Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:::::::::::::::JULY 4.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Pamphlets, and Programmes, for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their office is at

NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET,
BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

Mr. JOHN W. MCCARTHY is our authorized carrier on the route formerly served by JOHN FORSYTH, and is alone entitled to collect from weekly subscribers.

Persons leaving the city during the summer, who desire the daily or weekly Post forwarded to them, can have it done regularly for any special time, by leaving their orders and address at the office, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.

The Democratic Committee of Correspondence,
FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY,

Are requested to meet at the St. CHARLES HOTEL, on SATURDAY, July 21st, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

R. B. GUTHRIE, *Chm.*

The following gentlemen compose the Committee:

John Birmingham,	D. R. Williams,
Wm. Wilson,	A. Holstein,
A. R. Patterson,	Thos. J. Keenan,
Thos. R. Hamilton,	J. Heidman,
Henry Tagnam,	James A. Lamb,
Barnes Ford,	G. P. Gillmore,
Wm. M. Porter,	John M. Irwin,
Thos. Farley,	Alex. Black,
Edmund Snowden,	John Mellon,
Dr. A. H. Gross,	Chas. Barnett,
S. H. Collier,	Francis Foltz,
June 29.	Jacob M'Collister.

THE NEWS.

The jury in the case of the Chicago liquor traders could not agree in any one of the cases except that of Harder, who was acquitted.

Nearly every Western city except Pittsburgh is going to celebrate the glorious Fourth in a public manner. We observe that, Cleveland, Cincinnati and Chicago are going to have a grand time.

We understand that the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company have declared a dividend of five per cent. out of the net earnings of the road, payable in seven per cent. bonds of the Company payable in 1865 in the city of New York.

A great storm of rain and wind visited Wisconsin and the northern part of Illinois last Wednesday. The deluge of rain that fell, and the wind, did considerable damage to property, tearing down fences, blowing away signs and unroofing houses.

James Myers, the clown, and one of the proprietors of Myers & Madigan's Circus Company, met with an untimely death while performing on the slack-rope at Geneva, N. Y. The ring by which the rope was fastened gave way, throwing him to the ground with so much violence as to dash his brains out.

The Massachusetts Know Nothing State Council has adopted and published an address dissenting entirely from the doctrines of the National Council on slavery. The tone of the State Council proceedings appear to favor a fusion or Republican movement. The oaths, secrecy, initiations, etc., have been abolished in all the proceedings of the party in the State, though the meetings are continued as usual.

Mr. Calhoun's retaliation letter, which we lately published, is dissented from editorially by the Charleston Mercury, so long the chief organ of the deceased statesman, on the ground that no State has a right to exclude the shipping of other States from its harbors, and therefore, that all the Courts would rule any such law unconstitutional. The Mercury adds, however, that a case is now pending in one of the South Carolina Courts which will determine the question of retaliation. But the Mercury explicitly says that even if retaliatory measures were perfectly constitutional, they are impolitic, because in their operation they must fall unjustly on the innocent.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

No reader of the *Post* will need to be told that this is the 80th anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. We suppose every one will celebrate it as becometh him best, for there is to be no public celebration in this city as is usual in towns of any pretension. It is worthy of remark that this day will witness the deliberations of two political bodies in different parts of the State. One is the Democratic Convention, meeting with open doors in the Capitol; the other is the State Council of "Americans," who meet in secret conclave at Reading.

Whatever may be said about corrupt men creeping into the Democratic party, and there by bringing it into disrepute, no impartial person can deny that it is the party of progress, and the only representative of liberal principles. Of the "American" party it is sufficient to say its cardinal principle is one which the fathers of the Declaration considered a high crime on the part of the King of Great Britain. One of the reasons urged by Hancock, and Adams, and Franklin for throwing off the English rule, was because George the Third "had endeavored to "prevent the population of these States; for "that purpose obstructing the laws for the "naturalization of foreigners; and refusing to "pass others to encourage their migration "hither."

