Daily Morning Post.

G. F. GILLMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING:.....APRIL 28.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF PIKE COUNTY.

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

JOB PRINTING.

We have one of the best *Job Printing Offices* in the city, and we would respectfully ask merchants and all others who want Cards, Circulars, Bills of Lading, Bill Heads, Blank Checks, Handbills, etc., to give us a call. All our Job Type are of the most modern manufacture and cannot fail to please all our customers. Our workmen are perfect masters of their business, and will labor assiduously to please all who will favor us with an order.

A NEW INSOLVENT LAW.

There is a bill pending in the State Senate, which deserves careful consideration and scrutiny, before it becomes a law. It provides for compulsory insolvency, on terms similar to compulsory bankruptcy in England. It is an act for the relief of creditors instead of debtors, and might be made the means of great injustice, if not carefully guarded.

This bill provides that, two or more creditors may declare their belief, on oath or affirmation, that their debtor is insolvent. On their petition accompanied by such affidavit, a Judge of a Court of Common Pleas may order a citation to issue against the debtor, requiring him to appear before the Court, where the parties may be heard.

If, in addition to alleged insolvency, the petitioners state on oath that they believe the debtor is about to remove with his property from the State, or fraudulently assign or dispose of his property, the Court shall order a writ, in the nature of an injunction, to restrain and prevent the same. This writ of injunction will take from the debtor all power to dispose of his effects, and render every act with that intent null and void.

If the debtor confess his insolvency, he is declared an insolvent, and the Court appoints a Trustee to dispose of his estate, and distribute the proceeds. If he denies his insolvency, the Court proceeds to hear and determine the case, in which hearing, all the parties, as well as other witnesses, may be examined. Either party may demand an issue, and have a trial by jury, if the Court is satisfied of its propriety.

Such a law may serve the ends of justice in some cases; but in many others it would be used, as the bench warrant under the act of 1842 now is, as a means of compelling and frightening debtors into a preference of some creditors over others—a means of extorting money from one *embarrassed*, but not *insolvent*.

The twenty-first section of the bill provides, that any debtor, finding himself in failing circumstances, may call a meeting of his creditors at his place of business, and if two-thirds in number and value of the creditors be present at the meeting in person, or by their agents, a statement of debts, credits, and property is to be laid before them; and a majority of the creditors thus present may declare said debtor in a state of liquidation, and appoint two or more persons as inspectors of the business, and three more persons as auditors of the inspectors' accounts. The inspectors are thereupon to wind up the affairs of the debtor, and make pro rata distribution of the proceeds among all the creditors, without preference. Debts due to workmen, servants, and operatives, shall be paid in full first, after mortgage, execution, or other liens.

In a large mercantile community, this bill is a matter of much interest, and should be understood before it becomes a law. The latter part of the bill, providing that the debtor can go into voluntary liquidation, would no doubt work well and be an improvement on existing laws. But the first part is liable to serious objection. It may be maliciously used or abused to the injury, perhaps ruin, of many who are not dishonest, and would not be insolvent, but for the derangement of their business, and destruction of their credit, which the application of the process would produce. Such a law, too, would encourage an extension of the credit system, already almost boundless. The law, too, is to operate entirely in favor of the creditor class; and affords the debtor no relief, after driving him to insolvency. A State Legislature cannot provide for his discharge from further liability, after giving up his property.

THE SHIELDS GUARDS.

This fine company is now fully organized, and in a few weeks will make their first parade. The Captain of the Company is our respected fellow citizen, JOHN S. HAMILTON, Esq., now a member of the Legislature, who performed good service for his country during the war with Mexico. He is a *practical* soldier; and at the head of the *Shields Guards* will do honor to the military of our city.

The following is his letter, consenting to accept the Captaincy of the Company:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MESSRS. JOHN CALLOHAN AND P. KANE:

Gentlemen—I feel highly flattered by the tender of the command of the Shields Guards, made by you; or at least the desire of an expression of my acceptance or refusal in the event of an election. Feeling, as I always have done, an interest in the promotion of the military character of our city, with full approbation of the company, I accept.

Yours, JOHN S. HAMILTON.

