Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING:.....AUGUST 4

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

ARNOLD PLUMER,

OF VENANGO COUNTY.

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MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Billheads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ *Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the daily or weekly Post forwarded to them, can have it done regularly for any specified time, by leaving their orders and address at the office, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.*

NOTICE TO POSTMASTERS, &c.

Postmasters and other friends in this and the adjoining counties would confer a favor upon us by sending to the office of the *Post* any local events happening immediately upon their occurrence. It is not necessary for them to be written sufficiently careful for publication; what we want is *all* the facts in each case. A responsible name should accompany each communication.

THREE PARTIES.

There is a fair prospect now that throughout the Northern States there will be three parties in the field—even for the Fall elections. Things are now rapidly shaping themselves for such a recult. In Ohio it was supposed that there would be but two parties—the Democratic and the Republican. But the nomination of Chase was a perfect slaughter of the K. N's, and the great body of them seem resolved to abide by their own standard, and have a ticket of their own. On the 18th of this month they hold a State Convention to nominate such a ticket. From all parts of the State we have evidence that they are thoroughly in earnest, and that the American party and its principles will not be surrendered. The anti-slavery sentiment is not the only one at work in Ohio outside the ranks of the Democracy; yet the Convention that nominated Chase for Governor announced no other principle. It was the only plank in its platform. It is quite evident, then, that in Ohio, even for the Fall election, there will be three parties to the contest: the Democratic, the American, and the Republican. The Republican is the anti slavery party, and will in that State be a strong one. The strength of the American party will be reduced by the formation of the Republican party. But a vast body of voters will still adhere to the American order, and form a powerful party. So large a party as that was last year in Ohio cannot be sold in a day to Chase or Seward, or any other clique of aspiring politicians. There will be three parties in Ohio, and doubtless the same in Indiana and Illinois. There are thousands of Whigs in all those States who will not consent to become abolitionists—and there are thousands of those who were originally Democrats who will spurn the attempt to transfer them so soon to the ranks of abolitionism. The process is too speedy, and success unattainable. Outside of the Democratic party, in the States we have named, all is yet chonge, commotion, combination, secession, fusion and confusion. But out of the chaotic and giant mass definite formations are beginning to appear; and it is evident that an American party and a Republican party will be the result.

In New York some six or seven political State Conventions are called. But it is well understood that there will not be as many tickets nominated for the November election. An American ticket will be nominated of course; a Republican ticket is equally certain; and a Democratic ticket of course. All other factions and elements must at length be absorbed in these three great leading parties. In the New England States the anti-slavery sentiment may be too strong for Know Nothingism, but an American party will be found there distinct from the Republican, and embracing in its ranks a large body of voters. The Democracy there will never disband, and its hosts are still "unterrified."

In Pennsylvania we all see that the result of present movements must be a Republican party and an American party. This is apparent in Allegheny county now. The movement in behalf of a Republican party, we understand, is attended with considerable success already; and a call for a county convention will probably appear on the 7th or 8th inst. The *Gazette*, the organ of the movement in this county, says in its issue of the 4th inst:

"The Republican movement in every direction goes on cheerily. The Republican organization will be general in all the northern States."

To "oppose the aggressions of slavery" it is not necessary to join that organization. The Know Nothings as a party are now pledged to such opposition; but they are also pledged to other principles and purposes which the *Gazette* and its Republican friends condemn and denounce, so the *Gazette* admits there can be no fusion with them. Here is what it says of the Know Nothings:

"They are pledged to a mode of action, and to a platform of principles, which insuperably prevents Anti-Nebraska Whigs, Democrats and Free Soilers, who are opposed to secret political parties and to proscriptive Nativism, from uniting with them."

So there must be two distinct parties in this county, and throughout the State, against whom the Democratic party must contend.

Such, from present indications, will be the shape of the contest this fall, and of the Presidential race in 1856. We see no possibility of any other result unless the K. N's succumb; disband their order entirely, and submit to control of the anti-slavery party. This they will never do, and *can* never do without great loss. Thousands of the rank and file will consent to no such transfer, and such an *abolitionizing* process. They joined the new party for other purposes, and will leave it when those purposes are abandoned. They can oppose "slavery extension," if such is their inclination, without becoming fanatical, and arraying themselves in an organization that, if successful, must inevitably result in a dissolution of the Union. But there are thousands in the new party throughout the State with whom the anti slavery sentiment is stronger than all other political purposes, and they will leave the ranks of the K. N's for the more congenial fellowship of the anti-slavery party, which is to be rendered more attractive under the ill-fitting name of *Republican*.

Now, under such circumstances the duty of Democracy is perfectly apparent. We must abide by our principles and organization; seek no "entangling alliances;" abandon no long cherished measure of public policy; and "fight on and fight ever" for the good old cause of Democracy, liberty and the Union. It is the only *national* party, and the only party now existing whose principles are as broad as our wide-spreading Union. Conservative, yet progressive, its position and its mission is to preserve the integrity of the great republic; develope as it has done for half a century its vast resources of power and wealth; and determine its glorious destinies.

ONE OF THE FRUITS.—A boy in one of the London ragged schools, who had shown a great tact for acquiring languages, has been sent to the Crimea as interpreter, and frequently had the honor of dining with Lord Raglan.

(From the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

Cassius and Fusion.

Messrs Editors—A discussion at the present time as to the propriety and policy of a "fusion ticket" this fall, in opposition to Know Nothingism, would be entirely unpolitic and supervious. Such a ticket cannot be formed. The Gazette, some weeks ago, announced its determination to support no fusion ticket, unless Democrats abandoned certain articles of their political faith. You, Messrs. Editors, very promptly replied that such abandonment was entirely out of the question. Since the time these declarations were made no sensible man has entertained the remotest idea of a fusion organization. The Democratic party, will therefore have to encounter the secret party single handed, no matter how the contest may terminate.

But notwithstanding the absolute certainty of their being no fusion, there is a valiant old gentleman edifying the readers of the Post with communications against it. He assumes himself by assuming a variety of names, to be a special bitterness; but the "rear marks" protrude sufficiently to enable us to distinguish him in every line. This nervous personage is so earnest in his efforts to prevent fusion, as if there were probability of its taking place. As long as there was probability, he remained quiet; but now that there is none whatever, he gallantly sallies forth and strikes at nothing.

In yesterday's Post, this distinguished patriot and jurist appeared over the old and familiar signature of "Cassius." His communication assumed the important appearance of an address to "The Democratic Citizens of Allegheny County;" and in order to add to the magnitude of the undertaking, the editor assured us that "Cassius" was "an old and thorough-going Democrat," "true and tried!" The address, as usual with Cassius, was as earnest in opposition to fusion, as if he was rallying the party to encounter a legion of armed foes. The writer evidently has a fusion crotchet in his head; he is delirious, wasting his failing energies upon that which has no existence save in his heated imagination. This fighting of wind mills, this destruction of "unreal substances," this sanguinary combating of "bodless creations," this silly imitation of "Don Quixote," may be very fine amusement for "old Cassius;" but let me in all candor assure him that he has no idea of what he is writing about, and that every line he indites proclaims its author a fiery, petulant old man. This Cassius, "of a lean and hungry look," is evidently impelled with the belief of his being a very astonishing individual. Some one has told him of his being good upon the stump and he has concluded that he is mighty with the pen. His vanity has been flattered (old as he is) by rough gamblers and bullies, who endeavor to control political movements for themselves, but who are compelled to resort to an attorney to put their base plans and suggestions in shape for publication. The old gentleman then have selected, adroitly suits their purposes. He is talented out rickety, inconsistent and vexatious, and one whose peculiar temperament fits him to be the dupe of knaves.

The only charge in Cassius' communication which is the least annoys me, is that which charges us who were favorable to fusion, with being actuated by selfish motives. Cassius should not be so insolent in his remarks about men whose lives have been as free from baseness as his own. He should remember, too, that some of those on whom he alludes have given some time and attention to him and his interest without receiving, or expecting, anything in return. One who has been so notorious an office-seeker, and Ex-holder, as Cassius, should not be too impudent—even anonymously—and he should not forget that last winter, he himself was *one of the first* to sign a call in favor of Mr. Volz' name a candidate for the Mayoralty. The very men, too, who now have the unblushing effrontery to insure Cassius' opposition to fusion, were themselves favorable to it until they ascertained that it was not to be carried the nominations. Cassius will understand from this, that he has been used to help along the schemes of a few disappointed Democrats, who are for office, or anything else that will suit their purpose.

