Daily Morning Post.

G. F. GILLMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....MAY 23.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF PIKE COUNTY.

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

JOB PRINTING.

We have one of the best *Job Printing Offices* in the city, and we would respectfully ask merchants and all others who want Cards, Circulars, Bills of Lading, Bill Heads, Blank Checks, Handbills, etc., to give us a call. All our Job Type are of the most modern manufacture and cannot fail to please all our customers. Our workmen are perfect masters of their business, and will labor assiduously to please all who will favor us with an order.

THE CAMPAIGN OF '54 IN OUR STATE.

The question, "Will Judge Pollock decline?" having been settled; and he having determined to stand the canvass for Governor, it becomes important and proper to examine his claims to the suffrages of the people of this State. That those claims are not very strong is sufficiently attested by the fact that several leading Whig papers very candidly advised him to withdraw from the canvass, some weeks after he had received the nomination from the Whig convention. Such advice may have been bad policy on the part of his friends; but it was a clear and unequivocal admission that he had no personal strength or popularity to rely upon, and that his chances of being elected were entirely hopeless. We think our Whig neighbors cannot deny that this is a fair inference from the premises. Has any Democratic paper proposed that Governor Bigler decline the race? Certainly not. He was nominated by an overwhelming majority of the Democratic convention. He has been tried for three years, and *not* found wanting. He has exercised fearlessly the pardoning power and the veto power vested in him by the constitution. He has approved some two thousand acts of three sessions of the state legislature. His opinions and principles have been thus subjected to the test of public opinion; yet no one has proposed to him to retire from the canvass since his nomination. The Democracy of the state are united upon him. *He has been tried, and has satisfied the people.* Very different is the position of the Whig candidate for Governor. He has not been tried. He has not made known his principles upon matters of state policy; and, within six weeks after his nomination, he has been advised by some of his friends to "get out of the way," and let a renegade Democrat take his place.

We have yet to learn the first act of Judge Pollock, that entitles him to the support of the people of Pennsylvania, as a candidate for Governor. He says in his letter, refusing to retire from the canvas, that he is in favor of the sale of the public works. Governor Bigler has signed a bill providing for such sale. Whether such sale would be good policy or not, Judge Pollock cannot expect to make political capital out of the question. The large majority by which the bill passed the House of Representatives, shows that it was not considered or treated as a party measure. It is not such. Judge Pollock is too late in mounting that hobby. The bill has passed, and become a law; and democrats can carry it into effect as well as the whigs, if purchasers can be found. But Mr. Pollock makes a strong bid for the votes of the abolitionists. In his letter he pledges himself strongly against the Nebraska bill. On that subject every citizen thinks as he pleases, and votes as he pleases. Some of our democratic members of Congress voted for it, and others against it. But it is not surprising that a Whig candidate for Governor should be opposed to the principle of popular sovereignty, in whatever form it may arise. A Whig could scarcely do otherwise. The fact is there is no strong point in the character of the Whig candidate; no availability; nothing to awaken the enthusiasm of his friends, or occasion the slightest apprehension among his opponents. It is no wonder he was openly invited to decline the race.

That Judge Black will be re-elected by an overwhelming majority no one can doubt; and we venture the prediction that our fellow-citizen Mr. Darsie, will fall behind his ticket in the race for Canal Commissioner. Mr. Darsie's course in the Senate on railroad matters has not been of a character to make friends at home or abroad. His restrictive policy in regard to railroads; his constant hostility to railroad projects that did not terminate in Pittsburgh, and his advocacy of guage laws, have given cause of dissatisfaction in many parts of the State, and the result of the election in October next will probably show that Col. Henry S. Mott is one of the most popular Democrats in the State, and is abundantly competent to discharge the duties of the office. His strict integrity none who know him doubts. His election by a very large majority is certain.

MOB VIOLENCE IN ARKANSAS.—The Memphis *Eagle* of the 18th inst., contains an account of mob violence in Crittenden county, Arkansas, by which a Dr. Dewitt was killed. The mob afterwards resolved if the Doctor's father-in-law, Jos. Ables, did not leave the county the next day he must abide the consequences. A number of others were also ordered to leave. Their alleged offences were aiding the escape of thieves, murderers, &c., &c.

THE MISSING STEAMER.—The Picton Chronicle, of the 11th inst., mentions a report that the steamer City of Glasgow was signalized on the 20th ult., by the ship Mic Mac, when within four days sail of Halifax. She was then steering west. This report can hardly be true, for if so, the steamer would have been seen or heard of by other vessels, even if she had made no port. There can be hardly a doubt now as to the loss of the gallant ship with all on board.

CONNECTICUT U. S. SENATORS.—On the 19th inst., the Connecticut legislature proceeded to ballot for two U. S. Senators: one to fill the place made vacant by Roger S. Baldwin, whose term expired two years ago, and the other that of Truman Smith, resigned. For the short term, Francis Gillette, Free Soiler, was elected by a majority of one in each branch. Lafayette S. Foster, a whig, we believe, received a majority in both branches for the long term.

"THE BRIDE OF THE WILDERNESS," by Emerson Bennett, is a new novel lately issued from the press of T. B. Peterson, Philadelphia. Bennett's writings are popular, and this appears to be one of his best. It is for sale by Miner & Co., 32 Smithfield street, and Gildenfenny & Co., Fourth street.

☞ We find that the election of county superintendent of public schools is exciting a good deal of interest in this county. The office is an important one, and the salary will probably be fixed at a thousand dollars or more. We have heard a large number of names mentioned in connection with the office.

☞ The Wheeling Bridge is to be rebuilt immediately. We hope the company will employ a more competent engineer than Ellet, to superintend the work this time.

DEFENDERS OF WESTERN BANKS.

A correspondent of the *Journal* notices some remarks of ours in our money article of the 19th, and thinks we have a malicious design to injure the Bank of Connereville. The writer must be very silly if he supposes we have any personal feeling in such matters. We notice banks as we do every thing else, according to information contained in papers published in their vicinity. We shall continue to do so, believing that it is proper matter for public information. All we said in regard to the bank in question was taken from such papers as the Cincinnati *Price Current*, *Enquirer*, and, we believe, the Cincinnati *Commercial*. Pretty reliable authority, that. In the *Price Current*, of the 17th, will be found the article to which we referred on the 19th, and we stated our authority at the time.

Is it proper or not to give information on such subjects? We think it is. They are institutions in whose condition and conduct the public has a direct interest. Public scrutiny as to their soundness tends to keep them sound and safe. It is the best security we have against mismanagement and fraud. They ask credit. They ask the people to take their notes. Yet their sensitive friends denounce every one who would let the people know their true condition. The very people who hold their notes must be kept in ignorance as to their safety, lest the notes should be returned for redemption. We have sound and solvent banks in our city that could supply all demand for money here; but their notes are actually crowded out of use by the depreciated notes of western banks. Yet not a word must be said about them for fear it may diminish their circulation here. Such is the doctrine of the *Journal*, and its correspondent.

If a camphene lamp explodes it may be mentioned. Yet it injures their sale. If an accident happens on a railroad or steamboat, an account of it may be published; yet it injures the credit of the road or boat. We may publish the indebtedness, and the pecuniary condition of a railroad company; but nothing must be said of the Banks.

That is not our opinion.

DESECRATION OF THE SABBATH.—The Louisville *Democrat* has lost some nine or ten subscribers, because the editor condemned the Sabbath revel of a portion of the German population of that city. A reform, the editor thinks, is needed in the manner of conducting certain gardens of public resort, and he expressed as much on the subject. To punish his contumacy, certain men who sign themselves "Liberty, Equality and Fraternity," discontinued the *Democrat*, and make terrible threats against his subscription list should he continue in his course. Two of their communications are published, in one of which we find this: "Every man is free and can do what he pleases, if he don't murder and steal." This, our red republican friends will fine, is a serious blunder. Men who regard the Christian sabbath, as a sacred day of rest, have rights which cannot be trampled upon, in this country at least. There is a great difference between the largest liberty and anarchy. It is gratifying, however, to know that this demonstration is made by a faction—a very small faction—who represent but a fraction of the German population of Louisville.

THE GREAT (VOLUNTEER) KEYSTONE.—It has been denied by some of Mr. Crittenden's friends that he volunteered to defend the Wards; but the following from an official report of his address to the Hardin county jury sets the matter at rest. It shows most emphatically that he did volunteer. What his object was is plain to every one:

"My services in this cause were volunteered. I had hardly (dated May 7th, and coming in the Dove's mail,) heard that Santa Anna is completely surrounded by Alvarez's insurgents, having his communication and egress to the city of Mexico, as well as his supplies from any quarter, completely cut off. His men are certainly dying of very fast from want and disease. At Vera Cruz, it was expected by those best informed, that they would very soon hear of a revolution in the city of Mexico, which would drive from their places instantly all of Santa Anna's officers and adherents in the Government. At the city, it was impossible to hear from Santa Anna, all dispatches passing between him and his men in this city, of late, having been intercepted by the insurgents. The Sloo Tehuantepec grantees have discovered a practicable passage over the mountains, reducing the total elevation to be overcome some two hundred feet, and have commenced the construction of their plank road with vigor. It is the opinion of the intelligent writer of the letter, that the money to be paid under the treaty will not save Santa Anna; as such is his condition that he cannot get to the capital to avail himself of it. —*Wash. Star, 20th.*

THE KNOW-NOTHINGS are forming military companies at New Orleans, under the name of a National Guard. Some idea may be had of the great strength of this new organization at the ballot box, in the fact that at an election for three Aldermen, held on the 8th inst., out of a vote of 8,134, there was a majority of 7756. Next day processions of the party marched through the street, displaying the American flag. During the day there was considerable fighting in the Third Ward, and several persons were shot, but none dangerously wounded. At night the Know-Nothings attacked the house of Mr. Murphy, at the corner of St. Joseph's and Tchoupitoulas streets. The building was used as a bar-room—or as they are called there, a coffee house—the doors were forced, and everything within the house was demolished, bricks were hurled, some one hundred pistols fired, and the excitement was for a time very great. Several persons were wounded, and one was killed on the spot. The cause of the destruction of the house was that pistols were fired from the building, as the Know-Nothings were passing. At last accounts everything was quiet.

AN IMPORTANT ACT.—An Act was passed by the Legislature, and approved of by the Governor, changing the mode of creating and dividing election districts in this Commonwealth. Upon the petition of one third of the voters of any election district, presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, it shall be lawful for such Court to order an election in such district upon the question of the location or change of the place of holding elections. The second section of this act gives the Courts authority to divide any borough, ward, or township into one or more election districts, or to form an election district out of parts of two or more townships, to suit the convenience and wishes of the inhabitants thereof. No district thus formed shall contain less than one hundred voters.—*Mining Register.*

THE SUNBURY AND ERIE RAILROAD.—In speaking of the settlement of the Lake Shore Railroad difficulty, the Cincinnati *Times*, thus alludes to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, and its benefit to this city. The *Times* says:—"The Sunbury and Erie Railroad from Lake Erie to Philadelphia yet to be built, must prove a formidable rival to the New York and Erie Road and it will take passengers to New York through Philadelphia, in shorter time than any other line, and pour a stream of trade into Philadelphia, which now finds its way to New York;—hence the hostility of the press of that city during the time of the "break," and their desire to settle the difficulties by the force of public opinion, and without recourse to law. The assertion of her sovereign rights by Pennsylvania over her own territory, however, defeated this grab game, and now we have the result, by which the traveling community will largely profit."—*Phila. Argus.*

A TREATY OF PEACE.—The Montreal *Herald* announces that the British and Russian Fur Colonies, and the Hudson Bay Company, through Gov. Simpson, and the Russian Company at Sitka, have already had an understanding that they will not go to war because their home sovereign have drawn the sword. The neutrality, as we understand it, does not insure either settlement against the forces of the adverse nation, but only extends to make each of them non-combatants as respects the other.

CANDID.—The Edinburg *Scotsman* has an article upon the acquisition of Cuba by the United States, in which, of course, the latter country is charged with greediness and covetousness. The *Scotsman*, however, has the candor to say that, "whatever course the United States may pursue in relation to Cuba, we can hardly, with good grace, protest against it, after having taken possession of half the Burmese empire, because Commodore Lambert was not received with due respect by a third-rate official."

Mr. C. W. Couldock.

Our theatrical going people had the pleasure of seeing this talented gentleman last evening in Bulwer's great play of "Richelieu." The house was a very fair one, though not crowded, or by any means equal to his performance of the character of the crafty old cardinal. Couldock's conception of the character was excellent—it was thoroughly subdued, and showed him to be an artist who had studied to make the author's ideal his own. This evening he appears as Luke Fielding in the Willow Copse—his best character by all odds.

"VIRGINIA AND MAGDALENE; *or the Foster Sisters*;" by Emma D. E. N. Southworth, author of "The Deserted Wife," and several other interesting and popular novels. Published by T. B. Peterson, Philadelphia. We have received the above named novel from Mr. Lauffer, Bookseller, Wood street, Pittsburgh, and from a perusal of a portion of it are satisfied that it is a story of absorbing interest, and written in a forcible and attractive style. Its moral tone is good, and it cannot fail to become popular, and find a large sale. It is for sale by S. B. Lauffer, No. 67 Wood street.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRM occurred on the morning of the 18th inst., in Richmond, which destroyed, among other property, a dwelling house belonging to General Scott. It was unoccupied at the time, and was evidently the work of an incendiary. His loss was covered by an insurance of $5,000.

☞ Mr. S. B. Lauffer, has, at his book store, No. 67 Wood street, a large assortment of all the most interesting and valuable periodicals, magazines, reviews and books; and he sells them cheap.

A SENSATION.—The reply of Captain William W. Moore, the foreman of the *Intelligencer* office, to the publication of Mr. Rives, proprietor of the *Congressional Globe*, dated April 24th, ultimo, which (the first mentioned) was published this morning in an extra sheet, has created much excitement on the Avenue and among the members. The history of the controversy is as follows: The proprietor of the *Congressional Globe*, who receives for his Congressional (weekly) and daily, from the Government, $114,846.50 per Congress, applied to the Senate for relief, in the way of increased subscriptions—5,000 copies—to the *Congressional Globe*, on the ground that he was losing money by his publications, or his alleged contract with the Government. The Senate Printing Committee, asked the proprietor of the *Intelligencer* to examine the statement on which this application was based, as to the correctness of the calculations of the *Globe's* publisher. They declined doing so themselves, but referred the communication to their foreman, who, analyzing the figures, made a showing by which the result footed up a profit of $9 002 81, instead of a heavy loss, as had been alleged. This showing induced one made by Mr. William Towers, a clerk in the Congressional Printing Bureau. To these papers Mr. Rives replied on the 24th of April, with a denial of the correctness of the results of these gentlemen, and an argument to show that they were incorrect, and also a pretty sweeping personal attack upon them.

The paper to which we first refer above, is Captain Moore's rejoinder, which, in its calculations—figures—and its reply to the views of his antagonist, is of such a character as very justly to have created the excitement in the minds of the members after yesterday's action by the Senate, to which it has given rise. We shall, if possible, commence to spread it before our readers to-morrow, as a matter of very general interest, not only to the Washington public, but to all everywhere, who take interest in the disbursements from the national treasury; and more especially because the other side of the question only, has had the advantage of publication in a newspaper; and that, too, at the cost of the treasury of the United States, if we are not mistaken.—*Washington Star.*

LATEST PARTICULARS FROM MEXICO.—We learn by private letter from an American at Vera Cruz, (dated May 7th, and coming in the Dove mail,) that Santa Anna is completely surrounded by Alvarez's insurgents, having his communication and egress to the city of Mexico, as well as his supplies from any quarter, completely cut off. His men are certainly dying of very fast from want and disease. At Vera Cruz, it was expected by those best informed, that they would very soon hear of a revolution in the city of Mexico, which would drive from their places instantly all of Santa Anna's officers and adherents in the Government. At the city, it was impossible to hear from Santa Anna, all dispatches passing between him and his men in this city, of late, having been intercepted by the insurgents. The Sloo Tehuantepec grantees have discovered a practicable passage over the mountains, reducing the total elevation to be overcome some two hundred feet, and have commenced the construction of their plank road with vigor. It is the opinion of the intelligent writer of the letter, that the money to be paid under the treaty will not save Santa Anna; as such is his condition that he cannot get to the capital to avail himself of it. —*Wash. Star, 20th.*

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THE INDIAN TREATIES.—We learn from Washington, that the Indian Commissioner has succeeded in making treaties with the following tribes; the Sacs and Foxes, the Delawares and Kaws, and the Kickapoos. By this arrangement, the Washington *Star* says, the country west of Missouri, and within the limits of the proposed United States territories of Nebraska and Kansas, for five hundred miles north, is to be added to our western territory, and to be open hereafter to the axe and plough of the white man. All accounts represent the acquisition as presenting great agricultural advantages, much of it being of the best description of soil, and easy of access by water communication. The Shawnees and Delawares yield the district which open up the Kansas valley to settlement. The Kickapoos cede the territory north of this, the neighborhood of Fort Leavenworth, while the Sacs and Foxes cede the land north of that of the Kickapoo session. It is stated that the payments may be made, at the discretion of the government, in cash, kind or instruction. By this arrangement it is hoped, that the prodigality and the consequent demoralization of the Indians may be obviated.

RATHER HEAVY DAMAGES.—At a recent term of the Circuit Court, at Noblesville, Indiana, the case of Blair vs. McVez for *crim. con.*, was tried. The jury found a verdict, upon which judgment was rendered against the defendant, for *one hundred and twenty thousand dollars!* The case is to be taken to the Supreme Court.

☞ **Pantaloons.**—The well-known superiority of GRIEBLE'S fit in the Garment, needs no comment on his part; it has been acknowledged by all who have favored him with their orders, that they have never been fitted with the same ease and style as by him. He begs to inform his patrons and the public, that his stock is now replete with the newest styles for coats, vests and pants, suitable for the present season.

E. GRIEBLE,
Tailor and Pantaloon Maker,
240 Liberty st., head of Wood.
mhr24

☞ **Prof. Morse's Invigorating Elixir and Cordial.**—As a protector against contagious and infectious diseases, there is nothing like bracing up the nerves, muscules and digestive systems. If these are in perfect order, the human frame is a tower of strength almost impregnable to disease. The Cholera is now in process of importation to our shores, and it is of the utmost importance that the system should be put into a condition best calculated to resist its attacks. Every emigrant vessel from Europe has its passengers decimated by the malady, and the reason why it is so fatal is, that most of the unfortunate tenants of the steerage have been weakened by poverty and privation, and their relaxed nerves, and sinews, and tissues, can offer no resistance to the malaria of the pestilence. The very best preparative for the approaching Cholera—for we are sure to have it in the spring or summer—is a course of MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR OR CORDIAL. It will bring every organ, every nerve, every muscle, into a condition of perfect vigor, while its powerful antiseptic properties will neutralize every unhealthy tendency in the fluids of the body, and purify and equalize the circulation of the blood. To those who suffer from nervous trembings, hysteria, dyspepsia, liver complaint, general prostration, lowness of spirits, or any disease or infirmity consequent upon the disordered action or torpidity of any organ upon the regularity of which general health depends, this preparation is recommended as a sovereign and safe specific—free from every mineral ingredient, and eminently conservative in its nature. Ladies will find it "a present help" in all the disorders to which their sex is subject.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars. O. H. RING, Proprietor,
193 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

AGENTS.

FLEMING & BROS., No. 69 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
Dit. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City. my8:d&w1w

Mr. Wainwright.

The Right Rev. Dr. Wainwright, Bishop of New York, is seriously ill.

In Marion, S. C., a boy of 14 years, having a slight quarrel with his cousin, aged 12 years, shot him dead.

The government of Canada have taken the music hall at Quebec for the use of the next sitting of parliament.

Among the dignitaries now in New York city, are Lord Elgin, Governor General of Canada, and Ex-President Ceballos, of Mexico.

It is stated that Lewis Cass, *Jr.*, is about to be married at Rome, to the daughter of Henry Ludlam, Esq., of New York.

The Know Nothing case in New York has terminated in the discharge of the accused. No evidence was brought against them.

Wheat is now selling in Louisville at one dollar and fifty cents per bushel, the highest price ever obtained before.

John F. Sleeper, for 20 years the editor of the Boston *Evening Journal*, closed his connection with that paper on Saturday last, because of ill health.

An English jury in a criminal case is said to have brought in the following verdict:—Guilty, with some little doubt as to whether he is the man.

On and after Thursday, June 1st, the passengers trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, leaving Philadelphia, will start from the new depot, at the south east corner of 11th and Market streets.

The city and county of St. Louis voted, May 8th, by a majority of over 8,000, for an additional subscription of $1,200,000 to the Pacific Railroad—the money to be raised by a direct tax.

Emigration to California is materially slacking. The three steamers that sailed on Saturday did not carry out more than one thousand persons. They usually carry double that number.

Kate Lawrence, daughter of Hon. Abbott Lawrence, has been presented, it is said, with a most magnificent silver service of plate by George Peabody, Esq., of London. It is to be manufactured in London, at the cost of $12,000. Miss L. is about to be married.

Andrew Williams, who poisoned his wife in New York, was found guilty on Friday evening; but the jury strongly recommended him to the mercy of the court, as they had learned he had been a pretty good fellow previous to this little indiscretion!

The Grape Shot has proved an *alibi*, beyond doubt. She is now lying off Belize with muskets for Santa Anna, only awaiting the ratification of the Gadsden treaty before delivering them up. It is thought the privateer in the English Channel is a myth, and that John Bull has been eggregiously hoaxed.

The Spanish papers relates that a number of Turks of Constantinople had taken measures to transport their harems to Spain; at Cadiz and Emcelona, edifices were being built with apartments adapted to the proper accommodation of the Moslem dames and nymphs—no windows on the street, all light from a court yard or garden.

Patrick Doyle was hung at Naperville, Ill., on the 12th inst., for the murder of a fellow laborer on the railroad. The Chicago Journal says he exhibited a most hardened heart, ascending the platform with imprecations and curses, avowing that "if they would only unite his hands he would lick any three men in the crowd."

THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.—The following analysis of Gray's Elegy in a Country Churchyard, a composition which has been more extensively read, within a short period, than any other in our language, will exhibits the structure of our vernacular:

Anglo Saxon	777	words.
French	168	"
Latin	17	"
Dutch	12	"
German	6	"
Greek	4	"
Celtic	2	"
Scandinavian	2	"
	988	words.

About four-fifths of the words in the English language are monosyllable. The dóxology, "from all that dwell below the skies," contains fifty words, all but ten monosyllabic. The twenty-third psalm contains one hundred and seventeen words, all but twenty-two of which are monosyllable.

ENGLISH TACTICS AND RUSSIAN PRACTICES.—The British fleet in the Black Sea, have been running about peeping into the various Russian harbors and taking drawings of the defences, during the time dred for the approach of hostilities. They did this recently at Sebastopol, under pretext of remitting despatches. The Czar, who saw through these tricks, was much incensed, and instantly ordered that in future all vessels presenting themselves before a Russian port, should be received with cannon-shots. The same game, as at Sebastopol, was tried at Odessa, by the Furious, according to Russian accounts. The officer of the Furious declared that he came with the mission to fetch the Consuls of France and England. He was answered that these gentlemen had quitted Odessa a long time ago, and was, consequently, invited to leave instantly. But, instead of weighing anchor, the officers of the steamer, set about taking drawings of the batteries. It was then that, in order to prevent the Furious from doing this, blind shots were fired over her. The Furious taking no notice of them, a ball was sent into one of her wheels. The Furious immediately withdrew. It was this alleged "outrage" upon the flag of truce, according to the English papers, which induced the recent bombardment of Odessa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Wilson M'Candless** has removed his Office to No. 103 FOURTH Street, near Grant [my17:2w

☞ **Scrofula.**—It is due to KIER'S *Petroleum*, to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestige of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates, in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy in *Paralysis, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight*, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physicians, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled just down from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, N. Y., and bears date August 4, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of the celebrated D. T. Foot, M. D., of Syracuse:

This may to truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the last seven years that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk and confined to my bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best Physicians our country affords; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as everything else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum, or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of indolent ulcers and other diseases for which it is recommended, and can with confidence recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended its use where other medicine had failed.

D. T. FOOT, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh. [my7:4tw.

State Mutual Fire & Marine Insurance Company,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Branch Office cor. Fourth and Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh.
Capital, 350,000 Dollars.

DIRECTORS:

John P. Rutherford, Dauphin co.; P. G. Sciprich, Harrisburg; Samuel Jones, Philadelphia; A. Wilkins, Banker, Pittsburgh; A. A. Carrier, Pittsburgh; John B. Rutherford, Dauphin co.; A. J. Gillett, Harrisburg; S. N. Jones, Harrisburg; Robert Klotz, Carbon co.

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, President.
A. A. CARRIER, Act'y. A. J. GILLETT, Secretary.

The above company will insure against perils of sea and inland navigation and transportation; also, on buildings and merchandise in city or country, at lowest rates consistent with safety. Policies issued on dwelling houses either permanently or for a term of years. [jel3

Girard Fire and Marine Insurance Company
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Office of Pittsburgh Agency cor. Fourth and Smithfield sts.
Capital, 300,000 Dollars.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. M. Swain, J. P. Steiner,
H. A. Shackelford, Paul Thurlow,
J. M. Potts, J. R. Flanigen,
Thos. E. Mitchell, Samuel Jones,
B. B. Cowperp, Thomas Craven,
Wm. H. Bowers, P. D. Sherman,
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☞ **Strange Development.**—Scientific men are daily bringing to light new inventions, and the world progresses in civilization and improvement. We are pleased to learn that science and long research combined, have brought before the public the greatest wonder of the age, in the article of EMERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE, a sure cure for Baldness and to prevent Hair from falling. See circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars. Price $1.00 in large bottles. Sold by C. G. FISHER & CO., Proprietors,
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For sale in Pittsburgh in the following houses:—

Fleming Bros., L. Wilcox & Co.,
R. R. Kelley, G. H. Keyser,
Joel Mohler, Benj. Page, *Jr.*,
J. H. Cassel.

Allegheny city—L. A. Beckham, Pressly & Means, J. P. Fleming.
Birmingham—A. Patterson, John G. Smith. [apr8

☞ **Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint** CURED BY KIER'S PETROLEUM—Read the following letter from Rev. O. DICKINSON, a Missionary in China:

MR. J. M. KIER—*Dear Sir:* Myself and wife having been much benefited by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box of two dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my members are afflicted with dyspepsia and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle, before that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was in the first stage of pulmonary disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum entirely cured.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. [my9:d&w

☞ **CASH MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PENNSYLVANIA.** CAPITAL, $100,000. *CHARTER PERPETUAL.*

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Office, in Lafayette Buildings,
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☞ **CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.**—H. D. KING, President; SAM. L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

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Insures HULL and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

Also—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

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S. Harbaugh, J. Schoonmaker,
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John Shipton. dec23

☞ **ASSOCIATED Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.**
J. K. MOORHEAD, President—ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds. Office: No. 59 Water street.

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R. R. Roberts, John M. Irwin,
Joseph Kaye, Wm. Wilkinson,
David Campbell. ja12

☞ **Improved Cupping and Leeches.**—Dr. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, has received an assortment of

Thomas' Mechanical Leeches;
" Cupping Glasses;
" Breast Glasses;
" Eye Cups;
" Dental Leeches;
" Scarificator.

These are really important inventions, and very convenient to those who follow Leeching. Call and see them.

☞ Corner Wood st. and Virgin alley. ja6

☞ ATTENTION! S. L. G.—You are hereby notified to attend at your Armory, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and to transact such business as may come before the Company. F. KANE,
mar29:2tmd Secretary pro tem.

☞ I. O. O. F.—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, in Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

FIRESTONE LODGE, No. 326—Meets every Tuesday evening.

MONONGAHELA ENCAMPMENT, No. 57—Meets first and third Friday of each month. [mar23:y

☞ **Notice.**—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS 80 CITY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the second and third WEDNESDAY of every month, at the FLORIDA HOUSE, Market street. By order,
JOHN YOUNG, JR., Secretary.

☞ **ANGERONA LODGE, I. O. G. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 359, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. [jy1:y

☞ **VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY.**—Durable Water Power, for rent; situate 7 miles from East Liverpool, Ohio, on the Sandy and Beaver Canal, consisting of a large Grist Mill, of 3 run of stones, every thing in complete order, able to turn out 50 barrels of Flour in 24 hours. Also, a Saw Mill, capable of sawing from 10 to 1500 feet of lumber daily. Also, a large Woolen Factory, (without machinery,) a Dwelling House, Store House, Barns, Stables, &c., 60 acres of land, in cultivation, balance in prime timber for mill purposes; 15 acres in meadow land, and a good orchard. The above property is all in good order and will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is going West.

E. CUTHBERT & SON,
mhr20 140 Third street.

☞ MANILLA WRAPPING PAPERS, assorted sizes and qualities, for sale at

W. S. HAVEN'S Paper Warehouse,
my10:eam Market street, corner of Second.

☞ LAWNS.—We will open in a few days more than 1000 pieces entirely new style Lawns, which will be offered at reduced prices. A. A. MASON & CO.
[my16

☞ **Take Notice.**

THAT THE AGENCY OF CAPT. MARK STERLING, concerning any business of mine in Pittsburgh, has this day been closed by mutual consent. All persons having claims against me, or the steam ferry boat "Two Brothers," will apply to me personally, on said boat, or at the St. Clair Hotel. MARTIN BRODERICK.
January 5, 1854. ma27

☞ CASTILE SOAP.—A large supply of genuine old castile soap, rec'd this day by [my11 JOS. FLEMING.

Washington Clothing Hall.

☞ P. KANE, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in CLOTHING, No. 342 Liberty street, opposite Wayne, near Penna. Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh, Pa. This store is fitted up in the most modern style, and is always prepared to furnish goods of the best quality and at the lowest price. apr29:2m

☞ BEDFORD WATER—5 bbls and 10 half bbls of this celebrated Water received fresh from the springs by

my11 JOS. FLEMING.

☞ BACON—2 casks shoulders;
2 do Sides;
2 do Hams; for sale by

my16 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

☞ STAR CANDLES—50 boxes Cincinnati, assorted sizes, at manufacturers prices.

my9 F. SELLERS & CO.

To Builders.

☞ PROPOSALS will be received at the office of J. W. KERR, Architect, until 3 o'clock, P. M., on SATURDAY the 20th inst., for the erection of the buildings of the Western University. Plans and specifications will be exhibited at said office, corner of Fifth and Wood street.

By order of the Building Committee.

JOHN HARPER, Secretary.

☞ SUMMER-BLOOMING PLANTS.—Monthly Tuberoses, of 20 varieties; Geraniums, Roses, Heliotropes, Tuberoses, Lilies, Gladiolus, and monthly Plants for planting in beds of children's sorts, from the Seed and Implement Store of

my15:2 JAMES WARDROP, 84th st.

☞ **No Wonder He was Thankful.**—Read and judge for yourselves.

ROCHESTER, October 19, 1852.

GENTLEMEN—Having experienced the beneficial effects of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, I take great pleasure in recommending them to the public. I feel warranted in saying, that they *are a certain cure, for liver complaints and all bilious diseases*, no matter how difficult or long standing. I myself was afflicted with this dreadful disease for over ten years, and oh! how thankful I am that I