Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING:::::::::::::FEBRUARY 5.

☞ Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.

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MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

News of the Day.

Rev. William Capers, D. D., one of the Bishops of the M. E. Church, South, died at Charleston, S. C., a day or two ago, aged about sixty-four. He was one of the most eminent and useful Ministers in the Church.

Ralf Metcalf has been nominated for Governor by the Know Nothings of New Hampshire, in place of Rev. Mr. Moore, not eligible. He is an old Democrat, was once Secretary of State, and belongs to the Edmund Burke or "Old Guard" faction.

Intelligence reached New Orleans on the 1st inst., that the steamboat Eliza was sunk week before last, at Plum Point Bend, in the Mississippi river, a short distance below Memphis. The particulars have not been received, but it is feared that about thirty lives have been lost by this disaster.

We give in another column an article from the London *Times*, which shows to what dire straits the British army in the Crimea is reduced. At first the Thunderer was charged with unfairness, and a sinister motive, for inveighing against the unfitness of Raglan and his "boy-aids de camp," but all the English journals are beginning to confess the charges are true.

The New York Legislature is composed of 128 Assemblymen and 32 Senators. In the Whig caucus there were 80 present—64 from the House and 16 from the Senate. Of these Seward got 74, but this does not secure his election without other votes from outside.s. The election takes place to-morrow, and it may be the Know Nothings will yet elect the Senator, although not very probable.

During the past month, nearly forty fires occurred in the United States, where the loss exceeded $10,000. The total loss reached $1,055,000. Eight lives were lost by the above fires. During the same time 43 American vessels have been reported as totally wrecked, and one, a new ship, burnt. Of these, 7 were ships, 3 barques, 17 brigs, and 16 schooners. The value of vessels and cargoes was $1,244,000; the insurance amounted to $1,095,000.

The Philadelphia *North American* of Saturday, in an article on the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, says of the President, Hon. Jas. Cooper. "By the unanimous report of committees in both branches of Councils, Mr. Cooper is shown to be wholly unqualified for the post he fills, not to speak of graver matters of inculpation." This is rather severe on the man who aspires to the dignity of being elected U. S. Senator for a second term.

THE PITTSBURGH AND STEUBENVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

This Company is now duly organized. James S. Craft, Esq., is elected president of the board of directors, and the directors themselves are the right kind of men to back the president in pushing forward the work vigorously. We long to hear the puff of the locomotive coming in over the Steubenville road. It will connect at Steubenville with roads running through central Ohio. No road could be more important to Pittsburgh, or open to us a wider or richer market for our manufactures, or supply our city more abundantly and constantly with the products of a great farming region. Had the road been completed one year ago, we should not have been compelled for months to pay from one two dollars per barrel more for flour than it sold for in Cincinnati. With this road completed, we shall be less dependant on the uniform and profitable throughout the year.

The grading of the road for nearly the entire route is now completed, and the company has determined to mortgage, it and raise means to complete the entire superstructure, and stock it for doing business within a few months. The first mortgage on a work so sure to pay good dividends, will doubtless find purchasers on good terms. This road is but a short and most important link to connect two of the greatest eastern and western thoroughfares of travel and trade: to wit, the Pennsylvania Central road to the east, and the Steubenville and Indiana road through Central Ohio, and by other connecting roads, through all the western States. No road projected in this vicinity has a fairer prospect of proving a safe and profitable investment. It has not its own business to make; but as soon as completed other finished roads are ready to throw a full tide of business upon it. It is Philadelphia's road to the west as well as our own; and the Central road company are well aware of its importance as an extension of their great road. With the assets on hands it is believed that the mortgage will produce means enough to complete the work in the shortest time possible.

Mr. Craft's ability, his perseverance and industry, and his methodical and prudent manner of doing business, all give promise that this work will not only be done speedily, but well. The credit of the city, so far as it is intereated in this matter, we believe will not suffer in his hands.

Success to the Steubenville road, and all other enterprises for which the bonds of the city and county have been issued; and that are designed to place Pittsburgh on an equal footing with almost any other railroad city in the country. "There is a good time coming" for Pittsburgh, and it is expected to arrive by the earliest trains that reach us by the railroads that are now in the course of construction.

