Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:::::::::::::::APRIL 26.

☞ **Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.**

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA.

It is now apparent that the general sentiment of the people of this country is in favor of Russia rather than the "Western Powers," in regard to European war. Eighteen months ago American sympathy was entirely in favor of Turkey. It would not be difficult to find out the causes of this change of sentiment. At first it was the strongest nation in Europe assailing one of the weakest nations; and the public mind naturally sympathised with the weakest party. Nothing in the character of the Turkish despotism, or of the Sultan, or of the dominant race of that empire, could enlist the sympathy or good wishes of the American people. It is a semi-barbarous, effete and unimprovable despotism. Its religion, its laws and its customs are odious to christian nations; and its continued existence in Europe would be a continued calamity to the enslaved millions of its subjects. The sooner it is overthrown, and a christian government of whatever form established in its place the better will it be for its people, and for the world generally. A christian government, favoring industry and progress, would develope the national wealth and resources of an empire that embraces within its bounds some of the fairest portions of the eastern world. Yet with that despotic nuisance of a government Americans warmly sympathised when it was first assailed by its northern neighbor. But a great change has come over the public mind of this country. As soon as the alliance of England, France and Turkey was consummated, and Austria gave signs of a disposition to join the alliance, Turkey and its allies were no longer the weaker party. The gallant determination of Russia to do battle with all Europe combined, if necessary, was worthy of admiration. But there were stronger and more intelligent reasons for not wishing any signal success to the allies. The alliance of two such powerful nations as England and France, is dangerous to the peace and safety of all other nations. In the pride of their combined power they resolve to regulate the political affairs of the world, and threaten to enforce their decrees with their fleets and armies. Proofs of this domineering spirit have already been given. The kingdom of Prussia desired to remain neutral in the great struggle of the Western Powers with Russia. It was her true policy, —and the best for the interests and prosperity of her people. Prussia had an undoubted right to keep clear of the conflict if such was its choice. It had no interest in the issues involved in the war. Its policy, its wish, its right was peace. An impartial neutrality was all that justice could demand; and such a neutrality it offered. But England and France resolved that Prussia should take part in the war;—that the blood and treasure of its people should be poured out in a struggle in which it had no interest; and that the army of Prussia, one of the best in the world, should fight for the aggrandizement of English oligarchy, and a French usurper. And it has become manifest that Prussia will be forced into the war. She cannot much longer maintain a neutral position, without submitting to insults and injuries that so proud and brave a nation will not endure. It will be a fitting punishment if she resolves at length to strike on the side of her northern neighbor and friend; and such is now the general expectation. Her half a million of soldiers will equalize the conflict, and help to punish the insolence of that grand alliance that was to regulate the affairs of the Eastern and Western hemispheres.

But Americans have still stronger reasons for looking with jealousy and distrust upon such powerful alliances. There can be no doubt that Spain is backed in her insolence by England and France. Spain is in no condition to maintain a conflict with this nation; yet she has of late committed repeated acts that are just causes of war; and that would have led to war had they been committed against England or France. Her reliance cannot be alone upon the proverbial forbearance of our government. She relies upon that grand alliance in Europe whose avowed purpose is to settle western as well as eastern questions. From that source alone she derives her courage, and doubtless her inspiration, to defy this nation by repeated insults. It might be supposed that the allies have a task hard enough on hands in Europe, without voluntarily undertaking the protection of Spain. But, with the Russian fleets destroyed, half the naval forces of the allies could be spared for the destruction of our commerce. The Baltimore *Sun* says it is informed that both the English and French ministers at Washington have declared to our government that the allies will protect Spain. Whether that be so or not, there are other indications of such an intention; and we can have no motive for desiring their speedy success against Russia.

The Russian government has ever shown a friendly disposition towards this country. Widely different in theory and principle as the two governments are, no serious difficulty has ever arisen between them. The Russian government was the first to adopt the American rule that "free ships makes free goods," and that in time of war the ships of neutral nations should pass unmolested over the seas. From that empire we have received no provocations; and no causes of antipathy and distrust. Despotic as its government is, it is the great progressive empire of Europe; and is rapidly advancing in civilization and the arts, as well as in national power. Its government may become more liberal, but its progressive tendencies, like those of the United States, cannot be checked; nor do the interests of humanity require such a check at the hands of a French usurper, or an English oligarchy. The success of Russia in the present war adds to our security against the justly suspected designs of the allies. These matters have become so apparent that it is no wonder the public mind of this country inclines to the side of Russia in the European conflict. To the English and French *people* Americans can wish no ill; but to their present rulers, and their ambitious and insolent designs, we can wish no success.

No war with Spain is desirable. But justice, the safety of our commerce and citizens, and the honor of our flag should be maintained at all hazards; whatever may be the designs or the menaces of the grand alliance in Europe.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?—Rossini's beautiful oratorio, "Stabat Mater," was to have been produced in Philadelphia last evening, in grand style. The leader of the musicians was Professor Roar (or Rohr) and the conductor was Mr. Thunder!

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS OPEN.—The subscription books to the Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh will be opened this morning, at the Merchants' Exchange, at 10 o'clock.

THE NEWS.

Four hundred and twenty-five Mormon emigrants, bound to Salt Lake City, have arrived at Philadelphia from Liverpool.

At Arcadia, Madison county, Missouri, on the 17th instant, during a severe storm, the Arcadia High School was struck by lightning, and four boys, pupils, who were in the building, burned to death. One of the boys was the son of F. L. Ridgler, Esq., of St. Louis.

A new City Hall is to be erected in New York, the old one having been destroyed by fire. A plan for the building has been adopted by the municipal authorities, to carry out which it is calculated will cost the city corporation five million dollars.

Mr. Dillon, the counsel for the corporation of the city of New York, has written an opinion taking the ground that the law is clearly unconstitutional so far as it applies to foreign liquors —that is to say, liquors from the countries with which the Federal Government has treaties of amity and commerce.

It appears, from an elaborate article in the New York Courier and Enquirer, on the resources of Russia, that the revenue of that empire is over $300,000,000. The church, too, is enormously rich, and furiously patriotic. Whatever motives Russia may have for desiring peace, lack of the sinews of war is not one of them.

Hon. Edmund Burke, of the New Hampshire Reporter and Old Guard, comes out in favor of the restoration of the Missouri Compromise. He is disgusted with the gross frauds practised upon the ballot box in Kansas, by the Missourians upon two separate occasions:—one, in the election of a delegate to Congress; and, again, in the recent Legislative election.

