# Daily Morning Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:::::::::FEBRUARY 1.


☞ Reading Matter will be found on each Page of this Paper.

☞ S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., *Newspaper Advertising Agents*, are the Agents for the Pittsburgh Daily and Weekly *Post*, and are authorized to receive ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS for us at the same rates as required at this office. Their receipts are regarded as payments. Their offices are at NEW YORK, 122 NASSAU STREET, BOSTON, 10 STATE STREET.

**MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.**

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

**News of the Day.**

Two young Germans, named Leverich, were arrested in New York, a few days since, on a charge of swindling, for selling colored waters for "Old Brandy," "Sherry," and "Port."

Our Harrisburg letter will be found interesting. It is a new correspondent. He asks some questions which our citizens can answer if they choose. This session of the Legislature will be one of much interest, and letters from Harrisburg will doubtless be generally read. It will be found on the first page.

Mr. Mailman, a tobacco merchant of Trenton, was drowned on Sunday afternoon, near Leeds' Point, N. J., while crossing Great Bay in company with Mr. Socy. The boat upset, and Mr. Socy, by clinging to it, succeeded in reaching the shore, two hours after the accident, but Mr. M., less fortunate, sank to the bottom.

Grisi and Mario are making a ten-strike in Boston, the only one by the way, they have yet made. For the two weeks ending on Saturday, the receipts reached $30,000, On Monday evening, the house was again crowded, and the indications are that the third and fourth weeks will be equally profitable with those which have preceded.

**NO REFORM AT ALL.**

We have read carefully the bill providing for the abolition of the Board of Canal Commisioners, and the substitution of another system of management of the public works of the Commonwealth. This long promised measure is at length before the public, and open to discussion. It is rather a notable fact that most of the newspapers of this city of all parties pronounce it, almost unanimously, no reform at all. Such we think will be the general impression when the bill is read.

For our part we confess our surprise that such a bill has emanated from the new party that now has control of the lower House of the Legislature. We thought that party was in favor of reform, economy, and the rule of the people. So far as economy is concerned, the proposed measure *increases* the public expenditures in the management of the canals and railroads of the State. The salaries of the three Canal Commissioners and their clerk together amount to less, we believe, than six thousand dollars per year. The new bill provides for a Superintendent whose salary is to be three thousand dollars; a Chief Engineer, whose salary is to be twenty-five hundred dollars; and for one Chief Clerk for each of said officers, the salary of each clerk to be fifteen hundred dollars. These salaries together amount to eight thousand five hundred dollars, or about two thousand five hundred dollars a year more than under the present arrangement. More money is thus to be paid, and less service secured. The bill also provides for additional clerk hire, if it is needed. The bill makes no provision for the reduction of officers and services on the lines of the several roads and canals. The same number of subordinate officers may be retained, and at the same salaries as at present. This bill then, is not recommended by any consideration of economy. It provides for no reduction of expenses, that we can see. It increases them. It provides no safeguards against fraud or mismanagement that do not now exist.

But the grand feature of the new bill is its reinauguration of the "one man power," as a substitute for the direct action and control of the people. The people now *elect* the Canal Commissioners, and thus select their own agents to manage their own property. The new bill proposes to take this power from the people, and give it to one man who bears, for a brief time, the title of Governor. This is evidently founded on the assumption that the people are incompetent to select their own agents, and manage their own affairs. A man lately taken from their ranks is supposed to be far better qualified for the task, and to him this large increase of executive patronage is to be given.

It seems to be the general impress on now, and evidently a correct impression, that our State and National Executives have too much patronage within their control; and the tendency of legislation in this State for some years has been to reduce that patronage by making more of the offices elective.

But the bill providing for the abolition of the Canal Board, now before our Legislature, is a reform, if reform it can be called, in the opposite direction. It will increase largely the patronage of the State Executive, and take from the people some of the powers they have heretofore chosen to exercise for themselves.

This argument, it is true, is old. But it is equally true that it was never yet repudiated or condemned by the people. We are in favor of the election of as many officers as possible by the people directly. But the bill in relation to the Canal Board proposes to abridge the power of the people, and enlarge that of the Governor, by giving him the distribution of more offices and will "spoils." We see no signs of reform in the measure proposed. If some plan can be devised by which money can be saved; frauds prevented; and the public works made more productive, none will object to it. But the new bill promises nothing of the kind.

**THE CUSTOM HOUSE ROBBERY.**

We understand an effort is in progress at Washington to have our Custom House Collector of this city relieved from liability for the $10,000, of which the vaults of the building were robbed some time ago. An act of Congress is required for the purpose.