Let every one read the Declaration of Independence. It will do you no harm, reader, and if you have embraced a political heresy unwittingly, it may do you much good.

A TRUE REFORMER.

It is just six months since Fernando Wood, Democratic Mayor of New York, was inducted into office. A few weeks previously he had been elected in spite of a most determined opposition—an opposition that did not scorn to libel him in an unheard of manner. But he had been but a short time in his seat when they acknowledged he bid fair to be a true reformer; and now, at the expiration of a half a year, all parties join in his praise. New York, in truth, has been better governed for the last six months than at any previous time in her history. As an evidence of this, we may mention that the race of Peter Funks have almost been exterminated; extortioners and swindlers of all kinds have been brought up with a round turn; a complaint book was first opened, and the only place, too, where it became practically useful; the sale of diseased meat and impure milk has been prevented very materially, and we consequently find the bills of mortality this season fifty per cent. lower than they have been for several years. Besides this, the good example set by Mr. Wood has had a host of imitations in nearly every State in the Union. Some, it is true, were only seized spasmodically with a desire for reform, and instituted complaint books, which they soon allowed to fall into disuse; but upon the whole, the example of the New York chief magistrate has been very widely felt. Such men as Fernando Wood are rare in these latter times. When the people come across such an one, they should "grapple him to their soul with hooks of steel," for there is no telling when another may turn up.

THEATRICAL.—Mr. C. W. Couldock commenced an engagement at the Cleveland Athenæum on Monday evening. Collins, the Irish comedian, is playing at the Cleveland Theatre..... The Ravels have just finished an engagement at Buffalo and are to open in Boston to-day..... Miss Maggie Mitchell is in Detroit..... The Denin sisters are performing in Albany..... Andy Glassford is manager of a theatrical company in Wheeling, and has Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chapman for "stars."

(For the Pittsburgh Post.)

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

NO. II.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Our last left us safely domiciled in the Garden City Hotel, in the city of Chicago. There is no city in the west that has attracted more attention on the part of travelers, and none more noticed in the public prints of the day, than this. And beyond all question it is worthy of special notoriety. Whilst young in years, (only a little more than a score have passed since it sprung into being,) it has none the less all the energy, public spirit, individual enterprise, increase of wealth, extensive business operations, wide-spread commercial engagements, as well as the intelligence and means of moral and religious improvement, that characterize towns and cities which can boast scores of years since the dawn of their existence. The commanding influence, position of physical power and moral greatness, which may be possessed by a young and growing city, depend very much on the character and habits, intellectual, moral and industrial, of those who compose the elements of its first and rising population.

And it is remarkable that the first inhabitants of many of the cities of the west were men of energy of character, willing and able, in the race of life, to encounter without discouragement obstacles that would have been appalling to persons of less zeal and courage. This city already numbers nearly three score and ten thousand of a population, and is augmented monthly by thousands. Buildings are constructed with great rapidity, and many of them large, attractive, even beautiful in external appearance, as specimens of a high order of architecture. And yet the increasing population is accommodated with great difficulty, and rents are enormously high.

Its situation on the south-west corner of Lake Michigan, and on soil apparently marshy and of difficult drainage, would impress the stranger at first with the feeling—unfavorable to health. Its streets are laid out in broad proportions, and great regularity; and all of them, in all their parts, both centre and side walk, paved with plank. This feature makes it rather unpleasant in rainy and muddy weather. It has already attained the proud eminence of being the first grain depot in the United States, and indeed in the world. At the time of my visit its immense warehouses were groaning under the vast quantities of wheat and corn stored in them. And though quickly re shipped to eastern markets, the space was rapidly filled from the large quantities pouring in from various sections of the State by means of its numerous railroads. Its lumber business also is incredible. The traveler sees on every road long trains of cars heavily laden with boards, shingles, and other timber, and yet the cry from various quarters in the State is,—we cannot get enough buildings constructed for want of material, purchased and promised to be sent.

