Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:::::::::::::APRIL 4

☞ **Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.**

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorized to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence met at the St. Charles Hotel, on Wednesday, the 28th inst., and unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County are requested to meet at their usual places of holding primary meetings, on Saturday, the 14th day of April, and elect two delegates from each district to meet in County Convention on the following Wednesday, at the Court House, at 11 o'clock A. M., to elect delegates to our next State Convention, and transact such other business as may be deemed necessary and proper. The meetings will be held between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M.

THOMAS FARLEY, *Chairman.*

W. M. PORTER, *Secretary.*

THE NEWS.

The Supreme Court, sitting in Philadelphia, have granted a writ of error in the case of Dr. Stephen T. Beale, who some time ago was convicted of rape upon the person of Miss Mudge.

Over 1300 troops were at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., at the latest dates, destined for the expedition against the Indians of the Plains. One steamboat load has already been sent up to Fort Leavenworth.

The annual commencement of the Jefferson Medical college in Philadelphia took place on Saturday, when the degree of doctor of medicine was conferred on 178. Altogether 635 graduates have received this season this degree from the University and Jefferson College.

During the eleven months ending with February of the present year, there were in Cincinnati 80 fires, which destroyed property to the aggregate value of $117,161, on which there was an aggregate of insurance amounting to $81,571 thus showing an excess of $35,590 over insurance.

It appears Mr. Hackett's Grisi and Mario speculation was not a failure in a pecuniary point of view. According to the Journal of Commerce, which speaks by authority, "they gave sixty-six performances in this country, of which forty-three were in New York, seventeen in Boston, four in Philadelphia, one (concert) in Baltimore, and one in Washington. The aggregate receipts were $193,000 and a fraction, of which the expenses fell short rather more then $22,000. From this last sum deduct four thousand dollars to cover expenses incurred pending the negotiation and previous to the closing of the contract, and there remains eighteen thousand dollars as the net profits of the enterprise."

THE ORGANISTS AGAIN.

The *Union* of yesterday contains what might be fairly considered a full admission that it is worsted in the contest with the *Post*. It threatens a resort to arms, and brute force. No man in a controversy with his neighbor ever does that until he feels that his cause is lost in public estimation as well as his own. We shall publish just such facts as we see proper, *in our own time*. We shall not be alarmed by any threats of those who *commence* a contest through their "organ," and then threaten to terminate it by a cowardly attack, and personal violence. "*Forewarned, forearmed*," is an old maxim which we shall not forget. "Can ye touch pitch, and not be defiled?" We are sensible of the truth of this query, but were forced to dirty our hands for once with a grasping crew of scamps, who, by dint of much falsehood and importunity, have succeeded in gaining the confidence of a few abroad; but, at home, are fast becoming well understood, and despised by a very large portion of the community. The time is past when subordinate official position can confer respectability; or the bully be considered a gentleman. Offices fall into such strange hands of late that the people have discovered that an office holder may easily turn out a rogue, or a "small potato;" and they will judge him by his conduct, and not by his titles. In the midst of this growing sentiment of popular independence and freedom, the "organists" undertake to draw the reins of official and insolent control more tightly than ever; and even to forbid to the press the old fashioned privilege of announcing the appointments to office. It will be remembered that it was our mention, in the ordinary way, of the appointment of Mr. M'Calmont to office, and then enumerating the offices he held, that gave rise to this controversy, which they now threaten to end by brute force. We would sincerely caution them against such an attempt.

THE LAST ARGUMENT OF RUFFIANS

The foolish threat of the "grabbers" connected with the *Union* yesterday exhibits one of the meanest phases of human nature. They commence a furious assault upon an editor of the *Post* through their columns, calling us by name. We conclude that we have endured their abuse long enough, and reply in earnest, having a constant reference to facts as our justification. They reply with all the bitterness and ability their several editors can command. They malign us to the utmost, and, one would suppose, to their heart's content. Each article of ours is a reply to one of theirs; yet, at the end of ten days, we find these baffled libellers threatening a resort to the last argument of ruffians—brute force, and breach of the peace. Now, in our estimation, there is a meanness and a cowardliness about such an impotent conclusion of a blustering editorial onslaught, that should brand any man with infamy. They select their own weapon—the pen; enter the lists, and throw down the gauntlet. It is taken up. In a few days afterwards, we find them fairly bellowing with rage, and menacing an appeal to brute force. They pursued the same course towards the editor of another paper not long ago, and the *bully* of the establishment actually made an assault upon him, making it, however, in the midst of people whom he knew would interfere before his brains were blown out. We warn them against similar ruffianism towards us. Our press can never be silenced by such threats, nor any other feelings be excited in us by them but those of profound disgust and contempt. We hope our next foes will be more manly, and better able to do battle with their pens.

