Daily Morning Post.

G. P. GILLMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING.....JUNE 23.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF FIKE COUNTY.

THE SECTIONAL WHIG PARTY.

Since the passage of the Nebraska Bill, it has become evident that the remnant of the once powerful Whig party could no longer hold together as a National party—the Northern section taking such extreme ground on slavery as to utterly alienate their Southern brethren. It has now become a serious question with Southern Whigs what they shall do. They cannot again meet on a common platform with Messrs. Seward, Greeley & Co., for these gentlemen have become too deeply dyed in abolition to allow of any such connexion. And so also have the entire Whig party in the North.

The Southern section, finding themselves adrift on the political sea, are beginning to cast about them to find a safe anchorage for their portion of the wreck. In an article upon the project of an independent Southern Whig convention, as trown out by one of the Whig journals in Virginia, the Columbus (Ga.) *Times and Sentinel* thus meets the question:

"The Whig party, as a party, is abolitionized, and it will be treason to their section for Southern Whigs longer to affiliate with it. There are but two courses for them to take. 1st. To form a sectional organization. 2d. To join the democracy. The first course is recommended by the *Enquirer*. If the object of the movement is disunion, this is unquestionably the proper policy. But if the object is to remain in the Union and control the action of the government, then co-operation with the democracy is the only alternative. It was a blunder that the Southern Whigs can carry the whole South into a separate sectional organization, of which, however, there is no probability they would still be in a minority, and the government would be in Northern hands. The South must have allies at the North, then, to enable her to protect herself from the aggressions of the abolitionists. We cannot do without them if we would. But why should we turn our back upon our friends. There are many Northern Democrats who have stood by us in every issue, and struck blow for blow and received wound for wound with us in every battle with the abolitionist. They have richly won our confidence. Why should not the whole South go into the next National Democratic Convention."

This is a pertinent question, and one which will require a decided answer ere long by the Whigs of the South. "Why should not the whole South go into the next Democratic National Convention?" If they want to preserve any of their constitutional rights, it will be a necessary step. The Whig party, as a party, *has* become thoroughly abolitionized. Members of it who, three or four years ago, were only moderately free soil in their predilections, have become rabid, cordially fraternize with extreme abolitionism, and rejoice at the escape of every fugitive slave through abolition riot and murder. It is the only course left for Southern Whigs to pursue, since the Whig party of the North has become an ism. If the Whigs of the South wish to preserve a national existence, they must unite with the only national—the Democratic party.

"NIGGER IN A WOOD PILE!"—Abolition papers generally, and all others of Free Soil proclivities, have been making a great ado over the escape of a "fugitive" from some slave catchers in Chemung Co., N. Y., a few days ago. The facts of the case turn out to be these:—A negro, in Elmira, broke open a hardware store, from which he stole a considerable amount of property. He was traced to Jersey City, and arrested by officer Garrett, of Elmira. While on the way back, the officer and prisoner occupied the saloon in a passenger car, and at many stations the former was interrogated as to what he was doing "with that nigger," and very likely in most cases, curiosity was not satisfied. The officer finally dropped asleep, and while in that state, either unaided or by the help of outsiders, the prisoner escaped. He was afterwards overhauled, when he claimed to be a fugitive slave, and was taken in charge by some of the higher-law characters, and helped into Canada. A negro innocent of crime, may lie for months in a Massachusetts prison, and excite no [illegible] sympathy [illegible] the cry of "fugitive" be raised, giving an opportunity for law-breaking and notoriety, and the "philanthropists" are immediately on the alert.

☞ The lovers of scandal have a windfall in the suit for divorce now proceeding, with much of disgusting detail, in the New York Court of Common Pleas, before Judge Ingraham. The applicant is Catharine F. P. Walker, and her naughty husband Mr. Wildes P. Walker—a name that was brought conspicuously before the public, in connexion with some bank transactions at New Brunswick, New Jersey. Walker is charged with adultery, and ample proof of the fact is offered to be produced. On the other hand, Walker's counsel says he is prepared to prove that the boot is on the other leg; that it is the wife who is guilty and not the husband. Among other things he charges her with an improper intimacy with Commodore Newton, of the U. S. steamship Missouri, at Bath, Maine, in 1843. Also, with a Dr. Harpswell, at a watering place in the same neighborhood.

DEATH BY CHLOROFORM.—Mrs. Richardson, wife of Amasa W. Richardson, of North Adams, Mass., came to her death on Thursday, in consequence of inhaling chloroform administered by Dr. C. E. Streeter, for the purpose of extracting a tooth. The operation of this drug is by no means regular—in most instances it being impossible to account for its fatal effects. In consequence of these "untoward accidents," Dr. Henry Hartshorne, of Philadelphia, who has been experimenting for many years, declares in a late number of the *Medical Journal*, that its use should be attended with great caution.

WHO WERE THE VICTORS?—It is hard to tell who were the victors in the recent Philadelphia election. At first it was claimed as a Whig triumph; but the Natives contended it was a Know-Nothing victory, which most Whigs acquiesced in. Then the Abolitionists contended it was themselves and the Nebraska bill that were victorious, and now we have Geo. R. Graham, editor of the temperance organ in that city, who says:

"We have the gratification of announcing the victory of the friends of temperance in the election of Robert T. Conrad as Mayor of the City of Philadelphia—*a victory very decidedly ours in every point of view.*"

This assumes it to be a temperance victory, without doubt. We respectfully ask whose victory was it? Or was it brought about by a combination of the rag-tag-and-bobtail of all parties.

☞ Crystal Palace stock at one time sold for $175 per share—the par value being $100. Soon after the opening of the exhibition, however, it began to fall, and finally got down so low that when Barnum took hold to attempt reviving the concern, it was quoted on the Stock board at $32. So great was the faith of New Yorkers in Barnum, that it rose immediately $8 per share, but even his genius is not able to make the think pay, and it is now quoted $18½—a decline of 2½ in a single day. "Great is Barnum," but the Palace is not his profit.

☞ "The M'Connellsville *Enquirer*" is the name of a new weekly just started at M'Connellsville, Ohio. In typographical appearance, it is extremely neat, and its editorials and selections bear the impress of ability and good taste. We predict for the *Enquirer* success equal to its merits.

A Nostrum "by Authority."

A recent move of the Anti-Nebraska Mayor of Detroit, O. M. Hyde, Esq., rather throws in the shade the venders of most patent medicines, not excepting Udolpho Wolf, who, arguing that men will imbibe, philanthropically recommends them to drink pure gin, (Scheidam Schnapps,) in preference to bad rum. It appears that in trying to get up a Cholera panic, Mayor Hyde has already held two or three extra sessions of the Common Council to consult on the subject; talked of Cholera on the street corners; and when asked his opinion as to its prevalence, would look grave and shake his head.

His last dodge, however, let the cat out. A handbill was recently issued announcing the appearance of the scourge in a bad form, and advising citizens to use "Conger's Magic Regulator and Tonic Liver Pills" as a certain preventive and cure. This document was duly signed by "O. M. Hyde, Mayor." Most of the press made some good natured comments upon the proclamation, supposing it to be an ingenious trick of the proprietor to obtain for his nostrum notoriety and sale. They were therefore not a little surprised to have a call from the Mayor, who said it was a genuine document, but he had not issued it *in his official capacity!*

The physicians of the city immediately held a meeting and adopted resolutions condemning his Honor's conduct, as there was no cholera in the city; and for recommending a patent nostrum in such a serious disease. From evidence which has since been obtained, it turned out O. M. Hyde is a *joint proprietor of Conger's Magic Regulator and Pills*, hence his belief in its virtues as a Cholera specific. Compared with this Detroit mayor the woolly *horse* sinks into insignificance.

REPEAL OF THE SUGAR DUTIES.—The New Orleans *Bulletin* earnestly remonstrates against the repeal of the sugar duties, for the following reasons:

1st. It is well understood that the price of sugar is now so low that little or no profit remains with the sugar planters. Hundreds are now well satisfied with the possibility of being able to make both ends meet at the end of the year, and many are preparing to retire from the business.

2d. Any legislation that would tend towards cheapening the price of sugars would drive planters out of the business. Being unable to sustain themselves, they would be compelled to resort to some other occupation.

3d. The destruction of the sugar crop of Louisiana would create a vacuum in the market that neither the surplus of Cuba, nor of any surrounding production, would be able to supply. Consequently, prices would advance materially, and parties now complaining of the lowest sort of rates, would be adding an economical living to the planter, would be compelled to pay an increase of at least fifty per cent. over and above what they expend now for the same article.

4th. Would the project we have been arguing against, pay? We think we have clearly shown it would not. Cheaper and better sugar than is now sold, cannot be raised in the United States. Why should the advocates of repeal strive to consummate a measure which, while it ruins their neighbors, will inevitably add to their pockets? Why should Congress be right, at all times, to determine when their sessions shall commence, the House yesterday passed a bill fixing upon November 1st, of each year, as that time hereafter. It is having been strictly adhered to up this period. The same was thin when this legislation took place; the vote being but yeas 81, nays 77.

We hardly think the Senate will endorse this action, as in many States there are to be November elections, in which honorable Senators of course desire to "take a hand." This they cannot do as well here as at home. So, we anticipate they may quietly amend the resolution by substituting the first Monday in October, instead of the first Monday in November; which being done, the House will surely lay it on the table.

Liverpool Wool Circular.

LIVERPOOL, 1st June, 1854.

Gentlemen:—The same state of uncertainty and depression, noted in our circular of last at time, has characterized the trade during the past month. The business done has again been to a very limited extent; and we are sorry we cannot report any improvement in the Wool Markets. The reduced prices are however (as we anticipated in our last) beginning to bring orders for export; and some considerable sales have been made in Buenos Ayres, Cordova, Mogadore, and the better class of Turkey Wools; both for the continent and Belgium; as at our present current rates, the market is now decided the cheapest for these descriptions. Sales have also been made to some extent, in Mohair and Alpaca for the Yorkshire markets, at our reduced quotations; and as long as the present extreme depression as regards political and monetary affairs, continues, we cannot we fear, look for any material improvement.

Considerable uncertainty still prevails, as to the prices likely to be paid for the new clip of English Wools, which is now coming forward. Some small parcels of fleeces, which at this period last year, commanded 16½ to 17½ ₰ lb; have been sold at 12d to 12½ ₰ lb; but as the fairs have not yet commenced, nothing decisive is as yet fixed as regards future average rates. The first public sale in London, of the new clip of Australian Wool, commenced on the 11th ult., and closed this day. They opened at an average reduction of about 1d ₰ lb., on previous rates; and good clean descriptions have been pretty well supported throughout the series; but inferior, in condition Books, of which there was a large proportion, were more heavy of sale, and experienced a havier reduction. East India Wools maintained previous rates; particularly the better classes of white and yellow, which were in demand for export; other low sorts, chiefly withdrawn for want of competition.

Our next public sales are fixed to commence here on the 20th instant, when probably about 5,000 bales of East India, and a quantity of other low wools will be offered.

We are gentlemen,
Your most obedient servants,
W. GREAME & CO.
Wool Brokers, 25 Temple street.

STRIKE OF RAILROAD ENGINEERS.—At twelve o'clock to-day all the engineers on the first three divisions of the New York and Erie Railroad quit work by preconcerted arrangement. They do not demand increase of wages, but require the Company to rescind a recent regulation which causes the discharge of every engineer whose engine runs off the track, and after his discharge prevents him from obtaining employment on any other road by posting him.

The engineers on the Susquehanna, Delaware and Eastern Divisions have rebelled against this order, as being unfair in its operation. They claim that an engineer should not be held accountable for accidents at switches, &c., against which, they claim, he cannot be prepared. Accordingly they have banded together, to the number of about *one hundred*, to compel the Superintendent to rescind the order. Notice of their intention to quit work at noon, to-day, on the whole line between Susquehanna and this city, was given to the Company a week since. The names of the Engineers were signed to the remonstrance in a "round-robin," so that the ringleaders of the rebellion cannot be known. Each man has bound himself to stop his train on the road, at the hour named, at whatever point he may be, and to take no engine out of the yards after the hour, unless the Company agree to the demand. If the Superintendent, however, has had a week's warning of this movement, there is little fear but that the trains will be provided with other men, and leave the stations in time.

Mr. McCallum has declared his intention to hold the engineers on this road to this strict accountability. His predecessor, M. Minot, was in the habit of offering to engineers a gratuity of five dollars for each month in which no accident happened to their engines. The present superintendent having adopted a much more severe course, we shall have an opportunity to test the working of the two systems.—*N. Y. Daily Times, Tuesday.*

☞ An awful tragedy occurred at Milville, Mass., on Sunday evening. Alexander Hewitt, being jealous of his wife, assulted her with intent to kill. She ran to the house of Mr. Orin Brown, entered it and claimed Mr. Brown's protection. Her husband came up in pursuit, armed with a pistol, and shot twice through the window. Mr. Brown received a ball in his forehead, and died instantly. Hewitt's wife then ran out of the end door, when her husband again pursued her and shot her in the back of the head. He then escaped to the woods, where he remained all night. On Monday morning, at 8 o'clock, he came and delivered himself up; but before doing so, took a dose of strychnine and died soon after. Mrs. Hewitt cannot survive. Mr. Brown was a man

Telegraph Items.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION IN HOLLIDAYSBURG.—TEN BUILDINGS BURNED.—*Hollidaysburg, June 21.*—A fire broke out at half-past eleven o'clock last night in the grocery and liquor store of J. H. Douglass & Co., on Juniata street, in this borough, and before it could be subdued ten buildings were destroyed. The properties burned were as follows:—Douglass & Co's grocery store; Roth's shoemaker shop; Martin's paint shop; Mrs. Lewis' confectionery establishment; H. P. Baker's saddler's shop; Gans & Kinport's clothing store; Geo. Haas' barber shop; Dr. Doderigue's drug store; Black's confectionery and bake house, and the stable of Dr. Roderigue. The whole corner of Juniata and Montgomery streets is in ruins. Very few goods are saved from the burnt property. The entire loss is probably twenty thousand dollars, on which there is a partial insurance. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Dr. Inglehart, a German, committed suicide last night by cutting his throat, and then jumping out of a third story window.

[From the Philadelphia Bulletin, Wednesday.]

FACTORY BURNT.—CONSTERNATION AMONG THE OPERATIVES.—The conflagration yesterday afternoon, in the Seventeenth Ward, presented, for a time, a frightful scene, owing to the rapid spread of the flames and the consternation among the panic stricken operatives, male and female. Like so many similar establishments that have been burned in Philadelphia of late years, the building had no proper means of escape provided in case of fire. Happily, we believe, that no lives were lost; but some of the females were badly burned, and many were only rescued from a frightful death by ropes from the windows.

The factory buildings, and the greater part of the machinery in them, belonged to Mr. Paul Thurlow, of the firm of Thurlow & Hughes. The buildings were valued at $15,000, and there was an insurance of $5,000 upon them. There was also an insurance of $5,000 upon the machinery. The loss by this conflagration is very heavy, not less probably than $70,000 or $75,000. A large number of hands are thrown out of employment by the mishap.

(From the Washington, D. C., Star.)

The Mexican Treaty.

As we anticipated in our issue of Friday last, M. Raphael, Santa Anna's special bearer of despatches, reached Washington on Sunday night last, and has subsequently, of course, had full consultations with Gen. Almonte. We feel fortier assured that he brings no intimation from Santa Anna of a disposition to ask any further amendment to the treaty, which may essentially delay its final consummation. We have just heard of advices from the city of Mexico, which came by the last arrival from Vera Cruz, to parties in New York, which satisfy us that Santa Anna wishes hard cash in hand, rather than monthly instalments; but that neither he nor Congress are disposed to make any sacrifice of the active labors of the latter at this point for some time to come. Indeed, we have every reason to believe that Santa Anna has given Gen. Almonte a conge, which will enable him to refresh himself by a flying visit to his home. This will be very pleasant and agreeable than to sit him down during this hot weather, to chaffer over disputed articles of international contentions. The fact that he contemplates such a journey, is satisfactory evidence of the correctness of our announcement of last Friday, that the treaty may be regarded as *un fait accompli.*

[From the Same.]

THE CHANGE OF TIME FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF CONGRESS.—The Constitution having decreed that Congress shall be right, at all times, to determine when their sessions shall commence, the House yesterday passed a bill fixing upon November 1st, of each year, as that time hereafter. It is having been strictly adhered to up this period. The same was thin when this legislation took place; the vote being but yeas 81, nays 77.

We hardly think the Senate will endorse this action, as in many States there are to be November elections, in which honorable Senators of course desire to "take a hand." This they cannot do as well here as at home. So, we anticipate they may quietly amend the resolution by substituting the first Monday in October, instead of the first Monday in November; which being done, the House will surely lay it on the table.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the O'Reilly Lines for the Morning Post

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 22.—*Senate.*—Mr. Rockwell presented a memorial of 1900 persons, principally of Boston, asking the immediate repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law. He said the signers were persons of all professions and occupations, and mostly persons who had been disposed to support the compromise of 1850. They are now induced to ask for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law, because of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise.

A motion was made to refer it to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Dixon said he and they desired to be heard on that motion, and he moved to postpone it until to-morrow. Agreed to.

Mr. Clayton presented the proceedings of a meeting in Delaware, remonstrating against any treaty or other measure for a reciprocal trade in breadstuffs.

Mr. Mason reported a bill allowing the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, to construct a temporary railroad over Long Bridge, and through Washington city, and to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Mr. Seward reported a bill authorizing the Post Master General to contract for a term not exceeding five years, for a sum not exceeding half a million for carrying the monthly mails in first class steamers from San Francisco via Sandwich Islands, and Japan to Shanghai in China and back; all excess of money so appropriated, over postages received, to be paid out of the Treasury.

The Texas Land Bill veto was taken up.

Mr. Bell concluded his speech yesterday in support of the bill, when the Senate adjourned.

House.—Mr. Houston, from the Committee on Ways and Means reported a bill to enable the President to carry into effect the Gadsden treaty, appropriating ten millions for that purpose. Referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Olds, from the Committee on Post Offices, reported a bill amending the Postage Law, charging three cents on single letters for any distance under 3 000 miles, and over the distance ten cents; Ocean postage to be five cents under 3,000 miles, and ten cents over; drop letters and advertised letters, one cent additional. Deferred until to-morrow.

The House then went into Committee on the General Appropriation bill.

NEWS FROM CHINA.

BOSTON, June 22.—The following despatch was received from an eminent London house, previous to the sailing of the Canada.

HONG KONG, April 22.—An attack was made by the Imperialists on the foreign settlement, at Shanghai, which led to the storming and destruction of their camp, on the 4th, by the English and American forces. Two were killed and several wounded of the volunteers, among the latter was Capt. Pearson, of the American ship Rose Standish. All was quiet on the 12th April."

NEW ORLEANS, June 20.—The steamer United States arrived yesterday from Aspinwall.

The Illinois sailed on the 10th with nearly one million of dollars brought down by J. L. Stephenson.

SYRACUSE, June 22—The Convention of veterans of 1812, was in session yesterday and to-day. The Hon. Hawley Baldwin presided. Resolutions were adopted urging their claims on Congress.

CINCINNATI, June 22—Father Kroeger, Priest of Trinity Church, was examined before the Police Court today, on a charge of assault with intent to commit a rape, on a German girl, aged 14, while attending confession.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Flour; sales 6,250 bbls, dull at $7.25@$8; sales 500 bbls Southern at $8.75@9.25. Wheat heavy, lower; sales 23,000 bush Corn, a trifle higher, at 82 @84½. Cotton firm, market unchanged, a limited business at previous rates. Coffee; sales 800 bags Rio at 9, cash. Sugar; sales 200 hhds Orleans at 5, dull. Molasses; sales 100 bbls Muscovado at 18½. Rice; sales 200 tierces Old, sales 270 tierces New Orleans at 4½@5. Tallow; sales 100 bbls. Pork, dull with a declining tendency, $17.62@18.06. Beef firm at $16. Lard; sales 150 bbls, unchanged, in limited demand. Freights, rates, 10c. Whisky, sales 150 bbls Ohio at 29½, firmer. Iron; sales 200 tons firm at $40@42. Money easier; stocks lower.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—Flour inactive, little export demand; the only sales reported are 500 bbls, standard brands yesterday evening at $8 25@8 50. Decline of 25@50c. Small sales of Rye Flour. Sales of 150 bbls Corn Meal, Penna., at $3.75. Wheat more plentiful, and lower; sales of prime red lot of Rye brought $1.12. Corn advanced; rather more offering; sales 4000 bush yellow at 82c, afloat, including a cargo of damaged at 79c, and a sale of 900 bush in store at 80c. Whisky firm at 28 in bbls.

CINCINNATI, June 22.—The river rose four inches; weather warm. Flour very dull, at $7@7 25. Whisky 26c. Provisions inactive and unchanged. Lard 7½@7¾, firm. Oats declined to 33 No change in Groceries

At a fire on the 11th inst., in Louisville, Ky., when several ladies, had to descend by ladders, from the windows of the Exchange Hotel, some very careful individual, threw a *barrel of eggs* from an upper window, to the sidewalk, for the purpose of *saving* them.

"The veiled murderess, convicted at Troy, N. Y., has been sentenced, we says the Washington, (D. C.,) Star, "to be a Mrs. Campbell, from Quebec, (Canada,) where she formerly kept a tavern, but did not enjoy a very good character." So the relationship to Queen Victoria, is "knocked into a cocked hat." What a pity.

☞ **Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial.**—There are facts and principles which can only be reached by deep research and laborious investigation. The superiority of the Invigorating Elixir over every other restorative and antidyspeptic preparation is not a matter of this class. It lies upon the *surface*, it is *self-demonstrable*, palpable to all eyes. To overlook it is impossible; to doubt it, is to deny credence to the evidence of the senses. As a means of relieving every form of nervous disease, whether acute or chronic, sensitive or spasmodic—of invigorating the springs of motion, or the sources of sensation; it *has not*, it has *never had*, an equal. In neuralgia, ric dolou reux, rheumatism, general exertation of the system, morbid melancholy, hysteria, spasms, paralysis, epilepsy, palpitation of the heart, &c. it produces a wonderful and astonishing effect—ralying, tending, it might almost be said electrifying, both body and mind, and replacing torpor and weakness with energy and strength. As a stomachic, it has properties no less positive and potent. The weakest stomach recovers its vigor, or receives it, if never before enjoyed, under the influence of this great tonic. It invigorates the digestive powers, but conserves the vigor it creates, and perpetuates the health it restores. This is the declaration not of one or two, but of thousands. The medical profession, slow to recognize any innovations upon established remedies, admit the commanding efficacy of this wonderful catholicon.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

D. R. MORSE, Sole Proprietor,
192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

AGENTS:

FLEMING & BROS, No 69 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No.140 Wood street, do
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City. je22:daw

☞ **The Great French Remedies!!**—M. BALLY'S ANTIDOTE AND LOTION.—Those persons who wish for a safe, speedy, and permanent cure, should use the above celebrated and universalled FRENCH PREPARATIONS. They have now been in use for five years—have been thoroughly tested in thousands of the most obstinate cases, and invariably have given satisfaction. They are not composed simply of Balsam Copaiva, but are entirely different from all other preparations, both in the nature of their ingredients and the manner in which they operate upon the patient. Hence the wonderful success attending their use.

A gentleman connected with the Western Railroad says: "I have expended for other people during the last three years over $200, for remedies of this description, and have never found a single article that gave such satisfaction as your Antidote and Lotion does. I do not recollect of their ever failing to cure in a single instance. Many have been cured in two or three days."

Price, Antidote $1; Lotion 50 cents per bottle.

Invented by M. Bally, Physician to the Paris Hospitals, and prepared from the original recipes, and sold wholesale and retail by DUROT & CO., Sole Proprietors for the United States and Canadas. Principal Depot, 458 Brondway, New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, by FLEMING BROTHERS, (Successors to J. Kidd & Co.) No. 60 Wood street. Wholesing—J. H. PATTERSON & CO., and by Druggists everywhere. je21

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills.**—A singular combination, but very effectual, as the following will show:

NEW YORK, November 20, 1852.

Messrs. R. S. Sellers:—I will just add that your Liver Pills have answered the very best purpose in my practice, and from their salutary effects in my own prescriptions, I can confidently and easily recommend them where I have hitherto hesitated with others of great repute.

Yours, &c. N. W. WHITE, M. D.

Prepared and sold by R. E. SELLERS & CO., 67 Wood street, and for sale by druggists generally. je7

Treasurer's Office of the Charters Valley Railroad Company.

SUBSCRIBERS to the above Road are hereby notified that the Board of Directors have called for a second instalment of FIVE DOLLARS per share, payable to the Treasurer on the 1st Monday of JUNE, and also Five Dollars per share on the first Monday of each ensuing month, until the whole amount is paid.

ALVAN WILKINS, Treasurer.
my30:tf

THE GLEN HOTEL

IS NOW READY FOR SUMMER VISITERS.—The grounds have been improved, and the House rendered more attractive, generally. The proprietor will be happy to see his friends.

☞ An Omnibus of the Excelsior Line is now running from the station, on Fifth street, to the GLEN HOTEL. Leaves the station at 8 o'clock, A. M., and 5 P. M.; returning at 9 A. M., and 6½ P. M.

J. G. MARTIN, Agent.

BACON—18 casks Shoulders and 2 casks Hams, a prime article, received per steamer Huron, and for sale by
my24 J. A. HUTCHISON & CO.

A. A. MASON & CO.—600 cases and packages of the latest and most desirable styles of Dry Goods will be opened on the 29th, 30th and 31st of May. my27

SHAD—15 bbls No. 1, for sale by
my29 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

MANILLAS—A. A. MASON & CO. have now for sale more than 100 latest styles of Manillas. my22

LINSEED OIL—10 bbls for sale by
je19 HENRY HOLMES.

LARD—100 bbls for sale by
je19 HENRY HOLMES.

SALERATUS—40 bxs Pulverized Saleratus, in quarter, half and pound papers, for sale by
je19 HENRY HOLMES.

BUTTER—15 kegs fresh Furkin Butter, for sale by
je19 HENRY HOLMES.

EGGS—3 bbls fresh this day received, and for sale by
je19 HENRY HOLMES.

BLUE LICK WATER—3 bbls received this day by
my26 JOS. FLEMING, corner of the Diamond and Market st.

POMADES AND HAIR OILS—A very large assortment of the finest English and French Pomades and Hair Oils, received by [illegible] (my26) JOS. FLEMING.

LARD OIL, NO. 1—just received and for sale by
my18 JOEL MOHLER.

MACKEREL—50 bbls large No. 3 Mackerel, 1854 inspection, just received and for sale by
je13 ENGLISH & RICHARDSON.

FRESH PINE APPLES.—400 fresh Pine Apples, to arrive by Express, for sale by
FLEMING BROTHERS.

SPERM OIL—5 bbls in store and for sale by
W. A. MCLURG.

PRESTON'S MERRILL'S Extracts of Lemon, Orange, Rose, Vanilla, Peach, Almond, Jamaica Ginger, and Nutmegs; for sale by
W. A. MCLURG.

FOR SALE—200 acres of prime Land, on the Muskingum River, 1 mile below M'Connellsville, Ohio. It is a splendid farm, and offered very low. Enquire of
je20 THOMAS WOODS, 75 Fourth st.

DRY GOODS.—A. M'TIGHE, *corner of Grant and Fifth streets*, has now on hand 10 cases bleached muslin from 6¼ cents up; 50 pieces Irish linen; 25 pieces white muslin, for ladies' dresses; 75 pieces linen; cotton and woolen good, for boys' wear; a few pieces fine black challie; black barred and plain berege and tissues; mantillas; mantilla silk and trimmings of every description; tan colored and mixed de bage; dress ginghams; 500 pieces Merrimac prints, fast colors—all of which will be sold extremely low.
je12 A. M'TIGHE.

PARASOLS—AT A. M'TIGHE'S, corner of Grant and Fifth streets—100 plain Green Satin; 150 figured, all colors; 75 figured and lined; 75 plain Gros de Naples, lined; 100 plain Gros de Naples, all colors; 200 Children's plain, figured and lined, all colors. All of which will be sold low for quality. je19

FINE SUMMER DRESS GOODS—A. A. MASON & CO are now receiving another supply of Summer Dress Goods, comprising some very rich new styles of figured Bereges, Silk Tissues, &c. Also, a large assortment of the most fashionable colors in plain goods. je7

FANNY FERN'S NEW BOOK.—Fern Leaves, from Fanny's Portfolio; second series; with original designs; by Fred. M. Coffin. Just received by
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BROWN AND WHITE PLAID GINGHAMS—An assortment of the above Goods just received by
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ANY person wishing to hire a Team for 6 months, address me, post-paid; Farmington, Trumbull county, Ohio. This is no fiction—I book agent. No traveling is necessary; but any person can remain at home and make the above sum in the time stated. Address
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PRESTON'S MERRILL'S Extracts of Lemon, Orange, Rose, Vanilla, French, Almond, Jamaica Ginger, and Nutmegs; for sale by
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PROF. BYRON H. ROBB.

CASH MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pennsylvania. CAPITAL, $100,000. *CHARTER PERPETUAL.*

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Office, in Lafayette Buildings,
(entrance on Wood street.)
je8

☞ **Western Pennsylvania Hospital.**—Drs. L. SCHUCK, Second, between Wood and Market streets, and J. REED, North-east corner of Diamond. Allegheny City, are the attending Physicians to the above Institution, for the first quarter of 1854.

Applications for admission may be made to them at the above Dwellings, or at the Hospital at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Recent cases of accidental injury are received at all hours, without formality. je19:2

C. YEAGER, 110 MARKET street, Pittsburgh, Importer and Wholesale Dealer in FANCY AND STAPLE VARIETY AND DRY GOODS, offers to city and country dealers as large and well selected stock of Goods as any Eastern house, and same prices, thus saving freight, time and expenses. je19

I. O. O. F.—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

PITTSBURGH LODGE, No. 53—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MERCANTILE ENCAMPMENT, No. 37—Meets first and third Friday of each month. (may23)y

ALLEGHENY LODGE, I. O. O. F.—This Lodge meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st.; (jly1)y

☞ **Class Premiums—Duff's College.**—The usual handsome Premiums will be awarded at an examination of the Classes in this Institution, in JULY NEXT, for the greatest proficiency in Book keeping, Penmanship, and Mercantile Law. je8:tw

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS 50 first and third WEDNESDAY of every month, at the FLORIDA HOUSE, Market street. By order,
JOHN YOUNG, JR., Secretary.

☞ ATTENTION! S. L. G.—You are hereby notified to attend at your Armory, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and to transact such business as may come before the Company. P. KANE,
Secretary pro tem.

THE Original, only true and genuine Liver Pills.—HEAR WHAT PHYSICIANS SAY:

Independence, Washington co., Feb. 24, 1848.

MR. R. S. SELLERS:—I will just add that your Liver Pills have answered the very best purpose in my practice, and from their salutary effects in my own prescriptions, I can confidently and easily recommend them where I have hitherto hesitated with others of great repute.

Yours, &c. N. W. WHITE, M. D.

Prepared and sold by R. E. SELLERS & CO., 67 Wood street, and for sale by druggists generally. je7

Treasurer's Office of the Charters Valley Railroad Company.

SUBSCRIBERS to the above Road are hereby notified that the Board of Directors have called for a second instalment of FIVE DOLLARS per share, payable to the Treasurer on the 1st Monday of JUNE, and also Five Dollars per share on the first Monday of each ensuing month, until the whole amount is paid.

ALVAN WILKINS, Treasurer.
my30:tf

THE GLEN HOTEL

IS NOW READY FOR SUMMER VISITERS.—The grounds have been improved, and the House rendered more attractive, generally. The proprietor will be happy to see his friends.

☞ An Omnibus of the Excelsior Line is now running from the station, on Fifth street, to the GLEN HOTEL. Leaves the station at 8 o'clock, A. M., and 5 P. M.; returning at 9 A. M., and 6½ P. M.

J. G. MARTIN, Agent.

BACON—18 casks Shoulders and 2 casks Hams, a prime article, received per steamer Huron, and for sale by
my24 J. A. HUTCHISON & CO.

A. A. MASON & CO.—600 cases and packages of the latest and most desirable styles of Dry Goods will be opened on the 29th, 30th and 31st of May. my27

SHAD—15 bbls No. 1, for sale by
my29 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

MANILLAS—A. A. MASON & CO. have now for sale more than 100 latest styles of Manillas. (my22)

LINSEED OIL—10