Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE T. GILMORE.
Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....FEBRUARY 7.

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

☞ TWENTY MEN AND BOYS WANTED TO SELL THE *DAILY EVENING POST.*

JOB PRINTING.

We have one of the best *Job Printing Offices* in the city, and we would respectfully ask merchants and all others who want Cards, Circulars, Bills of Lading, Bill Heads, Blank Checks, Handbills, etc., to give us a call. All our Job Type are of the most modern manufacture and cannot fail to please all our customers. Our workmen are perfect masters of their business, and will labor assiduously to please all who will favor us with an order.

CARRIER IN ALLEGHENY.

We desire a good Carrier for the city of Allegheny for the *Evening Post.* It is a valuable route, and would pay an industrious man good wages.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

☞ The members of the Democratic County Committee of Correspondence are requested to meet at the ST. CHARLES HOTEL, on WEDNESDAY, 8th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

DAVID CAMPBELL, Chairman.

BUSINESS OF PITTSBURGH.

We have frequently spoken of the coal trade as one of the great interests of our city. We have never designed to represent it as the *greatest* in importance. It is far from it. The iron manufacture is undoubtedly the greatest source of the wealth of our city. And we understand that it was never more prosperous than at the present time. Engine builders, steel manufacturers, rolling mill and foundry men, and all the other manufacturers of iron "fabrics" in Pittsburgh are probably prospering now as well as they have ever done before. Orders are in advance of the means of supply in many branches of the business. And the prospects for the future are highly encouraging. The foreign news, by late arrivals, are all favorable to this great interest of the Iron City. Manufacturers of glass, another great interest of our city, need no other encouragement than the abundant orders they receive.

The coal trade, notwithstanding the very serious losses it has suffered of late, will be on the whole profitable to this community for the last twelve months. About 120 coal boats were lost in the last run, containing probably a million bushels of coal, worth a hundred thousand dollars. Yet the high price at which the balance sells in the lower markets will make the returns about equal to ordinary runs of coal. This coal trade is very uncertain in its character. Great losses and great profits to individuals are reported. While some have met with disastrous losses others have realized fortunes during the present year. We have heard of one company that cannot have made less than $25,000 of clear profit from the trade this year; whilst others have lost large sums. We have been informed that one company had three pairs of boats in the midst of the memorable storm on the Ohio river, in which so many boats and lives were lost, yet not one of those boats were lost; and they are now at New Orleans, where almost fabulous prices are obtained.

We have but one remark to make in conclusion. The mode of carrying our coal to the South-western markets, to be safe and permanently profitable, must yet be by tow-boats and barges. More capital will be required for the business, but in that way alone can the frequent losses be avoided, and certain profits secured.

The trade is too valuable, and the losses too frequent and serious to be left much longer to mere "luck and chance."

THE ERIE WAR.

The excitement in relation to the railroad difficulties at Erie, seems to be subsiding, both at the East and West of our State; and the hope seems to be now generally entertained that the war will soon be ended. It is not improbable that the prompt action of our legislature in regard to the Franklin Canal Company's railroad, has done much to moderate the tone of the newspapers that have heretofore been most abusive towards our State. They have discovered that such unmeasured abuse has awakened a just resentment, instead of alarm; and has resulted in giving to our State the control of an important link in the line of the Lake Shore roads. This is not to destroy that road, or obstruct travel and trade by the Lake Shore route. It merely gives to Pennsylvania the control of a part of that line of roads within its own borders.

Competent persons have been appointed as agents of the State, to take charge of that piece of road, and provide for its continued use, as heretofore, for the accommodation of the public, East and West. The track of the Erie and North-east railroad is changed to the four feet ten inch guage, and a connection made with the Franklin Canal road, by which business will go on without obstruction. The public generally will then have no further interest in the matter, and Congress will have no further occasion to consider the subject.

The only unsettled question then will be between the late proprietors of that road and the State of Pennsylvania. That our State will be just towards them no one can doubt. As matters stood, before the late act of forfeiture, great injustice was done to the commonwealth, and to its own improvements and public works. While the Pennsylvania Central road was paying a three mill tonnage tax to the State for the privilege of making and working a road in competition with the works owned by the State, a New York and Ohio company was using the soil of Pennsylvania for the working of a railroad in competition with both, free from all tonnage duties; without any compensation; and without any authority of law whatever. The tonnage tax on the Central road last year amounted to over $86,000. Such was the tax upon *our own* road, while a New York road, over our soil, was free from any such tax. We are not now contending for the propriety of such a tax on other roads; but certainly, if such a tax is to be imposed, it should not be upon our own citizens, and our own roads, while foreign capitalists, and their unauthorised roads, are exempt. If our contemporaries in the West will look calmly at this view of the matter, they will see that this was a wrong to which this State was not bound to submit.

In the settlement of the controversy between the Company, whose road is forfeited, and the State, justice to both parties must be done; and justice to Erie not forgotten in the meantime.

ROBT. E. PHILLIPS, ESQ.

We would call attention to the card of the above named gentleman in our advertising columns. He has commenced the practise of law in St. Louis, and will give prompt and faithful attention to collections, or any other business in his line, entrusted to him by people in this vicinity. He is well known to many people in this city, and can give the best of references.

THE YOUNG DUKE.—The above is the title of a good novel by the well known and admired author, D'Israeli, M. P. We can safely call it a very interesting novel; and the readers of such literature will read it with great pleasure.

It is for sale by H. P. CALLOW, at his Literary Depot on Third street, opposite the Post Office.

News and Facts from all Quarters.

The cotton crop of last year, it is said, will amount to 2,800,000 bales.

There are thirteen individual banking houses, all on one street, in San Francisco. They never charge less than 3 per cent. per month for money and often more. All of them do a large business.

A Railroad is projected to extend all the way from New Orleans to Lake Superior, on the west side of the Mississippi river.

The Public Stock Bank of Belvidere, New Jersey, has been discredited in New York.

A munificent manufacturer in Leicester, England, has undertaken to provide underclothing—shirts, stockings and drawers—for a thousand Turkish soldiers.

The mantua-maker's bill of the Empress Josephine during the first ten months of the year 1806, was only $35,000.

In the savings bank at Glasgow, Scotland, there are about $3,100,000 on deposit, belonging to the laboring classes. There are about 2,000 drinking shops in the same city.

In Syracuse during the past year 5,404,463 bushels of salt were manufactured, four-fifths of it fine salt.

The man who laid himself open has been served up.

In 1847 there was scarcely a dozen white inhabitants in the place now known as St. Paul, in Minnesota territory. The village now contains 700 houses and 4,700 inhabitants. The amount of taxable property in 1853 was $904,487. The capital at present invested in business is $825,000.

Gen. Houston in his lecture at Providence on Tuesday evening, said—"From early boyhood I have lived on the borders of civilization, and have seen much of Indian life and character; and never knew an Indian treaty violated but what when sifted to its bottom, it was found that its first violators were the white men."

The interference of Prince Albert in foreign political matters excites the strong displeasure of the British people, and the press is severe in its denunciations.

The Bostonian who was fired with indignation was put out with wet blankets before the engines arrived.

Ten men in Philadelphia subscribed each $10,000, in one day, to the stock of the Sunbury and Erie railroad. That road will be built.

Pig iron is steady in New York at $40 per ton. It is rising in England.

It is estimated by the census tables that the number of men engaged in London alone upon omnibuses on Sundays, is as many as 6,600.

M. Armand Bertin, chief editor of the *Journal des Debats*, died on the 12th of January.

"No nation is drunken," says Jefferson in his letters, "where wine is cheap; and none sober where the dearness of wine substitutes ardent spirits as the common beverage."

Fulton county, Ill., annually exports an average of 800,000 bushels of grain, 300,000 hogs, and 20,000 head of cattle.

In 1820, the population of St. Louis was 4,12[illegible]; in 1852, 94,000.

Coal is selling in Cincinnati for from 15 to 18 cents per bushel.

The publication of a newspaper called the *Nebraska Democrat*, has been commenced at old Fort Kearney, in the recognized territory.

On the 3d inst., there was a general rise in the price of bread in London, of ½d. on the 4 pound loaf, for the best wheaten and second bread. Coarse bread advanced 1d. per cwt.

In Wisconsin, it is said, the school lands are at this moment worth ten millions of dollars, and these lands, with all the revenue derived from them, are to be devoted to common schools forever.

It appears, by a table prepared by the Register of the Treasury Department, that the total public debt of the United States outstanding, that due to Texas, is $54,496,758 52-100.

The Globe had the whole of Gen. Cass's great speech, made in the Senate on the 1st instant, (15 columns) printed in one hour and fifty-five minutes after it was delivered, and circulated it that same evening in the city and various distant towns and cities.

Expense of Opening Streets in Pittsburgh

We were called on a few days since by a gentleman from Clinton village, and informed that an impression prevailed to some extent, in that part of the county, that an effort was being made to widen certain streets and alleys in Pittsburgh, and charge the expense upon the county. From the data given we presume the rumor arose out of the late attempt to open Hancock street from the upper end of Wood street to the Allegheny river. Buildings were to be torn down and a large expense incurred in effecting that object; but no attempt was made to saddle the expense upon the *county*. The damages were assessed, and, under the provisions of an act of Assembly, those damages were charged upon property owners along Wood and other streets, supposed to be benefitted by the opening of the new street. The law has since been repealed, and the project for the present abandoned. But at no time was it sought to make the people in the country bear any portion of the expense.

There are, however, a number of the streets, laid out in the plan of the city district, not yet opened; and many of our citizens contend that the *county* should bear the expense of opening some of them. Some of them are designed as thoroughfares through which the market wagons the coal teams, and the travel generally from the country reach the markets, warehouses and business portions of the city. It is urged that the people of the county should bear a portion of the cost of opening these streets, on the ground that they are as much for the benefit and accommodation of the people of the country as of the city; and are, in fact, as much *county roads* as the highways that traverse the townships, and are built at the expense of the county. The city helps to build the *county* roads; and, in fact, pays more than half the cost. Should the county help to build such of the *city* roads as equally benefit city and county?

THE NEW SCHOOL LAW.

We have received from Dr. McClintock a copy of the bill, reported by him to the Senate, to remodel and amend the school laws of the Commonwealth. It contains many excellent provisions. It is no party measure, of course. It provides for a change in the mode of managing the public schools of our city, and places them upon a similar plan to that in force in the city of Philadelphia.

Among other things, in this connection, is one provision which we do not like. It provides that each Ward of the city shall elect six directors, who, after certain preliminary measures, shall all act together as a board of controllers for all the Wards. There are nine Wards in the city. The board of controllers would then consist of fifty-four members; a number entirely too large, in our opinion, for harmony and efficiency. It would form a body more than half as large as the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, and more than one-half larger than the Senate. Two or three from each ward would be a sufficient number, and would despatch business more speedily, and with a more salutary sense of individual responsibility. We would suggest an amendment in that part of the bill.

Some change in the management of the schools of Pittsburgh is desirable, and will soon become necessary. Whether the plan proposed by the bill now before the Senate will be acceptable to our citizens remains to be seen. We will publish, in a few days, so much of the bill as relates to the subject.

THE OLD BREWERY AND THE NEW MISSION HOUSE.—We were in error yesterday in saying that this interesting work was received from W. A. Gildenfenney & Co. We should have given our neighbor B. T. C. MORGAN credit for the valuable present. The work is for sale at his counter; and all who have read it, will say that it is worth much more than the price asked for it.

NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

CHESTER COUNTY.—The Working-Men of the Joint Stock Nail Company at Phœnixville, have in contemplation the addition of $20,000 to their capital, for the purpose of commencing the manufacture of iron, in connection with nail-making. The stock is said to be now worth $118 a share, which is a considerable rise over the value of six months or a year ago.....Mr. JACOB GRUBB, of East Vincent township, is owner of a calf which, when but one day old, weighed 87 pounds.....The *Republican* of the 24th ult., says: We never remember so many citizens of Chester county preparing to leave for the West, as at the present time. They have kept us busy for some time past printing bills for their sales of personal property, and several of them advertise in our paper of this week valuable stock, to which we invite particular attention. They are amongst our most enterprising citizens, and we regret to lose them, but cannot doubt they will do better at farming where land is low and prices very fair, than they could do here, where each acre is worth from seventy-five to one hundred dollars.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—The whig standing committee of the county have ordered a meeting to be held at Pottsville, on Monday, the 6th of March, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Whig S. Convention to be held at Harrisburg on the 16th of that month.....Nothing worthy of note to the trade has transpired in the region the past week. Shippers in the Wyoming district have determined to advance their rates 25 cents per ton on the opening rates of last spring, and will charge $1,50 for lump coal, and $1,75 per ton for prepared coal, delivered in boats.—*Pottsville Democrat.*

LYCOMING COUNTY.—The regular court term commenced at Williamsport on Monday last.—The *Gazette* says that Daniel L. Miller, Jr., received, as compensation for services as President of the Sunbury and Erie Railway, the snug sum of $12,000.....The democratic county Standing Committee held a meeting on Tuesday evening last, to make arrangements for the selection of Delegates to the next State Convention.

TIOGA COUNTY.—The democrats of this county have passed resolutions most emphatically approving the National and State administrations, and instructing their delegates to the 4th of March Convention, to support WM. BIGLER for Governor, and Daniel L. Sherwood for Canal Commissioner; and to use all honorable means to procure their nomination.

UNION COUNTY.—The prosecutions in this county, against Messrs. Gundy, Eyer and Gutelius, for the bribery of George Heimbach, one of the Commissioners of the county, is said to rest wholly on the testimony of Mr. Heimbach himself.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.—The colored people of Norristown have held a meeting and denounced the American Colonization Society as a "scheme designed by the Southern supporters to strengthen, rather than abolish the slave system, by expelling from the land the free colored people who sympathise with their brethren in bonds." A series of very bitter resolutions were passed.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.—The American is opposed to the consolidation of the Supreme Court and Judicial districts into one, with the view of locating the Court permanently at Harrisburg—alledging, with force, that it will involve the loss of much more time and money to people prosecuting cases before that Court.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.—The Cumberland County Democratic Convention have selected J. Ellis Bonham, Senatorial Delegate for that county and Perry unanimously, and Wm. M. Mather and John P. Rhoads, Representative Delegates to the State Convention, with unanimous instructions for Bigler and Black, and instructions for Judge Stuart of that county for Canal Commissioner.

PERRY COUNTY.—The merchants of Bloomfield have adopted measures to do away with the credit system in their business.....The printers in this county have adopted a scale of uniform rates of charges for all kinds of professional work. A similar understanding should prevail throughout the entire State.

Appointments by the President.

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

CONSULS OF THE UNITED STATES.—Joseph W. Clark, of New York, for Arlen in Peru; Edward B. Buchanan, of Maryland, for La Rochelle in France; R. G. Barnwell, of South Carolina, for Amsterdam in the Netherlands; James H. Williams, of Maine, for Sydney in Australia; Noble Towner, of Connecticut, for the Island of Barbadoes; Max Steithheimer, of New York, for Stuttgard in Wurtemberg; Fayette H. Bingadd, of the District of Columbia, for Palla in Peru; John L. Nelson, of Maryland, for Turk's Island; Robt. C. Murphy, of Ohio, for Shanghai in China; J. Higgins, of New York, for Cork in Ireland; J. W. Green, of Virginia, for Lima in Peru; G. W. Fletcher, of Alabama, for Aspinwall in New Grenada; John Duffey, of N. Y., for Galway in Ireland; C. W. Denison, for Demerara in British Guiana; Stephen Cochran, of Penn., for St. Jago de Cuba; Chas. W. Bradley, of Conn., for Tingee in China; Levi K. Bowen, of Md., for Bordeaux in France.

POOR PACKING ON THE ILLINOIS RIVER.—Returns begin to come in, and there will be a decrease in the number of hogs packed on the entire river. The season has closed at Beardstown, with 14,000 short of last year. At Peoria the deficiency will be from 12,000 to 15,000. Pekin may have a slight excess over last season. Springfield will fall short 3,000 head. Lacon has an increase. Naples, Copperas Creek, Meredosia and other points, will have no increase, but at several there will be a falling off. The entire deficiency in numbers on the whole river, and through the adjacent country, is estimated at from 60,000 to 80,000 head. The increase in weight will be from 10 to 12 per cent., some think as much as fifteen. The Upper Mississippi and Illinois rivers together, will fall 100,000 to 120,000 head short of last season.

Louisville Courier.

AN OLD MAN, named Beaving, 93 years of age, died recently in Somersetshire, England. For a long time previous to his death, he had denied himself almost every necessary of life, and obtained alms by pretending to be perishing from cold and want. After his death it was found that he possessed $2,600, part of which he had put out at interest. He also had several suits of clothes, which had become rotten from lack of use, and a considerable quantity of coal which he had bought twenty years previously, but was too niggardly to burn. He perished miserable, as he had lived, in a hut of a poor old female relative.

☞ The papers are arguing stoutly in support of the manufacture of wine from the native grape. The editor of the Hartford Times is very earnest about it under the inspiration of a bottle that he found upon his desk, and feels satisfied that wine can be produced in Connecticut in large quantities, and at a great profit to the producer. What is said of Connecticut is also true of other places, and we believe the time is not far distant when the native wine, as a temperance remedy, will be introduced to banish the infernal distillations that debauch our people.

GAMBLERS FINED AND THEIR APPARATUS BURNED.—Jos. Bolser and Wm. Moore, for keeping a rondo table; James Rhodes and Jas. Kolpan, for keeping a keno table bank, and Charles May, for keeping a faro bank, at Cincinnati, have each been fined $50 and costs. All their gambling apparatus, valued at $1000, were subsequently publicly burned by the city marshal, in the presence of a large concourse of citizens.—*Phil. Ledger.*

☞ There is now before Congress, a petition from Mrs. Elizabeth G. Smith, of Missouri, who in 1846, under the assumed name of "Ben. Newman," volunteered in the Mexican war, where she served faithfully for ten months, when her sex was discovered, and she was discharged from the service. "Ben" has since married, and now applies for her pay and bounty land. As the law applies to soldiers and not to men, this female soldier may be successful.

MR. MCKAY AND THE INSURANCE ON THE GREAT REPUBLIC.—As a record of honor upon all sides, it is stated that the whole of Mr. McKay's insurance upon the Great Republic has been promptly paid by the offices which took risks upon her, amounting to $235,000, all of them being in New York, except the New England office of Boston. On Tuesday last the Atlantic Insurance Company gave him a check for $80,000, the largest sum ever paid by that office at one time.—*Balt. Sun.*

THE CONSOLIDATION BILL was signed by the Governor on Thursday night. Yesterday, a salute was fired by a detachment of the National Artillery, under Col. Murphy's directions, in honor of the event. The political distinctions of Southwark, Moyamensing, Spring Garden, &c., will soon be forgotten in the general name of Philadelphia city.—*Phila. Ledger.*

☞ The Pittsburgh *Post* is a mammoth paper. Its circulation is great and its influence weighty. They publish both a morning and evening paper. We have for some time been in receipt of the Daily *Evening Post*, and would be pleased to have the favor continued.—*Licking Herald, Newark, O.*

IMPORTANT RAILROAD MOVEMENT.—We learn that a project is in contemplation, and, indeed, that steps are about to be taken by the parties interested, to consolidate the railroad companies comprising the lines of route between Baltimore and Harrisburg, with a view to a more effective and economical administration of their operations. The companies constituting this line are the Baltimore and Susquehanna, York and Maryland, and York and Cumberland—the former in this State and the two latter in Pennsylvania.

To bring about this result, it will require legislation, both in the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland, with the concurrence of the councils of our city, and we are informed that the prospects of its accomplishment are most encouraging. Under the new arrangement money can be raised on the credit of a consolidated loan to complete the road to Sunbury without delay, and to build the branch road to Canton, and, also, to double-track the road as fast as the trade demands such an expenditure. By persons familiar therewith, this measure is regarded as one of vital importance to the interests of this city—and as the movement has been made in the councils, should they think favorably of it, we hope it will meet with prompt action.—*Balt. Sun.*

AMERICANS, &c., IN ITALY.—We learn from a letter in the New York Advertiser that among the Americans in Florence on the 6th ult. were the Hon. Charles Fenton Mercer, of Virginia, who, at the age of 70, has just acquired the Italian language, thus surpassing Cato, who boasted that he learned Greek at 60; Hon. Willis Hall, of New York, who passed the winter there with his family; Mr. Barrenger, late Minister to Spain; Major Philip Kearney, late of the United States Army, who lost an arm in Mexico. It is estimated that $60,000 a day are expended in that city by foreigners, the average number sojourning there during the winter being about 5,000. The present winter has been unusually severe in Italy, and in Florence on the 6th ult., the ground was covered with several inches of snow.—*Balt. Sun.*

WHEAT AT TWO DOLLARS A BUSHEL.—Three times in the present century has wheat reached the high figure of two dollars a bushel in the valley of Genesee. In 1816, by reason of a remarkable cold summer and a very short crop; in 1830, by a somewhat unpropitious season and neglect of agriculture for purposes of trade and speculation, compelling the large importation of breadstuffs from Europe; and in 1854, by reason of short crops in Western and Central Europe, and the war between Russia and Turkey. *Rochester American.*

FLOUR.—We are glad to learn, says the Boston *Traveler*, that the flour dealers, some of them, are reduced to the necessity of receding from the high prices which they have attempted to establish for that staple article of food. We understand that there are not less than one hundred and sixty thousand barrels of flour now in the hands of dealers in this city.—*Ledger.*

☞ The prospects of farmers are bright, and land likely to increase in value. The Rochester *American* says: "Farms all over this county are now worth in the neighborhood of $100 per acre, and in the adjoining counties the case is much the same. Near this city, they sell higher. Now that breadstuffs have gone up, we may look for an advance in land also."—*Ledger.*

☞ The first of January dividends, show Banking to have been profitable. We extract from Bicknell's Reporter, the per cent. per annum Eastern Banks made the last year:

BANK DIVIDENDS IN THE EAST.	
Boston dividends	7,68 to 7,81 per cent.
New York do	10 per cent.
Philadelphia dividends	10,50 per cent.
Pittsburgh Bank dividends	5 per cent.

THE FIRE AT QUEBEC.—Further intelligence from Quebec says that the valuable manuscripts were all lost by the burning of the Parliament House. The insurances are chiefly effected in Liverpool offices. The building was formerly known as the "Bishop's Palace."

AN EDITOR in California lately received a long document, which he was requested to publish gratis, under his editorial *head*. He placed it under his pillow that night, and expressed his willingness to insert similar communications in the same way, on the same terms.

A COUNTRY PAPER lately got up an account of the fire in this city, at the corner of Congress and Butler street, headed—"Destruction by fire; eleven buildings, ten horses and one cow *in ruins!*"—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

☞ **Public Meeting of the Ladies!**—At a meeting of the ladies of Pittsburgh, held a short time ago, the following among other proceedings were had:

Upon motion, it was

Resolved, That we, the ladies of Pittsburgh, in general convention assembled, do recommend to our husbands, pa's, fanneys and toilet articles kept for sale at KEYSER'S *Drug Store*, No. 140 Wood street.

Resolved, That we have used Barin's poncina and other soaps, and do find them superior to any in use, both for cleanpness and superior excellency.

Resolved, That we have also used his *upper ten* and other extracts, and colognes, and would advise all those in want of these articles to call at KEYSER'S, and they will not be disappointed.

Resolved, That we likewise approve of his extra pomades, bear's grease, and other articles for the hair, not only on account of their elegant perfume, but also on account of the pure materials of which they are composed, and the fairness of price.

Resolved, That we will patronize KEYSER'S *Drug Store*, and purchase of him whatever we need, in the way of toilet articles, as we are sure he sells good articles and at reasonable price. febt14w

☞ **Interesting to those suffering from Headache.** A certain remedy found in DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS. The following is a sample of certificates received daily from our own citizens.

NEW YORK, August 1, 1852.

This is to certify that I have been subject at times to severe headache; sometimes the pain would be so severe I could rest neither day nor night. Hearing of Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, I sent and got a box, of which I took two pills on going to bed, for two nights. They relieved me entirely. Some time has now elapsed, and I have had no more trouble from sick headache.

M. JOHNSTON, 138 Lewis street.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public.

Also for sale by the role proprietors.

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
fe3-mw 60 Wood street.

☞ **Liver Diseases.**—Carter's Spanish Mixture, as a remedy for liver disease, and the number of formidable evils connected with a disorganized state of that organ, is unrivalled.

Hundreds of certificates, from the highest sources, of persons who are living in the city of Richmond, Va., might be given of cures effected by Carter's Spanish Mixture. We have only room to refer to the extraordinary cure of Samuel M. Bruton, Esq., of the firm of Bruton & Morris, Dispatch office, Richmond, Va., who was cured by two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, after three years suffering from diseased liver. He says its action on the blood is wonderful, far beyond than all the medicine he had ever taken, and cheerfully recommends it to all.

*See advertisement. [jal3dalwlm

Crystal Palace, New York.

EXHIBITION OF AMERICAN STEEL PENS,
Manufactured by
MYER PHINEAS, NEW YORK.

M. P. calls the attention of the public to his celebrated QUILL, patent, double-spring, Commercial and Bank PENS, with a variety of twenty-five different kinds of STEEL PENS, of his own make, suitable for all handwritings.

—ALSO—

A NEW PATENT PEN,

Called the Treble Spring. These pens have been adopted by the Senate in Washington, in preference to all others.

The above pens, together with his superior unrivaled accommodation holders, can be seen at Mr. J. B. Steel's and Mr. B. M. Norman's, Camp street; Thomas L. White's Canal street; and E. & F. Ezekiel's, Exchange Place. ja9

Death from a Rupture.

☞ There are thousands of persons who are afflicted with a Rupture of the Bowels, who pay but little attention to the disease until the bowels become strangulated, when in all probability it may be too late. How important it is, then, for all those suffering with any form of "Rupture of the Bowels," to call at once upon DR. KEYSER, at his Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, and procure a TRUSS, to retain the protruding portion of the bowels. Dr. KEYSER has an office back of his Drug Store, where Trusses are applied, and warranted to give satisfaction. He also has every variety of Trusses that you can name, and at any price, to suit the means of every one in need of the article. I also keep every kind of *Supporters, Body Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Elastic Stockings*, for enlarged veins, and all kinds of mechanical appliances used in the cure of disease.

I would respectfully invite the attention of the public to an excellent TRUSS FOR CHILDREN, which invariably effects cures in a very short time.

☞ DR. KEYSER'S DRUG STORE AND TRUSS DEPOT, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, sign of the Golden Mortar. dec26

"Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not expressed in fancy; rich, not gaudy—
For the apparel oft proclaims the man."

☞ Every well dressed man knows how difficult it is to find a Tailor who thoroughly understands the peculiarities of each figure, and can suit its requirements with a well cut, gentlemanly fitting garment. Hence it is that so few feel "at home" during the first day's wear of any new article of dress, and however costly, never become adapted to their forms. To remedy so manifest a deformity, R. GRIBLE has practically studied both form and fashion, always adapting the garment, weather, coat, vest, or pantaloons, to the exigencies of its wearer—thoroughly attaining that elegance of fit which the spirit of the age dictates.

GRIBLE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
dec28 No. 240 Liberty street, head of Wood.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

State Mutual Fire & Marine Insurance Company,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Branch Office cor. Fourth and Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh.
Capital, 350,000 Dollars.

DIRECTORS:
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☞ **Important to Cuppers and Leechers.** Dr. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, has received an assortment of

Thomas' Mechanical Leeches;
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These are really important inventions, and very convenient to those who follow Leeching. Call and see them. ☞ Corner Wood st. and Virgin alley. ja6

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☞ **Scrofula.**—It is due to KIRK'S *Pureacum* to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestage of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh, will be immediately given to any one desiring and beyond all doubt, that KIRK'S PUREACUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy for *Scrofula, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight*, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physicians, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, N. Y., and bears date August 2, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of the celebrated D. Y. Foot, M. D., of Syracuse.

This may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the last seven years that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk and confined to my bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best Physicians our country affords; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the Pureacum, or Rock Oil, as every thing else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; there was pleasant relief at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

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This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kirk's Pureacum, or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of patient ulcers and other diseases for which it is recommended, for which I can cheerfully recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended its use where other medicine had failed.

D. Y. FOOT, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh. [ja27:3dew.

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JAMES & ARMORS,

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Lace Lace Curtains, Window Shades, all prices,
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" Satin Linens, Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Lampas, Bands,
" Satins, Cords and Tassels,
" Damask Linens, Gimps, all prices,
" Damask Brocatelle, Loops,
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A full assortment of the above goods constantly for sale, wholesale or retail. [mar:ly—af.m.n.

☞ **Indigestion and Liver Complaint** CURED BY KIEFER'S HERB DRINK—Read the following letter from Rev. O. DICKINSON, a Missionary in Oregon:

MR. J. M. KIEF—*Dear Sir*: Myself and with having been greatly benefitted by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box or two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are affected with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM, on Rock Oil. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle, before that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KIEFER, 140 Wood street, and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. oct25

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Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N. B.—Likenesses of sick or deceased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov25:1y

☞ **CURTAINS, Curtain Materials, and** Curtain Trimmings of every description, Furniture Plushes, Brocatelles, &c., Lace and Muslin Curtains, N. Y. Painted Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Pins, Bands, &c., at wholesale and retail.

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Curtains Made and Trimmed in the very newest French style. [mar20:1y.

☞ **Cornsl Cornsl! Cornsl!** A great many persons are deceived by recommended with corns. A certain remedy will be found in Dr. COMX'S CORN PLASTER, for sale by Dr. GEO. S. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

Price, retail at 12½ and 25 cts. per box.

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