None but a *coward* will threaten an assault and battery without coming right along to *commit* the same. Oh, dear! But will they come? No.

Cincinnati Election—Outrageous Rioting—"Sam" Defeated!

We received by the mail last night the Cincinnati *Commercial* with election returns up to four o'clock yesterday morning, from which we learn that James J. Faran, Democrat, is elected Mayor over Pap. Taylor, Know Nothing. The rest of the ticket is in doubt. The Know Nothings were guilty of the most outrageous rioting, and late in the afternoon some five hundred of them took possession of the 12th Ward ballot box and destroyed it. They charged the Germans with fraudulent voting in this Ward, but the judges of the election declared everything had been done on the square.

THE CANAL.

Hays & Black—D. Leech & Co.'s Line—are now in active operation on the canal. The canal is now in order for business, and this line, which has for many years done a heavy business on the public works, is prepared to forward goods at lower rates than ever. See their advertisement in another column. There are several firms engaged in the transporting business between this city and Philadelphia, and all are prepared to do a large business. The low rates of freight by this route, the speed of transportation, and the correctness and accuracy with which the business is done, should make this a favorite route for trade between the East and West. The canal will doubtless do a large business this season.

The reason of frost and ice, of stringency and panic, of dullness and despondency, we trust, has passed away. The channels of business are opened, confidence restored, and renewed life and vigor are beginning to pervade all branches of trade and business. All our citizens can rejoice at the evidences of returning prosperity. One of the sources of the prosperity of our city is a large and active business on the canal; and we are glad to learn that that business has now commenced with good prospects.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—We observe by a recent issue of the Sandusky *Commercial Register*, that Henry D. Cooke, Esq., has withdrawn from active duty in the management of its editorial columns—a position which he has filled for several years past with great credit to himself and satisfaction to the patrons of that journal. The editorial columns will in future be under the control of Messrs. Earl Bill, and Orville J. Victor, the latter gentleman having recently taken an interest in the establishment. Mr. Bill is a perfect Gradgrind in the way of "facts" and "figures," and has the reputation of having made the *Register* the best commercial paper in Northern Ohio. Mr. Victor is a man of fine literary attainments, a forcible writer, and has, for more than two years, made the local column the most readable of its kind of any on our exchange list. We are glad to know the people of Ohio have appreciated his labors so well.

THE ANTI-LICENSE BILL.

This bill is now pending in the Senate. Several amendments have been proposed, altering some of the features of the bill. But the general effect remains. It is designed to prevent entirely the sale of intoxicating liquors in this State in less quantity than a quart.

The Harrisburg *Union* says it is a prohibitory liquor law in disguise, and adds:

"We have not the slightest doubt but this bill will be passed by the Legislature, and less doubt of the action of the Executive. The fact is it will become a law, and those men who are engaged in the liquor business may as well make up their minds to this result."

☞ The editor of the *Young American* will insist that we are "crowing over him." We assure him he is mistaken. He has a right to prosper if he can, and it is not in our nature to wish ill to our neighbors, or be jealous of their rivalry. "Live and let live," is our motto; and we would not adopt and practice any other if we could. So, neighbor, don't be angry any longer. We would be happy to see you.

Seventy-five New Banks!!

The Harrisburg *Herald* gives the following list of Bank bills which have either passed the Legislature, are pending, or waiting to be reported:

Bank of Conemaugh,	$100,000
Beaver County Bank,	100,000
Bloomsburg Bank,	200,000
Catasauqua Bank,	200,000
Coal and Iron, Philadelphia, House bill,	1,000,000
Greenfield Bank,	100,000
Farmers' and Traders' Bank, Philadelphia,	250,000
Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank, do.	250,000
Pittston Bank,	100,000
Shamokin Bank,	125,000
Allentown Bank, (signed by the Governor,)	100,000
Bank of Mount Pleasant,	200,000
Anthracite Bank, Tamaqua,	200,000
Bank of New Castle,	100,000
Bank of Pottstown, (vetoed,)	200,000
City Bank of Philadelphia,	500,000
Consolidation Bank of Philadelphia,	500,000
Commercial Bank, Harrisburg,	200,000
Conococheague Bank,	100,000
Iron and Coal Bank, Philadelphia, Senate bill	500,000
Lock Haven,	200,000
Lebanon Bank,	100,000
Mechanics' Bank, Pittsburgh, (signed by Governor,)	500,000
Manch Chunk Bank,	200,000
Montour Bank,	100,000
Mercer County Bank,	200,000
Stroudsburg Bank,	200,000
Western Bank of Meadville,	100,000
Allegheny Valley Bank, Pittsburgh,	500,000
American Bank, Philadelphia,	1,000,000
Commercial Bank, Pittsburgh,	500,000
Corn Exchange Bank, Philadelphia,	500,000
Chemical and Manufacturers' Bank, Philadelphia,	250,000
Donegal Bank,	200,000
Darlington Bank,	150,000
Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, York,	300,000
Farmers' Bank, Carlisle,	200,000
Lucerne County Bank,	250,000
Merchants' Bank, Palladelphia,	500,000
Mineral Bank, Sunbury,	200,000
Metropolitan Bank, Philadelphia,	1,000,000
Shawnee Bank,	100,000
Union Bank, Philadelphia,	200,000
Westmoreland County Bank,	200,000
Total new Banks of Issue,	$15,050,000
Honesdale Bank, (passed in spite of veto,)	200,000
	$16,250,000

ADD FOR BANKS ASKING INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

Mechanics' Bank, Harrisburg,	$200,000
Tradesmen's Bank, Philadelphia,	50,000
York County Bank, York,	200,000
Farmers' Bank, Reading,	200,000
Columbia Bank,	150,000
Farmers' Bank, Schuylkill,	100,000
Barnes' Bank, do.	100,000
Bank of Penn Township,	150,000
Farmers' and Drovers' Bank,	100,000
Bank of Commerce, Philadelphia,	200,000
Miners Bank, Pottsville,	300,000
	$1,800,000

ADD SAVINGS BANKS ASKED FOR.

Cumberland Valley,	$ 30,000
Hanover Saving Fund,	50,000
Milton Saving Bank,	100,000
New Brighton Saving Bank,	100,000
Philadelphia Deposit Bank,	300,000
Pottsville Saving Bank,	100,000
Reading do. do.	50,000
Seamen's do. do. (Philadelphia)	100,000
Wrightsville do. do.	150,000
Washington do. do.	100,000
Anthracite do. do. (Donaldson)	100,000
Industrial do. do. (Sunbury)	50,000
Dauphin Deposit, do.	150,000
Phila. do. do.	500,000
Pilsburg Saving do. do.	100,000
Dickenson do. do.	25,000
Carlisle Deposit do. do.	150,000
Citizens' do. do. (Pittsburgh)	250,000
Commonwealth Saving Bank,	50,000
Monongahela do. do.	200,000
	$2,658,000
Capital of new Banks,	15,250,000
Increased capital asked for,	1,800,000
Total,	$19,708,000

[From the Dayton (Ohio) Gazette, 27th.]

Death from Hydrophobia.

About 30 years ago, Mr. A Rogers, of Franklin, Ohio, was bitten by a mad dog and was placed in utter darkness, under medical treatment, for the space of thirty days, and apparently recovered from the effects of the bite; though at irregular intervals since that time, he has felt unpleasant and painful sensations, supposed to be caused by the virus, which in an almost insignificant degree, remained in the system. Otherwise he enjoyed remarkably good health, and being a man of powerful physical frame, weighing near 200 pounds, it is probable that the strength of his constitution kept the effects of the virus in his system subdued. It was on the 15th day of last January that he received the last bite, under the following circumstances:

A small half starved dog had been about the house during the day, and Mr. R. told one of the children to call it in and feed it, which was done. Mr. R. stooped down to caress it when it bit him in the hand. He instantly grasped his hand, and remarked to his wife that he never felt such a pain. It seemed to thrill his system like an electric shock. Nothing further, however, occurred at that time beyond a very severe headache and a slight nervous fever. The same dog was known to have bitten several hogs; but not until the hogs became rabid, which was several weeks after, was the dog supposed to have been mad. When Mr. Rodgers became acquainted with these facts he at once felt that, under his peculiar situation, with the virus of a former bite in his system, his case was a hopeless one, and immediately set about closing up his business, and made his will, communicating his apprehensions to no person, not even his family. He enjoyed usual health up to Wednesday before his death, when the symptoms of hydrophobia began to manifest themselves, causing him, however, no serious inconvenience until Friday morning, when on attempting to wash his hands and face he found himself unable to get his hands into the water.

He ate but little breakfast, and in a short time went to bed. About 12 o'clock on Friday night he was seized with a most fearful spasm, which lasted for some time. After the spasm passed off he became quite calm and conversed almost incessantly, and assured his friends that he would not harm them in any way. His next spasm was on Saturday morning, and more violent than the former. The last spasm seemed to rack the sufferer with the most excruciating agony, and was dreadful in the extreme even to witness. During all his sufferings, to the very moment of his death, he was conscious of his condition, perfectly rational in all respects, and seemed to take particular care to harm no one during his raving fits, although he was in no way secured, and in the same room with his friends and attendants.

It is certainly contrary to the usual experience that the virus should remain so long in the system and give no more decided manifestations of its presence. But the case, though a remarkable one is by no means an isolated one.

LAST ILLNESS OF NICHOLAS.

THE DEATH SCENE.

The Berlin official *Staats Anzeiger* contains the following details relative to the illness and death of the late Emperor Nicholas, which have been communicated to it from authentic or rather official sources, and dated St. Petersburg, March 3, 1855:

"His Majesty, as it now appears, had long been suffering from an attack of 'grippe.' As early as the 18th of February, (N. S.,) the body physician, Dr. Mandt, requested permission to call in other physicians. The Emperor consented, smiling and joking the while on Dr. Carell being admitted. The Emperor's condition became slowly aggravated through insomnia and increased cough, with much expectoration, so that the physicians entreated his Majesty not to quit his apartments on the 22d. But the Emperor would hear of no such thing; whereupon one of the physicians said, 'Were any soldier as ill as is your Majesty, there is not a doctor in the whole army that would allow him to quit the hospital, as he must know that the patient would return in a worse state.' The Emperor answered, 'Gentlemen, you have done your duty—I thank you; and now I will fulfill mine.' Having said this, he mounted his sledge, although the weather was rather cold, (15° Reaumur, or 34° below freezing point, Fahrenheit,) and drove to the Exercise House of the Guards, to inspect some infantry which were about to march in order to complete the regiments in Lithuania.

"The Emperor, who appeared for the last time on this occasion, was evidently much incommoded by this visit. He coughed violently, expectorated greatly, and said, as he came away, 'I am completely bathed with perspiration,' although it was anything but warm in the exercise-house. [At St. Petersburg and Berlin, long, lofty, and spacious buildings are erected, where a greater or lesser number of troops can be drilled and go through given manœuvres during bad weather, and at any season.] In this state his Majesty drove to the abode of the sick War Minister, (Prince Dolgorouki,) warned him not to go out too soon, and returned to the Winter Palace. In the evening he attended the first prayers of Lent week, and then passed the rest of the evening with the Empress, but complained of cold, and retained his cloak on whilst in the apartment. From that day his Majesty did not quit his extremely small working cabinet. There, on the 23d, as he lay on the sofa, covered with his cloak, he received Colonel and Aide-de-Camp Von Tettenborn, and dispatched him to Sebastopol. After that his Majesty made over business to the heir to the throne.

"From the 24th to the 27th no others were returned to inquiries but, 'The Emperor does not quit his bed, as he has fever; his cough is worse;' and so forth. During his whole illness his Majesty lay upon his camp bed—that is, on a morocco leather sack, filled with hay, and a pillow of the same, covered with a blanket and his cloak.

"It was on the 28th that the malady assumed a decidedly serious character. On the night of that day, to the 1st of March, he became rapidly worse. The physicians apprehended paralysis of the lungs. On the evening of the 1st his Majesty was given up. The Empress and heir to the throne entreated him to take the sacraments. It was at this moment that the Emperor first appeared to comprehend the imminent danger of his condition; but scarcely any emotion was remarked in him. During the night of the 1st to the 2d March, Dr. Mandt communicated to the Emperor that he was dangerously ill; that his lungs were strongly affected, and that much was to be apprehended. The Emperor replied quite tranquilly, 'So, there is danger of paralysis of the lungs?' That is possible, Sire,' replied the physician. Thereupon the Emperor received the sacraments with great tranquility and firmness, took leave of the Empress and of the imperial children and grandchildren, and blessed and kissed each individually, pronouncing at the same time the benediction, and then only retained with him the Empress and the heir to the throne. This occurred about 4 A. M. on the 2d. A little later his Majesty said to the Empress, 'Go and repose awhile, I entreat thee;' to which she replied, 'Let me remain with thee. I will fain depart with thee were it possible.' The Emperor then said, 'No! Thou must remain here, below. Take care of thy health, so that thou mayst be a point of concentration for the whole family.' [This expression contains an evident allusion to the apprehensions said to have long existed in the Emperor's mind that less harmony existed between the members of his family than was desirable. Indeed, it is no secret that these apprehensions had repeatedly caused him and his Empress great uneasiness.—I will have thee called when the moment approaches.' The Empress obeyed this distinctly uttered command and quitted the room.

"The Emperor then directed Counts Orloff and Adlerberg and Prince Dolgorouki to enter, thanking them for their fidelity, and took leave of them. Somewhat later the Emperor directed his special domestics to enter, complimented them for their good services, and blessed and took leave of them, whereat he himself appeared greatly affected. Finally, Madame de Bohrbeck, bedchamber woman, was sent for, and his Majesty thanked her for the fidelity she had so constantly shown to the Empress, and for the solicitude with which she had always attended her, and especially in her Majesty's recent illness. He prayed her not to leave the Empress; and finally added, 'Remember me to my dear [palace] Peterhof.' The Emperor also took Dr. Carell's hand, and said, 'It is not your fault.'

"As the Father Confessor Baynoff spoke with the Emperor, he took the hand of the Empress and laid it in that of the former, as if he intended to confide the Empress to the care of the priest. After all this, the Emperor's voice failed him a while, during which he frequently crossed himself and prayed inwardly. At a later period his Majesty recovered his voice, and spoke now and then, until his end arrived, which occurred at ten minutes past twelve on the afternoon of the 2d of March, and in presence of his whole family.

"Nearly the last words the Emperor uttered distinctly were the following: 'Dites a Fritz (Frederick William IV., of Prussia,) de rester toujours le meme pour la Russie, et de ne pas oublier les paroles de Papa,' (tell Fritz to continue always the same for Russia, and not to forget the words of Papa)—meaning the words in the testament of the late King of Prussia, recommending close alliance with Russia.

"The Emperor encountered the death struggle with a calmness of soul, Christian submission, and manly firmness that was truly edifying. So only could a man die whose conscience was pure, and whose intimate conviction was that he only desired justice, and dealt accordingly. God will be merciful unto the Emperor! It is really superhuman what the monarch has morally undergone and resisted as regards his individual exertions within the last year; and how each wounded soldier was a stab in his own heart.

"At first the face of the corpse fell away, but towards evening the fine lineaments appeared more imposing than ever in their regularity and calmness. Hitherto the Empress has supported this unexpected and terrible blow with extraordinary fortitude. Yesterday she passed an hour alone with the body. The bewilderment produced on all by the suddenness of this catastrophe has gradually given way to a sentiment of universal grief."

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD

RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

ON and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice:

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE at 3 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " at 8 A. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN " " at 3 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c; and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,

At the corner office, under the Monongahela House, Or, at the Federal Street Station, to GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855. (mh10)

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

Cincinnati Election.

CINCINNATI, April 3—*Noon.*—The election is still undecided; a fraud has been detected in Twelfth Ward, which gave Faran, Democrat, 500 majority, and it is proposed to throw out the entire vote. If this is done, Taylor, American, will have about 100 majority; but if this ward is counted, Faran will have from 400 to 600 majority; and the Eleventh Ward, the ballot-box of which is destroyed, is supposed to have given Faran from 500 to 700 majority. Had the entire vote of the city been counted the whole Democratic ticket would have been elected by from 500 to 1000 majority.

There was more rioting last night; it is supposed ten or twelve persons were killed or mortally wounded; pistols were discharged indiscriminately, and the only wonder is that the destruction of life was not greater.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, April 3—The Black Warrior has arrived, bringing Havana dates to the 29th.

Numerous additional arrests have been made at Havana, and among them is Don Carlos Castillo, Manager of the Bank of Havana, and Don Alcozas, a wealthy broker. Their only offence is believed to have been expressing sympathy for Pinto. Mr. Robertson, acting U. S. Consul, it is understood, has sent in so strong a protest against the so called trial of Estrampei and Felix, as to induce the Captain General to refer the matter to the Spanish minister at Washington before carrying the sentence into execution.

An announcement has been made that six companies of colored militia are to be established at Havana.

Burns Slave Case.

BOSTON, April 3.—The trial of the alleged rioters in the Burn's rendition, Theodore Parker, Wendell Phillips, Higginson and others, came on to-day before Judges Curtiss and Sprague. They were defended by John P. Hale and other leading Free Soil lawyers. The defence moved that the indictments be quashed on various grounds; one, that the U. S. Marshal Freeman, who summoned the jury, was the party alleged to be assaulted; he was therefore not an indifferent party in the trial.

Terrible Calamity.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—A large new Glass Factory in progress of erection in New Jersey was blown down during the gale yesterday. Twenty-five persons were buried in the ruins; eight bodies have since been taken out. Others were seriously crushed. Among the killed is the son of Alderman Palmer of this city.

Connecticut Election.

HARTFORD, April 3.—The returns are not all in yet, but the result will be nearly as follows: Ingham 27,000; Minor 25,000; Dutton 9000. The Know Nothings and Whigs have 19 or 20 of the 21 Senators, and probably 180 of 215 Representatives. They have also carried all four of the Congressmen.

The Hog Crop.

CINCINNATI, April 3.—The Price Current publishes a full statement of hogs packed in the West, which shows a falling off in the number of 849,000 head, and in the number of pounds 463,000. The crop is 20 per cent. less than last year, and 2½ per cent. heavier than the previous season.

Heavy Snow Storm.

SYRACUSE, April 3.—The cars left Binghampton at seven yesterday morning, and did not reach here until half past seven this morning. They encountered snow-drifts twelve or fifteen feet deep.

Cleveland, Columbus and Toledo Elections.

CLEVELAND, April 3.—Castle (Know Nothing) was elected Mayor to-day, by about 500 over ex-Governor Wood, Democrat. The Know Nothings have been victorious in Columbus and Toledo.

Great Race—Lexington and Lecompte.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—The race to-day against time, for a purse of $20,000, resulted in the victory of Lexington, who ran four miles in 7 min. 19½ sec.

Page & Bacon's Notes Protested.

NEW YORK, April 3.—We learn that several bills of exchange, drawn by Page & Bacon on parties here, have been returned protested, which confirms a previous report.

Municipal Election.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 3.—The election of Mayor resulted in the choice of Arthur, who is claimed as a Know Nothing, by 130 majority.

The Great Revolution in Medicine!

It is accomplished! The want of centuries is supplied! In MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR OR CORDIAL we have a medicine that destroys disease, without weakening the system; that exhilarates the spirits, without entailing subsequent depression; that cures indigestion in all its forms and consequences, that restores the shattered constitution to vigor, that regulates the bowels and the liver, that cures the constitution itself to recuperate—and that in fact answers the purpose all stimulant, all nervine preparations, all cathartics and all alteratives, without producing any of the unpleasant after effects which flow from the use of ordinary medicines. The Arabian herb which forms the base seems to be the very thing for which herbalists and physicians, chemists and pharmacentists, have searched in all ages, and, until now, searched in vain. *Let the sick rejoice!*

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price, three dollars per bottle; two for five dollars; six for twelve dollars. O. H. RING, Proprietor,

192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canadas and West Indies.

AGENTS:

G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.,
SELLORS & CO., } Pittsburgh.
FLEMING BROS.,

☞ **Another instance of Tape Worm Cured BY THE USE OF Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.**

NEW YORK, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures that had been performed by this celebrated Vermifuge. I received to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged one large tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones. MRS. M. SCOTT, No. 70 Cannon st.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ON THE 1st OF NEXT APRIL, TO

☞ **No. 53 FIFTH STREET.** ☜

H. KLEBER respectfully informs the public, that on the 1st day of April next, he will REMOVE HIS MUSIC AND PIANO WAREROOMS to

No. 53 Fifth street, next door to Masonic Hall,

And a few doors from the Post Office.

The New Establishment will be fitted up in the most elegant manner, and the Pianos kept on the second floor, in a richly furnished and spacious saloon.

A SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF
GRAND PIANOS—FULL GRAND AND SEMI-GRAND,
FULL SERPENTINE PIANOS,
SERPENTINE PIANOS,
LOUIS XIV. STYLE PIANOS;
—AND OF—
ALL OTHER PLAIN STYLES OF PIANOS;
MELODEONS, SERAPHINES, etc., etc.,

Is on the way, and the public are politely invited to call and examine the promises, stock of Goods, etc.

H. KLEBER,

mh14:3m No. 101 Third st., sign of the Golden Harp.

☞ **Mortification,** the instant a plaster is applied (must cease, and vigor is given by DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR'S salvanic effects, and except the parts are decomposed, they will soon be restored to their natural color; but if so, the contagious influence will be neutralized and arrested, for mortification cannot proceed wherever the salve be laid on, and new flesh will certainly be generated.

POISON FROM INSECTS, REPTILES AND PLANTS

Are rendered quite harmless by rubbing in instantly a quantity of DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and after it has swollen, and livid spots are visible. Even then, like the voltaic battery, it will directly attract, dissolve, and metamorphose the poisoning influence. At the sting of bees and mosquitoes, the instant it touches you the pain ends. The bites of rabid animals also are as speedily neutralized. O. V. GLICKENER & CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

For sale by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States. mh22:dawtw

☞ **Neuralgia.**—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Mr. F. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others, who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

☞ See advertisement in another column. (mh16:1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well FITTED in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them GOOD, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest forte*s. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. (de9) E. GRIBBLE

☞ **The Eye.**—For CATARACT, AMAUROSIS, FAIR or NEAR SIGHT, INFLAMMATIONS, or any DISEASE of the EYES, Dr. GREENE'S TREATMENT IS A SOVEREIGN REMEDY. Therefore, let all call upon him and be cured. His whole charge is $5. He can be consulted at the CITY HOTEL, at all hours of the day, FREE OF CHARGE. mh29:tf

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET,

MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.

JAS. D. M'GILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

Also against Loss and Damage by *Fire*, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

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NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 76 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorized Capital, $300,000.

A SECTION LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

In Stock Notes, (negotiable form,) secured by Mort. gages and Judgments.....$100,000
In Bills Receivable, Mortgages and Judgments, Bonds, &c.....106,000
In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items.....47,000
Total.....$253,000

H. CADWELL, President. O. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

REFERENCES.

PITTSBURGH.

Kramer & Rahm, Curling, Robertson & Co.,
N. Holmes & Sons, Wm Bingaley & Co.,
J. A. Hutchison & Co., D. Leech & Co.,
Murphy, Tiernan & Co.

PHILADELPHIA.

Wainright, Huntington & Floyd, M. L. Hollowell & Co.,
C. H. & Geo. Abbott, David S. Brown & Co.,
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Chas. Meyerger & Co., Caleb Cope & Co.,
Hon. Wm. D. Kelley, Drexel & Co., bankers,
Harris, Hale & Co., Scott, Reiter & Co.,
Dull, Milligan & Co.,
J. BANKS KNOX, Agent,
No. 115 Water street, Pittsburgh.

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**—WM BAGALEY, President.

SAMUEL L. MARSHELL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

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Isaac D. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William S. Hays.

John Shipton. dec21

Pearl Steam Mill;

CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY CITY,

(NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.)

FAMILIES will be supplied without various grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR,

By leaving their orders at the Mill or in our boxes at Logan, Wilson & Co., Wood street, or Braun & Reiter, corner Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the two cities

TERMS: CASH on delivery.

jy29 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 103 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secures a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $2.25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits.

J. HUNTER, Secretary. S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH RIGG, JAMES BEAMES, G. N. HOFFSTOT.

Consulting Physician—F. IRWIN, M. D. nov3:tf

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. L. SCHENCK, Second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. KEEN, North-east corner of Diamond, Allegheny city, are the attending Physicians to the above institution, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at their offices, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours, without form ja1:6m

☞ **Franklin Saving Fund and Loan Association,** OFFICE, No. 97 FOURTH STREET. Discount Day—MONDAY. Notes offered on SATURDAY to the Secretary, at the store of John H. Melloy, No. 81 Wood street. Weekly Dues received at the same time and place. [dec18:tm] J. WHITTIER, Secretary.

☞ **To Let.**—THE SECOND STORY OF THE NEW CLUB HOUSE (a Hall suitable for public meetings,) will be let for three or four nights in the week. Enquire of GEORGE FUNSTON,

dec4:3m S. M'Clurkan's, No 86 Wood street.

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meet on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLETER'S, in the Diamond. By order,

jel7 GEO. W. SERSE, Secretary

☞ **I. O. O. F.**—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSB