Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....FEBRUARY 8.

☞ Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorised to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders; for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Rocks, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

HOW THINGS LOOK NOW.

Things certainly look "a good deal mixed up" just now, in the political, commercial and social world, not only in this country, but all over the earth. We think it proper, as we are borne along on the tide of events, to rein up occasionally, take a hasty glance over the whole field, and present at one view the condition of the world's affairs.

Congress, during the last session, cut out a large amount of work to be done during the short session this winter. Over two-thirds of this short session is already gone, and but little of that work is done; and it seems pretty certain now that no bills of any great importance will be passed this winter. The Pacific railroad bill will not pass. The House committee that has charge of it will keep it till too late for action. For another year and another Congress the people must wait for the first movement in favor of this most desirable and popular measure. The Homestead Bill is defeated for this session. The increase of the navy is deferred. Nothing of consequence is likely to be done with the tariff. Appropriations for the improvement of rivers and harbors, however necessary and proper, must wait a while longer. The bounty land bill in favor of the old soldiers has passed the Senate, and may possibly pass the House. Increase of postage will not be attempted, we hope. In fact, but little will be done, except to discuss and defeat an absurd proposition to increase the pay of Congressmen fifty per cent. for their valuable services.

Our relations with Spain remain just where they were a twelvemonth ago. The Black Warrior insult, and all other difficulties with that country, are unsettled, and all reparation for repeated injuries is refused. The Island of Cuba cannot be obtained for the present, by purchase or otherwise. The treaty with Dominica has fallen through, and no advantages, political or commercial, have been obtained in that island. The old King of the Sandwich Islands is dead, and the treaty of annexation has died with him. His son and successor prefers a little island kingdom of copper-skins and traders to citizenship in the great republic. Meantime he has fallen in love with an English girl, and will probably favor English interests during his reign. The Central American difficulty with England is still unsettled, and will probably remain so till England is clear of her Eastern war. The demand on the Dutch government in the Gibson case is still refused. In fact, for the last six months, but little has been done, either by legislation or negotiation; and the present Congress seems resolved to distinguish itself for "masterly inactivity." The administration cannot force negotiations unless backed up by Congress, and Congress does nothing in the Spanish affairs.

Meantime, the different departments of the government have discharged their functions with commendable fidelity and prudence. The reports of the several departments to Congress, were received with general favor, containing, as they did, many excellent suggestions, and much evidence that the public service was not suffering in their hands.

But while Congress is doing little, and negotiations are fruitless, the people have been active for the last few months; and the public mind unusually excited. A new party, that but a year ago had scarcely been heard of, has suddenly become "a power" in the land; and threatens to overturn all previous political combinations. But while confounding the old parties, it is apparently in confusion itself. In the South it is rapidly defeating the Democratic party, while in the North it is electing Free Soil and Abolition Senators and members of Congress. It has elected Seward, in New York, and Wilson, in Massachusetts, to the United States Senate. It is denouncing foreigners, while K. N. Governors are appointing foreigners to office. It is advocating protestantism, and yet protestant associations are voting against it. It is promising reform, yet wasting its energies in a division of the spoils. It is professing pure Americanism, yet defeating homestead bills that would give land to the landless, homes to the poor, and new domains to the area of civilization. Of its principles as a *national* party, but little is yet known. Many supposed that this new party was to be thoroughly *national* in its creed and sentiments, and *national* in its unity, harmony and strength. But recent developements indicate that the diverse elements of which it is composed cannot be moulded into a harmonious and permanent organization, acting upon a broad and national platform. The question of slavery has already sundered it. It has its "hards" and its "softs;" its northern and southern principles; and its elements of internal dissension, and ultimate dissolution, like the other parties. Many hoped it would prove a party of reform—thorough, unselfish and substantial reform. But such a reform party must be founded on a wider basis than mere prejudices of religion or birth; must steer clear of slavery agitation, and adopt a sound national platform. The new party may possibly do so yet.

