Daily Morning Post.

G. F. GILLMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING.....APRIL 15.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,
OF PIKE COUNTY.

☞ An accident occurred in working off our Weekly paper for this morning, by which we were a few papers short. We hope to be able to avoid all accidents hereafter, and send to every subscriber without fail, his paper every week. Our readers shall have no reason to complain hereafter, if our utmost exertions can prevent it.

COL. JOHN C. FREMONT.

Few men, connected with the American army, have been more frequently noticed by the public press, within the last twelve years, than Col. Fremont; and few men have, within that time, rendered more important services to the country. While holding a commission in the army, at the command of the government, he twice traversed the continent from the Mississippi almost to the Pacific coast; and he published a volume containing a great amount of interesting and useful information, in relation to the vast regions of the Continent till then but little known. That volume was read in this country and in Europe, and universally pronounced the work of an able and excellent writer, an adventurous and observing explorer, and a man of practical science, and great intelligence, industry and intrepidity. He was the first to discover and illustrate to the satisfaction of all, that a railroad could be constructed, with easy grades, all the way from the valley of the Mississippi to the Pacific coast; and that the Rocky Mountains interposed no serious obstacle to the enterprize.

Upon the breaking out of the Mexican war, Col. Fremont was in California. The distance from the Federal government, and the impossibility of obtaining early instructions as to the course he should pursue, induced him to commence operations on his own responsibility; acting as he supposed would be the wish of the government. He raised a considerable force, and incurred heavy obligations in arming, equipping and organising it; and undertook the conquest of the whole territory of California. His rapid movements were attended with uniform success; and upon the arrival of Commodore Stockton on the coast, with his squadron, a great portion of the territory had been conquered. From that date, Col. Fremont considered Com. Stockton governor of the territory, and acted in obedience to his instructions. Upon the subsequent arrival of Gen. Kearney with his army, a dispute arose between Kearney and Stockton, both claiming the supreme command. Col. Fremont, without being fully informed of the respective rights of the parties, inclined to the side of Stockton. He was soon after arrested for disobedience to orders, and was sent a prisoner to the United States, from the wide realm he had conquered by his enterprise and intrepidity, and forever secured to his country.

The subjugation and occupation of the territory completed, Gen. Kearney followed Col. Fremont home. He was tried by a court martial and found guilty of disobedience to orders, and his commission was taken from him. But, so obvious was it that his error arose from want of information as to the rights of the two superior officers, that President Polk tendered him his commission again, which he refused. During his residence in California, he purchased from Mexican owners a large tract of land, several leagues in extent, which has since been discovered to contain gold: and but a few years ago he was supposed to be one of the richest men on the continent.

He subsequently contracted for the sale of a portion of his mines to an English company, and proceeded to England to complete the sale. But in the meantime his title to the land was impeached; and quite recently, a court in California has decided that his title, on account of a defect in the Mexican grant, is void.

While in command of the troops he had raised in California for the conquest of the country he contracted large debts on behalf of the government, becoming himself personally liable, however; and, while in England he was arrested for some of these debts, and the suits, we believe, are not yet settled. A commission was instituted by our government to investigate these claims, and decide how far the government should liquidate them. After years of delay the Commissioners have, within a few days, closed their investigations, and reported only about one hundred and sixty thousand out of nearly eight hundred thousand dollars, to be claims that the government should pay. Col. F., we suppose, stands personally responsible for the balance. High fortunes and vast wealth have slipped from his hands; but, undaunted by reverses, we find him last fall at St. Louis equipping a party to depart on another exploring expedition through the Rocky mountains on his own responsibility. Fit leader of adventurous and daring spirits, he soon found followers, and departed by a new route for the Pacific coast. But late advices inform us that he was overtaken by intense cold and snow storms in the mountain regions, some of his party perishing by cold and hunger.

The New York *Post* says:

There is an extract of a letter in the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, dated, Mormon Settlement, Feb. 9th, from Mr. S. N. Carvalho, the daguerreotypist to Col. Fremont's expedition. He says:

"The party, after enduring every privation, have retraced their steps, and arrived at Salt Lake City in a dreadful condition, having lived fifty days on horse flesh, and for the last forty-eight hours had been without food of any kind." * * "They had lost one man by cold." * * * "Thank God he himself was now staying at the house of an English family, and receiving every kindness and attention from them."

This cheering account is somewhat dampened by the fact previously stated, that in the intelligence from Great Salt Lake City to the 20th of February, twenty days later than the date of the letter from which the *Bulletin* gives an extract, *there is no mention whatever of Col. Fremont's expedition.* The public anxiety is naturally very much excited in regard to the safety of the noble and adventurous traveler.