This Cassius, although unfortunate in the way of appointments, has never been slow to receive anything from the people. He has frequently run, and was always not only beaten, but invariably behind his ticket. This, I apprehend, accounts for his opposition to fusion—having suffered in the case of a straight ticket he is determined that others shall suffer too. He should remember however, that though the people could not swallow his presentations, the Government has not, and that at the present time he is enjoying the luxury of a snug place, which he manfully earns by making himself as politicans usually do, a nuisance. This Cassius, like the Roman Coriolanus of the same name has frequently exhibited "an itching palm," has been a constant and a vigorous call on Government for twenty five years at least, and it is immodest in such a man to charge those who are free from the base appetites of professional office seeking, with being governed in their conduct by other than honorable motives. BRUTUS.

[COMMUNICATED.]

TO THE EDITORS OF THE POST:

Gentlemen—Will you do me and your readers the favor to publish the enclosed article from the *Union* of Saturday, indicating as it does, the good sense equally with the good taste of its author. As "Brutus" thinks he has been able to discover the author of "Cassius" by the *ears*, so not to be behind hand with him in compliments, I think I may safely say the authorship of "Brutus" may be readily detected by his *braying*. Above is his article from the *Union* of Saturday last.

Cassius pleads guilty to the charge of being old, rickety and nervous, but as this state of things is the result of time and constitution, and not of any greater degree of indiscretion than is usual with persons of his era he is well content to consider the offence of being an old man as one that the Democratic party, whose battles he has fought for forty years, will not consider as absolutely indefensible.

But badinage apart; I am glad to find I have been only fighting wind mills, and that those who were in favor of fusion have abandoned it altogether. It is now alleged by Brutus that a fusion ticket cannot be formed. Brutus has the following suggestions upon the subject, that are worthy of consideration "The *Gazette* some weeks ago announced its determination to support no fusion ticket unless Democrats abandon certain articles of their political faith. You, Messrs Editor, very promptly replied that such abandonment was out of the question. Since the time these declarations were made, no man has entertained the remotest idea of a fusion organization"

This, however, is a most extraordinary admission; it is no less than that the editors of the *Union* proposed to surrender the Democratic party to their enemies upon certain conditions, which the *Gazette*, the organ of the Whigs, refused, and that thereupon fusion was abandoned. I will not stop to enquire who gave the authority of the Democratic party to the editor of the *Union* I am too well content that they have abandoned fusion The public will be perfectly willing to act upon the authority of Brutus, upon this subject, and if the declaration had been made on behalf of the fusionists in terms equally broad, the quixotic imagination of Cassius would have been saved a useless exertion. What led to this erroneous impression upon this subject, was this: that one of the editors of the *Union*, since the "very prompt reply to the *Gazette*," at a meeting of the Committee of Correspondence, opposed himself very vigorously to a call of the County County Convention, and insisted upon it, that the nominations ought to be intrusted to the Committee appointed for the purpose by Mr. F ley; and there was a strong suspicion entertained that the object of such nomination was fusion. Another matter likewise was not understood; it was not known until asserted in the annexed article of Brutus that the editor of the *Union* had the authority to contravene the action of the fusionists; that they were the lever that could at any time veto the action of the fusionists, or otherwise, as they might deem fit; in other words that the management of the Democratic party had fallen into their hands, and that they were at liberty to propound to the *Gazette* the terms of fusion, or to reply to it that an abandonment of certain principles was entirely out of the question. We are now fully informed upon the subject by Brutus, the publication of whose article without comment, is a direct sanction of his assertion. Cassius and the public will be, however, glad to learn that a project so decidedly at war with every Democratic element, is abandoned by its authors, and the declaration of the editor of the *Union* upon the subject is to be considered as a proclamation to the fusionists to lay down their arms, and no longer to oppose the old-fashioned party organization. Let "bygones be bygones," and let us all unite upon a Democratic ticket, face the enemy, and if we fall let our wounds be all before. CASSIUS.

Irish Remittances from America.

(From the Cork Examiner.)

