Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING::::::::::::JUNE 20.

☞ **Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.**

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Pasters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at

NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET,
BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

☞ Mr. JOHN W. MCARTHY is our authorized carrier on the route formerly served by JOHN FORGUS, and is alone entitled to collect from weekly subscribers.

☞ The communication in another column entitled "Fusion and Confusion," should be read by our Democratic friends. It presents some views worthy of consideration at the present time on the subject of a fusion ticket. The writer is a Democrat of the old school, and has strong faith in Democracy while standing upon its own basis and contending for its own principles.

A FARMER'S WAREHOUSE.

A correspondent in Monday's *Post* suggests that the farmers and gardeners in the vicinity of our city should join in opening one or two warehouses in convenient parts of the city, where farm and garden products could be left for sale at all times by faithful and competent agents. This would save much time. All sorts of vegetables, fruits, flowers, butter, eggs, and various other edibles, could be sent to the warehouses, and the producer be credited therefor, and to those warehouses consumers could resort, and find vegetables, fruits, &c., at all times, and at regular and not immoderate prices.

We have too many "*middle men*" between producers and consumers; each one of whom must have a profit, and all those profits added to the original value keeps food at prices unnecessarily high. Consumers must pay high prices, while the farmers and gardeners only get moderate prices after all. We need some plan by which food can come from the producers to the consumers by a shorter and more direct process. Would not "farmers' warehouses" accomplish that purpose? While it would make food cheaper, it would pay farmers better by giving them the whole market price, less only the expenses of the warehouses. The open market does not answer the same purpose in as economical a way. Farmers must stand two or three days in a week in the market to sell small quantities of fruits, vegetables, butter &c., while it could be better done by agents or salesman at a common warehouse, and his time be saved for his work at home. A small commission for selling would meet the expenses of such a warehouse, where produce could be kept in a better state of preservation than in the open market; and where prices could preserve some degree of uniformity, and many frauds be prevented. Such warehouses would not only tend to regulate prices throughout the city, but would regulate weights and measures too. We would have honest boxes of strawberries, and pounds of butter, instead of two-thirds of a quart in a box, and a short pound of mixed butter for the full price of a pound.

It is astonishing what thick and strong boxes are required of late to hold strawberries that are for sale. We expect in a year or two to see these boxes made out of two inch plank. The thicker the boxes the fewer the strawberries. If the outer surface measures right for a quart, it is no matter whether there is any room for the strawberries within or not. We are heartily tired of paying such enormous prices for everything eatable; and are satisfied there is no reason for it. Give us at least good weight and measure if such prices must continue. And when we aim to buy young chickens we would greatly prefer not to be leaded with old hens. But we cannot specify all the annoyances that are met with in buying marketing. We are satisfied that a better system could be adopted that would benefit all classes concerned—a system that would save producers much time and inconvenience; and that would give consumers honest articles of food in good preservation, at fair weights and measures, and at more regular and satisfactory prices.

If a number of our farmers and gardeners would club together and try this warehouse system for a while, we think it would become permanent; and, if conducted on fair principles, would give general satisfaction. For the sake of convenience there might be two or three houses in different parts of the city. They would all pay, and, we think, work well.

The details of such a plan can be easily stated. A dozen farmers and gardeners club together and rent a large warehouse with a good cellar, for say $600 a year. An agent, with a book keeper and two assistant clerks, could take charge of it; and all the produce those farmers and gardeners had for sale could be sent to it, and receipts given for it in pass books. All other farmers, gardeners and dairymen could send their products to the same warehouse for sale, subject only to a reasonable commission for storage and selling. These commissions should be only sufficient to defray all the warehouse expenses; and in this way producers would receive the whole price of their products, less merely the commissions. At such warehouses every thing could be well taken care of; preserved from injury by the use of ice in the cellar; and require no time of the owners in effecting their sale. The sales should be for cash only; and each producer could have a settlement and the cash in full every Saturday night. To such houses our citizens could and would resort for supplies, being sure of obtaining good and wholesome articles at fair prices, at all hours in the day, and every day in the week. We feel sure that a majority of the people would much prefer this to the public market house plan; and there can be no doubt that both producers and consumers would save money by it every year. It might throw some hucksters out of employment, and reduce the crowds in the public market; but it would be decidedly conducive to public convenience, economy and health; and while it would reduce prices to consumers, it would increase the receipts of producers. It would avoid the costly intervention of far too many "middle men."