We see no occasion for such haste in the matter. When the officer is released from liability all efforts to detect the robbers or find the money may cease. Were we the officer we would prefer to have an open and thorough investigation of the matter, and wait till the end of the term of office before asking relief. The public would be better satisfied. The thief or thieves might yet be discovered, and the money recovered. We hope Congress will wait a *year* longer at least before taking any action in the matter.

APOINTMENTS BY THE POST MASTER GENERAL.—Theodore Wright, Esq., the editor of the Lyceming *Gazette*, to be Post Master at Williamsport, in the place of J. S. Maxwell, Esq., resigned; Samuel R Webster, Post Master at Hellers town, Northampton county, vice M. A. Leidig; Joseph Chambers, Post Master at Tylersburg, Clarion county, Pa., vice J. J. Livingston, removed.

THE CLEVELAND JUDICIARY.—The *Plaindealer*, under the head of "Police Doings," says: "No Court this morning, on account of the absence of Judge Barr. The last seen of the Judge he was wending his way to the Cleveland and Erie Railroad Depot, with a can of oysters under his arm."

**FERNANDO WOOD AND FERDINAND VOLZ.**

The gentleman last above named was elected lately as Mayor of New York. He was the Democratic candidate. Immediately on entering upon the duties of his new office, he commenced a system of reformatory measures with a diligence, good judgment and energy that took all the inhabitants of Gotham by surprise. He opened a book in which all citizens might record complaints of nuisances, immoralities, obstructions to streets, and every other evil to which the dwellers in a great city are subject. But this was not all. The complaints were not neglected. As soon as recorded, officers were despatched to abate the nuisance, and correct the evils; and in a few short weeks Fernando Wood has effected more reforms, and done more to restrain vice and immorality, and improve the condition of New York city, than his predecessors had done for years. He has proved himself one of the greatest and most energetic reformers of the age; and now we find the press of that city, without distinction of party, are praising the energetic and public spirited Mayor without stint. All good citizens applaud him; none but wrong-doers dislike him; and they dread and obey him.

We need just such a reformer in Pittsburgh; one who will attend to his public duties constantly, and faithfully. We need a Mayor who will let politics alone, and do his duty without regard to the chances of a re election. Will Mr. Volz prove himself such a man? We shall see. We supported Mr. Volz while a candidate. Now that he is elected for one year more, we will applaud him for every good act he does; and we will speak with equal freedom of his short-comings in duty. Mr. V. now stands clear of party trammels, and has an excellent opportunity to make an efficient officer. If he will let politics alone, and let councilmen attend to their duties, while he does his, all will be well, and the city be much benefitted by his administration.

It is within the scope of a Mayor's duties to see that the broken walls of buildings destroyed by fire are taken down, and not left to fall upon and crush the passers by. If he will look at the front wall of a building lately burned on Fourth street, he will see some signs of danger. But we shall not undertake to enumerate the duties of the office; and cannot do better than to recommend to our Mayor to read the account of the reforms effected by Mayor Wood, of New York, and do likewise, so far as is proper for this city. Ofte thing Mr. Wood has done in New York. He has shut up the gambling houses. Are there none in this city? Sunday liquor selling can be stopped. But that is not the only reform needed. Huckstering can be checked, and the Mayor *can* do something in that matter. There are many ways in which reforms can be effected. The people have endured mediocrity and "masterly inactivity" long enough. They expect reform and improvement now.

**Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.**

The Philadelphia *North American* in noticing the abstract of the trade and commerce of Pittsburgh, as prepared by our Board of Trade, says with a truth "one of the best measures of a recent date is its (the Board's) establishment." It further observes:

"We may see from the facts we have stated, what a city has risen up in the western section of Pennsylvania. Its population now exceeds a hundred thousand, at the least estimate. In many respects its prosperity is similar to our own. It is the great depot of bituminous coal, as Philadelphia is of anthracite. Pittsburgh furnishes almost all the supplies of fuel for the seaboard population, north and south, while from Pittsburgh is sent the greater part of the supplies of fuel for all the regions bordering on the rivers of the west. If they had their bituminous coal regions in western Pennsylvania as well supplied with railroad facilities as we have our anthracite coal fields here in the east, the trade would soon equal ours. The iron factories of Philadelphia are in Pittsburgh, as the iron factories of the east centre here. It is also a rapidly increasing manufacturing centre like Philadelphia. When it shall have all its projected railroads built the importance of the city will rapidly become more manifest."

Pittsburgh will not be long behind Philadelphia in these arteries of trade. There are now four railroads building that will centre here, in addition to the Ohio and Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania Central, and two of them are approaching completion. When finished, there will be perfect communication with the most valuable portions of the State west of the Alleghenies, as well as the richest agricultural region of Ohio. In the ten years between 1840 and 1850 Pittsburgh increased in population one hundred and ten per cent, and this, too, notwithstanding the great conflagration of 1845, which destroyed one half the business portion and nearly one-third the entire city. In the ten years to come there will undoubtedly be a much larger increase.

UNITED STATES SENATORSHIP IN NEW YORK.—The New York *Times* has a two column article advocating the election (which takes place next Tuesday) of Wm. H. Seward, to the United States Senate. As a majority of the Legislature are supposed to be Know Nothings the editor tries to make Seward one of 'em. It will be remembered that it was under Seward's administration the school fund was divided in New York, for which measure his friends have always claimed that it showed his peculiar love for the Roman Catholics. Now, however, the *Times* says that it was only to bring the children of this denomination under the enlightening influence of common schools and thus loosen the hold of the church upon them. The times are changed; but is Seward changed also? That question will be decided shortly. His friends are confident of his election. We will not believe it at present.

**Accident on the O. & M. Railroad.**

The train of passenger cars on the Ohio and Mississippi road, which left Cincinnati, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday, for Louisville, met with a terrible accident by the breaking of a switch, while crossing a Gravel Pit, near North Bend.

Two of the cars were almost utterly demolished, but by a providence, no one was killed. A brakeman named Mitchel was cut in the forehead so severely that it is feared he will not survive. The confusion and alarm is said to have been indescribable.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be noticed that the partnership between Smith & Sinclair, Wholesale Grocers, has been dissolved. The title of the new firm is Smith, Mair & Hunter. This is a strong firm, and composed of the best men in the city. We felicitate our friend Hunter on his position in the new house, and hope Mercer county will respond to his call.

"FROM THE SUBLIME TO THE RIDICULOUS."—The Railway (N. J.) *Advocate* tells the following good story at the expense of one of the "upper ten" of New York:

Mr. —— is one of the "merchant princes" of the Empire City, and though living in one of the most spacious mansions on the Fifth avenue, his entire family consists of himself and his wife. Meeting a friend from the country one day, he invited him up to view his house. The friend was shown the gorgeous rooms, with tessellated floors and magnificent frescoed ceilings, and finally was taken into the lower rooms, in one of which he found a small regiment of colored servants seated at a bountiful dinner. On his return home he was asked if he had seen Mr. So-and-so? "Oh, yes!" What is he doing now?" "Well, when I saw him, he was *keeping a nigger boarding-house* on the Fifth avenue!"

WARM CLOTHING.—C. Daly, corner of Fifth and Market streets, is still issuing warm clothing to the rich and poor. We recommend the stand to all desirous of obtaining good clothing and cheap.

A LIST OF DESIRABLE STOCKS will be sold this evening, at 7 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by P. M. Davis, Auctioneer.

**Extraordinary Balloon Ascension of a Lady, and Miraculous Escape.**

We announced a few days ago that Miss Louisa Bradley ascended in a balloon at Easton, Pa., on the 25th inst., and that she made a miraculous escape from death. It appears that she filled the balloon with gas from one of the street mains, that it was made of old silk, and that she knew very little about the business she had undertaken. The balloon ascended at first about 20 feet, when she made a short address to the crowd of people. It then rose gently, still held by the rope, until she was one hundred feet from the ground, when she cut the cord, and the balloon arose perpendicularly, with great velocity, until she had reached a mile, or a mile and a quarter. A spectator says:

When she reached this height she states that the balloon, which was not entirely filled when it left the earth, expanded, until the gas began to escape at the seams, and became very offensive to her. She had been so absorbed by the enchanting prospect spread out beneath her, which she says was magnificent beyond the power of language to describe, that she had not noticed the balloon. The escape of gas alarmed her, and she pulled the valve rope, but permitted but little gas to escape, as she was afraid she would fall into the Delaware, which was directly beneath her. In a few moments after this the balloon collapsed, and to our horror and alarm, we saw her fall with frightful rapidity for the distance of six or seven hundred feet, her progress then being checked, from what cause we below could not see, although we then observed that she was descending quite slowly.

It seems that when the balloon burst it was torn into ribands, except the lower part or neck of the balloon. So completely was the upper part torn to pieces, that large pieces of silk blew away, and the remainder hung down even below the car. When she had fallen this distance, the neck of the balloon suddenly blew up, turning inside out, and catching against the work, formed a parachute which bore her safely to the ground. She came down in an open field, and so lightly did the car strike the earth that she says there was not the slightest jar.

**The House of Refuge Bill—The Attack upon Mr. Darsie.**

[From the Correspondence of the North American.]

HARRISBURG, January 27, 1855.

Yesterday there was an animated debate in the House, on the supplement to the act to establish a House of Refuge for Western Pennsylvania. The supplement provided, among other things, that the Trustees of the institution should have the power to bind out, until they arrived at the age of twenty-one, female infants, who were committed after they had passed the age of sixteen. The particular section, as well as the policy of the "binding" system and the provisions of existing laws, were all involved in the discussion. The debate was generally creditable to the House, and some of the speakers treated the subject with remarkable clearness and vigor. Others were more discursive and less effective. Among the latter was Mr. M'Cammont, of Venango county, a young man and new member, but promising to become of the unenviable class of "talkers." He is a lawyer, afflicted with the *cacoethes loquendi*, and not successful in his selection of fitting times and subjects for the display of his powers. He had no good taste, yesterday, to make a violent, ungentlemanly and unprovoked attack upon Mr. Darsie, who had read the bill in place in the Senate, at the request of the officers of the institution. He denounced its provisions as tyrannical, anti-republican, unworthy of the American people, in conflict with American principles, and as a proper measure for the advocacy of a person born in a foreign country, and bred under a monarchical government. His language was bitter and abusive, and the more offensive, as Mr. Darsie happened at the time to be in the Hall of the House. He was very handsomely rebuked for his immaners by Mr. Kirkpatrick, of Allegheny, a Democratic American, who protested against such treatment of so able, honest and efficient a Senator, and so respectable a gentleman, as Mr. Darsie—and explained the powers asked for to be not more extensive than have for years been exercised by the Trustees of a similar institution in Eastern Pennsylvania, and without any complaint of their injustice.

Several other speakers referred in decided terms to the attack upon Mr. Darsie, and took occasion to comment severely upon the impertinence which had suggested it. Mr. M'Cammont has materially impaired his standing in the body of which he is a member, by this movement, and will be required to practise more circumspection of conduct, before he can recover the ground he has lost by this breach of decorum. Mr. Darsie has not his superior, in the qualities that are indispensable to a successful legislator, in either House; nor will a greater influence in the Legislature; and none is more respected for his rigid pursuit of right.

**Col. Kinney's Central American Expedition.**

[Special Despatch to the New York Daily Times.]

WASHINGTON, Monday, January 29.—The report that the President is about to issue a Proclamation against the Kinney Expedition is untrue. Secretary Marcy has received a letter from Col Kinney, formally denying any hostile intent and declaring the purpose of the Expedition to be simply peaceable colonization, and the establishment of a municipal Government for themselves. He protests that he is entirely opposed to illegal marauding enterprises, and that he has no intention of violating any rule of common or public law.

☞ **What, or which is the best Worm Destroyer?** is a question daily and hourly asked by parents, and—as for the health of their children. All who are at all acquainted with the article, will immediately answer, DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE. It has never been known to fail, and is one of the safest remedies that can be used. A friend of ours lately handed us the following statement in reference to this Vermifuge:

NEW YORK, September 23, 1852.

GENTLEMEN:—A young lady of my acquaintance had been for a long time very much troubled with worms. I advised her to try Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. She accordingly purchased and took one vial, which caused her to discharge an unusually large quantity of worms. She was then entirely well. I do not hesitate to recommend your preparation to all parents as a safe, honest and efficient anthelmintic.

Yours, &c., H. S. FLEMING, Treas'r.

N.B.—Remember the GREAT STOCKING CORNER.

feb1tdlyw C. D.

**Accident on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.**

The train of passenger cars on the Ohio and Mississippi road, which left Cincinnati, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday, for Louisville, met with a terrible accident by the breaking of a switch, while crossing a Gravel Pit, near North Bend.

Two of the cars were almost utterly demolished, but by a providence, no one was killed. A brakeman named Mitchel was cut in the forehead so severely that it is feared he will not survive. The confusion and alarm is said to have been indescribable.

☞ **Consumption and Spitting Blood.**—See the certificate of Mr. Turner II Ramsey, for many years proprietor of the Farmers' Hotel, Fredericksburg, Va., and late of the City Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Dr. John Mingo, of the city of Richmond, though a regular physician, and of course opposed to what he called quack medicines, was obliged to say that its good effects in the case of Mr. Ramsey, were wonderful indeed.

He had been given up by several physicians; had tried most of the quack medicines, and was on the verge of despair, as well as the grave, when he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture.

We refer the public to his full and lengthy certificate around the bottle, stating his cure.

*** See advertisement. jan11:1m

☞ **The Pleasure and Comfort** of being well fitted in a SUIT OF CLOTHES, is greatly enhanced by having them good, and SUITABLE TO THE SEASON. GRIBBLE has got all that is necessary to effect that great consummation, both as regards fit and quality of goods. Persons wishing to experience all this, and be only moderately charged, can do so by calling at 240 LIBERTY STREET, head of Wood.

P. S.—Pantaloons, in particular, is one of his *greatest forces*. He cannot be beat in the style and fit of this garment. *Numerous references* could be given, if necessary, to corroborate this statement. (dec9) K GRIBBLE


**Public Sale of Choice Stock.**

WILL BE SOLD at the Farm of JESSE GARRARD, in Indiana township, on the canal, a choice lot of Durham and Crossbred Cattle; Southdown and Leicester Sheep; 2 Horses; 2 Milking Cows; 1 two year old Heifer; 1 yearling Heifer; 1 seven month Durham Bull; 1 Bow and 2 Sheats; 170 Sheep, comprising 2 yearling and 4 of last spring (Southdown) Ram Lambs, and 3 Leicester do., all of which are by my two Rams, Brutus and Quaker, for whom I was awarded the two first premiums at the late Allegheny County Fair; 6 good Wethers, and the residue Io lamb Ewes and last year Lambs; 400 bus of Potatoes, consisting in part of 250 bus of Pink eyes, 100 of Reds, and the rest White and Blue Nockancocks; 2 Farm Wagons, Grain and Seed Drill, Corn Drill, Carts, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Hay Rake, and various other farming utensils; 1 stack of Wheat Straw and Hay; one horse Sleigh.

Sale to commence on THURSDAY, 8th of February, at 10 o'clock. Terms cash. This sale will be imperative, as the subscriber is about to leave the Farm.

jan31:w JESSE GARRARD.

**Laundry Blue.**

THIS IS SIMPLY INDIGO DISSOLVED, without injuring any of its properties. It possesses a decided advantage over the undissolved Indigo, on account of the facility with which it can be used and its cheapness; it being a well known fact that not more than one-half of the Indigo can be dissolved in water. Washer women and families will find it a great saving. For sale by

jan30 JOHN HAFT, Jr.

**John W. Butler & Co.,**

FORWARDING AND COMMISION MERCHANTS—Dealers in all kinds of Pittsburgh Manufactures. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, 67 Front street. [mr28

**Simply Starvels for Sale.**

SUITABLE FOR SALT, or other purposes. Apply at the jan16 PEARL STEAM MILL, Allegheny.


## OFFICIAL.

**Proceedings of Common Council.**

MONDAY, January 29th, 1855.

Members present—Messrs. Barr, Black, Caldwell, Duncan, Edgar, Evans, Felix, Getty, Gracey, Griffin, Herdman, Irwin, Kelly, Kennedy, Kirkpatrick, King, Lewis, Little, Muskin, Moorhead, M'Adams, M'Masters, Poor, Scott, Tucker, and President.

The minutes of the two last meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Gracey presented an ordinance authorizing the collection of wharfage on coal-boats.

Read and referred to Committee on Monongahela Wharf.

Mr. Herdman, two communications from R. H. Roberts, President of the Firemen's Association.

Also, a communication from the Allegheny Fire Company.

Referred to Committee on Fire Engines and Hose.

Mr. Duncan, a petition for paving and laying gas pipes on Webster street.

Referred to Committee on Streets.

Mr. M'Masters, a petition for paving Gum street, in the Sixth and Seventh Wards.

Referred to Committee on Streets.

Also, a petition for a fire plug on the corner of Washington and Wylie streets.

Referred to Water Committee.

Mr. Getty, the following resolution:

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose be authorized to contract for 4,500 feet of hose.

Referred to Committee on Fire Engines and Hose.

*Resolved*, That the Street Committee be requested to re-pave Front street west of Redoubt alley to Short street. Also, Second street east of Redoubt alley to Ferry street, making in all two squares.

Mr. Gracey, the following, which was referred to Gas Committee:

*Resolved*, That the Gas Committee be, and are hereby instructed to have gas mains laid on Water street from West street to Liberty, and a lamp to be erected upon the same.

Mr. Getty, the following, which was referred to the Joint Building Committee:

*Resolved*, That the Joint Building Committee of the Market House Association be requested to have the roof of the Market House repaired as soon as the weather will permit.

Mr. Duncan, the following, which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Whereas, On a number of the streets that have been paved by the city, and the owners of the lots have refused or neglected to pave the side walks as they are requested by ordinance—and some of the city officers say they have no authority to compel them to do it, therefore

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Streets be, and is hereby requested to have an act passed by the legislature, giving the city officers power to compel the owners of lots to pave the sidewalks.

