Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING.....JULY 20

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

ARNOLD PLUMER,

OF VENANGO COUNTY.

The Democratic Committee of Correspondence, FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Are requested to meet at the St. CHARLES HOTEL, on SATURDAY, July 21st, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

R. B. GUTHRIE, *Ch'n.*

The following gentlemen compose the Committee:

John Birmingham,	D. R. Williams,
Wm. Wilson,	A. Holstein,
L. B. Patterson,	Thos. J. Keenan,
Thos. B. Hamilton,	J. Heidman.
Henry Ingram,	James A. Irwin,
Barnes Ford,	G F Gillmore,
Wm. M. Porter,	John M. Irwin,
Thos. Farley,	Alex Black,
Edmund Snowden,	John Mellon,
Dr. A. H Gross,	Chas. Barnett,
F. H. Collier,	Francis Feltz,
	Jacob M'Collister.

June 23.

☞ *Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the daily or weekly Post forwarded to them, can have it done regularly for any specified time, by leaving their orders and address at the office, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.*

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorized to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

THE NEWS.

Mr. Wm B. Fresee, the bass singer in the Continental troupe of Vocalists, died at Brantford Conn, on the 4th inst.

The United States Bank is to wind up its affairs on the 20th of September, fourteen years from its final collapse.

Hon. Charles Sumner was in Chicago on Tuesday last. He intended to remain for some days.

It is suggested that there be a national Thanksgiving for the abundant harvest. Nothing could be more proper, and we cordially endorse the move.

The Harrisburg Keystone has hoisted the name of George M. Dallas to its mast head for the Presidency in 1856; the Democrat, a German paper of the same town also presents the name of the late Vice President as Pennsylvania's favorite son.

THAT COMMITTEE.

We publish to day the names of the members of a Committee appointed by Thomas Farley Esq., who was Chairman of the late County County Convention. Why this Committee is appointed at all it would be difficult to say, unless it is that the old Committee, whose time is not yet out, did not suit the purposes of some of our politicians. We care very little about it, however, as the new Committee is as good as the old. But the old Committee meets on Saturday next for business, and there is a fair prospect of a conflict of jurisdiction.

We need harmony in the party this year, and with it might win success. But we would prefer to have a Democratic ticket nominated in the old fashioned and usual way—by a Democratic County Convention elected by the people. That was the old fashion, and a good one, and we regret that there was a change of usage this year. It was a bad time to try new expedients, or adopt new customs.

We presume the new committee has been appointed with a view to getting up a fusion ticket. But of that there is small chance now. The great body of the old line Whigs are earnest for the formation of a Republican party, to be composed of Free Soilers, K. N's, and all others, for the purpose of defeating the Democracy. It is not likely that the friends of that project will fuse with Democrats. A call for a Republican County Convention is already published and in circulation, and the *Gazette* is confident that the scheme will succeed here as well as in Ohio and Indiana.

The Democracy must rely on its own strength and numbers for success. To preserve our own organization and principles is the first purpose; to elect our ticket, if possible, the next. The party that "never surrenders" will in the end succeed.

For our part we are ready to support a Democratic ticket and do battle for the party as the *Post* has been accustomed to do for many a year; but to try new expedients that promise little but the destruction of the party is not in our line.

The old committee, it will be remembered, meets at the St. Charles Hotel on Saturday (tomorrow) at 11 o'clock, A. M. A full attendance is desirable.

We suppose the new committee is announced just at this time, for the purpose of heading off the old one.

FEMALE SHOP KEEPERS.

The New York *Times* is earnestly advocating the employment of females as clerks and salesmen in stores—particularly in all retail dry goods stores. It is an employment for which they are well fitted, and would properly enlarge their sphere of action and occupation. And it is a business that they can do better than men. They are more active and expert at handling dry goods, more tasteful in folding and arranging them, more polite and conciliatory to customers, and have better judgment in all matters of taste in relation to dress. On the other hand young men should be employed in more active and manly labor. Measuring off calicos and tape is too light a task for their physical strength, and is usurping a place and occupation that properly belongs to women.