☞ The Chicago *Tribune*—a paper that prides itself upon correctness in dramatic matters—commences an article thus:—"Adam Truman, in Mrs. Mowatt's play of 'Extremes,' has frequent cause to exclaim, 'This is a great country!'" There is no Adam Truman in "Extremes," and Mrs. Mowatt did not write that play. Our cotemporary means Mark Mayberry, in Dr. Sterry's comedy of "Extremes." We do not know as we shall get any thanks for the correction, however.—*Buffalo Express.*

Not, at least, until you are correct. The author of "Extremes" is a journeyman printer, who worked in Philadelphia at the time that amusing comedy was brought out. He afterwards wrote "Dunning; or, the Ways of Trade;" but, from the fact that it has not been played since it was brought out at the Walnut Street Theatre, (in 1852) we suppose what was intended to annihilate "barkers," "borers," *et id genus omne*, has proved a failure. Do you accept the amendment, Mr. C.?

DEATH OF DIEDRICH KNICKERBACKER.—Herr Harmon Knickerbacker, said to be the original of Washington Irving's "Diedrich Knickerbacker," died at his residence, at Schagticoke, New York, about ten days ago. He had been a Judge, and at the time of his death was 75 years old.

OPERATIONS OF THE MINT.—The deposits at the U. S. Mint, at Philadelphia, in the month of January, were—Gold $4,269,400; Silver $170,000—total, $4,439,500. The coinage was—Gold $4,645,245; Silver $229,000—total, $4,874,245.

Inglorious End of a "Hero."

Lieut. C. G. Hunter, who was recently dismissed the service for bringing home his ship in disobedience of the commands of his superior officer, protests against the dismissal as an arbitrary act on the part of the President. He is quite as culpable, disobedience of orders, for which he has been court-martialed six times, dismissed the service three times, from the squadron once, besides being before a Court of Inquiry. Gen. Jackson dismissed him for fighting a duel, and he was only reinstated after great difficulty; the second time it was rendered imperative under Mr. Fillmore's administration, he being unable to settle his accounts with the Fourth Auditor, on his return from a cruise, where he had acted as his own purser. The Senate interposed, for it was obvious to those who knew Hunter that he was not fit for a disbursing officer. The blame of the matter was cast upon the Department, and Hunter not only received his commission back again, but more substantial relief in an appropriation of some $5,000 to make good the deficiency in his purser's account. During the Mexican war he was tried by court-martial and dismissed from Perry's squadron for disobedience of orders, in capturing Alvarado and other places, contrary to the plan of operations prepared by the Commodore. The Court, however, only reprimanded him for this offence, and Secretary Mason subsequently appointed him to the command of the *Taney*, in the Mediterranean. He was dismissed on his return, as stated above, for not being able to settle his accounts. For bringing home his ship in violation of the orders of Com. Salter, we believe he was liable to be punished with death, but the President chose to quietly dismiss him, and he will hardly have another opportunity of repeating his tricks in the American service. The *Gazette* stated a day or two since he superintended the construction of the U. S. ship that was built in Pittsburgh a few years ago. We think this is a mistake, as that was probably Commander W. W. Hunter, the inventor of the submerged propellor.

[Correspondence of Daily Morning Post.]

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, February 2.

Members' Pay Advanced—Western Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane—The Bribery Bill—Pittsburgh Appointments.

The Senate was engaged in the passage of several public bills this morning.

The "Mechanics' Lien" bill was discussed by Price, Hendricks, Darsie, Creswell and others, and laid over.

Bill No. 102, "to provide for the receipt and disbursement of the revenues, having relation to the agencies of Banks, passed with divers amendments through second reading—the amendments were conducted by Mr. Brown, of Philadelphia.

Mr. Buckalew moved to proceed to consideration of bill No. 77 on third reading, regulating the pay of members of the Legislature. Messrs. Buckalew and Jamison for, and Messrs. Haldeman, Crabb and Brown against, although they considered the bill fair and just. It passed Senate by a vote of 18 yeas and 10 nays, and was sent to the House of Representatives.

Several local bills, not connected with your district, passed.

Mr. M'Clintock read in his place a bill entitled an Act establishing the Western Pennsylvania State Hospital for the Insane. It appropriates $45,000 for purchase of ground and construction, and authorizes the Commissioners of the counties composing the Western District to subscribe. This movement, whether successful this year or not, promises to provide an important relief for the poor insane, who, from the crowded wards of the State Asylum here, will be again forced to the barbarity of an imprisonment in our county prisons. Who objects to this outlay of the State, or who will interfere with the appointment of Commissioners? Let him speak out!

The House of Representatives was occupied with "Public Calendar," without passing any one.

House Bill No. 68, called the Bribery Bill, occupied the greater part of the session in its discussion. Messrs. Stockdale, Bell and McCombs spoke in favor of the bill; Messrs. Strong, (Speaker,) Eyster, Morris, Kirkpatrick, and a host of others, against its provisions, as ineffective. The opposers were severe on Senator Price.

The House adjourned, after a session prolonged beyond the usual hour, without a vote being taken.

The members of the Philadelphia delegation, it is understood, are generally hostile to the bill, in view of the want of necessity for its enactment. They, like many others, believe that the Legislature has suffered reproach, more from the conduct of professional borers, and a single case of *avaricious insanity* in a member of the House of 1854, than from any great extent of corruption.

It is, however, a reasonable law, and may have salutary results. A *vicious man* might use it to levy *black mail*, yet the upright man must run risks for the public good.

Gen. Moorhead and James Veech, Esq., have returned to their respective homes. Gov. Johnston is absent, and Cooper is in the Senate raging away, at the eleventh hour, against foreign paupers and criminals;—a new and perhaps a good way to "raise the wind" for a re-election.

The Governor has made, but not yet announced, the appointments of Flour Inspector and Sealer of Weights and Measures for your city. Fahnestock, it is stated, withdrew his papers from the executive budget, together with his claims for position. Ward, Magee and Ferguson are in the ring for the Sealership; and Culp, Bears and Zeigler for the Flour Inspectorship.

It having been understood that the Governor would not *readily* make his appointments in Philadelphia county until after the special election of Senator, to fill Mr. Foulkrod's place, it is said that the present occupants are preparing to resign, and thus force on him the necessity of action. Both rumors may be untrue, yet I give them for what they are worth.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville R. R. Co.

We understand this Company will be prepared to let out the work on their road all the way from Turtle Creek to West Newton by March or April next. It is about twenty-three miles. From West Newton to Connellsville the grading is already nearly completed and prepared for the rails. Some of them, we believe, are laid. By finishing the work from Turtle Creek to West Newton, we shall have a continuous road from Pittsburgh to Connellsville. This long desired work is progressing faster than many of our citizens are aware of; and it will not be many years before a trip to Baltimore will be but a ten hours' task.

Matters and Things in Washington.

[Private Correspondence of the Pennsylvanian.]

WASHINGTON, February 1, 1855.

I regret to announce the death of Samuel Pleasonton, the widely known and universally respected Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, an office which he held *upwards of fifty years*—having received the appointment in 1804. The case of a person holding a high and respectable position under the successive administrations of Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Adams, Jackson, Van Buren, Harrison, Tyler, Polk, Taylor, Fillmore, and Pierce is without a parallel in the history of our government; but, alack! and alas! it is not a case holding out the slightest hope or encouragement for surviving incumbents.

Our Metropolitan Fair opens at the Smithsonian Institute next week. This kind of business was overdone at the New York Crystal Palace, and it will take some years before the country fairly recovers from the surfeit.

The block of marble for the National Monument, from the Firemen of Philadelphia, has arrived, as also a committee, Messrs. Peter Fritz, J. S. Vance, and Frances Riley. They are to be feted and feasted by the Franklin Company of Washington, this evening.

An attempt was made in the Senate this morning to call up the French Spoliation Bill out of its turn. The motion was defeated by a vote of 29 nays to 26 yeas.