Mr. Getty, the following bills, which were referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts:

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm S Haven | $58.20 |
| James W. Biddle | 18.00 |
| Murphy and Burchfield | 10 75 |
| Hays and Getty | 7.88 |

On all of which action the S. C. concurred.

Mr. Edgar, a communication from the Guardians of the Poor notifying Council of the expiration of the term of office, as Guardians of the Poor, of R. H Hartley and John Lightner, elected by C. C. And on motion, it was agreed that when Council adjourns, it will meet on the first Tuesday in February next, at 7 o'clock P. M.

Also, a communication from the Board of Health, notifying Councils of the expiration of term of office of B. C. Sawyer, H. N. Speer and M W. Lewis.

The Clerk of the S. C. notified the C. C. that that body were ready to go into a joint meeting for the purpose of electing Members of the Board of Health and City Printers.

And the Councils having so met, M. W. Lewis, B. C. Sawyer and H N Speer were elected members of the Board of Health. The *Gazette* and *Post* were elected City Printers.

The S C then retired to their chamber.

The Clerk of the S. C. communicated a resolution to pay Gas Company $5,598,60. In S. C. passed.

Action non concurred in, and referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts.

The other business came as S. C.


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Dissolution of Partnership.**

THE PARTNERSHIP lately existing between the undersigned, under the firm of SMITH & SINCLAIR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by Wm. H. Smith, who will continue the old stand, where the books and papers may be found. Former firm's partners are authorized to sign the name of the late firm in closing up its business.

February 1, 1855. WM H. SMITH, WM M. SINCLAIR.

WM. M. MAIR, late SMITH & SINCLAIR. JOS. R. HUNTER.

**Smith, Mair & Hunter,**

(Late Smith & Sinclair)

WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 112 Wood and 111 Front streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a partnership under the name, style, and will succeed Smith & Sinclair in the above business, in the house recently occupied by the late firm. They respectfully ask from the customers of the former house a continuance of their favors, and they can offer to their patrons as favorable terms and as good articles as can be found elsewhere.

WM. H. SMITH, WM. M. MAIR, JOS. R. HUNTER.

IN RETIRING from the firm of Smith & Sinclair, I would most cheerfully recommend the house of Smith, Mair & Hunter, as successors of the late firm, to my friends and customers. (feb1) WM M. SINCLAIR.

**MANSION HOUSE.**

GEORGE AURENTZ, PROPRIETOR, NO. 84 LIBERTY STREET, just beside the Passenger Depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which makes it the most convenient house in the city for passengers arriving by that road.

The Proprietor having, at considerable expense, fitted up in excellent style, the MANSION HOUSE, would respectfully ask the attention of public patronage. There is attached a spacious STABLE and extensive WAGON YARD, affording ample accommodation to travelers and teamsters. His Bar and Bar will be furnished with the best the market can afford feb1tp

OFFICE OHIO AND PENNA. R. R. CO.,

Pittsburgh, January 29th, 1855.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Ohio and Penna. R. R. Co. that on and after the 15th day of February, a Dividend of five per cent. for the last six months, payable in the Stock of the Company, at par, will be paid to the Stockholders as their Stock stood on the books of the Company on the 1st day of January. Those Stockholders on the Philadelphia books will be paid at the office of the Company, and those on the New York books at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co. Scrip certificates will be issued for the fractional parts of a share.

feb1tdlawtwfeb15 H. S. FLEMING, Treas'r.

**NOTICE.**

DALY'S STOCKING MANUFACTORY,

*No. 20 Fifth street, first corner above Market street,*

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WHERE WILL be found the largest and best assorted stock of HOSIERY ever offered for sale in this city. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at this establishment and examine for themselves. It is all I need to insure the custom. C. DALY.

N. B.—Remember the GREAT STOCKING CORNER.

feb1ly C. D.

CONTINUATION OF THE

**GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF A. A. MASON & CO.,**

AND STILL FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICES.

A. A. MASON & CO. will continue their sale through the month of February. Their immense stock will be again marked down and offered at still greater reduction in prices feb1

**Patrick McKenna,**

ALDERMAN OF THIRD WARD, OFFICE, CORNER OF GRANT AND FIFTH STREETS, (formerly occupied by Alderman Lewis,) where all business pertaining to the office of Alderman and Justice of the Peace will be promptly attended to. feb1dm

(Gazette copy.)