We are decidedly in favor of this branch of women's rights being conceded to them. It would give employment at good wages to a great many young ladies, and would be degrading to no one willing to earn a living. If the ladies generally prefer those stores where females are employed to sell goods, a change would soon be effected, and women be employed in all the stores.

The employments of females are becoming more numerous and remunerative every year, and it is right that it should be so. In the New England States and in New York nearly all the public schools are taught by ladies both in summer and winter. This enlargement of the sphere of woman's activity and usefulness is a matter of public economy. It gives them work that they can do as well as men, and it diverts the labor of men into other channels, and to more athletic and useful employments. In this active age and country there is no difficulty in men finding useful and lucrative employment—work, too, better suited to their physical natures than measuring off tape and calico.

ABOLITION PHILANTHROPY!—Edward Backus, a Virginia slave, who wished to redeem himself and family made application to the Grand Anti-Nebraska Fusion Convention which assembled in Ravenna, Portage county, Ohio, on the Fourth of July, for aid, and received the magnificent sum of *eighty two cents* Subsequently, as we learn from the Portage *Sentinel*, a Democrat, named Tyler, made himself individually responsible for the amount asked, and the late slave has gone on his way rejoicing. Philanthropy is dog cheap when it don't touch one's pocket.

[From the Philadelphia North American.]

☞ A ridiculous excitement occurred at Pittsburgh on Sunday and Monday, the result of which must have made the participants feel foolish. Mr. H. B. Northup, of Sandy Hill, N Y., arrived in that city on Sunday, and visited the Clerk of the U. S. District Court on some business. Immediately a rumor got afloat that he was a slave catcher, taking measures for the capture of a fugitive; and after he had retired to bed, on Sunday night, a committee waited on him to ascertain the truth of the report, in order probably, to frustrate his supposed intent. He assured them that he was the same person who released from slavery the kidnapped colored freeman, Solomon Northup, and therefore, so far from being a slave-catcher, was opposed to the institution. One might suppose that after such an explanation all further trouble would have ceased; but his story was received with a doubt that he was the man he alleged, one fellow crying out that "he might have stolen the livery of a saint to serve the devil in." Next morning two more committees waited on him with inquiries, and somehow the furious abolitionism of the mob was not last appeased. Pittsburgh seems to be as sensitive on the subject of slavery as South Carolina, and the recent persecution of Mr. Joliffe in the Palmetto State is about of a piece with the proceedings in our Western emporium. Mr. Joliffe, the reader will remember, is a citizen of Cincinnati, and one of the executors of a South Carolina gentleman who died suddenly in the Queen City, which he had visited for the purpose of emancipating some slaves to whom he left all his property. In pursuance of his duty as executor, Mr. Joliffe went to South Carolina, to take the requisite legal steps connected with the case, and while at Barnwell Court House, or rather the town of that name, he was waited upon at the hotel, the morning after his arrival by a mob deputation, who wanted to put him at once into the railroad cars, and send him out of the State. Fortunately Mr. Joliffe espied in the crowd a lawyer to whom he had letters, and by the delivery of them he found an influential friend, who calmed down the excitement and induced the mob to disperse. In this case the offence of the victim was his supposed opinion in reference to slavery, which in the Pittsburgh affair, an imaginary reverse of sentiment was the cause of trouble. Such absurd demonstrations harm their perpetrators more than any one else, and show into what excesses this sectional excitement will run. Free soil lecturers are mobbed in the north, abolitionists will, naturally enough, be mobbed at the South; and it it would be folly to look at the one extreme of fanaticism without regarding the other.

[It is a pity that Pittsburgh should have such a name abroad, particularly, when she is far from deserving it. We are confident three fourths of our citizens have no sympathy whatever with the fanaticism that dictates these proceedings, but we are to blame for allowing a few hundred abolitionists, white and black, thus to misrepresent the true sentiments of the community. Within less than a year a free colored woman and her children were stolen from the protection of her guardian, thereby depriving her of a comfortable living; and she has since been compelled to eke out a miserable subsistence as best she could. Another free colored woman was abducted by a gang belonging to a secret society of free negroes. An attempt was made to run off the nurse belonging to the Hon. Lynn Boyd, but this did not succeed in consequence of the Captain of the steamer threatening to shoot down the first man of the gang who came on board. A short time ago a number of colored people were induced to leave their conductor, and we have the authority of a Culpepper (Va.) paper for stating that these persons were on their way to another free State—but that the owner was very glad to get rid of them. And now we have this last scene in the black drama, which will soon render us as notorious for "nigger stealing," as the Missourians are for another description of lawlessness. It is high time these fanatical proceedings were stopped; for as our Philadelphia cotemporary says, we must expect to be treated unhandsomely in the South, if we intrude and trample upon the rights of her citizens when they come among us.]

Young England to Have an Opportunity

The disastrous battles in the Crimea, whereby some of the oldest and most famous officers in the British army have been slain, are nevertheless not unmitigated evils. Lord Raglan is now dead and gone, and is succeeded by a man much younger comparatively. Besides, the ministry in selecting General Simpson are not open to the charge of partiality on account of aristocratic connections or political preferences; for the new commander has little to recommend him, but his own gallant services and his attachment to the profession of arms. Generals Cathcart, Adams, Strangways, Bentick, Terrens, Sir De Lacy, Evans, the Duke of Cambridge, Sir John Burgoyne, Lords Lucan and Cardigan—all commanders of division or brigade—have either been killed or compelled through ill health to resign. They were brave soldiers every one of them, but men past the prime of life and more formidable for what they had accomplished forty years ago, in the Peninsular War, than what they were capable of doing in the present campaign. The officers succeeding are young men—we even hear of one Col. Packenham (a nephew by the way of Gen Packenham who was killed at New Orleans) who has been made Adjutant General at thirty six! When the old fogys and "my Lord Tomnoddys" are replaced with the bone and sinew and brain of Young England, things will go better in the Crimea. There is too much thinking done in Britain, too much vitality, for her to sink down without an effort to shake off the red tape dynasty.

COL KINNEY TURNED UP.—From a letter in the New York *Evening Post* we have accounts from the redoubtable Col. Kinney. It appears in company with eighteen others he left New York in the schooner Emma, on the 5th of June, destined for Central America, but the vessel was wrecked on the Cayocs Islands. The provisions laid in for the expedition were lost, and great danger incurred by the passengers. We learn that arrangements have been promptly made for renewing the supply of provisions and forwarding them immediately from the United States. The persons engaged in the expedition are represented as in good health and spirits, and quite undiscouraged by the disaster which has befallen the vessel. The British authorities of the island on which they were wrecked, appear, according to private accounts which have been received, to have behaved in a most friendly and obliging manner, doing everything in their power to make the passengers of the Emma comfortable after their misfortune, and procuring every facility in their power to enable them to proceed to their destination.

☞ We want no better evidence of the worship of the almighty dollar in this country than the following facts: A few days ago it was announced a little girl at Gilmanton, N. H., was fascinated by two black snakes, which she regularly fed, and which were much attached to her. It was then suggested that "a mint of money" might be made out of so unusual an exhibition, but the parents of the child would not at the time think of it. From the following, however, which we find in the Manchester (N. H.) *Mirror*, of Saturday last, it seems they have altered their minds and determined to make hay while the sun shines:

The parents of the little girl, Oraline Jane Hill, who is charmed by two black snakes, have changed their first determination, and yesterday afternoon made an exhibition at Rumford Hall, Concord. A thousand people visited them, so great is their curiosity to see them. The girl is very pretty, only six years old next month. Only the smaller snake goes with them, and that is four feet three and a half inches long, and is idolized by the girl. Her father informed us last evening that when she sleeps now she curls herself up like a snake, incredible as it may seem. The father and mother will be present, and some one to tell the story of the girl's being fascinated by the snakes, and the effects upon her. The girl has a wild look, and fears are entertained that she will in time languish and die, in consequence of the magnetic power over her of the snakes.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PITTSBURGH, July 17th, 1855.

Thomas Farley, Esq.:

The late Democratic County Convention unanimously deputed you to appoint a committee for the purpose of placing in nomination a county ticket free from all suspicion of Know Nothing affinity. A years' experience had suggested the necessity of this course. Last year, you will remember, our County Convention contained no less than thirty-seven Know Nothings; these reckless tricksters succeeded by deception and falsehood in securing for themselves the organization of the Convention, in placing members of their order upon our county ticket and in having several Know Nothings appointed upon our County Committee of Correspondence. This shameless and profligate deception will be repeated this coming fall, and successfully, unless decisive measures be adopted to prevent it. We have a party's integrity and reputation intrusted to our keeping; we must not be delinquent in guarding them from dishonor. In order to more fully carry out the instructions given you by the Convention, the undersigned, members of the County Committee of Correspondence, suggest the propriety of your appointing upon the authorized Committee, one from each election district in the county. Such a Committee, composed of gentlemen of experience, with personal and political standing, is precisely what is needed to carry out the designs of the late County Convention, and save our party from all taint of Know Nothing contamination.

Your obedient servants,

John Birmingham,	Jacob McCollister,
Barnes Ford,	Thos B Hamilton,
Wm. M. Porter,	D. R. Williams,
Wm Wilson,	Francis Felix,
Alex. Black,	James A. Irwin,
John Mellon,	A. Holstein,
Edmund Snowden,	Thos. J. Keenan.

ALLEGHENY CITY, July 19th, 1855.

Gentlemen:—In accordance with your suggestion, I have appointed the following Committee. Since the adjournment of the Convention which authorized the appointment of a Committee, I have had numerous applications to appoint particular persons; in no case have I selected those who solicited appointments, but rather have I appointed any one whose name I heard mentioned for county nomination. In discharging this delicate and responsible duty, I have endeavored to select men who will be governed in their actions by considerations of public duty, and whose proceedings will justify the confidence reposed in me by the Convention which authorized their appointment.

In forming a ticket for the support of all who are opposed to irresponsible and secret combinations, great care and circumspection should be exercised. Men of good character, examined talent, and acknowledged qualifications, only should be thought of; the people expect candidates possessed of these qualities, and will be satisfied with no others. Nominations need not be confined to those who are seeking them; the most unworthy are sometimes the most exacting, while genuine merit is modest in its own behalf. But this Committee having power to choose without previous promises or instructions, will, I feel persuaded, select none but men whose claimants and qualifications will bear public scrutiny.

I remain, your obedient servant,

THOMAS FARLEY.

To John Birmingham, Barnes Ford, Jacob McCollister, T. B. Hamilton, Jas. A. Irwin, and others.

COMMITTEE—Col. SAML. W. BRACE, Chairman.

Pittsburgh—First Ward, John H. Bailey; Second do, Robt. H. Patterson; Third, John C. Dunn; Fourth, Hon John Anderson; Fifth, Alf. Wm. Wilson; Sixth, Capt. J. D. W. White; Seventh, Jas. A. Irwin; Eighth, Wm. Alexander; Ninth, Thos. S. Rowley.

Allegheny—First Ward, C. H. Paulson; Second, John R Large; Third, Wm. M. Stewart; Fourth, Morrison Foster.

Boroughs—Birmingham, Esq W. Symmes; Lawrenceville, Wm. Johnson; Elizabeth, E. A. Davis; Manchester, Sylvanus Perkins; Sharpsburg, James Clarke; South Pittsburgh, T. B. Hamilton; West Pittsburgh, Joseph Rodgers; M'Keesport, Dr. W H. Hill; West Elizabeth, E. D. Rodgers; Duquesne, D. R. Williams; East Birmingham, Terrence Campbell; Tarentum, Jas B. Fulton; Sewickley, Alex Black.

Townships—Pitt, Wm. M. Porter; Peebles, A. H Gross; Mifflin, L B Patterson; Millvale, Wm G Hawkins; Plum, Jas Sands; Versailles, Col. John Sill; Jefferson, M. Snee; Elizabeth, Gen. Jas Watson; Upper St. Clair, Hon. Wm. Kerr; Lower St Clair, Col. Chas. King; Baldwin, Capt. Samuel McKee; Robinson, Dr. Wm. Gray; North Fayette, Thos McLain; South Fayette, W. Cochran; Findlay, Dr. J. Pollock; Moon, George Sampson; Ohio, Capt. John Birmingham; Franklin, James Neeley, Sr.; Reserve, George Hartje; Ross, Alex Neeley; Pine, Thos. Gibson Esq; East Deer, Thos. Donnelly; West Deer, Chas Gibson; Indiana, Ed. M'Cormick, Esq; Sheraden, Wm Stewart; Collins, A. J. Davis; Penn, Francis Wilson, Jr; Patton, James McGinley; McCandless, Edward Ensell; Chartiers, Henry Ingram; Sewickley, Robert Stevenson; Shaler, J. L. Elcessor.

[From the Buffalo Express, 17th.]

Dreadful Calamity!--Six Persons Burnt to Death!!

We are pained to record a dreadful calamity which occurred in the town of Brant, in this county, on Saturday night last, which involved the loss of six persons. The family of Mr. James Thompson, a highly respectable farmer, aged 54 years, consisting of twelve persons, retired to rest, at the usual hour, all in good health and under feelings of the most perfect security. At about twelve o'clock, two of the sons, who were sleeping in the upper part of the house, awakened under feelings of suffocation created by heat and smoke. They hastened to make their escape from the flames which were crackling around them, and in doing so, fell down the stairway, thereby creating a noise, which waked Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, who were sleeping below. They escaped, taking with them a little boy aged about five years. Two other sons also made their escape. In the meantime the entire building was enveloped in flames, and Mr. Thompson, prompted by a father's devotion, again returned to the burning premises to save his daughter and grand children. He was not seen again until his charred remains were found within three feet of the door at which he entered. Three daughters, aged twenty-eight, thirteen and eleven years, were consumed, as were also two grand children, aged four and two years. These were the children of the eldest daughter. There is no doubt that this calamitous fire was the work of an incendiary and enough information was elicited before the Coroner's inquest to lead to the suspicion that the wretch who applied the torch was none other than the husband of the eldest daughter and the father of the little ones who perished. If this suspicion should prove well founded, the ingenuity of man has not yet invented any mode of punishment adequate for so hellish a deed.

A Know Nothing on Sam.

Within a few months the Louisville *Courier* has suffered sorely from proscription by the Sag Nichts, because of its ultra Know Nothingism; and now, on account of a freak of independence, it is being proscribed by the Know Nothings. The editor says that for months he resisted all solicitations to join the Know Nothing order, but at last yielded to the entreaties of his friends against the convictions of his better judgment. He now states that his experience is that:—

No man that has any self-respect or independence can belong to it twelve months without sacrificing both. It contains features which, sooner or later, must cause every one who has a particle of manliness in his composition to revolt at the organization and leave it with disgust. It is an organization which may suit unscrupulous politicians to use for their own selfish purposes, but it will drive from it all good men, and will infallibly fall from its own weakness.

The above appeared in the *Courier* some days ago. In Monday's paper the editor said he had expected to be bitterly denounced and proscribed, but did not anticipate that matters would be carried to such an extent as has been proposed. He says:

We have been threatened that the entire and concentrated power and influence of the order would be used to crush us, unless we yielded our rights and duties of a good citizen, and submitted to the dictation of a set of men whose only motives are to secure power and place. Our application to withdraw from the order was denied, because, as a member remarked, "We have got the *Courier* man just where we want him. We will not permit him to withdraw, but will keep his mouth shut until after the election, and then we will expel and disgrace him!"

The *Courier* expresses a determination to "fight it out." It says: The order has began the war on us. We accept the challenge, and pledge ourselves that before we are done with an exposition of its deformities, Know Nothingism, as now constituted, will be a stench in the nostrils of all decent people.

What a Chicago Man thinks of Pittsburgh.

A traveler from the Garden City having visited our city is struck with the extent and variety, as well as our facilities for manufactures, and thereupon indites a letter to the *Democratic Press*, a part of which we re-publish. We must correct him, in one particular, however; that is the amount of coal burned. Pittsburgh undoubtedly consumes double, perhaps treble, the quantity of any other city west of the Alleghenies, but the figures he gives are within two millions of being equal to the entire number of bushels *mined* in this vicinity—not what was *consumed*. Here is the extract:

One must visit Pittsburgh to fully comprehend the power of steam, and the undeveloped strength and wealth of fossil coal. Pittsburgh is an inland city, surrounded by barren mountains, and until railroads became a means of communication, her only method of commercial intercourse with the east was by the "*slow coach*" of the Pennsylvania Canal, or the slower coach of the four horse wagon; and with the west and southwest by the waters of the Ohio, which Randolph satirically described as a stream "one half of the year frozen, the other half dry." Unlike Chicago, her advantages, (to make an Irish bull,) have been against her, and but for the latent power in her coal beds, Fort Pitt would have been as Fort Niagara—both founded at about the same time, both having an Indian and a French history—an obscure village at the head of navigation of the Ohio, famous only in the history alluded to as the scene of Braddock's defeat, and Washington's first promise of military talent and heroism.

Coal has made her a city unrivalled, in industrial forces and manufacturing capabilities, by any city west of the mountains. Is there a boat to be built, to ply on the Mississippi above the falls, Pittsburgh builds it. Have the furs and peltries of the plains or slopes of the Rocky Mountains to be transported to market in the shortest possible manner, a Pittsburgh-built boat leaves the levee and casts anchor in the head waters of the Missouri. Does a boat need repairs in all the western rivers, she seeks the yards of the Iron City. Stand on her wharves and you shall see railroad iron for Illinois and Iowa; glass for Kansas and Nebraska; sugar machinery for New Orleans and Louisiana; and the West Indies; lead, trinkets and Indian goods for the Sioux, Blackfeet, and the most distant aboriginal tribes; quartz crushing machinery for California; mining pumps and steam-engines for South America, Mexico and Lake Superior. You shall see arriving, coopr and iron ore from the last mentioned region, lead from Wisconsin, iron from Missouri, Tennessee and Kentucky, rich ores from lake Champlain, beef and flour from Chicago. All this you shall see upon her wharves, and within her walls a thousand appliances, and a force of industrial skill and talent gathered from all civilized nations. And why? High up her hills is found five and a half feet of carbon, stretching off under the tops of the hills, southward and eastward, and westward. A strong arm, a little powder, a pick and a drill, with a railroad track and cars, and this carbon is delivered at the base of the hills, and if need be, into the very mouth of furnaces, and at the door of manufactories.

Pittsburgh has her fuel in boundless supply; but she is deficient in raw material. This she draws to her through the various channels of commerce, from far distant and widely separated sources, as to a common centre. Undergoing manipulations, this material, in ten thousand now forms of utility and convenience, of taste and art, is again widely distributed over our western country. Each change this new material undergoes adds to her cumulative wealth. Each new shape it assumes contributes to her credit and prosperity. Her manufactures are the main springs of her commerce, and her commerce supplies and sustains her manufactures. Her consumption of coal the past year was 23,000,000 bushels. To supply this demand one hundred and eighty and one-fifth acres of coal land were emboweled of their fossil fuel. From this learn the amount of her manufactures.

AN IMMENSE American meeting was held in New Orleans, on the 11th inst, which was addressed by Albert Pike and others. A series of nine resolutions were adopted, the fourth one reading as follows:

4. *Resolved*, That we are the friends of religious as well as civil liberty and that we are opposed to any political proscription for religious faith, either as to the right of voting or holding office.

New Wheat—Flour at $6 per Barrel.

Messrs. Peck & Norris have purchased 1 000 bushels of wheat at $1,12, deliverable at Lawrence station on the Mad River Road. This will be in flour in a few days, bringing the price down to about $6,50. The new flour expected this week, by the firm, is from Kentucky wheat, and cannot be sold greatly under present prices. You who have to buy, and *can* "wait a little longer," will be able in about ten or twelve days to supply the larder with flour at *six dollars* per barrel.—*Sandusky Register, 17th.*

HORSES TROUBLED WITH FLIES.—At this season of the year, the following receipt to prevent horses from being teased with flies, may be humanely instructive to the owners and drivers of horses:

Take two or three small handfulls of walnut leaves, upon which pour two or three quarts of cold soft water; let it infuse one night and pour the whole next morning into a kettle and let it boil for a quarter of an hour. When cold it will be ready for use. Nothing more is required than to moisten a sponge with the liquor, viz: Between and upon the ears, the neck, the flanks, &c. Not only the lady or gentleman, who rides out for pleasure, will be benefitted by the walnut leaves thus prepared, but coachman, wagoner, and all those who use horses during the hot months.

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills.** A singular combination, but very effectual, as the following will show:

NEW YORK, November 20, 1852.

Knowing, from experience, the valuable qualities of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills, I have for some time back considered it my duty, and made it my business, to make those articles known wherever I went among my friends. A short time ago I became acquainted with the case of a young girl, who seemed to be troubled with worms and liver complaint at the same time, and had been suffering for some two months. Through my persuasion she purchased one bottle of Dr. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE, and one box of LIVER PILLS, which she took according to directions. The result was, she passed a large quantity of worms, and thinks that one box more of the Pills will restore her to perfect health. Her name and residence can be learned by calling on E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P. S.—Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills can both be obtained at any of the respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but *Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills.* There are other Vermifuges and Pills now before the public, but all comparatively worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
No. 60 Wood street, corner of Fourth.

jy16dAw

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
THE ONLY RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

ON and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c; and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.
Or. at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. (mh10)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,

BEING THE

Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R. TO FORT WAYNE,

THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN MILES FROM PITTSBURGH.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *without detention, with all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*, and also at Forrest with Trains going North and South, on the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following points:

Fort Wayne,	Bellefontaine,
Cincinnati,	Urbana,
Dayton,	Springfield,
Indianapolis,	Richmond,
Tiffin,	Findlay.

Persons desiring Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

J. R. STRAUGHAN, Sup't.

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☞ **Syphilis, Scrofula & Diseased Blood.**—For these terrific diseases, Carter's Spanish Mixture is the only specific.

The proprietors have in their possession over one hundred certificates of the most extraordinary cures effected by it.

We refer to the certificate of Richard Adams, late High Sheriff of Richmond, Va.; Edwin Burton, Commissioner of the Revenue for Richmond; General Welch, of the Mammoth Circus; Dr. Hendley, of Washington City; Mr. Wm. A. Matthews and C. B. Luck, Esq., of Richmond, Va.; Mr. F. Dryden, Exchange Hotel, Va.; and a host of others, who have seen cases of the worst description cured by Carter's Spanish Mixture. They all certify that it is the greatest purifier of the blood known.

*** See advertisement. [jy2dAw

☞ **Mortification**, the instant a plaster is applied, must cease, and vigor is given by DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR'S galvanic effects, and except the parts are decomposed, they will soon be restored to their natural color; but if so, the contagious influence will be neutralized and arrested, for mortification cannot proceed wherever the salve be laid on, and new flesh will certainly be generated.

POISON FOR INSECTS, REPTILES AND PLANTS

Are rendered quite harmless by rubbing in instantly a quantity of DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and after it has swollen, and livid spots are visible. Even then, like the voltaic battery, it will directly attract, dissolve, and metamorphose the poisoning influence. At the sting of bees and mosquitoes, the instant it touches you the pain ends. The bites of rabid animals also are as speedily neutralized.

None genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. OLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. OLICKENER & CO., New York.

jy10dAwAw

Lungs! Lungs!!

Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, in a great majority of cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cannot fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. jel8:2wdaw

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 20. ap25

Before purchasing your Hat or Cap today, call at No. 76 WOOD street, and examine our stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as LOW for CASH as any other house in the city can or will sell them.

MORGAN & CO.,
Next house to the new Presbyterian Church,
One door from Sixth street.

jy16

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Canton, Brazil and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1,50 to $4,00.

MORGAN & CO.,
my26 164 Wood street.

☞ **Sheriffality.**—GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election. jy2:dawte

JAMES ROBINSON,
OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,

WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS BOARD OF CLERKS of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLEITER'S, on Diamond. By order,

GEO. W. SEEER, Secretary.

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OFFICE OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 10th, 1855.

☞ THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four per Cent. for the six months ending this date, *payable on the Stock of the Company*, at per, at their office, Fifth street, on and after the 24th July.

Stockholders in New York will be paid at the office of Messrs. Lanier & Co., 52 Wall street.

In view of the addition of equipments in Motive Power and Cars required for the business of the road, and the gradual retirement of the "floating debt," the Board has deemed it best for the interest of the Stockholders that the present Dividend should be paid in the Stock of the Company, rather than in cash. H. S. FLEMING,

jy12:3t Treasurer.

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—WM. BAGALEY, President;
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 12, 1855.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	Richard Floyd,
James M. Cooper,	Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Rea,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, Jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Salters,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.

John Shipton. dec21

Pennsylvania Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,
Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $300,000.

☞ Insures Buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. P. Johnston,	Rody Patterson,	Jacob Painter,
A. A. Carrier,	W. M'Clintock,	Kennedy T. Friend,
James S. Negley,	W. S. Haven,	D. E. Park,
I. Orme Sproul,	Wade Hampton,	D. M. Long,
A. J. Jones,	J. H. Jones,	H. R. Coggshall,

OFFICERS:

President.....Hon. WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Vice President.....RODY PATTERSON.
Sec'y and Treasurer.A. A. CARRIER.
Assistant Secretary.S. S. CARRIER. [je28:ly

EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH.

JOHN H. SHOENBERGER, PRESIDENT.
ROBERT FINNEY, SECRETARY.
C. W. BATCHELOR, GENERAL AGENT.

WILL INSURE AGAINST ALL KINDS OF MARINE AND FIRE RISKS.

DIRECTORS:

J. H. Shoenberger,	G. W. Cass,
C. W. Batchelor,	W. R. Simick,
Isaac W. Backer,	T. B. Updike,
W. W. Martin,	R. D. Cochran,
H. T. Leech, Jr.,	John A. Caughey,
George S. Selden,	S. S. Bryan.

David McCandless.

☞ All losses promptly adjusted and paid without delay by any city agent in the United States.

☞ All losses sustained by parties insured under policies issued by this Company will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid at its Office, No. 99 WA ER street. [jy11

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.
Jas. D. M'GILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,
James S. Hoon,	John Fullerton,
John M'Aiple,	Samuel M'Cullough,
William Phillips,	James W. Hallman,
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Bigley,
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,
	Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning.

fbl7

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO.,
Respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,
At No. 79 Smithfield street,
In WEYMAN'S BUILDINGS, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all descriptions of children's wear.

Terms strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited. [my26:m

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 25 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap10

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,