If the emigration drain from Ireland to the United States is being gradually diminished, as no doubt it is, the influx into Ireland of American money, earned by Irish hands, is steadily on the increase. Just take a few figures in illustration of this statement. The number who left Ireland for all parts of the States, British Americas, and Australia, in the year 1853, was 192 709, whereas the number who left Ireland in 1854 did not exceed 150,209. Of these 111,095 emigrated to the United States, 22 909 to British America, and 16,208 to Australia. In 1853 the amount of money sent home by Irish emigrants to their relatives in Ireland, for payment of passages as well as for various other purposes, was £1,489,000; but in 1854 that amount, vast and wonderful as it was, was far exceeded, it having reached to £1 780,000, or nearly £300,000 over what it was the previous year. In the history of the world there is nothing like this amazing proof of the strength and intensity of the feeling of affection and family attachment which has ever distinguished and adorned the columniated Irish race.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—On Monday last, a young lady named McCracken, residing near Jacktown, Greene county, Pa., was struck dead by lightning, while standing in the house, near the fire-place.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Major General Todtleben, the engineer and hero of Sebastopol, has been wounded by a bullet through the calf of his leg; but it does not prevent his superintending the defence as usual.

A despatch from Sebastopol says that the Russian garrison have repaired all damage to their defensive works, and have prepared new means to defend them stoutly.

An Englishman writing from Kertch represents the conduct of the English, French and Turks after the capture of that place as most barbarous and base. Costly furniture was everywhere destroyed, books burned, houses defaced, windows broken, women violated; all food that could not be eaten was destroyed; the museum, that contained the largest collection of curiosities in the world, was utterly destroyed. Even the dumb beasts of the place were slaughtered.

The Austrian government has issued an address to the German Diet declaring that it was not bound to engage in active hostilities on the side of the Allies, and will not. The Allies, it says, demanded too much at the Vienna Conference.

Two British vessels of war visited Lovisa, a Russian port in the Baltic, and the crews landed and destroyed the government stores. The fire kindled reduced the whole town to ashes. No resistance was made by the Russians, yet their town was utterly destroyed. The English commander of the expedition tries to represent the fire as accidental.

According to the last accounts the Russian army in the Crimea will soon number 280,000 men.

AFFAIRS IN ST. PETERSBURGH—HEALTH OF THE CZAR.

[From the London Daily News.]

ST. PETERSBURGH, Saturday, July 7.

Among the Russian officers wounded on the 18th of June, at Sebastopol, is Major General Todtleben, who was badly injured by a rifle ball in the calf of his leg. This is the officer who planned and executed the defences of Sebastopol. He is the scion of a German family long resident at Riga, and this foreign origin is perhaps the reason of his not being popular in Russia, combined with jealousy at his great talents and rapid promotion. He was a great favorite of the late Emperor, and appears to be also in favor with the present Czar, who has just granted him the distinction of having his name engraved on the marble tablet in the dining saloon of the Military Academy (where he was educated,) on which are inscribed the names of those pupils who, in later life, distinguish themselves by their talents or courage in the field. Last Autumn, before the commencement of the siege of Sebastopol, Todtleben was only a simple Captain of Engineers.

This city is now almost denuded of regular troops, whose place is filled up either by little boys from the Military Academy, or else by the half uniformed corps of the lately organized militia.

There is no truth in the report circulated by foreign papers that the Czar is in a decline and not likely to live long. It is true that he is not of so robust a constitution as his late father, but there is nothing in his health or appearance to indicate consumption, or the existence of any other chronic disease.

THE ARMY OF RUSSIA.

The London *Press*, (weekly,) of July 14, publishes the following, with the remark that it comes from a high authority at Berlin:

BERLIN, July 10, 1855.

I hasten to communicate to you the important intelligence that the Prussian Government have received positive information from St. Petersburg that *the effective army of Russia amounts, at the present time to 650 000 men.* Of this force, it is ascertained that there are 140 000 in the Crimea, and that already Gen Luders and Gen Gorchakoff—the former with 80 000, the latter with 60 000—are advancing to the relief of the garrison of Sebastopol by forced marches. The knowledge of these facts, proceeding from an authentic source, has produced a great sensation here. It cannot be doubted that Russia is straining every nerve to secure the active cooperation of Prussia by an imposing display of strength. Nor can it be a matter of surprise that the intelligence I have here conveyed to you should have great weight in her councils.

RUSSIAN OBITUARY.