Within the last twelve months this country has undergone a financial revolution as sweeping and important as its political revolutions. One year ago our people were rejoicing in abundance, and were reaping a golden harvest by feeding the hungry nations of Europe. Now, there is no food to spare for other nations; and thousands in our own country are out of employment, and almost perishing from hunger and cold. Many manufactories have been stopped; work on railroads suspended; and all branches of trade and business have suffered from want of funds, the loss of confidence, the breaking of banks, the hoarding of capital, and a general and excessive panic. But already there are signs of improvement. Confidence is beginning to revive; trade to show signs of life and activity; and all branches of business seem likely soon to be resumed on a more cautious and solid basis. In one short year the country has passed through a crisis of financial difficulties and almost famine; and has learned caution, economy and patience from the short but severe experience. There are reliable signs that the worst is past, and a season of prosperity returning.

The grain in the ground gives promise of good crops next year. Kansas, Nebraska and Minnesota are rapidly filling up with a farming population. Utah and Oregon will soon claim admission as States of the Union; California still yields a large supply of gold. Imports of foreign goods are greatly reduced, and the indebtedness of the country is being settled up and diminished.

Revolutions still disturb Mexico, and the Central and South American States; but result in no important changes or improvements in the condition of the people.

The revolution in China, that one year ago gave promise of a speedy and most happy result in favor of civilization and christianity in that vast and populous empire, has lately suffered severe checks and reverses; and the revolutionists may yet be overcome, and the Tartar dynasty, with its exclusive principles and despotic and barbarian tendencies, seems likely to triumph, and become more firmly established than ever.

In Europe the war is draining the western nations of their wealth, and the flower of their armies. England, France, Austria, and Turkey have already expended over three hundred million dollars and a hundred thousand lives in the conflict, and yet neither party has gained any decided advantages. All parties to the tremendous struggle are evidently weary of it, and alarmed at the vast expenditures of life and money it will require. Constant efforts are made to procure peace; and there is now some hope of success. The Czar is evidently willing submit to terms that would have been rejected one year ago; and the allies offer to treat on terms in which a demand to be refunded the expenses of the war is not mentioned. Peace is a *possible* event, but a long and bloody war is far more probable; and nearly all the nations of Europe must feel its blighting influences, and be drawn into its destrucive vortex. The republicans and revolutionists of Europe are waiting for their opportunity in the midst of this contest; and should the war continue their time may come, and the whole character of the war be changed by their uprising.

We thus see in all parts of the world elements of excitement and change that may fill the next few years with great and important events. The destiny of many nations may be involved in those events; and the maps of Europe and Asia may have to be re-cast before many years.

In our own country revolutions are more harmless and peaceful. The ballot box here executes the freeman's will, and accomplishes all needed reforms.

News of the Day.

Hon. Sam Houston will deliver a lecture in the Boston Anti-Slavery Course on the 22d of February. It is understood he will give the Southern view of the subject.

T. P. Shaffner, the projector of the World Girdle Telegraph, expects to leave for Russia about the first of April, to complete his arrangements for the construction of his lines through the territories of the Czar in Russia and Asia.

The De Vaux legacy for the establishment of a college at Niagara Falls, is much larger than was at first thought. The domain of the institution is 334 acres of land, and the amount of real and personal property for its support $175,000.

Know Nothingism has made its appearance in the New York Board of Aldermen. On Monday evening a resolution was offered, which was adopted by a vote of 13 to 8, calling on the Chief of Police to furnish the nationalities of his officers.

The American County Convention, of Philadelphia, on Tuesday nominated Henry C. Pratt, to fill the vacancy in the State Senate, caused by the death of Levi Foulkrod. The Whig Convention of the County had previously nominated the same person. J. Murray Rush is the Democratic candidate.

A municipal election was held on Tuesday in the city of Lancaster, which was characterised by much excitement. A Fusion ticket, in opposition to the Know Nothings, was run by a combination of Whigs and Democrats. Christian Kiefler, the candidate of the American party for Mayor, was beaten in the city by 274 majority for Mr. Albright, the Fusion candidate. There was a great deal of turbulence and excitement at the polls all day.

THE WEST—THE SENATOR.