We may say, also, that its moral and religious privileges are by no means scanty. The New School Presbyterians and Congregationalists, being in the ascendancy and yet far from a state of christian harmony and brotherly cooperation. The Old School Presbyterians have but one building, and this I go no means the most slightly edifice in the place. Recently a second church has been organized, but its members have not yet left the old fold, nor have they built a church edifice. I was told they had given a call to the Rev. Mr. Henry, of the Associate Reformed church, but did not learn the probability of his acceptance. It is rather remarkable that so many of the young ministers of the denomination, after laboring a few years in their mother church, find themselves drawn into the bosom of the Presbyterian church, greatly, it would seem, to the regret of many of the leaders in the church forsaken. The first Old School Presbyterian church is under the pastoral care of Mr. Richardson, the Western editor of the Presbyterian Banner, a comparatively young man of fine talents, pleasing manners, and of great and increasing popularity, as a faithful minister of Christ, and able defender of God's precious truth.

Chicago—contemplated physically and morally—has all the elements of great prosperity; and should no sudden and unexpected calamity befall it, I see no reason why it may not become, and at no distant day, one of the first commercial cities in the land. It is on the edge of a beautiful lake—has a fine harbor—which already extended its arms into the heart as well as the extremity of the great State of which it is now the commercial mart. It has also room for great expansion northward and westward to the distance of ten miles, perhaps, with a back for building purposes equally good, if not better, than that on which the city now stands.

After spending some eight hours in traversing this city and inspecting its hotels, churches, warehouses, banking houses, and other objects of interest, I had to take the cars in the evening for the town of Lane, some seventy-five miles west, or rather a little south of west, from Chicago. The road at first is nearly due west to the junction, some thirty miles distant. Here the Air Line Railroad stretches off to Dixon, on Rock river, in a south western direction, while the Galena branch hoats to the North west. The Air Line Road is located from the junction to Fulton City, on the Mississippi river. The grading is nearly all done, and it is expected it will be in running order by the coming Fall. The road, in the direct line of Lane Station, in Ogle county, passes through a most delightful country. Here the eye ranges over broad prairies, of soil of inexhaustible fertility. All the lands here are entered, and in the hands either of occupants or speculators who are on the look-out to draw new comers into the meshes of their net, and increase their large wealth. In some places where the prairie is broken and under cultivation, and where near a station, and with very indifferent buildings, $25 and $30 per acre are asked for it. And for the unbroken prairie in all this region contiguous to the Railroad, the asking price is ten dollars. The view is grand, and for farming and grazing purposes one be excelled, we honestly believe, by no region in the land. The water is good, though reached by digging. Timber is scarce and high. Lots of it are being placed in the market, for which $125 per acre is asked.

Farming is here comparatively easy work, and promises fair remuneration for labor expended. The health of the country is said to be good, by those who ought to know, from years of residence here. Had this county our Pittsburgh coal, Allegheny county springs, and more timber land, it would be the Garden of the United States. In the evening, as twilight was departing, I reached Lane Station, and was there met by Rev. J. M. M'Conaughey, formerly pastor Lebanon church, but who was compelled from bronchial affection to cease the labors of the ministry and devote himself to the practice of medicine. Our meeting with him and his estimable lady, as well as with Col. Brier, was truly pleasant and cheering.

And here ends No. 2. G. M.

THE ERIE DIFFICULTIES.—Governor Pollock, we understand, has refused to sign the bill repealing the charter of the Erie and North East Railroad Company, until the following propositions, submitted by him for the consideration of the people of Erie and the Railroad Company, have been acted upon. 1st. The Erie and North East Company to extend their road to the harbor from any point at least one mile east of the city of Erie, and there to connect with the C. P. and A. Railroad, and to take up their up-town track and the depot; or, 2d, To extend the road to the harbor, and have the road and depot up town legalized as now laid down, but to change the gauge of the road within six months to 4 feet 8½ inches, or six feet, or both. If the people accept the proposition, and the companies do not, the late bill will be signed; but if the companies accept and the people do not, the Governor will refuse his signature. The authorities of Erie, we understand, have accepted the propositions, but the determination of the Railroad Company has not yet transpired. The time allowed by Governor Pollock for the consideration of the matter has expired, and we presume he will now sign the bill.

