Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING:.....MARCH 31.

☞ Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at

NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET,
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MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence met at the Six Charles Hotel, on Wednesday, the 28th inst., and unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County are requested to meet at their usual places of holding primary meetings, on Saturday, the 14th day of April, and elect two delegates from each district to meet in County Convention on the following Wednesday, at the Court House, at 11 o'clock A.M., to elect delegates to our next State Convention, and transact such other business as may be deemed necessary and proper. The meetings will be held between the hours of 3 and 6 P.M.

THOMAS FARLEY, *Chairman.*

W. M. FOSTER, *Secretary.*

NOTICE.

The patrons of the *Post* are informed, that Mr. Thomas Phillips is no longer connected with this paper, and not authorized to collect, make contracts, or do any other business for the Daily Morning *Post*, or Weekly *Post*.

SATURDAY MORNING POST.

Our weekly, which is issued this morning, contains full details of the foreign news by the Atlantic; an interesting story; poetry; besides a large amount of other interesting reading matter. Among the editorial is a Brief history of the Origin and Present Condition of the Custom House Organ, which is published by T. J. Keenan & Co., and edited and owned by a numerous corps of office holders and office hunters in this city. Price five cents per copy.

THE CUSTOM HOUSE ORGAN, NO. 4.—A NEW HAND AT THE BELLOWS.

The organ of the plundered treasury tub in our city evidently got a lift from a fresh hand yesterday. It contained an article, of a column or more, about the *Post*, written with more sense and self control than usual. Of course, we don't intend to reply to it at length, but select a few of its main points for as much attention as they need.

We may possibly have been mistaken in our estimate of the pecuniary condition of the Organists. They may have succeeded in securing a larger amount of plunder than we could prove without some difficulty. The *Union* says:

"The *Post* is unfortunate in its statement that the senior has paid more for his half of the establishment than we are worth; because, if it be true, what has become of the Custom House plunder, and other large sums, which it charges us with having grabbed?"

Well, if the organists *did* get the ten thousand dollars, which we have not said, but which some suspect, they may be worth more than we thought. When we give our readers some of the facts connected with that Custom House affair, which we shall do before long, the people can form their own judgment on that subject. It is due to the public that that thing be far more thoroughly investigated than it has been; and such an investigation, we are well assured, will be instituted.

But the organists are particularly unfortunate in introducing the subject of "*endorsements*." "The power of endorsements," as the *Union* calls it, might, in some instances, be far more properly termed the *weakness* of endorsements; and Governor Bigler was, we are informed, guilty of that kind of weakness. We will ask the organists a few questions on that subject.

Did not Governor Bigler endorse their paper to the amount of three thousand dollars, or about that sum, some time before the election? Has he not been compelled to continue his endorsement upon renewals? Is he not yet liable; and with some prospect of loss? "We pause for a reply." Again, was he not endorser for more than one of the organists? The endorsement, as a business matter, is of no consequence to us. But *we* have never had our support of the candidates of our party bought by heavy endorsements. Be it remembered—the Organ first spoke of endorsements.

Now, in looking for the reasons of the extraordinary zeal of the organists for the late Governor's re-election, will these endorsements give any indications as to the *purity* of the motives that stimulated them? Was it not pretty good pay for the *quality* of the service rendered? So zealous and effective was the service, that, in Westmoreland county, where it was exerted to the utmost, Mr. Bigler's vote was reduced from a majority of two thousand in 1851, to *thirty-nine* in 1854!! And the faithful and unrewarded services of others could not prevent a similar result in Allegheny county. But these endorsements were not the only rewards of the organists. Did not one of the Jacks of the organ go to Harrisburg, shortly before Governor Bigler's term of office expired, and get a large batch of Lieutenant Colonel's commissions? Are not both of the Jacks, and some others of the ganists, now men of the sword? We have been told so, and we shall soon have the record proof on the subject, and will then announce the facts as the record exhibits them.

The organists are evidently s"harp." They are determined not to work, even for their friends, for nothing; and they are determined to be paid abundantly for the *quantity* of their work, without regard to its quality, or its disastrous effects. They will take all the offices that can possibly be secured, whether they are worth a cent or not. Like Oliver Twist, they swallow all that is given them, and continually ask for "*more*." If good offices turn up, they resign the worthless ones, and go in for the better. Solomon says "*The horse-leech hath two daughters, crying, Give, Give. There are three things that are never satisfied, yea, four things say not, It is enough*" Had the Custom House Organ existed when Solomon wrote, he would probably have included that Organ in his list of insatiables.

As the principal part of the Organ's article of yesterday was devoted to Gen. Moorhead, we are relieved from the necessity of an extended reply. The General must take care of himself. We are otherwise engaged, and he needs no help, we presume, from any quarter against such a foe.

We were decidedly in favor of running a Democratic candidate for Mayor last winter. But, on returning from a long journey, we found it had been arranged otherwise and had no choice but to support Mr. Volz. Had a Democrat been nominated as usual, and our party adhered to its principles and its organization, all opponents of the Know Nothings would have been compelled to come in to his support. The result would then have been a Democratic, instead of a Whig Mayor. But as, in that case, Alf. might not have been elected City Solicitor, the organ thinks it better as it was. No matter if our principles were thrown away, and our party organization destroyed; so the grab game of the organists is benefitted, the organ is satisfied.

In regard to the city printing we need only say that some of the staunchest Democratic members of the Councils voted for the *Post*. If K. N.'s voted for us, too, we are much obliged to them, and take this opportunity to express our thanks for the favor. One thing, however, is certain. Neither of the proprietors of the *Post* were present in the Council Chamber when that matter was voted upon: while *all* the "organists" were there, begging, as Oliver Twist would have been ashamed to do. But which is worst, that K. N. Councilmen should vote for the *Post*, or that the editors of the *Union* should go to Harrisburg and work hard to secure the election of the caucus nominee of the K. N.'s to the United States Senate? That the *Post* will be driven out of the party by such idiotic falsehoods as have been industriously circulated by the Custom House clique is not at all probable. But the baseness, the treachery, and the folly of the attempt is not palliated by its failure.

THE NEWS.

By Comptroller Flagg's report, we learn that $2,808,02 were paid to Geo. W. Matsell, Chief of the New York police, for killing dogs.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. M'Neil, wife of the late Gen. John M'Neil, and sister of President Pierce, died at her home, in Concord, N. H., on Tuesday last. She was 68 years old.

Marshal Wynkoop arrested in Philadelphia, on Wednesday, twelve men, who were on board a steamer, preparatory to leaving for New York, there to be shipped for the Crimea, via Halifax.

The Boston Advertiser states that the late James Brown left by his will the sum of five thousand pounds for the purchase of books on natural history for the library of Harvard College.

We learn from the Boston Transcript that Miss Anne C. Lynch, poetess, is to be married in a few days to Professor Vincenzo Botta, a relative of the eminent historian of the American revolution.

John H. Phelps, who was in the Albany, (N. Y.,) jail, awaiting execution, for the murder of his wife, after being reprieved several times, has at last had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life in the Penitentiary

Forty frail fair ones were arrested in the streets of New York, on Tuesday night, by order of Mayor Wood. They were sentenced next day, with one exception, to from six months to one year in the penitentiary. The exception was a young girl who, through the earnest pleading of her mother, was permitted to depart, on a promise being given she would be taken to her home in the country. Mayor Wood is determined that the operations of the broom of reform shall extend its operations to the pave.

The Brady's Bend Iron Works have been sold to a Boston Company for $490,000, there being included in the sale several thousand acres of land, containing extensive ore and coal beds, with ore and coal privileges on adjoining lands, four blast furnaces, a large iron and railroad iron rolling mill, about two hundred dwelling houses, warehouses, storehouses, hotel, &c.; a stock of ore, coal, pig metal, merchandize and implements of trade, valued at $80,000, five thousand tons of finished railroad iron, together with Western Railroad Company bonds to the amount of $100,000.

RHODE ISLAND POLITICS.—The Know Nothings of this State have nominated for Governor, Wm. W. Hoppin, Whig, the present incumbent; for Lieutenant Governor, Anderson C. Rose, Democrat; for Secretary of State, John R. Bartlett, Whig; for Attorney General, Charles Hart, Whig; for Treasurer, Samuel R. Barker, Whig; for Congress, (Eastern District,) Nathaniel B. Durfee, Whig; Western District, Benjamin B. Thurston, Democrat, the present member. Mr. Thurston has already received the Democratic nomination. The Whig State Convention met on Wednesday, and nominated for Governor Wm. W. Hoppin, of Providence; Lieutenant Governor, John J. Reynolds, of North Kingston; Secretary of State, W. R. Watson, of Providence; Attorney General, Christopher S. Robinson, of Cumberland; General Treasurer, Samuel B. Vernon, of Newport—all the present incumbents; for Congress in the Eastern District, Nathaniel B. Durfee. No nomination was made for Congress in the Western District.

☞ The Ides of March were fatal to two men, who in political principle were as widely asunder as the poles. We mean Dupont de l'Eure, the staunch French Republican, who was a member of the Provincial government in 1848, and Nicholas Romanoff. M. Dupont had just entered his 89th year, having been born on the 27th of February, 1767. By a singular coincidence, these two champions of the antagonistic principles of republicanism and despotism died on the same day, and almost at the same hour.

KOSSUTH ON ENGLISH REJOICINGS AT THE DEATH OF NICHOLAS.

In a letter from Kossuth, dated London, March 8, to a gentleman in this country, the English get a deserved scoring for their gratulations at the death of the Czar. Here is an extract from it:

You know the great news of Europe. Czar Nicholas is dead. *Le Czar est mort, vive le Czar.* That's the history. He died March 2d; the same evening his death was known at London, announced in Parliament, and—in the theatres. The rich people of London were enjoying the performance of the fashionable *L'etoile du Nord*, and just in the midst of the scene when Czar *Peter the Great* presents himself dead drunk, the manager comes forward and considers it his "agreeable duty to inform the ladies and gentlemen that the death of his Imperial Majesty, Czar Nicholas, has been just officially announced in Parliament." Upon this, tremendous cheering and hurrahing, and clapping hands, and waving handkerchiefs, and singing "God Save the Queen," and "*Partant pour la Syrie*," etc.

A strange sight, forsooth! We, on our side, when after a hot day of battle, bravely conquered and dearly won, we found the gory corpse of a distinguished enemy on the battle field, mounted though our blood had been by the battle's rage, and by the joy of victory, we carried him to the grave with all the honors we could bestow; and our stern warriors, who, a moment before, faced all the horrors of death with a smile of contempt on their heroic brow, marched with eyes downcast in meditation, and with solemn silence, near the bier of the fallen foe. And here we see a community, one of the pretended standard bearers of Christian civilization, carried away to bacchantic gambols and pranks, by joy at the tidings of the death of a man, who, had he but died a year ago, before England was yet drifted to war, would have put the Court of England and all the fashionable circles, in mourning for forty days, in spite of all the misdeeds and crimes of his former career, in spite of the blood of Poland and Hungary crying to high Heavens, "Murder," on his name.

Then, what is the matter with this intemperate ebullition of joy at the death of a despot? Is it an involuntary outburst of anti-despotic aspirations—is it barbarism, unrefined rudeness, or at least indelicacy? No, nothing of them all. The English are an extremely polite people, attached with periwigged punctiliousness, even to the most antiquated crotchets of so called urbanity. The fact on this occasion is simply this. First—The great majority of the English nation, all what there is commercial and aristocratical, is thoroughly tired of the war. They don't care a bit about the issue, about all the questions implied in the contest, or about future complications which could not fail to attend a temporary arrangement. All this has no the slightest importance with them; they want peace, peace, peace, at any price, in whatever form, for whatever time. Secondly—There is no possibility to make them understand the nature of the contest and the meaning of the war. While the history of a thousand years cries out with a thousand tongues, that the policy with which the present war originates on the part of Russia, is by no means of a personal character peculiar to Nicholas, or even of a dynastical character peculiar to the Romanoffs, but is essentially national, historical, hereditary, the English persist with unparalleled blindness, in attributing it to ambition personal to Nicholas. There is a perfect infatuation on the subject. Nicholas being removed, they believe the cause of the war removed, and peace to be sure. Hence the uncontrollable ebullition of their joy at the tidings of his death. They felt as if a nightmare had slipped from their breast, and they could not help shouting cheerfully, amidst their dream, unconscious of the fact that the shout is but a revelation of their weakness and fear. Their awakening will be dreadful I apprehend.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

SIX DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

HALIFAX, March 30.—The steamer Asia arrived last night, with Liverpool dates to the 16th March.

There is nothing new from Sebastopol. Public attention is centred on the Vienna conference, and hopes and fears are equally balanced as to the probabilities of peace.

Austria and Prussia circulars indicate peace, but the manifesto by the Czar Alexander to his army, is interpeted as very warlike

The Vienna conference held their first formal meeting on the 15th inst. Gortschakoff, the Russian ambassador, was not present.

The allies re-opened their fire on Sebastopol with good effect.

There is nothing new from the Danube.

The Roebuck committee is still in session, continuing their inquiry into the conduct of the war.

The Emperor Napoleon's journey to the Crimea is supposed to have been postponed.

The ministerial crisis in Belgium continues.

SPAIN.

An interesting paper from Gen. Concha, respecting the Cuban conspiracies, has been laid before the Cortes, recommending that concessions be made to the Cubans. A vote of approval was unanimously passed by the Cortes.

A new Barbarian loan has been promulgated.

The Congress at Vienna formally met on the 16th; present, one French, two English, two Austrian, and two Turkish representatives. The Russian plenipotentiary was not present. The telegraphic reports say the discussion was on a general basis. The negotiations terminated satisfactorily. Rumors are current that Austria and England will be content with the demolition of Sebastopol.

VIENNA, Friday night.—At the Conferences yesterday, the plenipotentiaries exchanged powers and their proceedings, entered upon the four bases, and the interpretations given them by the Allies having been set forth, the representative of Russia accepted them verbally. One of the plenipotentiaries was hereupon deputed to draw up a minute protocol, which is to be signed to-morrow, Saturday, the first thing, when the ambassadors meet. This document will constitute the basis of negotiations for peace.

PARIS, Friday night.—The mission of Gen. Wedell has completely failed.

Prussia refuses to accede to a treaty with the Allies, and will not, therefore, be admitted to participate in the Conferences.

At Sebastopol, the Allies resumed firing upon the town.

Letters dated March 1st explain the discrepancy between the French and Russian accounts of the storming of the redoubt. On the night of the 23d the French did storm two Russian redoubts, and finding them not tenantable, blew up the redoubts and retired, with a loss of 100 killed and 300 wounded

March 1st.—The following is Menschikoff's despatch:—During the last night we erected a second redoubt in front of that which is on the side of our fortifications; it was impossible for the enemy to prevent us.

There is nothing of importance from Eupatoria.

March 24.—At Balaklava the sickness is decreasing, and the weather is clear and frosty. There are three miles of railway operations.

March 31.—The Russians are fortifying in a formidable manner the valley of Inkermann, and are also erecting mortar batteries at Kamara. They threaten Balaklava, and have sunk more sloops in the harbor of Sebastopol.

March 7.—An official despatch giving information of the death of Nicholas has just arrived. Yesterday we threw rockets upon Kamiesch, and set the town on fire.

Two Russian officers deserted to the English. The large works are proceeding with the greatest activity. (Signed) Brunt.

March 8.—There is nothing important.

The Austrian government has notified France and England that the mission of the Arch Duke William, to St. Petersburgh, was an act of sympathy only.

Austria has addressed a circular to the Germanic Federal Governments informing them that the Austrian Commissioner will present a new proposition towards the effectual mobilization of the Germanic contingents. The circular also insists on the necessity of being prepared for all eventualities.

Prussia has issued a circular to diplomatists and consular agents.

There is reason to believe that the negotiations now pending will end in peace.

Prussia, by a decree, prohibits the exportation of articles contraband of war.

Menschikoff has gone to Moscow. The two Grand Duke are on their way to St. Petersburg from the Crimea, consequently it is not true that the Grand Duke Michael was killed. Ostein Sacken now commands Sebastopol. Luden is at Odessa. Count Scavnoisky is organizing at Schumla a 2d Regiment of Turkish Cossacks, in which Poles have been enrolled.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Committee of Inquiry on the state of the army before Sebastopol has been sitting ten days, and the session continues.

The London *Times* says. "We find after having examined the evidence, that it confirms the worst reports of mismanagement."

The patriotic fund exceeds £1,000,000.

The ship Great Republic has arrived at London. There is no dock large enough to admit her.

The steamer Great Britain sailed from Cork on the 13th with 1750 men for the Crimea. An encampment is preparing for the Foreign Legion near Folkestown.

Since the death of Nicholas the general aspect of monetary and commercial affairs have undergone a favorable change, and hopes of a cessation of hostilities are most general. Gold is increasing; the discount was lowered to 4½ on 1st class short bills.

Melbourne dates to Jan. 9th represent all as again quiet. Several failures had occurred.

FRANCE.

The Emperor's visit to the Crimea continues doubtful. The warlike preparations are as active as ever. Orders have been given to prepare to transport from Toulon 50,000 men and 8000 horses.

Gen. Wedel, the Prussian envoy, has returned to Paris.

Meneterr officially contradicts the calumny against Gen. Forri, that he was in correspondence with the enemy. Forri is, however, recalled.

BELGIUM.

The ministerial crisis continues. Thenix is charged with the formation of a cabinet.

SPAIN.

The Madrid correspondence gives a detail of the recent conspiracy in Cuba, and says that the Government received confidential communications from Concha that the condition of Cuba inspires him with considerable uneasiness. He recommends that concessions be made to the colony, and that a Cuban deputy be sent to the Spanish Cortes. He begs the Government not to emancipate the slaves, which he says would be a fatal measure, and cause Cuba to seek admission into the United States. The Cubans cannot be pacified by concession. He says that 20,000 troop could not retain Cuba to Spain.

March 8th.—The Government announced in Cortes that tranquility was restored in Cuba, and that the Government would do the utmost to prevent further difficulty. A vote of satisfaction was unanimously agreed to by the Chambers.

GERMANY.

A new Bararian loan of six and a half million of thalers, at 4½ per cent., has been announced.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—Cotton: The prices are considerably lower; buyers demand a reduction of 1-16 to 1-18. The sales of the week, including to spinners, were 47,000 bales; to speculators 3,000, and to exporters 11,000. Orleans fair, 5¾; middling, 5 1-16@5¼; Uplands fair, 5¾; middling, 5¼. Rice steady and unchanged.

Money Market easier. Consols for money are quoted at 93½.

LIVERPOOL, March 16.—Brown, Shipley & Co. report a slight advance in breadstuffs. Wheat has advanced 2a3 Flour and Corn 1s., but buyers w redemanding a reduction; old Western Canal Flour 41s.@42s. Philadelphia and Baltimore 40s.@40s. 6d.; Ohio nominal at 44s. White Wheat 11s. 7d. @12s. 6d.; red 10s. 6d @11s 6d. White Corn 42s. 6d.@43s.; yellow 42s.@42s 6d.; mixed 41s. 6d @42s.

Richardson, Spence & Co. quote inferior Beef as closing dull, while holders of good brands are demanding an advance. Mess Beef 100½@103½. Pork in limited demand at 77½@80s. Bacon in better demand at 1@2s. decline. Lard has declined; sales of 100 bbls at 47s.

Slave Case in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 29.—The slave of Mr. Denniston was brought before the United States Commissioner this morning, and the case argued. The decision was reserved until next Tuesday. The excitement is intense.

Death of a United States Senator.

BALTIMORE, March 29.—Hon. Wm. S. Archer, U. S. Senator, died at Amelia county, Va., on Wednesday.

From Cuba—Execution of Don Pintos—Great Excitement.

BALTIMORE, March 30.—The Southern mail has arrived.

The Isabella arrived at Charleston; she brings Havana dates to Sunday.

Much excitement prevails at Havana. Don Ramon Pinto was executed on the 22d instant. To such a pitch has the feeling on the subject reached, that the Captain General had not been seen in public since that event. The body, instead of being exposed the usual time, some twelve hours, was removed within three hours, the indignation evinced by the populace rendering the measure peremptorily necessary.

This state of affairs was brought about in consequence of the vindictive conduct of the Captain General. Some informality having taken place on the trial, the Minister of War was requested to countersign the death warrant, on the ground that the evidence convicting Pinto had emanated from one who had served two apprenticeships at the chain-gang. The Captain General thereupon convened a council of four, and after due deliberation, two declared themselves in favor of death and two of acquittal. The casting voice was thus left with the Captain General, who condemned his former Secretary and friend to the garote. Hence the indignation.

The trial of Estrampes and Felix was to have taken place early this week. The U. S. Consul, Col. W. Robertson, had protested most energetically against their trial, and insisted on their liberation; the result of the application was not known when the Isabella sailed.

The French vessel Aggripa was at Havana; she had rescued the crew of the American brig Catharine Marp, bound from New York to the Indies, and abandoned at sea in a sinking condition at Key West.

The barque Magnolia arrived on the 22d in charge of wreckers, having been ashore on Loo Key the previous day.

Rosetta Armstead Declared Free.

CINCINNATI, March 29.—A colored girl, sometime since brought to this State from Kentucky by an agent of her master, was declared free by a State Court at Columbus, and a guardian appointed for her. The girl was since arrested under the Fugitive Slave Law, and to-day brought before Judge Parker, of this city, who decided that when even a slave, by the consent of the owner, set foot on this soil, he became, in all respects, free, and he therefore declared the girl free.

¶ An attempt was made by the U. S. Marshal to arrest her, which caused much excitement, and a mob was apprehended; but she was finally conveyed to the Woodruff House, where she now is.

Destruction by Fire of a Penitentiary.

NASHVILLE, March 29.—The State Penitentiary is in ruins. At three o'clock, this morning, a fire broke out, originating in the cabinet department of the Penitentiary. The flames spread with great rapidity, and in a short time that entire portion of the building set aside for various branches of trade, was a burning mass. The east wing of the main building caught, and was so damaged as to render it useless. The cells were all thrown open, and the prisoners conveyed to an enclosure inside of the walls. A convict named Conner was smothered to death. Not a single convict escaped from prison. All the tools in the different shops, with all the work, were destroyed. Loss estimated at $100,000.

Vacation of the Canal.

A Committee of the House to-day reported favorably upon the bill relinquishing the right of the Commonwealth to part of the Canal in Pittsburgh, to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company

Explosion of Gas.

NEW YORK, March 29.—An explosion of gas occurred this afternoon in the cellar of Robin & Co., Wall street, injuring Mr. Perry, and demolishing the front of the basement story.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, March 30.—The Senate and House have agreed to adjourn until Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock.

Large Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, March 30.—The straw-goods manufactory of Follet C. Rand, at Wrentham was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $26,000.

From Harrisburg.

HARRISBURGH, March 30.—The Bank of Strasburg has been vetoed. The Mechanic's Bank of Pittsburgh has been signed.

Prohibitory Liquor Law.

TRENTON, N. J., March 30.—The Senate yesterday postponed the Prohibitory Liquor Law until next session.

Death of an Eminent Lawyer.

SYRACUSE, March 30.—John Ranger, an eminent lawyer and politician, died yesterday morning aged 63 years.

☞ Another Instance of Tape Worm Cured BY THE USE OF Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures that had been performed by this celebrated Vermifuge. I resolved to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged one large tapeworm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones. MRS. M. SCOTT, No. 70 Cannon st.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co,
60 Wood street.

mh30:4w

☞ Hurd's Hair Restorer.—This preparation seems to be efficacious for the restoration of the hair upon bald heads. We have seen the testimony of persons well known to us, who have used the compound successfully, thereby corroborating the opinion of its restorative energy. We know of nothing more desirable in the way of personal comeliness and comfort than a good head of hair, and any process by which this crowning ornament of the outer man can be preserved, or recovered when lost, without, in the latter case, a resort to Wigs, Toupees and Scratches, deserves to be hailed and embraced with gratitude by all of either sex, who are unlucky enough to need its benefit.

We took occasion the other day to notice this valuable compound in the above terms, and now republish what was then said, to show again our favorable opinion of it.

The foregoing is taken from the Petersburg (Virginia) *Intelligencer*, and refers to an article which has for a time been advertised in our columns. We must confess that we have been somewhat sceptical as to the remarkable effects attributed to this famous "Hair Restorer." But our incredulity has been greatly shaken within a day or two by seeing a couple of certificates of well-known and perfectly credible citizens of the neighboring town of Preston—one of them the Captain of a New London whaling ship—to the effect that, in each of these cases, a two or three months' use of the "Restorer" had actually brought out a new and vigorous growth of hair upon the head where it was before bald—the baldness being, in one case, of more than twenty years standing. We do not suppose it by any means certain that, because the application has been thus successful in one case, or two, or a dozen, it is therefore certain to prove equally successful in all. But with such *head-strong* evidence as the foregoing, very few bald heads, we suspect, would willingly forego a fair trial of the "Restorer." All such "old heads" are informed that the article can be had at Messrs. Lee & Osgood's—*Norwich Evening Courier.*

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar. mh29

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ON THE 1ST OF NEXT APRIL, TO

☞ No. 53 FIFTH STREET. ☜

H. KLEBER respectfully informs the public, that on the 1st day of April next, he will REMOVE HIS MUSIC AND PIANO WAREROOMS to

No. 53 Fifth street, next door to Masonic Hall,

And a few doors from the Post Office:

The New Establishment will be fitted up in the most elegant manner, and the Piano kept on the second floor, in a richly furnished and spacious saloon.

A SPENDID NEW STOCK OF

GRAND PIANOS—FULL GRAND AND SEMI-GRAND,
FULL SERPENTINE PIANOS,
SERPENTINE PIANOS,
LOUIS XIV. STYLE PIANOS;
—AND OF—
ALL OTHER PLAIN STYLES OF PIANOS;
MELODEONS, SERAPHINES, etc., etc.,

Is on the way, and the public are politely invited to call and examine the premises, stock of Goods, etc.

H. KLEBER,

mh14:1m]. No. 101 Third st., sign of the Golden Harp.

☞ Neuralgia.—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Mr. F. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., and one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others, who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

*** See advertisement in another column. [mh15:1m

☞ Balm of Thousand Flowers, for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all TAN, PIMPLES and FRECKLES from the face. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street. Jan30

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ The Eye.—For CATARACT, AMAUROSIS, FAR or NEAR SIGHT, INFLAMMATIONS, or any DISEASE of the EYES, Dr. GREENE'S TREATMENT IS A SOVEREIGN REMEDY. Therefore, let all call upon him and be cured. His whole charge is $5. He can be consulted at the CITY HOTEL, at all hours of the day, FREE OF CHARGE. mh22:tf

PITTSBURGH
Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;
OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET.
MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.
JAS. D. M'GILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

Robert Galway,	Alexander Bradley,
James S. Hoon,	John Fulleston,
John M'Alpin,	Samuel M'Clurkan,
William Phillips,	James W. Hailman,
John Scott,	Chas. Arbuthnot,
Joseph F. Gazzam, M. D.,	David Richey,
James Marshal,	John M'Gill,

Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning. feb17

NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE, NO. 76 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
Authorized Capital, $300,000.

ASSETS LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

In Stock Notes, (negotiable form,) secured by Mortgages and Judgments	$100,000
In Bills Receivable, Mortgages and Judgments, Bonds,	106,000
In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items	47,000
Total	$253,000

H. CADWELL, President. O. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

REFERENCES.

PITTSBURGH.	
Kramer & Rahm,	Gurling, Robertson & Co.,
N. Holmes & Sons,	Wm Bagaley & Co.,
J. A. Hutchison & Co.,	D. Leech & Co.,
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PHILADELPHIA.	
Wainright, Huntington & Floyd,	M. L. Hollowell & Co.,
	David S. Brown & Co,
G. H. & Geo. Abbott,	Wood & Oliver,
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Chas. Megargee & Co.,	Drexel & Co., Bankers,
Hon. Wm. D. Kelley,	Scott, Baker & Co.,
Harris, Hale & Co.,	Deal, Milligan & Co.

J. BANKS KNOX, Agent,
No. 115 Water street, Pittsburgh.

dec12:1y

☞ CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.—WM BAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL L. MARSHELL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	Richard Floyd,
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Robert Dunlap, Jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Hartshorn,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William H. Hays.
John Shipton.	

dec21

Pearl Steam Mill;

CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY CITY,
(NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.)

FAMILIES will be supplied with our various grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR, by leaving their orders at the Mill or in our boxes at Logan, Wilson & Co., Wood street, or Braun & Reiter, corner Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Saunier, Bridgeirl, Allegheny.

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the two cities.

TERMS: CASH on delivery.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

jy29

RICHARD C. BOCKING,
MANUFACTURER OF
Gilt, Silver, Brass, Bronze, Looking-Glass, PORTRAIT AND PICTURE FRAMES,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTED—No 21 St Clair street.

All kinds of Composition Ornaments, for Steamboats, &c. All kinds of Gild ng and Re gilding, to order. Gilt Moulding for Frames, Wholesale and retail Varnish for Oil Paintings Engravings and Lithographs, for sale.

☞ Impaired or defaced Oil Paintings restored in the best manner.

All Frames and Mouldings manufactured in this establishment may be cleaned without injury, with soap and water.

Call and see. No. 21 St. Clair st., Pittsburgh. jmh26:tf

☞ INWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.—OFFICE, No. 108 THIRD ST KEET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, its member of the Association secures a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $4.25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits.

S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

T. J. HUNTER, Secretary.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH RYOT, JAMES KEARER, G. N. HOFFSTOT.

Consulting Physician—P. IRWIN, M. D. nov20:tf

☞ Western Pennsylvania Hospital.—Drs. L. SCHENCK, Second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. KERR, Northeast corner of Diamond, Allegheny city, are the attending Physicians to the above Institution, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at their offices, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours without form. feb18:

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing, and Fitting Generally,

FOR WARMING AND VENTILATION OF BUILDINGS.

☞ A. & W. will contract for warming and ventilating by steam or hot water pipes, or Chilson's Furnace; Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market street, Pittsburgh. Jan25

☞ Franklin Saving Fund and Loan Association, OFFICE, No. 97 FRONT STREET. Discount Day—MONDAY. Notes offered on SATURDAY to the Secretary, at the store of John H. Mellor, No. 81 Wood street. Weekly Dues received at the same time and place. J. WHITZER, Secretary. [dec12m]

☞ To Let.—THE SECOND STORY OF THE NEW TUBE ENGINE HOUSE (a Hall suitable for public meetings,) will be let for three or four nights in the week. Enquire of GEORGE FUNSTON.

d-o-3m at S. M'Clurkan's, No. 96 Wood street.

☞ Notice.—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meet on the 2nd WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHUCHLEITER'S, in the Diamond. By order,

GEO W SEISS, Secretary. jel:y

☞ I. O. O. F.—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 526—Hereafter Tuesday evening.

MONONGAHELA ENCAMPMENT, No. 57—Meets first and third Friday of each month. [mar29:1y

☞ ATTENTION! S. L. G.—You are hereby notified to attend at your Armory, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and to transact such business as may come before the Company. P. KANE,

mar29:6md Secretary pro tem

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ Rev. H. W. Jacobus, D. D., will PREACH A SERMON before the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, on NEXT SABBATH EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in Dr. SWIFT'S CHURCH, ALLEGHENY. Young men of the two cities are respectfully invited to attend.

S. S. BEVAN,
WM. FARR,
WM. A. M'CLURG } Lecture Com.

mh31:1t

NEW COLLEGE HALL.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, corner Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh.

MILLER & BRO., in presenting their acknowledgments to the public, have the honor to announce that they have fitted up in the most elegant and costly style, unsurpassed in this country, the new COLLEGE HALL, which covers an area of nearly four thousand square feet, making it atonce the most magnificent establishment of the kind in the Western country. The Hall is richly furnished, and contains a capacious Library, containing every accessible work on Accounts, Commercial Law, &c., to which the Students have free access.

This commodious Institution is now in the full tide of *Intelligence*, and refers to no article which has for a time been advertised in our columns. We must confess that we have been somewhat sceptical as to the remarkable effects attributed to this famous "Hair Restorer." But our incredulity has been greatly shaken within a day or two by seeing a couple of certificates of well-known and perfectly credible citizens