The following is from the Pittsburgh *Commercial Journal* of Wednesday, and speaks "right out loud" in favor of the claims of the West to the Senatorship. Speaking of the K. N.'s, the appointment of Mr. Power, &c., the *Journal* says:

While the movement expresses a purpose to obliterate old party lines, and will exert a very important influence in that direction, it is otherwise a significant fact that Mr. Power, being both a Western man and Democrat, should have been unexpectedly chosen by the Whig Executive for a high office. Did the Governor mean to silence complaint on the part of the Democrats that they have not received their share of the loaves and fishes, by offering one of the highest offices in his gift to a Democrat? Did he mean also to kill the claim of the West for a Senator of the West, by making a Western-man, Thomas J. Power, of Beaver county, Adjutant General of Pennsylvania? It looks exactly so. We offer no objection to the appointment of Mr. Power. He is a worthy and capable citizen, and a good Democrat.

But we do protest against accepting this appointment as a quit-claim to the West on their title to a Senator. We say to our delegation at Harrisburg that they will meet the wishes and expectations of the people, only by insisting as a man on the floor against all them politicians Governor Johnston if they can, and let them exhaust effort to carry him before they try elsewhere.

If they cannot carry Governor Johnston, General Moorhead's name will come before them strongly backed. General Moorhead, though a Democrat, has always been steadfast to Pennsylvania interests, and is one of the few Democrats who have dared to avow his adherence to the policy of Protection, and maintain it at all times, and in all places through good and evil report.

It is easy for us, who recognize General Moorhead as a personal friend of many years, to proclaim our readiness to advocate his election to the United States Senate. But since Governor Pollock has appointed Thomas J. Power, we do no violence now to party relations, in urging the election of General Moorhead as a political move, which our delegation at Harrisburg should agree upon as the very best best thing they could accomplish, if they fail to carry Governor Johnston.

DEBTS OF PITTSBURGH.—A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, who represents himself as a large holder of Pittsburgh bonds, calls on our city authorities to make a full exhibit of the debts of our city, and of the measures taken to meet its bonds and liabilities as they fall due. A portion of the debt is due this year, and other portions in succeeding years; and in 1859 $200,000 of the city debt will be due. The *Ledger's* correspondent wants to know what arrangements have been made to meet their payments; an', in short, he desires a full statement of our financial condition. He says, however, that the interest on Pittsburgh bonds is always paid promptly. What new cause of alarm the writer has discovered we are not informed; but it would do no harm to let not only him, but our own citizens know just how matters stand in the finances of our city, and just how much the city owes. What say our Councils? A favorable statement might enable the *Ledger's* correspondent to sell his bonds "at a rise."

THE Sleet and Ice of the past few days renders traveling by railroad rather a slow business, besides playing the deuce generally with our Eastern and Western mails. It makes the iron track slippery as a politician, and not more to be depended on. The train that left Pittsburgh for the West at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, had only arrived at Salem, Ohio—a distance of 69 miles—yesterday at 10 A. M., although three locomotives were attached to the train; and the Cincinnati train, due here at 8½ o'clock on Wednesday night, did not arrive until 4 P. M. yesterday. On the Central Pennsylvania Road it is, if anything, worse than on the Ohio and Pennsylvania. The mail due on Wednesday at midnight did not arrive until 4 P. M. yesterday. When the 2 P. M. mail will arrive is beyond our ken. Our readers will therefore have to bear with us for a day or two, if the news be not of the latest description.

[Correspondence of Daily Morning Post.]

LETTERS FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, February 5th, 1855.

The two Houses met at 3 P. M., to-day, and proceeded to business.

In the House, the principal part of the session was consumed in reading bills in place, presenting petitions, &c.

The Senate bill in relation to the custody of the geological specimens, passed finally, and was sent to the Governor.

The Committee on the contested seat in Northampton, was decided in Committee by a majority of two in favor of Bush, (Dem.) the sitting member. The Committee were then discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

The Senate was engaged for some time on the Mechanic's Lien Bill, the Fifth Section being the principal subject of discussion, by Messrs. Price, Jordan, Hamlin, Buckalew, Flenniken, M'Clintock and Darsie. It was laid over on third reading, on motion of Mr. Fry, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Darsie read in place a bill remedying the defects of the bill of last year, in relation to unscated lands, which was taken up and passed.

Mr. M'Clintock presented the remonstrance of ninety members of the Roman Catholic Congregation of Harrisburg, against the 6th Section of bill No. 47—similar to that presented a few days since, by Mr. Price, of Philadelphia, which was read and laid on the table.

Progress was made in several other public and private bills, which will be noticed in proper season.

The press west of the mountains should assist in calling public attention to the importance of the movement, made by Mr. M'Clintock, to secure a State Hospital for the insane west of the mountains. The State Hospital near this place is now occupied to its greatest capacity. Is it not wise to prepare early for the necessity that is close upon us?

The papers have made a mistake in announcing the appointments at Philadelphia—they have not been made, and the applicants are again at sea, hoping against hope.

The Senatorial canvass waxes warm. Aspirants are ardent in pursuit of the prize, but, as yet, without the means of knowing their fate.

The State Treasurer made a report in answer to Mr. Darsie's resolution, inquiring as to the nature of the uncurrent funds, &c., ($41,000) in his vault, handed over to him by his predecessor, which was referred.

HARRISBURG, February 6th, 1855.

This was private bill day in the House of Representatives. The following Senate bills passed:

A Supplement to an Act entitled an "Act taxing dogs."

An Act to erect part of Luzerne into a seperate county, to be called "Lackawanna."

A Supplement to an Act incorporating the Western University of Pennsylvania, passed February 19, 1819.

An Act to extend the power of certain officers in Allegheny county.

A Supplement to an Act entitled an Act relating to the granting of tavern licenses in Allegheny county, passed April 14, 1851.

An Act consolidating the Wards of the City of Pittsburgh, for educational purposes.

Quite a spirited and personal discussion took place on a private bill, between Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Carlisle, which continued to the close of the morning session, and occupied some time during the afternoon session. Mr. Carlisle offered an unimportant, and, as he thought, a proper and inoffensive amendment, which Mr. Fletcher denominated discourteous, if not worse. Mr. C. responded, and in terms that evidenced he was not disposed to submit quietly to the censorship of his colleague.

The Senate passed bill 73, entitled an Act relating to actions of ejectment, introduced by Mr. Jamison.

Senate bill 155, introduced by Mr. Darsie, continuing in force the laws graduating lands upon which purchase money is due to the Commonwealth, passed finally.

Senate bill 72, introduced by Mr. Hendricks, relating to judgments and executions in foreign attachments, passed through.

No. 123, S. file, introduced by Mr. Brown, coming up, on third reading, was finally passed.

Mr. M'Clintock called up a bill in relation to the Commissioners of Allegheny County, increasing their pay to $2 50 per day, for any day of service, which passed.

Mr. M'Clintock introduced a bill, in manuscript, directing the Secretary of the Commonwealth to place the geological specimens recently in charge of the Harrisburg Library Society, in the custody of the Superintendent of the Pennsylvania State Hospital, near this place, to be placed by him in the "Museum" attached to that institution, for the free inspection of visitors and inmates; which, after some discussion on the part of Crabb and M'Clintock, (the former of whom desired it to be appropriated to Philadelphia,) was passed through its different readings under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. M'Clintock read in his place a bill incorporating the East Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Company, which was referred to the appropriate committee.

A communication was read from the State Treasurer, in answer to a resolution, in which he refers to certain deficits of the Treasurer of Philadelphia county in his returns to the State Treasury, amounting to about $40,000, "no part of which," in the language of Mr. Darsie in the course of his remarks, "had occurred during the term of the present Treasurer."

At the instance of Mr. Darsie, Mr. Haldeman offered a resolution of reference, which was adopted.

As you will observe, by reference to the "calendar," that the bill extending the powers of certain officers in Allegheny county passed the House, and only requires the signature of the Governor to become a law.

POVERTY IN PITTSBURGH.—The population in Pittsburgh supplied with food at one of the soup houses is stated at 11,445 men, women and children!—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

This number is within two or three hundred of the entire population of Wheeling. What immense soup houses we must have in Pittsburgh. Is the wire bridge passable again?

Poor Poland.

It has already been stated that a consequence of the enormous expenses of the present European war, the Emperor of Russia has ordered a heavy impost to be laid upon the Polish provinces, which few of them will be able to pay. The contingent to be paid from the Polish treasury is increased 9,000,000 of silver roubles. What the former contingent was we have no means of knowing, but how great the whole sum must be our readers may judge by the statement that to meet the demand the land tax will be increased sixfold, payable in twenty-four instalments. The local authorities affirm that the proprietors will not be able to meet this demand in twice as many instalments, and hence it is said they are making exertions to induce the government to relieve them of the enormous burthen by finding some other sources of income. In this we may read the causes which impel the Russian government to seek peace by agreeing to the four points laid down by the allies. The cost of military operations of Russia, in the pending war, far exceed the financial capacity of the government. All exterior credit is of course impossible, and the country itself is not able to maintain a war carried on upon so gigantic a scale. It seems likely, therefore, that if the war should be protracted, the excessive burthens of taxation will force the discontented provinces into rebellion.

☞ Few are aware how frequently publishers are compelled to insert among their advertisements, statements which they can neither sanction or believe.

A pleasant exception to this disagreeable necessity are the advertisements of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and Pills, which will be found in our columns. We have published for him before, and always with the feeling that in so doing we in no wise lend ourselves to deceive or mislead the public, for we have had indisputable proof that his words are strictly true, with abundant reason to believe that his medicines will do all they promise, and all that can be reasonably expected from any medicine. His Cherry Pectoral is too well known in this community to need any commendation from us, and his Pills we are credibly informed are not inferior to his Pectoral.—*Providence Mirror, R. I.*

☞ In allusion to the prevailing tendency of the age in this country to degrade labor, and increase the non-producing classes, the Philadelphia *Ledger* pithily remarks:

"It is as common now for a biographer to say that a man *rose* from the work-bench to public life, as for one of fifty years ago to speak of 'poor *but* honest' parents. We hardly know a politician, who, at any period of his life, has labored with his hands, that does not allude with complacency to the fact of his 'having risen by his own unaided talent' to his present elevation—whether he be a perplexed councilman or bungling legislator. And such a thing as a professional man's turning mechanic! it would seem to the public the *ne sceneus Avernus* spoken of by the Latin poet."

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

LATEST FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP NORTH STAR.

NEW YORK, February 7.—The North Star arrived about 4 o'clock, with California dates to the 16th. She brings 200 passengers, and $1,239,000 in specie. The principal consignees are: Duncan, Sherman & Co. $565,000; Adams $185,000; Wm. Hoge & Co. $121,000; Drexel & Co. $90,000; Wells, Fargo & Co. $83,000; Metropolitan Bank $50,000; J. Watson & Son $25,000, and $34,000 from Australia to Adams.

The Sonora left San Francisco on the 16th, and arrived at Panama on the 29th. On the 18th she spoke the Cortes, and on the 23d the Golden Age, both bound for San Francisco. The John L. Stephens arrived at San Francisco on the 13th January.

The El Dorado, from Havana, arrived at Aspinwall on the 30th.

The Panama Railroad is completed. The first train passed over on the 28th. The passengers that went out by the North Star and those that came home by her, passed over the road. The time occupied in the transit was four hours.

At Acapulco it is reported that part of Santa Anna's army, of 2,000 in number, had deserted and gone over to Alvarez. A portion of them reached Acapulco on the 23d January, and the remainder were daily expected.

The Senatorial election would come off on the 17th. The Democrats are divided between Messrs. Gwin and Broderick. The Whigs have nominated P. L. Edwards as their candidate.

The steamer Southerner, from San Francisco to Oregon, was lost 60 miles below Cape Flattery. Her passengers and the crew were saved.

The miners are rejoicing over the recent rains; the washing was going on briskly. In some parts of the State the weather was excessively cold. Snow had fallen to the depth of from two to five feet.

The Legislature has created great excitement in the religious world, by refusing to pay for the services of a chaplain, and inviting all the Sacramento clergymen, including a Mormon minister, to officiate alternately. The clergy were declining the invitation.

An attempt is being made at San Francisco to raise a company of Frenchmen to colonize the Island of New Caledonia, in the Southern Pacific.

A project is on foot establishing a line of stages between San Blas and Vera Cruz, for the transportation of passengers and a correspondence between San Francisco and New Orleans.

The markets are very quiet and dull, and it is difficult to effect sales. The closing quotations were: Gallego $ Hazall flour $15,50. Wheat $3@3.25. Clear Bacon 14¼. Lard 12. Adamantine candles 40@45. New Butter 42@44. Hams 13. Turpentine $3. Lackawanna Coal 19.

Sandwich Island dates to the 23d December state that Likoho had assumed the throne. The funeral of King Kamehameha was postponed to the 6th January.

Dates from Callao to the 7th were received. The news from Peru is important. Gen. Castella had overthrown Echenarique, and taken the government into his own hands. Echenarique sought the protection of the British Minister. Castella entered Lima in triumph. Lima being taken, a force was sent to Callao, and the castle surrendered.

A letter dated Bolivia, 27th, states that the rebel Acha had been put down, and those engaged pardoned by the government.

An extra session of Congress is called for the 1st February, to receive the resignation of the President.

ACAPULCO, January 23.—We learn that Alvarez obtained a complete victory in Guerrero. Santa Anna's army of 10,000 strong surrendered to him.

An Earthquake.

PHILADELPHIA, February 8.—The shock of an earthquake was distinctly felt this morning, about 20 minutes before 7 o'clock, at Halifax, Sackville, Eastport, Calis and other places. At Sackville the houses were shaken and windows broken.

The weather is moderating in the east.

Snow at New York.

NEW YORK, February 8.—It is still snowing slightly, but the snow is badly drifted. The northern and eastern mails have not arrived.

☞ **For Bronchitis, Throat Diseases,** Hacking Cough, and the effects of imprudent use of Mercury, no medicine has ever been discovered which has effected such cures as Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Throat Diseases produced by salivation, Hacking Cough, Bronchial Affections, Liver Disease, Neuralgia and Rheumatism, have all been relieved and cured in a wonderful manner, by the great purifier of the blood, Carter's Spanish mixture.

The case of Mr. T. H. Ramsey alone should satisfy any who doubt. Call on the Agent and procure a pamphlet containing cures, which will astound you.

. See advertisement. feb9:1m

☞ **Have you a Diseased Liver?**—The question, though startling, is sufficiently suggestive, when the fact is taken into consideration that diseases of the Liver have become more alarmingly frequent in the United States. Indeed, there are few formidable diseases that are not in some way traceable to a deranged state of that important organ. Many of the complaints usually classed under the head of Consumption, have their origin in the Liver. "Any remedy that would insure regularity and healthful action in the Liver, would be a blessing to mankind" has been the exclamation of thousands. That remedy has been found; it is safe and sure. When a fair trial has been afforded it, it has never been known to fail.

Reader, have you any disease of the Liver, or disease which you believe proceeds from hepatic derangement? Love life a moment, but purchase a box of DR. MLANE'S PILLS, and they will restore you to health. It is the only remedy yet discovered, in which implicit confidence may be placed.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, are now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
feb2:law 60 Wood street.

☞ **Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial.**—There are facts and principles which can only be reached by deep research and laborious investigation. The superiority of the Invigorating Elixir over every other restorative and anti-dyspeptic preparation, is not a fact of this class. It lies upon the *surface*, it is *self-demonstrable*, palpable to all eyes. To overlook it is impossible; to doubt it, is to deny evidence to the evidence of the senses. As a means of relieving every form of nervous disease, whether acute or chronic, continuous or spasmodic; whether affecting the springs of motion, or the sources of sensation; it *has not*, it has *never had* an equal. In neuralgia, tic doloreaux, rheumatism, general enervation of the system, morbid melancholy, hysteria, spasms, paralysis, epilepsy, palpitation of the heart, &c., it produces a most astonishing effect—rallying, bracing, it might almost be said electrifying, both body and mind, and replacing torpor and weakness with energy and strength. As a stomachic, it has properties unless positive and potent. The weakest stomach recovers its vigor, or receives it, if never before enjoyed, under the influence of this great tonic, which not only renovates the digestive powers, but conserves the vigor it creates, and perpetuates the health it restores. This is the declaration not of one or of two, but of thousands. The medical profession, slow to recognize any innovations upon established remedies, admit the commanding efficacy of this wonderful catholicon.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle; two for five dollars; six for twelve dollars. C. H. RING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and the West Indies.

AGENTS.

FLEMING & BROS., No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. CLEVE, H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do
R. E. SELLERS & CO., No. 57 Wood street.
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City. feb3:daw

Barrett's Indian Liniment,

CURES PAINS IN THE

Back,	Limbs,
Side,	Head,
Breast,	Throat,
Spine,	Muscles,
Worms in the Skin, Scalp Diseases,	
Milk Crust, Dry Tetter,	
Erysipelas,	Headache,
Chafes,	Neuralgia,
Cracks,	Sun Pain,
Scalds,	Burns,
Ulcers,	Sore Legs,
Sore Throat,	Rheumatism.

TRY IT ONCE.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street; JOEL MOHLER'S, Liberty street, and at J. P. FLEMING'S, Allegheny city.
Jan22:daw

☞ **To the Ladies:—**

No greater happiness can mortals find,
Than saving trouble to all womankind.
Read and reflect, ye daughters fair of Eve,
Dry up your tears, no longer need you grieve.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS FOR FEMALES. Twenty-five years of unparalleled success have proved the virtue of these celebrated Pills in New York. Can be safely used in all painful irregularities, obstructions, &c. Full and explicit directions with each box. Call and get a circular gratis. These Pills should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would be sure to cause a miscarriage. Warranted purely Vegetable, and free from anything injurious to life or health. Directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. jan8

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.**—Pursuant to published notice, a meeting of the stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company was held this day, at the Company's office, in the City of Pittsburgh.

On motion of Robt. Dalzell, Esq., Henry Irwin, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Samuel A. Long was elected Secretary.

The Reports of Hon. William F. Johnston, President; John T. Logan, Treasurer, and W. Milnor Roberts, Chief Engineer, were presented and read; and, upon motion of Col. Henry M'Cullough, were unanimously accepted, and ordered to be printed in pamphlet form for the convenience of Stockholders.

On motion, it was *Resolved*, That an election now be held for Officers of the Company for the ensuing year. Messrs. Joseph Dilworth, James Verner, and Willis Booth, were elected Tellers, who proceeded to conduct the election.

On counting the votes, the result was as follows:

President, Hon. WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON.

Managers,
JOHN T. LOGAN,
F. R. BRUNOT,
GEO. W. JACKSON,
LYMAN WILMARTH,
Hon. JOSEPH BUFFINGTON, of Armstrong county,
Gen. THOS. M'CULLOUGH, of Clarion county.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

S. A. LONG, Sec'y. HENRY IRWIN, Pres't.
February 6, 1855.—[feb7

☞ **Blows, Kicks, Corns, Tender Feet, &c.**—All know on being struck hard on the eye, or on the face, it will swell and turn black; whoever prefer not a closed eye or black mark, rub it instantly in DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and neither swelling, blackness or pain will occur. Change plasters daily on corns, for some time, and they will disappear, and make the most painful corn and tender foot easy on application; all can thus be cured unfailingly.

FROG AND OTHER FELONS, WHITLOWS, AND RUNROUNDS,

When commencing and only tender can be stopped, and all the agony saved with being enclosed for a few days in DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, even after they have rotted the bone, the finger can be saved and all further agony—change the plaster three times a day.

C. V. CLICKENER & CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

For sale by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States. feb5:daw3r

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being WELL FITTED IN A SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them GOOD, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest forte*s. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. (dec9) S. GRIBBLE.

☞ **Balm of Thousand Flowers,** for beautifying the Complexion, and eradicating all TAN, PIMPLES and FRECKLES from the face. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street. jan30

☞ **Election.**—An Election for Officers for "the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny," will be holden in the office of the Company, at the north end of the Bridge, on MONDAY, the 5th day of March next, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN HARPER, Treasurer.
feb3:1m

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wrought Iron Tubing, and Fitting Generally,

FOR WARMING AND VENTILATION OF BUILDINGS.

Drs. A. & W. will contract for warming and ventilating, by steam or hot water pipes, or Chilson's Furnace; churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Jails, Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market street, Pittsburgh. jan25

If you don't want to be Straight don't wear my Shoulder Brace.

☞ For more than two years we have worn Dr. Keyser's "Washington Suspender Brace," and feel it a pleasant duty again to recommend its use to all of sedentary occupations. Combining the advantages of a Shoulder Brace with those of a pair of suspenders, it is light and comfortable, and effectually counteracts the disposition to become stooped-shouldered. Those of our readers who are in need of such an article, should call on Dr. Keyser, on Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, and examine this Brace, which has recently been much improved.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch, December 8th, 1854.*

Fresh wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S Truss and Shoulder Brace Depot, 140 Wood street. Sign of the Golden Mortar. dec28:1m

NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, NO. 76 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorized Capital, $300,000.

ASSETS LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

In Stock Notes, (negotiable form), secured by Mortgages and Judgments	$100,000
In Bills Receivable, Mortgages and Judgments,	
Bonds, Scrip, &c.	105,000
In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items	47,000
Total	$253,000

H. CADWELL, President. O. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

REFERENCES.

PITTSBURGH.	
Kramer & Rahm,	Corning, Robertson & Co.,
S. Holmes & Sons,	Wm. Bagaley & Co.,
J. A. Hutchison & Co.,	D. Leech & Co.,
Murphy, Thomas & Co.	
PHILADELPHIA.	
Wainright, Huntington & Floyd,	M. L. Hollowell & Co.,
C. H. & C. Abbott,	David S. Brown & Co.,
Hearn & Dencklin,	Wood & Oliver,
Chas. Megargee & Co.,	Caleb Cope & Co.,
Hon. Wm. D. Kelley,	Dyxter & Co., Bankers,
Harris, Hale & Co.,	Scott, Baker & Co.,
	Deal, Milligan & Co.

J. HANKS KNOX, Agent,
No. 115 Water street, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET,

MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES S. HOON, President.
CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

Insures Lives and Insures by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

James S. Hoon,	Wm. S. Haven,
Samuel M'Clurkan,	James D. M'Gill,
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Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	Robert Galway,
John M'Alpin,	Alexander Reynolds, Armstrong County,
W. F. Johnston,	Horatio N. Leo, Kittanning,
James Marshall,	Hiram Stowe, Beaver.
George S. Selden,	

my29:1y

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—WM BAGALEY, President;
SAMUEL L. MASHELL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Woodstreets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

Also—against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	W. Larimer, jr.,
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Robert Dunlap, jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Hays.

John Shipton. dec21

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. L. SCHECK, Second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. REED, North-east corner of Diamond, Allegheny city, are the attending Physicians to the above Institution, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at their offices, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours, without form.

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 108 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording medical assistance to its members, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association secures a weekly benefit during sickness, averaging from $5,25 to $10 per week. In this Association all members are equally interested in the management and profits.

T. J. HUNTER, Secretary. S. B. M'KENZIE, President.

Finance Committee—JOSIAH KING, JAMES REAMER, G. N. HOFFNER.

Consulting Physician—F. IRISH, M. D. nov3:tf

☞ **Office Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company,** PITTSBURGH, December 26, 1854.—NOTICE—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders and Election of Directors of the OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, the 25th day of January, 1855, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., (meeting at 10.)

By order of the Board of Directors.

dec28:td J. ROBINSON, Secretary.

☞ **Franklin Saving Fund and Loan Association,** OFFICE, No. 97 FRONT STREET. DISCOUNT DAY—MONDAY. Notes offered on SATURDAY will be discounted on the following MONDAY. Loans on Wood street. Weekly Dues received at the same time and place. [dec12:3m] J. WHITTIER, Secretary.

☞ **To Let.**—THE SECOND STORY OF THE REFINING ENGINE HOUSE (a Hall suitable for public meetings) will be let for three or four nights in the week. Enquire of GEORGE FINSTON,
dec4:3m at S. M'Clurkan's, No. 96 Wood street.

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLEITER'S, in the Diamond. By order,
jel:tf GEO. W. SEESE, Secretary.

☞ **I. O. O. F.**—Pieces of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 356—Meet every Tuesday evening.

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