PHILOSOPHY OF KNOW-NOTHINGISM.—A Know Nothing paper tries to look pleasant over the break-down of the Hindoos, and thinks it will help rather than hurt them. It says:

"It cannot be too often repeated, the Know Nothing party is stronger now than it was before the Convention. *For the dangers are known*, and the shoals marked with buoys. It may steer boldly onward—it has now little to fear."

This is philosophical. "Faith," said the Irish pilot, "and I don't know every rock in this channel!" "And faith," he added, as the ship struck and was going down, "*there's one of 'em.*"—*New Haven Register.*

The election in New Orleans for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court resulted in the choice of Elgee, Anti-Know Nothing, by twelve hundred majority over Merrick, Know Nothing.

(From the Evening Mirror.)

To the Editor of the Evening Mirror:—As a woman, allow me to thank you for the stand you have taken in your paper of yesterday in the case of the miserable Mrs. Robinson, now in prison at Troy, under sentence of death for the crime of murder. May God bless you, and all others, who lift up a voice in favor of humanity. Of the crimes of this unfortunate woman I will not speak. Guilty, as she may be, it is not becoming the spirit of the age to subject a woman to the disgusting penalty attached by the law to the offence of which she stands convicted. It is one of the figments of the day to talk of the chivalry of men in behalf of women, and yet it may easily be proved, that in the lower classes, and sometimes in the higher, injustice is daily inflicted upon woman, because it can be done with impunity. She has no voice in the law, and therefore it cannot be just to her. She has no money, and, therefore, she cannot appeal to the law; or, if she can do so, she has not the courage. Judges, lawyers, juries, are all men, and therefore she is not tried by her peers.

You say, "to hang a woman in the year of grace eighteen hundred and fifty-five, might well cause the face of civilization to turn purple with shame."

I would say, to hang a man in this enlightened era is a shame, that might cause the angels to blush; but that is a matter for men to settle in their own way. They make the laws; legislation is what they have made it, is what they like, or they would institute a change. If the gallows be a comely object to their eyes, let them keep it. If a poor, helpless, bound, human being, suspended like a dog therefrom, be a sight grateful to their eyes, and comforting to their hearts, let them hang each other thereon, to their heart's content; but, in the name of all that is holy, and pitiful, and human, do not place thereon a creature who had no word of sanction asked or given; whose voice is as much unknown in legislation as if she belonged to the planets Jupiter or Neptune.

I would by no means call for leniency to this woman on the ground of chivalry, for a true chivalry would give to women a jury of at least half of her own sex; a lawyer, like another Portia, to aid her in and out of the meshes of the law; but I would beg you, and all true men and women, to insist that her punishment be commuted, on the score of common justice and enlightened humanity.

She, nor any, nor all women since the creation of the world, could ever have devised our present monstrous penal code, bearing upon its face the ancient barbarisms of man, not of the race, merely. She, nor all women combined, would or could have invented the cruel, ridiculous, and therefore all women, however they commit crimes adjudged by these codes worthy of death, should not be subjected to the penalty. Let men deal as they will with each other through all the slow lapse of ages, if necessity compels them to admit us to legislation, or release us from its barbarous penalties.

Some few women have commenced the study of the law in good earnest. The time is coming (though by no means near, in our narrow calculations) when the advance of attributes truly human will do away with much of our wearisome legislation. Justice and mercy are growing into the organization of men, so that crimes will be less frequent, and penalties cease to be such, but a wholesome discipline will take their place. Till that time comes, however, women must go into courts of law in aid of each other. It is a burning shame to womanhood, that any woman, guilty and degraded though she may be, should stand alone at the bar, with neither aid nor counsel from one of her own sex,—arrested by men, impanelled by men, guarded by men, tried, condemned and executed by men. Surely there is an amount of agony involved in all this, that should touch the common heart to see and apply the remedy.

Very respectfully, E. OAKES SMITH.

3 Stuyvesant street, June 27th, 1855.

Strange Case of Drowning.

From the Herald of Monday.

Yesterday morning the baptismal rites were performed in the Cohoes river, near the foot of East Row, Newport, by an association of Mormons. An old man, aged fifty years, named Alexander Williams, ventured beyond his depth and was soon struggling for life in the current. His son, a young man of twenty years, went to his assistance, but unfortunately with no avail, they both sank beneath the surface, and were drowned. The body of the elder Williams was recovered, but that of the young man has not been found. Mr. Williams was already a native of London, and arrived in this city some weeks since; he resided on the corner of Front street and Western Row, and leaves a wife and two children. P. S. The body of the young man was recovered yesterday afternoon.

Saturday evening, about dusk, a lad, perhaps eighteen years old, wearing blue pants, a black coat, and soft black hat, took passage on the Ferryboat for the Kentucky shore, and informed the collector, when that personage came round, that he had no money, and offered him a black covered book, resembling a "pass book." The collector told him he did not want that, but took the boy's hat, and told him to get his money ready on the return trip, appearing in a good humor the while, and remarking, with a smile, to a friend who stood near, "I will have some fun." Just as the boat commenced rounding up towards the Covington shore, probably three-fourths the way across the river, the lad drew his hand across his forehead, bit his lips, as if nerving himself for a desperate effort, he plunged into the river, just where it is broken into waves by the wheels of the boat. It does not appear the face in the wake of the boat twice—the first time lifting his hand into the air, but there were no means of assistance at hand, and before the boat reached her landing, he sank into a watery grave. He had scarcely made the unfortunate leap, when, before those who saw it could give an alarm, the collector came back with his hat, and caution him not to attempt to cross again without the ferriage, but the wearer of the hat was in the swift current of the river, and gone forever.

☞ The Indians seem to get credit for some robberies and murders in Texas which they do not commit. A Mr. Walker, at Dripping Springs, forty miles west of Austin, being attacked by five men apparently Indians, and killed, a negro who was with him at the time and escaped, reached a settlement, and reported the circumstance. A party then pursued the marauders, killed four, and gave chase to the fifth, who being wounded, was captured while attempting to cross the river. But the water washed off his paint, and showed him to be a white man in disguise. On washing the faces of the four dead ones, they were also found to be white men. The prisoner said that there was in the mountains a party of one hundred, who have been committing depredations on the frontier, all of which have been charged on the Indians. Walker, after being killed, was robbed of sixty dollars. This discovery accounts for the numerous mysterious murders.

CURIOUS TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.—Professor French, in his last work on the English language, points out one in the 20th verse of the 23d chapter of Matthew. The words, "which strain at a gnat and swallow a camel," the professor thinks contains a misprint, which having been passed over in the edition 1611, has held its ground ever since. The translators intended to say, "which strain out a gnat and swallow a camel," that being the correct reading of the original, as appears in Tyndale's and Cramer's translations, both of which have "strain out." It was the custom of the stricter Jews to strain their wine, vinegar, and other portables through linen, or gauze, lest unawares they should drink down some little unclean insect, as a gnat, and thus transgress the Levitical law. It was to this custom the Savior alluded, intending to say that the scribes and pharisees, while they strain out a gnat from their drink, would yet swallow a camel at a gulph.

INDIANA BANKING.—A man had a draft on one of the banks of Indiana for three thousand dollars, for which he demanded specie. The bank officers invited the applicant to come behind the counter, which invitation was accepted, and the bank safe was opened, and the officer addressed his visitor:—"Say, stranger, look in that former corner of this safe, and you will see a small pile of gold. Now, that pile is the least possible sum the law will allow us to keep on hand, a wasting, while we are a banking institution; and if you think I am going to *break one of our State laws* to pay you in specie, you don't know who I am. You never wronged me, and I have no ill-will against you, but take care how you run on our bank, or I will bring out our revolvers." The stranger took pills for his draft.

COMPANIONS IN DURANCE.—Emile Brea, now in Jail awaiting a new trial, is locked up in the same room with Jonathan P. Broadwell, who was one of the Jury that convicted him. Lieutenant Hopkins, who was confined a short time since for contempt of Court by Judge Pruden, was placed in the same apartment with Brea, and was also upon the jury that found him guilty. When Broadwell was ushered into the room, Brea jocosely remarked, "Ah! ah! here comes another of that delectable Jury. Good! before I leave I'll have the whole dozen of 'em here."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

A VERY TOUGH STORY.—Sixty yoke of red bulls, according to the Frontier News, were seen last week, by an old lady in Kansas, hitched to an empty wagon, which was mired in the streets of this city. The team reached entirely from hill to hill, across one of our valleys, vulgarly called guts. The wagon, being very tight in the mud, refused to move; the consequence was, when that portion of the team in the load, over on the other hill, spread themselves in a strong pull, and straightened the chains, that twenty-seven yoke of the bulls in the centre were suspended in mid air, by their necks, something less than fifty feet above the ground. We did not see it, but understand that a profile view was taken on the spot for the News office.—*Kansas City Enterprise.*

☞ **Syphilis, Scrofula & Diseased Blood.**—For these terrific diseases, Carter's Spanish Mixture is the only specific.

The proprietors have in their possession over one hundred certificates of the most extraordinary cures effected by it.

We refer to the certificate of Richard Adams, late High Sheriff of Richmond, Va.; Edwin Burton, Commissioner of the Revenue for Richmond; General Welch, of the Mammoth Circus; Dr. Hendley, of Warhington City; Mr. Wm. A. Matthews and O. B. Luck, Esqs., of Richmond, Va; Mr. F. Bryden, Exchange Hotel, Va; and a host of others, who have been cases of the worst description cured by Carter's Spanish Mixture. They all certify that it is the greatest purifier of the blood known.

See advertisement. (jy2)2taw

☞ **What the New York City Folks say** of Dr. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, August 25, 1852.

This is to certify that I am well acquainted with a man fifty years of age, for many years a resident of this city, who has been extremely ill, but could not tell from what cause, unless it was worms. He told his attending physician his suspicions, but the physicians at once ridiculed the idea, and refused to attend him any longer. His son then mentioned Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, and asked him if he would take it; his reply was—I must take something to get relief, or die.

They at once procured a bottle of *Dr. McLane's celebrated Vermifuge*, and took one half at one dose. The result was, he passed upwards of *three quarts of worms*, and up in every form. He got well immediately, and is now enjoying most excellent health; and, like the good Samaritan of old, is endeavoring to relieve his unfortunate neighbors. He makes it his business to hunt up and select all cases similar to his own, that may be given over by the regular physicians, and induces them to try *Dr. McLane's* Vermifuge. So far he has induced more than twenty persons to take the Vermifuge, and in every case with the most happy results. He is well satisfied that Dr. McLane's Vermifuge is far superior to any other known remedy, and that it more generally known would not fail to save many valuable lives. For further particulars, inquire of Mrs Hardie, 124½ Cannon street, New York City.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
No. 60 Wood street.

jy30 daw

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
THE ONLY RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

On and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN will leave at 3 A. M
MAIL TRAIN " " at 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " " at 5 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Mount-Vernon, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c; and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A.M. and 3 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CHEVY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House
Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, Mar 8, 1855. (mh10)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,

BEHIND THE

Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R.

TO FORT WAYNE,

THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN miles from Pittsburgh.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *without delay*, with *all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*, and also at Forest with Trains going North and South on the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Penna. Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following places:

Fort Wayne,	Bellefontaine,
Cincinnati,	Urbana,
Dayton,	Springfield,
Indianapolis,	Richmond,
Logansport,	Dunlap.

Persons desiring Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

J. H. STRAUGHAN, Sup't.

jy3

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well fitted in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them good, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and to only moderately be charged, can do so by calling at 59 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

N. B.—Institutions, in particular, is one of his *greatest forts*. He cannot be beat in this style of fit out. Gentlemen, *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. (dec6) B. GRIBBLE.

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking *Factory*, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 24. jy3

☞ **Lungs! Lungs!!**

Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, in a great majority of cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cannot fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr. Curtis' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. jel8dawlaw

☞ **Sick Headache and Neuralgia** or RHEUMATIC PAIN STANDING CURED BY OAKELEY'S DEPURATIVE SYRUP.—Mr. William Trimble, SEXTON of Christy's Row, Bayards town, Fifth Ward, says he was cured of Sick Headache of eight years standing, by three bottles of Oakeley's Depurative Syrup. He had tried various physicians without a cure. He is now entirely well. Oakeley's Depurative is for Rheumatism, Scrofula, Tetter, and all eruptive diseases. For sale wholesale and retail.

DR. KEYSER'S,
No. 140 Wood street, Sign of the Golden Mortar.

Price 75 cents per bottle. ap25

☞ **Cough Remedies.**—Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure you.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Bronchitis.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral By rup will cure Laryngitis.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Influenza.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure a cold in the head.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Incipient Consumption.

A recent letter from Mr. J. W. Veatch, of Rokeby, Ohio, says:

"I want you to send me two bottles of your Pectoral Syrup by mail. There is a lady here who has a cough and the doctors can't cure her. I was in the same way, and tried everything without benefit, until I got a bottle of your Pectoral Syrup; I took it but twice, and it cured me sound and well."

Ask for Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP and take no other. Price, 50 cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S, No. 140 Wood street, and at J. P. FLEMING'S, Allegheny. ap25daw

☞ **Marsh's Radical Cure Truss** will cure nearly every care of reducable Hernia.

Trusses at various prices always on hand.

Children's Trusses of different forms and strength for sale.

Elastic Stockings for varicose or enlarged veins.

Abdominal Supporters—A dozen different kinds.

Pile Props for the support and cure of Piles.

Shoulder Braces to relieve a crooked and deformed condition of the Chest, and many diseases of the Chest.

Suspension Bandages.

All these articles may be had or applied at DR. KEYSER'S Wholesale and Retail TRUSS DEPOT, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar; or will be sent to any part of the country by sending the money and measure. ap25daw

Barrell's Indian Liniment,

For Rheumatism, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Sides—Sores of all kinds.

[A certificate from Cumberland, Maryland.]

CUMBERLAND, March 19, 1855.

MR. H. G. O. CLEMY, Zanesville—*Dear Sir*: May we ask the favor of you to send us twenty-four dozen BARRELL'S INDIAN LINIMENT? Please send it without delay, as we have not half a dozen bottles on hand, and it cannot be substituted in this country; therefore, do not disappoint us. * * * * * * *

Respectfully, yours, &c. BEALL & WATS.

For sale wholesale and retail at DR. GEO. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley; also by JOEL MOHLER, Liberty street.

☞ **A Substitute for the New Liquor Law!**—DR. URBANA'S ANTI-BACCHANALIAN ELIXIR, a safe and sure remedy for the cure of INTEMPERANCE.

A concentrated vegetable extract, and as a tonic is unequalled. For the following complaints it is a most valuable medicine: *Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Fits, Fevers of all kinds, Delirium Tremens, General Debility.* This medicine is intended to produce a change in the system, and a distaste for alcoholic drinks. Several instances where we have sold it, we have had the most gratifying results; so, to persons who are really desirous of breaking off the indulgence in intoxicating beverages, this elixir will be a great help. Sold at $1 per bottle at the Drug Store of DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, sign of the Golden Mortar. ap25daw

☞ **Balm of Thousand Flowers,** for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all TAN, FRECKLES and PIMPLES from the face. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street. jun22

SPECIAL NOTICES.

4TH OF JULY BENEFIT!

☞ **Before purchasing your Hat or Cap** to-day, call at 164 WOOD street, and examine our stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as LOW for CASH as any other house in the city can or will sell them.

MORGAN & CO.,
Next house to the new Presbyterian Church,
One door from Sixth street.

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☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Canton, Brazil and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1.50 to $4.00.

MORGAN & CO.,
164 Wood street.

my29

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 2d, 1855.

☞ THE President and Managers of "the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny," have this day declared a Dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents on each Share of the Capital Stock of said Company on which dividends are made, which will be paid to Stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 5th inst.

JOHN HARPER, Treasurer.

jy2tiw

☞ **Sheriffalty.**—GEORGE R. RIDDLE, of the City of Allegheny, will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allegheny County, at the ensuing election. jy2dawte

Pennsylvania Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH,
Corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $200,000.

☞ ISSUES Buildings and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, and the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. P. Johnston,	Rody Patterson,	Jacob Painter,
A. A. Carrier,	W. McMatarch,	Kennedy T. Friend,
James S. Negley,	W. S. Haven,	D. L. Park,
I. Grier Sproul,	Wade Hampton,	D. M. Long,
A. J. Jones,	T. H. Jones,	H. B. Coggeshall,

OFFICERS:

President.....Hon. WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Vice President.....RODY PATTERSON.
Sec'y and Treasurer.A. A. CARRIER.
Assistant Secretary.S. S. CARRIER. jy28:1y

☞ NOTICE.—The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the ATLANTIC AND OHIO TELEGRAPH COMPANY, will be held at BUEHLER'S HOTEL, Harrisburg, Pa., on THURSDAY, the 19th of July, 1855, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing NINE DIRECTORS for the ensuing year, in accordance with the Charter.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. R. CUMMINGS, Secretary.

je26td

JAMES ROBINSON,
OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,

WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;
CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.
JAS. D. SCULL, Secretary.

This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Brailley,	
James S. Stone,	John Robertson,	
John M'Alpin,	Samuel Duncan,	
William Phillips,	James W. Hallman,	
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,	
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,	
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,	
	Horatio N. Lee, Rittenhouse	

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☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**—WM. BAGALEY, President;
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Woodstreets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	Richard Floyd,	
James M. Cooper,	Samuel M. Kier,	
Samuel Rea,	William Bingham,	
Thos. M'Knight, Jr.,	John S. Dilworth,	
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,	
J. H. Shoenberger,	J. Schoonmaker,	
Walter Bryant,	William B. Mayo,	
	John Shipton.	

dec31

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 105 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secure a weekly benefit during sickness, ranging from $2.50 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits.

B. B. MCKENZIE, President.

T. J. HOSTER, Secretary.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES REAMER, G. N. HARVEST.

Consulting Physician—F. TRIBE, M. D. ow7jy

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY in every month, at SCHOCHMAN'S, in the Diamond.

By order,

GEO. W. SEEGE, Secretary.

se1y

☞ **Piles** neglected often prove fatal, leads to consumption, and the parts three times a day with DOLLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR. Insertion form in the rectum then insert the "Pile Syringe," filled with Extractor; and gradually force it on the syringe is withdrawn. It never fails to cure cases of any age or virulence, nor to give entire ease instantly to all, frequently curing by one application.

Piles are known by the heat, itching, and pain of the parts. Bleeding piles are caused, sometimes, by the falling of the whole bowels, which then press the intestinal canal tight against the bank bone, and keeps the blood from returning to the vessels, similar to the blood being kept at the top of your finger when a string is tied tight around it; such is frequently the case, and for scrofulous humors and ulcers form therein; then procure a perfect abdominal supporter, and wear a compress to the rectum, and continue to use the salve as directed, which is well over the bins and abdomen for some time, and the natural balls that support the bowels will be contracted and made strong, and your life will be saved. Only one bottle of properly applied, *every* case will be cured. It never fails.

None genuine without a steel plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
A. R. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G