Such has been, thus far, the singular and adventurous career (briefly sketched) of Colonel Fremont.

He is a native of South Carolina, born of poor parents, and has won his way, by his indomitable energy and genius, to fame if not to fortune. Few men have encountered such perils, endured such hardships, or displayed more heroic fortitude and intrepidity. His power of endurance is very great. It is related of him that, during the war in California, he performed a journey of eight hundred miles in eight days and nights, using those Mexican horses so distinguished for their fleetness and endurance. Col. F. is now in the prime of life and vigor, and better and higher fortunes may yet be in store for him, before his active career is closed.

☞ The election of municipal officers in the city of Trenton, N. J., on Monday last, resulted in the choice of nine democrats and two whigs. Democratic majority, about 200. Trenton has heretofore been a whig city.

FINE MEAT.—To those who visit the Market House this morning, we would recommend our young friend, JOHN BENN, Stall No. 75. He has a splendid show of fine meat, and he is one of the most accommodating gentlemen in the market.

ANOTHER KOSSUTH LETTER.

Kossuth, Mazzini and Ledru Rollin have written a joint letter to George Sanders, the rejected consul at London, sympathizing with him in his loss of an office worth $15,000 per year. And they take occasion to condemn, in strong terms, the ungracious act of the American Senate in refusing to confirm the appointment of Mr. Sanders to that office. They complain that it is a severe blow given to the cause of democracy and republicanism in Europe, with which Mr. Sanders appears to have identified himself immediately on his arrival in Europe. The writers of the letter also express the hope that our Senate will re-consider their decision, and allow Mr. Sanders to remain at London.

The Senate will do no such thing; and George Sanders will have to come home, or remain in Europe at his own expense.

Kossuth, Mazzini, Ledru Rollin, and other revolutionists of Europe can find, in the present state of the European nations, employment much more profitable for their cause than attempting to interfere with the administration of our government, and the selection of our public representatives abroad.

Let them lay aside their pens, and grasp their swords. There is room and scope for their patriotism and valor in the wide field of conflict now before them; and the proper opportunity, seized with energy and judgment, may emancipate the long oppressed people of their nations. But to quarrel with our government can avail nothing to their cause.

Our consuls are not sent abroad to form alliances with the revolutionary elements of foreign nations; but to watch over our commercial interests, and the welfare of our citizens. The American people sympathize with the cause of freedom everywhere; but our government pursues the non-intervention policy still, and will not permit its agents abroad to involve it in the contests of different nations. Mr. Sanders, as a *citizen*, may sympathize with whom he pleases; but as a public officer, his conduct should be regulated by the policy of the government he represents.

THE GROWING CROP.

Considerable anxiety is manifested to ascertain the prospects of the growing wheat crop in the country, this spring. The prospects of the new crop will affect materially the ruling rates of wheat and flour, between this time and the gathering of the next harvest; and we have carefully compared the reports from various quarters, for two weeks past. Pennsylvania is the largest wheat-growing State in the Union. In some places, the wheat fields are represented as being materially damaged during the winter; but, from all reports, we may reasonable expect a fair average crop at the next harvest; and that the wheat product of the State, in bushels, this season, will exceed sixteen millions of bushels. In this State, as in most of the north-western wheat growing States, the deficiency in the European crop last year, and the high prices, have stimulated production, and far more acres have been sown.

From some counties of Ohio, the reports of the appearance of the fields is unfavorable; but comparing all the reports, particularly from those parts of the State most engaged in the growth of wheat, it may be safely inferred that the next crop will be larger and better this year than last. From Michigan and Illinois the reports are generally quite favorable. And from some parts of Indiana we obtain similar information; from other parts less favorable accounts are received. On the whole, it may be pretty safely estimated that the prospects are as favorable for a good crop this year, as they were at this date last year.

☞ It is reported that Mr. Mason, American Minister at Paris, has negotiated with the French government a treaty respecting the rights of neutrals in the present war. The terms, it is said, are similar to those contained in the lately reported treaty with England. These terms are liberal, and concede the American doctrine that free ships make free goods, and the right of search is abandoned. If those treaties are confirmed, our commerce will be subject to but little interruption during the war, and our government can keep clear of the conflict. Our government has seized upon this favorable opportunity to secure these important concessions from the maritime nations of Europe, and they are of the utmost importance to political character, and the commercial interests of this country.

PERSONAL.

Robert L. Longhead, of Penn'a, has received the appointment, and been confirmed, U. S. Consul to the port of Dublin, Ireland.

The husband of Mrs. Emma Gillingham Bostwick, the celebrated singer, committed suicide on Tuesday morning, in New York, by shooting himself through the head. He was formerly a clerk in the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Hon. Truman Smith, U. S. Whig Senator from Connecticut, publishes a letter of resignation, to take effect on the 14th of May.

Bishop Soule, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, has arrived at New Orleans, on his return from California. He is upwards of 84 years of age, but still retains full possession of all his faculties.

PHILADELPHIA.—Hon. R. T. Conrad has been nominated by the Whigs, as candidate for Mayor of the city of Philadelphia. The government of the Eastern metropolis of our State, with its enlarged limits, is about passing from Whig hands into the care and control of the democracy; and Mr. Conrad, with his Native American proclivities, will be as good a victim perhaps as the Whigs could select. His remarkable achievements, as President of the Hempfield Railroad, as a poet and lecturer, and as a Native American leader, are proofs sufficient of his claims to martyrdom at the coming municipal election. We hope and expect Philadelphia, as now constituted, will prove to be a democratic city.

MORE PISTOLS AND COFFEE.—The disposition to fight is not, as is generally supposed, confined to members of Congress. A quarrel originated on Wednesday night, among the "forty thieves," known as the New York Aldermen, which resulted in a Mr. Wild sending a Mr. Seeley a challenge. The dread alternative was accepted by the latter, and the *Herald* says, arrangements have been made by the seconds for a hostile meeting in Hoboken. It is consoling to know that if either party is shot, New York will not lose much, and it may be a great gain to her treasury.

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN.—The following statement, drawn from authentic sources, shows the annual emigration from Great Britain, during a period of ten years:

	To Br. Am.	To U. S.	Australia, &c.	Total.
1843	23,618	28,335	5,259	57,212
1844	22,924	43,060	4,102	70,086
1845	31,533	58,538	3,160	93,501
1846	43,420	83,029	4,173	129,851
1847	109,680	142,154	1,436	253,270
1848	31,065	116,233	29,701	246,999
1849	41,301	219,450	38,031	299,498
1850	32,901	223,078	24,810	280,849
1851	42,605	267,357	25,004	335,005
1852	32,876	244,261	91,630	368,764

VERMONT PRODUCTIONS.—The sons and daughters of Vermont, in Lowell, Mass., held a grand family festival on Wednesday last. About one thousand persons were present. Saxe, the poet, sent in the following toast:

Vermont—Famous for the production of four great staples, viz: *men, women, maple sugar and horses.*

The first are strong—the last are fleet,
The second and third are exceedingly sweet,
And all are uncommonly hard to beat."

CRYSTAL PALACE.—Barnum has got his Crystal Palace Relief Fund up to $32,000—within $18,000 of the sum he asks. He is probably destined to succeed in this undertaking, like most of his others, either through his consummate tact or his extraordinary good fortune. Nobody but he would ever have dreamed of getting up a subscription for the Crystal Palace.—*Free Press.*

News and Facts from all Quarters.

An Anti-Slavery Convention is now at Cincinnati. Among those present, we notice the names of Fred Douglass, Rev. Mr. May, and Lucy Stone, who all made speeches on the first day of the session.

For the month of March the revenue of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was as follows:

	Main stem.	Wash. Br.	Totals.
For passengers	$61,434 09	$24,866 03	$76,300 12
For Freight	305,446 28	7,551 07	312,997 43
	$356,880 35	$32,417 10	$389,297 55

As compared with the receipts of the main stem during the same month in 1853, the following is the result:

March 1854	$356,880 45
March 1853	227,207 37
Increase	$129,013 08

Among the delegates in attendance at the Southern Commercial Convention, in sojourn at Charleston, are Gov. Wm. C. Dawson, of Georgia, President of the two last Conventions; Gov. C. C. Clay, of Huntsville, Ala; Gov. J Jones, of Tennessee; Gov. W. D. Mosely, His Excellency John L. Manning; Lieutenant Maury, of the National Observatory, Washington; Lieutenant Herndon, of Washington; Hon. W. T. Colquitt, of Georgia; Hon. W. Polk, of Tennessee; Hon. B. F. Whitner, of Florida; Judge Baxter, of Tennessee; Gen. Leslie Combs of Kentucky; Gen. W. S. Harding. Upwards of 600 delegates have reported themselves.

There are employed in the different Executive Departments in Washington, 737 clerks, who are divided into four classes; the first class receiving $900; the second class $1,200; the third class $1,600; and the fourth class $1,800 per annum.

The Common Council of Stockton, California, adjourned on the 6th of March, in order to allow the members to go to the theatre and see Mr. Ryer play Hamlet.

