Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING:.....JUNE 9.

☞ Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & Co., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at

NEW YORK, 112 NASSAU STREET,
BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

☞ Mr. JOHN W. M'CARTHY is our authorized carrier on the route formerly served by JOHN FORGUS, and is alone entitled to collect from weekly subscribers.

PAPERS WANTED.—The following papers are missing from our files of the *Daily Post:* Thursday, May 31; Friday, June 1; Saturday, June 2; Tuesday, June 5. Any of our subscribers who have these numbers will confer a favor by sending them to our counting-room.

SATURDAY WEEKLY POST.

The Weekly Post is published to-day containing all the news—Foreign, General and Local. Besides this it has a full report of the Pittsburgh Money and Produce Markets; a beautiful Tale, Poetry, &c. Price, $2,00 per year; or, $1,00 to clubs of ten. For sale at the counter.

ANOTHER EFFORT FOR PEACE.

The last news from Europe informs us that the conference at Vienna is about to be re-opened, and another project submitted by Austria for the settlement of the war questions between Russia and her foes. It is manifest that England desires peace, and will willingly forego any advantages that can possibly be obtained by her arms rather than carry on so expensive and disastrous a conflict further. Louis Napoleon may be too peacefully inclined. He needs a victory—a triumph of arms, to satisfy the French people. To conclude an unsatisfactory peace after an unsuccessful war would endanger his throne. In 1812–13 a vast French army was destroyed in Russia. In 1815 a Russian army entered Paris in triumph. If in 1855 another French army is to retire from Russian territory without any laurels won, the French nation can no longer claim to be the first military power in Europe. The spirit of "la belle France" will hardly brook such repeated failures in the conflict with "*barbarians*," as they choose to call the Russians.

But it is not probable that the negotiations for peace can be successful. The reduction of the Russian naval force in the Black Sea is positively refused by the Czar; and he offers no concessions that indicate a doubt of his power to contend with all Europe combined. The prestige of Russian power is unbroken; no fortress is lost; no signs of exhaustion are manifest; no strong desire for peace appears on the part of Russia. It seems evident then that the Allies must *conquer* peace if they would have it, and it will take years to do that. Russian armies have been many times defeated: Russian territory has been many times invaded, and its cities destroyed; but for two centuries that empire has come out of no war but with honor; and concluded no peace with the loss of a province, or with any humiliating terms. That empire has been engaged in many wars since the time of Peter the Great, and has suffered many disasters and defeats; but the conclusion of nearly every conflict has added new provinces to its vast domains. A long war with Sweden resulted in the conquest of one-third of that kingdom. Two-thirds of the kingdom of Poland have been added to the empire. One-third of the territory in Europe formerly ruled over by Turkish Sultans is now annexed to Russia. Circassia and Georgia have been partially subdued. Whole provinces have been wrested from Mantchooria and the Chinese Empire. Every war has resulted in permanent conquests, except the war with Napoleon, and that ended with a Russian army in Paris. No wonder the western nations are alarmed at the onward strides of such a power; and demand a reduction of its means of aggression and conquest. But will such an empire, with such a history, consent to give up its ships of war, and dismantle its fortresses in order to quiet the apprehensions of surrounding nations. History furnishes few examples of such magnanimity, and *Russian* history none.

It seems certain then that the Czar will not voluntarily consent to any reduction of his ships in the Black Sea, or of his fortresses and magazines upon its coast: and without such a reduction the war will have been fruitless to the Allies, and peace disgraceful. Where, then, is the chance for peace until Russia is crippled and humbled by arms? Can that be done?

AN M. C. FOUND GUILTY OF KISSING ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE.—Dr. William W. Valk, K. N. members of Congress from the First District, New York, was convicted in the Queen's County Sessions of kissing Mrs. Mary Penfold, a rather "attractive looking" married lady, aged about twenty five. The legislative Lothario, according to the reporter, "is a leading physician in the town of Flushing, and is a fine looking man, standing about six feet two inches in his stockings, and does not look like a person accustomed to have his salutations resented by his fair patients. He has a high, bold forehead, rather handsome features, and sports a moustache and imperial. He was carefully, not to say elegantly dressed. It was his weakness, like Byron's, to hate his neighbor and to love his neighbor's wife."

COAL AFLOAT.—Eight tow boats started down the river, yesterday, with coal barges in tow. The Tigress took five barges, containing about eleven thousand bushels each, making fifty-five thousand bushels. The other seven boats probably took each about the same quantity. In all, this would make four hundred and forty thousand bushels. By seven o'clock last evening six pairs of floating coal boats had also left, containing over eighty thousand bushels. Before seven o'clock in the evening, then, more than half a million bushels left for the lower markets. The steamboats were also loading with heavy freights, and there was a very lively appearance of business on the wharf. This rise in the river is most favorable for our coal men, our manufacturers, and our merchants.

STATE CONVENTION OF NATIVE AMERICANS.—This body met at Harrisburg on Wednesday last and organized by electing Dr. W. J. A. Birkey president, and the usual number of vice presidents and secretaries. Thirty-one delegates were in attendance. A resolution was passed resolving to support no other than open nominations; and also recommending the holding of a National Convention in Wilmington, Delaware. Upon the whole the proceedings appeared to be tame and spiritless. It is evident that the Native American party has been swallowed up by the great Sanhedrim of Know Nothingism.

HEAVY FLEECES.—Gen. John M. Goe, of Jefferson township, Fayette county, clipped recently from a four year old French Buck a fleece that weighed 24 pounds. The fleece was of 20 months growth. The carcase of the buck weighing 228 pounds. A French ewe belonging to the same gentleman produced a fleece weighing 25 pounds, and her carcase weighed 140 pounds.

THE NEWS.

News from Virginia confirm the election of John S. Carlisle, the American candidate for Congress in the Eleventh District

A fatal duel is reported to have taken place in New York, in which the challenger, a man named Leavenworth, was killed, and his antagonist, named Breckenridge, who is a son of Hon J. C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, received a severe wound. The quarrel was about some offensive remarks of Breckenridge at a club room.

At the administration of the Lord's Supper, by the Rev. Mr. Wishart, at his church in New Athens, Harrison county O., a few Sabbaths since, he debarred all Know Nothings from participating in the ceremony. He took the position that a person could not be a Christian and an honest man and at the same time a Know Nothing.

It was intimated in one of the Cincinnati Courts the other day, that the fact of the marriage of any lawyer within a period of three weeks (the old honeymoon under the Common law) would be a valid ground of application for the postponement of any case in which such lawyer may have been engaged. Bachelor practitioners may find it useful to file this item.

The people of Michigan City, Michigan, last Saturday gutted the Railroad House, kept by a man named Childs. He was long suspected of keeping a disreputable place, and a few days previous a young Scotch girl (who was hunting a young engineer to whom she was engaged to be married,) was inveigled into it, drugged, and her person outraged. When the facts became known the people turned out and tried to seize Childs, but he escaped out of a back window. They then demolished the furniture and gave the other inmates notice to quit.

Mr. T. D. Blair, mail agent, was arrested in New Orleans, on the 28th instant, by the United States Marshal, by virtue of a warrant issued on the affidavit of I. J. McCormack, Esq., charging him with opening letters in the post office, contrary to the laws of the United States. This accusation is based on a recent charge of Judge McCable to the Grand Jury, wherein the Judge held that mail agents who were guilty of opening private correspondence, after it had been entrusted to the custody of the Post Office, no matter what the motive, subjected themselves to the penalty of the law. Mr. Blair gave bail in the sum of $1,000 for his appearance before the Grand Jury.

☞ We are indebted to William C. Miller, of Duquesne borough, for a number of papers of very ancient date.

BARNUM'S BABY SHOW.

A Bachelor Pronounces it a Humbug.

[A bachelor friend, who evidently detests the entire tribe of 'little angels' is down like a thousand of brick upon the National Baby Show of Barnum. We strongly suspect, *four*-such shows, with the premiums attached, will encourage the baby crop—an event which he would doubtless greatly deplore. We give our friend's opinion, however, but protest against it necessarily implying that we consider him 'sound on the goose question.']

MR EDITOR:—Shade of road old King Herod preserve us! From humbug, from confusion worse confounded, preserve us! A Baby Show! Well, this out Herods Herod truly. What would he not have given for a chance at such a choice lot as Barnum has congregated together at his Museum! None of your "common clays", "stodgy, puny, "dowdy" little wretches, but nicely, snugly, "dainty" little wrinkled, crowing, pinky, "bouncy" little babies; "nails babies;" living monstrosities in the shape of babies; the very head, front and back of all that is great in fat and rubbery babydom. Here are single babies; babies in twins; babies in triplets—in short and, not turn out pale, oh ye old bachelors and ancient maiden ladies,)—babies in quartetts

Monstrous! We had almost said prepaste rous! Can such things be? Fours!—as though it were not enough to encourage the production of uncommonly large single babies, the great law of our nature, regulating these matters, is sought to be perverted, and "*all fours*" are bitterly advertised for by these baby fanciers.

Ye Gods! what a concord of sweet and Orphean sounds must fret the ether that this creation room. What weeping and wailing, and gnashing of gums; what petting, caressing, fondling and dandling; what volumes of unpronounceable, untranslatable, nonsensical jargon will be uttered; what smiles, what tears, what coos, what bitters—in short, what a tempest in a tea pot will rage in this modern Babel

We look upon this grand enterprise, as one of the unmistakeable signs of the times, indicative of the approaching overshadowing greatness of this mighty republic A race of giants, of Herculii are to be produced, to give weight to the councils of our nation, and to direct with strong arm, and daring hand, the developing resources of a nations greatness.

Unlike the sanguinary struggles on the tented field, when Greek meet Greek, on bloody decds intent,—here the sons of the United States, in now in progress at New Orleans. Mr. W. G. Kendall, the postmaster of that city, is arraigned on various charges of embezzlement of money from letters. Respecting the truth or falsity of this accusation, we do not at present intend to say anything, but one fact has come out in evidence, in the course of the preliminary hearings, which deserves general attention. This is, that the secret agents of the post office are in the habit of opening letters passing by mail, on pretence of ascertaining fraud. In one case it has been clearly shown that this practice was used for a political purpose, and we allude to it now to say that the same suspicion is abroad in this State. We do not believe that the Postmaster General is privy to these doings; for it appears that the secret agents at the Southwest who have been thus exposed are secessionists, and were gratifying their own personal hostility to the Union men. In this State, political letters have been repeatedly lost or stolen from the mails in the most unaccountable manner, and their contents villainously published in partizan newspapers.

That the secret agents, or rather post office spies, do open letters, and for that purpose have keys of the mail bags, is a fact well ascertained, and with such a power in their hands, the temptation to use it for political ends is too great for men of weak morals, as unfortunately too many government officers are. The practice is in direct contravention of the laws, and without warrant of any kind. It is too great a stretch of power to be quietly tolerated in a free republic, placing, as it must, the workings and secrets of all the important affairs of the country at the mercy of the government. In the hands of corrupt and wicked men, such a practice is fraught with mischief to everybody, for what is used for political purposes to day, may serve private malice, or intrigue, or cupidity to morrow, and the important secrets of the merchant, the trader, the manufacturer, the lawyer, and the editor, are all thus at the mercy of men who may be honest or dishonest, according as the government chances to light on proper or improper men.

[From the Philadelphia Ledger, 7th.]

Relief Notes.

An attentive correspondent at Harrisburg sends us a copy of the several sections of the laws of this State having reference to the cancellation of "Relief" notes. The one hundred and second section of the Act of April 13, 1853, is, however, the only one of any important bearing. It provides "that from and after the 1st day of July, 1855, it shall not be lawful for any Bank in this Commonwealth to pay out said notes at their counter, or to them in any manner in the transaction of their business, nor shall County Treasurers, Toll Collectors, or any other receiving officers of the government pay out said notes, but they shall cause them to be delivered to the State Treasurer, who shall receive them for debts due the Commonwealth, or redeem them in par funds, and shall cause them to be cancelled and destroyed in the manner provided in the foregoing sections of this Act." It will be seen from this that the Banks, County Treasurers, Toll Collectors, and all receiving officers of the Commonwealth are forbid paying out any "relief" notes; but as the section requires them to pay them over to the State Treasurer, who is required to receive and cancel them, the natural inference is that all receiving officers of the State government are required to receive them in payment of debts due the Commonwealth. Such, however, seems not to be the interpretation of the law, as we understand our County Treasurer refuses to receive "relief" notes in payment of State taxes. The consequence, we suppose, will be that this trash will gradually become more and more depreciated, shuffled from hand to hand and refused by the Treasurer, until it rots or wears away, should not the Legislature interfere for its redemption.

[From the Buffalo Democracy.]

"He Died of Brokers, Sir!"

"He did not die of cholera—he died of brokers, sir!" said a man to us yesterday, speaking of the death of his friend "He projected an unwise improvement of a piece of real estate—made loans—covered himself with bonds and mortgages—and finally incurred a street debt of two thousand dollars which rapidly rolled up to eight thousand, and crushed the life right out of him. He borrowed Canada money on call to be paid in current funds—got paper discounted payable in seven days in the city of New York—borrowed Ohio and Kentucky currency for one day, returnable notes of Buffalo banks—shinned it from street to street and friend to friend to keep the debt ahead of him. Why, sir, I could not sit down to consult with him, or do any kind of business with him, with the least assurance that he would not jump up suddenly to go out and give another shove to that accursed debt. The memorandum book of his obligations was always in his bosom, and sir, it burned to the poor man's heart. He was owned by brokers. He worked for them, lived for them, and died for them. He did not die of cholera at all, sir. He died of a street debt, upon which he expended his strength every week, in throwing it ahead from one day to seven days"

We thought of Haydon, the historical painter, and the puddle of black blood that ran out from under the door of his studio, where at the foot of one of his pictures the weary artist disembarrassed himself at once of debt and life with the friendly pistol. What a frightful record of the consequences of debt was the whole history of this brilliant and enthusiastic Englishman's career! It was, to be sure, needlessly aggravated by one of the curses of British society—the London Attorney executing the law of contracts, and with his scoundrelly costs doubling the weight of every obligation put into his hands for collection. Yet no man can read Haydon's life, with the conviction that his misfortunes and suicide were due to the debt, the rolling of which while he could roll it, was the poison of his life, and which finally grew too great for his strength. It rolled back on him and killed him. The pistol ball which shattered his noble head, was but the minister of his debt.

There is now at our hand this written life of the great orator, Sheridan. Here his shipwrecks and his closing sorrows and shames were the consequence of his life long indebtedness! It cost him his seat in Parliament—threw him out of Drury lane—cast him into prison—sent him to the pawnbrokers—sowed the seeds of domestic discord—drove him to hard drinking, and finally broke down the ornament of the British Senate, and utterly ruined the great man, whom Byron pronounced to be the author of the best oration, the best opera, the best address, and the best companion, counsellor, ascetic, and friend of of princes, prime ministers, and dukes; debt carried him bed-ridden to the disgrace and horrors of an arrest while he was dying. A brutal officer in the very act of carrying him in the blankets upon which he laid to a sponging house, was deferred from his purpose only by the suggestion of the physician that he would be hung for murder if Sheridan died on the way.

The youth of this country should be taught to avoid debt as the bane of their lives. PAY AS YOU GO is a golden maxim. It should be the rule of private life. True economy would make it the government practice. Its wisdom could be profitably inculcated in our institutions of learning, in lieu of a portion of the wortless Greek, upon which American scholars waste so much time and money.

Buckwheat.

Few crops can be turned to a better account on a poor light gravelly soil than buckwheat. It possesses a chemical action on the soil, by which the coarser particles are disintegrated, or rendered finer, and the soil is thereby improved. Pure inorganic earth—that is earth unmixed with animal or vegetable matter—is produced by the disintegrating, or pulverising of rocks. Silex, or sand, is the oxide, or rust of silicium; or, to make it more familiar, it is pulverized quartz Clay is produced by the decomposition of feldspar. Now, all the quart and feld spar in the world, while existing in the form of rock, will not produce a blade of grass; it is only when decomposed, or pulverized, and the finer the particles, the better the soil

It is soil, then, is course, the object of the farmer should be to pulverize it, which can only be done by some chemical application, or the growing of some crop which has the chemical power Buckwheat, by a process yet undiscovered, has the power, and the longer the soil is left on a given piece of ground, the finer will be the particles of the soil. It injures land for corn, but leaves it fine for potatoes, and is the best crop to kill out bad weeds, wild grass and mellow greensward To fit the land for the next succeeding crop, in rotation, plow in a crop of buckwheat in bloom.

As a food for man, except in small quantities, we would not recommend it, as cakes made from it, though light when hot, are as heavy as lead lever when cold A constant use of it, has a tendency also to produce cutaneous diseases; but boiled with potatoes, apples or pumpkins, it is first rate for hogs. When ground, it is excellent for milk cows. Fed raw, or left standing in the field, it is great for Shanghais, (they being called to harvest for themselves) The bloomsome allured material for the very best honey and at a season of the year when the flowers are gone.

It should never be given in any form to horses, as it bloats them rather than fattens; and what appears to be fat, put on a horse by buckwheat, or bran, will disappear by hard work in a day.—*Ohio Farmer.*

Opening Mailed Letters.

[From the Philadelphia North American.]

An important case, seriously involving the post office system of the United States, is now in progress at New Orleans. Mr. W. G. Kendall, the postmaster of that city, is arraigned on various charges of embezzlement of money from letters. Respecting the truth or falsity of this accusation, we do not at present intend to say anything, but one fact has come out in evidence, in the course of the preliminary hearings, which deserves general attention. This is, that the secret agents of the post office are in the habit of opening letters passing by mail, on pretence of ascertaining fraud. In one case it has been clearly shown that this practice was used for a political purpose, and we allude to it now to say that the same suspicion is abroad in this State. We do not believe that the Postmaster General is privy to these doings; for it appears that the secret agents at the Southwest who have been thus exposed are secessionists, and were gratifying their own personal hostility to the Union men. In this State, political letters have been repeatedly lost or stolen from the mails in the most unaccountable manner, and their contents villainously published in partizan newspapers.

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[From the Philadelphia Ledger, Thursday.]

The National Secret Council.

The Know Nothing Convention held three sessions yesterday, with closed doors, but up to their adjournment in the afternoon had not effected an organization The cause of the trouble is not known to outsiders, but it will probably be settled this morning, so that the body can proceed with the business for which they are assembled. The banquet given by the citizens to the delegates, takes place this afternoon, at Samson Street Hall.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, June 6th, Major SAMUEL ADAMS and Miss SALLIE BRATTY.

Our best bow to both parties, and hearty congratulations to Miss Sallie for having secured a model conductor on her matrimonial trip.

On the 29th of March, in Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, by the Hon. Chief Justice Kinney, John S. Drummond, Esq., (Gentile,) of Iowa, to Miss Mary Ann Taylor, only daughter of Elder John Taylor, one of the Twelve Apostles of the Church of Latter Day Saints. The bride was given away by Capt. Rufus Ingalls, of the U. S. Army.

☞ A **Certificate** from one of our Williamsburgh friends:—

NEW YORK, August 30, 1852.

I hope every one, whether adult or child, who may have reason to believe they are troubled with worms, will take Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. I firmly believe it is one of the greatest worm destroyers of the age—certainly the most extraordinary I know of.

A child of mine, about five years old, has been troubled with worms about six months back; we could get nothing to relieve it until we came across Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, of which we gave but a small quantity. The result, however, was extraordinary. The child passed over three hundred worms.

MR. LENT,
Williamsburgh, Long Island.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to S. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.

je2:3aw

☞ **Old Sores, Ulcers,** and all eruptions and diseases arising from an impure or depraved state of the blood. See the extraordinary cure of Wm. G. Harwood, a highly respectable citizen of Richmond, Va., by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He had ulcers and sores of the worst description, and finally got so bad, he was unable to walk, except on crutches. A few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great blood purifier, cured him, as it has cured hundreds of others who have suffered with rheumatism, bad effects of mercury, and pains and ulcers of the bones and joints.

*** See advertisement. [j-1:3aw

Lungs! Lungs!!

☞ We refer our readers to an advertisement in another column, for full particulars concerning the HYGEANA OR DORTIS. It is said to be one of the most remarkable cures, for all descriptions of diseases of the Lungs, ever discovered. Its virtues have been testified to by hundreds, who have obtained their knowledge by the best of all teachers—experience.

Caution—DR CRAVE' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article. my14:3w

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well fitted in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them good, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest* forte. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. [de-9

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 20. ⅞ ap25

☞ **Opinions of the Press.**—The following is from Geo. P. Morr s, in the *Home Journal* of Nov. 7, 1846:—"All editors profess to be the guardians of the rights of the people, and to keep them advised, through their columns, of whatever shall arise for their benefit. We will live up to this letter, and inform them that the most wonderful and valuable medicine for their general use ever invented, is "DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR." Its virtues are so rare, mighty and recondite, that others they appear to work more like mice for them by science, so effective, electric and astounding are its powers on the human body, that, though it has daily tried by thousands of people, not one of this great mass but is delighted beyond conjecture, and confident enough, if they, on reflection, will ever speak to the point."

The inventor, Mr. H. DALLEY, has wisely kept the secret to himself. Counterfeits are here about, but, from its great success Its overwhelming merits defy all competition, and its peculiarities unrivaled. We cordially commend all parents to use this invaluable preparation for such a friend, who laughs at death and cut-ling, restores the blind, lame, bald, and deaf, restored to perfection, and all from pain, is a friend indeed

We wish the discoverer of this mighty blessing, who is a real benefactor to mankind, God speed.

Non-genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signature of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & Co., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. G. H. BAKER, 110 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & Co., New York. j-7 1aw2w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **We have just received** from the East a large lot of Fashion, Cotton, Brid and Damask STRAW HATS, which we can sell much below the usual price. Straw Hats from 38 cents, upwards. Panama Hats from $1,50 to $4,00.

MORGAN & CO.,
164 Wood street.

my 8. Old Wood street.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ A & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Gran Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 22 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. apl6

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.
JAS. D. MORL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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John M'Alpin,	Samuel M'Clurkan,
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John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Risher,
James Marshall,	John M'Gill,
	Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning.

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☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**—WM BAGALEY, President; SAMUEL A. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 84 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

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S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.
John Shipton.	

dec21

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 108 THIRD ST REET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secures a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $2,25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits. S. H. M'KENZIE, President.

T. J. HONEY, Secretary.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES REAMER, G. N. HOFFSTOT.

Consulting Physician—F. IRISH, M. D. nov30:tf

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

JAMES O'DONNELL & BRO.,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh, that they have opened a manufactory of MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,

At No. 79 Smithfield street,

In WEYMAN'S BUILDINGS, where they will be prepared to fill all orders of every description of Boots and Shoes at the shortest notice.

In order to accommodate all classes of customers they will also keep on sale a good assortment of the best eastern work. Also, all descriptions of children's wear.

To sta strictly cash; goods at cash prices.

A share of the public patronage is solicited. [my26:m

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street.
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

jy29 **BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.**

☞ **Dividend.**—The Directors of the PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH have this day declared a Dividend of Two Dollars per Share, payable at the Office of the Company on and after the 25th inst—one-half to be paid in cash, and the residue to be placed to the credit of Shareholders, by endorsement upon the certificates. A. A. CARRIER,

May 15th, 1855—[my16:1m] Secretary.

☞ **Cannot be Excelled for Quality and Cheapness in the City**—Those $3.50 and $4 SILK HATS sold at No. 164 Wood Street, next to the new Presbyterian Church, one door from Sixth street:

MORGAN & CO.,
164 Wood street.

—my19

WIG MANUFACTORY.

MRS. RENTER,

Six doors from the Aqueduct, opposite the Collector's Office,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

IS PREPARED TO FILL ORDERS FOR WIGS, and all kinds of

Ornamental Hair Work.

The best quality of material is furnished, and entire satisfaction guaranteed. my15:4m 1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Allegheny County ss.

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of Allegheny County, Greeting:

Whereas Josiah Burford, lately in our District Court, before our Judges of our said Court, at Pittsburgh, on the twentieth day of March, A. D., 1855, by the Judgment of our said Court, recovered against William J. Howard, Jr., Esq., Executor of Samuel Leonard, deceased, implaided with Emma Russell, Co-Executor—as well the sum of one hundred and forty two and 50-100 dollars, for his debt, as also the further sum of ten dollars, for his costs and charges by him about his suit in that behalf expended, whereof the said executor is convict, as appears to us of record. And whereas, by instruction of said Josiah Burford, we have in our said Court understood, that although the said judgment in form aforesaid be given, yet execution thereof still remains to be made, whereof he has brought us to grant unto him in this behalf a proper remedy, and we, being willing that what is just and right should be done herein, do command that by good and lawful men of your bailiwick, you give notice to Emma Russell aforesaid, (on whom the said writ was not served,) who was impleaded with Wm. J. Howard, Jr., Esq., Extr s of the last Will and Testament of Samuel Leonard, dec'd, and which said Emma Russell is heir at law of said Samuel Leonard, dec'd, that she be and appear before our Judges at Pittsburgh, at our District Court, there to be held for the county aforesaid, the FIRST MONDAY OF JULY NEXT, to show, if anything for herself she know or can say, why the Real Estate of said Samuel Leonard should not be charged with the debt, interest and costs of the judgment so aforesaid recovered, pursuant to the 34th Section of the Act of 24th February, 1834, according to the form, form and effect of the recovery aforesaid, if she shall think fit; And further to do and receive whatsoever our said Court shall then and there of and concerning her in this behalf consider. And have you then and there the names of those by whom you shall make known to her and this writ.

Witness the Hon. M. Hampton, President Judge of our said Court, at Pittsburgh, the 21st day of May, A. D., 1855.

ROW. CAMPBELL, Jr., Prothy.

Josiah Burford vs Emma Russell, (on whom the writ was not served,) who was impleaded with William J. Howard, Jr., Esq., Ex'rs of the last will and testament of Samuel Leonard, deceased.	No. 327, April term, 1855. And now to wit, June 7, 1855, on motion of E. B. Todd, Esq., Attorney for plaintiff, the Court direct the Sheriff of Allegheny county to give notice to the said Emma Russell of the Writ of Scire Facias issued in this case, to show cause why the Real Estate of the said Samuel Leonard should not be charged with the debt, interest and costs of the Judgment recovered in the above stated suit, &c., by publication of said Scire Facias in the Pittsburgh *Morning Post*, once a week for two successive weeks, the last of which publication shall be ten days before the return day of said writ.

From the Record.

EDWARD CAMPBELL, Jr.
Prothonotary.

To Emma Russell, the above named Defendant:

You will please take notice of the above Writ and Order of Court. WM. MAGILL, Sheriff

June 8, 1855. [je9:1aw4t] of Allegheny County.

W. WILSON, PITTSBURGH, PA., has received the appointment for the exclusive sale within the State of Pennsylvania of CHARLES FRODSHAM'S "COMPENSATION CHRONOMETER WATCHES," "new series." For the excellence of the *principle* of these time keepers, the British Government recently awarded Frodsham $15,850. In the Watches of the new series, Mr. F. has succeeded by a more correct adjustment in isochronism and an entirely new and peculiar construction of the train, by which more power is obtained without increase of size, in producing time keepers of wonderful and unrivalled accuracy. The great importance of the improved Watches is a perfect regularity of time under every variety of climate, motion and position. So perfect are the adjustments, that the most violent exercise, on horse back, jumping, &c., produces on them no sensible effect. They are therefore peculiarly adapted for Railroad purposes. Their general performance within a minute of twelve months. For sale by

WILSON, TURBETT & CLANEY,
67 Market street, corner Fourth.

Public Sale.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, Fourth street, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 28th day of June, at 8 o'clock, P. M., by order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county: Eleven and one-fourth Acres, adjoining the Seventh Ward, and bounded by Centre Avenue, by Kirkpatrick, Duncan and Chancery streets, lying at the Toll Gate on Centre Avenue. If not sold entire, it will be offered in lots according to a plan to be seen at the Merchants' Exchange, P. M. Davis' Auction Rooms, or office of Robb & McDonald, Fifth street. Terms—One fourth cash, ready money, in three equal annual payments, with interest.

ROBERT ROBB, Trustee.

je9:td

Assignee's Notice.

THE undersigned, Assignee of J. F. SANSOM, will be in WEBSTER, on Saturday, the 9th day of June, and on SATURDAY, the 23d day of June, at the STAGE HOUSE, in the St. CLAIRSVILLE HOTEL, on SATURDAY, the 13th of June, from 10 o'clock, A. M., until 3 P. M. He desires persons indebted to Mr. Sansom, and those having claims against him, to meet him on the days mentioned.

WILLIAM A. COOK, Assignee.

June 4th, 1855. je6:td

JAMES ROBINSON,

OF INDIANA TOWNSHIP,

WILL be a Candidate for nomination for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, on the Democratic Ticket, at the October Election.

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of WILLIAM MORRISON, late of Findlay township, Allegheny county, deceased, will make payment to the subscribers, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement to JOSEPH HARPER,

June 8th, 1855. GEO. MORRISON, } Executors.

je9:w6t

ONLY $750 for a new brick house of two stories and basement, in good order, rooms papered, furnished with good grates, hydrant, out oven, &c; shade and fruit trees. The lot is 23 feet front on Roberts street, by 100 deep on Rose street, near Passavant's Hospital. Terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third street.

FOR $185, only $50 in hand, remainder in four equal annual payments, you can have a beautiful building lot of 25 feet front by 90 deep, pleasantly situated on Mt. Washington. Also larger lots at prices from $200, $250, $300 and upwards, on many of which are choice forest trees.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third street.

Second Hand Rockaway For Sale.

VERY LIGHT; has been but little used; cost $250 when new Price $125. Inquire of

J. W. BUTLER & CO., or
R. T. LEECH, Jr.

je9:tf

FRENCH CANDIES—
50 lb Jenny Cakes; 50 lb Vanilla Drops;
100 lb Sugar Almonds; 25 lb Cream Chocolate;
50 lb Cream Bon Bons, in 2 lb boxes;
5 cases Crystal Roses;
50 lb Vanilla Sugar Almonds;
10 lb Lemon "

Just received and for sale by

REYMER & ANDERSON,
No. 39 Wood street.

je9

THAT LAND REGISTER issued by Thomas Woods, and given away to all at 75 Fourth