Daily Morning Post.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF PIKE COUNTY.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:.....JULY 26.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We would call the attention of MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN to the fact that we have just received from Philadelphia a number of fonts of new Job Type, and are now prepared to fill orders for Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Paper Books, Posters, and Programmes for exhibitions. All orders will be promptly filled.

News of the Day.

We find nothing additional in the California papers, that will not be found in our correspondent's letter.

The total number of deaths in Brooklyn during last week, reached 223—of which there were 76 from Cholera. On Sunday there were nineteen new cases and nine deaths.

In St. Louis there were 282 deaths for the week ending 15th inst., of which 138 were from Cholera. The week before there were 505, more than 200 of which were from the epidemic disease.

By reference to the telegraph column, it will be seen the Czar's present troubles are likely to end in his selling his American possessions to the United States, to prevent their being annexed by Great Britain. It was under similar circumstances we obtained Louisiana from Napoleon.

The weekly returns of the New York Banks show an increasing return of confidence. We annex an exhibit this week as compared with last:

	July 15th.	July 22d.
Loans,	$ 95,520,656	$ 92,000,000
Deposits,	75,227,383	75,959,000
Circulation,	8,837,681	8,768,000
Specie,	15,074,093	15,720,000

The Detroit Board of Health report the number of deaths occurring in that city, in June, at 210; for twenty-one days in July, 440. Of these, the Board estimate a daily average of twelve by Cholera. "After this," says the *True Press*, "who will say Detroit is not a healthy city?" There is nothing like being satisfied with one's self.

It will be seen by reference to Congressional proceedings, that the right of Mr. Williams, of New Hampshire, to hold his seat, has been referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Mr. W. holds his appointment from the Governor, and the Legislature has met since and adjourned without electing a successor. In the case of Mr. Phelps, of Vermont, decided last spring, which it strikes us was precisely similar, the incumbent was deprived of his seat.

TROUBLE WITH RUSSIA.—The Russian government, it appears, has given orders to the governor of its North American possessions to forbid and prevent American whalers from taking whales on the northwest coast of this continent. A fine of $3,000 upon the ships is to be the penalty of any violation of this decree. Under these orders an American ship has been seized at Sitka, the capital and seaport of the provinces, and is detained until the fine is paid.

The American whale fishers are now to be deprived of a right they have always heretofore enjoyed; and a most valuable right too. The American consul presented a most energetic protest, and sent despatches to the government at Washington, where the matter will be settled.

The Emperor of Russia has certainly chosen a singular time to quarrel with the United States. One would suppose he would have plenty of employment for his arms in Europe just now; without seeking enemies further off. We presume our government will use the present opportunity to secure a most satisfactory settlement of the difficulty.

CHOLERA IN CHICAGO.—The whole number of deaths in Chicago for the month of June was three hundred and thirty-three, of which one hundred and forty-two only were from Cholera. The total number of deaths from July 1st to July 8th, inclusive, at which time the Board of Health commenced making daily reports, was two hundred and forty-two, of which one hundred and ninety-five were reported by the city sexton to be of cholera. Since then, the deaths have been as follows:

Day.	*Whole No.*	*Cholera.*
9th	38	24
10th	37	26
11th	22	17
12th	33	17
13th	30	23
14th	35	28
15th	28	11
16th	22	10
17th	9	3
18th	9	23
20th	30	11
21st	32	12
22d	14	7

From the report of the last two days, the disease appears to be on the increase; but this is attributed to the excessive heat. No one can look over this table without being struck by the extraordinary number of deaths from other diseases for a city of the size of Chicago. It is probable, therefore, that a number of those attributed to other diseases are but a milder type of the epidemic disease.

☞ The *Gazette* exults over an article in the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, wherein the *Post* is accused of uttering bad doctrines. The *Gazette* says it is one democrat reproving another. We are rather surprised to hear the editor of the *Bulletin* called a democrat. He is just about as much of a democrat as is the editor of the Pittsburgh *Gazette*. The *Bulletin* is one of the most diligent enemies of the democracy, and is of late, apparently trying to become the organ of the Know Nothings.

——. The *Gazette* next tries to show that our statement in regard to the Morrow letter in the Ohio fusion convention was not true. It quotes the part of the letter to which we referred, and that quotation, to our mind, proves that what we stated was true. We thank our neighbor for supplying the proof.

——. It next tries to pick a quarrel with Governor Bigler because he is going to turn out and visit the people. The *Gazette* is very naturally alarmed at this. It knows that Pollock is no match for the Governor on the stump.

CLERICAL KNOW NOTHINGS.—One Clergyman of this city, we believe, has joined the Know Nothings. A secret oath-bound political society is a sweet place truly in which to find a minister of the gospel. We would like to ask that clergyman if some of the members of his congregation are not foreigners or sons of foreigners? Will they help support him, and pay his salary, and profit by his preaching, when they know that he has taken an oath to do all in his power to disfranchise them, and render them for their lives a proscribed and alien class?

If clergymen intend to become politicians, let them do so openly, and not join secret, oath-bound political societies. We hope yet to find that we have been mis-informed in regard to a clergyman having joined the Know Nothings.

Another clergyman, living a short distance from the city, we are told, has become a member. It was not *Saint* Paul who led him that *Way*.

☞ We invite attention to the advertisement of a large lot for sale in Birmingham. It is the best lot for a large manufacturing establishment that can be found in the Boroughs across the river. We understand it can be bought low if applied for soon. See special notice column.

[For the Daily Morning Post.]

The Gubernatorial Election—The Old Game of Brag.

EDITORS OF POST:—As an old and observing Democrat, I see no cause to be frightened at the desperate game of brag again played by the Whig leaders to deceive their rank and file before the election, which they manage to do year after year, thereby causing many of their followers to lose thousands of dollars by their repeated misrepresentations, for the Democrats are compelled in self-defence to cover their piles when offered. Their bragging in 1851, that Johnston was to lead Bigler some 20,000; also, a year after, that Gen. Scott was to lead Gen. Pierce from 30 to 50,000, is of so late a date that every one may remember that Bigler's majority over Johnston at that election was about 10,000, and Pierce's over Scott nearly 20,000. The principles that these braggadocia leaders talk so much about is whittled to so small a point, that the principles of any of the isms that they are now connected with, completely overthrow theirs. And notwithstanding a few weeks ago they appeared to have themselves inflated to almost the bursting point, yet I will venture to assert that after the votes have been counted in October next, they, as heretofore, will tell us with much apparent pleasantry, that they were *fully* aware that the Democracy would beat them from 10 to 15,000, but as *leaders* they were compelled *to brag largely* to keep their green ones to the sticking point. However, in the face of all their present buoyancy, which by the by has somewhat cooled latterly, I will venture the prediction that the votes of the Democracy next October will more than bear me out in the following estimate of the fair and profitable investment that can be made by any Democrat who has the money to spare, only for about three months, by betting one hundred dollars on each of the following divisions, taking them collectively. The counties arranged under Democratic gave Bigler majorities in 1851, and those under Whig gave Johnston majorities:

First Division—The six Democratic counties of Venango, Clarion, Clearfield, Westmoreland, Fayette and Green will give more of a majority for Bigler, than the six Whig counties of Allegheny, Lawrence, Butler, Bedford, Erie and Potter will give to Pollock.

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Fifth, The Democratic counties of Wayne, Perry and York will give more of a majority for Bigler, than the three Whig counties of Dauphin, Adams and Franklin will for Pollock.

Sixth, That one-half (twelve) of the following twenty-four Democratic counties, all having given Bigler majorities in 1851, not included in the above estimated divisions, and which completes the whole number of the State, (Forest not included in the county) will give Bigler more of a majority, in defiance of any and every combination that Whiggery may be able to form against him, than the city and county of Philadelphia will give Pollock.

The following are the twenty-four counties referred to:—Northampton, Pike, Carbon, Lehigh, Bucks, Cumberland, Tioga, Bradford, Lycoming, Northumberland, Montrose, Wyoming, Fulton, McKean, Elk, Crawford, Mercer, Beaver, Sullivan, Juniata, Mifflin, Clinton, Jefferson, and Warren. The above estimate includes all but twelve Democratic counties, which majority will largely swell those already claimed for Bigler.

A JACKSON DEMOCRAT.

Proceedings in Congress on Monday.

We have received a long despatch from Washington, giving the conclusion of Monday's proceedings in the House. The substance of it was a personal explanation from Mr. Stevens, of Michigan, who appears to have acted without authority in making some alteration in a committee report, of which he was a member. It is of no interest to our readers, and we will therefore not oumber our columns with it.

In the Senate, Mr. Pettit read a long reply to Col. Benton's letter charging him with being "a great liar and dirty dog." We do not believe either of the epithets applied to the Indiana Senator; but from what we can see of his reply, it appears he can be as great a blackguard as Benton himself.

DEATH OF A LEADING MAN.—Jonathan Roberts, who died in Philadelphia last week, at one time occupied a large space in the politics of Pennsylvania. He was born in 1771 and was elected to the Legislature about the year 1800, where he served with distinction, taking part in all the prominent movements of the day. Subsequently he was elected a national Representative and then a Senator. Mr. R. supported the administrations of Madison and Monroe, but at the end of the latter took sides with Gov. Crawford and opposed Gen. Jackson to the bitter end. Mr. Roberts was also at one time a Canal Commissioner of this State, and upon the elevation of Gen. Harrison to the Presidency he was called from private life to be Collector of Customs of Philadelphia; but was soon after displaced by Tyler for refusing to remove certain employees who were friends of Mr. Clay.

☞ The Know Nothing organ of this city, talks large about the democratic address, because it says nothing about the Nebraska bill. The whig and abolition editors will see another address in a short time from the democratic State Committee, in which they will find the views of our party on the Nebraska bill, fully and fairly expressed. Democrats have no occasion to conceal their sentiments; or to publish such a contemptible rigmarole of non-committalism as the whig address. We have never seen a more bold and shallow attempt to blind and deceive, than that address exhibits, from the beginning to the end thereof. No wonder the abolition papers are declaring it will not do. They cannot fail to see that the whigs are trying to cheat them in the bargain they are proposing to make.

DEMOCRATIC FREE SOILERS.—There are in this city and vicinity, quite a number of gentlemen who were formerly Democrats, but for some few years have acted and voted with the Free Soilers. Now that the Free Soilers are about to strike a bargain with the Whigs, by which the Free Soil party is to be sold to the Whigs, we would like to know if those Democrats, of whom we speak, are to become Whigs too. It is not the first time side issues have been raised, and side parties have been formed, acting independently until they acquired some strength from the Democratic ranks, and were then sold to the Whigs. Anti-Masonry was one instance. Frees oilism is another. Know-Nothingism is designed to be another. Will Democrats be fooled by the shallow trick.

The mortality in Boston, last week, was 98 deaths, 14 being from cholera.

It took 18 tons of gold to pay the seven million Mexican check.

The iron steamer I. C. Lee, from Wilmington, Del., for Nicaragua, foundered at sea on the 10th inst., two days after leaving Havana. No lives were lost in her.

There were nine deaths from cholera in Toledo, last Thursday, and on Friday, an equal number. There seems yet to be no abatement in the disease.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Florence commenced an engagement at the Chestnut st. Theatre, Philadelphia on Monday evening, in the favorite pieces of Ireland As It Is, and Mischievous Annie.

In the west Indies, cholera is very prevalent. Fresh advices from Barbadoes give even more frightful accounts of its ravages there than those last received. In the small city of Bridgetown, 2,000 deaths occurred in seventeen days. At the latest date, July 18th, the number of deaths on that day was 243, and the ravages of the disease appeared to be daily increasing.

TONNAGE.—The Merchant Marine Tonnage of the United States is now larger, by official report, than that of any other nation of the globe, being 4,440,000 tons larger than all the *continental* nations of Europe put together, and exceeding that of England by more than 100,000 tons.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Post.]

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The Murder of the Editor of the San Joaquin Republican—Great Feat of a Pedestrian—Conviction of a Murderer—Mining Intelligence—Duty on Imported Goods—Appointment of Delegates to the Democratic Congressional Convention—Murderous Assault upon an Editor.

STOCKTON, June 29, 1854.

MESSRS. EDITORS: In the midst of a deep gloom which has settled over our community, I sit down to write you of the violent and untimely death of Mr. Joseph Mansfield, one of the editors and publishers of the *San Joaquin Republican*, which took place in this city, on Thursday, June 22d. He was shot down in the public streets, in open day, by John Tabor, editor of the *Stockton Journal*, in a cowardly manner, Mr. Mansfield being totally unarmed. The evidence elicited by the investigation of the Coroner at the inquest, and also by Justice Weir, at the preliminary examination of the prisoner, proves it to be a most deliberate, wilful and unmitigated assassination. The circumstances which led to this melancholy occurrence are as follows:—The proprietors of the *Republican* have been city printers, under contract, for the last year, and at the expiration of their contract, presented their bill to the City Council for payment. The editor of the *Stockton Journal*, John Tabor, took exceptions to the bill in his paper next morning, and stigmatized them as publishers of "*a leaky Republican* swindlers,—which they took no notice of, considering the *Journal* unworthy of mention in their columns. The articles were continued in the *Journal* from day to day, meeting with the same silent contempt, until the meeting of the Council, when a motion was made by any Democrat who has the money to spare, only for about three months, by betting one hundred dollars on each of the following divisions, taking them collectively. The counties arranged under Democratic gave Bigler majorities in 1851, and those under Whig gave Johnston majorities:

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[From the St. Louis Democrat, 21st.]

Prisoners Shot at the Jail.

Yesterday afternoon, while the prisoners were in the yard of the jail, washing themselves, a difficulty occurred among them which led to a fight. One of the deputy jailors endeavored to stop them, but he could not succeed. He then went into his office and provided himself with a pistol, and threatened the parties that he would fire upon them if they did not cease their quarrel. To this threat they paid no attention, when he fired, shooting two of them in a fatal manner—the balls entering their body in the neighborhood of the side and breast. The men were taken into the jail and surgical assistance procured, but it is believed that neither of them can recover. One of the parties shot is said to be the murderer of a United States officer, who was killed upon the plains two years ago, and for which he was sentenced to three years imprisonment. An investigation of the matter will take place to day, when full and authentic particulars will be obtained.

[From the Milwaukie Sentinel.]

Judge Smith's Decision Sustained.

We learn that the opinion of our Supreme Court in the case of the appeal of the federal officers from the decision of Judge Smith in the Habeas Corpus case, was given yesterday morning, *sustaining Judge Smith's decision*; Judge Crawford dissenting. The opinion of the Court was given by Chief Justice Whiton, and rests mainly on two grounds: the inefficiency of the commitment, and the unconstitutionality of the Fugitive Slave act in delegating to the Court commissioners the power to hear and determine in cases arising under the act. Justice Crawford, we learn, concurred with his brethren in holding that S. M. Booth was properly discharged from arrest, and that the writ of *Habeas Corpus* was rightfully granted, but dissented from the view taken of the unconstitutionality of the Fugitive Slave act.

"THE RULING PASSION STRONG IN DEATH."—A German woman called a few days since upon Mr. Willard, the City Poor master, and informed him that her husband was dead, and that as God was her witness she had no means to bury him. Mr. Willard gave her aid; a few days afterwards she called or sent again that her child was dead, and there was no way to bury it. Again, Mr. Willard responded. After a time, it was reported that the woman herself was ill, and upon visiting the house it was found that the woman herself was in a dying condition, with a child clasped to her breast, and on her person was found a belt containing $217 in coin. Mr. Willard invested the amount for the benefit of the surviving child. Such is the lesson cupidity teaches.—*Detroit Inquirer.*

The Baltic's Mails.

The telegraphic report of the Baltic's news, in consequence of the wires not being in working order, was very brief. We give a fuller summary received by mail.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

The news was received in Paris on Monday from Berlin, giving an unfavorable view of the attitude assumed by the Prussian government. It is stated that the military force in the Baltic will be increased to 23,000 or 25,000 men. The Continental letters express doubt of the intention of Austria; and at Berlin there was a feeling of depression owing to the belief that the Cabinet was assisting Russia by a pressure upon the Austrian government. The English and French envoys at Berlin had received orders to demand categorical explanations from Prussia as to her future course. Frankfort letters express a belief that the real difficulties of the struggle were only commencing, and that if Austria could only secure the free navigation of the Danube her further action against Russia would be doubtful. 16,000 English and French troops are now at Varna and other points.

VARNA, July 9.—Up to the present time no Austrian soldier has entered Wallachia. Every piece of information of a contrary tendency is inexact.

The Fight off Sebastopol.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.—The Sane arrived on Friday last from the Black Sea, with intelligence that a detachment of the Russian fleet, on the 15th inst., had ventured out at last from Sebastopol. As the steam frigates from the allied squadrons were cruising on that day before the fortress, they descried a Russian war steamer,—a bait in all probability—and, bearing down, chased her for about a couple of hours. All of a sudden our ships found themselves in front of six Russian liners, each in tow of a powerful war steamer, all which latter, in a combined movement, let go their ropes, and advanced in the direction of our three vessels.

Notwithstanding the great superiority of the enemy's force, the Anglo-French ships stood bravely to their guns, but leaving, by a skilful manœuvre, the Russian liners well to leeward, so as to exclude them effectually from any part in the combat, a sharp cannonade was soon opened on both sides, but without causing much damage, it appears, owing to the distance. This, at least, is quite certain, as far as regards our ships, not a shot was touched, and struck the paddle box without any material injury. The Russians, it is understood, first got tired of this work; and apprehensive also, perhaps, that other vessels from the combined fleet were approaching, they wheeled about, steamed off in all speed, and again took to tow their liners.

The Baltic.

The *Prussiche Correspondens* of Berlin says: "Letters from Memel state that the news given by some travelers worthy of belief positively contradicts the rumors spread concerning the march of strong Russian detachments towards the Prussian frontier, and the concentration of a body of from 50,000 to 60,000 men between Mittau and Polangen."

The *Gazette Nationale*, of St. Petersburg, has the following, under date of June 26:—"Last week, some important persons visited the localities on the coast and Cronstadt. The two divisions of the fleet are still motionless. Communications between St. Petersburg and Cronstadt are not interrupted. The passage between Cronstadt and Lysy Ros has been sounded, and it has been found to be impracticable."

The fleet seems destined to aid the forts against the enemy's fleets, but only in case when the enemy should attempt to destroy the forts singly. A landing in the isle is not feared, although there be in it too few troops to render the occurrence impossible. No one believes it out of the power of the enemy's fleets to cross the Cronstadt channel, and to reach as far as the three forts. These latter also have been put in a defensive state. The fortifications on the western side are completed."

It is asserted in Copenhagen, says a letter of July 3, that the frequent rumored question to Sweden has been asked at last, and that she has given a negative reply—King Oscar is said to have refused to abandon his neutrality, or to send an army into Finland. For the present he will take no steps adverse to his old friend and master, the Czar. The mysterious Danish armaments now begin to excite a certain anxiety.

German recruits continue to pour into Copenhagen; cannon and war materials are distributed; the garrison of "Tre-Kroner" batteries is largely increased "naval arrangements continue; a fleet will be formed for exercise; and, in fact, a strange warlike activity prevails. The different Danish ships of war are now returning, or have returned, so that in a few days the expected expedition will come off under the command of Admiral Mourier.

Miscellaneous.

Lieut. Rower, who was taken prisoner when the Tiger steam frigate was destroyed off Odessa, landed at Dover on Saturday afternoon. He speaks in grateful terms of the kind manner in which both himself and the other prisoners were treated by the Russian authorities.

A meeting between the Queen of England and the Emperor Napoleon, on the occasion of the embarkation of the French troops at Calais, is considered probable.

It is stated that General Baraguay d'Hilliers leaves Paris on the 14th, to take the command of a first division of troops (12,000) destined for the Baltic.

The Emperor of the French will visit Boulogne during the present week, where he will review the troops who are about to embark for the Baltic.

☞ **To the Nervous.**—At a time when the community is deploring the evils resulting from the use of pernicious preparations of alcohol, a stimulant exhilarant and invigorant, purely vegetable in its nature, and establishing no reaction, is of immense importance to the public and to the medical world. The faculty admit the necessity of tonics and stimulants; they have long administered, and continue to administer, spirituous liquors and narcotics in a large class of cases; but here is a renovator and restorative that not only reinforces the vital powers, tones the stomach, and regulates the secretions, but *keeps them* in the condition necessary to health and vigor. Half the diseases that distress and harrass the civilized portion of the human race are nervous in their character, and spring from some artificial mode of living. Dyspepsia, bilious diseases, all disturbances of the principal internal functions, produce a disastrous effect upon the nerves. Now, MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR strikes both at the cause and the effect, regulating the secretions, while it tranquilizes the nerves. It is destined to take the place of alcoholic stimulants as a medical agent, and it is, as has been proved in countless instances, a mental exhilarant, the use of which is never succeeded by melancholy or hypochondria.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

C. H. RING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

AGENTS.

FLEMING & BROS., No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. GEO. H. KETNER, No. 140 Wood street, do.
T. FLEMING, Allegheny City. jy22daw

☞ **The Great French Remedies!!—HALLY'S ANTIDOTE AND LOTION.**—Those persons who wish for a safe, speedy, and permanent cure, should use the above celebrated and unrivalled FRENCH PREPARATIONS. They have now been in use for five years—have been thoroughly tested in thousands of the most obstinate cases, and invariably have given satisfaction. They are not composed simply of Balsam Copaiva, but are entirely different from all other preparations, both in the nature of their ingredients and the manner in which they operate upon the patient. Hence the wonderful success attending their use.

A gentleman connected with the Western Railroad says: "I have expended for other people during the last three years over $300, for remedies of this description, and have never found a single article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Antidote and Lotion does. I do not recollect of their ever failing to cure in a single instance. Many have been cured in two or three days."

Price, Antidote $1; Lotion 50 cents per bottle.

Invented by M. Bally, Physician to the Paris Hospitals, and prepared from the original recipes, and sold wholesale and retail by DUBOY & CO., Sole Proprietors for the United States and Canadas. Principal Depot, 458 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, by FLEMING BROTHERS, (Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,) No. 60 Wood street. Wholesing—J. H. PATTERSON & CO., and by Druggists everywhere. jy21

☞ **Syphilis, Scrofula and Diseased Blood.**—For these terrific diseases, Carter's Spanish Mixture is the only specific.

The proprietors have in their possession ever one hundred certificates of the most extraordinary cures effected by it.

We refer to the certificate of Richard Adams, late High Sheriff of Richmond, Va.; Edwin Burton, Commissioner of the Revenue for Richmond; General Welch, of the Mammoth Circus; Dr. Hendley, of Washington City; Mr. Wm A. Matthews, and C. B. Luck, Esq., of Richmond, Va.; Mr. F. Boyden, Exchange Hotel, Va.; and a host of others, who have seen cases of the worst description cured by Carter's Spanish Mixture. They all certify that it is the greatest puriſar of the blood known.

☞ See advertisement. jy10:lmdaw

☞ **Pantaloons.**—The well-known superiority of GRIBBLE'S fit in the Garment, needs no comment on his part; it has been acknowledged by all who have favored him with their orders, that they have never been fitted with the same ease and style as by him. He begs to inform his patrons and the public, that his stock is now replete with the newest styles for coats, vests and pants, suitable for the present season.

R. GRIBBLE,
Tailor and Pantaloon Maker,
240 Liberty st., head of Wood. ma24

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Scrofula.**—It is due to KIER'S *Petroleum* to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestage of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy in *Paralysis, Rheumatism, Tetters, loss of Sight*, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physicians, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, N. Y., and bears date August 2, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of Physicians of D. T. Peal, M. D., of Syracuse:

This may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the last seven years that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk and confined to my bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best Physicians our country affords; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as every thing else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum, or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of indolent ulcers and other diseases for which it is recommended, and can with confidence recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended its use where other medicine had failed.

D. Y. FOOT, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh. jan7:1&w

☞ **Notice.**—The Partnership heretofore existing and doing business under the name and style of BENNETT, MARSHALL & CO., was dissolved on the 19th inst., by mutual consent.

BENNETT, MARSHALL & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 28th, 1854.

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED have entered into Copartnership under the name and style of GRAFF, BENNETT & CO., for the purpose of manufacturing Iron, Nails, &c., at the Clinton Rolling Mill, South Pittsburgh. Office at present with English & Richardson, No. 116 Water, and 150 First street.

WM. B. ENGLISH,
ROBT. H. MARSHALL,
JAS. J. HENNETT,
JOHN GRAFF.

Pittsburgh, June 26th, 1854—jy22:dtf

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company;
OFFICE 55 FIFTH STREET.
MASONIC HALL, PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAMES S. HOGG, President.

CHARLES A. COLTON, Secretary.

This Company makes every insurance appertaining to or connected with LIFE RISKS.

Also, against Hull and Cargo Risks on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries, and Marine Risks generally.

And against Loss or Damage by Fire, and against the perils of the Sea and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

Policies issued at the lowest rates consistent with safety to all parties.

DIRECTORS:

James S. Hogg,	Wm. S. Haven,
Samuel M'Clurkan,	James D. M'Gill,
William Phillips,	Alexander Bradley,
John Irwin,	John Fullerton,
Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D.,	Robert Galway,
John M'Alpin,	Alexander Reynolds, Armstrong County.
Wm. F. Johnston,	Horatio N. Lea Kittanning,
James Marshall,	Hiram Stowe, Beaver.
George W. Selden,	

my23:1y

☞ **Strange Development.**—Scientific men are daily bringing to light new inventions, and the march of progress is onward; persons bald, or becoming so, will be pleased to learn that science and long research combined, has been brought before the public the greatest wonder of the age, in the article of EMERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE, a sure cure for baldness and to prevent Hair from falling. See circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars. Price $1.00 in large bottles. Sold by C. E. FISHER & CO., Proprietors,
57 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale in Pittsburgh in the following houses:—
Fleming Bros., A. Wilcox & Co.,
R. E. Sellers, G. H. Keyser,
Joel Mohler, Benj. Page, Jr.,
J. H. Cassel.

Allegheny city.—L. A. Beckham, Pressly & Means, J. Fleming.

Birmingham.—A. Patterson, John G. Smith. jan26

☞ **ASSOCIATED Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.**
J. S. MORGAN, President—ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds. Office: No. 99 Water street.

DIRECTORS:

J. K. Moorhead,	W. J. Anderson,
B. C. Sawyer,	R. B. Simpson,
Wm. M. Shear,	H. E. Wilkins,
C. H. Forbes,	William Cuthbertwood,
R. B. Roberts,	John M. Irwin,
Joseph Kaye,	Wm. Wilkinson,
David Campbell.	jal2

☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—H. D. KING, President; SAMUEL A. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: 94 Water Street, between Market and Wood streets.

Insures against loss or damage by fire, on Buildings, Merchandize, Household Furniture, Steamboats and Steamboat Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

Also, against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

H. D. King,	Wm. Larimer, jr.,
William Bagaley,	Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Holmes,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, jr.,	John S. Duworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Francis Schiere,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant.	William B. Hays.
John Shipton.	jan28

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. L. Scranton, Second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. Kerr, Northeast corner of Diamond, Allegheny city, are the attending Physicians of the above Institution, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at all hours at the Hospital, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours, without form.

☞ **ANGERONA LODGE, I. O. O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 209, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. jly19

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS' SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first and third WEDNESDAY of every month, at the FLORIDA HOUSE, Market street. By order,

jy19 JOHN YOUNG, JR., Secretary.

☞ **ATTENTION!** S. L. G.—You are hereby notified to meet at your Armory, on MONDAYS, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and to transact such business as may come before the Company. P. KANE,

mar6:tf Secretary pro tem.

DIED.

On Tuesday, 25th inst., CHARLES, infant son of Henry and Rebecca S. Lambert, aged five months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence, corner of Logan and Franklin streets, Sixth Ward, THIS DAY, July 26th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **Notice is hereby given,** to the Stockholders of the Little Sandy Mill Run Railroad Company, that an election will be held at the office of N. P. Fetterman, Esq., in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 20TH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock,