The 11th Commandment.

T. S. Arthur tells a good story about a loving couple in New Jersey, who belong to the Methodist church. A new presiding elder, Mr. N., was expected in that district; and as the ministers all stopped with brother W. and his wife, every preparation was made to give him a cordial reception. The honest couple thought that religion, in part, consisted in making some parade, and therefore the parlor was put in order, a nice fire was made, and the kitchen replenished with cake, chickens, and every delicacy preparatory to cooking.

While Mr. W. was out at his wood pile, a plain looking, coarsely dressed, but quiet-like pedestrian came along and inquired the distance to the next town. He was told that it was three miles. Being very cold, he asked permission to enter and warm himself. Assent was given very grudgingly, and both went into the kitchen. The wife looked daggers at this untimely intrusion, the stranger had on cow-hide boots, an old hat, and a threadbare, but neatly patched coat. At length she gave him a chair beside the Dutch oven which was baking nice cakes for the presiding elder, who was momentarily expected, as he was was to preach the next day at the church a mile or two beyond.

The stranger, after warming himself, prepared to leave, but the weather became more inclement, and as his appetite was roused by the viands about the fire he asked for some little refreshment ere he set out for a cold walk to the town beyond. Mrs. W. was displeased, but on consultation with her husband, some cold bacon and bread were set on an old table, and he was then somewhat gruffly told to eat. It was growing dark, and hints were thrown out that the stranger had better depart, as it was three long miles to town. The wife grew petulant as the new preacher did not arrive, and her husband was whistling the air of "Auld Lang Syne," while he thought of the words of the hymn—

"When I can read my title clear," and felt as if he could order the stranger off without any further ado.

The homely meal was at last concluded—the man thanked him kindly for the hospitality he had received, and opened the door to go. But it was quite dark, and the clouds denoting a storm filled the heavens.

"You say it is full three miles to D——?"

"I do," said Mr. W. coldly; "I said so when you first stopped, and you ought to have pushed on, like a prudent man. You could have reached there before it was quite dark."

"But I was cold and hungry, and might have fainted by the way."

The manner of saying this touched the farmer's feelings a little

"You have warmed and fed me, for which I am thankful. Will you not bestow another act of kindness upon one in a strange place, and, if he goes out in the darkness, may lose himself and perish in the cold?"

The particular form in which this request was made, and the tone in which it was uttered put it out of the farmer to say no.

"Go in there and sit down," he answered, pointing to the kitchen, "and I will see my wife and hear what she says."

And Mr. W. went into the parlor where the supper table stood, covered with snow white cloth, and displaying his wife's set of blue sprigged china, that was only brought out on special occasions.

The tall mould candles were burning thereon, and on the hearth blazed a cheerful fire.

"Hasn't that old fellow gone yet?" asked Mrs. W. She heard his voice as he returned from the door

No, and what do you suppose? He wants us to let him stay all night!"

"Indeed, we'll do no such thing! We can't have the likes of him in the house now. Where could he sleep?"

"Not in the best room, even if Mr. N. should not come."

"No, indeed!"

"But, really, I don't see, Jane, how we can turn him out of doors. He doesn't look like a very strong man, and it's dark and cold, and full three miles to D——"

"Its too much; he ought to have gone on while he had daylight, and not lingered here, as he did, till it got dark."

"We can't turn him out of doors, Jane, and its no use to think of it. He'll have to stay, somehow."

"But what can we do with him?"

"He seems like a decent man at least; and doesn't look as if he had anything bad about him. We might make him a bed on the floor somewhere."

"I wish he had been at Guinea before he came here!" said Mrs. W. fretfully. The disappointment the conviction that Mr. N. would not arrive, occasioned her to feel, and the intrusion of so unwelcome a visitor as the stranger, completely unhinged her mind.

"Oh, well," replied her husband, in a soothing voice, "never mind. We must make the best of it. He came to us tired and hungry, and we warmed and fed him. He now asks shelter for the night, and we must not refuse him, nor grant his request in a complaining or a reluctant spirit. You know what the Bible says about entertaining angels unawares."

"Angels! Did you ever see an angel look like him?"

"Having never seen an angel," said the farmer smiling, "I am unable to speak as to their appearance."

This had the effect to call an answering smile from Mrs. W. and a better feeling at her heart. It was finally agreed between them that the man, as he seemed like a decent kind of person, should be permitted to occupy the minister's room, if that individual did not arrive, an event to which they both looked with but little expectancy. If he did come, why the man would have to put up with poor accommodations.

