally witness to the procedure of the party in certain Wards, and of these we feel authorized to speak. At the Seventh Ward we discovered that for three hours in the forenoon in the morning for those not "posted" to vote, without the greatest difficulty. In the Sixth Ward a party of bullies were masters of the polls. We saw two foreigners driven from the polls, forced to run a gauntlet, beat unmercifully, stoned and stabbed. In the case of one fellow the Hon. Wm. Thomasson, formerly a member of Congress from this district, interfered, and while appealing to the maddened crowd to cease their acts of disorder and violence Mr. Thomasson was struck from behind and beat. His gray hairs, his long public service, his manly presence, and his thorough Americanism, availed nothing with the crazed mob. Other and serious fights occurred in the Sixth Ward, of which we have no time to make mention now.

The more serious and disgraceful disturbance occurred in the upper Wards. The vote cast was but a partial one, and nearly all together on one side. No show was given to the friends of Preston, who were likely to win the majority, but who in the face of cannon, muskets and revolvers, could not, being an unarmed and quiet populace confront the mad mob. So the vote was cast one way, and the result stands before the public. In the morning, as we state elsewhere, George Berg, a carpenter living on the corner of Ninth and Market, was killed near Hancock street. A German named Fritz, formerly a partner at the Galt House, was severely if not fatally beaten.

In the afternoon a general row occurred on Shelby street, extending from Main to Broadway. We are unable to ascertain the facts connecting the disturbance. Some fourteen or fifteen men were shot, including officer Williams, Joe Selvage, and others. Two or three were killed, and a number of houses, chiefly German coffee houses, broken into and pillaged. About 4 o'clock, when the vast crowd, augmented by accessions from every part of the city, and armed with shot guns, muskets and rifles, were proceeding to attack the Catholic church on Shelby street, Mayor Carlisc arrested them with a speech, and the mob returned to the First Ward polls. Presently a large party with a piece of brass ordnance, followed by a number of men and boys with muskets. In an hour afterwards the large brewery on Jefferson street, near the junction of Green, was set fire to.

In the lower part of the city, the disturbances were characterized by a greater degree of bloody work. Late in the afternoon three Irishmen going down Main street, near Eleventh, were attacked, and one knocked down. This caused a terrible scene, the Irish being from the windows of their houses, on Main street, repeated volleys. Mr. Rides, a river man, was shot and killed by one in the upper story, and a Mr Graham met with a similar fate. An Irishman who discharged a pistol at the back of a man's head was shot and then hung. He, however, survived both punishments. James Hudson, a carpenter, was shot dead during the fracas.

After dusk, a row of frame houses on Main street between Tenth and Eleventh, the property of Mr. Quinn, a well known Irishman, were set on fire. The flames extended across the street and twelve buildings were destroyed. These houses were chiefly tenanted by Irish, and upon any of the tenants venturing out to escape the flames, they were immediately shot down. No idea could be formed of the number killed. We are advised that *five men were roasted to death*, having been so badly wounded by gun shot wounds that they could not escape from the burning buildings.

Of all the enormities and outrages committed by the American party yesterday and last night, we have not time now to write. The mob having satisfied its appetite for blood, repaired to Third street, and until midnight made demonstrations against the "Times" and "Democrat" offices. The furious crowd satisfied itself, however, with breaking a few window panes, and burning the sign of the Times office. At one o'clock this morning a large fire is raging in the upper part of the city.

Upon the proceedings of yesterday and last night we have no time nor heart now to comment. We are sickened with the very thought of the men murdered, and houses burned and pillaged, that actualized the American victory yesterday. Not less than twenty corpses form the trophies of this wonderful achievement.

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

THE FAST TRAIN leaves at 2 A. M. through to Cincinnati in 12 hours and 40 minutes.

MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all make close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via. Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via. Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there. For particulars see handbills. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5:15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.

Or, at the Federal Street Station, to

GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

(j7p24)

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1855.

[Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia.]

RICHMOND, July 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Berry & Co.—Gents: Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great efficacy of **Carter's Spanish Mixture**, for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula*.

Without being disposed or deeming it necessary to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by the use of that medicine on a member of my own family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the best physicians had been exhausted, and all the usual remedies had failed, fully justify me in recommending its use to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same relief in all cases; for, of course, I can know nothing about that—but from what I have seen of the effects, I would not hesitate to use it, in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exercise influence or control.

Respectfully yours,

JNO. M. BOTTS.

j7y24

Lungs! Lungs!!

Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, in a great majority cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cannot fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr. Curtis' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article.

jelp:3wdaw

POLITICAL.

☞ Please publish the following ticket, and oblige

PIMLO CASSIUS.

SENATOR:
WILLIAM WILKINS, Peebles township.

ASSEMBLY:
HOPEWELL HEPBURN, City;
WILLIAM KERR, Upper St. Clair;
JAMES A. GIBSON, Pine township;
JOHN H. McILHENNY, Jefferson township;
Dr. A. H. GROSS, Peebles township.

PROTHONOTARY:
JOHN BIRMINGHAM, Ohio township.

SHERIFF:
RODY PATTERSON, City.

TREASURER:
THOMAS BLACKMORE, Upper St. Clair.

CORONER:
WILLIAM ALEXANDER, City.

COMMISSIONER:
WILLIAM G. HAWKINS, Penn township.

AUDITOR:
JAMES B. FULTON, Tarentum.

☞ **To the Democracy and Qualified Voters of Allegheny County.**—Having seen my name in the Pittsburgh Post and Union presented by some one as a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives at the coming October election, I feel grateful to the kindness of my friends desiring me a suitable person to fill a seat in the Legislative hall of the Keystone State—nevertheless, owing to my having solicited a number of the Democratic party, to place me on their ticket for the office of Prothonotary, I feel compelled to decline a nomination by said Convention as a member of the Legislature: still asking my friends of the Democratic party a nomination for the office of Prothonotary.

JOHN H. McILHENNY,
of Jefferson Township.

aug7te

☞ **MATTHEW HARRISON,** OF ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. j7p24

☞ **JAMES ROBINSON,**
OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,
WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

☞ **Sheriffalty.**—GEORGE H. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election. jy2dawte

☞ **Meeting.**—There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Sharpsburg Bridge Company on THURSDAY, August 9th, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Bank Exchange, Third street.

Business of importance will be laid before the meeting. A general attendance is specially requested.

By order of the Board.

H. MINER & CO.,
No. 12 Smithfield st.

aug8:2t

☞ **Grand Pic Nic.**

A GRAND PIC NIC will come off on THURSDAY, August 9th, at McKEE'S ROCKS, for the benefit of St. James' Church, Temperanceville. A splendid Dinner will be served up on the occasion.

A Ferry Boat, comfortably fitted up, will run every half hour from the foot of Penn street to the Pic Nic grounds. One of our best city Bands will be in attendance.

☞ **Before purchasing your Hat or Cap** to-day, call at 101 WOOD street, and examine our stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as LOW for CASH as any other house in the city can or will sell them.

MORGAN & CO.,
Next house to the new Presbyterian Church,
One door from Sixth street.

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Canton, Brazil and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1.50 to $4.00. MORGAN & CO.,
104 Wood street.

☞ **Mortification,** the instant a plaster is applied, must vanish, and relief be given by DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR'S galvanic effects, and except the parts are decomposed, they will soon be restored to their natural color; but if so, the contagious influence will be neutralized and healed, for mortification cannot proceed wherever the salve is laid on, and new flesh will certainly be generated.

DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, SALVE AND PLASTER

Are rendered quite harmless by rubbing in instantly a quantity of DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and after it has swollen, and livid spots are visible. Even then, like the voltaic battery, it will directly attract, dissolve, and neutralize the poisoning influence. At the sting of musquitoes and mosquitoes, the instant it touches you the pain ceases. The bites of rabid animals also are speedily neutralized.

None genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 110 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & CO., New York. jy10dawly

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—WM BAGALEY, President;
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 64 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Lower Damage by Fire.

Also—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

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Isaac N. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Hazlehurst,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William P. Hoge.

John Shipton. de21

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.

Jas. B. Mullin, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

Also, against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea, Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Premiums taken at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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feb17

EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY

OF PITTSBURGH.

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WILL INSURE AGAINST ALL KINDS

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☞ All loses sustained by parties insured under policies issued by this Company will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid at its Office, No. 99 WATER street. [jy21

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street,
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
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TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

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Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO.,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,

At No. 70 Smithfield street,

In WEYMAN'S BUILDINGS, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all description of children's wear.

Terms strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited. [my28m

Pennsylvania Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $300,000.

☞ Insures Buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation

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Vice President.....RODY PATTERSON.
Sec'y and Treasurer.A. A. CARRIER.
Assistant Secretary.S. S. CARRIER. [je23:1y

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Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

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For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 25 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. apl0

ARTHUR'S PATENT

Self-sealing Cans

For Preserving Fresh Fruits, Tomatoes, &c.,

BY HERMETICAL SEALING.

THESE CANS, which are sealed by the Housekeeper without the aid of a tinner, and opened easily without injury to the can, are rapidly coming into general use. Full directions for putting up fruit accompany the cans; and the work is so easily performed, that by their use every family may have fresh Fruit and Tomatoes on their table all winter, at summer prices.

PRICES.—Pint Cans, $2; Quart, $2.50; Half Gallon, $3.50; Three Quarts, $4.25; Gallon, $5 per dozen. The different sizes nest, in order to secure economy in transportation.

ARTHUR'S CAN, which is closed with a lid cov