NEW TERM.—"BANK HERETICS"—Bishop Rapp, of Cleveland, rapped those of his congregation who had deposited funds in the Canal Bank, in open Church, the other Sunday. He told them that they should have given the money to him on deposit, for the use of the Lord, and not entrusted it to the hands of heretics, particularly, *bank heretics*.

BY THE ARCTIC'S MAILS.

Deplorable State of the British Army in the Crimea.

[From the London Times, January 12, 1855.]

These are not the days for a mere personal, factious, or other peculiar triumph. The attempt to extract anything like credit or "capital," as it is called, out of the disastrous state of things in the Crimea, and the general mismanagement of the war, would be almost as bad as the trade of the wretches who prowl over the battle field, or the beach, for the spoil of the slain or the wrecked. We might, indeed, without much indecorum, take an honor that has been forced on us—fastened on us, by our rivals and opponents. For weeks and weeks were we exposed to a storm of abuse from all sides for what was called our interested or spiteful misrepresentations of the state of things at the seat of war. Some writers coolly assured the public the whole was an invention, and that the hideous complication of fatal neglects described in our columns was of home manufacture—the truth being that all was going on very smoothly and comfortably under the paternal rule of Lord Raglan, his veteran colleagues, and youthful aids-de camp. When this could no longer be maintained, one or two journals admitted the facts, but threw the blame wholly and solely on the Administration at home. For our part we have done our best to describe the state of things of just as it is, leaving all the parties concerned to settle the responsibility among themselves as well as they can, only fixing a culprit here and there, when the matter seemed to be brought home; and this, after all, is what all our cotemporaries seem to have some idea they all are, and not one only, but they, but provincial newspapers of all kinds—English, Irish, Scotch—saying what we have said all along; "taking the bread out our of mouths," if, indeed, it is a question of political capital; and not only confirming, but actually going beyond, everything we have said.

But when any longer denies the sufferings and losses of our army, or can deny them? They are confessed, with we know not what excuses, by the Commander-in-Chief. They are confessed by the Generals of his staff. From the very men in command of the army—the men whose talents, industry, incapacity, and blindness have been the theme of many a complaint, come letters to their friends, describing the state of things much as it is described by the corporal or the private soldier, the mere unit in the military system. Somehow or other everybody views the war from without, and seems the helpless spectator of a frightful catastrophe. Everybody complains. It is "I complain," "you complain," and so on through all the numbers and persons. The universality of the complaint is its worst feature, for while everybody admits the terrible state of things, and there is no argument upon it, the expedition seems to flounder in a Serbonian bog of despair, and that dull Cimmerian sky which the ancients ascribed to the scene of this calamity. The army, and its managers at home and abroad, dream rather than live in any waking or active sense of the word. They feel, and see, and hear; they even speak and dream, but do nothing. It is so from the lowest to the highest. A great authority writing from the Crimea says of the fresh troops, "they absolutely despair, become reckless, "cease to prepare their food, go into hospital, and die" Here is a picture of the Crimean disease in its complest form—in the person of the poor soldier just come from England. Next follows, in the same letter, a picture of it in another stage—in the Commissariat and authorities charged with the transport. The writer says, that hitherto the good clothing and comforts accumulating at Balaklava might as well be in London, for it is impossible is it to transport them to the camp That it is so, everybody knows by this time. There is everything in the world at Balaklava. The arrivals there during December were incessant—shiploads upon shiploads; and in them great numbers of the very things most wanted. Nobody can say what there is not at Balaklava, for there, we believe, are still to be found all the thousands of packages sent from this country, and never heard of again But the army, like a man in a dream, has not the waking will and energy to stretch out its hand and effectually grasp the wealth within its reach. It complains, it means inarticulately and helplessly, like a patient under chloroform. If it does move, then comes another stage of the Crimean disorder. It consists in "plans" that somehow are always on the point of being put into execution, but something, somebody, some official, some accident, indefinitely postponed them. The great authority we have quoted has drawn up a plan for the transport of goods from Balaklava to camp. It has received the approval of the Quarter-master General, but at the beginning of the new year it was still only a plan. Of course, nothing can be done without a plan; but it does occur to us that of the date mentioned, a considerable number of the "navvies" had landed with the materials for their railway. Has that solid assistance, too, dwindled into a "plan," to be passed from office to office, and to be decided on when young officers have become old, and old officers young? Why has there been no transport all this time? Why did we land in the Crimea without wagons, or any regular system for the conveyance of baggage? The apology is, that in this country of Ransom and Crosskill, and many partisans of old generals have been sitting for months to decide on the best form of carts, and that nothing can be done to save the remnant of the army from destruction till they have made their report.

Yet, while the attempt to shield the Generals by attacking the Ministers is simply ridiculous, and is, in fact, already abandoned, in truth and honesty it must be admitted that the authorities at home seem to suffer equally from this Crimean helplessness. They, too, see and hear, and feel and complain, but do not address themselves point blank to the remedy. Their measures are slow, and ineffective—falling short, like the old man's javelin, and making only a noisy show of energy. Look to the letter in Tuesday's paper from Major General Angerstein. Immediately on the intelligence of the miseries suffered by the sick and wounded after the battle of the Alma, upon the field, on the passage, and in the hospitals, official assurance was given that such horrors should not occur again. The miseries of the middle-passage were as bad as ever after three months of public warning and official resolution. The sick and wounded do not, indeed, lie wholly uncared for on the gory battle-field, but they do lie in the mud, the only bed they find in the hospital marquees at the camp while at Scutari, though many evils are redressed, the crowding and the infectious character of the atmosphere engendered by it have been fearfully aggravated to an alarming extent. Again, some months ago the tea-dealers of the metropolis, with that generous feeling which so well becomes the commercial class, offered to supply the hospitals with tea and sugar gratis. Their offer was declined, on the ground that there was tea and sugar enough in the hospital stores at the cost of Government. Of late, there was none, and from that time to this there has been none, except what we have supplied from the Fund, or the poor sufferers could buy at an extravagant price from the ship-stewards and sutlers. Very possibly, orders have been given; very probably, supplies have been sent, and the receipt thereof duly notified by the regular authorities. Yet the weapon has not reached the mark, and will not reach it. There is nowhere to be found that penetrating glance, that searching scrutiny, that strength of will, that determination that the thing shall be done by which alone things are done. We confess that we put great faith in the human will. We believe that "where there is a will there is a way." But then the will must be a very resolute one, and must override all sorts of conflicting wishes. We really cannot believe that if either the Minister of War or the Commander in Chief in the Crimea, had thoroughly resolved, last October, that the sick and wounded should have beds to lie on, proper transports to convey them to hospitals, weather-tight tents in the camp, tea and other comforts, these poor creatures would still be without these things. Nor can we believe that, if nearly three months ago, when the communication between Balaklava and the camp was interrupted or rendered difficult, Lord Raglan and his staff had resolved to restore it by a road that would stand the wear and tear of an army's traffic in all weathers, that army would have been reduced to its present melancholy state, which is about as bad as if it had been separated a hundred miles from its supplies, or shut up in a besieged town. Human will may not be supreme, but it is very apt to prevail, and the comparative strength of human wills go far to determine the issue of war. Fortune is not the lady that some would represent her. She is to be wooed and won, but by no feeble or irresolute hand. If we wish for success, we must first resolve to let nothing we can help stand in the way—no favor, no fear, no sinister motive—above all, no friends; and then, when we have sacrificed all we have, we, at least, deserve to succeed.

The Latest News.

The *Times*, in a leading editorial, draws a most deplorable picture of the state of the army in the Crimea. At the beginning of January it could muster only 14,000 bayonets; the artillery and engineers had been reduced in proportion, and cavalry no longer existed as a force. The deaths amounted to sixty a day, and the number disabled by fatigue and sickness to 1,000 a week. This ratio, the *Times* thinks, will rapidly increase. It is computed that out of 14,000 men nominally fit for service, only 2,000 are in good health. The army was in hopes of relief in the beginning of the month, although the Crimean winter did not set in. The *Times* comes to the conclusion that "unless some extraordinary strokes of fortune intervenes, we are about to lose our only army, the object of so much pride, of so much sympathy, of so much anxiety, of so much expenditure, of so much labor. Every remedy that would insure rapidity and satisfaction in the Liver, would be a blessing to mankind." has been the exclamation of thousands, and remedy has been found; it is safe and sure. When a material has been afforded it, it has never been known to fail.

Reader, have you any disease of the Liver, or disease which you believe proceeds from hepatic derangement? Lose not a moment, but purchase a box of DR. M'LANE'S PILLS, and they will restore you to health. It is the only remedy yet discovered, in which implicit confidence may be placed.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

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The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle; two for five dollars; six for twelve dollars. C. H. RING, Proprietor,

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Hernia, or Rupture, a Curable Disease.

☞ DR. KEYSER, of 140 Wood street, begs leave to announce to the public that he has made arrangements with Mr. Marsh, of New York, to sell and adapt his Radical Cure Truss, which received the prize medal through a surgical committee, consisting of Professors Harrison, Parker, Carnochan, Clark, Ludlow, and others, at the New York Industrial Exhibition of all Nations. Dr. Keyser has an office back of his Drug Store, where all kinds of TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, LADIES' SUSPENSORY BANDAGES, BELTS, PILE PROPS, and SHOULDER BRACES, SHOULDER BLADES, and SUSPENSORY BANDAGES, are fitted at the Celebrated Marsh Truss at every price can be obtained, and of a quality superior to any others in the market. The great importance of rupture has induced the Dr. to give special attention to those cases of disease requiring mechanical support, with full confidence that his long experience in the treatment of such cases has enabled him to meet the increasing wants of the community in this regard. Rupture do not fail to call.

Ask for Dr. KEYSER, at his Wholesale Drug Store and Truss Depot, No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sign of the Golden Mortar. dec28-dew

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Its thousands of testimonials are a sufficient guarantee for its completely restoring a decayed head of hair; for removing all dandruff; for preventing its falling off, when free from sickness or disease; and for entirely dispensing with the necessity of using hair dyes, as it excites the sensitive, producing a supply of its natural pigment or coloring matter, giving the hair a dark, glossy appearance, with a luxuriant growth.

For sale by every druggist in the city, and by druggists and merchants throughout the United States.

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Cherry Pulmonic, Pulmonary Balsam, Pectoral Expectorant, Pulmonary Liniment, Expectorant Syrup, Heart Corrector, Liver Corrector, Pure and Medicinal Cod Liver Oil, Anti-Dyspeptic Mixture, Cough and Cathartic Pills, Nervine, Vermifuge, Female Pills, Female Specific, &c., &c., sold by him constantly and with unprecedented success, in the treatment of

Chills, Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Heart Diseases, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Piles, &c., &c. Dr. Fitch's unequalled Patent Silver Plated Abdominal Supporter.

Dr. Fitch's Improved Plated Steel Spring Shoulder Brace. Dr. Fitch's Silver Tube Lung Tube.

Also, all kinds of Proprietary Medicines, at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail. nov18dew

☞ **Consumption and Spitting Blood.**—See the certificate of Mr. Turner H. Ramsey, for many years proprietor of the Farmers' Hotel, Fredericksburg, Va., and late of the City Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Dr. Keyser:—I was induced to try your remedy through a regular physician, and of course opposed to what he called quack medicines, was obliged to say that its good effects in the case of Mr. Ramsey, were wonderful indeed.

He had been given up by several physicians; had tried most of the quack medicines, and was on the verge of despair, as well as the grave, when he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture.

We refer the public to his full and lengthy certificate around the bottle, stating his cure.

☞ See advertisement. janlklm

☞ *We skip the following from the Reading Journal. Dr Keyser, the agent for the article, says he will warrant or guarantee it to be a sure cure of Lip Disease or Scrofula, that may be prescribed. Pamphlets containing cures of the most astonishing character will be given to any one gratis.*

Oakley's Depurative Syrup.

"We understand that our townsman Dr. George W. Oakley, is now giving his whole attention to the manufacture of his Depurative Syrup and Extract of Sarsaparilla, in order to supply the extraordinary demands for the article which are coming in from all quarters. This Syrup is without doubt the best of the kind made in the country. We know it to be one which we can *honestly* recommend to the favorable notice of our readers. It has been tested by years of experience and use, and found to be all that is claimed for it by its proprietor. A pamphlet is lying before us, filled with certificates of cures, the names appended to which are not *men of straw*, as is usual with documents of that character, but well *known citizens of Berks county*—who have experienced the effects of its curative properties. Appended to the list are certificates of different county officers of Berks county, with the seals of their several offices attached, showing that they are well acquainted with the persons whose names are given as references, (among which are the names of a number of our principal physicians,) and know them to be genuine. We advise those of our readers who are afflicted to call upon Dr. Oakley, at his office in Second Fifth street, and procure one of these pamphlets, which will not fail to satisfy them that his preparation is one of extraordinary power and efficacy, and enlargedly deserving of their attention."

Sold wholesale and retail at DR. KEYSER'S Drug Store, No. 140 Wood street, corner Virgin alley. Sign of the Golden Mortar. decdaw

Harrell's Indian Liniment,

CURES PAINS IN THE

Back, Side, Breast, Spine, Limbs, Head, Throat, Muscles,
Worms in the Skin, Scalp Diseases, Milk Crust, Dry Tetter,
Erysipelas, Headache, Chafes, Neuralgia, Sea Pain, Cracks, Scalds, Burns, Ulcers, Sore Legs, Sore Throat, Rheumatism.

TRY IT ONCE.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street; JOEL MOHLER'S, Liberty street, and at J. P. FLEMING'S, Allegheny city.

jan20dew

☞ **To the Ladies:—**

No greater happiness can mortals find,
Than saving trouble to all womankind.
Read and reflect, ye daughters fair or Eve,
Dry up your tears, no longer need you grieve.

Dr. CHRESEMAN'S PILLS FOR FEMALES. Twenty-five years of unparalleled success have proved the virtue of these celebrated Pills in New York. Can be safely used in all painful irregularities, obstructions, &c. Full and explicit directions with each box. Call and get a circular gratis.

These Pills should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would be sure to cause a miscarriage. Warranted purely Vegetable, and free from anything injurious to the health. Directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. jan1

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **The Pleasure** [illegible] wear in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them cut, and sewed up by the skillful artist, GRIBBLE Bayard—*Broken Lord.* [illegible]

☞ **Balm of Thousand Flowers**, for beautifying the Complexion, and ameliorating all TAN, PIMPLES and PACKLES from the face. Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street. Jan30

☞ **Board of Trade and Merchants' Exchange.**—The regular monthly meeting of the Association, will be held at their rooms, on MONDAY, February 5th, at 7 P. M. A full and punctual attendance is requested, as action will be taken on proposed amendments to the Constitution, and other business will be transacted.

feb3dt W. B. HAVEN, Secretary.

If you don't wear to be Straight don't wear my Shoulder Brace.

☞ For more than two years we have worn Dr. Keyser's "Washington Shoulder Brace," and feel it a pleasant duty again to recommend its use to all of sedentary occupations. Combining the advantages of a shoulder Brace with those of a pair of Suspenders, it is light and comfortable, and effectually counteracts the disposition to become stoop-shouldered. Those of our readers who are in need of such an article, should call on Dr. Keyser, on Wood street, corner of Virgin alley, and examine this Brace, which has recently been much improved.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch, December 24, 1854.*

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. KEYSER'S Truss and Shoulder Brace Depot, 140 Wood street. Sign of the Golden Mortar. dec28-law

☞ **Notice to Stockholders.**—OFFICE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, Pittsburgh, January 1, 1855. Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at their office, No. 74 Water street, Pittsburgh, on the RIGHT TUESDAY (6th day) of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place the report of the President and Managers for the ensuing year, and a statement of the affairs of the Company, will be presented. And at 12 o'clock, M., an election for President and Board of Managers for the ensuing year will be held. [jan1] J. GIBSON, Secretary.

NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, NO. 16 THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorized Capital, $300,000.

ASSETS LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

In Stock Notes, (negotiable form,) secured by Mortgages and Judgments	$100,00.
Ground Rents, Mortgages and Judgments, Bonds, &c.	105,000
In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items	47,000
Total	$252,000.

H. CADWALADER, President. G. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

REFERENCES.

PITTSBURGH.

Kramer & Rahm, Coring, Robertson & Co., N. Holmes & Son, Wm. Bagaley & Co., J. A. Hutchison & Co., D. Lynch & Co., Murphy, Thorner & Co.

PHILADELPHIA.

Wainright, Hemington & Co., M. L. Hollowell & Co., C. H. & Geo. Abbott, David Pearson & Co., Heaton & Dencklie, Wood & Oliver, Chas. Macalister & Co., Caleb Cope & Co., Hon. Wm. D. Kelley, Dexter & Co. Bankers, Harris, Hale & Co., Scott, Baker & Co., Deal, Milligan & Co.

J. BANKS KNOX, Agent,
No. 116 water street, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET,

MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES B. HOON, President.

CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally, and against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against Loss on the Perils of the ocean and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

James S. Hoon,	Wm. S. Haven,
Samuel M'Clurkan,	James D. M'Gill,
William Phillips,	Alexander Hopkins,
Jos. Mickley,	John Robertson,
Joseph F. Gazzam, M. D.,	Robert Galway,
John M'Alpin,	Alexander Reynolds, Arm.
Wm. P. Johnston,	Henry Kennedy,
James Marshall,	Horatio N. Lee, Kittanning.
George S. Selden,	Hiram Sowers, Beaver.

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**, WM BAGALEY, President; SAMUEL I. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 96 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

William Bagaley,	Wm. Lentner, jr.,
James M. Cooper,	Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Rea,	William Singleton,
Robert Dalzell, jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Sellers,
J. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bayard,	William S. Mays.

John Shipton. dec21

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. Wm. Addams Scott, Robert Wilson and Robert Bruce, Northwest corner of Diamond, Allegheny city, are the attending Physicians to the above Hospital, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at their offices, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M. Cases of accidental injury are received at all hours without form. ja12ptr

☞ **HOWARD Health Association of Pittsburgh, Pa.**—OFFICE, No. 108 THIRD STREET, opposite the Telegraph Office.

This Association is organized for the purpose of affording mutual assistance to each other, in case of sickness or accident. By paying a small yearly payment, the members of the Association receive a weekly allowance, commencing with the first week of sickness, and continuing so long as the sickness may continue, not exceeding one year, according to the amount of their payment. Persons wishing to become members of the Association, can obtain a copy of the Constitution and Rules, by calling at the Office, No. 74 Water street, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock, A. M. and 7 and 8 o'clock, P. M. Persons residing out of the city, can have a copy of the Constitution and Rules, by addressing a letter to the Secretary, post paid, containing a stamp to pay the return postage.

JOHN M'CLURKAN,
HENRY WOODS,
PETER M. FRIEL,
JAMES SCOTT,
Committee.

R. R. BARR, SCOTT—Dr. Sir: Early in the Spring of 1853, I was taken down with a violent cough, which I could not stop, and was reduced to a state of great debility, attended with night sweats, &c. Being in the last stage of consumption, I was induced to try your Pectoral Balsam, which I did, and in a few days after I was able to sit up, and in a few weeks was able to walk about the house. I continued to use it, and was able to go to my business in a few weeks, and have been able to do my business ever since, which I attribute to the use of your Balsam. Yours, &c. The above is a true statement of the case of my son, which I have read to him, and he says he is willing to make it public if it will be of any benefit to the public. JOHN SCOTT, 140 Third st.

jan16

☞ **FARM OF SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES FOR SALE.**—The subscriber offers a small Farm, situated in Franklin Township, Allegheny county, Pa., having a new Log House, (with a stone chimney and substantial) 2 stable, a good orchard of apple trees in bearing, &c. This farm is of excellent quality and is in a healthy location, with good water. The premises are in good order, due to a recent proprietorship of twenty years. For terms, &c., apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third street.

jan30

☞ **A FARM OF 100 ACRES FOR SALE.**—Situated in Ross Township, Allegheny Co., near Perrysville, on the road leading to Pittsburgh. The land is well and is of good quality, and almost entirely cleared, in good fence repair, and is well watered. The farm is in good cultivation, and is