Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING.....JUNE 21.

☞ Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorized to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

☞ Mr. JOHN W. M'CARTHY is our authorized carrier on the route formerly served by JOHN FORGIE, and is alone entitled to collect from weekly subscribers.

THE NEWS.

As far as official returns have been received, the vote against a Prohibitory Liquor Law in Illinois is some thirteen thousand ahead.

The total valuation of real and personal property in Buffalo, for taxation for 1855, is $33,087,711, of which $6,713,792 is personal estate.

The widow of the late President Taylor, and her daughter, Mrs. Bliss, arrived at Louisville, on Tuesday, on the steamer David White, from New Orleans.

The Poor House Directors of Cambria county have purchased the farm of Gen. Joseph McDonald, one mile east of Ebensburg, for Poor House purposes. It contains 140 acres, and cost $4,175.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth has appointed Mr. James I. McCormick, County Superintendent of Public Schools for Westmoreland county, in the room of Rev. A. M'Kinstry, resigned. Mr. McCormick will enter upon his duties immediately.

The Know Nothing and American Crusader weekly newspaper office of Boston was partially destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning. Loss about $3,000. The forms were ready for press, and the fire causes a suspension of this week's issue.

The Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal have compromised with the Clay county (Ind.) Regulators. The Trustees have agreed to cut the timber in the reservoir to the water's edge, and when the water can be spared, to let it out and remove all the timber, the Regulators promising in return, not to meddle with any of the works of the canal.

The statement that the secretary of war has refused to pay the arrears due to Gen. Scott, under the resolution and appointment conferring upon him the rank of lieutenant general, is said to be not correct. The whole matter has been submitted to the attorney general. It is supposed that the arrears of pay and allowance due, under a very stringent construction of the resolution or act of congress on the subject, may be reduced to $23,000. Under a liberal construction, the amount of these dues is upwards of $46,000. The proper construction is left to the law officer.

THE FOREIGN NEWS.

The last advices from Europe show that the Allies are now carrying on the war with considerable vigor, and will probably in time get possession of the whole Crimean peninsula. The supplies to the Russian army in that peninsula will have to reach them by the route of Perekop alone. That town is situated on the narrow isthmus that connects the peninsula with the main land. If the Allies get possession of that town too, they will have the Russian army enclosed, and command all the routes by which its supplies can be received. The naval forces of the Allies give them a vast advantage in the struggle in the Crimea. But if they attempt to push further into the interior of the Russian empire, their fleets will be of little service except in carrying supplies and munitions of war, and their success is more doubtful. Russia must submit to great sacrifices if the war continues; but the final result is distant, and not likely to be unfavorable to that empire.

One feature of the news is especially important, "Breadstuffs firm, with an upward tendency." This indicates that the appearance of the crops in Europe is not encouraging. There will doubtless be a large demand for food from this country.

MECHANICS' BANK.—Letters patent having been granted by the Governor for the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh, an election for Directors will be held at the Merchants' Exchange on Wednesday next. For the benefit of those of our readers who have subscribed for stock we give below a statement of the number of votes each shareholder is entitled to under the provisions of the Act of 1850:

2 shares	entitles the holder to	2 votes.
3 do	do do	2 "
4 do	do do	3 "
5 do	do do	3 "
6 do	do do	4 "
7 do	do do	4 "
8 do	do do	5 "
9 do	do do	5 "
10 do	do do	5 "
11, 12 and 13	do do	6 "
14, 15, 16 and 17	do do	6 "
18, 19, 20 and 21	do do	7 "
22, 23, 24 and 25	do do	8 "
26, 27, 28 and 29	do do	9 "
30 to 39	do do	10 "
40 to 49	do do	11 "
50 to 59	do do	12 "
60 shares	do do	13 "

No number of shares exceeding fifty confers an additional right to vote. Voting by proxy is prohibited, except by females. A husband wishing to vote stock held by his wife must have a power of attorney from her for that purpose.

THE CATHEDRAL.—The new Cathedral in this city, is the largest church on this continent with one exception. The Notre Dame of Montreal, we are told, is the only one that is larger. This Cathedral, too, when finished, will be the most splendid church in the country in its style of architecture, and in the excellent good taste which is throughout manifest in its design, its workmanship and finish. We thought when the stone church on Grant street, St. Peter's, was finished, that nothing could excel it; but the vast magnitude of the Cathedral, its perfect proportions, and its beautiful finish makes it excel anything we have seen. When the two towers of the Grant street front are completed, its external appearance will equal its interior. We understand the tower on the corner of Grant and Fifth streets will be 180 feet in height, and will have on it a chime of bells, and a large clock that can be seen over the greater part of the city. The interior is now nearly completed, and it is to be dedicated next Sunday.

AMERICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.—The Know Nothing Council recently held in Philadelphia provided for a National Council to be held in Philadelphia, commencing on the 22d of February next, to select candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. The delegates are to be from each State, equal in number to its representation in both branches of the United States Congress, and to be chosen by the State Councils, two being from the State at large, and one from each Congressional District.

AFTER SAM.—The Boston *Post* is after Sam with a funeral text. It suggests "that the following will answer very well as a text for 'Sam's' funeral sermon: Job, 8th chapter, 9th verse—'For we are but of yesterday, and know nothing, because our days upon earth are a shadow.'"

[COMMUNICATED.]

FUSION IS CONFUSION.

It is very clear that any dereliction from party usages and political duty, however apparently favorable in its anticipated result, is uniformly attended with a penalty commensurate with the fault, and that there is no instance of a party shrinking from its principles and manifesting a desire to compromise them for some apparent advantage that in the long run the disadvantages of an abandonment of its purity is not felt in its inmost core. Such would now seem to be our condition in so much as for the purposes of amalgamation we have allied ourselves in principles and practice with our opponents. As oil and water are incapable of mixture without adding some neutralizing ingredient which totally destroys the specific character of the one or the other, so is it impossible for Democracy and Whiggery to coalesce unless in the formation of a neutral political that bears the resemblance of neither. There is no doubt that there have been many wise and good men in all political organizations who have seen, or thought they had seen, a year of millenium approaching, in which none but the wise and good were to receive public promotion, in which all differences were to be sacrificed upon the altar of pure patriotism, and a feast "of fat things, of wine upon the lees well refined" was to be enjoyed by every man, woman and child in the community.

But these rainbow colorings fade with other bright anticipations and the visions of glory remain but for a night, for the morning and reflection bring into activity the undeniable truth, that in politics as in morals and religion, there will be differences of opinion which no zeal can harmonize, no activity destroy, no power prevent.

That fusion will breed confusion must now be obvious to every one, that we cannot fuse with the Whigs without yielding to them, is day by day becoming apparent; and that if we would, we should gain anything in the end is yet to be demonstrated.

What are we? Democrats in principles and action. We profess principles not merely diametrically opposite to theirs, but principles which they cannot recognize without ceasing to be Whigs. We go for the largest liberty, for the entire confidence in the people, for a limited construction of constitutional powers of the Union, for the rights of the States sacred and inviolable, for the extension of our territory by every means that tends to our country's greatness and is consistent with the good faith on which depends her glory. We claim that all aggrandizement, whether by conquest, by purchase or by treaty, creates territory in which all the States have an equality of rights; that each State and its inhabitants is entitled to occupy and purchase in all our territories, however acquired, and to transport property or person to the same without the passage of any laws prohibiting the exercise of the right of emigration, accompanied by every citizen with such chattels as he may claim a property in as a citizen of the State from which he emigrates; and that when territories are admitted as States, guaranteeing to them a republican form of government, they have a right to designate what shall, and what shall not, be considered as the subject of private right or proprietorship, without any interference of Congress; that such interference is a violation of right, an infringement upon the privileges of each State to govern itself, and is not the subject of permanent compromise or lasting compact.

The Whigs repudiate these principles; they deny our platform, and they seek, as we allege, for a foundation having a different basis. We allege that this country was placed in our hands by Providence as a sacred trust and depository, and that its government is to be exercised for the good of mankind; that its bounties and gifts are ours to be bestowed upon suffering nations, upon all those who, flying from tyranny and oppression, seek the shelter of our flag and the expanded wings of our eagle.

We look to the free exercise of the rights of conscience for the equality, not mere toleration of religious principles, and that every church, no matter how constituted, whether with or without a hierarchy, has the privilege of sanctioning and supporting its views and principles, and exercising such influence as seems compatible with its existence, and not in contravention of the constitution of the country and the popular sovereignty. The Whigs, on the contrary, hold tenets in entire hostility to these principles of a free exercise of the rights of conscience and the extension of equal rights of citizenship to the foreigner. They dread such extension of free principles as may invite to our shore the suffering myriads of the old world. They propose to introduce more stringent regulations, more onerous rules on the subject of naturalization of foreigners than at present prevail, and to prevent if possible the soil of this country from being granted to encourage emigration.

Can we sustain our principles and promote theirs? Can we combine with them for the purpose of obtaining the miserable triumph of a partial success in a local election, and abandon at once the eternal principles which can only be sustained by the most scrupulous fidelity to our party obligations? Forbid it, patriotism and honor. MORE ANON.

SENTENCE OF THE "VEILED MURDERESS." The notorious Henrietta Robinson, convicted in the Rensselaer County Court sitting at Troy, of the murder of Timothy Lanigan, was last Tuesday afternoon sentenced by Judge Harris to be hung on the 3d of August next. At the conclusion of her sentence, when the Judge commended her soul to God's mercy, she told him he had better pray for his own soul, declaring she was the victim of a political conspiracy which was calculated to crush a man. She was about to speak further, when her counsel desired her to remain quiet. When about to leave the court room she turned and, pointing her finger towards Judge Harris, solemnly exclaimed "Judge Harris, may the Judge of Judges be your Judge." Considerable excitement was manifested by the spectators during the time occupied in passing the sentence.

WASHINGTON COUNTY DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.—The Democracy of Washington have nominated the following gentlemen for their fall ticket:

Assembly—G. W. Miller and D. Riddle.
Sheriff—Andrew Bruce.
Commissioner—J. N. Walker.
Coroner—Moses Little.
Director of the Poor—T. Buchanan.
Auditor—J. C. Ringland.

General Calohan, D. P. Lowry, and Dr. Bradley were chosen delegates to the Harrisburg Convention, to nominate a candidate for Canal Commissioner, with instructions to support Arnold Plummer. At present, Washington county nominates by the "Crawford county system." A strong effort was made to change the present plan, but after considerable discussion it was voted down.

☞ "More Anon's" article is well worth a perusal. He is decidedly opposed to "fusion," and, under present circumstances, we agree with him.

[For the Post.]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Some writer in the *Dispatch* of yesterday, is fearful lest Protestants should visit the Cathedral on Sunday next, and thereby intentionally and pecuniarily assist Catholics. We hope the author may not be found prying around on that day, or begging free admission. There is little danger that the glorious cause of Foreign Missions or Bible Societies will flag, if Protestants are found within a Catholic temple from whatever motive, for one day in their lives. The contracted spirit manifested by "Consistency" is deserving only of unmitigated contempt.

THIRD CHURCH.

GOVERNOR REEDER.—A correspondent of the New York *Times* says that there is a prospect that Gov. Reeder will be removed from the office of Governor of Kansas. Speculation in Kansas lands is said to be the ground of complaint. We doubt the correctness of this report, and hope it is not true.

But the following correspondence between Mr. Marcy, Secretary of State, and Governor Reeder, would indicate that objection is made by the administration to some purchases of land he has made in Kansas. We shall soon learn what explanations the Governor can give, and be able to judge more intelligently of the facts:

W. L. Marcy, Esq., to Governor Reeder.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, June 11, 1855.

SIR:—I am directed by the President to inform you that with the developments before him in reference to purchases of Kansas half-breed reservations made by you in the Territory of Kansas, and in which, as you state, Judge Johnston and Elmore, of the Supreme Court of the Territory, and Mr. Isaacs, the District Attorney, participated; and in reference also to other speculations by you in lands of the Territory, apparently in violation of acts of Congress and of regulations of the department, he feels embarrassed to see how, consistently with his convictions of duty, he can allow the present official relation to the Territory of yourself or of either of the other gentlemen named to continue, unless the impressions which now rest upon his mind should be removed by satisfactory explanations.

The President will, however, be glad to receive and consider any explanations which you may desire to make in regard to the character and extent of the transactions above referred to, and particularly the matters spoken of in the letter of G. W. Clarke, Indian Agent, dated May 8, 1855, and addressed to the Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Kansas, a copy of which was forwarded to you at Easton, on the 5th instant.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant, W. L. MARCY.

Hon. A. H. Reeder, care of J. Cochran, Surveyor, &c., City of New York.

Governor Reeder to W. L. Marcy, Esq.

NEW YORK, June 13, 1855.

SIR:—Your letter of the 11th, postmarked the 12th was handed me between two and eleven o'clock last night, after I had made all my arrangements to leave for Kansas by six o'clock this morning.

I could not remain at home to reply fully to the communication without gross neglect of my official duties, and it is equally clear that I can not give to the grave matters it contains the deliberate reply which they require while I am *en route* day and night. Nothing is left me, therefore, but to proceed to the Territory and reply to your communication there. I wrote to the President yesterday, from Easton, and I would express my regret that your communication was not made at an earlier day.

Very respectfully, your ob't servant, A. H. REEDER.

Hon. W. L. Marcy, Secretary of State, Washington.

Changes of Climate.

The following, from the *Scientific American*, contains some interesting facts, and treats of a very *feeling* subject, worthy of careful investigation:

"History informs us that many of the countries of Europe, which now possess very mild winters, at one time experienced severe cold during this season of the year. The Tiber, at Rome, was often frozen over, and snow at one time lay forty days in that city. The Euxine Sea was frozen over every winter during the time of Ovid, and the rivers Rhine and Rhone used to be frozen so deep that the ice sustained loaded wagons. The waters of the Tiber, Rhine and Rhone now flow freely every winter; ice is unknown in Rome, and the waters of the Euxine dash their wintry foam unrestrained upon the rocks. Some have ascribed these climate changes to agriculture, the cutting down of dense forests, the exposure of the upturned soil to the summer's sun, and the draining of great marshes. We do not believe that such great changes could have been produced on the climate of any country by agriculture, and we are certain that no such theory can account for the contrary change of climate—from warm to cold winters—which history tells us has taken place in other countries than those named. Greenland received its name from the emerald herbage which once clothed its valleys and mountains; and its east coast, which is now inaccessible on account of perpetual ice heaped upon its shores, was, in the eleventh century, the seat of flourishing Scandinavian colonies, all traces of which is now lost. Cold Labrador was named Finland by the Northmen, who visited it A.D. 1000, and were charmed with its then mild climate.

"The cause of these changes is an important inquiry. A pamphlet by John Murray, civil engineer, has recently been published in London, in which he endeavors to attribute these changes of climate to the changeable position of the magnetic poles. The magnetic variation or declination of the needle is well known. At the present time it amounts, in London, to 23 degrees west north, while, in 1657, the line of variation passed through England, and then moved gradually west until 1816. In that year a great removal of ice took place on the coast of Greenland; hence, it is inferred that the cold meridian which now passed through Canada and Siberia, may at one time have passed through Italy, and that, if the magnetic meridian returns, as it is now doing, to its old lines in Europe, Rome may once more see her Tiber frozen over, and the merry Rhinelander drive his team on the ice of his classic river.

"Whether the changes of climate mentioned have been caused by the change of the magnetic meridian or not, we have too few facts before us at present to decide conclusively; but the idea, once spread abroad, will soon lead to such investigations as will no doubt remove every obscurity and settle the question."

☞ The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, the organ of Millard Fillmore and the Silver Grays, is exceedingly put out at the Philadelphia Grand Council splitting on the slavery question. From its course and that of the Pennsylvania K N. papers, both of which States adhered to the majority platform, it is evident the delegates of the two States will not be sustained in their course. Says the Silver Grey organ:

"In the action of the Council on the subject of slavery, they have been guilty of self stultification. The Know-Nothing party was formed for quite other objects than the settlement of the slavery question. Its founders, by the very act of joining it declared their opinion that there is another question paramount to this, if not in absolute importance, at least in present urgency. The Council met, and by introducing, discussing and splitting on the slavery question, they have contradicted the very idea in which the party had its origin. The Know Nothing organization grew up and acquired strength in the midst of the excitement caused by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise. But the central idea of the organization was not antagonism to slavery, but antagonism to foreigners. A party coming forward at that time, with that issue, declared by the very act of doing so, that, in its opinion, the question of slavery was subordinate in present importance, to a revision of the naturalization laws. Whether this was a sound conclusion is a matter on which men may differ, but that it was the opinion of the Know Nothings themselves, is a logical consequence of the existence of their party.

HENRY D. FOSTER.—This gentleman's nomination by the Democrats of Westmoreland county looks as though our friends out there were determined to win a triumph this year. If anybody can be elected in that county by a rousing majority, surely Mr. Foster can. He is one of the best lawyers in the State, and is a sound and staunch Democrat. With a few such men in the legislature for a year or two, the character of our State legislation would no doubt be improved. What is greatly needed is some well considered general laws that will render so much special and local legislation as we now have unnecessary. At the last session 684 bills were passed, and probably not one-twentieth of them were public laws. If Mr. Foster and a few more of his character and ability are elected we shall look for a cure of this evil. A few well considered general laws would answer all the purposes of the annual mass of enactments that encumber our statute books.

THE HINDOO PAGODA.—This beautiful structure, located in the Diamond Square, Allegheny, is crowded nightly by admiring audiences. The exhibition of Chemical Dioramas, Cœromatype Views, &c., contained in it, is of a very interesting and amusing character, and we are glad to see it so well patronized. The exhibition will continue open to-day and to-morrow.

☞ **A Most Extraordinary Cure** effected by DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, March 10, 1852.

This is to certify that I have been troubled almost four years with a choking sensation, sometimes so bad as almost to suffocate me; I employed two regular physicians, but to no purpose. I was then persuaded to try a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. I took two tea spoonsfull at one dose. It soon began to operate, when it made the tough work. (I had a regular worm factory within me.) I should judge it brought away from me some two quarts of worms; they had the appearance of having bursted. I threw the remainder of the bottle at two doses. The effect was, it brought away about one quart more, all chopped to pieces. I now feel like a different person.

The above is from a widow lady, forty-six years of age, resident of this city. For further particulars, the public are referred to Mr. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan Place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS., Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood street.

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OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

On and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c., and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY, At the corner office, under the Monongahela House. Or, at the Federal Street Station, to GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. (mh10)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,

DEING THE Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R. TO FORT WAYNE, THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN MILES FROM PITTSBURGH.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *with all Detention, with all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*, and also at Fort Wayne with Trains going North and South, on the Madison and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following points:

Fort Wayne,	Bellefontaine,	
Cincinnati,	Urbana,	
Dayton,	Springfield,	
Indianapolis,	Richmond,	
Lafayette,	Findlay.	

Persons desiring Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

J. R. SCRAGHAN, Supt.

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☞ **Opinions of the Press.**—The following is from the *Home Journal*, of Nov. 18, 1854:

"All editors profess to be the guardians of the rights of the people, and to keep them alive, through their columns, of whatever shall suffice for their benefit. We live up to this letter, and inform them that the most powerful and valuable medicine for their general use ever invented, is "BALLIN'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR." They appear to work more like miracles than by science, human body, that, though now it is daily tried by thousands of people, not one of them great mass but is delighted beyond comparison, and candidly confess they, in no conversation, will ever again be without it.

The inventor, Mr. H. Ballin, has nicely kept the secret to himself. Counterfeits are busy about it, but without success. Its overpowering merits defy all competition, and its peculiarities analysis. We confidently recommend all parents to seek its acquaintance, for surely it is a friend, who laughs at death and suffering, restores the blind, lame, halt, and scarred to perfection, and all from pain, it is a friend indeed."

We wish the discoverer of this mighty blessing, who is a real benefactor to mankind, God speed.

None genuine without a steel plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors,
Wholesale Agents, and by nearly every dealer in medicine throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & CO., *New York.*

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☞ **Old Sores, Ulcers,** and all eruptions and diseases arising from an impure or depraved state of the blood. See the extraordinary cure of Wm. H. Harmon, a highly respectable citizen of Albion, Ill., by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He had ulcers and sores in the most aggravated description, and finally got so bad he was unable to walk, except on crutches. A few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great blood purifier, cured him, as it has cured hundreds of others who have suffered with rheumatism, bad effects of mercury, old pains and ulcers of the bones and joints.

☞ See advertisement. jel:daw

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of those who WEAR A SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them made, and warranted to fit perfectly. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of cloth. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

N. B. Gentlemen, in particular, is one of his greatest forts. He must be left in the style and fit of his garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if required, to corroborate this statement. GRIBBLE.

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 29.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Before purchasing your Hat or Cap** to-day, call at 165 WOOD street, and examine the stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as low for CASH as any other house in the city can sell the same. MORGAN & CO.

Next house to the new Presbyterian church. One door from Sixth street.

je16

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Canton, Braid and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can retail much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1.50 to $4.50.

MORGAN & CO., 164 Wood street.

my30

JAMES ROBINSON,

OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,

WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ A. & W. will contract for Warming an Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Tubing, Gas Works, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Private Dwellings, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 75 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap16

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.
JAS. D. MCGILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,
James S. Hoon,	John Fullerton,
John M'Alpin,	Samuel M'Clurkan,
William Phillips,	James W. Hallman,
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,

Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning. feb17

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**—WM. BAGALEY, President; SAMUEL L. MASHELL, Secretary.

Office: 64 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	Richard Floyd,
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Isaac M. Peacock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.
John Shipton.	

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☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 168 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secures a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $2.25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits. S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

T. J. HUNTER, Secretary.
Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES REAMES, O. N. HOPKINS.
Consulting Physician—F. IRWIN, M. D. nov3:tf

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street,
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

jy29 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

☞ **Notice**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLEITER'S, in the Diamond. By order.

GEO. W. SESSE, Secretary.

☞ **A Most Extraordinary Cure** effected by DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, March 10, 1852.

This is to certify that I have been troubled almost four years with a choking sensation, sometimes so bad as almost to suffocate me; I employed two regular physicians, but to no purpose. I was then persuaded to try a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. I took two tea spoonsfull at one dose. It soon began to operate, when it made the tough work. (I had a regular worm factory within me.) I should judge it brought away from me some two quarts of worms; they had the appearance of having bursted. I threw the remainder of the bottle at two doses. The effect was, it brought away about one quart more, all chopped to pieces. I now feel like a different person.

The above is from a widow lady, forty-six years of age, resident of this city. For further particulars, the public are referred to Mr. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan Place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS., Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood street.

Je16:daw

Lungs! Lungs!!

Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, in a great majority of cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cannot fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—Dr. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. je18:3wdaw

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO., Would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, **At No. 79 Smithfield street,** in WEYMAN'S BUILDINGS, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all descriptions of children's wear.

Terms strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited. [my26m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **The Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh.** The Stockholders are hereby notified that an Election for Thirteen Directors, to manage the business of said Bank until the third Monday in November next, will be held at the Merchants' Exchange, on Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of June inst., between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

By order of the Board of Commissioners.

H. HEPBURN, Pres'dt ad int of said Board.

June 21st, 1855.—[je22:1d]

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

GREAT HESSIAN STATE LOAN, of 6,725,000 Dollars, to be remunerated with 16,588,510 Dollars, which amounts to £2 400,000 Sterling.

This Loan is guaranteed by the Government of the Grand Duchy of Hessian, and contracted by the eminent Banking House of Messrs. M. A. Von Rothschild & Sons, Frankfort-on-the-Main.

The repayment of this Loan comprises the following Capital Prizes:

14 of	40,000 dollars each.	60 of	4,000 dollars each.
22 "	30,000 " "	92 "	2,000 " "
24 "	20,000 " "	120 "	1,600 " "
63 "	8,000 " "	180 "	1,000 " "

&c., &c., &c.

The smallest Prizes are of 50 dollars each.

The next drawing will take place on the 1st December, 1855. The price of Shares is as follows:

1 Whole Share		£1 sterling.
6 do.		5 do.
12 do.		10 do.
30 do.		20 do.
75 do.		50 do.

Remittances for Shares should be made by Drafts, payable at any Town in Europe; on receipt of which the Shares will be sent by the return mail.

The Official List of the Drawing will be punctually sent to every Shareholder, and the Prizes obtained by the Shareholders will be paid by us through the principal Banks in the British Colonies and the East and West Indies.

For Shares apply to F. E. FULD & CO., Bankers, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany; or to F. E. FULD & CO., 32 Villiers street, Strand, London.

We, the undersigned, are specially appointed Agents for the sale of Tickets, for home and foreign countries; and it gives us great pleasure to announce to the public, the unrivalled success of the shares sold by us, as within a short time we have had the good fortune to pay to our Shareholders in England, America, and the Colonies, upwards of One Hundred Thousand Pounds Sterling.

F. E. FULD & CO., Bankers and Government General.

je2:3m

The Pittsburgh High School.

THE Directors of the Central Board of Education, of Pittsburgh, are desirous of obtaining a Principal for the High School about to be established in this city. A man of the highest qualifications, largest experience, and who can come with proper recommendations, is desired, and to such a person an annual salary of $2000 will be paid. The School is intended to be conducted in a similar manner to those of the Eastern cities.

Applications may be made up to the 16th of July. Address

R. E. MCGOWIN, Pres't of the Board.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1855.—[je22:1d]

William Wilson, Alderman,

OFFICE, No. 41 FIFTH street, between the Canal and the Office of Alderman Ward. All business appertaining to the office of an Alderman or Justice of the Peace, will be promptly attended to. Bonds, Mortgages, and other documents, drawn with neatness and dispatch. [feb12:tf

BOARDING.

PERSONS DESIRING GOOD BOARDING will find it to their advantage to call at **No. 105 FOURTH street,** where they will be accommodated either by the week, day or meal, on LOW RATES. je20

60 RELIABLE FASHIONS IN GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR JULY.—Among them is a fashion plate, color ed, containing eight three boys and girls' dresses, invaluable to parents. A Doll's Cap in embroidery, to teach little girls how to work. White's Summer Fashions for Boys. Manillas from Brodies, &c., &c.

For sale by H. MINER & CO., No. 32 Smithfield street. je22

YOU WISH TO BE RELIEVED FROM SUFFERING, supply yourself immediately with a box of WELLS' STRENGTHENING PLASTER, as it is an invaluable remedy for Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pains in the Side, Back and Breast; also, Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Stiff Joints, &c. 25 cents a box. Sold at No. 140 Third st. je22

A BEAUTIFUL TRACT OF LAND, of about 112 Acres, situate on the Ditty's Run Plank Road, at four miles from the city; is semi-cleared and fenced; balance in fine woods. A good spring of water, &c. Also, Twelve Acres adjoining the above, with a fine stone quarry opened, have a front of one-fifth of a mile on the Plank Road. For sale by S. CUTHBERT & SON, je22 140 Third street.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED:

Bulwer's Magazine, for July;
Godey's Lady's Book,
Homebook Library,
Hot Press Magazine,
Yankee Notions, &c.

For sale at W. A. GILDEENNEY & CO'S, Fifth st. opposite the Theatre.

SYRUP AND A HOGSHEAD OF MOLASSES—

33 bbls N.Y. syrup;
10 hhds Golden "
15 hhds Ist "
20 hhds S. H. Molasses; in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

BROWN SUGARS—

25 bbls Crushed Sugars;
25 bbls Refd White "
5 bbls Loaf " in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

TEA, PITCH AND ROSIN—

Chaseley, ex ship Ohio, from Canton;
15 bbls Pitch and Rosin;
10 bbls Rosin; in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

SOAP—

10 boxes No. 1 Brown Soap;
10 boxes imported Castile Soap;
10 boxes Fancy Soap;

in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

TOBACCO—

Ex ship Ohio, from Canton, Fine Chewing Tobacco;
15 bbls Cut and Dry; in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

FISH—

10 bbls large No. 3 Mackerel;
20 bbls shads; in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

SODA—

50 kegs Imported Baking Soda in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

COFFEE—61 bags Rio Coffee in store and for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

SALT—25 bbls Salt for sale by ATWELL, LEE & CO.

J. H. HOWARD, AGENT, St. Char