The morning train which started westward the 7th inst., on the Michigan Southern Road, consisted of fourteen passenger cars, drawn by two Locomotives.

Navigation is open upon Lake Erie, and the propeller *New England*, from Buffalo, has arrived at Cleveland.

A sale of 100,000 bushels of Corn was made in Chicago the other day at 50c per bushel, delivered on board. It was the largest sale made in that city for some time, and it was made to a single operator.

One of the New York papers publishes the following comparative statement of the March receipts on the three great railroads leading to to the West:

	1853.	1854.
New York and Erie	$271,400	$476,516
New York Central	324,511	446,347
Pennsylvania Central	310,955	485,184

This is the first time the Pennsylvania route has surpassed either of the New York roads.

Old Roger remarked the other morning at breakfast, that "if he had a *weakness* it was coffee." A merry twinkle was observed in his funny grey eyes, and a slight blush suffused the countenance of his venerable hostess, who took exception to the *grounds* of his remark—they didn't seem *clear.—Boston Post.*

More than half the clocks made in Connecticut are sent to England.

The Richmond *Whig* details a robbery committed in a hotel in that city, by means of chloroform, infused through the keyhole of the room.

About a hundred inmates at Greenwich Hospital upwards of sixty years of age, have offered to serve in the navy against Russia.

It is a fact that insurance in New York is twice as high as in London, though the latter has but one hundred and nine firemen, while the former has but *three thousand!*

A correspondent of the New Orleans *Delta* denies that the child recently born of Mrs. Wilson, the captive to the Comanches, bears marks of Indian origin.

Col. Forney contradicts the rumor of his intention to resign the clerkship of the House.

All is quiet at Montevideo, and Flores has resumed the reins of government.

Hendrickson, for the murder of his wife, will be executed at Albany, N. Y., on the 5th of May.

HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

HARRISBURG, April 13, 1854.

EDITOR OF POST:—The House was engaged to-day, discussing for hours certain applications for divorce. It is truly to be regretted that these peculiar contracts should be entertained by the Legislature. In most cases, thus far presented, the party seeking divorce should have protection in a law court.

The Senate spent the forenoon in patching and mending the bill for the sale of the public works. The minimum price is reduced to ten millions of dollars—the only important change made in the bill. No other measure of public interest was considered. FARMER.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

See important foreign news, under telegraph head. War declared by England and France, and a battle between the Turks and Russians. 2000 Russians perished.

The Commercial Convention.

CHARLESTON, April 10, P. M.—The Commercial Convention met at the Theatre this morning, at 11 o'clock. The following delegates were in attendance: From Maryland, 15; Virginia, 130; Tennessee, 300; Georgia, 40; Louisiana, 5; N. Carolina, 25; Mississippi, ——; Kentucky, 1 (Gen. Leslie Coombs); and Alabama, 17. S. Carolina was of course largely represented.

About 11 o'clock the Convention was called to order by the Mayor. It was subsequently decided that this was strictly an adjourned meeting of the Memphis Convention, and the Hon. Wm. C. Dawson, of Georgia, was invited to preside as permanent President. A committee was then appointed to select permanent officers, who reported Mr. Dawson for President, with thirteen Vice Presidents, and thirteen Secretaries. These nominations were unanimously confirmed.

A committee of three from each State represented was then appointed to prepare business, when the Convention adjourned till to-morrow.

SECOND DAY.

CHARLESTON, April 11.—The Convention reassembled this morning at ten o'clock. Resolutions were submitted in favor of the construction of the Pacific Railroad, and of direct trade with Europe. These gave rise to a discussion, in which Messrs. Jones, of Tennessee, and Albert Pike, of Arkansas, participated. The latter condemned the policy of placing any reliance on the aid of Congress in the construction of the Pacific Railroad, thinking it better that the States interested should themselves undertake this great work. The resolutions were finally referred to the general committee, and the Convention adjourned till to-morrow, when the committee will report.

THIRD DAY.

CHARLESTON, April 12.—The great interest felt in the report of the Committee on Resolutions drew a very large audience to the Convention today. The committee made a partial report, recommending the construction of a railroad to the Pacific by the Southern route, the encouragement of mining and manufacturing in the Southern States, and the establishment of a trade with the country watered by the Amazon river.

The resolutions relating to the Pacific road were ably debated by Gen. Leslie Coombs, of Kentucky, Albert Pike, of Arkansas, and Senator Jones, of Tennessee, the latter of whom is still speaking at the hour (5½ o'clock) that this despatch closed.

☞ It is computed, on calculations furnished by the census returns, that 668,000 new houses have been built in the United States in the last six years, which, at an average of $1,000 would add $668,000,000 to the wealth of the country, to say nothing of the furniture necessary to the inhabitations; the shipping and railroads, however, would increase this amount to over $1,000,000,000. In addition to this, all the vast sums for factories, insurance companies, mines &c., will swell the aggregate, without having made any perceptible increase in the amount of stocks held abroad.

☞ A venerable survivor of the battle of Bunker Hill, resident in Worthington, Mass., is Samuel Follet. He was born in Attleboro, in this state in 1757, and consequently was but 17 years of age when in the battle of Bunker Hill, and is now in his 97th year. He was living in Swansey, N. H., at the time of his first enlistment in the regiment commanded by Col. Reed, of Fitzwilliam. He joined the army twice afterwards during the revolution.

☞ The *Pennsylvanian* picks up the following facts from different sources, and tries to make out a hard case against Admiral Napier, who now commands the English fleet in the Baltic.

All England seems to be in raptures with Admiral NAPIER, who commands the British fleet gone to the Baltic to exterminate, as is expected, the navy, if not some of the towns of Russia.

This Admiral must be seventy years old, as he was more than forty years ago distinguished among the depredators in the Chesapeake, where he commanded the frigate Euryalus.

Vol. 2, page 202 of INGERSOLL's History of the War of 1812, mentions NAPIER's captures as Alexandria. "Captain GORDON in the Seahorse frigate, with the Euryalus, Captain NAPIER, and some smaller vessels, on the 17th August, 1814, left the British fleet to work a difficult and slow passage, without pilots, up the Potomac to Alexandria. On the 29th August, the British squadron buoyed up the river and anchored at Alexandria. * * * Twenty-one merchant vessels were taken, loaded with sixteen thousand barrels of flour, a thousand hogsheads of tobacco, some cotton, and considerable quantity of other goods. After securing this booty, before GORDON's purposes of either plunder or devastation were fully effected, he was obliged to retire from Alexandria, both by an order from Admiral COCKBURN, and the attack, of Commodores ROGERS, PORTER and PERRYE with a party of Virginia militia under General HUNGERFORD, who all harassed his retreat down the river."

Captain NAPIER appears again still more disgracefully in the last Vol., page 54, of the new series of INGERSOLL's history of the War of 1812, as follows:

"One of the letters was taken from Captain NAPIER, of the Eurydlus frigate, to Captain GORDON, of the Seahorse, off Cape Henry, June 24, 1824. 'Here I am in Lynnhaven bay, the clippers sailing every day, and losing them for want of sailors. * * * I have petitioned the Prince Regent in behalf of the whole of us *for a good slice of prize money.* Excuse this hasty scrawl. I am in a d——d bad humor, having just returned from an unsuccessful chase.'" INGERSOLL's History adds:—"NAPIER has since commanded the British channel fleet, and lately made himself more than supremely ridiculous by impertinent solicitation for command of the Mediterranean fleet."

☞ A Paris correspondent of the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, writing on the 23d ult., in reference to the Breadstuff market, says:

"The high prices of flour and corn are at last decisively declining. The fall in Paris and other cities is as much as 15 and 20 per cent. Besides that the announced deficit is nearly supplied, the French speculators, who held over, are now endeavoring to realize, admonished also by the brilliant prospects of the ensuing harvest. The weather for the past six weeks has been magnificent; a great deal more like summer than like June and July of last year. Only it is deemed too dry, as there has been no rain in fact all this time. This circumstance is thought, however, to be fortunate on other grounds, as repressing somewhat the vegetation which might still be damaged by frosts. The fruit trees are in full blossom in the public gardens. All things then, at present, promise an abundant harvest in France this season.

☞ The Washington *Union* republishes the following extract from Daniel Webster's speech at the Kossuth banquet, Jan. 7, 1852, in Washington city:—

"May I be so egotistical as to say that I have nothing now to say upon the subject of Hungary. Gentlemen, in the autumn of year before last, out of health, and retired to my rural home among the mountains of New Hamshire, I was, by reason of my physical condition, confined to my house; but I was bound to inspire. Nothing calmed my senses, nothing salmed my mind or my sentiments, but freedom, full and entire, [applause;] and there, gentlemen, near the grave of my ancestors, I wrote a letter, which most of you have seen, addressed to the Austrian charge d'affaires, I can say nothing of the ability displayed in that letter, but as to its principles, while the sun and moon endure, I stand by them."

IMPORTANT FROM LONDON.—We hear that it is currently stated among the European diplomatists in Washington, that the Eng'ish Minister on Foreign Affairs has proposed a *entente cordiale* between his Government and France, concerning American affairs, about which so much was not long since published in this country, has reference only to the La Platte question, and not to that of Cuba or to Mexican affairs. We presume that if this is the case, and we have really no reason to doubt the fact, it will not be long before our own Government will receive official intelligence of it. We may not forget to mention that it is also said in diplomatic circles, that the speech of Gen. Cass with reference to the *entente cordiale*, caused the disavowal of the English Minister to which we refer above.

☞ **Important to Country Dealers.**—DR GEORGE H. KEYSER, *Wholesale and Retail Druggist*, No. 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, has for sale a complete assortment of pure and genuine patent or proprietary medicines, which will be sold at proprietors prices, among which are the following, viz:

Dr. Ross's Alterative,	Hooper's Female,
do. do. Bailroad,	Anderson's,
do. do. Golden,	do. do. Syrups.
do. do. Female,	Goorhave's Holland,
Dr. M'Clintock's Liver Pills,	Hostetter's Stomach,
Hohensack's Liver Pills,	Green's Oxygenated,
Sellers' do.	Hampton's Tonic,
Mofane's do.	Sandcliffe's Alkalino,
Fitche's Cough,	(Hutchings' Dyspepsia,
do. Cathartic,	Stoughton's,
do. for Diarrhœa,	Sargeant's,
do. for bleeding Lungs,	Wolfe's Schnapps,
Roberts' Sarsaparilla,	STUFFS AND COUGH REMEDIES.
Townsend's do.,	Dr. Rayner's Pectoral,
Bennett's Plant and Root,	Dr. Jaynes' Expectorant,
Loxley's Indian Vegetable,	Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort,
Wright's do.,	Dr. M'Munn's Opiate,
Holloway's do.,	Dr. Duncan's Expectorant,
Dyott's Anti-bilious,	Mutall's Syrtacum,
Lee's New London,	Dr. M'Munn's Opiate,
do. Wincham,	do. Cough Mixture,
Dr. Cook's Billious,	Fitche's Pulmonic Balsam,
Hibbard's do.,	do. Expectorant,
Harris' sick headache,	do. Cherry Pulmonic,
Radway's Regulators,	Dr. Ross's Expectorant,
Moffat's Life,	Ayres' Cherry Pectoral,
Bragg's Anti-billous,	Sellers' Cough,
do. Fever and Ague,	Morgan's do.
Louiva's do.,	☞ Remember the place,
Jaynes' Sanative,	No. 140 Wood street, corner
Brandreth's,	Virgin alley.
German,	marlo3w

A Word to Farmers—How to have good Butter and More of It, and Healthy Stock.

☞ **New Discoveries.**—VEGETABLE CATTLE POWDER—These powders are put up in one pound packs, and are really a good article, not only for the diseases incident to Horses, Cows, Swine and other animals, but they are likewise an excellent article to improve the condition of the animal.

For Milch Cows, they not only improve the condition of Milch Cows, but they increase the quantity as well as improve the quality of milk and butter. The proprietors say that it increases the quantity of butter from half a pound to a pound a week to each cow, while those persons who have tried it, say a pound and a half to two pounds per week, with the same kind of feeding as before. Of one thing we are certain, all who use it once will use it all the time and save money by the operation, as well as improve the appearance of their stock. Price 25 cents a paper, 5 papers for $1. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140,

corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

Wholesale and Retail Agent.

feb1

☞ **Ague and Fever** of three years standing Cured.—Mr. John Longdon, now living at Beaver Dam, Hanover county, Va., near Richmond, had Ague and Fever for three years, most of the time he had chills twice a day, and rarely less than once; he was parched with fevers as soon as the chill left him; and after trying physicians, quinine, most of the Tonics advertised, and every thing recommended to him, was about to give up in despair, when Carter's Spanish Mixture was spoken of; he got two bottles, but before he had used more than a single one, he was perfectly cured, and has not had a chill or fever since.

Mr. Longdon is only one out of thousands who have been benefitted by this great tonic, alterative and blood purifier.

See advertisement with his certificate. mar11

☞ **Harris' Sick Headache Pills—Warranted**—NO CURE, NO PAY.—This Pill is a certain cure for that most distressing affection of the nervous system called Sick Headache. It never fails to remove an attack in from twenty to thirty minutes, when taken according to the directions, and that without either vomiting or purging. Its use, moreover, tends to the complete eradication of the disease. There are twelve doses in each box, with ample directions. Price $1.

Prepared and sold by HARRIS & LATHROP, Harrisville, Va., and sold by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., sign of the Golden Mortar. apr8:dw

☞ **Fantaloons.**—The well-known superior fitting GRIEBLES fit in the Garment, needs no comment on his part; it has been acknowledged by all who have formed him with their orders, that they have never been fitted with the same ease and style as by him. He begs to inform his patrons and the public, that his stock is now replete with the newest styles for coats, vests and pants, suitable for the present season. E. GRIEBLE,

Tailor and Pantaloon Maker,
210 Liberty st., head of Wood.

mar24

☞ **Medicine Chests**—Dr. KEYSER, wholesal Druggist, of 140 Wood street, has on hand a splendid assortment of MEDICINE CHESTS, for families and steamboats, at various prices. Those in want of articles of this kind would do well to give him a call. feb1

☞ **To Painters**—Zinc Paint.—I have just received a lot of Snow White Zinc Paint, which I will sell very low. Also, ZINC DRYER by the gallon, which sells low, and covers better than Linseed Oil.

GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.,
mar25 cor. of Virgin Alley, sign of the Golden Mortar.

☞ **Nervous Diseases Controlled and Conquered.**—Three-fourths of the physical pain endured by the human race proceeds from affections of the nerves. The unutterable agony of neuralgia, rheumatism, gout, spasms, headache, and a thousand nameless pangs that dart through every portion of the system, and distract the brain, are referable directly to an unnatural condition of the nervous system. The weaker sex are a prey to a variety of agonies that may truly be called infinite, all growing out of the disordered action of the nerves. The nerves are the seat of all pain. Kill the nerve of a "raging tooth," and the pain ceases. Destroy the nerves of a limb, and it is paralyzed. Render all the nerves of the frame insensible, and you produce death. Of what immense importance, therefore, must a preparation be that will infuse health, vigor, hardiness, and permanent energy, into this complex arrangement of vital agents known as the nervous system. Experience has proved, the faculty admit, the record shows, that DR. MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR AND CORDIAL will produce those almost miraculous effects. If all men could witness the changes it brings about in the condition of those who are "ready to perish"—how it banished melancholy, begets strength, controls pain, builds up and fortifies the constitution, and prolongs life—it would be unnecessary to advertise it. Newspapers are merely used as media to draw attention to it. To be universally used, and unhesitatingly relied upon, it merely requires to be universally known. The aid of the press is invoked to guide the public to this living fountain; but no printed words can adequately set forth its value.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars. O. H. RING, Proprietor,

192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

AGENTS.

FLEMING & BROS., No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City. apr8-smaw

☞ **Another Instance of Tape Worm** cured by the use of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge.

NEW YORK, October 15, 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures that had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge. I resolved to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged the large tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones. MRS. M. BOOTY, No. 10 Cannon street.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. For sale at all the respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood street.

apr15-maw

DIED:

On Friday morning, the 14th inst., Mr. DAVID GREER, aged 63 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence on Hand street near the bridge, on Sabbath afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ NOTICE.—A meeting of Stockholders in the "Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company," will be held at their Office, on THURSDAY, April 27th, 1854, at 7 o'clock, P. M., to act upon the Supplement to the Charter.

C. A. COLTON, Secretary.

☞ HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—The undersigned have constantly on hand a large supply of Boesen's HYDRAULIC CEMENT, of warranted quality. This article is the best and cheapest material for CISTERNS; a single foot inch course of brick, laid in and plastered with this CEMENT, will endure for ages; and over plastered on clay walls, in successive courses to the thickness of an inch, becomes in a few days as solid as to resist any ordinary degree of outside pressure, for is the water in the least degree affected.

This CEMENT should be used for all underground, underwater, and exposed structures, for all important buildings, and for fire walls, coping walls, chimney tops, bridges, aqueducts, canal locks, and every species of brick and stone structure exposed to water, damp, or frost.

ENGLISH & RICHARDSON,
116 Water street, 150 Front street.

apr15

Geo. P. Smith & Co.,

54 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH,

ARE now opening their THIRD LARGE purchase of SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS, To which they invite the attention of the Country and City Trade. We offer to merchants a larger and better stock than they could find at this time of the season in Eastern Houses generally, and bought at considerable reduction on rates of February and March.

Our assortment will be found large in newest styles Spring Chintzes and Prints, Lawns, Organdies, Dalaines, Ginghams, Muslins, Tissues, Brilliants and Ladies' Dress Goods of every description. Muslin Delaines, Persian Cloths, Bege, Poplins, Alpacas, Mohairs; Ginghams, in very large assortment, foreign and domestic; plain and fancy Dress Silks.

To which we ask particular attention, the assortment being larger than generally kept in our market, and bought at greatly reduced prices, in New York.

Men and Boys' cottons and woolen Spring and Summer Wears, all descriptions.

CLOTHS, all shades and prices.

Satinets, Tweeds, Jeans, Summer Cloths, Cassimeres, plain and newest fancies.

A great variety of plain and fancy BONNET RIBBONS, low to high prices.

WHITE GOODS, of all kinds.

SUMMER SHAWLS: Printed, Plain, Modes, etc., etc.

VARIETY GOODS: Hosiery, Handkerchiefs Gloves, Sewings, Bindings, etc.

And all sorts BROWN GOODS: Drills, Stripes, Ticks, Bleached Shirtings, Sheetings, etc.

Flannels, Dunlinas, Diapers, etc.

☞ We shall keep our supply full and fresh throughout the season. apr15:1m

GENTLEMEN'S

SUMMER BOOTS & SHOES.

GEORGE ALBREE,

No. 71 corner Wood and Fourth streets.

HAS had made to special order, of the best materials and workmanship, and of the latest fashions, sizes as low as 5½ and 5½, the following boots and shoes:

SEWED WORK.

Gents' light French calf boots, red tops;
" " Patent leather, glove top, Congress Boots;
" " " " Kossuth, glove top, low tie
" " " " Pilmore high front do;
" " soft morocco Tyler Ties;
" " enammelled leather do do;
" " soft morocco, broad stamp, low shoes, broad;
" " Buckskin Opera Congress plain Boots;
" " Lasting do do do;
" " " do do Tip do;
" " strapped, tipt heel and toe.

PEGGED WORK.

Gents soft morocco long leg Boots;
" French calf do do 6's and 5½;
" " " " short leg Boots, a new style;
" real French patent leather, glove top, fancy colored Oxford Ties;
" Schenk's Pulmonic, Patent leather Congress cloth tips Gaiters, 5 and 5½;
Buckskin Oxford Ties;
Buckskin tipt Boots;
California enammelled Oxford Ties, 5 and 5½;
Patent leather, long quartered, low, Shoe Ties;
And a general assortment of Boys, Youths, Children's, Ladies' and Misses' fancy Shoes, as can be found in the West. apr15:3m

Attention! Soldiers of the Mexican War!

A MEETING of returned Mexican Soldiers, will be held at WASHINGTON HALL, on SATURDAY EVENING, 15th inst., at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of forming a VETERAN COMPANY, and an Association similar to those formed in the Eastern Cities.

Officers and privates, who served in the above war, are respectfully invited to be present.

apr15:1t MANY SOLDIERS.

WANTED—A SITUATION, by a middle aged man, as Book-keeper, Salesman, in-door or out door Clerk; receiving or shipping Clerk; Clerk in a Hotel; or any vocation where he may render himself useful. Has been engaged as Book and Store-keeper at Iron Works. Address "G. F." at this office. apr15

COPPERAS—50 bbls in store and for sale by
FLEMING BROS.,
apr15 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood st.

10 GROSS Perry Davis' Pain Killer, just received and for sale by [apr15] FLEMING BROS.

LINSEED OIL—20 bbls in store and for sale by
FLEMING BROS.

TWELVE BUILDING LOTS in South Pittsburgh, within five minutes' walk of the bridge. Prices low, and terms accommodating. S. CUTHBERT & SON,
apr15 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 150 Third street.

ONLY SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for a Building Lot, of 20 feet front on Main street, by 100 feet deep; situate in Sharpsburgh; and for sale by
apr15 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 150 Third street.

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND situated on Pennsylvania Avenue, near Tunnel street; for sale cheap.
apr15 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 150 Third street.

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!!—
The Preacher, by Draughtsman No. 9;
The New York Journal, for April;
The People's do. do.
Gleason's Pictorial, and all the Eastern Literary papers, have been received at PAUL KLEINKE'S
apr15 Literary Depot, Fifth street, opposite Theatre.

NEW AND INTERESTING BOOKS—
Homes of the New World: by Miss Bremer;
Hayden's Anthlography;
The Daughgher, a thrilling story of Boston life;
Minute Sermons, a Temperance tale;
Hot Corn, or Life in Scenes in New York;
Life of Joan of Arc;
Planter's Northern Bride: by Mrs. Hentz;
Hope and Hishaye: by Grace Greenwood;
Early Engagements: by Sarah Marshall Hayden;
The Romancer: by Alexander Dumas.
Together with all the new publications of the day. For sale by H. MINER & CO.,