Daily Morning Post.

GEORGE T. GILLMORE.....THOMAS PHILLIPS.

Gillmore & Phillips, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....MARCH 29

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.

WILLIAM BIGLER,

FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK,

OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

HENRY S. MOTT,

OF ERIE COUNTY.

☞ TWENTY MEN AND BOYS WANTED TO SELL THE *DAILY EVENING POST.*

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

JOB PRINTING.

We have one of the best *Job Printing Offices* in the city, and we would respectfully ask merchants and all others who want Cards, Circulars, Bills of Lading, Bill Heads, Blank Checks, Handbills, etc., to give us a call. All our Job Type are of the most modern manufacture and cannot fail to please all our customers. Our workmen are perfect masters of their business, and will labor assiduously to please all who will favor us with an order.

OUR EVENING PAPER.

We desire still to extend the routes on which our evening paper is sold; and men or boys can make money by becoming regular carriers. The edition we strike off daily is large, and there are seldom any left at the time of closing our office. But we want more carriers on good routes not yet regularly supplied.

The Election Campaign.—The Gazette.

The editor of the *Gazette* opens out with marvellous zeal in behalf of the election of James Pollock for Governor. If our neighbor supposes such an event possible, he must have the bump of credulity immensely developed. What is to become of the thirty and nearly forty thousand democratic majorities of last year?

The fact is, the *Gazette* man is troubled with a slight excess of what the *Journal* calls vanity; and imagines that his own zeal and bluster will make up for any deficiency in numbers of voters. So it was that he fell in regard to our Senator. This charge of vanity does not originate with us. The editor of the *Journal* made the charge only a few days; and seemed to substantiate it pretty fully against his whig contemporary.

The editor of the *Gazette* seems to imagine that a vast amount of political capital is to be made out of the Nebraska question. We have yet to see the evidence of it. The coalition between the Whigs and Free Soilers is not yet perfected; and those who remember the severe quarrel between the *Gazette* and the editress of the *Visiter*, only a few months ago, will doubt whether such a coalition can ever be effected in this county.

As to the charge that the *Post's* opinions are *bought*, we would respectfully inquire whether that suspicion is suggested to our neighbor's mind by any recollection of a "fifteen Whig affair?" We have been indulging the belief that hardly any paper was more candid and independent in the expression of its opinions than the *Post*. And we consider "*vile hire*" a matter of much more value to us, than a question which the Hon. Edward Everett declares to be "of very little *practical* importance."

Our readiness to do battle in the cause of democracy will not be doubted; but we do not choose to commence with bluster. The *Gazette* opens the contest very much in the style in which the Chinese entered a naval battle with the war vessels of England some years ago. The Chinese beat their gongs and their drums, and blew their trumpets, and got up a great noise, which they supposed would frighten the English out of their waters. But the Johnny Bulls waited till their gaudy junks came within easy range, and then delivered a few *broadsides*, that sent gongs, drums, trumpets and *junks* all to destruction together. And so it will probably be in the present political campaign. The Whigs will blow their trumpets, and beat their drums, and make a great noise. But in the closing hour of the conflict, their forces will be scattered, and their entire line routed before the stern charge of the democracy, like the Chinese junks before the British cannon.

THE CUBA QUESTION.

We take the following from the Washington *Star* of the 18th:

"Our distant readers may not be assured that there is nothing in the Black Warrior case likely to bring about immediate hostilities with Spain—nothing in the world. It can hardly be brought to a fighting point under four months, even if our Government were disposed to use it to the end of getting up a Spanish war; as they clearly are not. Both Houses, we take it, stand prepared to vote all the means promptly, which may be necessary for the vindication of our national rights, in case the worst comes to the worst. This will be done, perhaps, in the course of the next month. And there the matter bids fair to rest, until communications can pass and repass between this place and Washington and Madrid, with results which, it seems to us, must depend much upon the state of public affairs generally in Europe. If England and France have their hands full, then Spain may be expected to make ample amends in short order. If not, she will probably bluster and procrastinate; possibly, going so far as over this question to invite a rupture with us. We shall see.

In the meantime, the revolutionary spirit is manifesting itself all over Spain; the insurrection of Sarragossa is not yet suppressed; and all Spain is in a state of siege. Martial law has taken the place of civil law, and the government of that country is in no condition for a belligerent controversy with this country. The Black Warrior difficulty will probably be settled amicably, and if the rebellion in Spain gains strength, and becomes dangerous, Cuba can probably be acquired by purchase.