When Mr. W. returned to the kitchen, where the stranger had seated himself before the fire, he informed him that they had decided to let him stay all night. The man expressed in a few words his grateful sense of their kindness, and then became silent and thoughtful. Soon after the farmer's wife, giving up all hope of Mr. N's arrival, had supper taken up, which consisted of coffee, warm short cake and broiled chickens. After all was on the table, a short conference was held as to whether it would do not to invite the stranger to take supper. It was true they had given him as much bread and bacon as he could eat, but then, as long as he was going to stay all night, it looked too inhospitable to sit down to the table and not ask him to join them. So, making a virtue of necessity, he was kindly asked to come to supper—an invitation which he did not decline. Grace was said over the meal by Mr. W., and the coffee poured out, the bread helped, and the meat carved.

There was a fine little boy six years old at the table, who had been brought up and dressed in his best, in order to grace the minister's reception. Charles was full of talk, and the parents felt a mutual pride in showing him off, even before their humble guest, who noticed him particularly, though he had not much to say. "Come, Charley," said Mr. W., after the meal was over, and he sat leaning in his chair, can't you repeat the pretty hymn mamma learned you last Sunday?"

Charley started off without further invitation, and repeated very accurately two or three verses of a new camp meeting hymn, that was just then very popular.

"Now let us hear you say the commandments, Charley," spoke up the mether, well pleased at her child's performance.

And Charley repeated them with the aid of a little prompting.

"How many commandments are there?" asked the father.

The child hesitated, and then, looking up at the stranger, near whom he sat, said innocently—

"How many are there?"

The man thought for some moments, and said, as if in doubt.

"Eleven, are there not?"

"Eleven!" ejaculated Mrs. W., in unfeigned surprise.

"Eleven?" said her husband, with more rebuke than astonishment in his voice. "Is it possible, sir, that you do not know how many commandments there are? How many are there, Charley? Come, tell me—you know, of course."

"Ten," replied the child.

"Right, my son," returned Mr. W., looking with a smile of approval on the child. "Right. There isn't a child of his age in ten miles who can't tell you there are ten commendments."

"Did you ever read the Bible, sir?" addressing the stranger.

[CONCLUSION TO-MORROW.]

A FEROCIOUS RAT.—In Salem, (Mass.,) on Sunday evening, the 22d ult., a little child, who had been put to bed by its mother a short time previous, commenced screaming violently, and on examination it was found that a rat had bitten and torn all the fingers on one of its hands, and the little one was completely covered with blood.

☞ The best evidence of the superior economy and the efficiency of a paid fire department is exhibited in Cincinnati, which has saved the city during the last six months *seventy* per cent. of the expense, and the insurance companies of that city *fifty* per cent. of the loss.

Daily Morning Post.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING::::::::::::NOVEMBER 6.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

PAPERS WANTED.—If any of our subscribers can furnish us with two *Morning Posts* of October 18th, and two do of October 22d, it will confer a great favor.

News of the Day.

A St. Louis paper of Thursday, announces that Madame de Vries will give that evening her *last* farewell concert.

Cincinnati, Ohio, has four Medical Schools, the lectures of which are attended by the following number of students:—Ohio Medical College 53; Miama 45; Eclectic 156; American 40.

A letter from South Bend, Indiana, states that the Bank of South Bend has stopped payment, and that another of the neighboring Free Banks is expected to follow suit.

In Pottsville, Pa., Dr. Atlee, of Philadelphia, recently removed an Ovarion tumor from Mrs. Miner, which weighed thirty pounds, and contained four gallons of albuminous fluid. The patient is recovering.

James Baxter, George L. Baxter, and Edward and Aaron Keene, charged with a series of robberies on the Mad River Railroad depot, at Sandusky, have been found guilty, and sentenced—the first to four, and the three latter to three years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

A great decline in real estate is taking place in New York New stores in Chambers street and the neighborhood, which could easily be rented on the list of May at $8,000 per year, are now offered at a yearly rental of $4,000, with no takers.

The fifteen fugitive slaves who escaped from St. Louis a short time ago, have not yet been captured. The officers in pursuit traced them to Illinoistown, opposite to St. Louis, where they were shipped on the Keokuk boat in boxes marked goods. Arriving at Keokuk, they proceeded across the country to Wisconsin and are now very probably safe in Canada.

Thomas F. Meagher commenced a series of lectures before the Mercantile Library Company of St. Louis, on Wednesday evening last Mr. M. narrowly escaped destruction at the recent collision on the Great Western Railroad, in Canada. The sole of his shoe was taken off, and his coat torn from his back. He was foremost in rendering assistance to the wounded

Mrs. E. P. Lesdernier made her first appearance on the New York boards on Thursday evening, as Evadne, in Shiel's tragedy of that name. Her debut was a successful one—the critics all joining in pronouncing it the best performance for a novice ever given in New York. This lady, it will be remembered, gave Shakspearian readings throughout Ohio and other parts of the West last winter. She is a fine elocutionist.

