aking the initiative of the revolution into their hands, the very second decree of the Republican Government would have been declaring, "that the United States of the Iberian Republic, bound faithfully to adhere to the principles of liberty, equality and fraternity, cannot claim the right of keeping without its free consent, a country in a colonial condition. A country, which from its distance as well as from the extent of its territory, and the number of its inhabitants, possesses the element of constituting an independent State. Therefore, they call on the Cubans to decide, and to declare whether they choose to maintain their colonial relation to Spain; prefer to constitute an independent State." Well, the Cubans would have probably chosen to be independent, and then would have, of course, at once applied for annexation to Washington.

A republican government in Spain could not have acted otherwise. Could the United States hold a colony? Certainly not. No republic can.

And besides, those whom it did concern in America have got a formal and timely notice of this contemplated issue. *That is a matter of fact.*

Well, there you had Cuba within the reach of your hand. I do not say that the liberal party all over the world would have approved of this accession to the slaveholding interest in the United States. I simply record facts as they are; and I feel perfectly sure that not even the Imperial Royal Cabinet could have devised any pretext for opposition to Spain setting her Colony spontaneously free.

Well, the American Government and the American people disregarded the hint, and neglected the opportunity. Instead of a broad, comprehensive policy, the idea of buying Cuba has been entertained—if we have to credit reports. I don't know whether the report be well founded, but what I *know* is, that the buying of Cuba from Spain is an idea so supremely absurd, that I wonder how it could nestle for a single moment in the brains of any man having the slightest knowledge of the character of the Spanish nation. Napoleon could sell Louisiana without disgrace to himself. Spain is not powerful enough to do the like. Only talk to Spaniards about selling Cuba, and you will see what lightning of indignation will flash from the eyes of every party, of every man—I am perfectly sure that not even Madame Rinnzares, of profligate reputation, would have dared to entertain such an idea—the moment it would have become known, her palace would have been stormed, and her own limbs scattered in the streets of Madrid.

If the American Government did not entertain the idea of buying Cuba, the fact should be contradicted officially, because it is generally credited, and did not fail to create a strong indignation against the United States—the impression being that the virtuous republic thought to speculate in the corrupt practices of an immoral Court, and of venal favorites.

Remains the third alternative—War: and really the word Cuba, on American lips, will henceforth mean war. Should you even dare this, it will not help you to get Cuba, except you abolish slavery previously in your own country, (Heaven grant you do it, and get peacably rid of that Damocles sword hanging over the Union,)—it would not help you to get Cuba, because at the slightest indication of a war, or a serious commotion in Cuba, Spain would instantly declare slavery abolished in Cuba, and Cuba would then not consent to be annexed to the slaveholding Union, and the United States would be neither willing, nor could dare to keep Cuba without her consent. Besides, such a war with Spain would be, at the same time, war with free Cuba, with England, with France, and some accessories more such as Hayti, Domingo, Mexico, &c. "Let them come on," will the pride of America say—oh, I know that word, and you well say so, in defiance of any attack on yourself. But the case is widely different when you attack, and those I mentioned unite to defend. And besides, when I think how, carried too far in the just indignation against the abuses connected with immigration, you are designedly alienating your new come population, (I say new comers, and not "foreigners," by purpose, because all of you *are* foreigners; none except the red man is American—and as all the rest it is but a question of how many years,)—with your almost forcing your new-come population to secret sectional organizations—with your disarming your adopted brethren—with your commerce exposed on all the seas—with your internal contentions—and last, not least, with your millions of slaves, I feel perfectly sure America will not challenge such a war. It would be attended by a civil war—and I would not stake much on the indissolubility of the Union.

Some may perhaps imagine that the war might be played over to Europe in such an emergency, and that there you might rely on the co operation of the oppressed. But I am bound to state that, having utterly disappointed the expectations of the European nations in the present great crisis, by an indolence on the part of your Government unprecedented in all history, America, while of course hated by every King and Emperor, has very nearly forfeited the confidence of nations. Many a thing has to change before you may re establish that confidence again; and of one thing I beg you to rest assured, viz: you never will find anybody here ready to make a mere cat's paw for American particular interests, in any emergency. Europe has ceased to hope anything from America. It is not our fault. It is yours. And, believe me, it is for good to forfeit the sympathies of the world. Of this you have a striking evidence in England's position just now. No State can ever say, I am enough to myself, come what may. Strange complications may occur and strange events may come to pass. I was not a wanton word I spoke at St. Martin's Hall, November 29th, about "forfeiting the claim to a share in the mutual guarantee." Yours, &c. KOSSUTH.

A California Mummy.

The mystery among the savans of the world—by what process of art and skill in science, the mummies found in the pyramids of Egypt have been preserved, and which modern skill exhausted all its resources in fruitless efforts to analyze—is known on the shores of the Pacific, among the wandering races of the Chinocks and the Flatheads. These rude savages understand and practice this art with as much success as attended the efforts of the ancient Egyptians. A letter says—

"At the famous depository for the farmers of California, on Montgomery street, are two specimens which are well calculated to arouse the attention of the reflecting, and to show how intimate, after all, are the relations of the past and future. The former of these is a Flathead mummy, found in his canoe on the shores of Puget Sound, in a perfect state of preservation. Those who have seen the Egyptian mummy would be utterly astonished at the exact similitude, save the conformation of the subject. The forehead of the skull has been evidently depressed by outward mechanical appliances, but in all else it is the mummy of the pyramids, in a perfect state of preservation. The balls are still round under the lid; the teeth, the muscles and tendons perfect, the veins injected with some preserving liquid, the bowels, stomach and liver dried up, but not decayed, all perfectly preserved. The very blanket that entwines him, made of some threads of bark, and saturated with a pitchy substance, is entire. The inner canoe in which he was found had entirely decayed, and the outer one was nearly gone, yet the body is evidently just as it was prepared by the embalmer; and although exposed now to the open air, it shows no signs of decomposition. It would seem as if prepared for all coming time. Where these wanderers of the desert learned this art, is a query, over which the wise may ponder; and those who are skilled in such things will find food for thought in this strange specimen picked up near the disputed boundary on the western frontier."

Trouble Among the Saints.

Dissensions have broken out among the Latter Day Saints on the polygamy question. One party, headed by William Smith, a brother of the Prophet, and President of the Mormons in Illinois, pronounces it "a damnable heresy." Hear him:

"The public should know that Brighamism is an ism of doctrine of modern invention, and consequently only known or recognized by the true Mormon as a damnable heresy; its authors as false apostles, deceitful workers of iniquity, who shall perish in their own corruptions, as the gospel of Christ hath declared. The system of polygamy got up by Young, and other evils which grow out of it, are a libel and a slander upon the character of the prophet, whose bones now lie mouldering in the martyr's grave; and were Joseph Smith to come forth from his lowly bed, and view the condition of things in the Salt Lake country, he would spurn from his presence Brigham Young, and denounce his loathsome and damnable doctrines. True believers in Mormonism should know, and the whole world should know, that the Brigham Young is a usurper, and an apostate from the church—having no justification for his nefarious schemes or acts in any Mormon rule found in the Mormon books of our primitive faith."

Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....MARCH 22.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly Post, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at

NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET,
BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

☞ **The Democratic Committee of Correspondence** for Allegheny County are requested to meet at the St. CHARLES HOTEL, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., at 11 o'clock.

R. B. GUTHRIE, Ch'n.

The following gentlemen compose the Committee:

John Cunningham,	D. R. Williams,
Wm. Wilson,	A. Holstein,
L. B. Patterson,	Thos. J. Keenan,
Thos. B. Hamilton,	J. Herdman,
Henry Ingram,	James A. Irwin,
Barney Ford,	G. F. Gillmore,
Wm. M. Power,	John M. Irvin,
Thos. Farley,	Alex. Black,
Edmund Snowden,	John Mellon,
Dr. A. H. Gross,	Chas. Barnett,
F. H. Collier,	Francis Felix,
Jacob M'Collister.	

mh19

☞ Subscribers who intend to remove on the first of April should leave notice at the counting-room of this office, early: that their papers may be left regularly.