The *Shields Guards* is composed of the best men in our city. Many of them are men who have smelled powder, and stood before bullets when their country required their services; and they are willing to do so again if their country should require their brave hearts and stalwart arms to defend her against the aggressions of a foreign foe.

☞ Col. Benton has delivered himself of a very bitter and able speech on the Nebraska bill. He takes the occasion to vent his spleen against the administration; and he proves pretty conclusively that slavery can never exist in the Kansas and Nebraska territories, whatever laws in relation to it may be enacted. The opponents of the bill will find but little consolation in Benton's speech, so far as the question is to be considered as one of a practical character. The friends of the bill find Col. B. proving it to be what Mr. Everett pronounced it, "a matter of little practical importance."

Col. Benton says:

How can the slave States profit by this bill? By the extension of the slave power! That may prove a fallacious expectation. Throw open the question of slavery by the repeal of the compromises, and it will prove a question of extermination. And where then will be the chance of the slaveholders? The slaveholding emigrants will be established. They will gain nothing but an unequal contest, and they will lose the slaves they may take to the new territory.

Col. Benton's ability no one will question, but his violent and overbearing temper has thrown him out of the ranks of political parties, and he seems to be making war on all mankind. We are afraid he will not live long enough to punish all his enemies as he desires.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Patriot* says:—"A political movement is going on here, and in other sections of the country, which has for its object the re-organization of the whig party, and the running of Gen. Scott for President, and the Hon. John Bell for Vice President, at the election in 1856."

Mr. Bell will never allow Scott to "lend the column," with his name on the ticket. The order should be reversed.

WEEKLY MONEY ARTICLE.

Money is in tolerable supply, though one per cent. is paid on good paper, and occasionally from one to one and a half per cent. per month.

There is evidently a larger business done at the wharves and freight depots of our city this year than ever before. The late rise in prices of breadstuffs has given renewed activity to that branch of trade here as elsewhere. The amount going eastward keeps the railroads and canal transporters in active employment.

Our canal has been open and fully employed for nearly eight weeks, while the New York canal is not yet opened for business, and will not be until the second or third day of May. This gives the Pennsylvania public works a great advantage over those of our northern neighbor; and the consequence is seen this year, in the fact that the receipts of the Pennsylvania railroad were greater for the last month than those of any other road between the East and West. When the double track of the Pennsylvania road is completed throughout the line, it will probably excel all other routes yet in use in the cheapness and speed of its conveyance of freight and passengers between the East and West.

The business on the Ohio and Pennsylvania road too, increases from month to month, and will probably produce receipts to the amount of a million dollars during the current year from 1st March last.

In one year more the Pittsburgh and Steubenville road will be completed, and in connection with the Steubenville and Indiana road, will open central Ohio and Indiana to the Pittsburgh trade. This Steubenville road will, doubtless, in a very short time after its completion, do as large and profitable a business as the Ohio and Pennsylvania road.

Next will come the Chartiers Valley road, (now all under contract except one or two sections,) which will connect Pittsburgh directly with Southern Ohio; and there is every prospect that it will enjoy a large carrying trade.

The fact is, all the Pittsburgh railroads, projected, under contract, or completed, have the most encouraging prospects.

There is continual complaint of a stringent money market in Cincinnati. The Cincinnati *Price Current* says rates for money there vary from 12 to 36 per cent.

That paper says,

The latter is certainly an exhorbitant rate, but it is being paid by some of our enterprising Western Railroads. And we now repeat a remark made a few weeks since, that while this class of greedy borrowers are in the market, business men may not look for ease in financial affairs. Last year the Western roads sent their agents to Europe and the East were open for the bonds of Western Railroad Companies, but these are now, in a great measure, closed, and the latter are compelled to accept whatever is offered, chiefly at home for help. Business men are not disposed to pay over 12 per cent. for money, and, although first class paper is obtainable at 15, 18, 24 and even 36 per cent., the bulk of the negotiations at these figures are for short loans.

Railroads built, or business done on loans at more than twelve per cent. can seldom produce a profit.

The New York *Post* of the 25th says:

Money is in active demand, but with a good supply. The amount of capital withheld from immediate use is very large —and another large amount is only available at high rates —as is inferred for the discount of the best bills of exchange, with the continued railroad pressure, and an undefinable feeling that, perhaps the market is more stringent than it otherwise would be. The quoted rate is from 7 to 9 per cent. that class, and twelve to fifteen for second class paper.

The rates available for call loans are not said to their fullest extent, and this is the reason why the bank contraction noticeable in last week has not further hampered the market. There is no obligation in use the funds available on call in stock or other speculations. The buyers of stocks are those who have to deliver on their maturing contracts.

The shipments of gold last week were all for Europe, and in consequence of the cessation of exports both of cotton and breadstuffs to that country, good French bills are very scarce.

The domestic exchanges are all in favor of New York, and large amounts are coming both from the South and West, which must shortly effectuate an easier state of the money market, especially as the payments from the trade are now falling weekly, and in another month or two the fall transactions will have been paid for. Jobbers and the payments from country merchants are regular, but their orders are suffering curtailment from the twofold motive of a sense of prudence in stringent money times, and from the prospect of a decline in prices, so as to call for less money.

The bank statement published to-day shows a contraction of loans for the week to the extent of $1,200,000 and a decrease in the specie held by the banks to the extent of $600,000. The amount now held is $19,625,970.

The Illinois steamer *Falcon* arrived to New York, has about a million dollars in gold dust.

The banks are gradually contracting in view of the increased demand for the circulating medium. It is premature to gentle to create alarm, but is such as to inspire increased caution in operating, and to lead to a contraction of all questionable obligations. As contracts die out they are but partially renewed.

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" March	1,359,524.
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Same time in 1853	3,734,192
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Since 1st. January, 1853	31,855,714
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The imports to New York were	$1,149,292
Previous 15 weeks of 1854	53,568,188
Total since 1st January, 1854	$57,714,790

From the above figures it appears that, notwithstanding the large exports of provisions and breadstuffs, more specie has been exported this year thus far, than during the same time last year.

The imports are about three and a half millions less this year than last thus far. The exports over five and a half millions greater.

The receipts of gold from California were considerably less during the first quarter of this year than last. The steamships Illinois and Northern Light have arrived at New York, with $2,194,294 66 in specie.

THE GADSDEN TREATY.

This treaty has been ratified by the Senate by a vote of 32 to 12; so says the correspondent of the *Ledger*. The compensation to be paid to Mexico was increased from seven to ten million dollars; and the 5loo amendment was carried by a vote of 30 to 14.

This can hardly be called a ratification. It will require the assent of the Mexican government to the amendment, to make it a treaty at all. That government is not likely to accept the amendment. The 5loo grant is unpopular in Mexico. Negotiations, however, will probably be re opened, and more favorable terms may be obtained.

If the recently reported brilliant victory of Santa Anna over Alvarez should turn out a fact the Dictator will probably not be quite so conciliatory as before.

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☞ A fatality seems to attend the movements of the troops which were first shipped on the ill-fated *San Francisco*. By a despatch from Norfolk we learn that the steamship Falcon put into that port on Monday, disabled. She left New York on the 18th inst., with Companies D, G, I and K, of the 3d Regiment U. S. Artillery, numbering 265 men, and commanded by Lieut. Col. Loesser. Most of the troops were those rescued from the steamer San Francisco, and were on their way to California by the Isthmus route. The troops and all the passengers have been safely landed. The troops are accommodated at Fortress Monroe, until provision can be made for sending them on to their destination. The injury to the Falcon is only in her machinery.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—We would call the attention of capitalists to the advertisement of Mr. E. Faber. It is one of the best localities in the city, and is highly desirable for any business purpose.

SIZE IN CANDLES AND TALLOW.—We expect the price of these articles will attain a further rise before long. It is known that a very large amount of tallow has heretofore been exported from Russia, by way of the Black and Baltic seas, to England, and other countries of Western Europe. The war cuts off this source of supply of that article entirely, and will compel Great Brittain, France, &c., to look elsewhere for the amount demanded.

Although we do not believe the war in Europe should raise the price of scrubbing brushes or drugs, we think it quite likely tallow in all its various forms and uses will advance in price. The vast quantities of the article consumed will make this an important item in the increased foreign commerce of this country.