POSITIVE, COMPARATIVE, SUPERLATIVE.—Says the Boston *Post*: "The career of the know-nothings, it is not difficult to foresee, is destined to be short as it is shameful. Having not the slightest foundation in principle, held together by no more reliable tie than the cohesive power of plunder,—they can only live by 'victories,' and must die on the first blow of defeat. Like other predatory bands, they will cease to exist, in an organized body, the moment the object of the association fails by a failure of spoils. The several stages of decay in the 'American' party will be found in the end to compare with the grammatical degrees of comparison, thus: Positive, know-nothing; comparative, get nothing; superlative, be nothing."

THE NEW PAPER.—The *Evening Times* made its first appearance in very good style and shape on Monday evening. Mr. McPherson, the editor, evidently knows how to wield the pen skillfully and smoothly. We welcome him to the fraternity, and shall quarrel with him with great cordiality whenever occasion calls for it.

THE NEWS.

A Mr. Leland, of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, sheared from a Merino Buck a fleece weighing *twenty-eight and a half pounds*. This beats old Fayette.

Fifty daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly and weekly papers comprise the press of Kentucky—of these thirty are for "Sam" and seventeen for the "Sag Nichts."

Andrew Jackson Donaldson, the nephew of Old Hickory, to whom he bequeathed his sword, was a delegate from Tennessee to the Grand Council of Know Nothings at Philadelphia.

The State Treasurer of Ohio reports the disbursements of that State for the fiscal year ending November 15, 1854, as $3,889,025 49; receipts, $4,472,024 46; leaving a balance at the above date of $584,944 97.

Miami, the pleasant correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, says Horace Greeley "appears to have discarded his American habits and fallen into the French. It cannot be perceived that he dresses, eats, drinks, or comports himself differently from the old *habitues* of French society, which is a matter of great astonishment to those accustomed to his home peculiarities." The proposition in the Connecticut Legislature to strike out the word "white" in the State Constitution has been defeated by a vote of one hundred and thirty-two yeas to seventy-nine nays—the requisite two-thirds not being obtained. Had it been carried and submitted to the people, there can be but little doubt what its eventual fate would have been. The people voted upon it in 1847, and by a vote of—yeas 5,353, nays 19,148, rejected it.

Hon. Henry A. Wise, Governor of Virginia, has declined an invitation to attend an "old-fashioned Virginia barbecue" at Petersburg. He says he has declined three other similar invitations, and adds: "I would have sacrificed much more than I did in the late canvass to prevent defeat under my lead, but I assure you the labors I underwent nearly cost me my life. I was absent nearly five months from my children and Mrs. Wise, whose health now requires my constant nursing. My domestic affairs, too, need every moment of my time until I must leave for Richmond."

The New York correspondent of the Albany Express says that the gold snuff-box about which so great an ado has been made, "was sent by the Emperor of France to Mr. Louis A. Depau. He is a son-in-law of Colonel Thorn of this city, and the husband of his wife's sister is the Baron or Count de St. Pierre, Equerry to the Emperor, whose wife was one of the Empress Eugenie's first maids of honor. Mr. Depau took his yacht, the *Sylvia*, over to Europe a year ago and unsuccessfully contended for a prize in the British regatta. Mr. Depau will take legal means to recover his valuable present, which was intercepted. He resides in New Rochelle."

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

It will be seen by an advertisement in another column that this road is to be opened to-morrow to Miltenberger's station, in Fayette county. This station is 48 miles from Pittsburgh. The work progresses now rapidly, and will reach Connellsville in a few weeks. The portion already completed and in use we understand is paying expenses, and doing a larger business than its most sanguine friends anticipated. The local business of that road when completed to Cumberland will make it a good paying road; and its *through* business cannot fail to be large. It is the shortest route between Baltimore and the lake regions, and in fact it is the shortest route between those regions and tide water at any point. Its grades, too, were easy, being in no place as great as on the Central road.

West Point Military Academy.

The annual examination of the cadets at the Military Academy has just closed. There were thirty-three graduates, the following of which are from Pennsylvania: C. Van Camp, M. P. Small, D. McM. Gregg, Lewis Merril, E. L. Hartz, T. M. Bryan, Jr., H. W. Freedley. After the graduates were presented with their diplomas, Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., Rector of Grace Church, Brooklyn, one of the Examiners for the present year, (and who had himself graduated at West Point,) delivered an address of striking eloquence. It will be seen the Keystone State makes an excellent showing at our National Military Academy. She sends only her proportion each year, but of those she does send, a far greater average graduate than any other State in the Union. We believe hardly a third of the cadets who are appointed each year are allowed to remain long enough to get a diploma.

THE PUBLIC WORKS.—The public improvements of this State, during the month of May, yielded tolls to the State to the amount of $224,894, being an increase of $65,044 over the same month last year. The increase on the Delaware division is $10,000 over May of last year, and on the main line, consisting of the Philadelphia and Columbia railroad, the Canal and Portage railroad, from Columbia to Pittsburgh, the increase has been about $7000. This improvement is not calculated to diminish the value of the public works, which the legislature has authorized to be sold.

☞ In the Know Something Convention at Cleveland, Ohio, on Thursday, a despatch was received from the Know Nothing Convention in Philadelphia, by the Convention there, announcing as follows:

The North defeated: The pro-slavery platform adopted!! Thirteen States withdrawn!!! God eternally damn slavery and doughfaceism!!!!

It was received with tremendous shouts and cheering.

BREADSTUFFS AT BUFFALO.—The following will show the imports by lake and the exports by canal, of four principal articles, from the opening to noon, June 8th:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Corn.	Oats.
Imports.....	184 017	811 034	1,572,792	590,192
Exports.....	61,947	579,293	1,155,269	379,405
	116,070	232 739	417,523	210,787

A Rich Case in Upper Tendom.

The New York Mirror, of Saturday, has the following:

There has been a novel case of upper tendom before the Mayor. A young sprig became enamoured of a Mercer street nymph, and urged her to marry him, which she refused. His parents heard of the affair, sought an interview with the son's "doxy," and she promised never to see him again. After some weeks he grew impatient, and addressed the lady notes, requesting a renewal of their intimacy—else he threatened suicide, &c. At length she consented. The parents learned of the re-union, and the father went to a police station and demanded the arrest of the girl. This was refused, as the girl was not an offending party. The father then went before Justice Osborn, with a request that the girl might be sent to Blackwell's Island, to keep his vicious son away from her. This was refused. The girl was present in the latter instance, and revealed that the young man and not she had sought the re-intimacy. This dashed the father, who had been told a different story by his son. The case was dismissed, to the confusion of "young hopeful's paps."

"THE FAMINE" AT THE WEST.—The receipts of breadstuffs at the upper lake ports are tremendous, and in the face of the receipts of corn, and the export demand but nominal, with a limited distilling business, the present prices of this description of grain cannot be maintained. 103,436 bushels were received in one day at the ports on the Upper Lakes. At Buffalo and Oswego the receipts reported on Monday reached 7,824 bbls flour, 82,897 bushels of wheat, 180,027 bushels corn, and 103,275 bushels oats.

HON. ROBERT M. MCLANE.—This gentleman was in Washington on Wednesday, engaged in closing up the business of his mission to China. The *Union* says that Mr. McLane has been so successful in the execution of the trust as commissioner conferred upon him by the President that no necessity remains for his return to China, and that he now resumes his residence in Baltimore.

[COMMUNICATED]

FUSION AND CONFUSION.

There seems to be a prevailing opinion that in this county at least, the Democracy of Pennsylvania does not feel strong enough to enter into a contest with the Know Nothings single-handed, and the idea of a fusion party, a conglomerate of Whigs and Democrats, black spirits and white, blue spirits and gray, is one on which men are beginning to dwell with the pleasing anticipations of defeating by such combination the most dangerous faction that has yet arisen in the country. So carried away are we with the idea of avenging the fancied wrongs which have been suffered from the new faction, that we seem disposed to overlook the apparent inconsistency of the proposed means, and have prepared to wage war along side of Turk, Christian or Heathen as may best gratify our desire of overwhelming a common enemy. But it may be worthy of consideration to inquire what are to be our gains in the approaching contest even if victory is won. Is the union with our new friends to be permanent or temporary? Are we to sacrifice our political principles on the altar of common safety, or are our "*Dunaos dona ferentis*" to offer up theirs upon the consecrated shrine? This latter would indeed be a glorious result, and for it we might well run some risk. But do we feel sure that the former is not in contemplation, and it is certain that if we fail in making this sacrifice those who now are caressing us will not find it their best policy to seek future aid in those whom they are now so anxious to put down?

I think it doubtful whether those who now feel inclined to marry us will not soon seek a divorce. There may be some family bickerings when the distribution of the spoils come to be considered that it will not be easy to settle, and the milk of harmony now apparently so fragrant to the smell and delicious to the taste may be dashed to earth under the excitement of the moment. The Whigs are certainly not friendly to the Democrats, they may harmonise for the *nonce*, but they cannot fraternize, and it would be well for us to look before we leap. No connection with the Whigs has ever yet done any good; they have by some fatality contrived to blast and mildew whatever they held in their embrace; and we have yet to learn that we have been battered by an ultimate union with them, or that they have ever been indoctrinated with just views by any connection with us. The truth is that we are the very antipodes of each other, and, however outside pressure may for a while hold us together, the elements of repulsion are so strong as to leave little hope of ultimate cohesion. The notion now entertained is that we shall select the best men of both parties for office and join in their support; on the part of the Whigs, this is equivalent to an admission that they have not done this heretofore, that they have brought out availables for the purpose of defeating us, whilst we resent as regards ourselves any such imputation and aver that we have always made those selections from every rank for office that ought to receive the honest support of every reputable citizen. But not to be tedious, does any man really believe this combination can come to any good? Do we not feel already as if the supposed necessity of this was a kind of degradation? Are we sure it is consistent with our honor and reputation to seek aid or to give it in such a cause. Let our citizens look to it in time. MORE ANON.

The Portland Riot.

The investigation going on at Portland is eliciting some curious statements. According to the testimony of Captain Charles E. Roberts, and Mayor Dow and two or three other men belonging to the Rifle Guard, went down into the cellar under the agency, on the night of the massacre, and, by order of Dow, two of the men took guns. *Dow wished to fire up through the grating. Captain R. understood they went down for that purpose.* But as the cellar was dark, and Capt. Roberts left before the others, he cannot say whether any person in the cellar fired through the gratings or not.

William C. Ten Broeck testified that he saw the whole affair from the window of the United States, and that the greater part of the crowd seemed to be spectators, and to take no active part in the proceedings.

"You say but a small part of the crowd engaged in acts of violence—did they seem to be determined, or was it mere boys' play?"

"Before the firing commenced it seemed to be boys' play. If before the firing any gentleman had gone and spoken to them they would have dispersed."

"By Mr. Pessenden.—"Why didn't you go?"

"I was afraid Mr. Dow would take me for a mob and shoot me. [Laughter.] The reason I think the crowd would have dispersed is that Alderman Thomas went out the next evening and addressed the crowd, and they went away peaceably."

According to the testimony of John C. Begg, the crowd had no intention of doing anything except to spill the liquor, which they said they might destroy because it was not property. He saw the whole "riot," and his evidence makes the conduct of "the authorities" appear ridiculous as well as sicked. After the firing was all over, Mr. Begg says:

"Neal Dow came out, wringing his hands, and said, "In the name of the State I command you to disperse—if you don't I'll fire on you instantly." There were about half a dozen standing round the door. Neal Dow followed me, wringing his hands. We backed off the sidewalk. A young man on the left side of the door on the Middle street side he ordered to disperse. He said he was a quiet citizen and he didn't see why he should be sent away. On that Mr. Dow ordered him to be arrested in the name of the State. I walked over to the other side of the street—a gentleman bailed me—said Mr. Dow was crazy. He had known him to be so for five years. [Laughter.] I said if it was publicly known he might make that his plea—insanity. At that time Mr. Dow had given orders to charge bayonets where two or three were seen standing on the sidewalks, to clear the streets, and they did so."

John P. Hale.

A cotemporary, in noticing the election of this gentleman to a position second only in dignity to the presidency of these United States, stated the times were behind him when he left his seat in the Senate some years ago, but that they had now caught up. To show what the editor probably means by the times catching up with this Abolition Senator, we will give an extract from the New York *Evening Post*, a journal of free-soil proclivities and by no means inimical to Mr. Hale:

The election of John P. Hale, as United States Senator from New Hampshire, is one of the most remarkable events of the day. There are some very grave objections to him as a member of the United States Senate, and these are as well appreciated in New Hampshire as they are anywhere else. Scarce any scheme of legislative pillage has been brought before Congress which did not receive his support; and when not a member of the Senate he has allowed himself to be employed at Washington as a professional *borer* for projectors who had designs on the treasury. A good humored manner, a touch of the Jack-pudding, a knock which he has—but which no really earnest enthusiast ever had—of keeping on excellent terms with all who differ from him in their political views, have fitted him, in a peculiar manner, to act as the instrument of this class. Many who would, on other accounts, have liked to see Mr. Hale in the Senate, hoped that the legislature of New Hampshire would agree upon some politician of less easy virtue.

Great Slaughter of Live Stock by a Railroad Train.

[From the Ohio Statesman, June 16]

Night before last the train on the Central Ohio Railroad met with a series of accidents, which resulted in a greater loss to the owners of stock of this description of grain cannot be maintained. 103,436 bushels were received in one day at the ports on the Upper Lakes. At Buffalo and Oswego the receipts reported on Monday reached 7,824 bbls flour, 82,897 bushels of wheat, 180,027 bushels corn, and 103,275 bushels oats.

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☞ **A Most Extraordinary Cure** effected by Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, March 19, 1852.

This is to certify that I have been troubled almost four years with a choking sensation, sometimes so bad as almost to suffocate me; I employed two regular physicians, but to no purpose. I was then persuaded to try a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. I took two tea spoonfull at one dose. It soon began to operate, when it made the rough work. (I had a regular worm factory within me.) I should judge it brought away from me some two quarts of worms; they had the appearance of having bursted. I took the remainder of the bottle at two doses. The effect was, it brought away about one quart more, all chopped to pieces. I now feel like a different person.

The above is from a widow lady, forty-six years of age, resident of this city. For further particulars, the public are referred to Mr. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan Place, or to R. L. Thesil, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.

je16dsw

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
THE ONLY RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

ON and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c; and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A.M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.
Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. (mh10)

OHIO AND INDIANA RAILROAD,
BEING THE
Continuation of the Ohio and Penna. R. R.
TO FORT WAYNE,
THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN MILES FROM PITTSBURGH.