EIGHT ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND FOR SALE—In a pleasant location, at about a quarter of a mile from Mast Liberty and the Pennsylvania Railroad Station; with a Dwelling House and Stable, a variety of bearing Fruit Trees, a large Garden, and good Water. The land is all cleared and under good fence. Price $1,000. For terms, &c., apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, feb1 140 Third street.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—A Lot of 20 feet front on M'Kee street by 80 deep, situated in Birmingham. Price $200.

Also, 2 lots situated in East Birmingham, each having a front of 20 feet on Meadow street by 60 deep. Price of each $125.

feb1 Real Estate Office, No. 140 Third street.

NEW MUSIC—Hard Times Come No More: S C. Foster. Minnie Gray; as sung by Sanford's Opera Troupe. Dreaming of Thee Forever: Wallace. Strawberry Girl; with colored frontispiece. I Will Sing No More of Sorrow: Hatton. Bachelor's Lament: Brown. Dream Life Schottisch: Brown. Tremolo Schottisch: Wallace. Shanghai Polka: Warren. Florida Waltz: Marcellhon. Beauties of Vaudeville, containing a choice selection of Scotch Melodies, with lithograph portrait of Burns. The above just received and for sale at the Music Store of JOHN H. MELLOR, feb1 81 Wood street.

HER PET IO SO AP.—This valuable article is used for rendering the skin smooth, soft and delicately white; removing sallowness, pimples, tan, cutaneous eruptions and redness of the skin. For the cure of sore, rough hands, it is unrivalled. Price, 12½ cents a cake. Sold by Jan31 S. L. CUTHBERT, 140 Third st.

NEAR NEW BRIGHTON—A fine Farm of 103 acres, all level land and in a good state of cultivation, with a new Frame House, a good Orchard of grafted fruit, never failing Springs, plenty of Coal, good Barns and tenant House; situated in the neighborhood of Churches, Schools, Mills, &c., and convenient to New Brighton. $38 an acre. For terms, &c., apply at the old established Real Estate Office of S. CUTHBERT & SON, Jan30 140 Third street.

VALENTINES.—A large and beautiful assortment of Comic and Sentimental Valentines, Valentine Cards and Envelopes, just received and for sale, either wholesale or retail, lower than ever before offered in this city. Call at SAMUEL S. LAUFFER'S dec20 No. 57 Wood street.

**Rates of Transportation by Express Reduced.**

AFTER THE FIRST OF FEBRUARY, there will be a reduction of TWENTY FIVE PER CENT. on heavy goods, in lots, from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh.

W. R. BARROLL, jan29:3t Agent for the Adams Express Company.

COTTON WASTE—10 bags in store and for sale by jan30 J. W. BUTLER & CO.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.


☞ **Pure Hope for the Sick.**—DR. MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR OR CORDIAL.—The startling cures of nervous disease wrought by this marvel-working restorative has awakened the public mind from the apathy with which innumerable disappointments had accustomed it to regard what are called "patent medicines." It is not too much to say, that nothing short of miraculous interposition has ever produced such rapid relief to the feeble and suffering. Thousands of both sexes, whose nervous systems were utterly prostrate, some of whom were bed-ridden, and others merely tottering over the earth's surface, apparently broken in constitution and on the high road to the grave, have been restored, by two or three courses of the Elixir, to robust health. The Agent has the proofs and evidences in his hands, and is prepared at all times to exhibit them. The medicine only requires facts to sustain it. Ladies who for years had been suffering from the worst complications of the peculiar difficulties to which too many of the sex are subject, have been relieved in less than one month; casting off, as if by enchantment, the lassitude, pain, nervous irritation, low spirits, and debility, and becoming active, healthy and cheerful. The INVIGORATING ELIXIR is indeed a godsend to the feeble sex—restoring to regularity every intermitted function, and in many instances blessing the despairing wife with maternal joys. Nor is it less certain in its action upon man, whether weakened by excess, or suffering from constitutional debility, nervousness, dyspepsia, liver disease, or any other disorder that impairs the integrity of the virile function.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle; two for five dollars; six for twelve dollars. C. H. RINO, *Proprietor*,

192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and the West Indies.

AGENTS.

FLEMING & BROS., No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do

R. R. SELLERS & CO., No. 67 Wood street.

J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City. Jan27:dlaw

☞ **Proclamation.**—Whereas, the extraordinary and unprecedented demand for that invaluable preparation, WRIGHT'S PREMIUM KATHARION, has induced envious persons to palm off other articles similar in name and appearance, but absolutely worthless, which has a tendency to injure the reputation of the genuine article, purchasers should be particular to ask for *Wright's* Premium Katharion, and they may rely on receiving an article unequalled for its virtues for restoring a decayed head of hair, for a cool, refreshing and delightful application during the hot weather, removing all disagreeable sensations of dizziness and headache, and for the toilet it has never had an equal for its pleasant and delightful fragrance.

Its thousands of testimonials are a sufficient guarantee for its completely restoring a decayed head of hair; for removing all dandruff; for preventing its falling off, whether from sickness or disease; and for entirely dispensing with the necessity of using hair dyes, as it excites the secretions, producing a supply of its natural pigment or coloring matter, giving into hair a dark, glossy appearance, with a vigorous growth.

For sale by every druggist in the city, and by druggists and merchants throughout the United States.

A liberal discount to wholesale dealers.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

PETER T. WRIGHT & CO., 241 Market st., Philadelphia.

For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Jan17:dawfsn is

☞ **Piles.**—W. JENKINS, Esq., of Columbus, Ohio Secretary of the Ohio Insurance Company, who was taken to New York in extreme debility, with Piles, to have an operation performed by the celebrated Dr. Mott, as the only chance to save his life, accidentally heard of the PAIN EXTRACTOR, states, "For years my disease defied medical skill, and grew worse until life became intolerable. As soon as I commenced using the Salve I rested in bed for the night the first time in many months, the frequency of the discharges abated, and in a few weeks the dysenteric secretion was entirely suppressed, and from that time to this I have felt NO PAIN, NO BONESET, NO DISEASE, and am now as strong and hearty as ever."

CORNS AND BUNIONS can be cured with DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR by rubbing some of it in, on, and around the parts morning and evening, keeping on a small quantity spread on linen. It completely draws out the Corns. Persons lamed with Corns and Bunions—unable to wear boots, and some walking on crutches, have been completely and successfully cured by it.

C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Proprietors, New York.

For sale by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States. Jan22:6w

☞ **To the Ladies:—**

No greater happiness can mortals find,
Than saving trouble to all womankind.
Read and reflect, ye daughters fair of Eve,
Dry up your tears, no longer need you grieve.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS FOR FEMALES. Twenty-five years of unparalleled success have proved the virtue of these celebrated Pills in New York. Can be safely used in all painful irregularities, obstructions, &c. Full and explicit directions with each box. Call and get a circular gratis.

These Pills should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would be sure to cause a miscarriage. Warranted purely Vegetable, and free from anything injurious to life or health. Directions accompany each box. Price $1 per box. Jan6

☞ **Notice to Stockholders.**—OFFICE ALLEGHANY NAVIGATION COMPANY, Pittsburgh, January 1, 1855.—In accordance with the Charter, a general meeting of the Stockholders of the ALLEGHANY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at their office, No. 74 Water street, Pittsburgh, on the FIRST TUESDAY (6th day) of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place the report of the President and Managers for the past year, and a statement of the affairs of the Company, will be presented. And at 12 o'clock, M., an election for President and Board of Managers for the ensuing year will be held. [jan1] J. GIBSON, Secretary.

NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, NO. 76 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. *CHARTER PERPETUAL.*

Authorized Capital, $300,000.

ASSETS LIABLE FOR THE LOSSES OF THE COMPANY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stocks, bonds, (negotiable form,) secured by Mortgages and Judgments | $100,000 |
| In bills Receivable, Mortgages and Judgments, Bonds, &c | 106,000 |
| In Cash, Cash Assets and Cash Items | 47,000 |
| Total | $253,000 |

J. CADWALADER, President. G. H. IRISH, Secretary.

☞ Fire, Marine and Inland Transportation risks, taken at current rates.

*REFERENCES.*

PITTSBURGH.

Kramer & Bahm, Outling, Robertson & Co.,
S. Holmes & Sons, Wm. Bagaley & Co.,
J. A. Hutchison & Co., D. Leech & Co.,
Murphy, Thomas & Co.

PHILADELPHIA.

Wainright, Huntington M. L. Hollowell & Co.,
& Floyd, David S. Brown & Co.,
C. H. & Geo. Abbott, Wood & Oliver,
Gaston & Lamachia, Caleb Cope & Co.,
Chas. Macgregor & Co., Drexel & Co., Bankers,
Thos. Wilson D. Kelsey, Scott, Hodge & Co.,
Harris, Hale & Co., Deal, Milligan & Co.
J. BANKS KNOX, Agent,
No. 114 Water street, Pittsburgh.

**PITTSBURGH**

**Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;**

*OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET,*

**MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.**

JAMES S. HOON, President.

CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary.

This Company only makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Inland and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss and Damage by Fire, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest r