Daily Morning Post.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF PIKE COUNTY.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING:::::::::::::::AUGUST 21.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

PITTSBURGH, August 16, 1854.

The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence met this morning, in pursuance of previous notice, at the St. Charles Hotel, and organized for business. When upon motion of James Blackmore, seconded by Jno. Barton, it was

Resolved, That the Democrats of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny county, are hereby requested to meet at the usual places for holding primary assemblages, on SATURDAY, September 2d, and elect two delegates each, to represent them in County Convention, which will assemble at the Court House on the following Wednesday, (the 6th Sept.) at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County ticket to be voted for at the ensuing election.

The Democratic voters of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the several Boroughs, will meet between the hours of five and seven o'clock, P. M., and of the Townships, between the hours of three and five o'clock, P. M.

The Democratic voters of Ross township will meet at Ivory's old stand, Perrysville Plank Road.

The delegates representing the several Boroughs and Townships will also have to place in nomination three persons to be voted for as Directors of the Poor for Allegheny county.

On motion of John C. Dunn, seconded by David Campbell, it was

Resolved, That we return our sincere thanks to the gentlemanly proprietors of the St. Charles Hotel, for their kindness in furnishing such ample accommodations for the meetings of the Committee during the present year.

On motion, adjourned *sine die*.

DAVID CAMPBELL, Chairman.

JOHN BARTON, JAMES BLACKMORE } Secretaries.

[aul1

News of the Day.

For important foreign intelligence see our telegraphic column, in the next page.

The conclusion of the tale, which has been appearing on our first page for two days, will be found on the fourth page this morning.

By recent intelligence from Europe, it is ascertained that Jerome Bonaparte has been appointed a Lieutenant in the French army, the same position that he resigned in the United States.

A great haul of thieves was made on the recent passage of the Crescent City, between Buffalo and Cleveland; and a large quantity of stolen jewelry, notes and gold was found upon their persons.

Stephen Simpson, cashier of the Girard Bank, during the lifetime of Stephen Girard, died in Philadelphia on the 17th inst. He was a political writer of great force, and under the administrations of Adams and Jackson, edited, if we are not in error, the Philadelphia *Columbian*.

The Whig Convention of Lancaster county has made the subjoined nominations: For Congress, Isaac E. Heister, the present member; for the State Senate, Jacob G. Shuman; for the Assembly, D. W. Wilmer, Wm. W. Withers, Emlen Franklin, John F. Kerr, Wm. K. Mehaffey.

Toliver Craig, the celebrated land warrant forger, who was arrested last spring, and released on giving $3,000 bail, which he afterwards forfeited, and fled from justice, was arrested at Rock Island, Iowa, a few days since, and has been brought on to Cincinnati to take his trial.

Edwin Croswell publishes his valedictory in the Albany *Argus*, of the 15th inst. Mr. C. had an attack of paralysis last November, which has disqualified him for severe editorial duties, hence his withdrawal. He has for many years taken an active part in the Democratic politics of New York, and belonged to the Adamantine wing of the party.

THE PRINCIPLES CARRIED OUT.

The practical operations of Know-Nothingism in Philadelphia show that the following must be some of the results of the triumph of that party in Pittsburgh:

All editors, who were themselves born, or whose parents were born in a foreign land, must retire from their positions. There are certain Whig editors in our city, who have nothing to say against the secret order, who are nevertheless among the proscribed. Another paper, that seems to be a sort of "organ" of the secret order, must part with its "local." Another editor, on another street, must sell out and leave. Some others, connected with the press, must retire.

All clergymen of foreign birth, or whose parents were so, must leave their pulpits. We can think of a number of much esteemed and useful clergymen in our vicinity who must vacate their positions, if Know-Nothingism gains power to carry out its creed.

All teachers in Sabbath Schools obnoxious to their dogmas, must give up their classes; and all teachers of schools of all kinds, male or female, must be immediately turned out of employment. It is already done in Philadelphia.

One of our Judges must retire from the Bench. We believe one of our County Commissioners would have to resign. Our City Mayor would have to leave his post of honor and profit.

Such is the practical operation of one of the principles of the secret order. Another principle is still more sweeping in its effects. It declares all the members of one religious denomination ineligible to office forever.

Now, if these principles are fit for a party to announce and contend for, why not appear and work openly; secure all the offices, and make the laws.

Let us suppose that this party succeeds in electing a President, and a majority of both branches of Congress. The notorious Alien Law must be re-enacted, and all naturalization laws repealed. The next step would be to amend the constitution so as to strike out everything that favors free religious toleration. Then a law would be enacted rendering all Catholics ineligible to office.

Would they stop there?

The work of proscription and religious persecution once begun, does it ever stop short after taking a single step? History does not so teach us. What religious denomination would next fall under the ban of secret political proscription? Carry out the principle that sectarianism and religious disputes shall be brought into the political arena, and decided at the ballot box, and there are demagogues enough in the land to make every religious denomination the subject of assault, or the basis of a scramble for office. Let those who desire to see this country torn by religious feuds—like other nations in the days of ignorance and despotism;—let all such, we say, join the Know Nothings.

But as for us, we prefer the work of our fathers. In framing the constitution, they made all religious denominations equal before the law, and equally entitled to its protection of their civil rights; and then leave them to work out their own salvation, and to stand or fall by their own merits. That separates religion from politics; the Church from the State; and allows every man to "worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience." Is there an enlightened Protestant clergyman who desires anything else. Let the Protestant clergy speak They spoke quick enough when a measure was before Congress, containing a great Democratic principle—*the right of the people to rule themselves*. Let them speak now, when another great Democratic principle is at issue, to wit—the right of the people to worship God according to the dictates of their consciences. These are two fundamental Democratic principles. A large portion of the Protestant clergy decided against one of them. Now let them speak as to the other. We hope they will decide right this time, for we are Protestant.

And as to the foreigners, who are invited to our shores by our free constitution; our liberal laws; our abundant employment; our wide, unoccupied lands, and our boundless prosperity,—shall they be made an inferior caste to the third generation—mere hewers of wood and drawers of water for the more fortunate class, whose ancestors happened to arrive a few years sooner? We are all descendants of foreigners. Others must do as they will; but as for us, when we join the Know Nothings, and cherish a hatred of foreigners, merely because of their foreign birth, we will dig up the mouldering bones of our immigrant sires, and send them back to the land of their birth.

Judge Black's Letter.

Those who wish to read a strong letter, containing sound doctrine forcibly expressed, will be gratified by the perusal of the letter of Chief Justice Black, which we publish on our first page. It is an answer to interrogatories addressed to him by the Maine Liquor Law men. The Judge, it will be seen, refuses to give any pledges on the subject, and then exposes in a clear light the gross impropriety it would be for a candidate for the Judgeship to pledge himself in advance to decide law questions in a certain way, before the questions are before him; before the law is in existence; and before the parties who would be effected by the decision are notified or heard. But, the letter speaks for itself. Read it—on the first page.

Religious Proscription.

It will be seen by an article from the *Ledger*, that the Board of Controllers of the public schools of Philadelphia condemn the turning out of the teachers for their religious belief. The President of the Board is George M. Wharton, Esq., an eminent lawyer and a conservative Whig. He founds his opposition to this religious proscription on the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which prescribes that "no preference shall ever be given by law to any religious establishments or modes of worship, and that no person who acknowledges the being of a God, and the future state of rewards and punishments, shall, on account of his religious sentiment, be disqualified to hold office, or place of trust or profit under this Commonwealth."

FIDDLE-FADDLE.—It must not be supposed that because we of the north have such loud-mouthed fanatics as Parker, Garrison and Wendell Phillips, the south have none of the same kidney. This would be a sad mistake, as the following will show. A few days ago the brig *Horace Greeley*, Captain Smith, arrived in Charleston, S. C., from Philadelphia with a load of coal. The "Mercury," with characteristic swiftness, immediately warned southern men from encouraging a vessel with so exceptionable a name! "We are sure," says this jealous messenger of news, "that no southern man, who has any respect for himself or his section, will give her business, nor no northern man, who desires to be respected by them. Let her return with the live freight she brought here, and let her give Charleston a wide berth hereafter." We know of but one reasonable excuse for such ridiculous fiddle-faddle, and that is, the weather must be very hot in Charleston these days, and the "Mercury" may have been pretty *high* when the paragraph in question appeared!

FUSION CANDIDATE.—The "fusion" convention of Michigan nominated Kinsley S. Bingham for Governor. He was an abolitionist, of course. A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says that Mr. Bingham "was formerly deputy sheriff "in Onondaga county, New York, and ran away "from there to Michigan, carrying with him a "considerable amount of money collected on ex-"ecutions, for which his bail had to 'pony up.'" The writer says he knew him there; and he gives the names of several persons who will prove what he states to be true.

The "*republican*" party of Michigan, Mr. Greeley thinks, will sweep all before it. Like enough. What can an honest Democratic candidate do against such an honorable and popular opponent?

GUBERNATORIAL AND MATRIMONIAL.—Governor Joseph A. Wright, of Indiana, led Miss Harriett B. Burbidge, of Scott county, Ky., to the hymenial altar on Monday last. The happy couple were handsomely entertained on Tuesday by Governor Powell, at Frankfort, Ky. Rumor associates the name of Governor Powell with a young Quakeress of Wayne county, Indiana, in a matrimonial alliance. This is reciprocity of the right sort. It is somewhat singular that previous to this little event, the Governors of Indiana, Kentucky and Ohio were all unmarried men. However, there are two remaining yet, ladies, but we are fearful the handsome Ohio Governor is an incorrigible bachelor.

THE MURDER OF COL. LORING.—The New Orleans *Bulletin* of the 11th instant, says: "Dr. Graham's friends in this city—and their name is legion—are sanguine that he will come out of the difficulties that now environ him unscathed. We trust their anticipations may be realized. They as well as ourself believe the Doctor to be the last man in the country to commit an unprovoked homicide." From the evidence submitted at the Coroner's Jury, we think Graham may thank his stars if he gets off with anything less than hanging. But one person in New York has yet offered anything in palliation.

LONDON QUARTERLY.—The first number of the forty-second volume of this old and able Review is received. Among the contents are three or four articles of great interest: Lord Lyndhurst and the Eastern Question; Queen Elizabeth and her Favorites; The Electric Telegraph; The House of Commons, &c. It is as good a number as we have seen.

Republished by Leonard Scott & Co., N. Y. For sale by Miner & Co., and Gildenfenney & Co., Pittsburgh.

☞ The Pittsburgh *Journal* speaks in very high terms of praise of the letter of Judge Black on the liquor question. We take the following from the remarks of the *Journal*: "The Judge makes the reply, which, we take leave to say, does him infinite honor as a Jurist and a candidate for re-election to the Supreme Bench."

Mr. Secretary Marcy has been confined to his house in Washington for several days with cholera morbus, but is recovering.

The Louisville Democrat says it is reported that one of the Hardin county jury, which acquitted Matt. Ward, was recently bitten by a snake, and that the snake died.

Stephen A. Douglas, J. C. Breckenridge, Gen. Lane and Senator Bright have accepted invitations to address the people of New Albany, Indiana, on the occasion of the congressional convention on the 24th inst. This is pretty strong attraction.

The horse exhibition to be held at Salem, O., on the 12th, 13th and 14th of October, promises to be a very attractive affair. Very large premiums are offered—for the best thorough bred stallion, $100; second do., $50; best thorough bred mare, $50; best stallion for all purposes, $100; best draught horse, $75; and best trotting horse, $60.

The Crystal Palace directors have authorised their president to sell the entire concern, with all the fixtures and property of the association, deliverable on or after 1st November next, for one half its actual cost. The first cost is understood to have been about $700,000. Engineers and architects have decided that the palace can be taken down—removed to the Battery, and put up again, for $50,000 or less; or be taken down, removed to Philadelphia, or Boston, and put up for less than $75,000.

Greeley on the Know-Nothings.

[From the New York Tribune.]

We print in another column, for whatever it may be worth in the eyes of its readers, a communication upon the aims of the society of Know-Nothings. In our view, this exposition is precious mainly as an avowal of Know-Nothing purposes and plans. Truth compels us to add that the oldest republic now existing is that of San Marino, not only Catholic but wholly surrounded by the especial dominion of the Popes, who might have crushed it like an egg shell at any time these last thousand years—but they didn't. The only republic we ever traveled in beside our own is Switzerland, half of its cantons or States entirely Catholic, yet never that we have heard of unfaithful to the cause of freedom. They were nearly all Roman Catholics, from the southern cantons of Switzerland, whom Austria so ruthlessly expelled from Lombardy after the suppression of the last revolt in Milan, accounting them natural born republicans and revolutionists; and we suppose Austria is not a Know-Nothing on this point. We never heard the Catholics of Hungary accused of backwardness in the late glorious struggle of their country for freedom, though its leaders were Protestants, fighting against a leading Catholic power, avowedly in favor of religious as well as of civil liberty. And chivalric, unhappy Poland, almost wholly Catholic, has made as gallant struggles for freedom as any other nation, while of the three despotisms that crushed her but one was Catholic.

But enough. We do not hope to stop the crusade of intolerance and violence now setting against the Catholics, calling for their disfranchisement, and threatening their temporary exclusion from all public trusts. Epidemics of it is sort must have their course; and this one has some truth and a large amount of honest bigotry on which to base its operations. Quite a number whose religion never till now did them much good or harm, will ride into office on the back of their persecuted Protestant fellows, and they will be the end of the matter. The Naturalization Laws will remain essentially as they are; and Know Nothingism will give place to some new fashion in politics, perhaps equally factitious, after a few changes of the moon. We only desire to be classed, now and evermore, among those who are in favor of the infusion into our current politics of the largest possible measure of practical religion, and therefore averse to intermingling therewith the least trace of polemical Theology.

Terrible Explosion at Mayseville of 1,100 Kegs of Gunpowder—Several Persons Injured, None Killed.

Sunday morning, at 2½ o'clock, the magazine situated on the Mayseville and Lexington turnpike road, at the lower end of the city, was fired by miscreants unknown, and its contents, eight hundred kegs of blasting and rifle powder, were burned, causing a terrific explosion and great destruction of property. In the neighborhood of the magazine fired were two other magazines containing powder, which were blown up, and a part of the powder it is supposed burned. There were two distinct explosions, preceded by flashes of vivid light. Not a house in the city of Mayseville, East Mayseville, or Aberdeen escaped injury. The houses on Fourth street, near the scene of the explosion, had the doors lifted off, and walls curved so as to render them untenable. Many houses on Second and Third streets were perforated with stones and walls smashed. A stone weighing 43 pounds was found in Aberdeen, 1½ miles from the spot. The stones on the turnpike were lifted from their bed, and the road mutilated.

No one was killed. Wm. P. Conwell was the only person seriously injured, he received sundry cuts and bruises, and two large stones were found in the bed where he was sleeping. A negro woman was also slightly injured. The Common School house, in the house of J. W. Reed and family, of J. Bierbower, Blain, Jas. Spalding, Dr. Seaton, together with many others, are in ruins. Indeed, the same may be said of all the other buildings in the city. The doors are broken from the hinges, window sashes smashed, walls curved and broken, and the whole city presents a scene of desolation, rarely if ever witnessed. $200,000, it is thought, will be required to put the houses in a comfortable, safe and tenable condition. One thousand dollars reward has been offered for the perpetrators of the act; and Judge Duvall has called a special term of the Criminal Court, in order that investigation may be had before the Grand Jury.

ODD FELLOWS IN OHIO.—There are in the State of Ohio, 283 lodges of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; eighteen of these are new ones, created within the latter part of the year, and have made no report. Ten others failed to report. From the 256 of which did report, the Grand Secretary makes up the following statistics of their operations during the past year:—

Number of lodges, 255; initiations, 2,938; rejections, 286; admitted by card, 651; withdrawn by card, 971; re-instated, 86; suspended, 122; expelled, 490; deaths, 122; past grands, 2,487; contributing members, 18,214; revenue, 118,921 06; number of brothers relieved, 2,101; number of widowed families relieved, 173; number of brothers buried, 135; amount paid for relief of brothers, $31,031, 81; for relief of widowed families, $2,599, 96; for education of orphans, $248 20; for burying the dead, $5,478 91. Total amount, $40,057 37.

The 28 lodges, from which no reports were received, contain at least five hundred members, so that there must be in all some 18,700 Odd Fellows in the State, being an increase of 2,000 members during the year.

RAILROAD FRAUD.—The Connesautville (Pa.) Banner, published in Crawford county, brings us the proceedings of a public meeting of citizens of that county, in reference to a railroad project now going on in that quarter, which seems like a repetition of the Franklin Canal swindle. From the resolutions we learn that the Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh and Erie railroad company, instead of building a road from Pittsburgh to Erie, are now engaged in building a lateral road running east and west, and intended to form part of a through route between New York and Ohio, and are using for this purpose the bonds of Crawford county, issued for its subscription to this road under the belief that the directors intended to build a road from Pittsburgh to Erie. The plea in justification of this is, that the company has, by its charter, the right to build branch roads, and that this is one of that description. But this branch has no trunk road, and is, therefore, it is said, no branch at all.

SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH.—The telegraphic line connecting Corsica and Sardinia with the Italian continent at Genoa, is complete. From Sardinia the submarine wire is about to be laid down to Cape Bon, in French Africa. The contractors are now in treaty with the English government to carry the line from Cape Bon to Malta, and thence to Alexandria in Egypt. From the latter place the wires would be carried into Asia and on to the Indian possessions of England—bringing the Horse Guards at London, within a day of Bengal and Calcutta, in the matter of intelligence. We have not lately heard how they are getting along with the great Atlantic telegraph, to run under the ocean from Ireland to Newfoundland and so down along the eastern shores of this continent. But it is doubtless progressing. The expense would be the greatest difficulty, seeing that the British and Mediterranean submarine telegraphs have shown the feasibility of laying down the cable along the bed of the sea.—*Evening Mail.*

DROUGHT AND FROST IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.—A letter in the Boston Traveler, dated Dartmouth College, August 12, speaks of the drought in that region as unprecedented, and adds:

In consequence, all the ground is parched up, and without a particle of moisture to the depth of two feet. Much of the corn is entirely ruined, and without speedy rain, not only all the corn, but the potatoes too, will be a total loss. To complete the adverse series, on the morning of the 9th we were visited with a frost, which killed off much of the buckwheat crops, and touched corn in some places. On a bridge over a neighboring brook, the frost was scraped up in hands-full, like snow. So early a frost is a thing almost unheard of up here. The last frost previous was on June first.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN ILLINOIS.—A man, named Starkie, living in the vicinity of the Saline coal mines in Illinois, had lost some chickens, and suspected one of the miners of stealing them. Going out, accordingly, with a loaded gun, he found his intended victim, with another miner, sitting on a log, and taking deliberate aim, fired twice, barely missing him each time. He then siezed the poor fellow, who was a German, and dragged him back to his house, and asked his wife if that was the man who stole the chickens. The wife said it was, when Starkie plunged a knife in the unfortunate man's breast, from the effects of which he died, after two days' suffering.

HOT AIR VS. STEAM.—The Ohio and Mississippi Railroad company have ordered a locomotive to be constructed, which shall be propelled by *hot air*, on an entirely new principle. Should this experiment meet with success, the use of the tender will be entirely dispensed with; and coal sufficient to take the machine From St. Louis to Cincinnati, can be carried in a single barrel.

[From the Philadelphia Ledger of the 18th.]

The Religious Proscription in the Public Schools.

We are pleased to see that the Board of Controllers of the Public Schools have very properly expressed their disapprobation of the reported action of the Board of Directors in the First and Second Wards, who have, it is currently believed and so reported, dismissed teachers from the schools because of their religious belief. Alexander Greaves, Esq., one of the School Directors of the Third Ward, and a member of the Board of Controllers, introduced a series of resolutions, yesterday, at the meeting, which do credit to his intelligence, and show that among the liberal minded portion of our citizens, whatever their political differences may be, the attempt to introduce religious tests into the common schools is regarded as an outrage upon freedom of conscience and involving certain destruction to the public school system. George M. Wharton, Esq., sustained this action in another set of resolutions, based upon the constitutional rights of citizens, of which such an attempt, as is reported of the School Directors of the First and Second Wards, would be a gross violation. These resolutions lie over till next meeting, when we hope that they will be unanimously adopted. Some decisive action is necessary to rebuke the proscriptive and intolerant spirit which threatens to destroy one of the noblest institutions of this State. Public confidence in the justice and impartiality of the administration of the common schools being once shaken their usefulness is destroyed forever. Any attempt to impair this just confidence must proceed from the most narrow-minded bigotry, and ignorance shameful in a State where proper instruction is so accessible and free.

AN INTERESTING ABDUCTION CASE IN IRELAND.—The Irish papers contain a report of a curious trial, giving the particulars of an attempted abduction by Mr. Carden, at Rathmonan, Ireland, of a young lady, Miss Arbuthnot, who is the sister of Mrs. Gough, wife of the Hon. Capt. Gough, the son of Lord Gough, lately advanced to the peerage for his services in India. Mr. Carden, it appears, wished to revive that wild Irish practice of the last century—abducting beautiful heiresses and marrying them against their will. Accordingly, with several retainers murderously armed, he stopped the carriage of the fair one, in which were also her two sisters, married and unmarried, while it was coming from the Parish Church, where she had been receiving the sacrament. The three ladies were dragged from their carriage, and Mr. Carden had a desperate struggle to secure Miss Arbuthnot, but the strongest of the men at the moment, called on the strongest to his guard for help; but the chance presence of some men put the miscreants to flight—a shepherd of Lord Gough's giving Mr. Carden a flogging with his own whip. Upon the trial it appeared that the most approved means for stopping feminine cries were provided by the abductor, including chloroform. The tough resistance offered by the heiress saved her. Another moment and she would have been carried off before the chance aid came up. It is said that Mr. Carden is a monomaniac on the subject of abducting an heiress, and was ready to go to Spain for that purpose. He will not go, however, under two years, for the court sentenced him to that term at hard labor.

When a man gets caught in any difficulty, he becomes famous. The Albany Express thinks Stephen T. Beals, the dentist in Philadelphia, learned the trade of a plane maker in Albany, with John Gibson, then went to New York in another business, became proprietor of a panorama of California, and finally settled down in Quakerdelphia as a dentist. Many of his old friends in Albany deem him incapable of the crime with which he stands charged. Some of the Philadelphia lawyers have doubts whether the offence alleged is technically a statute crime; and others of them are quite sure that the mayor was not empowered to examine him, and take bail in $5000, just as though he, the mayor, was a court of law.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD CONTRACT.—The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company in New York have received a telegraphic despatch from Hon. Robert J. Walker and Hon. T. Butler King, dated at Austin, Texas, August 7th, stating that the Governor of Texas had awarded to them the contract for building the railroad to the Pacific, which grants twenty sections of land for each mile of road. The Company by this grant will acquire about eleven millions of acres of land.

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.**—ANOTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.—It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following:—

HARMONVILLE, Shelby co., Ky., April 2, 1849.

J. Kidd & Co.—I am a practising physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1843, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. At some more leisure moment, I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling a great quantity of worms. L. CARTER, M. D.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all the respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada. Price 25 cts. per box.

For sale by all the agents in the United States and Canada. Principal Depot, 458 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, by FLEMING BROTHERS, (Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,) No. 50 Wood street. Wholesling—J. H. PATTERSON & CO., and by druggists everywhere. je23

☞ **Pantaloons.**—The well-known superiority of GRIBBLE'S fit in the Garment, needs no comment on his part; it has been acknowledged by all who have favored him with their orders, that they have never been fitted with the same ease and style as by him. He begs to inform his patrons and the public, that his stock is now replete with the newest styles for coats, vests and pants, suitable for the present season. E. GRIBBLE,

Tailor and Pantaloon Maker, mar24 240 Liberty st., head of Wood.

FIRE WORKS! FIRE WORKS!!—

200 boxes Fire Crackers;			
5 gross Roman Candles,	12 balls;		
7 " do	do	8	do;
6 " do	do	6	do;
8 " do	do	4	do;
4 " Triangles,	No. 1;		
4 " do	do	2;	
60 boxes Jackson Crackers;			
800,000 Torpedos;			
40 gross Pin Wheels;			
20 "	1 ounce Rockets;		
15 "	2 do	do;	
12 "	4 do	do;	
15,000 "	Pulling Crackers;		

Second supply; just received and for sale by J. C. ANDERSON, je27 No. 6 Wood street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Attention, S. L. G.**—You are hereby notified to assemble your Armory on MONDAY NEXT, between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing officers, in conformity with the orders of the Brigade Inspector. [aul9:2t] WM. THOMPSON, O. S.

☞ **Election.**—OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, August 18, 1854.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Gas Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of two persons to serve as Trustees of said Company for three years, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY of September next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M., of that day.

JAMES M. CHRISTY, Treasurer.
au18:td

☞ **Philadelphia, 1854.**—The attention of the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, who wish to read a Philadelphia paper, is called to the *Evening Reporter*, a journal published every day, containing a complete routine of all local matters that transpire to the hour of going to press, and as particular attention is paid to this department, it will recommend itself strongly to the favor of those persons who formerly resided in that vicinity, as it conveys a faithful epitome of the vast changes occuring in their former homes. To the reading and manufacturing portion of the community no better medium could be selected for advertising their wares and products, thus bringing directly before the eyes of the merchants the advantages of patronizing this factories of the "west end" of the State. As a journal of liberal sentiments, advocating all the reforms of the age, we heartily recommend it to one and all, believing that all may be benefited by subscribing and supporting a paper that supports the people.—"*non nibi sed omnibus*."

The subscription price is $5 per year, in advance, and should be sent, pre-paid, to WILLIAM SIDNEY, R. E. corner Third and Chestnut streets, au23:3m Philadelphia, Pa.

A LARGE LOT FOR SALE.

A LOT OF GROUND, on the river bank, in Birmingham, 288 feet by 240 feet, and bounded by four streets, will be sold on reasonable terms. It is near Bakewell & Co.'s new glass works, and several other manufacturing establishments. It is the largest and best lot now to be had in Birmingham for manufacturing purposes. Title perfect, and clear of incumbrance. Enquire of

C. B. M. SMITH, at his Law Office, jy26 Fourth street, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

☞ **Notice.**—The Partnership heretofore existing and doing business under the name and style of BENNETT, MARSHALL & CO., was dissolved on the 19th inst., by mutual consent.

BENNETT, MARSHALL & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 28th, 1854.

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED have entered into Copartnership under the name and style of GRAFF, BENNETT & CO., for the purpose of manufacturing Iron, Nails, &c., at the Clinton Rolling Mill, South Pittsburgh. Office at present with English & Richardson, No. 116 Water, and 150 First street.

WM. B. ENGLISH,
ROBT. H. MARSHALL,
JAS. J. BENNETT,
JOHN GRAFF.

Pittsburgh, June 28th, 1854—je29:tf

PITTSBURGH

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;

OFFICE 56 FIFTH STREET,

MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES S. SOON, President.

CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary.

This Company make every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

Insure against Loss and Damage by *Fire*, and against the Perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

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James Marshall,	Hiram Stowe, Beaver.
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☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh**—H. D. KING, President; SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

INLAND—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

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John Shipton. dec26

☞ **Strange Developement.**—Scientific men are daily bringing to light new inventions, and the march of progress is onward; persons Bald, or becoming so, will be pleased to learn that a science and long research combined, have brought before the public the greatest wonder of the age, in the article of EMERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR REGENERATIVE, a cure for Baldness and to prevent Hair from falling. See circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars. Price $1.00 in large bottles. Sold by C. E. FISHER & CO., Proprietors,

57 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale in Pittsburgh in the following houses:—

Fleming Bros., D. Wilcox & Co.,
R. E. Sellers, G. H. Keyser,
Joel Mohler, Benj. Page, Jr.,
J. H. Oessel.

Allegheny City—A. Beckham, Prouty & Mason, J. Fleming.

Birmingham—A. Patterson, John G. Smith [apr6

☞ **ASSOCIATED Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.**

J. K. MOORHEAD, President—ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds. Office: No. 99 Water street.

DIRECTORS:

J. K. Moorhead,	W. J. Anderson,
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C. H. Paulison,	William Collingwood,
R. R. Roberts,	John M. Irwin,
Joseph Kaye,	Wm. Wilkinson,

David Campbell. jal2

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. L. SCHENCK, Second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. REED, North-east corner of Diamond, Allegheny, are the attending Physicians to the above Institution, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at either office, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours, without form. ja10:p

☞ **C. YEAGER,** 110 MARKET street, Pittsburgh, Importer and Wholesale Dealer in FANCY AND STAPLE VARIETY AND DRY GOODS, offers to city and country dealers as large and well selected stock of goods as any House in Pittsburgh, same and some prices, thus saving freight, time and expenses.

☞ **I. O. O. F.**—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

FRANKLIN LODGE, No. 356—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MONONGAHELA ENCAMPMENT, No. 57—Meets first and third Friday of each month. [mar26:ly

☞ **Notice.**—THE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first WEDNESDAY of every month, at SCHOCHLITER'S, on the Diamond. By order

GEO. W. SEESE, Secretary.

☞ ATTENTION! S. L. G.—You are hereby notified to attend at your Armory, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and to transact such business as may come before the Company. P. KANE,

mar26:3m Secretary pro tem.

☞ **MONONGAHELA LODGE, I. O. O. F.**—The Monongahela Lodge, No. 289, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. [jy1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

25 Per Cent Lower than any Farm in the County.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber is authorized to sell the following described TRACT OF LAND, containing 111 acres, situated in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa., 14 miles from the City of Pittsburgh, and near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, with a good Log House under the whole place, and easy of access—improvements as follows: A very comfortable Farm House, 30 by 30 feet, 2 stories high; Wash House, Spring House, and other out buildings; a new Frame Bank Barn, 54 by 85 feet, finished in the best possible manner, with Stabling, under the whole building; 100 bearing Apple trees, some of grafted qualities; a large quantity of Peach and Cherry Trees, all in bearing order; about 85 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation, with water in all the fields.

This land is very comfortably situated in one of the best neighborhoods in the county, being convenient to market, to churches, schools and mills, and would not be in the market, only that the owner is about to remove to the far west. Terms easy and price moderate. For further particulars inquire the owner, WM. ROBB, on premises, or the subscriber. JAMES C. RICHEY,

au18:daw Real Estate Agent.

Duff's College.

THE Classical and Mathematical Departments of this Institution will be opened on MONDAY, August 21st. Language, Mathematics, and the highest English Branches, will be taught. Young men can here pursue a thorough course of Classical and English studies. No pains nor expense will be spared to make this department of the College worthy of patronage.

Terms, $20 per session, of twenty weeks, payable by the half session, in advance. P. HAYDEN, M. D.,

au21:y Prof. Mathematics and Classical Language.

Wanted.

A SMALL COMFORTABLE HOUSE, within ten minutes walk of Pennsylvania Railroad Passenger Depot. A liberal rent will be paid. Address, Box 604. [au21:2t

NEW BOOKS AT RUSSELL'S.—Periscopics, or Current Subjects: by Wm. Elder.

Fifty Years in Both Hemispheres: by Vincent Nolte.

The Youth of Jefferson, or a Chronicle of his College Scrapes.

Our Honeymoon and other Comicalities, from Punch; illustrated.

Life of Daniel Boone: by W. H. Bogart.

Easy Nat, or the Three Apprentices: by A. L. Stinson.

The American Cottage Builder—Home for the People: by John Bullock.

Chestnut Wood; a tale by Lizie Linden.

Fearless Fred, or the Highwayman's Bride.

Fifteen Minutes around New York: by G. G. Foster.

English Envoy at the Court of Nicholas I: by Miss Julia Corner.

London Art Journal, for August.

Godey's and Peterson's Magazine, for September.

RUSSELL & BRO., au21 Fifth street, near Market.

ONLY TWENTY CENTS—Godey for September, 30 cts.

London Quarterly, for July.

Edinburgh Review, "

Blanco; a new novel.

Hard Times: by Dickens.

Our Honeymoon: by Punch.

A new lot of A. G. Bagsley's Gold Pens, received by express by SAM'L B. LAUFFER, au21 No. 87 Wood street.

SUGARS.—We have on hand a full stock of Refined and Crushed Sugars, suitable for making Jellies, Preserves, &c., which we are selling at 8, 9, 10 and 11 cents ⅌ lb.

A. JAYNES, au21 Pekin Tea Store, 88 Fifth street.

For Rent or Sale.

A LARGE NEW THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, containing double parlor, dining room, kitchen, and eight chambers. There is a large yard adjoining, and washhouse, pump and cistern attached. The House is pleasantly situated, within fifteen minutes walk of the city; Omnibuses running regularly.

Also, for sale, 23 acres of COAL LAND, situate near the borough of Birmingham.

Also, LOTS in Birmingham and South Pittsburgh, on perpetual lease, or low for cash. Apply to

L. O. HEPBURN, Fourth street, opposite Mayor's Office, or au19 WM. PHILLIPS, corner of Ross and First streets.

Boots and Shoes.

J. M'LAUGHLIN, No. 90 Fourth street, nearly opposite the Mayor's Office, is manufacturing Gentlemen's first