The New Orleans Picayune notices a race there on the 17th, two mile heats, between Henry Perritt, Bijou and Gallatina, both heats won by Henry Perritt. The time of the first heat was 3:39; that of the second 3:40. The first mile on the second heat was run by Henry Perritt in 1:42½, which the Picayune says is "the best mile ever made in America with proper weight."

The libel suit of Dove *vs.* M'Blair, which has been on trial in the Circuit Court, at Washington City, for several days past, was brought to a termination on Monday. The jury, after an absence of a few moments, brought in a verdict of *ten thousand dollars* damages. The plaintiff, through his counsel, Mr. Carlisle, obtained from the court the appointment of Richard Wallach, Esq., as trustee to divide the whole proceeds, after deducting the expenses of the suit, between the Protestant and Catholic orphan asylums of that city. The libel consisted in the defendant circulating a report that the plaintiff was of negro origin.

Another daring robbery by chloroform was perpetrated in Davis county, Iowa, by which a farmer named Fees was robbed of $800 in gold. The manner of effecting the theft was ingenious. The window was raised, and small rolls of paper saturated with chloroform or opium thrown into the room, by which the house was filled with smoke, and a deep sleep came over all the inmates. The money was between the straw and feather beds in which Mr. and Mrs. Fees were sleeping. Linen cloths, wet with chloroform, were placed over the faces of the old lady and gentleman, and thus they were kept unconscious while the money was taken from under them. There were five persons in the house and all slept till an unusually late hour that morning.

ANOTHER DEFECT IN THE NEW YORK PROHIBITORY LAW.—The New York Prohibitionists appear to have perpetrated a series of blunders that are likely to allow not only free trade in liquor for awhile, but nullify its usefulness for all time. Mistake number one repealed the old law on the 1st of May, while the new law does not go into effect until July; consequently every man who feels disposed can sell just as much liquor as he pleases without so much as saying to Mayor Wood, "by your leave, sir." Mistake number two is in section four of the law, which declares the "violation of any of its provisions to be a misdemeanor. Now, an act recently passed by the Legislature gives to the Court of Special Sessions the exclusive jurisdiction of all misdemeanors. It follows, then, that the Recorder and City Judge alone—and not 'Justices of the Peace, Police Justices, County Judges, and Justices of the Marine and District Courts,' as recited in the Liquor Law—will have power to try and convict persons for infringing its provisions." This is in effect a nullification of the law; for the papers in that city assert the City Judge and Recorder could not try a tithe of the cases that will inevitably come up. If an argument were needed to prove the necessity of good men for law makers we think these blunders of the New York Solons would be a sufficient one.

CONNELSVILLE RAILROAD.—Proposals for the gradation and masonry of twenty-two miles of this road were handed in yesterday, at the office of the Company. The proposals embrace the line from the intersection with the Pennsylvania Central road, at Turtle Creek, to West Newton. It is proposed to have the road in complete running order by the 1st of January next, to Connellsville, a distance of fifty-seven miles. The allotments will be announced on Friday. We noticed quite a number of railroad contractors about yesterday, and among them some of the most substantial in the country. We count largely upon the energy and ability of the officers of the Connellsville road, particularly Mr. Barnes, the President and moving spirit, to have the first fifty-seven miles completed by New Year's day next.

THE MISSOURI MANIFESTO.—We publish this morning a telegraphic despatch from St. Louis, giving an account of a high-handed act of the pipe-laying Missourians. They have, it seems, published a manifesto declaring Gov. Reeder unfit for his office, because he refuses to sanction their illegal proceedings; and they have even determined on the selection of his successor! President Pierce can find no better occupation for the new regiments than employing them in enforcing the law in Kansas against these turbulent ruffians. That he will sustain Gov. Reeder we have as little doubt as that the latter gentleman has acted justly and in perfect good faith to both parties.

A BIG LOAD.—The steamer *J. S. Pringle* arrived here yesterday from the Illinois river with 86,252 pieces of bulk meat; 188 casks of hams and shoulders, containing 9,400 pieces; 437 bbls of pork, lard and grease; all being the product of 7,609 hogs, without the heads, feet and offals. How many of those hogs could the steamer have brought, alive? It was a large cargo, making about six hundred tons.

A JUST CAUSE FOR REVOLUTION.—The *Journal of Commerce* complains that the interests of the city of New York have been sacrificed for the sake of other portions of the State. There has been "as much oppression," it says, "as the colonies suffered from the mother country. The burdens of taxation are imposed so unequally, that the residue of the State enjoys direct benefit from the contributions of her tax payers. We pay one third of the direct taxes, and nearly one-third of the school tax. The school money, instead of being distributed on any principle by which it is raised, is so distributed that we receive less than one-eighth, while the western and northern counties receive much more than they pay. There is no doubt that these exactions are made for the very purpose of saddling the city with an undue share of the public burdens."

ANOTHER FATAL MISTAKE BY AN APOTHECARY.—A little daughter of Henry Tollver, of Courtlandt street, New York, died, a few days ago, from the effects of tartar emetic, prepared by the mistake of an apothecary, instead of "pulvis antimonialis." Why will not our medical men write their prescriptions in plain English?

RESIGNATION OF HISS, THE MORAL MEMBER OF MASSACHUSETTS.

EXTRAORDINARY DEVELOPMENTS!

[From the Boston Journal]

House of Representatives, April 23d.

The Speaker read the following communication from Mr. Hiss:

"BOSTON, Saturday, April 21, 1855.

"HON. DANIEL C. EDDY—Sir: The House of Representatives having to-day for the first time voted to receive the evidence relating to certain slanderous charges made by a venal political press of criminal conduct on my part while a member of a Committee of the House, subsequently *voted* 'said charges were not sustained. In view of the facts I consider my personal honor entirely vindicated, and that further action in my part might seem unnecessary. It is evident, however, that a corrupt political press aided by continued agitation of the subject, design to injure through me the American party, of which I am an humble member, and to delay the business of the session. I, therefore, respectfully resign my seat as a Representative from the city of Boston. It was my intention to have resigned at an earlier day. I desired, however, to retain my seat until all the facts in the case were made known to the public. In resigning, permit me to express my respect for the members individually, and my earnest hope that their action in all respects may redound to the honor of the State of Massachusetts and the American cause.

I am, sir, respectfully,
Your obedient servant.
(Signed) JOSEPH HISS."

Mr. Griffin, of Charlestown, said he had a few words to say in relation to this matter, and he should subsequently move that this letter be not accepted. It was not proper that the House should accept the resignation of Mr. Hiss; and the House owes it to itself to dispense with his services in some other way. It had been said that suicide was confession—in this case it may be alleged that resignation is confession; and it is because of the damnable evidence that has been produced, that Mr. Hiss has sent in his letter of resignation. Mr. Griffin, after these brief prefatory remarks, proceeded to give the reasons of his opposition to the acceptance of the resignation of Mr. Hiss:

First. Joseph Hiss went to Lowell on official business, in the name and at the charge of the Commonwealth, on March 29th, 1855. Before reaching the Washington House, in Lowell, he was seen in conversation with a woman.

Second. He registered the name of a Mrs. Patterson at the Hotel, though she did not accompany him thither, but subsequently came.

Third. He requested that she might be furnished with a good room.

Fourth. As is usually done at public houses in cases where gentlemen are accompanied by ladies, the clerk or other person who assigned rooms to this party, gave Mrs Patterson No. 12, and designated No. 13 to Mr. Hiss—these rooms being adjacent.

Fifth. Mr. Hiss cannot remember, he said, when inquired of in Committee of the Whole, whether he asked that this woman's supper should be sent to her room, to be eaten in private, or not; but the clerk at the hotel, had he been interrogated on that point, would have testified that he did make such a request.

Sixth. Although Mr. Hiss knew that he had registered Mrs. Patterson with the committee, and although he was asked by the clerk if the bill contemplated should be made to the State should include the whole, Mr. Hiss replied affirmatively, and never intimated to the bar-keeper or anybody else either that Mrs. Patterson was to pay for herself, or that she was not to be made a charge to the Commonwealth.

Seventh. No other person except Mr. Hiss ever appeared at the hotel to settle Mrs. Patterson's bill, nor did the unknown gentleman alluded to by Mr. Hiss, nor Mrs. Patterson, ring up the landlord or his servants, in order to settle the same.

Eighth. The bed of Mrs. Patterson, the Committee even were compelled to find, upon the facts, had been invaded by a man during the night.

Ninth. The adjacent couch assigned to Mr. Hiss, and open to his occupancy, although in some measure disturbed, as feeble minded cunning even would dictate, did not look as though it had a permanent tenant during the night.

Tenth. Now this woman with whom he was seen to converse, the woman whom he designated as Mrs. Patterson on the register, and who occupied No. 12 at the hotel, was one and the same person; and a woman, as the Committee found in the testimony before them, of notoriously easy virtue.

Eleventh. Although Mr. Hiss said in the Committee of the Whole, that he knew the man who had this woman in charge, and who, as he must have intended, we should believe occupied the room with her, thus accounting for the disturbed condition in which the bed was found, he refuses to disclose the name because he promised not to do so; but says he will tell the name to the Committee, if they will give him assurance that it never shall be disclosed.

Twelfth. If this apology be heeded it plunges him who offers it still deeper in difficulty, because if he acted as the purveyor to the depraved appetite of his friend, and connived at and made arrangements for the commission and protection of his crimes, he disgraced himself and the legislature of which he was a member, quite as badly as though he had fallen by a lion like temptation springing suddenly and powerfully upon his passions, "and overcoming his virtue before resistance could begin."

Mr. Griffin then moved that a committee of five be immediately appointed to take into consideration the letter of Mr. Hiss.

The motion to refer was adopted almost unanimously.

The Speaker appointed the following as the Committee:—Messrs. Williams, of Cambridge; Phelps, of Boston; Grammer, of Woburn; Kimball, of Salem, and Thayer, of Ashland. Mr. Williams having resigned, Mr. Vial, of Boston, was appointed in his place.

The House reconsidered the vote whereby the report of the Committee of the Whole on the report and evidence of the Committee appointed to investigate the conduct of Joseph Hiss, a member of this House, was accepted. And this report was recommitted to the above Committee having in charge the letter of Mr. Hiss.

Railroad Accident.

BALTIMORE, April 23.—The 11 o'clock train from the city met with a serious accident to-day. While crossing Gunpowder Creek, a part of the bridge gave way, and the engine, baggage and express cars, ran into the river. The passenger cars would have followed suit, but the coupling breaking saved them. The engineer was badly injured, and the fireman slightly. Some twenty yards of the track were torn away. Much fright existed among the passengers, but none of them were injured. The trains coming this way are detained in consequence of the accident.

[This despatch came yesterday, but in so mutilated a form that we re-publish it again, as it appeared in the eastern papers.]

THE LIQUOR INTEREST IN NEW YORK.—According to the census of 1850, the liquor interest of the State of New York at that time stood as follows:

189 distilleries and breweries, employing $2,585,900 capital, and consuming 2,062,250 bushels of barley, 1,647,266 bushels of Indian corn, 909,067 bushels of rye, and employing 1,676 hands. And the manufacture was 647,-700 barrels of ale, beer, &c., 9,237,700 gallons of whisky, and 2,488,800 gallons of rum.

These aggregates have of course been greatly increased since 1850. The temperance movement in that state by which a stringent prohibitory law has been carried through the Legislature, must have been strong indeed to overcome such an array of interests, combined as they are with those of importers.

OFFICIAL VOTE IN CONNECTICUT.—The official vote for Governor in Connecticut show that

Ingham, Dem., had	27,290
Minor, K. N.	28,078
Dutton, Whig	9,162

For Congress, Pratt, Dem., in the first district, had 7852, Clark, K. N. 8519.

Dist. 2. Arnold Dem., 7918, Woodruff, K. N., 9876.

Dist. 3. White, Dem., 3877, Dean, K. N., 8055.

Dist. 4. Noble, Dem., 7702, Welch, K. N., 9701.

Three Democratic Senators chosen, 18 K. N. and Whig.

☞ **Sick Headache and Neuralgia** OF EIGHT YEARS STANDING CURED BY OAKELY'S DEPURATIVE SYRUP.—Mr. William Trimble, M'Kelvy's Row, Bayardstown, Fifth Ward, says he was cured of Sick Headache of eight years standing, by three bottles of Oakeley's Depurative Syrup. He had tried various physicians without a cure. He is now entirely well. Oakeley's Depurative is for Rheumatism, Scrofula, Tetter, and all eruptive diseases. For sale wholesale and retail, DR. KEYSER'S, No. 140 Wood street, Sign of the Golden Mortar. Price 75 cents per bottle. ap25

PAYING INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.—We cannot refrain from saying here, that the custom of paying interests on deposits, as practised by unincorporated banking houses, is in the highest degree pernicious. It is an illegitimate, unsafe business. The rate paid for deposits is all that money is ordinarily worth. It not loaned again, it will be eat up by the banker; if loaned, it must be at an exorbitant per cent. If the deposits are loaned and there is a sudden call for them, then, ten to one if there is not a burst up. In any view, it is a dangerous system of banking. It is a system that has brought grievous evils upon the people of Southern Ohio, and we are glad to see a strong disposition to return to safer and better ways. We have been near ly eaten up by usury, and it is time to have done with this system of leeching.—*Dayton Gazette.*

☞ **M'Lane's Worm Specific.**—The following, from a customer, shows the demand which this great medicine has created wherever it has been introduced:

BLOSSBURG, TIOGA CO., PA., March 30, 1850.

Gentlemen—In consequence of *the great consumption* of your "Worm Specific" in this place and vicinity, we have entirely exhausted our stock. We should feel obliged by your forwarding, via Corning, N. Y., twenty dozen, with your bill, on the reception of which we will remit you the money.

From the wonderful effects of said "Specific" in this neighborhood, there could be sold annually a large quantity, if to be had, (wholesale and retail) from some local agent. If you would compensate a person for trouble and expense of vending, I think I could make it to your advantage to do so. Yours, respectfully,

WM. M. MALLORY.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,
FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.
ap23:daw

☞ **Stocking Factory.**—C. DALY'S Stocking Factory, where everything is made in the HOSIERY LINE, is at the corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. He is continually turning out every variety of Hosiery, well made and suitable to the season, which may be always obtained Wholesale and Retail at his Store, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. Don't forget the name—C. DALY and No. 20. ap25

☞ **Marsh's Radical Cure Truss** will cure nearly every case of reducable Hernia.

Trusses at various prices always on hand.

Children's Trusses of different forms and strength for sale.

Elastic Stockings for varicose or enlarged veins.

Abdominal Supporters—A dozen different kinds.

Pile Props for the support and cure of Piles.

Shoulder Braces to relieve a crooked and deformed condition of the Chest, and many diseases of the Chest.

Suspension Bandages.

All these articles may be had or applied at DR. KEYSER'S Wholesale and Retail TRUSS DEPOT, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar; or will be sent to any part of the country by sending the money and measure. ap25daw

☞ **A Substitute for the New Liquor Law.**—DR. URBAN'S ANTI-BACCHANALIAN ELIXIR a safe and sure remedy for the cure of INTEMPERANCE.

A concentrated vegetable extract, and as a tonic is unequalled. For the following complaints it is the most valuable medicine: *Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Piles, Fevers of all kinds, Delirium Tremens, General Debility.* This medicine is intended to produce a change in the system, and a distaste for alcoholic drinks. Several instances where we have sold it, we have had the most gratifying results; so, to persons who are really desirous of breaking off the indulgence in intoxicating beverages, this elixir will be a great help. Sold at $1 per bottle at the Drug Store of DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, sign of the Golden Mortar. ap25daw

☞ **Cough Remedies.**—Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure you.

Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Bronchitis.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Laryngitis.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Influenza.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure a cold in the head.
Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup will cure Incipient Consumption.

A recent letter from Mr. J. W. Veatch, of Rokeby, Ohio, says:

"I want you to send me two bottles of your Pectoral Syrup by mail. There is a lady here who has a cough and the doctors can't cure her. I was in the same way, and tried everything without benefit, until I got a bottle of your Pectoral Syrup; I took it but twice, and it cured me sound and well."

Ask for Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP and take no other. Price, 50 cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S, No. 140 Wood street, and at J. P. FLEMING'S, Allegheny. ap25daw

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well fitted in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them good, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest fortes.* He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references could be given, if necessary,* to corroborate this stateme t. [de9] E. GRIBBLE

Poetry suggested by a single application of
Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye.

As red clouds darken in the twilight,
And blackens ever heaven's blue skylight,
So CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE turneth
To black the hair that redly burneth.
The cuttle fish cunningly blackens the foam
When an enemy darts at the queer little gnome;
But as quick CRISTADORO will darken the Hair,
With his DYE of all dyes most efficient and rare!

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye is still wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street—sign of the Golden Mortar. ap17

☞ **Neuralgia.**—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Mr. F. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others, who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

** See advertisement in another column. [mh15:1m

Barrell's Indian Liniment,

For Rheumatism, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Side—Sores of all kinds.

[A certificate from Cumberland, Maryland.]

CUMBERLAND, March 19, 1855.

MR. H. G. O. CAREY, Zanesville—*Dear Sir:* May we ask the favor of you to send us twenty-four dozen BARRELL'S INDIAN LINIMENT? Please send it without delay, as we have not half a dozen bottles on hand, and it cannot be substituted in this country; therefore, do not disappoint us. * * * * * *

Respectfully, yours, &c. BEALL & WATTS.

For sale wholesale and retail at DR. GEO. H. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140 Wood street, corner of Virgin alley; also by JOEL MOHLER, Liberty street.

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
THE ONLY RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

ON and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati. Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c.; and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to
J. G. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House
Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.
Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. (mh10)

MAY MAGAZINES JUST RECEIVED—
Godey's Lady's Book, with Colored Fashion Plate.
Peterson's Magazine.
Blackwood for April.
Ballou's Pictorial for this week.
Received and for sale at the Cheap Book Store of
W. A. GILDENFENNEY & CO.,
ap14 Fifth st., opposite the Theatre.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR MAY;
Blackwood's Magazine for April;
Mammon; or the Hardships of an Heiress, by Mrs. Gore;
Men of Character, by Douglas Jerrold;
Ellen Norbury; or the Adventures of an Orphan;
The Wonderful Adventures of Capt Priest;
Claude's Last Bullet; or the Price of Three Lives.
ALL NEW BOOKS for sale at MINER & CO.'S as soon as published. ap25

$2200—$1,600.—We will sell for $2,200, one-fourth in cash, remainder at 1, 2 and 3 years, a good BRICK HOUSE, containing a hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen, four chambers and finished attic, with cellar, pantry, paved yard, grape arbor, peach trees, &c. The Lot is 24 feet front on Pride street by 104 deep. Or, for $1,600, and on same terms of payment, we will sell a new two story BRICK HOUSE, arranged for two dwellings, of four rooms each; lot same size as above, with trees, shrubbery, &c. S. CUTHBERT & SON,
ap25 No. 140 Third street.

WHITE DRESS GOODS.—A. A. MASON & CO. are opening a very extensive assortment of WHITE GOODS, consisting of Plain, Embroidered and Dotted Swiss and Book Muslins; Bishop Lawns; Barred, Striped and Plain Jaconett Muslins; India Mulls, Nainsooks, &c, &c. Also, some new and very handsome styles of Flouncings, Ruffings, Insertings, Edgings, &c. ap25

PECANS—20 bbls. just received, and for sale by
REYMER & ANDERSON,
ap25 No. 39 Wood street.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

Nothing New from Sebastopol or Vienna.

ENGLAND WANTS A LOAN.

BREADSTUFFS AND PROVISIONS UNCHANGED.

BOSTON, April 25.—The steamer Africa arrived at Halifax last night, with Liverpool dates to the 14th.

The Vienna Conference held a meeting on the 8th, without any result. Since then the debate has apparently been suspended. It is not known when another meeting of the Conference will be held.

Great Britain advertises for a new loan, the amount of which is not known. It was to be formally announced on Monday.

The skirmishing continues before Sebastopol, but nothing serious had occurred up to the 6th.

The new steam propeller North Carolina, built at Philadelphia, has been sunk off Hollyhead, by a collision with a British vessel.

The position of Omar Pacha and the Russians is unchanged, except that he has enlarged his line.

Canrobert's despatch estimates the loss on the night of the 2d, at 700 killed of Russians and of the French 200 killed and 400 wounded.

Disturbances occurred at Kragova from persons illuminating their houses on receiving news of the death of the Czar.

The French hired a steamer at Rehenburg, and two ships; all loaded with horses, which were lost off Baltikeck.

The Russians deny Menchikoff's death; they admit, however, that he is wounded.

Two hundred vessels arrived at Galatz for corn.

The Greek ambassador arrived at Constantinople on the 4th.

The advanced squadron of the Baltic fleet reached Elsmore on the 1st of April.

The navigation of the Baltic has been dangerous for a week or fortnight, in consequence of a heavy flooding and ice.

A Russian despatch from Warsaw, says that an army of 120,000 are concentrating in the Baltic provinces, and 300 guns are afloat.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Parliament is not sitting.

The amount and terms of the proposed loan are unknown. The sum is supposed to be $15 000,000.

Almost immediately after the announcement the funds fell to 91⅛

Napoleon and Eugenie would reach London on the 16th, and return on the following Saturday. The week's programme has been published; amongst the ceremonies he is to be invested with the Order of the Garter.

Earl Carlisle entered on the Vice Royalty of Ireland. He was well received at Dublin.

The Brazil steamer Solent, reports the frigate Constitution at Cape Verde. She was to leave on the 1st of April for home. All were well.

FRANCE.

The arrivals of corn from Lisbon have dispelled the fears of bread riots, and the provinces are quiet.

GERMANY.

Discontent exists at Hanover against the King's attempt to restore the privileges of the nobility.

The Emperor of Austria's coronation will take place on the 18th of August.

The Russian Count Potochi is visiting all the Italian States, except Sardinia, assuring them of the friendship of Russia. He is said to have obtained assurances of neutrality from Tuscany and Naples.

It is reported that the Duke De Grammont, the French minister to Turin, will proceed to Rome to mediate in the difficulty between the Pope and Sardinia.

The Pope had a narrow escape with his life from the accidental falling of a beam. Two Cardinals were injured.

DENMARK.

The trial of ex ministers before the Supreme Court has been postponed to June 4th.

At St. Petersburg, on the 29th, there were 200 deaths.

The ninth conference at Vienna, on the 8th, lasted but one hour. The Russian Plenipotentiaries had not received instructions. Druon De L'Huys and Ali Pacha were present. It was rumored that the Western Plenipotentiaries were about to quit Vienna, but the report is doubtful. Everything seems at a stand still.

It is said that Ali Pacha's instructions are to assent to a joint protectorate of powers, but, nevertheless, to express regret that the Sultan's sovereignty is not re-established. The question relative to indemnity for the war is deferred.

There was nothing important from Sebastopol to the 8th. The position of both armies was unchanged. Night skirmishes on a small scale continued. The weather was fine and dry.

The allies report themselves ready for a general bombardment of the city.

The Russians have constructed two new batteries, and converted ambuscades into an advanced parallel. The French were advancing towards the Malakoff works by a serpentine sap.

Omar Pasha had not marched on Alma as represented, but occupied two villages half a league from Eupatoria and enlarged the circle of fortifications. The allies were sending him reinforcements to the number of 5000.

Ten thousand Egyptians sailed for Eupatoria. The French reinforcements are those from Sardinia, which will also land there shortly.

A statement is made that the allies are about changing their tactics, and are about to fortify and hold, as a material guarantee, the already strong position of Kamiesch, with 20,000 men, supported by fleets.

The India Overland Mail has been telegraphed with Calcutta dates to the 10th March. Trade in India was dull, the news is unimportant. No intelligence from China.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.—Paris, Friday evening.—There is no news of importance. The funds closed as follows: 4½ per cents 94 95; threes, 69:35.

Advices from Spain to the 12th state that the militia law, with the Marmago amendment, has been adopted. Another attempted emeute has been repressed.

Nothing later from the Crimea. The Paris correspondent of the Times writes that it is rumored we are to have another levy of 100,000 men in France, and from 60,000 to 80,000 troops are to be placed at the disposal of Austria, should war be the issue of the conference.

The Robuck committee adjourned with Parliament until the 18th inst.

The propriety of raising the siege of Sebastopol is freely and favorably talked of.

The Paris Moniteur contains a remarkable official document, explaining the military conduct of the allied governments, since the war commenced. Galipoli was occupied to prevent the march of the Russians to Constantinople, but the retreat of the Russians at Silistria rendered the occupation of Varna and Galipoli unnecessary. The allies were unable to operate in Bessarabia without the aid of Austria.

The campaign against Sebastopol was undertaken in order not to remain inactive. The immense difficulties of the siege are pointed out, and exonerating Napoleon from being the planner of the campaign. The document caused considerable excitement and is considered an apology for raising the siege soon.

Spain is quiet. The government has borrowed 40,000,000 of reals. Lord Harden's recall is still urged.

From Harrisburg.

REMOVAL OF THE STATE CAPITAL TO PHILADELPHIA!

HARRISBURG, April 25.—The House passed resolutions, by a vote of 48 to 37, to remove the State Capital to Philadelphia.

The Appropriation bill passed a second reading to the fifteenth section, and the House is now debating an increase of the Judges' salaries.

The repeal of the Erie and North-east Railroad charter passed the Senate to a third reading.

The Senate passed the resolution to adjourn *sine die* on the 8th of May.

From New Orleans.

BALTIMORE, April 25.—New Orleans papers of Thursday are received. Dr. Peck publishes in the *Picayune* an extended statement of his arrest and imprisonment in Cuba. His treatment was very harsh. He makes claim on the Spanish government for compensation.

Anti-Slavery Convention.

CINCINNATI, April 25.—The Anti-Slavery Convention assembled here this morning. Geo. W. Julian acted as President. The attendance is very small, and mostly colored people.

Great Conflagration at Montreal.

MONTREAL, April 24.—A fire has occurred which has laid nearly the whole town in ruins.

Sailing of the America.

BOSTON, April 25.—The America took out at noon to-day $875,000 in specie.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TIME AND MONEY ARE BOTH SAVED by calling at the HAT and CAP STORE of MORGAN & CO., No. 164 Wood street, next door to the new Presbyterian Church, one door from Sixth street, and purchasing what you may want in their line, as they are selling Hats and Caps as low for cash as any other house in the city. Just received, a fresh supply of YOUNG AMERICA HATS and SPRING CAPS. Call and see. Quick sales and small profits. Remember, No. 164 Wood street. ap21

☞ **Drug Store for Sale.**—RETAIL DRUG STORE, favorably located, at the corner of Chestnut and Liberty streets, Allegheny City, will be sold on reasonable terms. For particulars, enquire of FLEMING BROS., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, ap18:1mdaw] No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,
AND FITTING GENERALLY,
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 25 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. ap16

PEARL STEAM MILL,
ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of
LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street.
BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.
TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.
jy29 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dedication.

THE NEW EDIFICE of the FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CONGREGATION, of Pittsburgh, will be DEDICATED to the Service of God, on SUNDAY, the 29th inst. The Dedication Sermon will be preached at 10 o'clock, in the morning, by the Pastor, the Rev. WM. M. PAXTON. Service will also be held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and at 7½ o'clock in the evening.

NO COLLECTION will be taken at either of the services

A SALE OF PEWS will take place in the Church on the Monday following, 30th inst., at 10 o'clock. A. M.
WM. McCANDLESS,
ap26:td Secretary Board of Trustees.

For Sale.

FOUR BILLIARD TABLES, on easy terms, all complete and in good order. Enquire for particulars of LEOPOLD SAHL,
ap26:1md Nos. 27 and 29 Market street, cor. Second.

"THE SPECTATOR."

A WEEKLY JOURNAL PUBLISHED AT WASHINGTON CITY.—The undersigned propose to commence about the first of June next, in the city of Washington, the publication of a weekly newspaper, to be called the SPECTATOR, designed for general circulation among the people of the United States. Its columns will contain a full digest of the news of the day, foreign and domestic; a weekly review of finance and the markets; a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress during its session; tables of election returns; the important political action of State legislatures, and of party conventions; interesting miscellaneous and scientific matter; articles on Agriculture; together with original articles upon the leading topics of the day. Much valuable information relative to the operations of the Executive Departments of the Government, together with a weekly list of new patents, will be found in its columns. A large portion of its space will be devoted to light literature, original and selected. Its location at the political centre of the Union, will afford opportunities always to procure the latest and most reliable information on public affairs.

It is the intention of the undersigned to make the SPECTATOR an acceptable visiter to every house in the Union, and it will, therefore, not assume on any occasion the position of a partizan paper, nor will it owe any allegiance to men; but entertaining fixed and decided views on questions of political economy, and upon our system of government, it will disseminate and promulgate them as occasion may require—always keeping carefully in view the interests of the country, growing out of foreign as well as domestic affairs.

The SPECTATOR will be printed in quarto form, on good paper and new type; each number containing eight pages of matter, making one volume annually of 416 pages. Each volume will be accompanied by a full and complete index to its contents, thus making it a most valuable paper for preservation and reference. It will be published every Saturday morning, at $2 per annum, payable always in advance. No paper will be continued beyond the time for which it is paid.

All subscriptions and communications on business should be addressed to the undersigned at Washington, D. C.
AUG. F. HARVEY & CO.
Washington City, April 13, 1855 [ap26:3tdaltw

CITIZENS' DEPOSIT BANK STOCK AT AUCTION.—This evening, THURSDAY, April 26th, at 7½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, Fourth street, will be sold Fifty Shares Citizens' Deposit Bank Stock. P. M. DAVIS,
ap26 Auctioneer.

NEW MOURNING DRESS GOODS.
HAGAN & AHL,
No. 91 MARKET STREET,
Have just received a complete stock of
Black (Lupin's) Berege;
" 6-4 "
" Camel's Hair "
" Tissues and Grenadines;
" Crape d'Espagne;
" Organdies and Lawns;
Crape Collars and Sleeves; Crape Collarettes, &c., to which they would respectfully call the attention of the ladies.
ap26

BOOKS JUST RECEIVED AT DAVISON'S, 65 MARKET STREET:
Family Prayers and Commentary, Thornton;
Steps to Alter; Castle Builders;
Ryles' New Book; Rich and Poor, &c;
Memoirs of Oberlin; Ashton Cottage;
The Pastor's Daughter; The Foresters;
Minister's Family; Churchman's Manual;
Mornings with Jesus;
Death of Little Children, by Prime;
Fleetwood's History of the Bible;
Watson's Body of Divinity; Works of Matthew Henry;
All the various Commentaries, &c., at
ap26 J. S. DAVISON.

STOCKS AT AUCTION.—THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, Fourth street, will be sold
27 Shares North American Mining Co. Stock;
10 do Pittsburgh Life, Fire and Marine Ins. Co. do.
ap26 P. M. DAVIS, Auct'r.

POTASH—14 casks prime Potash for sale by
ap28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

WHITE FISH—130 half bbls. White Fish;
200 half bbls Trout;
30 " Salmon; for sale by
ap28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

BROOMS—135 doz. Corn Brooms for sale by
ap28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

GOTHIC CHIMNEY TOPS—300 of various styles for sale by [ap28] HENRY H. COLLINS.

WASH BOARDS—26 doz. for sale by
ap28 HENRY H. COLLINS.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY ss. IN THE DISTRICT COURT.
John D. Kilgore vs. John H. Stewart, John Stewart, and Alexander Bradley — No. 1, July term, 1855.

And now, April 24th, 1855, JASPER E. BRADY is hereby appointed Receiver, as prayed for in the bill, to take possession of the effects of the partnership of STEWART & KILGORE, and collect and convert the same into money, to abide the further order of the Court.
From the Record. EDW. CAMPBELL, JR., Proth'y.

Persons having any of the effects of the firm of STEWART & KILGORE in their possession are required to deliver the same to me without delay; and those in any manner indebted to said firm, either by note, book account or otherwise, to make payment to me at my Office, No. 89 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. J. E. BRADY,
ap26:2wd Receiver.

Marshal's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a Writ of Alias Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, dated the 24th day of November, A. D., 1854, and to me directed, I will expose to sale at the U. S. Court Rooms, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, in the city of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 14th day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of Richard Bowen, of Allegheny City, Pa., of, in, to and out of the following described property, viz: All that cert in lot or piece of ground situated in the First Ward of the City of Allegheny, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner of Tremont and Ridge streets; thence along Ridge street four hundred and eight feet and eight inches to the corner of Sturgeon street; then southwardly along Sturgeon street two hundred and seventy eight feet four inches to the corner of an alley twenty feet wide; thence along the line of said alley east to Tremont street; and thence along Tremont street three hundred and forty feet eight inches to the corner of Ridge street, the place of beginning—on which is erected a dwelling house, stable and out house. Also, all that certain other lot or piece of ground situated in the First Ward of the city of Allegheny, beginning at the corner of Ridge and Sturgeon streets; thence along Ridge street two hundred and three feet six inches to Allegheny Avenue; thence along Allegheny Avenue four hundred and sixty feet four inches to line of property of Barr and others; thence along the same two hundred and three feet nine inches to Sturgeon street; thence along Sturgeon street four hundred and sixty feet four inches to the place of beginning. Also, all that certain other piece of ground, situated in the First Ward of the city of Allegheny, commencing at the corner of Ridge street and the line of property owned by St. Clair Denny; thence along said Ridge street four hundred and ninety-eight feet to corner of land owned by ———; thence by a line parallel with Ridge street one hundred and twenty-five feet to line of land owned by A. M. Marshall; thence along said line four hundred and ninety-eight feet to Ridge street; thence along Ridge street to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Richard Bowen, of Allegheny city, at the suit of James McCully.
ap26:1taw3w WESTLEY FROST, U. S. Marshal.

Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Henry S. King and John Moorhead, under the firm of KING & MOORHEAD, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. John Moorhead, having purchased the interest of John S. King, is duly authorized to settle up all of the business of the late firm. HENRY S. KING, JOHN MOORHEAD.

Pittsburgh, April 16th, 1855.

☞ The undersigned will continue the GROCERY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, at the stand formerly occupied by King & Moorhead, No. 27 Wood street.
ap17 JOHN MOORHEAD.

PEKIN TEA STORE,
No. 38 Fifth street, one door east of the Exchange Bank.
GREEN AND BLACK TEAS.

NOW RECEIVING, 231 chests, comprising the different grades now in use, selected with great care, and purchased direct from the Importers—which will be sold, Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest prices.
ap16 S. JAYNES.

Partnership Notice.

I HAVE this day associated with me, my nephew, WM. FREW, and CHAS. LOCKHART, under the firm of JAMES McCULLY & CO., who will continue the Flour, Grocery and general Produce business, as heretofore.
Pittsburgh, April 16, 1855—[ap16:2w*]

Gould's Eighth Public Sale of Town Lots AT ROCHESTER.

THIS SALE will take place upon the premises, on SATURDAY, April 28th, at 10 o'clock precisely. Terms as heretofore.

The building season is now fairly commencing, and from 50 to 100 buildings will be erected the present season, and among them three churches. Of course, a vast amount of labor will be required. Let those who want to buy *good bargains* look to this opportunity. More than 200 Lots have been sold already, and new citizens are flocking in from every point of the compass.

For particulars see printed bills and maps, or inquire of HENRY BOYLE, Auctioneer, Allegheny City, or come to Rochester and judge for yourselves, the day before the sale. [ap21] M. T. C. GOULD.

PEKIN TEA STORE,
No. 38 Fifth street, one door east of the Exchange Bank.

NOW RECEIVING, a full assortment of GREEN and BLACK TEAS, comprising all the grades now in use, purchased direct from the Importers, for cash. Warranted of superior flavor, and will be sold, Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest prices. [ap21] S. JAYNES.
(Dispatch and Gazette copy.)

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE—FIFTH STREET.
JOSEPH C. FOSTER, Lessee and Manager.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Boxes and Parquette.....50c. | Private Boxes, large.....$6.00
Second Tier...............25c. | Private Boxes, small.....$5.00
Boxes for colored persons..............25 cents.
☞ Certificate, securing seats, 12½ cents extra.

FOURTH NIGHT OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF THE BEAUTIFUL WESTERN STAR, Miss MARGARET MITCHELL, who will appear in two celebrated characters.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 26, 1855, will be acted

Satan in Paris—Mysterious Stranger, Miss Margaret Mitchell; Count de Beausoliel, McBride; Crequet, Glassford; Duplemet, Wallis; Madeline, Mrs. Foster.

To conclude with

Milly, the Maid with the Milking Pail—Milly, Miss Margaret Mitchell; Lord Philander, Bayley; Algernon, Dubois.

To morrow, BENEFIT of Miss MARGARET MITCHELL.

R. WINTER'S
Unrivalled Exhibition of
CHEMICAL DIORAMAS, &c,

AT MASONIC HALL, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, April 26th, 27th and 28th.—The entertainment will commence with a series of CRYSTALLINE VIEWS, CHROMATROPES and METAMORPHOSES, with the large Dioramic Subjects, MILAN CATHEDRAL and BELSHAZZAR'S FEAST.

Tickets TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, ONLY; Children, FIFTEEN CENTS. Exhibition to commence at 8 o'clock.

A day exhibition on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock; Children 10 cents.

N. B.—This is the original exhibition which was here three years ago. a 25:td

CIRCUS.

JAMES TAYLOR'S
PENNSYLVANIA CIRCUS
JAMES TAYLOR..............................Proprietor.
J. F. WOLFE..........................Equestrian Manager.

WILL PERFORM IN THIS CITY, MAY 1, 2, 3, 4, in front of the American Hotel, Penn street.

UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

The Manager does not deem it necessary to search the vocabularies of Ancient Greece and Rome to obtain a high sounding name for his establishment, but leaves it with discriminating public to judge between real merit and the display of a dictionary knowledge of the dead language.

The Great Pennsylvania Circus

Is the most complete that ever appeared in this country.

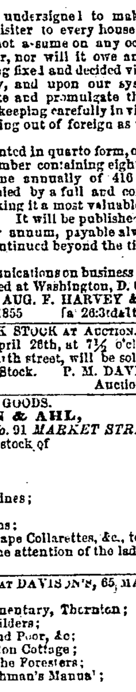
The Musical Department will eclipse any organization of the kind in the Union, being CORELLI'S FAMOUS AMERICAN CORNET AND QUADRILLE BAND!

☞ Admission twenty-five cents.

_ Afternoon performance commences at 3 o'clock—evening performance at 7 o'clock.
ap17:td T. F. TAYLOR, Agent.

Location Changed and Time Postponed!

SPALDING & ROGERS'
TWO CIRCUSES!



CONSOLIDATING THEIR CELEBRATED
FLOATING PALACE CIRCUS,
From their Palatial Aquatic Amphitheatre on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and their
NORTH AMERICAN CIRCUS,
So popular in New England and New York, into
ONE MONSTER CONCERN,
With the TWO COMPANIES, comprising the most distinguished Performers from the North and the South, in the same ring, in friendly strife, in the presence of the audience.

Both Companies under One Tent,
WITH
TWO SETS OF PERFORMERS!
TWO SETS OF CLOWNS!
TWO SETS OF RING HORSES!
PANTOMIME EVERY AFTERNOON!
SPECTACLE EVERY NIGHT!
NED. KENDALL, THE BUGLER!
KENDALL'S BRASS BAND!
CHOATE'S STRING BAND!

And everything else upon the same elaborate scale, with the following amongst the principal Equestrians, Clowns, Equestriennes, Gymnasts, Pantomimists etc.:—

M'lle AGNES, Mrs. LAKE,	Mad. ORMOND, Mrs. GRAVEN.

The Man Monkey.

H. MAGILTON, BILL LAKE,	Young CLARENCE, C. J. ROGERS.

The Motley Brothers.

GEO. DUNBAR, F. DONALDSON.	Mons. LA THORNE, T. GRAVEN.

Pegasus, Tartar, & Wildfire.

S. D. BALDWIN, ROBT. WHITE,	CHARLES BROWN, CHAS. CROSBY.

Ginty's Pantomime Troupe.

F. DEARTH, GEO. WOOD,	GEO WILLIAMSON. ROBT. DEMING.

The War Horse Bucephalus.

S. LITTERALL, P. WILLIAMS, &c., &c.,	GEO. MACKEY, F. BANKER, &c., &c.

Will be exhibited at PITTSBURGH SIX DAYS, commencing MONDAY, May 7th,
ON PENN STREET
In Front of American Hotel,
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Also, at BRIDGEWATER, May 29, ALLEGHENY, May 31 and 4th, BIRMINGHAM, May 5th.
☞ Admission ONLY TWENTY FIVE CENTS to both Companies. ap23

JOHN W. M'CARTHY,
Bill Poster and Distributor,

☞ Will attend to the Posting and Distributing of all kinds of BILLS FOR CONCERTS, LECTURES, EXHIBITIONS, &c. All communications—either by mail, telegraph, or otherwise—directed to the office of the Morning Post, will receive prompt attention. ap7

WILLIAM HUNTER,
DEALER EXCLUSIVELY IN
FLOUR AND GRAIN.
No. 299 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, the BEST BRANDS of PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA and MISSOURI, SUPERFINE and EXTRA FLOUR, Which will always be sold at the Lowest Cash prices. [ap11

S. M'KEE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
M'KEE'S PENNSYLVANIA GLASS.
ALL SIZES OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Extra, Double Strength, Imitation Crown and Ruby Vials, Flasks, Pickle and Preserve Jars; Wine, Porter and Mineral Bottles;
Telegraphic & Lightning-Rod Insulators.
SECOND, BETWEEN WOOD & MARKET STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
But a short distance from the Steamboat landing, and from Monongahela House, St. Charles, and City Hotel. [ap21
J. H. JONES..........................E. D. DENNY.

JONES & DENNY,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
ap19] 61 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
A JOINT STOCK ASSOCIATION.
Organized July 1, 1854, under the laws of New York.
Capital in 12,000 Shares!
☞ *STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.* ☜
President—GEORGE W. CASS, of Pittsburgh.
MANAGERS:

Geo. W. Cass, Pittsburgh.	S. M. Shoemaker, Baltimore.
E. S. Sanford, Philadelphia.	Johnson Livingston, N. York.
W. B. Densmore, New York.	C. Spooner, Bridgeport, Conn.
A. Adams, Boston.	R. B. Kinsley, Fall River, R. I.
J. M. Thompson, Springfield, Mass.	

☞ OFFICE, No. 64 FOURTH STREET. ap14:1m

I. W. CHADWICK,
Dealer in Kentucky Leaf Tobacco,
RAGS AND PAPER,
No. 149 WOOD STREET, BELOW SIXTH, PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ The highest market price, in CASH, paid for RAGS. ap20:1y*

COTTAGE HILL ACADEMY,
A Classical and Collegiate Boarding School,
FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.

THE ELEVENTH SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence on TUESDAY, 1st of May.

This School is located in the pleasant, healthful and romantic village of Turtle Creek, distant twelve miles from Pittsburgh, and is of easy access, several times a day, by Railroad.

The Academic Edifice (extensively known as Brown's Exchange,) is a large, airy, and commodious building, three stories above the basement, numbering FORTY ROOMS, and is most admirably and conveniently arranged for a Boarding School.

The Grounds attached to the School afford ample space for the healthy exercise of the pupils.

The plan of the Academy is comprehensive and thorough, embracing a liberal course of instruction in Classic and Scientific Learning—the Modern Languages—and the various branches of an elementary English Education.

Each branch has its appropriate instructor—the number of Teachers being in the proportion of one for fifteen scholars; and none but the most competent, faithful and experienced Teachers are employed in the several departments.

Those who have children to educate, are invited to call and examine the arrangements made for the accommodation of scholars. L. CATON, Principal.

REFERENCES may be made to the following gentlemen—present and former patrons of the School:

Hon. Wm. Wilkins;	J. W. Duncan, Esq.;
Hon. A. W. Loomis;	A. Bradley, Esq.;
Hon. J. R. McClintock;	Henry Lambert, Esq.;
Hon. J. B. Guthrie;	Major H. Day, U. S. A.;
Dr. J. Scott;	George Arthurs, Esq.;
T. Oliver, Esq.;	Dill A. Smith, Esq.;
B. T. C. Morgan, Esq.;	James Schoonmaker, Esq.;
J. White, Esq.;	R. Wightman, Esq.;
Alex. Holstein, Esq;	J. G. Caldwell, Esq.;
S. Stoner, Esq.;	W. C. Barr, Esq.;
D. W. Miller, Esq.;	R. Watson, Esq.;
	Jacob Miller, Esq.

Turtle Creek, Allegheny Co., Pa., April 16, 1855.

☞ Circulars can be had at J. H. Mellor's, or B. T. C. Morgan's Bookstores, Pittsburgh; or apply to the Principal, at Turtle Creek. ap16:2tpmy1*

SEED POTATOES—25 bbls Seed (Neshannock) Potatoes for sale by JAMES M'LAUGHLIN,
ap17 corner of First and Smithfield streets.