Daily Morning Post.

G. F. GILLMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....APRIL 4.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF PIKE COUNTY.

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

The War Steamers—Our Foreign Relations.

A bill passed the U. S. Senate some time ago, without a dissenting voice, appropriating three millions of dollars for the construction of six war steamers, of large class, to strengthen our navy. The bill is now before the House of Representatives; and it is proposed to double the appropriation, and the number of vessels to be built.

The present aspect of foreign affairs, seems at length to have aroused the attention of our public men at Washington to the manifest necessity of strengthening this right arm of our national defence. And several events that have occurred of late, show the propriety of a speedy commencement of the work. The bill before Congress, even when amended as proposed, will probably meet with but few opponents. All reflecting men are convinced that a more efficient organization, and a large increase of our navy is needed in the present state of the world, with our vast commerce, and our thousands of miles of assailable sea-coast.

Within the last seven months a general war in Europe has been considered as a probable event; and during that time Americans have been principally intent upon investigating the probable pecuniary advantages which this country might derive from the existence of such a war. Some of those advantages have been greatly overestimated. The prices of breadstuffs and provisions are not likely to reach the exorbitant figures predicted; and the monopoly of the carrying trade by our merchant marine will not be realised. The vast naval armaments of England and France can confine the conflicts to the Black sea and the Baltic, and leave the shipping and commerce of these nations but little endangered or affected by the war. On the other hand, as the event of war becomes more near and certain, it becomes more apparent that it will be difficult for the United States to keep clear of the conflict. The experience of the past furnishes a lesson on this subject that cannot be forgotten. During Bonaparte's wars our commerce suffered insults, injuries and spoliations that almost destroyed it; and compelled our government to declare war with England. Similar wrongs and injuries may lead to a similar necessity during the approaching contest in Europe; and this country is no better prepared now for a naval warfare with England or France that it was in 1812. It is true that our navy has been much increased since then in the number and efficiency of its ships; but within the same time the navies of England and France have been increased in far greater proportion, both in the number of vessels, and the destructiveness of their armaments. The navy of England is now nearly seven times as large as ours, and that of France four times. And England and France are now combined, as Lord Clarendon lately said, to settle questions not only in the Eastern but in the Western Hemisphere.

Meantime the Spanish rulers of Cuba [illegible] a rupture with the United States, [illegible] insults to our flag, and injuries to [illegible]ens and commerce. Twice within a short [illegible] American merchant vessels have been fired [illegible] by Spanish armed ships, and within a [illegible] an American steamer has been seized at [illegible] her cargo plundered, and her owners [illegible]ed to a heavy fine. At the same time [illegible] and French war steamers were at hand, [illegible]ready to sustain these aggressions of the [illegible]ish authorities and prevent a deserved [illegible]tisement. By abetting and encouraging [illegible]uch insults and injuries they may destroy our commerce with the Island, and secure it as a monopoly to themselves. The navy of Spain is nominally about as large as that of the United States; and England and France can add to it a force sufficient to give those nations the command and control of American waters, even in the midst of the combat with Russia.

During the wars with France, at the commencement of this century, Berlin and Milan decrees, and British orders in council, almost entirely excluded our commerce from all the continental nations of Europe; and hundreds and even thousands of American vessels were seized and confiscated in enforcing those Orders and Decrees. In many, probably a majority of instances, those seizures were unlawful; but our country was compelled to submit, and await the tardy justice accorded by the laws of nations. And it is but a few years since the last of the damages were paid. Should the war become general in Europe now, England and France may declare the ports of the Baltic, the Black, and the Adriatic seas in a state of blockade, and they have power to enforce it as of old. Our commerce would again be reduced and confined to the limits those nations choose to prescribe; and our ships again be seized for alleged violation of their decrees.

Our commerce now extends over all the seas and oceans; and there is but one nation on earth that has so many ships or so much tonnage afloat; yet our navy is no better prepared to protect it against the aggressions of England and France than in 1812.

We have seventy-two vessels of war, of all classes, while England has four hundred and sixty-four; France three hundred and twenty-four; and Spain over sixty. The United States is counted one of the four great powers of the earth; yet such is her comparative strength for naval warfare, and for the protection of her world-wide commerce, and her thousands of miles of sea-coast. And Congress deliberates long and gravely upon the question of appropriating three millions out of the twenty-five surplus millions in the Treasury, to build SIX war steamers! *Possibly* the number may be increased to twelve; and the bill be passed and become a law before the dog days are over.