KING KAMMEHAMHA.—The King of the Sandwich Islands has got a new cloak; and no European despot has got a better or more costly one. It has cost about a million dollars. There is a go d deal of "fuss and feathers" about it, for a considerable portion of it is made of rare feathers, procured from birds difficult to catch; and which have each of them only two feathers of the kind. The cost of procuring the feathers is nearly half a dollar each; and it takes a vast quantity to make such a cloak. If the Sandwich Islands are annexed to the United States, to whom will that cloak belong? That is a question of much importance, and we fear its solution will put an end to all hopes of annexation in that direction. Royalty bedecked in such costly cloaks would be no very valuable acquisition after all. But the islands, without the prince and the feathers, every one would probably be glad to have become a part of our wide republic.

THE OYSTER PANIC.—The alarm about the oysters this year has subsided; and it is now generally considered a groundless panic. The oyster-fishers of the Chesapeake were running their oysters into New York so abundantly as to injure the trade of the New York oyster-men. To stop it, the New Yorkers slandered the Chesapeake oysters. In retaliation, the New York oysters were condemned. Out of this rivalry the panic has probably arisen. But the proof seems to be conclusive that the oysters of this year are as safe and wholesome as usual. We believe it is so, and are glad to be able to come to that conclusion, for we like them, and have as yet experienced no inconvenience from their use. A failure of the oyster crop would deprive a large portion of the people of this country of a cheap luxury, and diminish to some extent the quantity of food.

TICKETS AND CANDIDATES.—The New York *Herald* says that there are not less than sixteen parties of all shades in existence in that State, and over one thousand candidates in nomination for the various offices from Governor down to councilman. So delightfully are political matters mixed up there that all parties and all candidates are sanguine of success. The Empire State is a great institution politically considered, and such is the division of its parties that the success of either will be the triumph of no principle; will indicate nothing as to the general sentiment of the mass of the people, and exert no influence on national affairs. With but two parties in the field with crowned and cordial principles at stake, the popular will is spoken effectually; but scrub races, like the present, "are sound and fury," and signify nothing.

A SPECULATION.—There is a wealthy old Indian out in Kansas who offers $10,000 in money, 500 houses, and 4 sections of land to any respectable white man who will marry his daughter. She is about thirty years of age, not very handsome, but nearly white, and a very nice Indian woman. She is aware of her father's offer, and declares herself willing to close the bargain if a white man who will treat her well offers himself. $10,000 in cash—the 500 houses would be worth about as much more; and the four sections of land, say four thousand dollars, with a wife nearly white, and with a good disposition, is a strong temptation. The young bachelors, however, need not all speak at once; for there is a young fellow out there who signs himself E. F. R.; and, by the tone of his letter, has evidently made up his mind to marry "the gal."

BOYS SHOT IN NEWCASTLE, PA., ON HOLY EVE.—Three boys—Aaron Miller, Shoff and Quimby—while celebrating this event last Tuesday evening, were peppered pretty severely in the legs by the discharge of a shot gun. The surgeon called in was unable to extract all the little missiles, as many of them entered the tendons and muscles. A Dr. Tidball was bound over to Court charged with firing the gun.

☞ Henry G. Avery, a man who was acquitted in San Francisco, on a charge of murdering his mistress, on the Yankee Blade steamship, has been committed on a charge of forgery at Springfield. He forged the certificate of R. S. Parker to a bill against the New York and New Haven Railroad, Parker being the agent of the New Haven and Springfield Railroad.

ON A "STRIKE."—We learn from the St. Paul's, Minnesota, papers, that the journeymen tailors of that city are on a strike.

Rock Island Railroad Accident.—Gross Exaggeration!

The telegraphic report published on Saturday, of the accident on the Rock Island Railroad, was a gross exaggeration; as it appears no one was killed, and only the following persons in the second passenger car seriously injured:

Mr. Carpenter, badly scalded, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; J. W. Albin, Sarah Albin, Hannah Albin, —— Albin, from Munger county, Ohio—all badly scalded; Mrs. Cox, from Washington county, Iowa, seriously injured: Catharine Laughlin, Washington county, Iowa, injured; Margaret Laughlin, Gettysburg, Pa., seriously injured.

The first passenger car was driven on past the locomotive, and fortunately no one in it was injured. It would seem from their relative positions that it must have passed *over the engine*. The three rear passenger cars were neither thrown off nor broken, and no passengers were injured except in the second car. The accident was occasioned by the breaking of the forward axle of the locomotive truck, which was distinctly seen by the engineer, but before he could stop the train it was thrown off the track.

Horsewomanship Extraordinary at Salem, Ohio.

Salem, Columbiana county, O., throws down the gauntlet and dares the ladies of the entire Union to compete with her own daughters in the noble art of horsewomanship. The riding and driving will take place in the Park of that beautiful town, and the day fixed is Thursday the 16th inst. Miss Willes, who rode so gracefully at our fair, was from Columbiana, and as she is said to be only a fair specimen of what they can do in that region, some tall fun may be expected. We hear of quite a number from this city who intend to be on hand.

The Day of Judgment not Come.

On Tuesday evening, that being the appointed time for the ending of all sublunary things, according to the Millerite belief, some forty of the believers in that doctrine assembled at South Boston, arrayed in white robes, and anxiously awaited the moment when they should make their grand ascension We suppose it was "postponed on account of the weather."

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

The following is the Thanksgiving Proclamation of the editor of the Boston *Herald*, got up in the name of the Governor. The hoax "took" immensely, all his fellow editors copying it, and pronouncing it a model document. It is much better than Governor Washburn's, which was published in the *Atlas* the next day and no' half so long:

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

A PROCLAMATION.

FOR A DAY OF PUBLIC THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE.

In accordance with the time honored custom of our fathers, I do, with the advice and consent of Council, appoint THURSDAY, the thirteenth day of November next, to be observed as a day of Public Thanksgiving and Praise, throughout this Commonwealth.

Sensible of the benefits conferred upon us by an Almighty Power, let us lay aside the cares of ordinary business, and assemble in our respective places of worship on that day, to thank and praise Him from whom these blessings flow

Let us thank Him—That the blessing of PEACE has been maintained within our borders, though other nations are groaning under the horrors of War,—

That the Union of our States in one great COMMONWEALTH has been preserved inviolate—the holy bond of brotherhood maintained unbroken.

That PLENTY has crowned our boards;

The Plague which walketh at noon day has been kept far from us;

Finally, that the Blessings of Civil and Religious Liberty, which our Fathers, sustained by the Almighty arm, fought and obtained, remain to us an unsullied heritage.

I enjoin upon all good people of this Commonwealth to abstain from useless labor and sinful amusement on that day—to set apart for the Praise of Him to whom we derive all good.

Given at the Council Chamber, in Boston, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty four, and of the Independence of the United States the seventy-eighth.

EMORY WASHBURN.

By his Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council

E. M. WRIGHT, Secretary.

God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

From the New York Herald, 31.

The Texas Branch of the Pacific Railroad.

The statement which we publish this morning from Messrs. R. J. Walker and Thomas Butler King, concerning the Texas branch of the Pacific Railroad, (by the southern route,) shows that their contract has thus far been met, and will continue to be met in the regular prosecution of the work. The Texas road, from its eastern terminus, at the boundary line of Louisiana, westward to El Paso del Norte, will be some eight hundred miles in length. For each mile of this road, the State grants to the company some twenty-three thousand acres of land, or a gross amount of over twenty millions of acres to aid in the construction of the road. The company have also the privilege of selecting their lands in the eastern section of the State, even for the average of the western section, which is a comparatively desert region. This privilege can hardly fail to secure the completion of the work to El Paso in good time; and when the road shall have been completed to that point there will be a continuous line from Charleston to El Paso. From the value of the lands granted, the company expect to be paid for the road, and to have a surplus—beyond the cost of setting it in operation—of several hundred thousand dollars, besides the road itself. Yet the work, when completed, will be worth to the State of Texas twenty times the value of the land grants, which are made for it. We hope the work will go on to El Paso. Beyond that point it is all moonshine.

☞ We find the following complimentary notice of our Canal Commissioner elect, in the Chicago Press, a journal sound on all questions of the day—excepting a slight Anti-Nebraska kink:

HON. HENRY S. MCCARTY.—This gentleman has been elected Canal Commissioner of the State of Pennsylvania by an overwhelming majority—larger than was ever before given for any other candidate. For many years we have known Col. Mott intimately, and can say in all good conscience that Pennsylvania has not a more unflinching democrat, nor a more high-minded, honest, and honorable man. He is an officer on whom she can rely in every emergency. Her canals will be managed with great efficiency and credit to the State while Col. Mott has the control of them.

AN INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.—Mr. James Henry, of Pickens county, Ala., who occupied a seat in the legislature of that State last year, has announced himself as the Whig candidate for Congress in the IVth district. He is not to be permitted, though, to "walk over the field," as we perceive by the following communication in the West Alabamian:

Mr.—I am a candidate for Congress against Jim Henry. I am from Bass' precinct, situate, lying and being in the northwest corner of Pickens county, where no one lives within a circuitous county, where no one lives within a circuitous ference of anybody else. I shut myself up in a room last week, with John Bass (be sure and don't print his name without the B,) and myself as delegates, and held a caucus, in which three several ballotings, I was unanimously nominated Jim's opponent. John accepts the honor, and will be in the field during the war."

Yours, (without gas or brass)

JOHN W. BASS.

THE GREAT BELL OF VIENNA.—For a birth day excursion, I yesterday ascended the tower of St. Stephen, which rises up to the enormous height of 439 feet. About 200 feet above the floor we reached the Cathedral bell, the largest in Germany, weighing 85,400 pounds. A small family could live conveniently under the immense structure. It is 11 feet high and 10½ wide. Eight men are required to ring it, and the clapper alone weighs 1,400 pounds. It was cast in 1711 by the Emperor Joseph I., from 180 Turkish cannon taken by the Austrians. At the height of 250 feet is the clock. In the room with the latter is stationed a man to watch for the breaking out of fires in the city and suburbs. He takes the angle by the means of a fine telescope, and on a chart prepared for the purpose, finds the street and house. The alarm is then given. I ascended to the top of the tower, but as it inclines three feet from a perpendicular, and trembles at the slightest blow, I did not remain long at so dizzy a height.—*Correspondence of Northern Advocate.*

THE ARABIA'S MAILS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

EXCHANGE OF ROYAL VISITS.

THE WAR.

Reports as to the fall of Sebastopol have been again circulated simultaneously in Vienna, Paris and London, and large stock operations were *said* to have been made on the faith of these statements, but the public were slow to believe. For the sake of comparing these rumors with the facts which they shall transpire, we may mention that reports say that Fort Constantine was taken on the 11th, and the rest of the defences were speedily carried by storm. Government employees, however, who may be supposed to be wiser than common men, say that "serious intelligence" must not be looked for before the beginning of November.

THE LATEST DESPATCH FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

[From the Moniteur, October 19.]

"The Minister of War has received from the General in Chief of the Army in the East despatches dated October 8. No fresh military operation had been effected since the taking possession of Balaklava. The two armies are established in an excellent military position, the English army drawing its *materiel* and provisions from the port of Balaklava, and the French from two small bays to the north of Cape Chersonesus. This position of the two armies has naturally determined their mode of distribution on the territory before the place of Sebastopol—the English on the French army will have the left of the attack, from the sea to the southern fort. The English army will take the right, from the southern fort to ruins of Inkermann.

"Our army is divided into two corps—the first, under the orders of General Forey, and composed of the third and fourth divisions, will make the siege; the second, under the command of General Bosquet, and comprising the first and second divisions, will form the corps of observation. The Turkish division is placed in reserve according to circumstances. A portion of its divisions will assist in the siege, the other in place; the other part, forming a corps of observation, will be united with the corps of General Bosquet. These arrangements are of a nature to remove all doubt as to the result of the siege which is about to commence. According to the statements of deserters, the spirits of the Russian army appear to be much depressed since its disaster upon the Alma, where it lost from 7,000 to 8,000 men."

THE RECENT BATTLE OF ALMA.

Letters giving details of the battle of Alma continue to be interesting, notwithstanding that public anxiety is on the stretch for news from Sebastopol. Some disapprobation is expressed that the admirals did not land a couple of thousand marines or seamen to relieve the troops of the fatiguing duty of burying the dead and removing the wounded. Slight disagreements have occurred as to the respective merits of the different corps engaged, and especially as to who captured the only Russian gun that was taken. As the words "Grenadier Guards" were found chalked on the gun, that regiment's claim to it certainly seems the best. It is said that the French, to swell the amount of their "glory," included in the list of "killed" those who died of cholera.

It is stated that the Russian infantry and artillery fought well, but the conduct of their cavalry is characterised as "spiritless." No eagle, standard, nor regimental ensign was displayed by the Russians. British accounts say that the Russian loss amounted to seven or eight thousand; but at the allies, remaining masters of the field, had to bury the Russian dead as well as their own, and only buried one thousand two hundred and thirty bodies, the loss seems exaggerated After the battle Lord Raglan issued the following

"GENERAL ORDER.

"HEADQUARTERS, ALMA RIVER, }
"22d September, 1854. }

"The commander of the forces congratulates the troops on the brilliant success that attended their unrivalled efforts in the battle of the 20th instant, on which occasion they carried the most formidable position, defended by a numerous Russian infantry, and a most powerful and numerous artillery. Their conduct was in unison with that of our gallant allies, whose spirited and successful attack on the left of the height occupied by the enemy cannot fail to have attracted their notice and admiration. The commander of the forces thanks the army most warmly for its gallant exertions. He witnessed them with pride and satisfaction, and it will be his pleasing duty to report, for the information, how well they have earned her Majesty's approbation, and how gloriously maintained the honor of the British name. Lord Raglan condoles most sincerely with the troops on the loss of so many gallant officers and brave men, whose memory, it will be a consolation to their friends to feel, will ever be cherished in the annals of our army By order,

"T. B. EYCOURT."

After two days spent in burying the dead and in making the necessary repairs to arms and rearrangement of men, the armies on the 23d commenced their march towards Sebastopol.

FATHER MATTHEW GOING TO MADEIRA FOR HIS HEALTH.

Father Matthew, the Apostle of Temperance, arrived here yesterday at an early hour in the morning, from Cork, by the company's line steamer William the Fourth. The reverend gentleman was at once conveyed to the mansion of William Rathbone, Esq., Greenbank, where he will remain until Tuesday, when he takes his departure for Madeira. The Rev. gentleman, although much broken down by the painful disease under which he has so long suffered, looks not the slightest spirits, for which he was always remarkable. It is to be hoped that the sunny clime to which he goes may contribute to the restoration of his health.

THE AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC CONGRESS.

A letter from Coblentz, of the 14th, says:—"Yesterday evening, the North American ambassador—Mr. Buchanan, from London, and Mr. Soule from Paris—arrived here with a part of their suites. They put up at the "Giant," and are expecting Mr. Soule, from Madrid, to join them this day."

VISIT OF THE EMPEROR AND EMPRESS OF FRANCE TO ENGLAND.—The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Chronicle* thus writes: I understand, from what appears excellent authority, that the talked of visit of the Emperor and Empress of the French to England will take place in the course of the month of November, but I have not heard that the precise day is fixed. I understand that it is expected that Queen Victoria and Prince Albert will return the visit about the middle of May next, when her Majesty will not only be able to see the French Exhibition, which will then be open, but see Paris in all its glory, with the immense improvements now going on, in a state of completion.

It is almost needless to say that this exchange of visits is of immense importance. They must not be looked on simply as an exchange of civilities between the sovereigns of two great countries. They are a great political event, and will do much to cement the alliance which has already been so cordially entered into between the people of both countries.

☞ **Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial.**—There are facts and principles which can only be reached by deep research and laborious investigation. The superiority of the Invigorating Elixir over every other restorative and anti-dyspeptic preparation, is not a fact of this class. It lies upon the *surface*, it is *self-demonstrable*, palpable to all eyes. To overlook it is impossible; to doubt it, is to deny credence to the evidences of the senses. As a means of relieving every form of nervous disease, whether acute or chronic, continuous or spasmodic; whether affecting the springs of motion, or the sources of sensation; it *has not*, it has *never had* an equal. In neuralgia, tic doloureux, rheumatism, general enervation of the system, morbid melancholy, hysteria, spasms, paralysis, epilepsy, palpitation of the heart, &c., it produces a most astonishing effect—rallying, bracing, it might almost be said electrifying, both body and mind, and replacing torpor and weakness with energy and strength. As a stomachic, it has properties no less positive and potent. The weakest stomach recovers its vigor, or receives it, if never before enjoyed, under the influence of this great tonic, which not only renovates the digestive powers, but conserves the vigor it creates, and perpetuates the health it restores. This is the declaration not of one or of two, but of thousands. The medical profession, slow to recognize any innovations upon established remedies, admit the commanding efficacy of this wonderful catholicon.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle; two for five dollars; six for twelve dollars. C. H. RING, Proprietor,

192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada and the West Indies.

AGENTS.

FLEMING & BROS., No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do
R. E. SELLERS & CO., No. 57 Wood street.
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City.

nov4:daw

☞ **Palpitation of the Heart,** Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Piles, are all relieved and cured in an incredible short space of time, by Carter's Spanish Mixture, the great tonic and purifier of the blood. It contains not a particle of Mercury, Opium, or any noxious drug; it is perfectly harmless, and has cured more than five hundred cases of disease.

We can only refer the reader to the certificates, a few of which may be found in another column, and all of which are detailed in full around the bottle. It is the greatest of all Springs and Fall Medicines, and possesses an influence over the blood truly remarkable.

See advertisement.

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☞ **Tape Worm Cured by Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge.**

NEW YORK, August 2, 1852.

A certain lady in this city testifies that, after using Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, she passed a tape worm ten inches long; and has no hesitation in recommending it to every person afflicted with worms; as, in her opinion, it far excels every other remedy now in use. The name of the lady, and further particulars, can be learned by calling on Mr. Hardie, Manhattan place, or E. L. Thomas, Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.

nov4:daw

☞ **To all Whom it may Concern.**—If you want a splendid fitting Suit you can get it at GRIBBLE'S. If you want any Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, in all variety, why GRIBBLE has 'em. If you want the best fitting Pants you ever wore, GRIBBLE'S is the place to leave your measure. He can furnish Umbrellas, Carpet Bags, Trunks, Valises, &c., at prices to suit all sorts of customers. 240 Liberty street, head of Wood.

E. GRIBBLE.

oct26

MARRIED,

At Graystone, near Philadelphia, on the 1st inst, by the Rev John Rodney, GEORGE M. LEVIS to MARY H., eldest daughter of Charles Magnge, Esq.

On Tuesday, October 31st, by the Rev. Bishop Scott, D.D., Rev. E. WENTWORTH, D D., late Professor of Dickinson College, to ANNA MEREDITH, daughter of Joseph J. Lewis, Esq., of West Chester.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1776.

THE CONTINENTAL VOCALISTS

OF NEW ENGLAND.

MESSRS. HUNTINGTON, FRANKLIN, FRISBIE AND SMITH, respectfully announce that they will appear at MASONIC HALL, Pittsburgh, for two nights only, viz: WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 8th, and THURSDAY EVENING, November 9th, in their original VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL QUARTETTE CONCERTS

Their programme comprises the greatest possible variety of Quartettes, Duetts, Trios and Songs, sentimental, descriptive and humorous, such as have got the approval of their audiences everywhere; and interspersed with the favorite OLD NATIONAL SONGS, newly harmonized and arranged for four voices, which will be performed in the venerable costume of the Patriot Fathers of '76.

Tickets 25 cents; for sale at the Music Stores. Doors open at 6½; Concert at 7½ o'clock.

nov4:d JOHN A. STERRY, Agent.

CARD.

DR C. M. FITCH, of New York, Visits the City Every Month, Pittsburgh, Pa., until DECEMBER 16th, where he may be consulted on Pulmonary and other Chronic Diseases, to which he has made particular and extended his attention, and in the treatment of which he has met with marked success. Consultation hours from 8 to 3 o'clock, daily.

Patients consulting Dr. Fitch, may continue to correspond with him in New York, without further expense. Medicines forwarded.

THE subscriber offers for sale the balance of his stock, comprising, in part:

Madeira Wine;
Sherry Wine;
Claret Wine, in cases;
Old Rye Whiskey, very fine;
2 large Stand Casks, with capacity to hold 600 gallons each;
1 large Reducing Tub;
1 Hydrometer;
10 Bottling Corks;
1 large Platform Scale, &c., &c. For sale at bargains to close.

Also, Store for rent to April 1st. Enquire of

EDMOND GREER,
No. 134 Water st.

nov3:tf

Commission House.

THE subscribers have opened a house for the above purpose, at No. 17 Smithfield street, four doors above the Monongahela House. We will purchase, or receive, on commission, for sale, consignments of *Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Corn, Oats, Barley, Flax Seed, Grass Seed, Baled Hay, &c.*, upon which we will make advances, or purchase at the best market rates for cash.

ALGEO & CO.

nov3

Jas. M'Laughlin,

DEALER IN GROCERIES, PRODUCE, FLOUR, BACON, &c., No. 10, corner Smithfield and First streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

nov3

NEW MUSIC.—Oh, how delightful this pleasing hour! as introduced in the Opera of Lucreda Borgia; composed expressly for Sig. Marty, by Donizetti.

Shakspeare's Scholar: by E. Grant White.
High Life in New York: by S. Sliek.
Poems of the Orient: by Bayard Taylor.
Vol. 6, Bancroft's U. S.
Hurrygraphs: by N. P. Willis.
Famous Persons and Places: by N. P. Willis.
Fopsy I have met: by N. P. Willis.
The Inebriate's Hut: by Mrs S. A. Southworth.
Thing-in-America: by W Chambers.

And a variety of other new and valuable Books, just received by express and for sale at the Book and Stationery Store of SAML. S. LAUFFER,

nov3 57 Wood street.

THERAPEUTIC CHAIRS.—A few more of these easy Reclining Chairs, so admirably adapted for the cure of dyspepsia and ease of the nervous, for the lounge of those whose habits are sedentary, finished and for sale by

T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
Third and Smithfield streets.

nov6

FINE DRESS GOODS.—A. A. MASON & CO are now receiving an unusually attractive assortment of new Dress Goods, comprising Black and fancy Dress Silks, rich all wool Plaids, striped and plaid Mous. Delaines, &c., with a variety of very desirable shades of French Merinos, Paramettas, Wool Delaines, &c. nov6

FLANNELS.—A. A. MASON & CO. have on hand a very large assortment of red, white and yellow all wool Flannels. Also, the best quality of Welsh and Silk Plaid do., which will be sold at reduced prices. nov6

Information Wanted.

