Daily Morning Post.

G. K. GILMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING.....JULY 5, 1852

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

[ELECTION TICKETS WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

☞ To-morrow being Fourth of July, we shall issue no paper on Wednesday morning. It will appear as usual.

DEMOCRATIC ALARMED!!

During the past few months, the Democracy have become so wedded to the idea that a dissolution of the Union would lead to a dissolution of the Whig party, that they have actually come to believe it. The utter defeat of the latter party in 1852 discouraged it greatly, and it could never be made to believe that it was not entirely to blame for its own overthrow. Some new issue must be made, some new allies found, and some new organization effected, or that party is lost forever. Despair is hopelessly to dismiss any future hopes to a dissolution of the Union, and to this end the Native Americans and the Abolitionists are devoting all their energies. As a first step in this direction, they have united with the Whig organization in this State, and have succeeded in securing the nomination of their candidate for Governor. As soon as this was known, the Democratic papers began to sing out that the Native Americans had sold out to the Whigs, and that the Whig party was to be completely revolutionized. Such was the case with the Native American party in this State, and if possible, with more reason was it to be charged upon the Democratic party, and it appeared contemptible upon the part of the latter to make the charge. But there was one fact which could not be denied—the Native American party had united with the Whig organization.

Mr. Greeley declared his paper an independent journal, and no longer an organ of the Whig party. The New York *Tribune* says, and Mr. Greeley has since been a confirmed Abolitionist. Soon after that the Native Americans commenced a reorganization under a new name, and a movement was made towards a combination with the Abolitionists. A committee was appointed by Whig politicians to wait upon Mr. Greeley and ascertain his views upon the subject. The result of their interview was, that Mr. Greeley declared that he would not be able to keep them down all summer. A committee was then appointed by the Whig party to wait upon the Native Americans, and ascertain their