...y Morning Post.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING:::::::::::::::::::OCTOBER 6.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF PIKE COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS,
CHARLES SHALER, City of Pittsburgh.

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT,
DR. O. D. PALMER, Butler County.

ASSEMBLY,
J. K. MOORHEAD, City of Pittsburgh.
JOHN S. HAMILTON, South Pittsburgh.
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK, City of Pittsburgh.
THOMAS M. CARROL, M'Keesport.
WILSON STEWART, Duquesne Borough.

RECORDER,
JOHN S. KENNEDY, City of Pittsburgh.

REGISTER,
J. HARVEY ROBB, St. Clair.

CLERK OF COURT,
JOHN H. PHILLIPS, Robinson.

COMMISSIONER,
ELIJAH TROVILLO, City of Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,
DANIEL WERTZ, Pitt Township.

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR,
JAMES A. GIBSON, Ross.
EDWARD M'CORKLE, Indiana.
ROBERT BAILEY, Manchester.

TICKETS! TICKETS!

Democratic Tickets are ready for distribution at the office of the *Morning Post*. Call and get them in time. Let every District be fully supplied.

County Committee of Correspondence.

The members of the Democratic County Committee of Correspondence are requested to meet at the St. Charles Hotel, on SATURDAY NEXT, October 7th, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

WM. M. PORTER, Secretary. ROBT. B. GUTHRIE, Chairman.

Mass Meeting in Allegheny.

DEMOCRATS, TURN OUT!

TO-NIGHT there will be another grand rally of the Democracy in the Market House, Allegheny City. Democrats, turn out in your strength. You will have but one other opportunity before the great struggle at the ballot box. Judge Shaler, Col. M'Candless, and other eloquent gentlemen, will be on hand.

Grand Rally To-Morrow Evening.

A mass meeting comes off at the American Hotel, in Pittsburgh, to-morrow evening, our readers will remember. A grand turn out is expected. Good speakers will be there, and we have no doubt the Democrats will be there in their strength. Come one, come all. It is the last rally.

Freemen, to the Rescue!

Democrats, on Tuesday next you are called on to exercise the great duty of freemen. None can properly neglect that duty this year, for great principles are at stake, and high and responsible offices are to be filled. No election for many years has been more important; and never have the enemies of Democracy made more desperate efforts to destroy the great party of the people. The rights of self-government, and of citizenship; freedom of conscience; freedom of speech, all are assailed by our unscrupulous foes. Shall the Democracy quail, or forget its duty, at such a moment, when it can triumph by a firm and determined effort?

Our State is prospering; its credit is sustained; its finances were never in a better condition. Its public works are approaching completion, when they can repay their cost. Shall this public prosperity be jeoparded by a change of rules without cause? Shall the party under whose administration the State and the nation have prospered as no country ever prospered before, be stricken down by a rabble of factions professing no principles but hatred of Democracy? Shall we barter away all of good that we now enjoy "for the desperate chance of something better which *they* promise?" Shall the old Keystone State, Democratic for half a century, be placed under the control of Whigs, Abolitionists, Know Nothings and uneasy politicians for the next three years? Democrats, you can forbid and prevent it. Be not deceived by the slanders of our ancient enemies. Democracy is the same now that it ever was; proscribing no man for his opinions, or the accident of birth; maintaining the right of the people to govern themselves; and securing to all our citizens ample protection abroad, and equal justice at home.

If we permit our candidates to be stricken down, our principles must fall with them, and our party suffer an unnecessary and disastrous defeat.

Freemen, to the rescue. From all parts of the State come tidings that the democrats are aroused and resolute. Let not Allegheny county be found wanting. We have no cause to fear for the result if every Democrat will do his duty. We can elect our whole State ticket, and the votes of Allegheny county may thus decide it. We may elect half our county ticket, if we will. Let not so good an opportunity be lost to secure our rights, our best interests, and a Democratic victory.

Our enemies are in disorder and disarray. They have no bond of Union but hatred of Democracy; no great purpose to accomplish but to secure offices and spoils. For that they throw away principles, they bargain and sell, and make merchandize of voters. Will the freemen of this commonwealth suffer such a rabble of factions to triumph? Democrats, one firm charge along their whole line, and the day's our own.

THE MEETINGS.

The Democratic meetings so far have been well attended, and the best spirit prevails. The "unterrified" Democracy laugh at the brag game of their opponents; and go into the battle with confidence and courage. Democrats have seen far more alarming indications than the present, and yet have triumphed over all their enemies.