☞ Trains connect at Crestline, *without detention, with all the Trains on the Ohio and Penna. Road*; and also at Fort Wayne, with Trains going North and South, on the Wabash River and Lake Erie Railroad.

For Tickets, apply at the Railroad Offices of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, or at any of the following points:

Fort Wayne,	Bellefontaine,		
Cincinnati,	Urbana,		
Dayton,	Springfield,		
Indianapolis,	Richmond,		
Tiffin,	Findlay.		

Persons desiring Tickets will be particular to ask for a Ticket by the Ohio and Indiana Railroad.

je6 J. R. STRAUGHAN, Supt.

☞ **Opinions of the Press.**—The following is from Gen. Geo. P. Morris, in the *Home Journal*, of Nov. 7, 1846:—"All editors profess to be the guardians of the rights of the people, and to keep them advised, through the medium of a column of whatever kind, that may be thought most useful to the interests of the people, not one of this great mass but is delighted beyond comparison, and candidly confess they, on no consideration, will ever again be without it.

The inventor, Mr. H. DALLEY, has wisely kept the secret to himself. Counterfeits are busy about it, but without success. Its overwhelming merits defy all competition, and its peculiarities analysis. We confidently commend all parents to seek its acquaintance, for surely every friend, who laughs at death and suffering, restores the blind, lame, halt, and scarred to perfection, and all from pain, is a friend indeed."

We wish the discoverer of the mighty blessing, which is a real benefactor to mankind, God speed.

Now genuine without the stel-plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicine throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & CO., New York.

☞ **Old Sores, Ulcers,** and all eruptions and diseases arising from an impure or depurated state of the blood. See the extraordinary cure of Wm. G. Harmon, a highly respectable citizen of Richmond, Va., by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He had ulcers and sores of the worst description, and finally got so bad, he was unable to walk, except on crutches. A few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great blood purifier, cured him. We have hundreds of others who have suffered with rheumatism, bad effects of mercury, and pains and ulcers of the bones and joints.

☞ See advertisement. jy21dsw

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well dressed in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them made, and suitable to THE SEASON. GRIGGS has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 54 LIBERTY STREET, Wood st.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest forts*. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this article. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. GRIGGS.

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 20. ap25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Before purchasing your Hat or Cap** to-day, call at 194 WOOD street, and examine our stock of HATS and CAPS, which will be sold as LOW for CASH as any other house in the city can or will sell them.

JOHN MOORHEAD & CO.

Next house to the new Presbyterian Church.
je16 One door from Sixth street.

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Panama, Genoa, Italian and Canada STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 25 cents upwards. Panama Hats from $1,50 to $4,00. MORGAN & CO.

my26 164 Wood street.

JAMES ROBINSON
OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,
WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,
AND FITTING GENERALLY,
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 25 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap16

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;
CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT GALWAY, President.
JAS. D. M'GILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:	
Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,
James S. Hoon,	John Fullerton,
John M'Alpin,	Samuel M'Clurkan,
William Phillips,	James W. Gallman,
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,
Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning.	

feb17

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—WM. BAGALEY, President:
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation

DIRECTORS:	
William Bagaley,	Richard Floyd,
James M. Cooper,	Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Rea,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.
John Shipton.	

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☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 103 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secure a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $2,25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits. S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

T. J. HUNTER, Secretary.
Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES KEAGER, G. N. HOFFSTOT.
Consulting Physician—F. IRISH, M. D. nov30:tf

PEARL STEAM MILL,
ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of
LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 62 Wood street.
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, OR DELIVERY.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SOHOCHILKITER'S, in the Diamond. By order.

je1y GEO. W. SEEBE, Secretary.

Persons suffering ..... **Lungs!—Lungs!!**— Persons suffering from diseases of the throat or lungs are, in a great majority of cases, completely restored to health by a faithful trial of Dr. Curtis' Hygeana or Inhaling Vapor. By the Doctor's new method of treatment, the medical agent is brought in direct contact with the diseased parts, and cannot fail of having a beneficial effect. All druggists sell it. See advertisement in this paper.

Caution—DR. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. je18:3wdaw

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.
JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO.,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, **At No. 79 Smithfield street,**

In WEYMAN'S BUILDINGS, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all descriptions of children's wear.

Terms strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited. [my26m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE
RAILROAD

Open from West Newton, Westmoreland County, to Miltenburgh Station, Fayette County.

ON and after THURSDAY, the 21st day of June, until further notice, the Trains of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad will run between the above points as follows:

Leave West Newton at 5.30 A. M.; stopping at Port Royal, Smith's Mill, Jacob's Creek and Layton; reach Miltenburgh at 6.30 o'clock. Returning, leave Miltenburgh at 6.30 A. M.; stop at all way stations, and arrives at West Newton at 7.30; connect with the FAST STEAMER CLARA FISHER for Pittsburgh; reaching the city at 11.30 A. M.

Second Train will leave West Newton at 12 o'clock for Miltenburgh, and returning, will leave Miltenburgh at 6 P. M., stopping at all way stations.

Fare from Pittsburgh to Miltenburgh, $1,15. Stages for Uniontown and Connellsville will connect with the Trains at Miltenburgh Station.

Freight will be transported each way daily. For rates apply to D. W. CALDWELL, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, West Newton; or to W. THOMPSON, Freight Agent, on board the steamer Clara Fisher, at her wharf, above the Monongahela Bridge.

OLIVER W. BARNES,
President and Superintendent.

Pittsburgh, June 19, 1855. [je20

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

Located in PITTSBURGH, on WOOD st, near Fourth.

THIS Institution, recently organized under its charter, offers to the young men of this and adjacent cities, and of the circumambient country, facilities for acquiring in a few weeks, and for an outlay insignificant, an ART far more lucrative as an avocation than almost any trade that it could require five or six years to learn, viz:

BOOK-KEEPING,

With its concomitant arts of free and rapid WRITING and ARITHMETIC.

The season of low water and slack business is at hand, which may be improved to great advantage by taking a course of instruction in the Iron City College. Special attention is given to the application of Book-keeping to Steamboat Business. Come, young gentlemen, clerks, apprentices, and others—come and spend your days or evenings, or both, for a few weeks, in one of the coolest and pleasantest Halls anywhere to be found, and acquire the art means of obtaining employment and high wages in the fall and winter. You will never regret the time you spent in the IRON CITY COLLEGE. je20

Prizes!—$550, $700, $1000, &c.

$550 FOR A BRICK HOUSE of four rooms and hall, No. 235 Bedford street.

$700 FOR THREE ACRES OF CHOICE LAND, with frame Dwelling House, a good garden, 300 grape vines, cherry and apple trees, strawberries, &c. Only four miles from the city, on a good plank road.

$750 FOR A GOOD DWELLING HOUSE on Roberts street, well finished, and in good order.

$1000 FOR ELEVEN ACRES, nine cleared and in cultivation. Dwelling House, fruit trees, &c., &c. About five miles from the city.

$1500 FOR NINE ACRES, with a Dwelling House of four rooms, stable, &c; grape vines, &c., &c—in good order. Situated at four miles from the city.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third st.

je20

FOR SALE

A FINE BROWN HORSE, suitable for Saddle or Harness; will be sold LOW, as the owner has no use for him.

Enquire of R. H. PATTERSON, Livery Stable, corner of Diamond and Cherry alley. je23:3t

BOARDING.

PERSONS DESIRING GOOD BOARDING will find it to their advantage to call at No. 160 FOURTH street, where they will be accommodated either by the week, day or meal, at LOW RATES. je20

WANT SITUATIONS.—Several YOUNG MEN, of smart business habits, with good references, wish to be employed as CLERKS or SALESMEN. Those in want of Clerks or Clerks can be supplied at BARB'S INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, 84 LIBERTY street.

Also, a PARTNER WANTED, with a cash capital of $100, to engage in a profitable business. Inquire of G. BARB. (Chronicle copy.)

GERMAN MISSION CHURCH AT AUCTION.—ON THURSDAY evening, June 28th, at 8 o'clock, at the Merchants Exchange, Fourth street, will be sold, by order of the Trustees of the German Mission Church, that valuable lot of Ground at the corner of Cherry and Strawberry alleys, having a front of forty feet on Cherry alley, and running back along Strawberry alley sixty feet—on which is erected a substantial Brick Meeting House, with finished basement.

TERMS.—One-fourth cash; balance in one, two and three years, in annual payments, with interest.

P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

DRY PEACHES—15 sacks prime new this day rec'd by je20 HENRY H. COLLINS.

MACKEREL—60 half bbls No. 3 large;
30 barrels No. 3 do for sale by
je20 HENRY H. COLLINS.

SALMON—No. 1 Lake Superior Salmon for sale by
je20 HENRY H. COLLINS.

WANDERING YET TRUE—You can obtain a fine Picture for 50 cts at the Enterprise Gallery, 74 Fourth st. je20

FLOUR—200 bbls Banner Mills Superfine;
100 " Border "
Received and for sale by
je20 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

FINE FLOUR—75 bbls fine Flour rec'd and for sale by
je20 SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

SUNDRIES—
75 bags prime Rio Coffee;
10 packets Java do;
50 hhds N. O. Sugar;
12 bbls Refined Sugar;
100 do New Orleans Molasses;
20 do Sugar-House do;
66 half chests Green and Black Teas;
25 cases of Pearls;
26 bbls "Louisville" Lime;
500 bushels shelled Corn;
600 bushels Oats;
12 tierces Rice;
10 kegs fresh Butter;
50 bags Saltpetre;
10 dozen Corn Brooms.

In store and for sale by
je19 ENGLISH & RICHARDSON.

[Journal and Dispatch copy.]

MOREHOUSE'S—a tale of the twelve hundred and ten. By Sir Walter Scott, Bart., author of "Waverly," "Ivanhoe," &c., &c.

The Wife Rice, or the Merry Monomaniacs—an American picture with portraits for the natives. By the author of "Wild Western Scenes."

Bailey's Dollar Monthly for July.

Life of Napoleon Bonaparte. By John S. C. Abbott, with several hundred engravings.

Cone Cut Corners—a great book. $1,25.

Constance Herbert. By Mrs. Jewsbury. 37 cents.

Henry Ward Beecher's New Book, Star Papers.

Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Novels. If you want to laugh, buy a copy of Dickens' books, twelve in all, with all the original illustrations, neatly bound in cloth. New editions of all are just published. Price $1,50.

Sister Rose, in seven chapters, by Chas. Dickens; 12½ cts.

Blanche Dearwood, a tale of Modern Life. For sale by
je19 H. MINER & CO., 32 Smithfield street.

PEKIN TEA STORE.
S. JAYNES.
No. 38 Fifth st., one door east of Exchange Bank,
Pittsburgh, Pa.,

GREEN and BLACK TEAS, SELECTED WITH GREAT care, and purchased direct from the importers, for *Cash*. The stock consists of all the different flavors and grades of TEA brought to the American market, and will be sold, *wholesale and retail*, at the LOWEST PRICES.

RETAIL GROCERS are invited to call and get samples, and learn our prices.

PACKED TEAS,

Put up in *metallic* packages, expressly for the trade:

Young Hyson No. 1,		Imperial No. 1,	
" " No. 2,		" " No. 2,	
" " No. 3,		Oolong No. 1,	
" " No. 4,		" " No. 2,	
Silver Leaf Young Hyson,		Plantation Oolong,	
Gun