THE TRADE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Philadelphia papers for the last few days have been almost entirely occupied with boastings of the immense trade of that city this spring, and with accounts of the "great consolidation celebration." We hope the people of that city will get calm and sober soon. They have been unusually excited and elevated for the last six weeks. It is true that Pennsylvania interests were never more prosperous than this spring, and the prospect before us is encouraging. It was well enough, too, to let our New York calumniators know that their foolish attempt to damage the old Keystone State has utterly failed.

The Philadelphia *North American and Gazette* has the following in regard to the business on the Central road during the first eleven days of this month:

"The Pennsylvania Central Railroad has done a splendid business since the opening of navigation. We learn that during the first eleven days of the present month, including Sunday, on which no freight cars moved, and but one passenger train run, the receipts have amounted to the handsome sum of sixty-five thousand five hundred and twenty dollars, or over fifteen thousand dollars per day. These are the largest receipts ever achieved by the road for the same period of time."

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

The most reliable intelligence seems to be that the result of the election in New Hampshire gives to the Whigs and Abolitionists 146 members of the lower House, and to the Democrats,

The Senate stands, 8 Democrats, and 4 Whigs, and Free Soilers. Democratic majority on joint ballot, 12. That insures the return of two Democratic United States Senators, if the entire party is on hand.

The majority of Mr. Pierce in New Hampshire was about 8,000. The usual Democratic majority is about 2,500. So the vote this year is less than one. Gen. Pierce's personal popularity drew out a full vote, 1852. A much larger vote than at the late election. The apathy of office-seekers have also been the cause of the usual democratic majority to some extent.

SEVERAL THINGS.

The Republic of Sonora, proclaimed by "president" Walker, is likely to prove a total failure. The latest accounts represent Walker's troops by no very much reduced by desertion, and short of provisions. He was awaiting anxiously for recruits from [illegible] but none were likely to arrive, as the sloop-of-war Portsmouth, had prevented the departure of two expeditions designed to aid the fillibusters. So Mr. Walker's romantic, but ill-advised enterprise is likely to fail.

.....The bill providing for the permanent fitting of the Supreme Court at Harrisburg, having been defeated some days ago in the Senate, by a vote of 17 nays to 14 ayes, is not likely to be tried in the House. That matter is, therefore, probably at rest for one year more. We hope now that justice will be done by increasing the salaries of the Judges.

.....Some of the Philadelphia papers recommend the use of coal ashes as a foundation for the brick pavements or side walks in cities. These ashes put down 8 or 10 inches in depth, and covered with about two inches of gravel, make a very firm foundation for the brick; and the ashes speedily absorb the moisture, and dry the pavement immediately after a rain.

.....Mr. Wm. C. Grimes of Philadelphia, has invented an improvement of boilers connected with steam engines. It is said to work to perfection; and it is believed that disasters of that kind would be entirely avoided by its use. The *Dollar Weekly* has the following in relation to it:

"The invention of Mr. Grimes, which is both a steam and water gauge, is less liable to such derangement. It is recommended by its simplicity, its certain operation, depending upon natural law, its extreme sensitiveness and its perfect accuracy. It may be placed in any and every room of any manufactory, workshop, or building, where steam is used, and be under the eye of every individual whose personal safety is concerned. In the cars and steamboats of the country on his business. In the steamboats it may be placed in the engineers room, in the captain's office, the office of the clerk, the ladies' cabin, the ladies' cabin, the promenade passages, and thus be subjected to constant observation from officers and passengers, who could as surely know the state of the boiler as the engineer himself. The danger of neglect, leading to disaster, would be diminished in proportion as the opportunities for detecting it are increased."

.....Forty of the largest New England Manufacturing Companies, which have made their dividends for the past year, it is found when summed up show an average of only, about 7½ per cent. on aggregate capitals of nearly thirty millions of dollars. Some of the concerns have made handsome profits, but they are the exceptions; while a few have declared no dividends at all.

Exhibition and Sale of Fancy Work.

By reference to advertisement it will be seen that Mrs. Kate Sage will give a public exhibition of leather work, embroidery, &c., at Lafayette Hall, on the afternoons and evenings of Thursday and Friday, the 23d and 24th inst. From specimens which we have seen we should judge that the exhibition will be well worth a visit, and a liberal patronage from the ladies of beauty and art. The specimens left with us are very fine. Gentlemen will find beautiful embroidered vest patterns, and a variety of other articles for their use; and the ladies will find numerous articles got up in excellent style and taste. We predict a large attendance at the Hall.

THE MISER'S HEIR.

We have received from the publishers, T. B. Peterson & Co., Philadelphia, a novel bearing the above title, written by P. Hamilton Myers, author of "Bell Brandon," "Ellen Wolles, or the Siege of Fort Stanwix," "The Emigrant Squire," &c., &c. We have not had time to read this book, but the names and character of the author and publishers are good evidence that it is a good book. The scene is laid in New York city. The moral tone of the work, and its style and general merits are highly spoken of by the eastern papers.

News and Facts from all Quarters.

The latest labor saving machine announced is one for *sowing wild oats*.

A railroad is contemplated between Toronto and Malden, at the foot of Detroit river.

The Legislature of Kentucky, in its late session of seventy days, passed one thousand and twenty-three acts, and eighteen joint resolutions.

A general increase in railroad fares is anticipated in Boston, to go into effect on the 1st of April.

The "Know-Nothing's," when they call the Wigwam together,—so it is said,—paste up a piece of blank white paper.

A colored minister was arrested in New York on Sunday night, charged with throwing stones at one of his congregation.

The Susquehanna river, at Harrisburg, is in good rafting order.

A judge in Cincinnati is said to have so much real estate on his hands, that nothing short of soap or water can relieve him.

Simeon Stevens, the whig candidate for Secretary of State in Iowa, has declined.

Eggs are now dollar a dozen in Honolulu; squashes, fifty cents a piece; and Irish potatoes $3 50 a bushel.

There are sixteen thousand more women than men in Philadelphia.

A Washington clergyman, a Sunday or two since, whilst stating a deficiency in collections, remarked that since the issue of three cent pieces, the receipts of his church had decreased nearly one-half.

A company of United States troops, under the command of Lieut. Hooter, passed down on Sunday on the steamer Persia, bound from New York to San Francisco, by way of St. Louis.—*Cin. Gazette.*

We are making arrangements for having a spring gun put up inside of all our papers, so as to shoot the man that opens it without having subscribed. Beware!—*New Orleans Crescent.*

Paris, Kentucky, is the great live stock market of the West. The total amount of sales on court day, March 6, was $105,944 90. The number of mules sold was 800. Many of them were brought from Missouri, Illinois and Indiana.

Ninety-nine families, consisting of coal miners, recently left one of the Districts of Wales, having been engaged by the West Columbian Mining Company, to work the vast coal mines belonging to them on the borders of the Ohio river.

We understand that the "Seven Mile Mirror," the principal prize in the Perham Gift Exhibition in New York, has been drawn by Miles W. Lewis, a clerk in a drug store at Penn Yan. The painting was put down in the schedule at $40,000. If worth half that sum, Mr. Lewis will probably, for the future, "throw physic to the dogs."

Mr. Galbraith, a Scotchman, who resides in Wisconsin, for six or eight years past has raised more flax to the acre than has ever been known in the old country, at a profit more than double in amount that made by his neighbors on any other crop; and that, too, in one of the best wheat growing States of the Union.

A lad named Pollard, about 16 years old, committed suicide by hanging near Hampden Upper Corner, Me., on the 6th inst.

Cream, upon milk, is about the only article which has not risen of late.

The Ohio Canal will be opened about the 25th of the present month.

It is thought that the defeat of the Wisconsin and Minnesota railroad scheme in the House will put an end to all projects for obtaining land grants for such purposes during this session of Congress.

There are over 1,000,000 bushels of grain, chiefly wheat and corn, stored at different towns along Lake Michigan, for Eastern shipment.

The U. S. sloop of war Albany arrived at St. Jago de Cuba, Feb. 25.

The Mississippi Legislature has passed a resolve to receive the share of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands belonging to that State.

Orders have been issued to prepare the sloop-of-war Falmouth, at Norfolk, for sea.

☞ The Courier and Enquirer says that the largest sale in London on house property is eighteen pence to the hundred pounds; in New York it is five times as much. London has one hundred and nine firemen; New York three thousand. London has twenty-square miles to be protected; New York ten. London has no aqueduct; New York has the largest aqueduct in the world. London has water on one side; New York [illegible]

LETTER OF HORACE GREELEY, ON THE FALLS OF THE BEAVER.

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER CO., PA.,
July 27, 1853.

The river Beaver, through its branches, the Mahoning, Shenango, &c., drains a very considerable portion of north Eastern Ohio and north western Pennsylvania, and discharges into the Ohio a volume of water about equal to that of the Merrimac at Mohawk at its mouth. Rising in gently rolling or table land, it wears a deeper and deeper channel as it approaches the deep valley of the Ohio, so that its surface just above its mouth is some three hundred feet below the generally level upland on either side, whence the descent is in good part precipitous to the narrow, irregular intervals, which, sometimes on one side, then on the other, seldom on both, marks its southward course. Where the sides of the valley are not very steep, they commonly rise by terraces or plateaus, forming excellent building spots, or covered with luxuriant crops. The steep hill-sides are generally overgrown by a thrifty mantle of oak of different species, chestnut, hickory, butternut and other woods. The soil, both of the valley and the uplands, is very fine, is a rich, warm loam, bearing heavy crops of Indian corn, potatoes, &c., though the intervales are most forward and fertile. A more beautiful and inviting section is rarely presented.

Within three or four miles of the Ohio, the Beaver falls seventy-four feet, and is crossed by three strong State dams of twenty, and fourteen feet fall respectively, besides two interesting dams of lesser height. Here begins the Erie Extension Canal and slackwater, on which the State spent some three or four millions and then gave it away uncompleted to a private company, on condition of completing it, which was somehow effected. The State dams are adjuncts to the canal, but afford an abundance of waterpower, which, beyond the demands of the canal, is private property by original bargain with the State. The upper dam sets the water back about seven miles, forming an immense reservoir. From this dam downward, the course of the river is sparsely studded with flour and paper mills, pail and tub factories, &c. &c., though not a tenth part of the water power already provided is private property by original bargain with the State. The upper dam sets the water back about seven miles, forming an immense reservoir. From this dam downward, the course of the river is sparsely studded with flour and paper mills, pail and tub factories, &c. &c., though not a tenth part of the water power already provided is private property by original bargain with the State. The lowest State dam (14 feet) is not used at all, being near the Ohio, and subject to backwater therefrom in high stages. Between this and the upper dam are the villages of Shanon, Hindsbergh, Fallston, New Brighton, Bridgewater, Rochester, and perhaps one or two others; while along the Ohio are Beavertown, (the old-fashioned county seat, a mile or so below the mouth,) Rochester, (at the mouth,) and Freedom, (a boat building borough above,) with Philipsburgh just across the Ohio. The present population of this cluster of villages is about 15,000; while the water power here running to waste might easily give employment to many times that number.

The steep hillsides which rise some three hundred feet from the Beaver valley to the uplands on either side, are frequently and deeply crossed by ravines or gorges down which flow streams, now merely visible, but often at some seasons pretty torrents, washing off the earth and laying bare the strata in position. These strata include four of the best Coal (bituminous) from eighteen inches to three or four feet thick, and nearly or quite horizontal: two or three of Iron Ore, with Clay, Slate, Lime and Sandstone in plenty. Limestone is found in the hillsides, splitting freely and being very soft in its original bed, but hardening when exposed to the air. Part of the lime is that used in the manufacture of Hydraulic Cement, while much of the clay is of the kind required for fire brick, which may be had for $5 or $6 per thousand. Fine fire moulded ore pit, whence an excellent coal is taken to the depth of 28 inches, with fire-clay below it to the depth of seven feet, the roof overhead being slate, as smooth and even as the ceiling of any chamber or drawing room. The various strata composing these bluffs on both sides of the Beaver, appear to overlay each other horizontally, or with no dip that is perceptible to the casual observer; and in some places, coal, iron ore, fire-clay and sandstone or lime might be taken—one by one or all at once—in almost astonishing one blow that was not directly productive. And these materials may each be thrown into a chute at the pit's mouth and carried thence by their own gravitation down to canal-boats or flat-boats awaiting them in the canal or river below, according as the coal is to be destined to a Northern or Southern market.

So far as I can ascertain on inquiry, nearly all these articles can now be made at a handsome profit. I am assured that fire-brick can be made here and transported to New York at an expense which insures the amplest returns to the owner who has capital and capacity to engage in the business advantageously. For the coal, there is ample demand either on the Ohio or the Lakes; the latter now preferable, as the consumption on and near Lake Erie is doubling annually, and would increase still faster if it were adequately met. Coal can be taken hence to Erie at a hand some profit; in fact, boat-loads, of quality far inferior to the Beaver, are now passing out of the Ohio through the Extension Canal to Erie. Hydraulic cement, being an article of light freight and used extensively in building, when as good an article could be manufactured on the spot for one-third the price paid. Building-stone and flagging have been taken hence in large quantities to Pittsburgh; but the hills have never been fairly explored, for want of capital and not of encouragement. But all this region was deeply in debt to the U. S. Bank when it failed, and the crash ruined nearly every man of enterprise located here; properly, failing to nothing, and buildings rotting down unused, because so shiftless a tenantry, legal judgments and executions, no satisfactory title could be made to a purchaser; so nobody would buy. These locum branches have since been mainly liquidated, but the region is only now beginning to recover from the paralysis of its experience.

The Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad, reaching from Pittsburgh to the Cincinnati, Columbus and Cleveland Road at Crestline, passes directly through this valley, crossing the Beaver just between Brighton and New Brighton, and making stops at New Brighton and Rochester. This road intersects the Cleveland and Wellsville road at Alliance, 46 miles west. Another road from Wellsville, (20 miles below) is now being constructed up the Ohio Valley to this point, crossing the Beaver at its mouth, and running thence up the Beaver valley to Alliance. The direct road from Cleveland to Pittsburgh, through Warren and the Mahoning Valley—is also under construction, and will here terminate, running thence on the existing track to Pittsburgh. The Venango Road, forming a part of the great St. Louis and New York line, via Olean and Columbus, is expected to have its western terminus here; as is the Pittsburgh and Erie Road. But these latter are yet in prospect, while the Pennsylvania and Ohio is in full operation, and the Wellsville (or Ohio Valley) and Cleveland Direct Road are now rapidly progressing, and must be completed within a year from this date. Then it is proposed to consolidate the Beaver Valley villages above named into one city, and build here a second Pittsburgh. I see no obstacle to this—the valley having all that Pittsburgh possesses, and the water power that she lacks—provided the men and the means be forthcoming.

H. G.

FIFTEEN YOUNG MEN.—As a respectable boarding-house in New York, a number of years ago, in which fifteen young men. Six of them uniformly appeared at the breakfast table, on Sabbath morning, shaved, dressed and prepared; as to their apparel, for attendance on public worship. They also actually attended both forenoon and afternoon; all became highly respected and useful citizens. The other nine were ordinarily absent from the breakfast table on Sabbath morning. At noon they appeared at the dinner table, shaved and dressed in a decent manner. In the afternoon they went out, but not ordinarily to church; nor were they usually seen in the place of worship. One of them is now living, and in a reputable employment; the other eight became openly vicious. All failed in business and are now dead. Several of them came to an untimely and awfully tragic end.

Many a man may say, as did a worthy and opulent citizen, "The keeping of the Sabbath saved me." It will, if duly observed, save all. In the language of its author, "They shall ride upon the high places of the earth."

ADVANCE IN CROCKERY WARE.—The accounts per last steamer from the potteries in England note a still further rise in crockery ware, which establishes an advance of full thirty per cent. within three months. This increase is caused in chiefly wheat and corn, stored at different towns along Lake Michigan, for Eastern shipment.

A HUSBAND IN TROUBLE.—A few days since, a lawyer of this city was seated in his office, busily employed in studying out a plea, when the door opened, and a young Irish son of Erin entered, doffed his hat, and said that he desired to take an advice of this doctor. The lawyer bade him sit down, and inquired his business.

"Shure, the reglied," I want a divorce from my wife Biddy."

The lawyer asked what was the trouble, but Pat seemed very loth to tell.

"Does she not treat you well, does she not take care of your house, has she deserted you, or does she like any one better than yourself?" were inquiries made by the lawyer, who endeavored, for some time in vain, to pump out the reason of the desire for a divorce. At last weary of the investigation, the disciple of Cork informed his would be client that he could do nothing for him without knowing the facts of the case.

"Well if I must t'must," replied the husband; "*shure, there's a little darlint I love better than Biddy.*"

The lawyer could hardly refrain from laughter sufficiently to inform the Hibernian that the law could not touch such a case as his; and Pat left with a countenance "more of sorrow than of anger."—*Boston Traveler.*

SHOCKING CASUALTY.—A most frightful accident took place on the Norristown Railroad last week. A woman, about 35 years of age, was run over by the cars near Potts Landing, a place about a mile below Norristown. She was on the track and facing the train. It is said she was partially deaf and near-sighted; and whether the screaming of the whistle did not reach her until she was too much frightened to get away, or whether through her defective vision she was unable to distinctly see the train before it came upon her, it is difficult to say. The engine first struck her, and she was thrown some fifty feet ahead of the train on the track. The cars came up, and she was caught by the wheels, and from her dress becoming entangled in them, she was literally cut into bits; the largest portion of her body found was one of her feet. The pieces were collected together and placed in a barrel. All along the road, for some distance, portions of her body was found. Her name was Mary Barker, and she was going to Conshohocken, to get into the cars there, to go to Philadelphia.

TO DRIVE AWAY RATS.—A friend has just informed us of a plan he adopted to get rid of rats. His premises swarmed with them. He took a small fish-hook, attached to a fine wire, and suspended on it a piece of cheese, letting it hang about a foot from the ground. One of the rats feasted at it and was hooked, and set up such a horrible squeal, noise, and rattle, that all the rats forsook him and fled. Not a rat remained on the premises. A few days afterwards his neighbor declared that he was visited with a plague worse than those of Egypt—that the *rats* would surely eat him up, house and all. Our friend enjoyed the joke but kept shady. This was not philanthropic of him; so, for the benefit of his neighbor, who we hope, takes our paper, and the rest of mankind, we "disclose the disclosure," without inquiring secrecy or charging the labor.—*Rural New Yorker.*

☞ Artificial stone is now manufactured in London by the use of the following ingredients compounded together, viz.: 100 lbs. pitch, 25 gallons best oil or artificial, 18 lbs. resin, 15 lbs sulphur, 44 lbs. finely powdered lime, 180 lbs. gypsum, 25 feet of sand, breeze bricks, stone, or other hard materials broken to pieces, and passed through a half-inch sieve. This hardens, when compounded after the mode of the inventor, in about a week.

"Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not expressed in fancy; rich, not gaudy—
For the apparel oft proclaims the man."

☞ Every well dressed man knows how difficult it is to find a Shoe that is thoroughly understands the peculiarities of each figure, and can suit its requirements with a well cut, gentlemanly fitting garment. Hence it is a source of real "home" during the first day's wear of any new article of dress, and however costly, never become adapted to their forms. To remedy so manifest a deformity, R. GRIBBLE has practically studied both form and fashion, always adapting the garment, weather, cost, color, or any condition to the circumstance of its wearer, thoroughly attaining that elegance of fit which the spirit of the age dictates.

R. GRIBBLE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
mar29 210 4th street, head of Wood.

☞ Important to Country Dealers.—DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER, *Wholesale and Retail Druggist*, No. 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, has for sale a complete assortment of pure and genuine patent or proprietory medicines, which will be sold at proprietors prices among which are the following:

Dr. Rose's Alterative,	Hooper's Female,
do. do. Hailroad,	Anderson's do.
do. do. Golden,	Dr. Hoofland's Bitters,
do. do. Female,	Boerhave's Holland,
Dr. M'Clintock's Liver Pills,	Hostetter's Stomach,
Robenseck's Liver Pills,	Hampton's Bitters,
Seltzer do.	Hampton's Tincture,
Dr. Lane's do.	Hadley's Alkaline,
Fliche's Cough,	Hutchins' Carminative,
do. for Asthma,	Stoughton's,
do. for Diarhoea,	Dupuytren's,
do. for Bleeding Lungs,	Wolfe's Schnapps,
Dr. Sherman's do.	STARCH AND OTHER REMEDIES,
Townsend's do.	Dr. Reyner's Expectorant,
Dannell's Plantation Bitters,	Dr. James' Expectorant,
Linden's Indian Vegetable,	Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort,
Weight's do.	Schenk's Pulmonick,
Dr. Mattlesey's do.	Dr. Duncan's Expectorant,
Dyott's Anti-bilious,	Dr. Swayne's do.
Lee's New London,	Dr. M'Clintock's Pectoral,
do. Wistiana,	do. Cough Mixture,
Dr. Cook's Billous,	Fitch's Purgative Pills,
Hibberd's do.	do. Expectorant,
Hardy's Sick headache,	do. Cherry Pectoral,
Railway's Regulators,	Dr. Ross's Expectorant,
Moffat's Life,	Ayres' Cherry Pectoral,
Bragg's Anti-bilious,	Collier's do.
do. Fever and Ague,	Morgan's do.
do. do.	☞ Remember the place,
Jayne's Sanative,	*London's do.*
do. Carminative,	No. 140 Wood street, corner
Gennan,	Virgin alley.
do. Expectorant,	mar16daw

☞ Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial.—The most terrible of all bodily complaints are those which affect the integrity of the intellect, disposing it to monstrous fancies, alternatives of gloom and excitement, or, worse than all, profound, unvarying depression. Diseases of the nervous system and of the digestive organs create these and conditions of the most frightful nature. Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir we have a preparation that removes both cause and effect, by rallying the dormant powers of the stomach, bracing the nerves to a healthful tension, and relieving at once the mental symptoms.

The Cordial is put up, highly concentrated, in pint bottles. Price three dollars per bottle, two for five dollars, six for twelve dollars.

C. H. RING, Proprietor,
192 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

AGENTS:

FLEMING & BROS., No. 65 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street, do.
J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny City.
mar29 cmaw

☞ New Discoveries.—VEGETABLE CATTLE POWDER—These powders are put up in one pound packs, and are really a good article, not only for the diseases incident to Horses, Cows, Swine and other animals, but they are likewise an excellent article to improve the condition of the animal.

For Milch Cows, they not only improve the condition of Milch Cows, but they increase the quantity as well as improve the quality of milk and butter. The proprietors say that it increases the quantity of butter from half a pound to a pound a week, to each cow, while those persons who have tried it, say a pound and a half to two pounds per week, with the same kind of feeding as before. Of one thing we are certain, all who use it once will use it all the time and save money by the operation, as well as improve the appearance of their stock. Price 25 cents a paper, 6 papers for $1.

C. H. KEYSER, No. 140,
corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.
feb1 Wholesale and Retail Agents.

☞ Ague and Fever of three years standing Cured.—Mr. John Longden, now living at Beaver Dam, Hanover county, Va., near Richmond, had Ague and Fever for three years, most of the time he had chills twice a day, and rarely less than once; he was parched with fevers as soon as the chill left him; and after trying physicians, quinine, most of the Tonics advertised, and every thing recommended to him, was about to give up in despair, when the Spanish Mixture was spoken of; he got two bottles, but before he had used more than a single one, he was perfectly cured, and has not had a chill or fever since.

Mr. Longden is only one out of thousands who have been benefitted by this great tonic, alterative and blood purifier. See advertisement with his certificate. mar11.

DIALOGUES.

Dr. KEYSER, of 140 Wood street, has furnished us with the following dialogue. The Dr. says he will not vouch for the occurrence of the present one, but insists on it that the same thing happens daily.

DIALOGUE.—Scene, Bleeding Room.

Enter man in long coat. *Man*—Mr., I want you to shave me as quick as possible, and don't you hurt, for my face is very tender.

Barber—I'll do that, sir, and won't hurt you, neither; and if you want your tender face cured, get some of Hann's Cream of Roses, and put it on your face; it'll cure it.

Man—Where am I getin?

Barber—At Dr. Keyser's, No. 140, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley.

Man—Dr. Keyser's, eh! That's the very place I was going. I see he has Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for sale; and I want a bottle for my wife; she has the dyspepsia very bad.

Barber—Looksee here, Mann; when you go down dere, ax him for a box of dat Hair Dye dey sells dere, an' it'll make dem red whiskers of yours as black as charcoal.

Man—Yes, for as black as your face;—but no matter; if I go there, I will get a box of Hair Dye. Let me see; what's the name of it?

Barber—Carnahoy's Hair Dye. You can get anything you want at Keyser's, except dry goods. He has a splendid assortment of all kinds of perfumery, soaps and fancy articles, besides Drugs and Medicines. It's worth a visit to his store, to see his fancy show cases, and those Crystal Palace scales.

Man—Well, I'm going there. I want several articles in his line, and may be will buy from him as any body else.

☞ Facts without Comment.—The Public should know them.

NEW YORK, October 10, 1852.

Mrs. Hardy, No 119 Ninth street, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that she used one vial of Dr. M'LANE'S Celebrated VERMIFUGE, which brought away over 300 large worms. Her usual good health immediately returned.

Mrs. Quigley, No. 192 Essex street, New York, under date of November 23, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months; the doctor ordered a bottle of M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as hearty as ever it had been. Parents with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and lose no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is perfectly safe.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. There are others, purporting to be M'Lane's Vermifuge, now before the public.

Also for sale by the sole proprietors,
FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
65 Wood street.

☞ Medicine Chests.—Dr. KEYSER, wholesale Druggist, of 140 Wood street, has on hand a splendid assortment of MEDICINE CHESTS, for families and steamboats, at various prices. Those in want of articles of this kind would do well to give him a call. feb1

DIED:

On Sunday, 19th inst., JOHN GOTCHALK, in the 56th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, in Woodville, Allegheny, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock.

On Sunday, 19th inst., CAROLINE M., wife of William S. Campbell, in the 35th year of her age, of neuralgia.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, St. Charles Hotel, on WEDNESDAY 22d inst., and proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. Friends of the deceased are invited to attend without further notice.

In Bedford, on the 15th March, of Scarlet Fever, LOUISA J., daughter of Joseph B. and Mary McClure, aged five years and nine months.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Exhibition and Sale of Fancy Work.

MRS. KATE SAGE would respectfully announce to the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that, in accordance with repeated request, she will give a Public Exhibition of her splendid collection of SPECIMENS OF LEATHER WORK, EMBROIDERY, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, &c., on the afternoons and evenings of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 23d and 24th at LAFAYETTE HALL.

The Leather Work alone is well worthy the attention of the ladies, as it is entirely new, and merely for its utility and beauty. Articles of furniture, work boxes, &c., are ornamented with raised work, equal to the most elaborate specimens of carving. Ladies engaged in this work may employ a few hours pleasantly and profitably, and thus supply the parlor and toilet with most beautiful pieces of fashionable trifling boxes, &c.

Among the specimens on exhibition, Mrs. Sage would particularly call attention to the following articles:

Leather Work.—Large and small What-Nots, most beautifully finished; Work Boxes; Foot Stools, with embroidered tops; Screens, frames beautifully ornamented.

Embroidery.—Dressing Gowns for gentlemen; Vest Patterns, beautifully worked; Shawls and Skirts, for children; Infant's Dresses; Ladies' Sacks; Gent's Slippers.

Artificial Flowers.—Large Bouquets; Baskets of Flowers; Baskets of Wax Fruit.

Paper Machie.—Portfolios, and numerous other articles in this work.

Mrs. SAGE, being obliged to leave the city, to meet engagements elsewhere, the above articles will be for sale during the evenings of exhibition; and an opportunity will thus be afforded to visitors to purchase.

Refreshments may be obtained at the Hall, during the Exhibition.

YOUNG'S celebrated String and Brass Band will be in attendance.

☞ Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, 25 cents.

☞ Doors open at from 2 till 10 o'clock; P. M., on each day.

mar21:3t

Orphans' Court Sale.

WILL be sold, at PUBLIC AUCTION, by order of the Orphans' Court, on SATURDAY, MARCH 25th, 1854, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, all that certain LOT OF GROUND, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning on Smithfield street, at the distance of 33 feet eastwardly from the corner of Third street, at the corner of lot of James Bowen; thence at right angles with Smithfield street 67 feet, towards Grant street; thence parallel with Smithfield street 16 feet towards Fourth street; thence parallel with Fourth street 50 feet to Smithfield street; thence along Smithfield street 19 feet to the place of beginning—being 16 feet front on the eastwardly side of Smithfield street, and running back towards Grant street. On which is erected a 1 rge three story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, in good order.

☞ Title good. Terms made known at sale.

DINAH TINDLE,
Administratrix of H. Wilkinson, dec'd.
mar24

New Shoe Store.

JAMES ROBB, No. 89 MARKET Street, between the Mansion and 4th street, would call the attention of his old friends and customers, and all others who may favor him with their trade, that for the future he will be found at his NEW SHOE STORE as above, with an entirely new stock of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Palm Leaf Polka Tootin, and Braid Hats, &c., consisting in part of Gentlemen's Calf Boots, Congress Gaiters, Oxford Ties, D'Orsays, etc; Ladies, Misses and Children's Fancy Boots, Gaiters, Ties, Slips, &c., very beautiful; Boys and Youth's, Dress Boots, Shoes, Ties, and Pumps.

This stock is one of the largest ever opened in this city, and has been selected with every thing worn by the ladies of Philadelphia and New York, and he trusts cannot fail to please all. Great care has been given to select the choicest goods; all of which he warrants.

He also continues to manufacture, as heretofore, all kinds of Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, and from his long experience of over twenty years in business in this city, is, he trusts, a sufficient guarantee that those who favor him will have