A letter writer says: On Saturday last, a chivalrous incident occurred on the part of the enemy, which deserves acknowledging mention. About noon, a flag of truce was hoisted from Fort Constantine, and a boat sent out under it to the Royal Albert, carrying the swords of Sir John Campbell and Colonel Yea, who were killed in the attack on the Redan. On the day of that affair, the bodies of both of these officers were treated with considerable respect by the Russian soldiers during the process of riding, nothing being taken from their persons but their money papers and arms—the last of which were now restored in the spirit of delicate chivalry I have mentioned. I am a little disposed to exaggerate Russian beauties of character as can be any of your readers; but even towards an enemy, justice compels some tribute of praise for what is in itself graceful or meritorious. Poor Yea was well known to many officers in the garrison; and during more than one flag of truce for the burial of our own and the Russian dead, interchanged sentiments of generous appreciation which elicited many a friendly expression in return.

THE NEWS.

The election returns from North Carolina and Tennessee look a little both ways.

The arrivals at Saratoga Springs were 2,165 in a single week.

The amount of money sent to Ireland from the United States in 1854 was £1,780 000, or nearly eight million dollars, which is one million and a half more than in 1853

Accounts from Naples record continual arrests there, for what are called political crimes, and some have been made even for comments on eastern news reported in the official journal.

The English engineers spent ten days in erecting an eight-gun battery, in order to oppose a small Russian work of six guns near the Redan. When finished, it was found to be several feet too low to command the irregularities of the intervening ground.

Lyford C. Hill, of Gilmanton, N. H., the father of the little girl who it is pretended is charmed with a black snake, having been driven out of Boston, has been taken in charge by Barnum. The little girl and big snake are in New York, and will shortly be exhibited.

Emigration from foreign countries has fallen off for the first seven months of 1855, as compared with the same time last year, 88,000. Thus in 1854 the immigrant arrivals numbered 170,000, while in 1855 they had fallen off to 82,000.

An American Congress of Dentists assembled in Philadelphia on Thursday last, and delegates are in attendance from nearly every State. The sessions thus far have been private, and devoted to business mainly, but the future sessions will be open to the public. Among the subjects offered for discussion is the propriety of administering chloroform to patients.

Missouri Coming to her Senses.

(From the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian.)

A law and order meeting was held recently by the people of Ray county, Mo. At this meeting the citizens, while denouncing "Abolitionism in its true meaning," declared it to be their intention of abiding by the laws of the State of Missouri and the United States, having the utmost confidence in their sufficiency to protect them in their rights. They declared, also, that they were opposed "to all mobs to drive men either to religious or political measures." A resolution was also adopted, to support no man for public office who had in any way proved himself in favor of mobs. There seems to be a reactionary movement taking place in Missouri, of which this meeting is thus far the most favorable indication we have seen.

(From the St Louis Democrat, August 1.)

The Franking Privilege.

We were quite forcibly struck, yesterday morning, in passing the Post Office, with the beauties of the franking privilege, and could not repress a smile of satisfaction at the enterprise of certain of our representatives at Washington, as we beheld *eight* immense bags of mail matter lying at the door, weighing about *twelve hundred pounds*, all labeled "Free—Henry S. Geyer."

It was privately stated to us that the balance of Mr. Geyer's shipment, consisting of a *pair of French bedsteads, with bedding to match*, had just been taken inside the Post Office door. Whether these latter came by *letter* or not, we cannot say.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence assembled at the St. Charles Hotel, on Saturday, July 21st. After a short address by Thomas Farley, Esq., and others, in favor of referring the nomination of State and County officers to a County Convention, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, of Allegheny county, be requested to meet at the usual places on Saturday, the 18th of August, and elect two delegates from each district, to meet in County Convention on the following Wednesday, at the Court House, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to take such action regarding a ticket for State and County officers for the ensuing fall election as the Convention may deem proper. The citizens of the Boroughs and Townships will assemble between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M., and of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock, P. M.

A HEARTLESS BRUTE.—During the existence of a general panic at Vienna, growing out of a dread of hydrophobia, men were commissioned as exterminators of the canine race. These men were armed with a short heavy stick, which they flung at the poor outlawed animal, with such precision and effect, as to either kill or maim him usually. It so happened one day that one of these missiles missed the object at which it was aimed, passing far beyond him into the river. He immediately plunged into the water after it, seized it in his teeth, and returned it to its owner, who snatched it up and dashed out the generous creature's brains with it.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—On Friday night, 27th ult., two men attacked another, named M'Donald, who, with his little son, was returning along the railroad track, between Peckskill and Verplanck's Point, New York, and beat him until dead, when they placed the body with the neck on the rail of the up track, and train coming along soon after, cut the head clean off. The fellows were arrested next morning, identified by the boy, and committed to the jail at White Plains, New York.

NEW FASHIONABLE COLORS.—A lady entered one of our fashionable hat and cap stores, a few days since, and asked to be shown some of the latest styles of caps. After examining quite a number, and not liking the colors, she very innocently inquired if they had any of a "subdued mouse color?" The clerk was somewhat taken aback, but managed to stammer out, "No, but we have some of an 'enraged rat color.'" The lady left quickly.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.—A Hartford paper tells a story of an American who deposited $100 in the hands of an Englishman, for which he was to receive $25 per month until Sebastopol was taken. This was the 1st of November last, and the American has received his $25 per month ever since that time. One hundred dollars could hardly have been better invested.

A WARNING.—Kossuth thus concludes a recent letter to the New York Times:—"Of one thing, however, I would warn America to be aware—and that is, *the introduction of race, tongue, and religion into the arena of political contest.* Centuries may have to atone for the errors of one generation."

A GOOD STYPTIC.—Common gunpowder pulverized, laid on cotton, and thus applied to the bleeding orifice, is said to be one of the best agents to check bleeding known to the world.

PRICES IN OHIO.—Butter is now selling in several parts of Ohio at from 10 to 13 cents per pound; cheese, 6 to 8 cents; and eggs, 8 to 10 cents per dozen.

☞ **Worms! Worms!**—A great many learned treatises have been written, explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that, after all a mode of expelling these worms, by purging the body from their presence, is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to the origin. The expelling agent has at length been found—Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge is the much sought after secret, and has already superseded all other worm medicines, its efficacy being universally acknowledged by medical practitioners.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for *Dr M'Lane's Vermifuge*, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, is comparison, are worthless.

Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS,
Successors to J. Hall & Co.,
No. 60 Wood street, corner of Fourth.
aug4daw

[Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia.]

RICHMOND, July 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Sears & Co.—Gentlemen: Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great value of **Carter's Spanish Mixture**, for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula*.

Without being disposed or deeming it necessary to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by the use of that medicine on a member of my own family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the best physicians had been exhausted, and all the usual remedies had failed, fully justify me in recommending its use to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same relief in all cases; for, of course, I can know nothing about that—but from what I have seen of the effects, I would not hesitate to use it, in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exert so influence or control.

Respectfully yours,
JNO. M. BOTTS.

Lungs! Lungs!!

Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, to a great majority of cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cadmet fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. jel6:3wdaw

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and Fifth street. ap25

☞ **Just Received**, a superior lot of Lutong, Pongee and Grass COATS, which are desirable, and will be sold LOW FOR CASH, at GRIBBLE'S,
jy4 No. 240 Liberty street, head of Wood

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

THE FAST TRAIN leaves at 2 A. M., through to Cincinnati in 15 hours and 40 minutes.

MAIL TRAIN LEAVES AT 8 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN " at 6 P. M.

These Trains all make close connections at Crestline, and the first two connect at Alliance. The direct route to St. Louis is now open, via. Crestline and Indianapolis, 100 miles shorter than via. Cleveland. Connections are made at Mansfield with the Newark and Sandusky City road and at Crestline with the three roads concentrating there. For particulars see handbills. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 6.10 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.
Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.
Pittsburgh, July 23, 1855. (jy24)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,

BEING THE

Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R. TO FORT WAYNE,

THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN MILES FROM PITTSBURGH.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *without detention, with all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*, and also at Forest with Trains going North and South, on the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following points:

Fort Wayne,	Bellefontaine,	
Cincinnati,	Urbana,	
Dayton,	Springfield,	
Indianapolis,	Richmond,	
Tiffin,	Findlay.	

Persons desiring Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

J. R. STRAUGHAN, Sup't.
je6

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Canton, Braid and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1,50 to $4,00.
my25 MORGAN & CO., 104 Wood street.

☞ **Before purchasing your Hat or Cap** to-day, call at 104 WOOD street, and examine our stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as LOW for CASH as any other house in the city can or will sell them.
MORGAN & CO.,
Next house to the new Presbyterian Church.
One door from Sixth street.
je16

POLITICAL.

☞ Please publish the following ticket, and oblige

PELO-CASSIUS.

SENATOR:
WILLIAM WILKINS, Peebles township.

ASSEMBLY:
HOPEWELL HEPBURN, City;
WILLIAM KERR, Upper St Clair;
JAMES A. GIBSON, Pine township;
JOHN H. McELHENNY, Jefferson township;
Dr. A. H. GROSS, Peebles township.

PROTHONOTARY:
JOHN BIRMINGHAM, Ohio township.

SHERIFF:
RODY PATTERSON, City.

TREASURER:
THOMAS BLACKMORE, Upper St. Clair.

CORONER:
WILLIAM ALEXANDER, City.

COMMISSIONER:
WILLIAM G. HAWKINS, Penn township.

AUDITOR:
JAMES B. FULTON, Tarentum.

☞ **MATTHEW HARBISON**, OF ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Allegheny County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. jy24

JAMES ROBINSON,
OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,
WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

☞ **Sheriffalty.**—GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election. jy23dawte

Grand Pic Nic.

☞ A GRAND PIC NIC will come off on THURSDAY, August 9th, at McKEE'S ROOKS, for the benefit of St James' Church, Temperanceville. A splendid Dinner will be served up on the occasion.

A Ferry Boat, comfortably fitted up, will run every half hour from the foot of Penn street to the Pic Nic grounds.

One of our best city Bands will be in attendance.
aug1

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOOHLEITNER'S, in the Diamond. By order,
jelly GEO. W SEIBE, Secretary.

☞ **Mortification**, the instant a plaster is applied, must cease, and vigor is given by DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR'S galvanic effects, and except the parts are decomposed, they will soon be restored to their natural color; but if so, the contagious influence will be neutralized and arrested, for mortification cannot proceed who ever the salve be laid on, and new flesh will certainly be generated.

POISON FROM INSECTS, REPTILES AND PLANTS

Are rendered quite harmless by rubbing in instantly a quantity of DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and after it has swollen, and livid spots are visible. Even then, like the voltaic battery, it will directly attract, dissolve, and metamorphose the poisoning influence. At the sting of the musquito or bee, the instant it touches you the pain ends. The bites of rabid animals also are so speedily neutralized.

Non-genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by most druggists in Pittsburgh and throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & CO., New York. (yl0dawly

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—WM DAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL B. MARSHELL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Woodstreets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—against the Perils of Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	Richard Floyd,
James M. Cooper,	Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Fox,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
Isaac N. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.

John Shipton, Jr., Counsel.
de21

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.

JAS. D. MCGEE, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

Against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,
James S. Ilgen,	John Bellerton,
John M'Alpin,	Samuel M'Clurkan,
William Phillips,	James W. Hallman,
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph G. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,
Horatio N. Lee Kittanning.	

feb17

EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY

OF PITTSBURGH.

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ROBERT FINNEY, SECRETARY.
C. W. BATCHELOR, GENERAL AGENT.

WILL INSURE AGAINST ALL KINDS

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George S. Selden,	R. S. Bryan,
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☞ All Losses sustained by parties insured under policies issued by this Company will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid at its Office, No 92 WATER street. jy21

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street.
BRADY & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Penguin, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

jy20 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO.,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, **At No. 70 Smithfield street,**

In WEYMAN'S BUILDINGS, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all descriptions of children's wear.

Terms strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited fmy26m

Pennsylvania Insurance Company

Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.

OF PITTSBURGH,

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $300,000.

☞ INLAND Buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. P. Johnston,	Rody Patterson,	Jacob Painter,
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I. Grier Sproul,	Wade Hampton,	D. M. Long,
A. J. Jones,	J. H. Jones,	H. B. Coggshall,

OFFICERS:

President.....Hon. WM. P. JOHNSTON.
Vice President.....RODY PATTERSON.
Sec'y and Treasurer.A. A. CARRIER.
Assistant Secretary.S. S. CARRIER. (jy23:1y

WILLIAMS & ALLEN,

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

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For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 52 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap16

PEKIN TEA STORE.

S. JAYNES.

No. 38 Fifth st., one door east of Exchange Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GREEN AND BLACK TEAS, SELECTED WITH GREAT care, and purchased direct from the importers, for *Cash*. The stock consists of all the different flavors and grades of TEA brought to the American market, and will be sold, *wholesale and retail*, at the LOWEST PRICES.

RETAIL CUSTOMERS are invited to call and get samples, and learn our prices.

PACKED TEAS.

Put up in suitable packages, expressly for the trade:

Young Hyson	No.