Archbishop Hughes is in Washington.

The next meeting of the American Medical Association will be held at St. Louis.

The paintings known as the Dusseldorf collection, were to be sold at auction last and this evening in New York.

The Supreme Court at Washington has reversed the decree of the Circuit Court of Ohio, which recently declared against giving the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, a part of the assets of the Cincinnati book publishing concern, held by the Methodist Episcopal Church since the separation of that denomination in 1840; and has remanded the course for further proceedings.

Miss Eliza Logan is playing a very successful engagement at the Boston Museum.

Deacon Daniel Clark, a soldier of the revolution and a resident of Plymouth, Vt., for the last fifty years, died at Brooklyn, Ct., a few days since, aged 101 years.

Twenty-one German country girls, from 14 to 17 years old, were lately taken from a steamer on the Rhine which they were descending in company with three men, who were taking them to New York to be placed in houses of infame. They were sent to their homes, and two of the man were arrested.

☞ **Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial**—The earth's crust is a vast depository of remedies suitable to the diseases of the creatures that inhabit it; and science, industry, reflection, and experiment are continually intending from this great remedial storehouse new agents for the amelioration of human sufferings. The most powerful of these agents that has ever been applied for the mitigation of pain, the conservation of health, and the prolongation of life is the Asiatic herb which forms the basis of *Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial*. This proprietary, if not a universal panacea, certainly embraces within its province as a curative a greater number of complaints than have ever before been subdued, or even relieved, by a single medicine. It is applicable to all nervous diseases, and all disorders of the secretive organs. It literally renovates the powers of the stomach, and gives to many organs and every fluid necessary to digestion its full natural vigor, however the same may have been impaired by illness or indulgence. If the procreative function has been impaired, in either sex, a single course of this preparation will impart to the relaxed organization its full sexual vigor. Women, the long list of ills as well as the direful train of pains that painted the bulk of the negotiations at these figures are for short loans.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.—A meeting of Stockholders in the "Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company," will be held at their Office, on THURSDAY, April 27th, 1854, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to act upon the Supplement to the Charter.

apr18:td C. A. COLTON, Secretary.

☞ HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—The undersigned have constantly on hand a large supply of Beeson's HYDRAULIC CEMENT, of warranted quality. This article is the best and cheapest material for CISTERNS; a single four inch course of brick, laid in and plastered with this CEMENT, will endure for ages; and even plastered on clay walls, in successive courses to the thickness of an inch, become in a few days so solid as to resist any ordinary degree of outside pressure, nor is the water in the least degree affected.

This CEMENT should be used for all underground, underwater, and exposed structures, for all important buildings, and for fire walls, coping walls, chimney tops, bridges, aqueducts, canal locks, and every species of brick and stone structure exposed to water, damp, or frost.

ENGLISH & RICHARDSON,
apr15 116 Water street, 150 Front street.

☞ CHOICE POULTRY.—Shanghai and Brumahpoota HENS' EGGS, warranted pure for setting, can be obtained at Hoagewe's Drug Store, corner of Penn and Locust streets, Fifth ward. apr27

State Mutual Fire & Marine Insurance Company, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Branch Office cor. Fourth and Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh.
Capital, $250,000 Dollars.

DIRECTORS:

John P. Rutherford, Dauphin co; P. C. Sedgwick, Harrisburg; Samuel Jones, Philadelphia; A. Wilkins, Banker, Pittsburgh; A. A. Carrier, Pittsburgh; John B. Rutherford, Dauphin co; A. J. Gillett, Harrisburg; R. T. Jones, Harrisburg; Robert Klotz, Carbon co.

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, President.
A. A. CARRIER, Agt. A. J. GILLETT, Secretary.

The above company will insure against perils of sea and inland navigation and transportation; Also, on buildings and merchandize in city or country, at lowest rates consistent with safety. Policies issued on dwelling houses either perpetually or for a term of years. jal3

Girard Fire and Marine Insurance Company OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office of Pittsburgh Agency, cor. Fourth and Smithfield sts.
Capital, 300,000 Dollars.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. M. Swain,	J. P. Steiger,
H. A. Shackelford,	Paul Thorlow,
E. M. Davis,	J. R. Flanigen,
Thos. S. Michell,	Samuel Jones,
B. B. Comegys,	Thomas Craven,
Wm. H. Rowan,	F. D. Sherman,
A. Hart,	Philip F. Snyder,
Wm. P. Hacker,	Alex. Heron, Jr.,
Norman Sheppard.	

JOEL JONES, President. A. S. GILLETT, Secretary.

Will insure Cotton or Woolen Factories, Buildings, Stores, Merchandize and property generally, on the most favorable terms. [jal3 A. A. CARRIER, Agent.

Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia.
Capital $400,000.

HOME OFFICE, WINCHESTER, VA.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. S. Carson,	John Kerr,
Lloyd Logan,	James H. Burgess,
James P. Kilby,	N. W. Richardson,
	H. H. McGuyre,
	C. S. SUNK, Secretary.

JOS. S. CARSON, President.
O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.

The attention of the community is especially invited to this company, as an institution based upon an ample capital, and conducted on the strictest principles of safety and economy. Policies issued on Boats, Cargoes, and property generally, by

JOS. S. CARSON,
jal3 Office cor. Fourth and Smithfield sts.

☞ ASSOCIATED Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.
J. K. MOORHEAD, President—ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds. Office: No. 99 Water street.

DIRECTORS:

J. K. Moorhead,	W. J. Anderson,
R. C. Sawyer,	R. B. Simpson,
Wm. M. Kidd,	H. H. Childs,
C. H. Paulson,	William Collingwood,
R. B. Roberts,	John M. Irvin,
Joseph Kaye,	Wm. Wilkins.

David Campbell. ja12

☞ CASH RESERVE FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pennsylvania. CAPITAL, $100,000. *CHARTER PERPETUAL.*

President—Hon. AUGUSTUS C. HEISTER.
Secretary—THOMAS H. WILLSON, Esq.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. A. G. Heister,	Samuel W. Hays,
William Babcock, Jr.,	Thomas Gillespie,
William F. Johnston,	John D. Coe,
Harvey Bollman,	Jacob Peters,
John Walker, Jr.,	William Colder, Jr.,
Jacob B. Halderman,	Aaron Bornbaugh.

RUSSELL & OAKES, Agents,
Office, in Lafayette Building,
(entrance on Wood street.)

☞ CITIZENS' Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.—H. B. KING, President; SAMUEL R. MARSHALL, Secretary.

Office: No. 68 Water Street, between Wood and Market streets.

Insures HULLS and CARGO Risks, on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

ALSO—Against the Perils of the Sea, and Inland Navigation and Transportation.

DIRECTORS:

H. B. King,	Wm. Larimer, jr.,
William Negley,	Samuel M. Kier,
Samuel Rea,	William Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, jr.,	John B. Dilworth,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Peter Schoenberger,
S. Harbaugh,	J. Schoenmaker,
Walter Bryant,	William B. Mayer.

John Shipton. dec23

☞ Strange Development.—Scientific men are daily bringing to light new inventions, and the march of progress is onward; persons Daily, therefore, will be pleased to learn that science and long research combined, have brought before the public the greatest wonder of the age in the WIFE OF EMERSON'S PAIN RESTORATIVE, a sure cure for Tailoess and to prevent Hair from falling. See circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars. Price $1.00 in large bottles. Sold by

C. E. PIERCE & CO., Proprietors,
17 Dorrance street, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale in Pittsburgh in the following houses:—

Fleming Bros., A. Wilcox & Co.,
R. E. Bellers, G. H. Keyser,
Joel Mohler, Benj. Page, jr.,
J. H. Keyser.

Allegheny city—L. A. Beckham, Pressly & Means, J. P. Fleming.

Birmingham.—A. Patterson, John G. Smith. [apr6

☞ Indigestion and Liver Complaint CURED BY KEYSER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. DUNKIN, a Missionary in Oregon.

Rev. J. M. KEEN—*Dear Sir*: Myself and wife having been greatly benefited by the use of your Petroleum, I feel bound to have you send me a box of two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are afflicted with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your Petroleum, on Rose Oil. We took one bottle each—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I find not only a wonderful difference in that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic we have used, and I have not had a headache for a long time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

☞ Gould's Third Public Sale of Building Lots

IN ROCHESTER, BEAVER CO., PA.

Will take place upon the premises, on SATURDAY, 13th inst., at 10 o'clock. Persons desiring lots, at a fair price, must apply soon, as the 150 set apart for those who would first call, are nearly all gone. After the third sale no more will be offered at half price, but branded down to the highest bidder.

Terms—One-third in hand, balance to one and two years. Good warranty deeds from Ovid Finney, Esq., whose title is perfect, beyond dispute. apr5

☞ Important to Cuppers and Leechers.—Dr. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, has received an assortment of

Thomas' Mechanical Leeches.	
" Cupping Glasses;	
" Breast Glasses;	
" Eye Glasses;	
" Dental Leeches;	
" Scarificator.	

These are really important inventions, and very convenient to those who follow Leeching. Call and see them. apr6

☞ Comes Wood at 3rd Ward sale. [apr6

☞ NELSON'S DAGUERREOTYPES.—Post Office Buildings, Third street. Likenesses taken in all kinds of weather, by A. M. & P. N. giving accurate artistic and pleasing likeness, unlike any gallery prior to the common cheap daguerreotypes, at the following low prices: $10, $5, $3, $2, $1.50 and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N. B.—Likenesses of sleight deceased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov25:ly

☞ CURTAINS, Curtain Materials, and Curtain Trimmings of every description.—Furniture Fringes, Brocatelles, &c., Lace and Muslin Curtains, N. Y. Painted Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Pins, Bands, &c., at wholesale and retail.

No. 169 Chesnut street, corner Fifth, Philadelphia.

Curtains Made and Trimmed in the very newest French style. mar16:ly

☞ Corsal Cornsalf Cornsalf! A great many persons are dreadfully tormented with corns. A certain remedy will be found in Dr. Sherman's Plasters, for sale by Dr. GEO. S. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

Price, retail at 12½ and 25 cts. per box. apr6

☞ Medical detectives to those who have to sell agents.

☞ ATTENTION! S. L. O.—You are hereby notified to attend at your Armory, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for drill, and transact such business as may come before the Company. P. RANB,

mar20:ind Secretary pro tem.

☞ I. O. O. F.—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between Fifth street and Virgin alley.

HENDERSON LEECH, No. 836—Meets every Tuesday evening.
BENJAMIN HARRISON, No. 87—Meets every Thursday and Friday of each month. [mar31y

☞ Notice.—The JOURNEYMEN TAILORS SOCIETY, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first and third WEDNESDAY of every month, at the FLORIDA HOUSE, Market street.

jaly JOHN YOUNG, JR., Secretary.

☞ ANGERONA LODGE, I. O. O. F.—The Angerona Lodge, No. 329, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening, in Washington Hall, Wood st. [lyly

☞ Scrofula.—It is due to KIER'S *Petroleum* to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestage of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy in *Paralysis, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight*, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating inquisitive, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled exit flows from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, N. Y., on bears date August 1, 1853, to which is also appended the certificate of Professor D. F. Roe, M. D., of Syracuse:

This may be truth sercity, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the lastseven years that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk and confined to my bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best Physicians our country affords; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse until Dr. Roe recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as everything else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum, or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of indolent ulcers and other diseases for which it is recommended, and can with confidence recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended it in me where other medicine had failed.

D. Y. FOOT, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh. [au27:d&y

☞ Medicine Chests.—Dr. KEYSER, wholesale Druggist, of 140 Wood street, has on hand a splendid assortment of MEDICINE CHESTS, for families and steamboats, at various prices. Those in want of articles of this kind would do well to give him a call. feb1

A Word to Farmers—How to have good Butter and More of It, and Healthy Stock.

☞ New Discoveries.—VEGETABLE CATTLE POWDER—These powders are put up in one pound packs, and are really a good article, not only for the diseases incident to Horses, Cows, Swine and other animals, but they are likewise an excellent article to improve the condition of the animal.

For Milch Cows, they not only improve the condition of Milch Cows, but they increase the quantity as well as improve the quality of milk and butter. The proprietors say that it increases the quantity of butter from half a pound to a pound a week to each cow, while those persons who have tried it, say a pound and a half to two pounds per week, with the same kind of feeding as before. Of one thing we are certain, all who use it once will use it all the time and save money by the operation, as well as improve the appearance of their stock. Price 25 cents a paper, 5 papers for $1.

GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140,
corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

feb1

☞ Ague and Fever of three years standing Cured.—Mr. John Longdon, now living at Beaver Dam, Hanover county, Va., near Richmond, had Ague and Fever for three years, most of the time he had chills twice a day, and rarely less than once; he was parched with fevers as soon as the chill left him; and after trying physicians, quinine, most of the Tonics advertised, and every thing recommended to him, was about to give up in despair, when Carter's Spanish Mixture was spoken of; he got two bottles, but before he had used more than a single one, he was perfectly cured, and has had a chill or fever since.

Mr. Longden is only one out of thousands who have been benefited by this great tonic, alterative and blood purifier. See advertisement with his certificate. mar11

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Assignee's Sale.

ALL the real estate of William Eberhart, Jr., will be exposed to sale, on the premises, in the borough of Cookstown, Fayette county, Pa., on FRIDAY, the 19th day of May, 1854, say one lot of ground, on which is erected a glass factory, with flattening house attached, with a complete engine stone but oven, cutting room, and all other necessary buildings and appurtenances to a glass factory, &c., all in good repair, and in complete running order for manufacturing window glass after the most approved method. On the same lot there are two two-tenement brick dwelling houses, and one four-tenement frame dwelling house two stories high. One lot of ground adjoining lots of M. & J. Hunter, on on which is a four-tenement frame dwelling house, nearly new: and one lot of ground on Main street, adjoining lots of J. Conard and W. Evans, on which is erected a large frame dwelling house and store room, and good cellar; also, one lot of ground adjoining lots of J. L. Eberhart and others, on which is a large frame stable, wagon-room, &c; also, a lot of ground adjoining factory and T. M'Corry, on which is a large six-tenement frame dwelling house; also, a lot of ground adjoining land of J. Hernan, on which is erected two two-tenement frame dwellings, near the glass factory; also, three-quarters of an acre of coal belonging to the factory.

A good title and the terms of sale made known on the day of sale. If the property cannot be sold to advantage, it will be rented on the same day, for the term of one year.

FRANCIS M'KEE,
CHARLES BEALE,
apr22:3td Assignees.

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of Sale of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated the 22d day of April, 1854, I, Francis Wilson, Guardian of Eliza J. Donaldson, Harvey Donaldson, George Donaldson and Robert Donaldson, minor children of Hugh Donaldson, late of Wilkins township, Allegheny county, dec'd., will expose at public vendue, on the premises, on FRIDAY the 26th day of May, 1854, at 10 o'clock, A. M.: All that certain Tract of Land situate in Penn township, Allegheny county, and bounded and described as follows, viz:—Beginning at a post on the line of R. Morrow's (carpenter) land; thence along said line North 65½° East 105 8-10 perches to a corner of Thomas Graham; thence along said line North 65° East 42 3-10 perches to a post; thence South 25° East 56 perches to a stone; thence North 10° East 6 perches to a stone; thence South 80° East at 80 perches at the line of parcel No. "one;" thence along said line North 65° East 42 3-10 perches to a post; thence South 25° West 60 perches to Henry Morrow's line, the place of beginning; containing 25 acres and allowance of 6 perches. Being part No. 3 in the plan of the farm of Robert Donaldson, Esq., dec'd., filed in Orphans' Court on No. 56 of December, 1852; assigned and allotted to said minors in lee of the partition of said estate; subject to the payment of thirty-eight dollars per annum to Mrs. Mary Donaldson, during her natural life. Title indisputable. Terms at sale.

FRANCIS WILSON,
Guardian of the minor children of Hugh Donaldson, dec'd.

apr22:3tw

Orphans' Court Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, by order of the Orphan's Court, on MONDAY, May 29, 1854, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, all that certain lot of ground, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on Smithfield street, at the distance of 28 feet eastwardly from the corner of Third street, at the corner of lot of James McKown, Deceased