JOHN M'MILLAN left his home, near Kelly's Planing Mill, on Seventh street, at an early hour on Friday, morning, October 27th, since which he has not been seen by his family or friends. When he left home he was dressed in his working clothes, as if going to work at the Planing Mill, where he had been employed. He is about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, of dark complexion, and is about 25 years old. Any information respecting him will oblige his afflicted wife and family, and may be left at the Planing Mill Office. nov4:3t*

Arnold & Williams,

MANUFACTURERS OF CHILSON'S FURNACES, WROUGHT IRON TUBING, and fitting generally, for warming and ventilation of buildings. A. & W. will contract for warming and ventilating, by Steam or hot water pipes, or Chilson's Furnace; Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses, Halls, Hotels or Private Dwellings. No. 55 Market st., Pittsburgh. nov4

NEW MUSIC—Just received by express, the following new Music:

Barney O'Toole, Irish ballad: by S. Lee.
Sweet Ye-pee Bells of Ancona: John Parry.
Good Night Beloved, serenade: Longfellow.
Soldier's Funeral March: Wm. J. Lemon.
My Little Valley Home.
Old Corn Mill: sung by E. P. Christy. The latest Ethiopian song.
Grobe's World of Music. An unsurpassable and admirable collection, the greatest work published, complete in 2 large folio volumes, handsomely arranged in every variety of style to please the million.
Holliday Song: J. J. Haman.
Love the Dearest.
The Irish Evergreen Quadrille. For sale at the old established Piano Depot. CHARLOTTE BLUME,
nov4 115 Wood street.

☞ Another arrival of those so justly celebrated Hamburgh Pianos, and by List, Czerny, and other great performers, is expected next week.

EMINENT SUCCESS OF WOOD'S RECOLLECTIONS OF ALL THE STAGE—Just published and for sale by H. MINER & CO, No. 32 Smithfield street.

Personal Recollections of the Stage, embracing notices of actors, authors, and auditors during a period of 40 years: by Wm. B. Wood, late director of the Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Alexandria Theatres.

High Life in New York: by Jonathan Slick, Esq.: handsomely illustrated.

The Inebriate's Hut, or the First Fruits of the Maine Law: by Mrs. S. A. Southworth.

Lamartine's Memoirs of Celebrated Characters.

The City Slik, or Passages from a Parse's Portfolio.

Harper's Magazine, for November; price 13 cents. For sale by H. MINER & CO.,
nov3 No. 32 Smithfield street.

BEESWAX WANTED.—The highest price, in cash, will be paid for Beeswax, at

DR. KEYSER'S Drug Store,
nov4 No. 140 Wood street.

Lot for Sale.

A GOOD BUILDING LOT, 24 feet front on Carson street by 100 feet in depth, in Birmingham, will be sold cheap. Enquire of GEO. F. GILLMORE,
jy18 at office of the Morning Post.

PEACH TREES—2,000 choice New Jersey Trees just arrived and for sale by JAMES WARDROP.
nov4

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Robert Morris and James Patton, doing business in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and Federal street, Allegheny, under the firm of MORRIS & PATTON, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 10th of October. All having claims against the late firm will please present them at either of the old stands for payment, and those indebted will please settle.

NEW FIRM.—Mr. James Patton, Jr., late of the above firm, has associated himself into partnership with Messrs. Ross & M'Combs, of the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and will continue to do business at the old stand, under the firm of ROSS, PATTON & M'COMBS, as wholesale and retail dealers in *Groceries, Produce, Wines, Liquors, &c.*

Mr. Morris, of the old firm, will continue to superintend the TEA DEPARTMENT of the new firm, so that the public may still be able to procure the best Teas in Pittsburgh at the old stands, at the lowest market prices. nov3:3t

Assignee's Notice.

ALL persons interested will take notice, that JAMES G. DICKSON, Merchant, of Market street, Pittsburgh, has made an assignment to me, of all his stock and effects, for the benefit of his creditors. Persons having claims against the said James G. Dickson will present them to me for settlement, and persons indebted to him will make payment to me.

JACKSON DUNCAN,
nov3:3t* Assignee of James G. Dickson.

20 TONS No. 1 ANTHRACITE PIG IRON—
75 " No. 2 " " " good brands.
For sale by (oct31) WM. BINGHAM & CO.

PRESERVES AND JELLIES—Preserved Peaches, in 1 quart and pint jars; preserved Quinces, in quart and pint jars; preserved Strawberries, put up in quart and pint jars; preserved Pine Apples, in quart and pint jars; Currant Jelly, in pint and half pint jars. Twelve dozen of the above, put up by Chauveau, of Philadelphia, just received by (oct27) W. A. M'CLURG.

HEATING STOVES.—We would call the attention of the public to our assortment of HEATING STOVES, of the most desirable patterns, suitable for