THE NEWS.

James D. Taylor, editor of the Cincinnati Times, has been nominated for Mayor by the Know Nothings of that city.

Capt. James Taylor is about organizing a splendid circus in Pittsburgh. He is in Cincinnati, procuring the necessary paraphernalia, outfit, &c. So says the Commercial of that city.

The Catholic Bishop of Dubuque has written a letter, addressed to the clergy of his diocese, urging them to favor the passage of a prohibitory law in Iowa.

On Saturday a freight train passed over the Suspension Bridge, Niagara, weighing three hundred tons, and extending from tower to tower, settling it less than three inches.

By reference to the telegraphic proceedings at Harrisburg, it will be seen we are about to be visited by a cloud of Banks. Eleven charters have passed the House. If Governor Pollock carries out the spirit of his inaugural a number of vetoes are in prospect.

Mr. Magraw, the contractor for carrying the mails from Independence to Santa Fe, has been sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars for the assault on Mr. Hope, the editor of the *Evening Star*, Washington City. Mr. Magraw is a brother of Henry S. Magraw, formerly of this city.

A resolution having been passed by the New York Board of Aldermen calling on the Chief of Police to return the nationalities of the police force, the result is that of 1149 members, 718 are Americans. Of those born abroad 305 are from Ireland. An Alderman offered a resolution calling for the nationalities of the Board of Aldermen; also how many of them had been in prison, but this was voted down!

Two slaves who were passing through Cincinnati with their master a few days since, were taken by the abolitionists before the Supreme Court, on a writ of Habeas Corpus, and their liberty demanded. Ex-Senator Chase, and other "friends of humanity," made eloquent speeches in their behalf. After the trial had lasted two days the negroes put an end to the farce by demanding that they be allowed to proceed back with their masters unmolested, to "old Virginny." The Court granted the request.

It is rumored in Washington that orders go out to Havana for the naval forces there to seek reparation for the *El Dorado* outrage. The steamer Princeton, with ten heavy guns, is already there; the steamer Fulton, with five guns; the frigate Columbia, with fifty guns; and the sloop Falmouth, with twenty guns, are either there now or will be very soon. They are all under command of Commodore Newton. There is an additional force of fifty-four guns at Norfolk ready, if wanted, at short notice.

At the last meeting of the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist church, at Baltimore, a resolution approving and recommending campmeetings was passed, and one deploring the scarcity of young men for the ministry, and recommending preaching and prayer, during the ensuing year, with the special object of amending the evil. Another resolution declaring dancing to be "contrary to the spirit and tendency of God's word, and subversive of true piety," was referred to a special committee.

KOSSUTH'S FOLLY.

We publish to-day a long letter from Kossuth, in which he again applies himself to the task of instructing the American people and government in regard to their public duties. The letter is a curiosity, and will be read with interest. The great Magyar evidently entertains the hope that he will yet persuade the people of this country to take an active part in the politics and the wars of Europe. He tells us that we have lost much by not doing so before. He says that we have lost the only chance that has lately offered for acquiring Cuba. That chance was during the late revolution in Spain. This country he says should have taken part with the revolutionists, and furnished material aid to the republican elements that he assures us are in existence in Spain. The tenor of the poet politician's argument can be summed up in a few words: Spain will not sell Cuba. We can never wrest it from her by conquest, if we would. The only means of making the acquisition are to assist the republican party in Spain to throw off their monarchical government, and establish and maintain a republican form of government like our own. Then persuade the Spanish republic that it cannot hold a *colony*, and, therefore, must transfer Cuba to the United States. That is the whole substance of the letter; and a more absurd piece of sophistry and folly we have seldom seen.

In the first place it would be difficult to find any considerable number of sound republicans in Spain. The few that could be found would need an American army of at least a hundred thousand men to enable them to succeed in overturning the monarchy. And even with that help how long could a republican government be maintained, with England, France, and all monarchical Europe banded together to crush it out! For our government to attempt to force republicanism upon Europe by such means is the wildest vagary the dreaming Hungarian has given birth to yet. It would be impossible in itself. Strong as this country may be, it has not the power to accomplish such a task, nor the folly to attempt it. But even with a republican government established in Spain, Kossuth fails to show how Cuba would be then obtained. The same national pride would still forbid a sale. Republicans though they were, they would be Spaniards still; and would still hold on to the "Queen of the Antilles."

But absurd as the argument of the letter is, it contains some facts and developements of interest; and is written in the novel and eloquent style for which the writer is distinguished. He "travels into" the Know Nothings of this country in dashing style. He says they have destroyed all the sympathy and good will so long felt by the masses of the people of Europe in behalf of our government. Henceforth America will be no land of promise to them, and our exclusiveness, he thinks, will be as disgusting to them as that of the Chinese to the rest of the world. He says we are all foreigners; and that the only right one man has in this country over another is to be measured by the number of years since he landed on our shores. We hope the Know Nothings will read Kossuth's letter, and repent immediately.

The letter is well worth a perusal.

A Valuable Invention.

We have lately been shown an invention, already patented, that must certainly prove of great value to cabinet-makers, and the manufacturers of all kinds of fine wood work. It is "*Hopper's Patent Bench Plane*," for planing veneers, &c. We saw it in use in Ryan's building, in this city, and it was clearly demonstrated that with this plane one man can do more work in planing veneers in a single day than by the old method of *scraping* and smoothing veneers in five days; and it makes better work besides. The old method of scraping veneers is very hard upon the hands and muscles of the workman; while with this plane that kind of work can be done as easy as any other in the manufacture of furniture. If four days out of five can be saved by this invention its value as a labor-saving machine can be readily estimated. The price of the plane would be saved in two or three days. Cabinet-makers who use this plane on veneers and other fine work will be able to turn out work much cheaper than those who adhere to the old method. This fact is sufficient to introduce "Hopper's Plane" into general use; and that it is a fact none will doubt who examine the plane, and give it a trial.

One peculiarity of this invention secures it against being superseded by any improvement. It is so simple in form and cheap in construction as to defy improvement; and so obviously and greatly labor-saving and economical as to insure its universal use when seen and tried. We consider it a valuable invention: and would recommend to all engaged in such business as requires its use to examine it, and they will be satisfied that we have not ever estimated its value. It is not designed for use on veneers alone, but upon all kinds of fine wood work, where a smooth surface and high polish are desired; so that carpenters, and all workers in wood are interested to examine it.

See Mr. Hopper's advertisement, in another column.

Great Hail Storm.

The hail storm of Friday last, was the most destructive that ever visited Louisville. The stones fell perpendicularly, passed through the chimnies, and, bringing with them the accumulated soot of the whole winter, rolled on the floors. The storm had burst upon the city without warning, and its dreadful fury astonished and appalled every one. Many ladies fainted, as the hail came dashing unannounced into their parlors, bringing with it clouds of soot and smoke. Magnificent carpets and curtains, and elegantly covered furniture, were in an instant invested with "a suit of sables," and in many cases their beauty was forever destroyed. Perhaps the most serious damage which occurred was done to the gardens in the neighborhood of the city. Immense numbers of green houses and forcing beds were utterly destroyed. It was not circumscribed in its limits, having extended from seventy-five to one hundred and fifty miles down the river, where hail fell, according to a traveler who saw it, not only thick and fast, but as large and much heavier than "hen's eggs."

EXPLANATION—In view of the money panic and the failures in San Francisco, it is proper that the public should know that the Adams Express Company, of the Atlantic States, and the Freight and Package Express of Adams & Co., from New York to San Francisco, are in no way connected with the Banking House of Adams & Co., in San Francisco, whose failure is reported. They merely act as their agents in the Atlantic States. We can further state in connection with the above, that in all the western cities the Adams Express Company, were not even the agents of Adams & Co., San Francisco. Their drafts for more than a year past have been made on Banks or Brokers in Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, &c.

A LUCKY MAN.—The Supreme Court has appointed A. B. M'Calmont, Esq., Prothonotary of that Court for this District. Alfred is now City Solicitor, Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, and Slave Commissioner for the Western District of Pennsylvania. We understand he is an applicant for appointment as Commissioner to take testimony for the Court of Claims.

Mr. M'Calmont has ability enough to discharge the duties of all these offices, and we presume he will give satisfaction.

"Uncle Sam is rich enough to give us all a farm," or an office. Perhaps our turn will come yet. We shall see.

☞ The editor of a certain paper published in this city is very anxious to have the *Post* abuse him. We will agree to do so if he will pay us full advertising rates for it. But up to this time not a word has appeared in our editorial columns in relation to him or his paper. This is the first, and probably the last, unless we are paid for it as an advertisement. Come on with your dimes, Mr. B, and we will give you a few lines.

Another Steamer Due.

The Collins steamer Atlantic, which sailed from Liverpool on Saturday the 10th inst., is now due at New York. She is expected to settle the important questions: Is the Crar dead? Is it true that putty has risen, &c., &c.

☞ The Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church which we mentioned some days ago was in session at Baltimore, has just adjourned. The following report of the Agent of the New York Book concern was read on Friday:

The assets of real estate, including machinery, amounted to about $139,490 38; merchandise and material, $367,716 72; debts, notes, book accounts, $233,116 41; other property, $2673, making a total of $761,996 51. The liabilities are, in bills payable, including notes and accounts, $69,535 76; bonds held by the Methodist E. Church South, $121 000; interest on the same, $8470; profits $54 844 75; capital, $508,146; making a total of $761,976 51.

The report of the Book Committee in New York was submitted by the same gentleman. According to the agent's report, $392,252 was the sum realized from the sale of books and periodicals for the past year, being an increase over the previous year of $48,000. In consequence of the amount due to the Church South, it was deemed inexpedient by the committees to recommend any dividends to conference at present. Thirty thousand copies of the Christian Advocate and Journal were circulated, being the same as last year.

The report states that the quarterly conference did not sustain itself, while 17,000 copies of the National Magazine was regularly circulated, being an increase over the preceding year; nevertheless it did not sustain itself. The department of the Sunday School, was enjoying an unusual degree of prosperity, and had published about 1000 volumes. Ninety thousand copies were regularly circulated of the Sunday School Advocate. The tract department was fast growing into magnitude and importance, and promises to become a powerful auxiliary to the church in the spreading of evangelical doctrines and acceptable literature. The conclusion of the report is, that, in the judgment of the committee, the Book Concern, as conducted, is eminently deserving the strong confidence of the church.

TO LET.—Never have we seen at this season so many bills of houses "to let" and "for sale." Landlords abound, but tenants are scarce. We who hired a month ago, and to our mortification, that our landlord rents the house next us for $50 less than he took from us for its counterpart, and will probably, a month hence, take $50 still less for its twin on the same block. Waiting is not a bad trick for tenants yet.—*N. Y. Times.*

The richest denomination, we see by the census tables, is the Methodist, which is set down at $14,636,671. The next is the Presbyterian, which is rated at $14,369,889. The Episcopal, which in number of churches stands fifth, ranks third for its church property, being estimated at $11,261,970. The fourth is the Baptist, $10,731,381; the fifth, the Roman Catholics, $8 973,888; the sixth, the Congregational, $7,973,962

A fire occurred at Waverley, N. Y., on the 18th which destroyed fourteen buildings.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, March 21.—The House to-day passed Conemaugh county by 45 to 27, after amending so as to require the citizens to build public buildings at their own expense, and leaving the question of the new county to the vote of the people of the proposed county.

The House yesterday passed bills incorporating eleven new banks, four of which had already passed the Senate. Among them was the Western Bank of Pennsylvania, Cononsburg Bank, Conemaugh Bank, Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh, New Castle Bank and Mercer County Bank.

Mexican News.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—New Orleans papers of Tuesday are received, with Galveston dates to the 11th. Capt. Henry, Texas Ranger, had offered the service of himself and company to the Mexican Governor at Chihuahua, to fight the Indians.

The Mexican Boundary Commissioners had left Guaymos for Colorado. Indian Point has been agreed upon, and the commission is proceeding with great unanimity. After setting a stone mark of initial points, handsome entertainments were given by both commissions.