A strong and efficient navy would secure to this country all the benefits of a continual peace; while weakness in that arm of our national defence, exposes the country to aggression and insult. Such was the origin of the last war with England. Then, the government was not able to build up such a navy as would command the respect of the maratime nations of Europe. But such is the case no longer. No government possesses such ample means of providing a sufficient naval armament as ours at the present time. With but a trifling national debt, with some twenty-four millions of surplus money in the Treasury; with abundance of excellent timber already provided; and all other materials and all requisite skill at hand; and with a numerous body of experienced and hardy and excellent sailors, our government could soon put afloat such a navy as would make our rights respected everywhere; and render a war, even with England or France, an improbable event.

☞ The quarrel between Messrs. Cutting and Breckenridge is settled amicably. So no duel is to take place.

WILD SPECULATION.

The speculative fever that prevailed among American merchants a few months ago, has lately received a pretty severe check. Merchants and shippers in New York seem to have entirely over estimated the demands they would have to supply in different quarters of the world. One instance of it is seen in the present state of the California trade. It is stated that the stock of goods in store at San Francisco now, is nearly sufficient to supply all the demands of that State for the next two years. And goods, and even flour and provisions, in large quantities, are re-shipped for New York. The loss on merchandise thus shipped and re-shipped, and paying double freights, must be very heavy.

The prices of breadstuffs, too, for the European market, had, two months ago, reached alarming figures. And the wildest predictions were ventured in regard to the prices that would prevail before summer. Yet, just about two months ago a decline commenced, and has continued until all hopes of making fortunes in a day, out of breadstuffs and provisions, have been abandoned. Heavy losses must be borne somewhere, for large stocks had been bought in January at prices that cannot be obtained at present. Nor is there much prospect of a large rise again. Every steamer that arrives brings news that renders a European war more certain, yet prices decline.

CONSOLIDATION.

We find that the people of our two cities and the adjoining boroughs are manifesting a lively interest in the proposed measure of consolidation. The friends of this measure contemplate the annexation to Pittsburgh of Allegheny City, Manchester, Temperanceville, South Pittsburgh, Birmingham, East Birmingham, Minerville, nearly all Pitt Township, Lawrenceville, and Duquesne Borough. This would give ample room for the expanding energies of the Iron City, would economize the public expenditure, afford a more efficient police organization, and harmonize the interests of these several communities that are in fact but parts of one great city. Pittsburgh thus enlarged will contain over 100,000 inhabitants, divided into 23 or 24 wards, and connected by five bridges and three ferries. Another bridge will probably soon be built connecting Birmingham with the Eighth ward of the city.

There are some who oppose this plan of consolidation. The principal argument is the increase of taxation to which, it is supposed, it will lead. But we are unable to see how one municipal government will cost more than seven or eight; or how it will cost more to grade and pave streets in the consolidated city, than under present organizations. We believe it will cost less, and be in every respect a more convenient arrangement.

☞ The German *Courier*, of this city, has turned a somerset. It came out strong Anti-Nebraska not long since; then amalgamated with a whig paper, the *Staats Zeitung*, and two days since it came out in true whig colors. The names of all the whig candidates for State offices appeared at the head of its columns yesterday. We do not know how much this acquisition has cost the whigs, nor how much profit they expect to derive from it. But we presume our democratic fellow-citizens will not consent to be included in the transfer. The Germans of this vicinity are generally firm and reliable democrats, and we do not believe that the proprietors of the *Courier* will be able to shake their faith, or change their views.

The Practical Mechanic's Journal.

We have received two numbers of this valuable Journal, and should judge from its appearance, and from the high commendations bestowed on it by the Eastern press, that it would be an excellent work in the hands of mechanics and artists. It illustrates the principles of machinery, and explains, in easy and familiar terms, the science of mechanical philosophy. The articles are written with great care and ability. It is published by Stringer and Townsend, New York. Terms, $3 per annum; single copies 25 cents.

OUR HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENT.

The letters of our Harrisburg "*Farmer*" friend will be found interesting. We do not endorse all the views of our correspondent, but we publish the letters for the information they contain, and are glad to receive them. We promised some time ago to give our readers a full account of the proceedings at Harrisburg, during the session of the legislature; but were unable to commence as soon as we intended.

THANKS.

We have neglected for some time to acknowledge the receipt of public documents from members of Congress and the Legislature.

Messrs. Cass, Douglas, Seward, Chase, Brodhead, Wade and others, of the Senate; and Howe, Dawson, Ritchie, Disney, Grow, Stewart and others, of the House, have kept us well supplied with documents from Washington. From Harrisburg, our friends are "too numerous to mention." We *will* mention them soon, however.

NEW DAUG STORE.—The attention of the public is requested to the card of JOHN HAFT, Jr., No. 141 Wood street. He is now prepared to fill all orders in his line, and we can assure the community that they cannot find a store of the kind more completely prepared to furnish good articles, or a gentleman more accommodating than the proprietor.

ELOPEMENT IN HIGH LIFE.—Upper-tendom was thrown into a terrible state of excitement on Sunday evening and yesterday, owing to the discovery of the absence of one of Eve's fairest daughters from the parent roof. The young lady had gone out on Sunday to take a walk, as was her usual custom since the arrival of the family in town, (the family are from a western State, and came to this city a few months ago to spend the gay season.) Not returning by 8 o'clock, mamma became uneasy, by 10 o'clock she became alarmed, by 12 she became excited; but when, at 4 P. M., she was informed by one who was privy to the escape of the fair one, that her daughter was still alive, and had left on the last train of cars for the lake, *en route* Mobile, in company with and under the protection of one who was about to offer the most solemn guarantees to love, protect and defend her she became furious.

The lightnings of the telegraph were put in requisition to arrest the progress of the fugitives on their arrival at Mobile, but the wags who manage the "batteries," as the story goes, put one word too much, the very short word *not* in the dispatch (by mistake of course,) which reversed its meaning, and the loving couple were made one in a few minutes after they touched the hospitable shores of Alabama. The lady is young and beautiful, an only daughter and an heiress, and the gallant fellow, Col. J——e, who so deservedly won the prize, is well known in fashionable circles, as clerk in a prominent dry-goods house in Canal street. A happy future to the couple, say we.—*N. O. True Delta.*

BETROTHAL OF THE SULTAN'S DAUGHTERS.—At Constantinople, on the 24th of February, an interesting ceremony took place, being the legal confirmation of the betrothal of the Sultan's eldest daughter, the Sultana Fathma, aged fourteen years, to Ali Galib, aged twenty-one years, the son of Redschid Pasha, one of the Cabinet Ministers. A long train of men, bearing on their heads trays of fruit, flowers, brocades, jewels, etc., as wedding presents, marched in procession from Redschids Pacha's house to the Sultan's palace, accompanied by a train of pretty Turkish damsels handsomely attired. On the same day were celebrated the first betrothals of the Sultan's three remaining daughters with the sons of high dignitaries of State, all the princesses being quite children. The presents for these different marriages will, it is said, cost 40,000,000 piasters, Redschid Pacha alone having spent 6,000,000 piasters in jewelry.

A WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.—We learn from the London (C.W.) *Prototype*, that a brutal husband, not far from London, actually destroyed the life of his wife by roasting her in the fire in his own house!

HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

Associate Judges' Salaries—Militia fines and volunteer companies—divorce cases, power of courts' enlarged—Sale of Public Works—T. J. Foz Alden—Crówcull Case and Bank of Pittsburgh.

HARRISBURG, March 30, 1854.

EDITOR OF POST:—After my letter was mailed, the Senate, in evening session, disposed of House bill relative to the salaries of Associate Judges in the Commonwealth. Mr. Buckalow, of Columbia, an eminent lawyer, moved certain amendments, which reduced the maximum from $360 to $200. Thus, for a term of court not exceeding six weeks, $100; for ten weeks, $125; fifteen weeks, $150; and all over that period $200. In that form the bill passed through three readings, and will be returned to the other House, where the amendment will not be acceptable.

To-day the Senate was engaged in the consideration of local matters of no general interest. One act, however, may be worth nothing, as it relates to volunteer companies. The militia fines are to inure to the benefit of such companies, in each district, and a receipt from the commanding officer is to be a liquidation of the claim against the delinquent, who neglects or refuses to face the music on a militia training day. Another bill of a general character was read a second time and laid over. It extends the power of courts of Common Pleas in cases of *divorce*: all convicts for felony, with such as may complain of involuntary or compulsive matrimonial alliances, will find provision in the law for separation from the bonds of matrimony.

The House entertained no other business that day than that of the sale of the public works. The debate was interesting. Mr. Stewart, of Butler, was the leader in debate, and did himself credit by a logical and sound argument, in favor of an immediate sale. At present I refrain from comment on the policy proposed. Were the Governor empowered to exercise supervision over the acts of the Canal Board, a radical improvement would soon be apparent, for the Governor is a man of sterling integrity, and a careful, vigilant public officer. The Senate hold a night session, for the proceedings of which I shall add another paragraph at the close.

