Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING:.....APRIL 20.

☞ **Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.**

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorized to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

CONTROL OF THE ROUTES OF COMMERCE.

The double-dealing of the English Aristocratic Government was never more manifest than in the demand that the Russian naval power in the Black sea shall be reduced. England argues that the vast fortifications of Sebastopol, and the large Russian fleets in that sea, give to Russia the control of all the commerce with the nations and ports upon its shores. And England and France generously propose, for the especial benefit of the whole commercial world, to destroy that controlling power, and thus make the sea free to the ships of all nations. This is all a hollow pretense, as a few facts will show. Suppose Sebastopol demolished, and the whole Russian Black sea fleet destroyed, does that open that sea to all commercial nations? By no means. It merely makes it a Turkish, instead of a "Russian lake." The only entrance to that sea is from the Mediterranean, through the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus straits; and those straits are entirely commanded and controlled by Turkish cannon and fortifications all along their shores. As England and France will control Turkey, those fortresses will serve the purposes of England and France alone; and the destruction of Sebastopol and the Russian fleet will but give the command of the sea into different and more selfish hands.

If Sebastopol should be destroyed upon such a pretext, then why not destroy at once the vast English fortress at Gibralter? That fortress commands the entrance to the Mediterranean; and the ships of all outside nations enter that sea under guns that could sink them all at the command of England. If Sebastopol commands the Black sea, whose commerce is of little value, Gibraltar commands the Mediterranean, upon whose shores are the rich commercial marts of many nations. If Sebastopol and the Russian fleet should be destroyed to make commerce more free, and maritime supremacy more just and equal, then should the Turkish fortresses of the Bosphorus, and the English fortress of Gibralter be at once demolished, for the same reason and purpose.

Nor should this work of making commerce free stop at Gibralter. The narrow entrances to the Baltic sea are frowned upon and commanded by Danish cannon; and no ships can enter that sea to reach the ports of Prussia, Russia, Sweden or Norway, without paying tribute to Denmark. This tax on commerce our government has given notice to Denmark it will pay no longer, after the present year. To carry out the false pretenses of England's policy in the Euxine, these Danish fortresses must also be demolished. The English protectorate of the Mosquito coast and of Greytown, in Central America, should also be abandoned; for it is designed for the especial purpose of commanding, controlling and obstructing our isthmus routes of travel and commerce between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. Thus, while England prates of freedom of the seas as a pretext for a bloody war with Russia, she seeks to bring the entrance to all seas, and all routes of commerce under the range of her guns, and the control of her protectorates and provinces.

It would be a fine thing, and the true policy, to have all the seas and routes of commerce of the world open and unobstructed, and free from all selfish control; but that England will initiate and carry out such a policy is never to be expected. A more selfish nation does not exist; nor one whose policy is more distinguished for false pretences. Her statesmen feign a holy horror of American aggression; and preach long homilies to us for our supposed propensities to make acquisitions from Mexico and in the West Indies. Yet at the same time the armies of England are wresting province after province from their native rulers in the East Indies. An empire is stolen every ten years by England in the east; yet if Americans offer to *buy* an island at a fair price these same British statesmen are astonished at our grasping ambition; and rebuke menacingly the immorality of such avaricious designs.

To make the commerce of the Black Sea more free to the nations is no part of the design of the allies, or of the motives for crushing the Russian power there. The whole question involved in the present eastern war may be summed up in a few words. Shall England and France hereafter rule the Turkish empire, or shall Russia possess its great city and its wide domains? The independence of the Ottoman government can be no longer maintained. It must succumb to its western allies, or to its great adversary of the north; and we do not believe that the interests of humanity require the success of the Allies. Under Russian control a more vigorous and independent growth would be infused into the realms now composing the Turkish empire, and its commerce would be more free and equal among all commercial nations. Under the control of England and France the whole empire would become one great dependent market for the sale of their manufactures; and other nations would be practically excluded from its trade. It could supply England and France with grain, and consume their fabrics. But it could derive from western control no elements of prosperity; scarce any elements of freedom; and no hope of independent nationality, or progress in the arts and pursuits of civilized life.

If the 30,000,000 people now under Turkish rule must change masters as the result of the war, we believe their own interests, and the best interests of the commercial world would be better served by subjecting them to Russian control rather than that of England and France. Under neither could they be free; but in the former they could participate in that great progressive movement that in half a century has made Russia the most powerful nation of Europe; and will soon place it among the most distinguished for the arts and ameliorations of civilization. Its despotic government cannot long endure; but its progressive tendencies give promise of a great and prosperous future.

☞ We call attention to the letter from Harrisburg, in this morning's paper. It refers to a subject of great interest to all our citizens, and that would very considerably reduce the expenses of the city government. All tax payers are interested to have the bill pass, to which the writer refers. We hope it will pass, and pass speedily, so as to go into effect this year.

New Book.

ELLEN NORBURY; or, *the Adventures of an Orphan.* By Emerson Bennett.

Mr. Bennett is well known as one of the most popular of American novelists, he being particularly happy in his sketches of western life. The present is one of his best works. For sale by Miner & Co., and Gildenfenney & Co.

[Correspondence of the Daily Morning Post.]

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Harrisburg, April 16, 1855.

Messrs. Gillmore & Montgomery:

A bill was prepared by the late City Solicitor, James I. Kuhn, Esq., at the request of the Finance Committee of Councils, and by them reported to Councils, changing the manner of collecting city taxes, and water rents, and providing that said taxes be paid directly to the city Treasurer, who was made the receiver. Councils adopted the bill and forwarded it to the Legislature asking that it become a law. The bill was published in the city papers, or at least some of them, and so far as the writer could learn met with the almost unanimous approbation of the citizens, the tax collectors and their immediate friends only excepted.

The bill passed the House of Representatives, but owing to remonstrances that have been forwarded by the influence above alluded to, has been reconsidered, and is now awaiting a further expression of opinion from Pittsburgh.

Amongst the remonstrances there is one signed by twenty members of the Select and Common Councils, viz; Henry Lytle, Saml. M. Kier, Wm. C. Barr, Wm. F. Murdock, John Mackin, Francis Felix, Wm. D. Hamilton, J. M. Irwin, Jos. W. Lewis, W. Griffin, Arch. Kelly, J. S. Kennedy, W. Kirkpatrick, Jr., Andrew Scott, James Duncan, James Tucker, James Herdman, Adam Wilson, Robert McAdams, C. King, whose names are given that the citizens may know where the opposition to the measure comes from. The advantages to be derived by the new bill are so manifest, that it would be useless to name them here, and it is only deemed necessary to call public attention to the fact, so that by letters, petitions, public meetings, or action of the Board of Trade our members may be informed what the views of our citizens are.

☞ If this is done promptly we may have the new law in operation yet this season, and the money of the tax payer go at once into the Treasury to meet the demands upon it, instead of forming a deposit fund for months, bearing interest in favor of the tax collector, and in the meantime be used for purchasing city warrants at a discount to be returned to the Treasury.

A TAX PAYER.

The Greek Slave is advertised for exhibition in Massillon, Ohio, this week.

The Committee of Investigation into the doings of the Roxbury Nunnery Inquisition, made a lengthy report to the Massachusetts House on Tuesday, in which they censure the Visiting Committee, but recommend no definite action in the matter. The report was accepted. The Committee on the specific charge against Joseph Hiss, member of the Visiting Committee at Lowell, have not yet reported.

The citizens of Columbia, through J. W Fisher, Esq., have presented a golden headed cane to each of the following medical gentlemen:—T. H. Jackson, Casper Morris, Ellwood Wilson, Wilson Jewell, Edward Hartshorn, T. C. Bunting, R. L. Roche. These were the medical men, from Philadelphia, who repaired to Columbia when the cholera raged so violently last summer and when that town was left almost entirely without medical assistance.

THE REIGN OF ART.—In this wonderful age, Art lays her master touches on almost everything. The ceiling over us and the carpets we tread on, are hollowed by Art. Art winds the railway through the mountains and the mud; makes her machines of wood and iron, to act as if with knowledge and annihilates space with light tamed down to the tutelage of a boy. Nothing is too lofty for her touch and nothing too humble. A new proof of this old condition, has just fallen under our notice, in the shape of a Cathartic Pill, from the Laboratory of that world renowned Chemist Dr. J. C. Ayer.

If we understand the subject, he has carried this article to the fairest perfection of which it is capable. Instead of employing drugs in its composition, as we had always thought the necessary and only way, he has with consummate extracted the *virtues* of the medicines to be employed and combined them alone in their purity together. The composition is then mixed and rolled by machinery and steam power, into a sperosid pill which is wrapped in an envelope of gelatine, for protection from the effects of weather or time, and then thickly coated with sugar, to serve as its passport over the palate. Is with these and all this labor perfected, they are offered to the public at less than one cent each. However humble the department, we think this may be safely characterized as the consummation of Art in its line.—*Morning News.*

STATE CONVENTION OF COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS.—This body met at the call of the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, on Tuesday, in one of the rooms of the State Department, and after several sessions adjourned on Wednesday evening. A full attendance was present, there being forty-three on hand out of the sixty-three Superintendents in the Commonwealth. Col. A. G. Curtin delivered an eloquent and appropriate address at the opening and subsequently Dr. Pollock made a speech, which was listened to with much interest. Among those who took an active part were Prof. Hart, of the Philadelphia High School; M. A. Gow, Esq., of Washington county; and B. M. Kerr, Esq., of Allegheny. The propriety of teachers throughout the State encouraging the Pennsylvania School Journal, was fully endorsed. This periodical is intended to be devoted to the discussion of the best means which should be employed in the education of the young. The propriety of granting certificates to teachers from the State Superintendent, was referred to a committee, but they failed to agree, and it was re committed for their report at the next meeting. A free interchange of opinion took place with reference to the workings of the new school law, and as to improvements that may be introduced, out of which, it is hoped, much good may result.

The total receipts of the American Tract Society, during the fiscal year just terminated, reached the large aggregate of $413,173; of which in donations, $147,298; from tracts and books sold, $265,875.

Mr. Williams, Canton, China, sends a list of the entire Chinese missionary force, namely, American 46, English 24, Swiss 2, German 3, total 75; and states that the operations of the Christian press are much interrupted by the civil strife.

The St. Louis *Republican* says that active preparations are making for sending the military expedition to the plains, and the troops are put en route as rapidly as possible. Two companies left about the middle of last week, and a much larger force left on Monday. The whole army will be ready to march from Fort Leavenworth before the grass is sufficiently high for forage for the animals attached to the expedition. Something of the extent of the expenditure may be inferred from the fact, that 5,000 barrels of flour, at $12 per bbl., make one of the items of the account of purchases. It is to be put up in sacks.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE.—Our readers may have observed, from time to time, advertisements and notices of the above institution in the columns of the *Banner*. Mr. P. Duff, the Principal, is one of the most accomplished bookkeepers in the United States, and is the author of a work on book-keeping, which was published by Messrs. Harper & Brothers, of New York, and has met with a rapid sale. For several years past we have been acquainted with Mr. Duff's system of book-keeping, and we take pleasure in bearing testimony to his skill and knowledge in that art. We know it to be a fact that on several occasions he has been called upon to arrange and systematize books which had become as tangled and mystified as the labyrinth of Crete, and he always succeeded in bringing order out of chaos. Mr. Duff's system is easily understood, and when a young man becomes thoroughly master of it he possesses a fortune more durable than a gold mine in California.—*Mt. Vernon Banner.*

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LETTER FROM ST. PETERSBURGH.

[PER "AMERICA."]

[Correspondence of the Boston Daily Times.]

ST. PETERSBURGH, March 15, 1855.

Full and Interesting Particulars of the Funeral of the Late Czar, etc.

EDITOR TIMES: On Saturday, March 11th, the remains of the Emperor Nicholas I, were taken from the Winter Palace where he died, to the church of St. Peter and St. Paul, in the Fortress situated on the northern shore of the Neva. On the morning of Saturday the 10th, two heralds in full mourning, accompanied by Secretaries from the Imperial Senate, and escorted by a squadron the Chevalier Guard, appeared in front of the palace, and, after a flourish of trumpets, made public announcement of the order of ceremonies for the next day. The heralds and their attendants then separated in two parties; each traversed different portions of the city, and made the same proclamation in the principal squares and other public places. Early the next day, the entire route from the Palace to the Fortress was thronged by people of all classes, and every balcony, window and other place which could be rendered available for the purpose of a view, was densely occupied. The distance was about five English miles, and was guarded throughout by double rows of mounted and foot soldiers. The cortege was naturally very imposing, but bore no comparison in point of magnificence with that which graced the funeral of the late Duke of Wellington. It was, however, the expressed wish of the Emperor, that there should be at his funeral no unnecessary ostentation. As is customary on similar occasions in this country, the most impressive portion of the display was the great body of military in attendance,—composed in this instance of large detachments of the finely mounted and uniformed Cuirassiers, Horse Guards, Grenadiers of the Guard and of the Palace, Pioneers and Carabiniers, Chasseurs, Artillery, Chevalier Guards, Light Cavalry, etc. Their arms reversed, and the kettle-drums, beating the mournful funeral march.

Some of the other principal features of the procession, were the standards of the imperial provinces,—a large number of horses caparisoned with black cloth, upon which were emblazoned the arms of the most important cities and governments of the Empire,—the favorite saddle horse of the deceased,—men in steel armor, mounted and on foot,—the gloves, crowns, banners and other state insignia,—the 34 foreign orders, (including those of England, France and Sardinia,) and the nineteen Russian decorations which had been from time to time bestowed upon Nicholas,—the choirs of St. Alexander Nevsky Monastery, of the Cathedral of Kasan and of the Imperial chapel, chanting as they marched,—a numerous body of clergy in their sacerdotal robes, bearing lighted wax tapers,—the arch deacons and priests of the Court carrying holy images,—many of the principal civil and military functionaries of the Empire,—representatives of the various corporations and public institutions of this city, &c., &c., while chamberlains, gentlemen of the Court, marshals and masters of ceremonies were thickly interspersed throughout the line.

Immediately following the funeral car, came the Emperor Alexander II., accompanied by several military officers of high rank, and was succeeded by his brother Constantine, his brother in law the Prince Royal of Wurtemburg, his cousin the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin; also the Archduke William of Austria and Prince Charles of Prussia, all on foot. His Majesty wore his favorite and most becoming uniform—that of the Cossacks. His two younger brothers, Nicholas and Michael, were not present as they did not arrive from the Crimea until the evening of the next day. The procession closed with a number of mourning carriages containing the two Empresses, and the other female members of the Imperial family, their children, attendants and maids of honor. The bells of the churches were tolled and minute guns fired from the fortress during the progress of the cortege. The church to which the body was taken, was deeply hung in black—the entire floor, entrance, steps, windows and railings being all covered. Around the walls and upon the pillars were conspicuously displayed the letter H, corresponding to the Russian N—the initial of the deceased monarch; while on every hand were to be seen the ostentatious emblems of departed grandeur. The entire centre of the church was occupied by an elevated platform, environed by a profusion of blazing candles and surmounted by a canopy of white and gold reaching to the lofty ceiling. Beneath this canopy were placed the Imperial remains—the coffin lid was removed and a voluminous cloth of gold substituted therefor, and near by were deposited the regalia of the Empire, the crowns and decorations which had adorned the pageantry of the day.

The chief mourners gathered about the bier, in the males in military uniform and the females in the deepest weeds, with long head-dresses and sperosid pill which is wrapped in an envelope of gelatine, for protection from the effects of weather or time, and then thickly coated with sugar, to serve as its passport over the palate. Is with these and all this labor perfected, for they are offered to the public at less than one cent each. However humble the department, we think this may be safely characterized as the consummation of Art in its line.—*Morning News.*

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NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

Our Relations with Spain.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 19.—The cabinet are entirely harmonious upon the Cuba question. Com. M'Cauly's instructions are not such as to create a *casus belli*. He will resort to force only if a case should arise in which international law will fully justify it. The administration is strongly in favor of pacific relations with Spain, and Spain is fully advised thereof. Her Cuban indiscretions and outrages against our commerce are thought to arise from deep-seated conspiracies among the Islanders, which irritate and confuse Concha, but he knows that his assaults upon our commerce, and his imprisonment of our citizens must stop at once, and the administration think they shall stop them without the least danger of war with Spain.

Railroad Matters, &c.

SARATOGA, April 19.—The Saratoga and Washington Railroad was sold to-day; it is probable a new company will be organized.

The Oswego steamer May Flower, the pioneer of a new line of steamers to run between this city and Toronto, arrived here; a new and direct route via the Collingwood Railroad and Georgian Bay to the Upper Lakes is to be established.

Arrest of Counterfeiters.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Six persons were arrested for circulating new counterfeits of the Chemical Bank of this city of the denomination of fives. The counterfeits, it is supposed, were brought here by John S. Good from Philadelphia. One of the parties is a Mrs. Thompson, of Philadelphia.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, April 19.—The Dollar Savings' Bank, of Pittsburgh, has passed finally. The new county of Buffalo passed the House by a vote of 42 to 32. The supplement to the Monongahela Slackwater passed finally this afternoon.

Railroad Accident.

GREENFIELD, MASS., April 18.—George Field, this afternoon, while walking on the track of the Ashculoet Railroad, was run over and instantly killed.

Seriously Injured.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Washington Irving was severely injured yesterday by being thrown from a horse. He is not yet considered out of danger.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, April 19.—The House resolve was amended so as to allow aliens to vote and hold office after a residence of 21 years.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Cotton unchanged, a limited business done; sales 500 bales. Flour a trifle higher; sales 6250 bbls, part of Ohio at $1,25@1,56; sales 16,000 bbls Southern at $1@1,62. Wheat firm, sales Michigan $2,25. Corn easier, but not quotably lower; sales 28,000 bus. Pork firm; sales 1400 barrels new mess at $21. Beef firm; sales 300 tierces $9,50@$12. Lard firm. Ohio Whisky 35c. Sugars firm; sales 900 hhds Orleans at 8⅝@9⅞c. Molasses firm; 100 bbls Orleans at 27@30c. Rice firmer. Money steady—Cumberland 2@3; Erie 4; Reading 8⅝; Cleveland and Toledo 7.

PHILADELPHIA, April 19.—Cotton firm, but demand limited. The receipts of Flour are small, but demand limited; sales 500 to 600 bbls standard and good brands at $11, and 200 barrels extra and extra family at $11,50@$12. Rye Flour in demand, and further sales of 500 barrels at $7,25. Corn Meal held firmly at $4,75 ⅌ bbl, but no further transactions have been reported. A fair demand for Wheat; sales 3300 to 4000 bus Southern and Penna white at $2,75 and $2,80 ⅌ bush; all sorts of good prime quality, and a must for at $2 sales 700 bushels at $2,75. Rye steady at $1,45@1,50. Corn unchanged; sales 1,500 bushels yellow at $1,05; about one thousand bushels Southern at $1,03; and at 90 bus Delaware at 70c ⅌ bus. Provisions dull; all descriptions in fair demand; sales of 50 casks shoulders, in dry salt, at 7½c cash and sixty days. Whisky held firmly; small sales in bbls at 36c, and 35c in hhds.

CINCINNATI, April 19.—Flour dull; nominal lots offered at $9,00; no sales. Sales of Corn at 86c. Whisky 30c. Provisions dull, with few buyers; sales 17,000 lbs Bulk Meat at 7½@7¾c for Side and 6½c for shoulders. Sales 25 bbls prime lard at 9½. Linseed Oil 38@39. No change in other articles.

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

ON and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 5 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " AT 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " AT 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Massillon, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c., and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

The NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A.M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
[At the corner office, under the Monongahela House.]

[Or, at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. [mh10]

Opinions of the Press.

The following is from Geo. Geo. P. Morris, in the Home Journal of Nov. 11, 1854:

All writers profess to be the guardians of the rights of the people, and to keep them advised through their columns, of whatever shall serve for their benefit. We will live up to this letter, and inform them that the most wonderful and valuable medicine for their general use ever invented, is "HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM." Its virtues are so rare, mighty and exceedingly that often they appear to work more like a miracle than by science, so effectual, delectable and astounding are its powers over the human body, that, though now it is daily tried by thousands of people, not one of them but is delighted with it, and, in a room around, and candidly confess they, on no consideration, will ever again be without it.

The inventor, Mr. Hagan, of Albany, has wisely kept the secret to himself. Counterfeits are busy about it, but without success. Its overbearing merits defy all competition, and its peculiarities analyzed. We confidently commend all parties to seek its acquaintance, for so only such a friend, who lands at her hand satisfied, restored to health, redeemed from the blind, lame, and scarred to perfection, and all from pain, is a friend indeed."

We wish the discoverer of this mighty blessing, who is a real benefactor to mankind, God speed.

Now genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signature of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors.

Sold at 25 cents per bottle by Dr. J. C. AYER, 140 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders for Boston for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. CLICKENER & CO., New York. apl18:1m2w

☞ **Neuralgia.**—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Mr. F. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others, who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

*** See advertisement in another column. [mh15:1m

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well fitted in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them good, and suitable to the season. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest forte*. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. (dec9) E. GRIBBLE.

Poetry suggested by a single application of

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye.

As red clouds darken in the twilight,
And blackens over heaven's blue skylight,
So Cristadoro's Hair Dye turns the
To black the hair that redly burneth.
The cuttle fish cunningly blackens the foam
When an enemy darts at the quiet little gnome;
But no quick Cristadoro will darken the Hair,
With his Dye of all dyes most efficient and rare!

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye is sold wholesale and retail at Dr. REYSER'S, 140 Wood street—sign of the Golden Mortar. apl7

Barrell's Indian Liniment,

For Rheumatism, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Side—Sores of all kinds.

[A certificate from Cumberland, Maryland:]

CUMBERLAND, March 10, 1855.

MR. H. G. O. CARY, Zanesville—*Dear Sir:* May we ask the favor of you to send us twenty-four dozen BARRELL'S INDIAN LINIMENT. Please send it without delay, as we have not half a dozen bottles on hand, and it cannot be substituted in this country, therefore, do not disappoint us.

Respectfully, yours, &c. BEALL & WATTS.

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge** ALWAYS BESORTED TO WHEN EVERY OTHER REMEDY FAILS.

NEW YORK, September 15, 1852.

This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms some six months. I have tried several kinds of medicine, but none of them done any good; and it was not until I tried Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge that I found any relief. I gave her the contents of one bottle, which brought from her a very large quantity of worms, but they were so completely cut to pieces it was impossible to count them. My daughter is now doing well; indeed she is completely restored to health. I therefore take pleasure in recommending it to parents. I would say, by all means keep a supply of this valuable medicine constantly in your houses. I have known many children to die suddenly from the effects of worms. It also not unfrequently happens that children are treated for croup, when the choking and coughing is caused altogether by the irritation of worms. Therefore, we say again, keep it always in the house; it costs but little, and may be the means of saving life; and at any rate it will save physicians' bills.

MRS. LANE, No. 333 Eighth street.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.

apl4:2aw

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Drug Store for Sale.**—RETAIL DRUG STORE, favorably located in Allegheny City, will be sold on reasonable terms. For particulars, enquire of FLEMING BROS., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. apl8:1mdaw]

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

☞ A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels, or Dwellings. No. 25 MARKET street, Pittsburgh. apl6

WILLIAM HUNTER,

DEALER EXCLUSIVELY IN

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

No. 299 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, the BEST BRANDS of PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA and MISSOURI, SUPERFINE and **EXTRA FLOUR,** Which will always be sold at the Lowest Cash prices. [apl1

Spring Caps.

MORGAN & CO., No. 151 Wood street, have just received another lot of "Negligent" and "Mario" SPRING CAPS, which they are selling low for cash. Call and see. apl1

Hats! Hats!!

MORGAN & CO., No. 154 Wood street, have just received a fresh supply of young Gents. SILK HATS; also, another lot of Hungarian and other soft Hats. Call and see—no charge for showing goods. apl1

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 62 Wood street. BRAUN & REITER, corner Liberty and St. Clair sts H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

jy29 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 76 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorized Capital, $300,000.

ASSETS LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

In Stock Notes, (negotiable form,) secured by Mortgages and Judgments.....$100,000
In Bills Receivable, Mortgages and Judgments, Bonds, &c.....106,000
In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items.....47,000

Total.....$253,000

H. CADWELL, President. O. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

REFERENCES.

PITTSBURGH.

Kramer & Rahm, Curling, Robertson & Co.,
N. Holmes & Sons, Wm. Bagaley & Co.,
J. A. Hutchison & Co., D. Leech & Co.,
Murphy, Thorman & Co.

PHILADELPHIA.

Wainright, Huntington & Co., M. L. Hollowell & Co.,
A. Hoyt, David S. Brown & Co.,
C. H. & Geo. Abbott, Wood & Oliver,
Hutton & Dorchin, Cole & Cope & Co.,
Chas. Megargee & Co., Drexel & Co., Bankers,
Hon. Wm. D. Kelley, Scott, Baker & Co.,
Harris, Hale & Co., Dal. Milligan & Co.

J. BANKS KNOX, Agent,
No. 115 Water street, Pittsburgh.

dec13:1y

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

CORNER OF WATER AND MARKET STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.

JAS. D. M'GILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of Lake and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway, Alexander Bradley,
James Marshall, John Fulleton,
John M'Clain, Samuel M'Clurkan,
William Phillips, James W. Hallman,
John Scott, Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D., David Richey,
James Marshall, John M'Gill,
Horatio N. Lee, Rittenhouse. feb17

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**—WM BAGALEY, President;

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

Also—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley, Richard Lloyd,
James M. Cooper, Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Rea, William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, jr., John S. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock, Francis Sellers,
S. Hartshorne, J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant, William B. Hays.

John Shipton. dec21

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Philadelphia, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 108 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secure a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $2,25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits.

T. J. HOOD, Secretary. S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES BEAMES, G. N. HOFFSTOT.

Consulting Physician—P. IRISH, M. D. mar31tf

☞ **Franklin Saving Fund and Loan Association,** OFFICE, No. 97 FRONT STREET. Discount Day—MONDAY. Notes offered on SATURDAY will be discounted on MONDAY. Money received DAILY, at the store of John H. Mellor, No. 81 Wood street. Weekly Dues received at the same time and place. [dec18:1y] J. WHITFIELD, Secretary.

☞ **To Let.**—THE SECOND STORY OF THE DEPOT TUNE ENGINE HOUSE (a Hall suitable for public meetings,) will be let for three or four nights in the week. Enquire of GEORGE FUNSTON, dec4:3m at S. M'Clurkan's, No. 90 Wood street.

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meet on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLEITER'S, in the Diamond. By order

jel-y GEO. W. SESSS, Secretary.

☞ **I. O. O. F.**—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 356—Mesdmyrs Tuesday nights.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets first and third Friday of each month. [mar26:1y

J. H. JONES.....E. D. DENNY.

JONES & DENNY,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

apl9] 61 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH.

NEW GOODS—Just opening, new and splendid stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c, at the Old Establishment House of W. W. WILSON, 67 Market street, corner of Diamond alley. Customers and visitors will always find this a safe and just establishment to deal with, and prices as cheap as elsewhere—either East or West.

☞ Special attention