☞ Is the Prothonotary half as mad at the Know Nothings as he pretends to be?

Is he not doing his utmost to secure the election of a Know Nothing?

Is he not fooling the *Chronicle*?

Since the above was in type we have been informed by the Prothonotary that he answers the first question in the affirmative, and the two last in the negative.

It is only fair to publish his answers.

Ned is a clever man, and a shrewd politician; and he will be very apt to head all his opponents yet, except the Democrats.

FIRE AT SUMMIT, PA.—The dwelling house and store and one or two warehouses of Messrs. John Ivory & Son, at Summit, were totally destroyed by fire on Sunday evening. The store was completely enveloped in flames before it was discovered. Supposed to have caught from a stove pipe in the store. Their loss is estimated at from $1,500 to $2,000. The house is insured, we understand, in the Lycoming Insurance Company, and merchandise in the store partly in the Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

☞ The *Chronicle* ticket has the name of a Know Nothing on it. We say what we know.

News of the Day.

Governor Reeder, left St. Louis on Tuesday for Kansas Territory.

An inter[illegible] the "[illegible] Show" will [illegible] found under the [illegible] head. Pennsylvania[illegible] ok [illegible] Home!

The steam[illegible] Canada [illegible] New York at t[illegible] on Tu[illegible] afternoon, with one hundred and fifteen passengers and $977,000 in specie.

George W. Greene, a banker of Chicago, has been fully committed on a charge of murdering his wife, strychnine having been found in her stomach.

The Arctic is now in her seventeenth day, and no sign of her arrival. Fears are expressed that she may have damaged her machinery and been compelled to lie to. The Canada is also two weeks out.

Henry S. Evans, the Whig nominee of Chester county, for the Chester and Delaware Senatorial district, has withdrawn from the contest. Jas. J. Lewis, of Delaware, is now the only Whig candidate.

After considerable trouble, the jury in the trial of Dr. Graham for the murder of Col. Loring, was completed by the selection of a twelfth juror and the case was opened by Mr. Shepherd, the attorney-general.

A letter in the Cincinnati *Gazette*, serves to explain why Ashland has been torn down. The timbers, which were not seasoned when they were put up, are so much decayed as to render the building insecure.

A fugitive slave case was before the United States Commissioner at Philadelphia on Wednesday. His name was Henry Massey, and Comm. Ingraham, after a full and careful examination, remanded him to the claimant, Mr. Franklin Bright, of Queen Anne, Md.

The Tivoli Hose Company of Albany are now on a visit to Philadelphia. They are described as a most respectable looking body of men, and are accompanied by Captain Jacob C. Cuyler, editor of the Albany Evening Transcript, as spokesman.

Messrs. Reed, Brothers & Co., one of the heaviest dry goods and ready made clothing firms on Market street, Philadelphia, have failed. From a card they publish, it is supposed they will be able to liquidate a good portion of their liabilities.

The Methodist Episcopal Conference, in session at Cincinnati, have appointed a committee to inquire into the cause of the failure of the house of Raper & Co., of that city. The Rev. Wm. H. Fyffe, a clergyman of the city, having been charged with being a secret member of the firm. He denied the charge.

The New York Academy of Music having failed, on Monday night, to attract a full house at three dollars per ticket, Mr. Hackett has wisely determined to reduce the prices of admission. Hereafter, the entrance fees to the parquette, and first circle of boxes, will be two dollars, and second circle one dollar.

Mr. G. E. Harbach, conductor of a freight train on the Rock Island (Ills.) R. R., lost his life on Tuesday under the following melancholy circumstances: Just as the train was passing a post that stood in close proximity to the cars, Mr. Harbach thrust his head out of a window when it came in contact with the post and was severed from his body. This should be a warning to all traveling on railroads.

"Is there any natural connection between Democracy and Know Nothingism? If not, how is it that so many Democrats get into the order? In this county it is asserted that a majority of the Democratic county committee is composed of Know Nothings, and it is very certain that all but three or four of their county ticket are in the same predicament."

☞ The above is from the *Gazette* of Thursday morning; and a mere base electioneering falsehood *could* not be uttered. The Democratic County Committee have issued address, signing all their names thereto, which prove beyond a doubt that they are opposed to the secret order.

Our candidates are known men, and the reckless falsehood that all but three or four of them are Know Nothings will be believed by no one not anxious to be cheated.

The same tricks have been tried before to cause distrust in the Democratic ranks. We trust and believe they will be despised this year.

"LET NOT YOUR LEFT HAND KNOW WHAT YOUR RIGHT HAND DOETH."—The Philadelphia papers have just published a list of the contributors to the fund for the relief of the yellow fever sufferers at Savannah. This interesting document has been anticipated for some time, but its publication was probably delayed until the survivors from the epidemic had sufficiently recovered to see who were their deliverers. They will now have a chance to buy their dry goods, groceries, &c., from the men who subscribed so liberally! If they don't make some such grateful return it will be a bad speculation for the gentlemen contributors. Philadelphia lawyers have a reputation for being "sharp," but their laurels are endangered by the "sharp practice" of the merchants.

☞ The inviolability of a man's person in England is singularly illustrated in the case of Dr. Feltkman, the alleged insane persecutor of Prince Albert, who has, at length, been released from his fourteen years of captivity in the British mad houses, on condition that he shall immediately quit Britain, and never again set foot upon its soil. He has, of course, accepted the conditions, and has gone to Germany. The civil inquiries into his case resulted in the decision that he was perfectly sane, and an order was issued by a magistrate for his release, but Lord Palmerston refused to countersign it, except on the above condition.

MINNESOTA FEMALE SEMINARY.—The card of the Rev. Dr. Killikelly will be found in our advertising columns this morning. As health is a great desideratum for those sending their daughters from home, we may say that this is one of the very best locations in that respect in the State. Its qualifications as an educational institution are well known.

☞ "The American Card Writer," Mr. W. I. Vescelius, will remain at the City Hotel for a few days longer. His card-writing is the best we have ever seen, and our citizens will scarcely have another opportunity to get cards written that are more elegant than lithographing, at least until he returns, which we understand he does not purpose for some time to come.

☞ We have inadvertantly forgotten to mention heretofore the withdrawal of Mr. J. P. Barr from the *Chronicle* newspaper. The establishment passes into the hands of Mr. M'Donald, the former partner of Mr. Barr. The latter gentleman, however, will assist for the present, in the editorial duties.

☞ We were "a little previous" in announcing James C. Richey as the Know Nothing candidate for Congress, which we did on Wednesday. It may be otherwise decided, but Mr. Richey's chances were then considered pretty good.

☞ The Rev. William Collier, we learn with pleasure, has been stationed in Pittsburgh for the coming year, as pastor of the First Methodist Protestant Church, on Fifth street. He will preach there next Sunday.

A LAST HOME FOR THE PRINTER.—The Savannah *News* says that previous to the death of the late Samuel Chapman, editor of the Savannah *Journal and Courier*, a few weeks since, that gentleman purchased a lot in Laurel Grove Cemetery, to be appropriated especially as a place of burial for printers. The purchase was hardly completed when he himself was called to the mansions of the blessed, and his body became the first occupant of the tomb.

☞ We find the following project of a Know Nothing law in the Philadelphia *Argus* of the 3d inst., and ask for it the attention of our readers, particularly, we recommend it to the naturalized citizens, to read it. It provides for proscribing them; for uniting church and State; and is in effect a re-enactment of the old Alien law:

FREEMEN! READ—REFLECT.

The following project for a law to carry out fully the aims and purposes of the Know-Nothings is being discussed at the present time in their lodges. The draft emanated from the Grand Council and was sent to the subordinate lodges for their concurrence. The paper from which this copy was taken is in the hand writing of the Secretary of the Grand Council, and came into possession of its present owner in such a way as, while it involves no duty of secrecy, still gives to it all the certainty of legal proof. Read the proposed law to be enacted if the State Legislature passes into the hands of the Know Nothings:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., &c., That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person not born within the limits of the United States of America to hold or exercise any office, whether commissioned or otherwise, in the militia of this Commonwealth, under a penalty of five hundred dollars upon conviction thereof in any Court of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall not be lawful for any person not born within the limits of the United States of America, to hold or exercise the office of President, Cashier, Director, Trustee, Clerk, Engineer, or any other office, place, or employment, in any Bank or manufacturing, Railroad, Insurance, Coal or other Company incorporated by any law of this Commonwealth, under a penalty of five hundred dollars upon conviction thereof, or undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for one year, at the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 3. Be it enacted, &c., &c., That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person not born within the limits of the United States of America, to hold any commission as an Auctioneer, or license as a Pedlar, nor shall any person act as an agent for any foreign Manufacturing Insurance Company, or other agency whatsoever, under the same penalties as are prescribed in the second section of this act.

SEC. 4. Be it enacted, &c. &c., that from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person not born within the limits of the United States of America, to officiate as a Clergyman, Minister, Priest, Rabbi, Elder, Bishop, or any other Ecclesiastical or other Church office, without having first obtained from the Governor of this Commonwealth a license to do such perform the same.

SEC. 5. Be it enacted, &c., &c., that from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person not born within the limits of the United States of America, to travel within this Commonwealth without having first obtained a passport, to be granted by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, (if he should deem it proper,) containing therein a full and accurate description of his or her person, age, birthplace and occupation, which must be shown if required to do so by any mayor, alderman, magistrate, justice of the peace, constable, police officer, railroad conductor or agent, stage driver or captain of any canal boat, under the same penalties as are prescribed in the second section of this act.

Receipts on the Public Works.

[From the Pubh. Ledger, October 3.]

The following statement shows the amount of revenue received at each Collector's office on each line of the Public Works for eight months of the fiscal year of 1853 and 1854, commencing on the first day of December and ending on the 31st day of July.

DELAWARE DIVISION.

	1853.	1854.
Easton	$104,057 68	$133,074 06
New Hope	7,217 47	10,018 65
Bristol	11,561 14	12,930 59
Total	$122,836 29	$156,022 70

MAIN LINE.

Philadelphia	$235,886 27	$233,181 01
Paoli	16,458 78	16,100 31
Parkersburg	59,856 19	59,845 72
Lancaster	41,987 48	40,891 12
Columbia	189,704 46	236,260 22
Portsmouth	12,215 19	17,253 83
Harrisburg	12,264 00	13,256 14
Newport	3,062 17	3,077 01
Lewistown	6,971 10	6,820 19
Huntingdon	5,611 81	4,895 30
Hollidaysburg	72,970 34	54,020 41
Johnstown	81,234 09	92,358 48
Blairsville	4,261 15	2,872 13
Freeport	1,961 34	2,132 18
Pittsburgh	83,726 10	62,636 72
Total	$852,785 23	$796,406 57

Miscellaneous revenue belonging to the Main Line:

Portsmouth outlet lock	$1,063 16	$1,220 35
Duncan's Island Bridge	761 70	665 17
Juniata Aqueduct	52 00	56 58
Freeport Aqueduct	148 30	179 16
Total	$2,026 12	$2,121 66

NORTH AND WEST BRANCH DIVISIONS.

Dunnesburg	$15,105 26	$15,412 66
Williamsport	11,534 12	15,824 14
Northumberland	24,318 40	22,831 17
Beach Haven	90,753 50	96,594 93
Liverpool	9,728 53	13,358 72
Total	$149,735 85	$165,631 97

RECAPITULATION.

	1853.	1854.
Main Line	$854,811 85	$798,528 83
Delaware Division	122,836 29	156,022 70
North and West Branch	149,735 85	165,631 97
Total	$1,127,358 50	$1,119,882 80

It will be remembered that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company made use of the Portage road last year, and paid the State for the use of the same, in the shape of toll, $218,776 62. The company ceased to use this road on the 15th of February last, but in making an estimate, like this, it is fair to add a pro rata proportion of the above amount, for the first months to the receipts of this year, which would increase the amount of tolls received on the Main Line to $878,794 86, or an excess of $23,988 01 over the sum received last year. The tolls were reduced by the Canal Commissioners 80 per cent. last spring from the scale adopted last year.

The savings in the management of the works will be large, and thus the net revenue for the year will be much larger than it was last year. The expenditure on the Portage Railroad alone was $502,957 67, which was incurred mainly to transport the business of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The above facts in connexion with the statement made by the Revenue Commissioners, that *nearly a million* of the State debt had been paid and provided for, affords the most satisfactory assurance that the finances of the State are in a healthy condition. The very fact that State loans are so well maintained is conclusive with all intelligent people that the States' credit is on the firmest basis. These loans are held mainly by our large capitalists and bankers, who make their investments after thorough examination in reliable quarters. Newspaper paragraphs prepared for partisan effect are not likely to influence the opinions of such holders, nor to effect the market price of the loans. Every Pennsylvanian has just cause of pride at the good credit of the Commonwealth at this time. Long may it be maintained.

Obstructing a Railroad—Strange Freak.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 3.—An old man named Lyman Hawes committed a strange freak to day, causing no little excitement. He erected a house of boards on both tracks of the Providence and Worcester Railroad, and placed within the same a keg of powder, and then nailing himself in the house, swore that if the trains attempted to run through the building, he would blow all to atoms. His wild and fearful threats and the obstruction caused a detention of two hours to the trains; but finally a crowd of about 1,000 persons assembled, smashed in the door of the building, and seized Hawes and dragged him to jail. The police speedily demolished the house, and the trains passed on. The excitement was so great that it was with difficulty the people were deterred from injuring Hawes. The reason given for the strange freak is, that Hawes formerly owned the land through which the road passes, and, conceiving that he had not been allowed enough for it by the Commissioners, endeavored to revenge himself in the manner stated.

☞ The anniversary of the "Jerry Rescue," was celebrated at Syracuse, N. Y., on the 30th September. The principal feature was a hot and exciting discussion between William Lloyd Garrison and Fred. Douglass, as to the propriety of murdering slave holders when the occasion offered. Garrison said there were men in State street, Boston, who would have paid $5000 to have Col. Suttle shot, tarred and feathered. Douglass thought it necessary that the line of duty should be marked out by the blood of slave holders. Garrison thought that man had no right to shed human blood, unless it was his own as a martyr. Douglass carried the sympathies of the crowd with him entirely; most of the individuals became blood thirsty.

PARDONED.—Hastings, the Postmaster in Sussex county, Del., who about three years ago was convicted of robbing the mail and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, has been pardoned by the President. He has worked industriously at his trade, shoemaking, during his imprisonment in the jail of this county, and assisted materially in supporting his family. He looks in feeble health, but was much rejoiced when Marshal Morrow told him he was free.

The Expedition to Sebastopol.

The expedition to Sebastopol is the largest military and naval expedition ever undertaken in modern warfare. According to the accounts, it numbers 600 vessels and 90,00 men. The New York *Courier* compares this with the principal expeditions undertaken in European history:

The "Invincible Armada," despatched under Philip II, of Spain, for the conquest of England, and so famous in warlike annals, numbered only one hundred and thirty seven ships of war, twenty thousand soldiers and eleven thousand sailors. The expedition of Charles V, to Tunis, consisted of five hundred Genoese and Spanish vessels, and thirty thousand men; that of Gustavus Adolphus to Germany of only fifteen or eighteen thousand; that of Jessuf against Candia thirty thousand; that of Kionperti against the same stronghold fifty thousand; that of Charles XII, upon Denmark twenty thousand; that of Peter the Great upon the the Caspian Sea twenty thousand men with two hundred and seventy ships; the attempted descent of Hoche against Ireland, twenty five thousand men; that of Bonaparte, upon Egypt twenty-three thousand men, with thirteen ships, seventeen frigates, and four hundred transports; the Anglo-Russian expedition against Holland, forty thousand men; that of Abercrombie upon Egypt, twenty thousand men; that of Lord Cathcart upon Copenhagen, twenty-five thousand men; that of Wellington upon Portugal, fifteen thousand, and upon Spain thirty thousand; that of the English upon Antwerp seventy thousand men, forty thousand of which were land troops, and thirty thousand sailors; that of the English upon Washington about eight thousand, and upon New Orleans, fifteen thousand; that of the French upon Algiers, thirty thousand.

Thus we see that all these expeditions, comprising the most important which have taken place since the invention of gunpowder, fall considerably short of the present. The fact is, that in fact which was ever planned on a greater scale was that of Napoleon against England, in which preparations were made for throwing a hundred and fifty thousand disciplined veterans upon England, by means of three pinnaces protected by sixty ships-of-the-line. The lower, or inferior, is not entitled to be brought into comparison, inasmuch as the expedition itself never took place:

From the Philadelphia North American.

The New Steam Frigates.

Respecting these vessels, we find some interesting authentic details in the Washington Star and New York Daily Times, from which it appears that the one to be built at New York, and to be named "Niagara," is to be larger than the rest, and as the Times says, the largest ship ever built in this country. Her extreme length will be 345 feet; depth of hold 31 feet; breadth of beam 55 feet; draught when loaded 22 feet 9 inches; displacement 5500 tons. She has been modelled by and will be built under the supervision of Mr. George Steers, who acquired so high a repute by building the famous yacht which took the prize at the London World's Fair. By the terms of the contract she is to have a speed of 17 nautical miles per hour under sail alone, and a velocity of 13 nautical miles per hour under steam alone, in case the engines are constructed by Messrs. T. H. & E. Faron, brothers of the late John Faron, who built the engines of the Collins steamers. The Niagara will be a propeller, and carry guns of eleven inch bore, the largest calibre used in our navy. As regards her machinery, Sec. Dobbin says he is undecided who are to build it, and a Board of Engineers will assemble at Washington on the 9th inst., to determine the question; but it is proposed to have her furnished with three direct acting engines of 72 inch cylinder and three feet and one-tenth stroke. As regards the other steam frigates the same paper tells us that the plan for the engine of the Boston one is furnished by Capt. Ericsson; that the Philadelphia frigate is to have a "steeple engine," and that one of those at Norfolk is to have "horizontal trunk engines." All the frigates, except the Niagara are each to have a displacement of 3590 tons, and will mount thirty four 32 pound shell guns

A late report of the Senate of Massachusetts says there are now in the custody of the institutions of that State 1,168 insane persons, of whom 561 are in one hospital.

The amount of money which will be realized this season from the Hop crop of Otsego county, N. Y., is estimated at $450,000. The crops in Madison and Oneida counties is an average one.

The New York Shipping List states that the price of hard coal is to be reduced, in that city, fifty cents a ton, viz: to $7 from vessel, and $7,50 per ton.

The Ohio *Statesman*, of Thursday morning, says:—"We are informed that the Banks of this State have now ready, and will soon put in circulation, small bills to the amount of $100,000, to take the place of the foreign paper withdrawn from the State."

A daughter of the late Hon. Oliver H. Smith, late United States Senator from Indiana, at a recent county fair at Connellsville, in that State, received the highest prize—a side-saddle worth one hundred dollars—as being the best lady rider of all who presented themselves as competitors.

The *Tribune* has knocked the New York *Herald* into a cocked hat, the *Times* into fragments, and the other papers out of sight, in "mung news." Its cotemporaries were satisfied with a home-made material, but the *Tribune* imports a foreign slander, and circulates its falsehoods dated from Paris, for the eager seizure of hungry telegraphic correspondents.

Reception of the new Governor General

[Correspondence of the Charleston Courier.]

HAVANA, Sept. 22.—The Governor Dudley not having sailed yesterday, as Mr. Greyer, her Purser, thought she would have done, I am enabled hastily to announce to you the arrival yesterday of the new Spanish steamship Francisco de Paula, of 12 guns, having on board Captain Concha, his wife, three children, four servants, and a numerous military staff, including a sergeant and 150 foot soldiers. I cannot at this moment attempt to describe the scene that took place upon his landing at 3 p. m., yesterday. The city was literally in a blaze of bunting and flags, and fireworks—crackers by daylight and rockets by night—the streets were flooded with light from the illumination. The conduct of the Marquis de la Pesuela, was noble and manly, he received his successor as his guest. There are three balls to-night. I have been kept awake all night by the shoutings of "Viva Concha," "Viva Espanol. The poor fools.

RAILROAD SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—The Detroit (Mich.) Inquirer, in a notice of the Railroad Suspension Bridge on the Great Western road, states that the work is being crowded forward to rapid completion. The wires are all put together, and are being wound. This is the heavy part of the work, as the bridge portion, which is to be suspended, will be ready by the time the wire is completed. The bridge is to be swung twenty feet directly over the present carriage bridge, and when completed will be one of the most magnificent structures in the world. It is thought that the cars will cross by the first of December.

☞ A "Universal Jubilee," so called, is to be proclaimed by the Holy See for November next. According to the official journal at Rome, its object is to obtain:

1st. Peace between all Christian Princes.

2d. To appease the spirit of revolt and sedition.

3d. The removal of the scourges of cholera and famine.

4th. To invoke the light of the Holy Spirit on the Holy Father, in the decision of the dogma of the immaculate Conception.

An Encyclical Letter has been issued, dated August 1st, convoking at Rome all the Bishops of the Church, to aid in the decision of this last point of faith.

☞ The workmen employed on the Plains of Abraham preparing for the approaching agricultural exhibition there, were desirous to manifest their loyalty, and at the same time pay a compliment to Gov. Elgin, on his way to open the Canadian Parliament. For that purpose they hoisted a flag immediately on the approach of his lordship's carriage. All parties were surprised to find the American flag floating at the masthead, and that the British governor passed under its shadow on his way to represent the Queen. It seems the omnious flag had been brought down, with others, from Montreal for the exhibition, and that in the hurry of the moment, the workmen had run up the stars and stripes.

☞ J. R. Robinson, Superintendent of the S. M. & N. R. R., has recently made a contract to deliver one hundred thousand tons of coal in New York, at $10 per ton, to be delivered in two years. He expects to clear $8 per ton. The coal is from Perry county, and for certain purposes is superior to any Eastern coal.

SOAP.—300 boxes Rosin Soap for sale by
oct5 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

COFFEE.—175 bags Rio for sale by
oct5 SMITH & SINCLAIR

COFFEE SUGAR.—80 bbls Coffee Sugar for sale by
oct5 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

Why Use Liver Pills.—The Liver Pills of Dr. M'Lane were first used by him exclusively in his own practice. Conscious were they in all cases of Liver complaint, that they would be famous, and attracting the attention of the medical faculty, passed into general use. They act with great certainty and regularity; the patient almost immediately feels the dispersion of his disease, and is gradually restored to health. With some the effect is almost miraculous, frequently experiencing immediate relief, after having for months resorted to drugs and medicines of another description, to vain. Diseases of the Liver are very common in this country, and are often frightful in character. Those who experience any of the premonitory symptoms of this dangerous and complicated disease, should at once procure a box of Dr. M'Lane's Pills, and perhaps, thereby, be saved a world of misery.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores in the United States and Canada.

Also for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
oct6daw 60 Wood street.

☞ Prof. Morse's Invigorating Elixir and Cordial.—As a protector against contagious and infectious diseases, there is nothing like bracing up the nerves, muscular and digestive systems. If there are in perfect order, the human frame is a tower of strength almost impregnable to disease. The cholera is now in process of importation to our shores, and it is of the utmost importance that the system should be put into a condition best calculated to resist its attacks. Every emigrant vessel from Europe has its passengers decimated by this malady, and the reason why it is so fatal is, that most of the unfortunate tenants of the steerage have been weakened by poverty and privation, and their related nerves, and fibres, and tissues can offer no resistance to the malaria of the pestilence. The very best preparative for the approaching cholera—for we are sure to have it in the spring or summer—is a course of MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR OR CORDIAL. It will bring every organ, every nerve, every muscle, into a condition of perfect vigor, while its powerful tonic properties will neutralize every unhealthy tendency in the fluids or the body, and purify and equalize the circulation of the blood. To those who suffer from nervous tremblings, hysteria, dyspepsia, liver complaint, general prostration, lowness of spirits, or any disease or infirmity consequent upon the disordered action or torpidity of any organ upon the regularity of which general health depends, this preparation is recommended as a sovereign and safe specific—free from every mineral ingredient, and eminently conservative in its nature. Ladies will find it a "pleasant help" in all the disorders to which their sex is subject.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle; two for five dollars; six for twelve dollars. C. H. RING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

AGENTS.
FLEMING & BROS., No 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do.
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City sep22daw

☞ Liver Diseases.—Carter's Spanish Mixture, as a remedy for Liver Disease, and the number of formidable evils connected with a disorganised state of that organ, is unrivalled.

Hundreds of certificates, from the highest sources, of persons residing in the city of Richmond, Va., might be given of cures effected by Carter's Spanish Mixture. We have only room to refer to the extraordinary cure of Samuel L. Drinker, Esq., of the firm of Drinker & Morris, Bookseller, Richmond, Va., who was cured by two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, after three years suffering from diseased liver. He says its action on the blood is wonderful, better than all the medicine he had ever taken, and cheerfully recommends it to all.

*** See advertisement. sep18daw

☞ Pantaloons.—The well-known superiority of GRIBBLE'S fit in the Garment, needs no comment on his part; it has been acknowledged by all who have favored him with their orders, that they have never been fitted with the same ease and style as by him. He begs to inform his patrons and the public, that his stock is now replete with the newest styles for coats, vests and pants, suitable for the present season.

E. GRIBBLE,
Tailor and Pantaloon Maker,
mar24 140 Liberty st., head of Wood.

MARRIED.

At Germantown, on the 2d inst., by the Rev. Wm. H. Furness, WILLIAM D. KELLEY, Judge of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas, to Miss CAROLINE BARTRAM BONSALL, daughter of the late Henry L. Bonsall, and adopted daughter of Isaac Pugh.

In Mercer, on Tuesday evening, September 26th, by the Rev. Mr. M'Watty, Mr. MICHAEL ZARNISER and Miss CHRISTIANA, daughter of John NGill, Esq.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Minnesota Point Female Seminary.

REV. DR. KILLIKELLY, Principal. Miss KATE L. HUGHES, late of New York, Associate.

The fifth Session of this School will commence on the FIRST OF NOVEMBER, 1854. For terms, &c., please address the Principal, at Kittanning, Pa. [oct5-eod3w

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.—WHEREAS, Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of ALEXANDER MULNIX, deceased, late of Penn township, all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them, duly authenticated for settlement, and all knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment to MARY M. MULNIX,
oct5-6t* Administratrix.

Penmanship, Mercantile and Steamboat Book-Keeping.

THE DAY AND EVENING CLASSES OF DUFF'S COLLEGE are open for the reception of students.

Daily Lectures on Mercantile Law and Commercial Sciences. oct6

CHEAP HOUSES FOR SALE, AT NO. 140 THIRD STREET.
A Cottage House, of three rooms, for $350.
A Brick House, of three rooms, for $400.
A Frame House, on Carroll street, for $500.
A Brick House, of six rooms, for $1600.
A Cottage House, of six rooms, for $2400. Low prices and easy terms of payments.
Also, 5 Building Lots, at $250 each. Terms, $20 in hand, balance in four yearly payments.
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
oct6 140 Third street.

FLOWER ROOTS FOR SPRING BLOOMING.—My stock of Bulbs has arrived from Holland in fine condition, composed of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, &c. The stock is very large and varied, and offered at low rates. Catalogues may be had at the warehouse, or sent to applicants.
oct5 JAMES WARDROP.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA—1 gross just received and for sale by
oct5 corner of the Diamond and Market st. JOS. FLEMING.

CHINA EXTRACTS—A large assortment received by
oct6 JOS. FLEMING.

CASTILE SOAP—330 lbs genuine received and for sale by
oct5 JOS. FLEMING.

WHITE CASTILE SOAP—200 lbs very fine received and for sale by
[oct5] JOS. FLEMING.

FINE SALAD OIL—6 doz just received and for sale by
oct5 JOS. FLEMING.

WHITE MUSTARD SEED—500 lbs very fine recd by
oct6 JOS. FLEMING.

FINE SPONGE—1 bale received by
oct6 JOS. FLEMING.

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$570.....IN CASH PRIZES.....$570.

VOLUME TEN OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN" commences on the 16th of September. It is chiefly devoted to the advancement of the interests of MECHANICS, INVENTORS, MANUFACTURERS AND FARMERS, and is edited by men practically skilled in the arts and sciences. Probably no other journal of the same character is so extensively circulated, or so generally esteemed for its practical ability. Nearly all the valuable Patents which issue weekly from the Patent Office are illustrated with Engravings, and the claims of all the Patents are published regularly. The claims as they are issued, thus making it a perfect Scientific and Mechanical Encyclopedia of information on the subjects of *Mechanical Improvements, Chemistry, Engineering* and the *Sciences* generally. It is published weekly in quarto form, suitable for binding, and with copious indexes.

FOUR HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN PAGES OF READING MATTER, SEVERAL HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS, with a full and complete Index. Its circulation on the last volume exceeded 23,000 copies per week, and the practical receipts in one volume are worth to any family much more than the subscription price.

The following CASH PRIZES are offered by the Publishers for the further largest lists of subscribers sent in by the 1st of January, 1855:

$100 will be given for the largest list; $75 for the second; $50 for the third; $35 for the fourth; $30 for the fifth; $25 for the sixth; $40 for the seventh; $35 for the eighth; $30 for the ninth; $25 for the tenth; $20 for the eleventh; $18 for the twelfth; $10 for the thirteenth, and $5 for the fourteenth. The cash will be paid to the order of the successful competitor immediately after the first of January, 1855.

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☞ Messrs. Munn & Co. are extensively engaged in procuring Patents for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvement. oct5

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NEW MUSICAL WORKS.—Moore's complete Encyclopedia of Music; price $4.
History of the Old Hundredth Psalm Tune: by Rev. W. H. Havergall; 75 cents.
Plain Music for the Book of Common Prayer: by Rev. Geo. T. Rider; 50 cents.
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Musical Letters from Abroad: by Lowell Mason; $1.
Theory and Practice of Musical Composition: by A. B. Marx, Mus. Doc.; $2.50.
Appendix and Notes to the above: by Emile Girac; $1.
A Dictionary of 5000 Musical Terms: by John S. Adams; 50 cents.
A full supply of the above just received, together with a large collection of standard works on the theory and practice of Music. For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR,
oct5 81 Wood street.

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