Mr. Attorney Alden, of your city, is here with his new work, a digest of the decisions of the U. S. Supreme Court. The necessity for reference, in cases coming under the action of the highest Court in the country, will, perhaps, induce the Legislature to subscribe for several copies of his work. Its merits are highly spoken of, and the learned of the profession recommend it, on the ground of intrinsic merit. Mr. Alden goes to Washington City in a few days, to digest the Cromwell case against the Bank of Pittsburgh. Sink or swim, he ventures boldly upon the tide of a troubled sea. The question, as he states it, is simple, and will be decided without much special pleading. Is the judgment entered on the mortgage a valid one, in view of the gross blunders and apparent irregularities of the record; and does the bank stand in the relation of a trustee? The solons of the Supreme Court will regard the case irrespective of commercial embarassments, or the interests of stockholders. The case should never have proceeded thus far. "Agree with thine adversary quickly," is sound doctrine in perilous cases.

Evening session of Senate commenced at 7 o'clock P. M. Mr. Senator Ferguson, of Lawrence, introduced a bill for the incorporation of a bank in the town of New Castle, which was read a third time and passed. Before the vote was taken, Mr. Darsie very ably advocated the bill, urging as reasons for the establishment of such an institution, the agricultural and mineral wealth of that section of the State, as requiring the usual facilities of banking for the better developement of the resources of a most thriving part of the Commonwealth. A bill to incorporate a bank in Montour county was negatived.

FARMER.

HARRISBURG, March 31, 1854.

The proceedings in either House this forenoon have but little to interest the general reader. The Senate passed a bill on third reading, prohibiting the license claimed by Sheriffs to employ professional hangmen to execute the penalty of death, and also limiting the number of persons to twenty-five as witnesses of those revolting scenes.

The House continued the discussion of the bill for the sale of the public works; and the subject will, from day to day, be in order, until finally disposed of. Judge Dougherty, of Bedford, one of the most efficient members in the Assembly, reported, previous to the commencement of the order of the day, a bill to recharter the "First Company of Pittsburgh." Little doubt is entertained of its favorable consideration and complete success, notwithstanding certain corrupt influences in opposition to the measure.

The idle rumor that gained some ground a few days since, in relation to an affair of "honor," falsely so called, between Sparrow, of Chase and Geo. Brindle, will have to be rebuked. There was not even the shadow of a misunderstanding between those gentlemen. The whole affair was intended by friends of law and order as a burlesque on the disputable practice of dueling.

Dr. McClintock, in place, reported as chairman of a special committee on the subject of certain complaints brought to the notice of the Senate, touching mal practice in the government of the State Lunatic Asylum at Harrisburg. The institution is spoken of in terms of commendation, and the officers are entirely exhonerated from all imputations against their integrity. During the afternoon session the Senate passed an act relating to the acknowledgment of deeds out of the State. The purport of the measure is merely to authorize certified copies of such instruments to be given in evidence, if the same is of record in the State where the property is located. It permits even imperfect instruments to be taken as valid, and in nowise may the same be questioned in the absence of the usual forms in regard to the incidents held sacred in such cases. The affair is designed to cure defects existing in a given place where a suit is pending.

This afternoon the bill relating to the salaries of Associate Judges, as amended in Senate, was sent to the House and there non-concurred in by a unanimous vote, which I had anticipated in my letter of yesterday. The further consideration and debate of the sale of the public works occupied the House for the afternoon. About the close of the evening session it was discovered that six Senators were absent, when the bill to locate a central Judicial power in Harrisburg was taken up and passed through two readings. This trick will not serve, for the bill cannot pass.

A bill passed the Senate and was sent to the House this evening, relating to the payment of the debt of your city by assessments of lots for grading heretofore done, which is to be part of the sinking fund towards the liquidation of your municipal debt. The measure is certainly equitable to all parties, and will prevent much of the sectional jealousy arising out of movements to advance particular interests at the expense of others. Whenever the citizens residing in any given locality require the improvement of streets, the same may be done on the petition of two-thirds of the owners upon any street.

A gentleman just from Washington says that the difficulty between Cutting and Breckenridge has been adjusted peaceably.

FARMER.

THE SULTAN OF TURKEY.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser thus describes the Sultan of Turkey:

"We had a favorable chance on Friday, of seeing the Sultan (Monsieur Abdal Mejid) on his way to and from the Mosque. His departure from the Seraglio palace (occupying the very point of the peninsula on which stands the city, washed on all sides,) was announced by an artillery salute, which brought out half the population. Three gilded caiques, each rowed by twenty or thirty showily dressed oarsman; comprising the royal suite. The Sultan occupying the middle one, sitting squat on a great green cloth, under a green canopy, with four officers facing him. On reaching his destination he was received by a regiment of troops, with music, and after remaining in the mosque half an hour, came out and mounted a camparisoned horse, in the midst of pressing crowds of officers, pachas, eunuchs, &c. He was enveloped in a voluminous French broadcloth cloak, and his pale, hollow, French-looking face, nearly covered by a flowing black beard, was crowned with a red cap, from which dangled a rich purple tassle. Poor young man! we pitied him, for young as he is, (only 22) he is evidently decrepit, with debauch."

A YEAR OF CALAMITY.—In less than three months, nearly a thousand lives have been lost in the United States, or on its coasts, by disasters of various kinds. Beginning with the shipwreck of the *San Francisco*, and the explosion of the cartridge-factory at Ravenswood, calamity has succeeded calamity, until the sinking of the *Avery* and the catastrophe of the *Reindeer* wind up the tragical catalogue. On the Mississippi and its tributaries, alone, over three hundred lives have been lost since the 1st of January last.—*Free Press.*

A MODERN JOAN OF ARC.—A curious story is told at this moment of a second Joan of Arc who has appeared in the Turkish army. A girl named Gora, a descendant of Soliman Pacha, former Governor of Moloch, in Asia, arrived lately at the city of Adana, on her way to Constantinople. She marched at the head of a corps of irregular cavalry. Many persons tried to persuade her to abandon the strange enterprise; but nothing shook her courage or her resolution to combat with the enemies of her country. Some persons then thought to intimidate her by saying that if she determined to remain in the army she must give a trial of her skill by an assault at arms. The Governor of Adana, who was informed of the fact, ordered that the young girl should be brought before him, and he asked her if she still persisted in her resolution. She responded in the affirmative, and added that she would engage willingly in the trial at arms to which they had said she must submit, provided they would give her for an adversary the bravest and most vigorous of the 2,000 cavaliers of which the detachment was composed. The combat took place immediately, and after a contest of some minutes, the cavalier chosen for her adversary was disarmed by the young girl and declared vanquished. The Governor then ordered that she should be regularly enrolled, counted her down 1,500 piasters, ($75,) and gave the rank of officer to her brother, who served in an inferior grade.—*Cor. Cin Gazette.*

LOSS OF THE SHIP PANTHEON, OF BOSTON.—The ship Pantheon, Capt. Berkew, from New York, Feb. 9, for Liverpool, is reported to have struck and sunk near Holyhead on the night of the 8th inst. Part of the crew were saved, and the rest are supposed to have perished. The Pantheon was a good vessel of 878 tons, built at Swansey, in 1855, and owned by Messrs. Sampson & Tappan. The vessel is insured for $40,000, and the freight money for $10,000, at three offices in this city. The cargo is probably insured in New York and Europe. It consisted of 574 bales cotton, 2,000 barrels flour, 5,965 bus. wheat, 15,468 bus. corn, 807 bbls. indian meal, 305 bbls rosin, 30,114 lbs. lard, 225 dozen brooms, and 3,000 staves. Eight of the crew are reported to have landed at Roscolyn, in a boat, but the fate of the rest was then unknown. —*Boston Post.*

ANOTHER EMPEROR.—Carera, the Indian Chief, who, about 20 years ago, emerged from the mountains, and with his naked followers, armed with bows and arrows, defeated the degenerate Spaniards of Gautemala, drove out his enemies, and made himself President of that member of the confederation of Central America, has, we learn from the news brought by the Daniel Webster, constituted himself Emperor of that formidable State. His consecration and coronation are already fixed for a certain day, and great eclat and parade are to attend the party on occasion. His example is to be followed by Sheridan, the President or Governor of Nicaragua.—*N. O. Delta.*

☞ **Important to Country Dealers.**—DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER, *Wholesale and Retail Druggist*, No. 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, has for sale a complete assortment of pure and genuine patent or proprietary medicines, which will be sold at proprietors prices; among which are the following, viz:

PILLS.	
Dr. Rose's Alterative,	Hooper's Female,
do. Railroad,	Anderson's,
do. Golden,	BITTERS.
do. Female,	Boerhave's Holland,
Dr McClintock's Liver Pills,	Hostetter's Stomach,
Hobensack's Liver Pills,	Green's Oxygenated,
Sellers' do.	Hampton's Vinegar,
McLane's do.	Radcliffe's Alkaline,
Fitche's Cough,	Hutchings' Dyspepsia,
do. Cathartic,	Stoughton's,
do. for Diarrhœa,	Sarsparilla,
do. for bleeding Lungs,	Wolfe's Schnapps,
Roberts' Sarsaparilla,	STAMPS AND OTHER REMEDIES.
Townsend's do.,	Dr. Keyser's Pectoral,
Bennett's Plant and Root,	Dr. Jaynes' Expectorant,
Boulden's Indian Vegetable,	Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort,
Wright's do.,	Schenk's Pulmonic,
Holloway's do.,	Dr. Duncan's Expectorant,
Lyon's Anti-bilious,	Nuttall's Syrtacum,
Lee's New London,	Dr. McClintock's Pectoral,
do. Wistham,	do. Cough Mixture,
Dr. Cook's Bilious,	Fitche's Pulmonary Balsam,
Hibbard's do.,	do. Expectorant,
Harris' anti headache,	do. Cherry Pulmonic,
Radway's Regulators,	Ayres' Cherry Pectoral,
Moffat's Life,	Sellers' Cough,
Dragg's Anti-bilious,	Morgan's do.
do. Fever and Ague,	
Loudon's do.,	
Jaynes' Sanative,	
Brandreth's,	
Germain's,	

To the Debilitated.—DR. MORSE'S INVIGORATING ELIXIR OR GERMAN.—There was a time when people were made to believe that certain medicines had a direct influence upon the blood. The fallacy has been exploded. It is now well known that it is only through its elements, the chyle and the secretions, that the character of the vital fluid can be changed. Morse's Invigorating Elixir purifies the sanguiferous current, by purifying the secretions, and regulating the action of the stomach, liver, and the bowels. It is an alterative and an invigorant, and the great secret of its almost miraculous cures consists in its giving tone to the stomach, bringing the functions of every disordered organ up to the standard of healthful action, imparting to the enfeebled nervous system a self-sustaining power, and rendering it capable of withstanding the external influences which had heretofore enervated or prostrated it. Hence it is a sovereign, unfailing remedy for dyspepsia in all its forms and consequences; for costiveness the "Great Company of Pittsburgh." Little doubt is entertained of its favorable consideration and complete success, notwithstanding certain corrupt influences in opposition to the measure.

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FARMER.

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge Always** resorted to when every other remedy fails.

NEW YORK, September 15, 1853.

This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms some six months. I had tried several kinds of medicine, but some of them done any good; and it was not until I tried Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge that she found any relief. I gave her the contents of one bottle, which brought from her a very large quantity of worms, but they were so completely cut to pieces it was impossible to count them. My daughter is now doing well; indeed she is completely restored to health. I therefore take pleasure in recommending it to parents. I would say, by all means keep a supply of this valuable medicine constantly in your houses. I have known many children to die suddenly from the effects of worms. It also not unfrequently happens that children are treated for croup, when the choking and coughing is caused altogether by the irritation of worms. Therefore, we say again, keep it always in the house; it costs but little, and may be the means of saving life; and at any rate it will save physician's bill.

MRS. LANE, No. 333 Eighth street.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
60 Wood street.

☞ **Ague and Fever** of three years standing Cured.—Mr. John Longden, now living at Beaver Dam, Hanover county, Va., near Richmond, had Ague and Fever for three years, most of the time he had chills twice a day, and rarely less than once; he was parched with fevers as soon as the chill left him; and after trying physicians, quinine, most of the Tonics advertised, and every thing recommended to him, was about to give up in despair, when Carter's Spanish Mixture was spoken of; he got two bottles, but before he had used more than a single one, he was perfectly cured, and has not had a chill or fever since.

Mr. Longden is only one out of thousands who have been benefitted by this great tonic, alterative and blood purifier. See advertisement with his certificate. mar11

DIED:

On Saturday, MARY ANN, only daughter of Dr. Joseph P. Gazzam, in the 18th year of her age.

The funeral will take place THIS MORNING at 11 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the *Pittsburgh Young Men's Christian Association*, will be held THIS EVENING, at ½ o'clock, in the Union Regular Baptist Church, Grant street, near Sixth street.

S. S. BRYAN, President.
ROBT. C. TOTTEN, Recording Secretary. apr4:1t

☞ CHOICE POULTRY.—Shanghaland Brumahpootra HENS' EGGS, warranted pure for setting, can be obtained at Hargraves's Drug Store, corner of Penn and Locust streets, Fifth ward. apr4

L. J. HAGAN..... HAGAN & AHL,..... DANIEL AHL JR.

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in *Silks, Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS*, Nos. 91 Market and 8 Union street, Pittsburgh. apr4

JOHN HAFT, JR.,
(Successor to Jas. M'Guffey.)
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

AND Dealer in PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, &c., 141 Wood street, three doors below Virgin alley, PITTSBURGH. apr4tf

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
Iron Front—No. 91 Market street.

OUR house being now open for the transaction of a general Dry Goods business, we would respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, feeling confident that, from our extensive and well selected stock of SILKS, FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS, we can offer such inducements as will insure entire satisfaction. HAGAN & AHL, apr4tf Nos. 91 Market and 8 Union street.

THE undersigned will be under very great obligation to any one who will give him information concerning his two brothers, Frank & Lenta O'Donnell, who left Canada some time last fall, to come to Pennsylvania or Ohio. Any information addressed to me at Dillies Bottom, Belmont county, Ohio, will be thankfully received and generously rewarded. BARNEY O'DONNELL.
P. S. Will Pennsylvania and Ohio papers please copy. apr4:1t

BEDFORD MINERAL WATER—20 half bbls received and for sale by [apr4] KING & MOORHEAD.

FOR DRAWING ROOMS—silver, gold and velvet paper hangings, with rich borders. For sale by apr4 WALTER P. MARSHALL, 85 Wood street.

WALL PAPERS.—White, buff, and flowered papers of great variety, at low and medium prices. For sale by apr4 WALTER P. MARSHALL.

CHEAP WALL PAPERS.—New receiving 20 000 pieces at prices varying from 6¼ to 18¾ cents per roll. For sale by [apr4] WALTER P. MARSHALL.

FOR OFFICES AND HALLS.—Oak, marble and fresco decorations, designed with taste, and hung by superior workmen. For sale by WALTER P. MARSHALL, apr4 No. 85 Wood street.

STATUARY vases, chimney screens and letter centers. For sale by [apr4] WALTER P. MARSHALL.

PLASTER PARIS AND CEMENT.—500 bbls. Land Plaster on hand. 250 " Water Cement, various brands. apr4:2w W. W. WALLACE, 319 Liberty street.

THE SEPULCHRES OF OUR DEPARTED.—By Rev. F. H. Anspach, A. M., Hagerstown, Maryland. For sale by apr4 B. T. C. MORGAN.

PROPHETIC SKETCHES.—Lectures on the Book of Revelation; first series; by Rev. John Cummings, D. D., minister of the Scotch National Church, author of Lectures on the Miracles, Parables, Daniel, etc., etc. For sale by [apr4] B. T. C. MORGAN, 104 Wood street.

LINSEED OIL.—5 bbls received and for sale by HISKEY H. COLLINS.

BROOMS.—30 dozen common Brooms for sale by apr4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

TIMOTHY SEED.—3 bbls for sale by apr4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

SUGAR CURED WHITE FISH.—For sale by apr4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

FLUTE CASES Mount Eagle, Bristol and Tripoli Stick. A superior article, for cleaning and polishing table cutlery. Just received and for sale by JOEL MOHLER, apr4 241 Liverty street.

CARPETING! CARPETING!

AT MYALLISTER'S CARPET STORE, Apollo Buildings, Fourth Street, (formerly known as Lyon's,) can at all times be found any quantity or quality of goods usually found in a Carpet Store, and at prices as low as any house in the city. Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to examine our goods. [mar31:1m] W. D. M'CALLUM.

MACCARONI AND VERMICELLI—
5 cases best Naples Macaroni;
3 do do do Vermicelli.
Received and for sale by apr3 W. A. M'CLURG.

SALAD OIL—10 cases fresh olive Oil;
2 baskets do do; Sayres' extra; the best imported. For sale by apr3 W. A. M'CLURG.

FRENCH MUSTARD—Of different flavors, received and for sale by [apr3] W. A. M'CLURG.

J. McLAUGHLIN,
Fashionable Hood and Blue Maker,
No. 93 FOURTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.

HE IS WELL PREPARED to furnish all goods in his line, and will warrant them not to be inferior to any similar article in the city. He is now prepared to do all kinds of custom work, and has in his employ a corps of workmen, who cannot be excelled in the city. The public are respectfully requested to call at his establishment, and examine his Goods.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—SUMMER TARIFF BETWEEN PITTSBURGH, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE. Commencing April 1st, 1854.

First Class.—Brooms, Cedar and Wooden Ware, Feathers, Furniture, Second hand, Furs, Plaster, Poultry; Wines, in baskets or boxes, 10c. ℔ 100 lbs.

Second Class.—Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Deer Skins, Clover and Timothy Seed, Glassware, Hardware, Rags, Wool and Sheep Pelts, and Eggs, 60c ℔ 100 lbs.

Third Class.—Bacon and Pork, (loose,) Butter, in firkins, kegs or barrels; Hides, Leather, Soap, Window Glass, and Domestics with boxes of their own are greatly increased, and we have such a great variety, both as to location, prices and terms, as cannot fail to please. Several good speculations on hand and worthy of attention.

S. CUTHBERT & SON.
Real Estate Agents, 140 Third st.

FOUR HANDSOME BUILDING LOTS for sale, situated on Mt. Washington, having a front on two streets. The lots are 50 feet front by over 200 deep. For price and terms, (which are very easy,) call on S. CUTHBERT & SON, apl3 140 Third street.

TRANSPARENT GREEN OIL CLOTH.—1000 yards of different widths, the handsomest and best ever before offered in this market. For sale wholesale and retail at the Oil Cloth and India Rubber warerooms, No. 116 Market st. apr3 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

OIL CLOTH CRASH.—600 yards Crash for stairs, of various styles of light and dark colors. For sale at the Oil Cloth warerooms, No. 116 Market street. apr3 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

WINDOW SHADES.—A large stock of new and beautiful designs; sold wholesale and retail at the Oil Cloth Warerooms, No. 116 Market st. cet. apr3 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

LOAF SUGAR.—25 bbls for sale by apr3 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

MOLASSES.—200 bbls prime Plantation Molasses, in oak cooperage, for sale by apr3 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

N. O. SUGAR.—75 hhds prime for sale by apr3 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

DRIED PEACHES.—40 sacks for sale by apr3 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

TAR.—30 bbls for sale by apr3 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

CRUSHED SUGARS.—30 bbls for sale by apr3 SMITH & SINCLAIR.

CHOCOLATE, COCOA, &c.—
Double Vanilla Chocolate, very fine;
Eagle Chocolate, spiced;
New Zealand Chocolate, spiced;
Baker's No. 1 Chocolate;
Baker's Prepared Cocoa;
Baker's Broma;
Cocoa shells;
Cracked Cocoa. For sale by apr1 W. A. M'CLURG, corner of Sixth and Wood sts.

NEW MUSIC—
Something to Love Ma: Hinz.
Katy-Did Song: Jullien.
Long; Long Weary Day.
Lovely Nancy; as sung by Mrs. Barney Williams.
Four Seasons; Wallace.
Little Topsy's Song: Hutchinsons.
Katy Did and Katy Did Not (duett).
Ellen Bayne; Foster.
Wanda, Polka, Mazurka; Talexy.
Invitation Polka; Wallace.
La Pluie d'Or Valse.
The above just received, together with a large selection of American and Foreign Music, for sale at the Music Store of JOHN H. MELLOR, apr1 81 Wood street.

MOLASSES—50 bbls New Orleans, (oak cooperage);
25 do Sugar House Syrup. For sale by apr1 KING & MOORHEAD.

☞ **To Painters—Zinc Paint.**—I have just received a lot of Snow White Zinc Paint, which I will sell very low. Also, Zinc Dryer by the gallon, which sells low, and covers better than Linseed Oil.

GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.
mar25 cor. of Virgin Alley, sign of the Golden Mortar.

☞ **Pantaloons.**—The well-known superiority of GRIBBLE'S fit in the Garment, needs no comment on his part; it has been acknowledged by all who have favored him with their orders, that they have never been fitted with the same ease and style as by him. He begs to inform his patrons and the public, that his stock is now replete with the newest styles for coats, vests and pants, suitable for the present season.

E. GRIBBLE,
Tailor and Pantaloon Maker,
240 Liberty st., head of Wood.
mar24

☞ **Medicine Chests.**—Dr. KEYSER, wholesale Druggist, of 140 Wood street, has on hand a splendid assortment of MEDICINE CHESTS, for families and steamboats, at various prices. Those in want of articles of this kind would do well to give him a call. feb1

DIAL