The Poole Murder.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Judge Morris has decided to admit James Irving, charged with being accessory to the Poole murder, to bail in the sum of ten thousand dollars. The District Attorney insisted upon the statutary two days' notice of the names and residence of the parties to be presented as bail. The decision extends to other persons implicated as accessories.

The steamer Nashville sailed at noon with thirty-four passengers and $564,000 specie.

The Black Warrior Affair.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 21.—The Union of this morning says it has reliable information that the Spanish Government has resolved to award indemnity in the Black Warrior case, and that the adjustment of the affair will be consummated upon necessary proof as to the amount of damage.

Massachusetts Temperance Law.

BOSTON, March 21.—The temperance law, imposing imprisonment for the first offence, passed a third reading in the House. It has already passed the Senate.

The Health of Mr. Mason.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—The Washington Star says that Mr. Mason has entirely recovered and will soon resume his functions. He does not contemplate returning at present.

New Orleans Cotton Market.

NEW ORLEANS, March 13.—Cotton firm; prices advanced ¼ under the steamer's news, on all qualities below good middling. The sales to-day were 13,000 bales at 8½@8¾.

☞ **Worms**—As this is the season of the year when worms are most formidable among children, the proprietors of Mclane's Vermifuge beg leave to call the attention of parents to its virtues for the expulsion of these destructive and cruel enemies of children. It was invented by a physician of great experience in Virginia, who, after having used it for several years in his own practice, and found its success so universal, was induced at last to offer it to the public as a cheap, but certain and excellent medicine. It has since become just popular throughout the United States, as the most efficient Vermifuge ever known, and the demand has been steadily on the increase since its first introduction to the public.

Parents will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

☞ **Fever and Ague**—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS,
Sole agents for J. Kidd & Co.,
Corner Wood and Fourth-st.

mh19-eod

The Great Revolution in Medicine!

It is now established. The work of centuries is supplied! Dr MORSE'S INDIAN HERB OF CONGO we have a medicine that discases disease, without weakening the system, that vacinates the pickles, without entailing sub sequent diseases; that cures diseases in all the forms and stages, yet, that restores the shattered nerves to full vigor, that regulates the bowels and the liver, that causes the complexion to shine in transparent and that in fact answers the purpose of a thousand, all nervine preparations, all enthusiasts and all quackeries, without producing any of the unpleasant effects, which all of them do the use of which, medicines. The medicine here which forms its basis was given to the very tribe for which herbalists and physicians, chemists and all sciences sciences, have searched in all ages, and, quite now, searched in vain. *Little note appears!* The Original is put up highly concentrated, in pint bottles, three of these per dozen, price, two dollars; six for twelve dollars.

G. H. RING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canadas and West Indies.

AGENTS:
G. W. KEYSER,
SELLERS & CO.,
FLEMING BROS, } Pittsburgh.

mh18-lm

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE ONLY RAILROAD RUNNING WEST FROM PITTSBURGH.

On and after MONDAY, March 12th, 1855, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows, until further notice

FAST TRAIN WILL LEAVE AT 5 A. M.
MAIL TRAIN " " 12 M.
EASTERN TRAIN " " 11 P. M.

These Trains all run through to Crestline, and connect there with the Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio and Indiana, and Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroads. At Mansfield, connections are made for Newark, Zanesville, Monroeville, Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, &c., and at Alliance for Cleveland, &c. No trains run on Sunday.

Through Tickets sold to Cincinnati, Louisville St. Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Rock Island, Fort Wayne, Cleveland, and the principal Towns and Cities in the West.

THE NEW BRIGHTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Pittsburgh at 10 A M and 5 P. M., and New Brighton at 7 A. M. and 1 P M

For Tickets and further information, apply to

J. G. CURRY,
At the corner office, under the Monongahela House,
or at the Federal Street Station, to
GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent.

Pittsburgh, March 10th, 1855 (mh10)

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ON THE 1st OF NEXT APRIL, TO

☞ **No. 53 FIFTH STREET.** ☜

H. KLEBER respectfully informs the public, that on the 1st day of April next, he will REMOVE HIS MUSIC AND PIANO WAREROOMS to

No. 53 Fifth street, next door to Masonic Hall,

And a few doors from the Post Office.

The New Establishment will be fitted up in the most elegant manner, and the Pianos kept on the second floor, in a richly furnished and spacious saloon.

A SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF
GRAND PIANOS—FULL GRAND AND SEMI-GRAND,
FULL SERPENTINE PIANOS,
SERPENTINE PIANOS,
LOWIS ANY STYLE PIANOS;
—AND OF—
ALL OTHER PLAIN STYLES OF PIANOS;
MELODEONS, SERAPHINES, etc., etc.,

Is on the way, and the public are politely invited to call and examine the largest stock of Goods, etc.

H. KLEBER,

mh14-lm No 101 Third st., sign of the Golden Harp.

☞ **Neuralgia.**—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Mr. P. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others, who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

*** See advertisement in another column. (mh15-lm

☞ **Piles**, neglected, often prove fatal, lead to consumption; amount the parts three times a day with DALEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR. If secretion form in the rectum, the insert the "Pile syringe," filled with Extractor, and gradually discharge it as the syringe is withdrawn. It never fails to cure cases of any age or virulence, nor to give entire ease instantly to all, frequently curing by one application.

Piles are known by the heat, irritation, and pain of the anus. Bleeding piles are caused, sometimes, by the falling of the whole bowels, which then press the intestinal canal tight against the back bones, and keep the blood from returning up the vessels, similar to the blood being kept at the top of your finger when a string is tied tight around it; such is frequent, and for scrofulous humors and ulcers to form thereon, then procure a perfect abdominal supporter, and wear a compress to the rectum, and continue to use the salve as above; also, rub it well over the loins and abdomen for some time, and the natural bolts that support the bowels will be contracted and made strong, and your life will be saved. If properly applied every case will be cured. It never fails.

C. V. CLICKENER & CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

For sale by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States. mh3-daw2w

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being WELL FITTED IN A SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them good, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest forte*s. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. (dec9) R. GRIBBLE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Spectacles and Free Lecture.**—Any person desirous of becoming acquainted with a process by which GLASSES MAY BE LAID ASIDE, or who, having Diseased Eyes of any kind wish to have them cured, should by all means attend the free *Lecture on the Eye*, by Dr. C. A. GREENE, of Philadelphia, on TUESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, (March 20 and 22,) at MASONIC HALL. Free consultation, any hour of the day, at the City Hotel. mh19-34t*

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET,

MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT GALWAY, President.
JAS. D. MCGILL, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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feb17

☞ **Howard Association**—SOUP KITCHEN BRANCH, SEVENTH STREET—The Managers of the Society will be glad to receive donations of Meat, Bread, Meat, or Groceries. The wants of the deserving Poor must be our excuse for asking material aid promptly.

President, Gov. WM. F. JOHNSTON.
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WILLIAM NOBLE.

Managers,

Treasurer, C. WILMARTH.

We cannot promise to publish the names of the donors, but will be glad to receive their gifts feb10

NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 76 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorized Capital, $300,000.

ASSETS LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

In Stock Notes, (negotiable form,) secured by Mortgages and Judgments	$100,000
In Bills Receivable, Mortgages and Judgments, Bonds, &c.	105,000
In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items	47,000
Total	$252,000

H. CADWALADER, President. O. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

REFERENCES.

PITTSBURGH.

Kramer & Rahm,	Carling, Robertson & Co.,
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J. BANKS KNOX, Ag-nt.
dec18.1y No. 116 Water street, Pittsburgh.

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—WM BAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

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Isaac N. Peacock,	Franc Sellers,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.
John Shipton.	

dec21

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 105 THIRD ST., opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secures a weekly benefit during sickness, from one to three dollars per week, for $2,25 to $6 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits. S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

T. J. HUSTES, Secretary.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES KRAMER, G. N. HARROD.

Consulting Physician—F. IRISH, M. D. no23tf

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. L. SCHENCK, second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. CRAIG, Northeast corner of Diamond, Allegheny city, are the attending Physicians to the above Institution, for the ensuing quarter of 1855.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at their offices, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours, without form. feb22

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing, and Fitting Generally,

FOR WARMING AND VENTILATION OF BUILDINGS.

☞ A. & W. will contract for warming and ventilating, by means of hot water pipes, or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market street. mh20

☞ **Franklin Saving Fund and Loan Association,** OFFICE, No. 97 FRONT STREET. Opens Every Saturday—SUNDAY. Notice offered on SATURDAY in the Secretary, at the store of John H. Mellor, No. 81 Wood street. Weekly Dues received at the same time and place. (dec18-1m) J. WHITTIER, Secretary.

☞ **To Let.**—THE SECOND STORY OF THE NEW TUNE ENGINE HOUSE (is Hall) suitable for public meetings, will be let for three or four nights in the week. Enquire of GEORGE HUNSTON,

dec15-tf at S. M'Clurkan's, No. 96 Wood street.

☞ **Notice.**—THE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS OF CITY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLEITER'S, in the Diamond. By order.

jelly GEO. W. SEESE, Secretary.

☞ I. O. O. F.—Time of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 236—Meet every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 87—Meets first and third Friday evenings. mar7-y

☞ ATTENTION, S. L. G.—You are hereby notified to attend at your Armory, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and to transact general business as may come before the Company. P. KANE,

mar22-2tmd Secretary pro tem.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOPPER'S PATENT PLANE.

THE undersigned is prepared to supply CARPENTERS, CABINET-MAKERS, and Workers in Wood generally, with his Patented and valuable PLANES.

I who have tried it, pronounce it a most valuable invention, that must soon come into general use. The following letters from practical workmen are but two among many letters the Patentee has received recommending this Plane above all others in use:

PITTSBURGH STEAM CABINET FACTORY,
February 22, 1855.

We hereby certify, that during the last twelve months we have used Hopper's Fat or Plane, and do not hesitate to recommend it to Cabinet-Makers and Carpenters as superior to any other Plane in use. We consider it peculiarly adapted to planing oak, cherry, walnut, and all sorts of hard wood, and for planing veneers, it is far superior to the old mode of scraping, besides being a great saving of time. One man, by using this Plane, will plane more veneers than five men can do by any other plane or method in use. H. H. RYAN & CO.

TO MESSRS F. EATON, Esq:

Dear Sir—I have examined Hopper's Patent Bench Plane, and believe it to be a most excellent article for the use for which it is intended, as a combination of plane and scraper.

It is particularly adapted to planing veneers, and it does not require one-fourth the time or labor of the old method; and I have no doubt, when its properties become generally known, but that it will entirely supersede the former tedious and laborious custom.

I most cheerfully recommend it to all persons engaged in the Cabinet business, as from my knowledge of it, there is nothing as well fitted to give a smooth and beautiful finish to veneers as the Hopper Patent Bench Plane.

JAMES W. WOODWELL,
Furniture Warerooms, 97, 99 Third st, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, February 27, 1855.

MOSES F. EATON, of this city, is my sole Agent for the sale of Planes, or of, rights to manufacture and sell them.

WM. C. HOPPER.

Pittsburgh, March 21, 1855—(mh21:tf)

AGENCY.

MOSES F. EATON, No. 19 Sixth street, agent for selling and buying PATENT RIGHTS, is now authorized to sell the following lately patented articles:

Sands & Cummings', Patent Brick Machine;
Hopper's Patent Veneer Plane;
Trott's patent Oil Globes, for Steam Engines;
Dean's Rock Drilling Machines;
Coe's patent Drill, for Drilling Iron;
Copeland's Stationary and Portable Saw Mills;
Crawford's Steam and Water Gauges; and,
Griffith's Wrought Iron Railroad Chair Machines.

These articles have been examined by practical mechanics and machinists, and pronounced superior to any in use. He is also authorized to sell Rights to make and vend these articles in any part of the country.

He has also for sale hot-pressed Nutts and Washers, and finished Brass