Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE P. GILLMORE.
Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING.....DECEMBER 23.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We have now employed in our Job Office an unusual number of excellent job printers, and are prepared to execute all orders with neatness unsurpassed, and with a speed that *shall* not be beat.

Democratic Executive Committee.

Pursuant to notice, the Committee met and organized, at the St. Charles Hotel, when, upon motion of GEO. WILSON, seconded by AUGUST FALLER, it was

Resolved, That the Democrats of Pittsburgh, meet in their respective Wards, at the usual places for holding primary meetings, on Saturday next, the 24th, and elect five delegates to represent them in City Convention, which will meet on the following Wednesday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a candidate for the Mayoralty.

The meetings shall organize at 3 o'clock, P. M., and remain open until 5 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN C. DUNN, Chm'n.

GEO. WILSON, Secretary.

A NEW BOOK AND A GOOD ONE.

A HOME FOR ALL. By O. S. FOWLER. 12 mo. pp. 192. Published by Fowler and Wells, New York.

O. S. Fowler has acquired considerable distinction in this country as a phrenologist and lecturer. He has amassed a considerable fortune, and has lately built for himself a palace on the shore of the Hudson river. His progressive and inventive genius led him to employ considerable time and thought in planning the form and materials of his house. He claims originality, and a valuable discovery, as the result.

The form of the house is an octagon, and the walls of *mud*. Our readers need not be startled. The mud consists of coarse mortar and coarse gravel and broken stone; the more lime and limestone the better. The walls are built up gradually, like brick walls, only allowing more time for hardening as it rises. The lime forms the bond-principle of brick walls; so does it of the walls of this model house; and it hardens and becomes more firm and solid year after year; and will form one of the most solid, dry, impervious and durable walls that can be constructed out of any materials. It can be made more or less expensive and elegant, as suits the means and taste of the builder; and is beyond all comparison the cheapest building material known.

Mr. Fowler recommends it in this book for the following reasons.

It is the cheapest of all building materials.

It is incombustible, and could not be burned or thrown down by fire.

It is so cheap that it could be built of any desired thickness, and thus insure a durability equal to stone, for in fact it becomes stone.

It can be moulded in building to any forms and shapes, for ornament or use, to suit the convenience or taste of the builder.

The materials for such walls are found every where where limestone exists, or lime can be obtained.

These walls are not damp in summer and cold in winter, like stone walls; and are vastly cheaper. They are not liable to crack like brick walls, and are far cheaper and more durable. They are far cheaper, warmer and stronger than walls of wood, and not liable, like wood, to destruction by fire at any moment. The inner or cross walls, as well as the outer, may be built of the same material, and the roofs covered with the same so as to secure safety from fire. Every man can be his own architect in the construction of the walls of such a house, or barn, or out-house; and find the materials on his own farm—a part of the soil itself. The slower the work progresses, the more solid the wall when completed.

The author recommends this mode of building on reasons of public as well as individual economy. The vast amount of lumber required for all building purposes is rapidly levelling all our forests, and stripping the whole settled portions of the country of the forests that are needed for the interior of buildings, and for the other innumerable uses of wood.

The octagon form of houses is recommended and illustrated, in this book, as more compact, convenient and beautiful.

But the principal subject is the cheap, durable and unrivalled gravel wall, equally adapted for all kinds of buildings, particularly in the country. Directions are given for constructing such walls; and an estimate of expense, which shows that cheap homes are within the reach of all. This gravel wall is equally recommended to rich and poor. It is susceptible of every variety of form and ornament that taste or eccentricity may dictate: or it may be coarse and rude if means are scarce.

If any of our readers desire to know more of this novelty, they can procure the book at Mr. Russell's Book and Periodical store, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

We have not written all this to help the sale of a book; but to give currency to some suggestions that may prove useful to some of our readers.

STATE TREASURER.

The Democratic papers of the State have presented the names of a very unusual number of candidates for the above office; and some of them, with whom we are acquainted, are certainly unexceptionable and excellent men. Gen. Bickel, who has held the office for four years; Gen. Bailey, of Perry, late member of the Senate; and Hon. J. Glancy Jones, of Berks, late a member of Congress, are among the most prominent candidates. Either of them is abundantly competent and trust-worthy, and we predict that the choice will fall upon one of the three we have named.

Many other candidates are mentioned in different parts of the State, and we presume they are good men—but we cannot speak from personal acquaintance. Mr. Guthrie, of our city, is proposed by the Mountain *Sentinel*. But we are not aware that Mr. G. desires the office.

THE BEAVER *Argus* is endeavoring to "damn Gen. LARIMER with faint praise." The editors profess to love him very much, but they think it would be wrong to nominate him, inasmuch as the western part of the State has had the candidate for many years past. Well, what if it had? Gen. LARIMER hadn't, and if his friends choose to give it to him, it is wrong on the part of those who are opposed to him to bring in the boundary question for the purpose of defeating him.

THE SMALL NOTE FEVER has reached Indiana county. We learn from the *Apalachian* of the 21st, that four prosecutions under the small note law were entered against Jas. McCune, a merchant in Lockport, before Esquire Shannon, of Bairdstown, on Monday, by Samuel North. This is the first attempt to enforce the law in that neighborhood.

☞ The City Council of Wheeling have made ample arrangements to supply the poor with an abundance of coal, gratis, during the winter season. Some arrangement of this kind should be made in our city, as we have no doubt that there will be many of the poor in great need of such help.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.—There is scarcely a Democratic paper in the State that has not spoken out in favor of the nomination of Judge BLACK. That he will be nominated is beyond all peradventure.

WEEKLY MONEY ARTICLE.

We hear no serious complaints of the scarcity of money in our city at present. The rates of interest are still rather high. We have heard of loans and discounts at one per cent per month, within a few days, and some at a lower rate. We believe the supply of money in Pittsburgh is equal to that of any other city just now, and about equal to the demand. The low stage of water in the river nearly all the fall, was unfavorable for the merchants and coal dealers, and proprietors of large steamers; still, a large business has been done.

We are told by business men that after the first of January settlements are made, money will doubtless be sufficiently easy and abundant for all purposes of trade and business.

The last Eastern news produces rather a downward tendency in prices of flour and provisions, but the next steamer may, and probably will, bring reports of a different character. Enough is known in regard to the European demand for provisions, to render it certain that prices will continue high for a long time to come.

The New York banks continue to increase their loans, and money is becoming more abundant there. The *increase* of loans of those banks since the 12th November last, is $4,083,564.

The balance in the sub-treasury at New York was at one time in September $10,000,000. It is now but little over $4,138,000. The arrivals of gold from California for the last three months have far exceeded the exports of specie from New York. These three facts, among others, will account for the increase of money in that city, and show of themselves over eleven millions added to the money in circulation.

The redemption of United States stock and bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury still continues, and the surplus gold in the Treasury vaults is thus put in circulation. But the process is a slow one. The government creditors prefer the bonds to cash.

We take the following from the N. Y. *Post* of the 20th inst:

The shipments of cotton are yet small, but as they must be made, will have the greater effect when they do take place, in January or February. The exports of flour and wheat may sensibly decline, but those of Indian corn and provisions will certainly increase. Had it not been for our large shipments of flour and wheat this fall, the shipments of coin would have been much more heavy, and our money-market much more stringent even than it has been; unless, as would also have been likely, the foreign demand for our securities would not have been cut off.

In fact, it has been the state of the European food market that has cut off this demand, as well as limited the cotton consumption.

Our domestic exchanges are still unfavorable to New York.

The Baltimore papers state that the run upon the Savings Bank of that city has been stopped. The origin of the run arose from the fact that timid depositors were made to believe that the institution had granted large loans to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company—that the condition of the financial affairs of the company would prevent the meeting of the payments at maturity. The deposits amounted to over $8,000,000.

The stock market to-day was rather heavy, but prices without much change.

Over two million bushels of *wheat* were shipped from New York to Europe during the month of November, besides large quantities of flour and other provisions. From other ports considerable quantities were also shipped. These large arrivals will have the effect of reducing the prices in England. The N. Y. *Post* predicts lower prices in England during all this month and next.

A letter from Baring & Brothers, of London, and information from other sources, state that there is at present no demand for American securities in London, and no sales of any account occur.

Notwithstanding the increase of money in New York, the *Post* says:

Money is rather appreciating again in value; the demand being on the increase. The rates are as follows:

Loans on call		per cent.
Prime bills	60@90 days.	10
Do.	4@6 months.	10@12 do.
Second grade		12@15 do.

Foreign exchange is dull, and the rates are tending downward.

Stocks are very dull and heavy.

We find the following in the N. Y. *Herald:*

A letter from Mr. Snowden, director of the United States Mint at Philadelphia, to the editors of the Washington Union, in answer to an assertion of its New York correspondent that the Mint was paying out gold bars on account of its inability to furnish coin, says:

This is not true. Bars are only paid when required by depositors. This mint is capable of coining any amount of bullion with which it may be supplied. Depositors are paid as soon as their deposits are essayed, which is in one, two, or at farthest three days, and in any denomination of gold or silver coins, or in bars, as they may desire. The latter are preferred when the gold is intended for exportation, as the depositor saves the coinage charge, which is the half of one per cent.

The mint prefers paying in coin; but we keep on hand a large supply of bars as well as coin, in order to pay promptly every deposit.

In the month of November we had in our vaults, at the following named periods, the following stated sums of money in coin and bars, ready to pay out beyond what was demanded, viz:—

	Bars.	Coins.	Totals.
November 1	$1,111,700	$3,111,200	$4,223,000
Do. 10	172,400	3,234,600	3,407,000
Do. 21	274,500	2,000,000	2,275,000
Do. 30	446,200	2,459,800	2,906,000
Average on hand during month undemanded	501,200	2,714,050	3,215,250

Being thus ready to pay any amount of coin which may be required, what can be thought of the truth and veracity of any man who will state that the mint pays out bars because it is unable to pay coin?

The following is from the Cincinnati *Price Current* of the 21st inst.:

The demand for money during the past week has continued active, and fully up to the supply, and out-door rates are firmly sustained at 12 to 18 per cent per annum, for good paper; and names not known in bank are done through money brokers, as high as 6@8 per cent per month, but 1 per cent is the highest rate for good business paper. The chartered banks (of which, however, there are only four,) which are restricted to six per cent. interest, are unable to meet the demands of their customers, though, as compared with the supply of currency, they discounted pretty liberally. As remarked last week, we do not look for any change until after the 1st of January, neither is there any reason to believe that the present stringency will continue much beyond that date; though the last steamer from Europe brought quite favorable advices than were generally looked for.

The receipts of Indiana and Ohio hogs have increased, while Kentucky are still coming forward, and this week receipts have reduced, the deficiency as shown by our report of last Tuesday. Taking Cincinnati, Louisville and Madison the accounts now stand as follows—the two latter up to Monday morning.

	Deficiency.	Excess.
Cincinnati	62,000	
Louisville		40,000
Madison	64,342	
	126,342	40,002
		426,342
Net Deficiency		86,340

The total number packed and in pens at Louisville, up to Saturday night was 266,720, against 226,720 to same date last year. The receipts of Hogs at this place from Kentucky is greater in proportion to the total supplies from that State, than that shown at Louisville. The deficiency here is in Ohio and Indiana Hogs, the receipts of which have been larger the past than any previous week. At most of the principal points in the interior of Ohio and Indiana, an increased business promises to be done. In the for West, business has barely commenced, the views of buyers and sellers being still variant.

From the Boston Post.

The leading features of our money market are the large and constantly increasing accumulation of capital with both banks and brokers, a decidedly diminished demand for money, and an excessive abundance of New York funds. These conditions are likely to be maintained until the first of January. On Friday and Saturday loans were made in State street, to first class people, at 8 per cent. on time, and we hear of considerable sums passing between individual merchants at 6 per cent., to be repaid in the early part of the coming month.

SANTA ANNA.

The different States of Mexico are sending in their acquiescence and adherence to Santa Anna as Dictator, and all events indicate that the title of Emperor will soon be assumed. Thus, monarchy is to be again installed on the North American continent. A defensive alliance with Spain is strongly recommended by some of the newspapers of the city of Mexico.

The invasion of Lower California is represented as a mere preliminary step towards the invasion of Sonora by a large force, to assist in the revolution there. Should this prove true, this fillibustering expedition may prove a more important and successful event than at first supposed. Sonora, the land of gold, as its name implies, is one of the richest States of northern Mexico; and by the aid of Yankees and California desperadoes may easily establish and maintain independence. As an independent State, acknowledged as such, it might offer annexation as Texas did, and doubtless would be received into our confederacy. It is a process well understood at the present day, and if continued will soon bring the northern States of Mexico into the Union. If Mexico is to become a *monarchy*, the faster the process goes on the better. Doubtless as a monarchy it will be countenanced, and probably assisted and protected by some of the European governments.

WE OBSERVE that the papers throughout the country speak in the highest terms of commendation of the late Report of Postmaster General CAMPBELL. All regard it as one of the ablest documents that has emanated from the Post Office Department for many years.

MISS LUCY STONE was to have delivered her first lecture in St. Louis on Monday evening. She will, no doubt, meet a courteous reception from the warm-hearted people of St. Louis.

COLD.—In speaking of the extreme cold of Wednesday morning, the Wheeling *Gazette* has the following:

"The sidewalks were icy, and the beef was all frozen in the street. The iron handles of the doors took the skin from your fingers, and winter had his own. So did the boys, for their sleds were coursing down many of the streets with great velocity. There is a city law against this, but we do not know whether the law is quite right or not. It is a debatable question, and we would like to see a public meeting held on that subject—let the boys take one side and the men the other. It would be fun to see young America spread himself on the question of his rights to a smooth track, and the iniquity of putting obstacles on it.

Old America would say, we cannot go out without the fear of life and limb. Then why don't you stay in the house, says Young America. Who asks you to go out? But we must attend to our business, says 'Old.' Business, D. Y. FOOT, M. D. Sticks, says 'Young;' you only go to make money, while we coast for the far more important matters of health and fun. But you can go somewhere else than in the street to coast, says 'Old.' Go somewhere else yourself, says 'Young;' these streets are more mine than yours. You have but a contingent lease of twenty years, while we have the same contingent lease of sixty years. Our title is the best."

POPULATION OF UTAH TERRITORY.—From the minutes of the Mormon General Conference, which was held in Great Salt Lake City, on the 6th of October last, we gather the following statistics, in which is embraced the entire population of Utah territory:

	Females.	Males.	High Priests.	Elders.	Priests.	Teachers.	Deacons.	Total population.
Salt Lake city	593	538	44	1,898	1,659	3,979		
Salt Lake county	1,329	1,190	90	3,191	2,641	6,273		
Utah	892	165	152	1,955	1,172	4,064		
Juab	77	70	12	94	71	229		
Sam Pete	42	36	16	44	182	265		
Millard	28	8	24	118	97	304		
Iron	67	77	25	237	217	643		
Beaver	17	4	5	127	56	215		
Davis	136	56	27	639	482	1,539		
Weber	141	64	61	840	670	1,776		
Total	1,372	560	250	8,623	6,597	18,006		
Population according U. S. census in 1850						11,355		
Increase						6,651		

Besides the above classifications there are nine apostles all located in Great Salt Lake City, 55 bishops, 254 priests, 95 deacons, and 208 teachers. During the year subsequent to the 6th of October, 1852, 18 of the saints had been excommunicated. One hundred and thirty-nine of the Mormon priests and elders are on missionary expeditions in other parts, and in foreign countries.

The following are the recorded number of births and deaths in the territory, between the 6th of October, 1852, and the same date in 1853:

	Births.	Deaths.		Births.	Deaths.
S. Lake city	90	9	Iron county	50	4
S. Lake county	102	52	Tooele "	7	2
Utah "	212	32	Davis "	83	15
Juab "	16	13	Weber "	86	19
Sam Pete "	41	12			
Millard "	10	2	Total	904	253

No reports were received from the towns of Tooele, in Tooele county, and Mountainville, in Utah county, and their returns are not, consequently, embraced in either of the above tables.

COLT'S PISTOL MANUFACTORY IN ENGLAND.—Col. Colt is astonishing the English at the new pistol manufactory in London. Twelve months since he had possession of the buildings fitted up for the accommodation of the contractors for the new house of Parliament, at the northern end of Vauxhall bridge. The building is now two hundred and fifty feet long, of three floors, well constructed, and is now called a "smart machine shop." The numerous machines employed are almost exclusively of American manufacture, and the leading operations are conducted by American mechanics from the pistol gallery at Hartford, Connecticut. Out of the three hundred employed, fifty are Yankees, to "show the British how." A few days since Mr. Buchanan, the American Minister, visited this establishment, and addressed and complimented the operatives. He expressed great satisfaction and pleasure, and said the institution was an honor to the United States, as well as to Great Britain.

YANKEE CALCULATIONS.—Some cute Yankee has estimated that the ocean contains 26,000,000 cubic miles of water—a quantity about equal to that which all the rivers of the earth would disgorge in 40,000 years, and also, that the amount of heat received from the sun in a single year would be sufficient, if equally distributed, to melt a crust of ice 34 feet thick, enveloping the whole earth. According to the technical reckoning, the solar heat which annually rises from the sea water in the form of vapor, would, if properly directed, exert an influence of sixteen billion horse power.

Should a company of "Young Americans" be formed for the purpose of adopting this last mentioned power to manufacturing purposes, it would seriously jeopardize the coal trade.

PHILADELPHIA AND COLUMBIA RAILROAD.—The receipts for tools at the Collector's office in Columbia, Pa., for the fiscal year ending the 30th ultimo, were $804,597 87. During the same period 54,380 cars were cleared from the office, eastward, carrying 350,092,600 pounds of freight. The amount of freight shipped west over the Pennsylvania canal was 203,720,600 pounds—making the total tonnage cleared at the office, 559,822,200 pounds which is an increase of more than 100,000,000 pounds over any other year.—*Harrisburg Union.*

A PALPABLE HIT.—Out West, a stump orator, wishing to describe his opponent as a *soulless* man, said:

"I have heard some persons hold to the opinion that just at the precise moment one human being dies, another is born, and that the soul enters and animates the new born babe. Now, I have made particular and extensive inquiries concerning my opponent *there*, and I find that for some time previous to his nativity *nobody died*. Fellow-citizens, you may draw the inference."

☞ The Emperor of Russia has withdrawn the whole of his funds from the Bank of England, and closed his account with that establishment, and also with the Bank of France. The Bank of England had acted as his banker since the failure of Messrs. Harmon & Co., in 1846. But during the next four months Russia has to remit to England, for dividends, &c., from £300,000 to £400,000, or nearly one half the amount that Nicholas has so summarily withdrawn.

CAST IRON CANAL LOCKS.—A Sunbury paper says that the cast iron outlet lock in the Philadelphia and Sunbury railroad company's basin, at that place, is nearly completed. It is the only lock of the kind that has ever been built, and is quite a novelty.

If this experiment is successful, it will be a new mode of consumption for the great staple of Pennsylvania.

NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

INDIANA COUNTY.—Mrs. Brown, wife of Mr. Wm. B. Brown, was severely, though, we are happy to say not dangerously injured, on Thursday night by the ignition of "burning fluid." She had turned the lamp with the top downwards, with a view of extinguishing it, but the top had not been screwed in tightly, and fell off, bringing the fluid in contact with the flame, when of course it instantly ignited... It set fire to her clothing and to a bed, but she succeeded in extinguishing it with some difficulty. Persons who use these lamps should be extremely careful. Some of the "fluids" may not "explode," but all will ignite, if flame reaches them, and the danger is but little less than in case of an "explosion."—*Apalachian.*

A SEASONABLE NOTICE.—The *Apalachian* of the 21st, has the following:

"NOTICE.—All persons are hereby warned against clandestinely placing turkeys in our coop, under penalty of being exposed to the public, if detected. The near approach of Christmas renders this notice necessary."

We would give the same caution to all persons in our neighborhood.

BERKS COUNTY.—The morning train from the city, on Saturday last, on the Reading road, made a narrow escape from a serious accident, at Pott's Furnace, a few miles above Conshohocken, Montgomery county. A coal train had passed into the sideling at the furnace, but not far enough to allow the passenger train to pass, which came in contact with the last coal car, breaking part of the locomotive, and injuring the passenger cars along its whole extent. The train was going at a high speed at the time, and the escape of the passengers was truly miraculous.—*Press.*

Items of News and Miscellany.

At Ashland Ky., on Saturday evening, during a rolling match, two young men quarrelled about seven cents, when one named Thornton Hool stabbed the other, named Mank, through the heart, killing him instantly. Hool made his escape.

Dr. Lyman Beecher accounts for the fact that there is more waspishness at the South than at the North, on the ground that the children at the North are "judiciously whipped," while at the South they are not whipped at all!

The new Governor of Cuba, Senor Don Juan de la Pezuela, is a native of Lima or Peru, and was born in 1809. The Spanish give high honors to many native Americans. Don Calderon de la Barca' late Minister to Washington, and now Minister of Foreign Affairs, was born in Buenos Ayres.

Felipe de Iturbide, a son of the Emperor of Mexico in 1821, died of yellow fever, at Matamoras, on the 19th ult., aged 30 years. The deceased was educated at St. Mary's College, Baltimore. He was the interpreter to the Mexican Boundary Commission. His family resides in Philadelphia.

The Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad Directory have entered into contract at Philadelphia for the supply of the iron, the locomotives and passenger and freight cars for their road, at an aggregate cost of five hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars.

The cargo of the wrecked steamer Humboldt consisted of 1,337 packages, principally dry goods, silks, velvets, embroideries, brocatelles, fancy articles, jewelry, &c., of various kinds, intended mostly for sale during the holidays. The value of the cargo was about $680,000, and the insurance office will suffer considerably.

The Union county (Pa.) Star mentions a rumor that the route of the Sunbury and Erie company, which lies between Milton and Sunbury, has been leased for twenty-five years by the Susquehanna Railroad company; that the Susquehanna company will go on to complete the connection at Milton, by way of Lewisburg, and that the bonds of Northumberland county for $200,000 have been sold.

SPIRITUALISTS AT LAW.—At a trial for libel in Massillon, Ohio, in which some Spiritualists were concerned, the plaintiff's attorney offered to prove by a committee of Spiritualists that a medium made raps involuntarily. This was objected to by the defendant, who insisted that if the plaintiff wished to prove that spirits made the rapping, they must obtain a subpœna from the court and have the spirits brought before them, "disembodied and untrammelled by flesh, blood and stomach," to testify to their agency in the matter. The Court sustained the objection.

FOUND DEAD.—A woman, rather well dressed, was found dead, on the road-side near Edgington's farm, about three miles east of the city, this morning. Corner Day, with his jury, had not returned at 2 o'clock this afternoon, but it is supposed that the woman died from freezing, and the verdict of the jury will doubtless be in accordance. We could not ascertain her name. —*Wheeling Argus, Dec. 19.*

PENSIONS.—The report of the Commissioner of Pensions shows, that it will require 12,866,550 acres of land to satisfy the warrants already issued under the act of March 11, 1847, and 12,531,240 acres to satisfy those that have already issued under the acts of September 28, 1850, and March 22, 1852; making an aggregate of 25,397,800 acres.

☞ **Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.**—ANOTHER MEDICAL WITNESS.—It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following:

HARRISONVILLE, Shelby Co., Ky., April 2, 1849.

J. Kidd & Co.—I am a practising physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1845, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. At some more intimate moment, I will send you the result of my experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of nine hundred worms. L. CARTER, M. D.

☞ Parchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States. Also for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
dec23:daw 60 Wood street.

☞ From the National Intelligencer, Washington City, May 15th, 1852:—

DR. J. S. ROSE'S *Medical Adviser to Persons in Sickness and in Health, with an Almanac for 1852.*—This publication is from the pen of an eminent physician of Philadelphia, a regular graduate of the Medical College, and an honorary member of the Philadelphia Medical Society. It contains much good advice to invalids, as well as persons in health. It also describes in a comprehensive manner, the diseases of our variable climate, and the mode of treatment. No family should be without a copy of this book. It can be had, without any charge, at the various drug stores in this city, where Dr. Rose's valuable Family Medicines are for sale.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S NERVOUS AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL, the greatest discovery in medical science. This astonishing preparation for raising up a weak constitution, debilitated by care, labor, study or disease, acts like a charm. It gives strength and appetite, and possesses great invigorating properties. For heart disease, all nervous affections, flatulence, heart-burn, restlessness, numbness, neuralgia, raising the spirits, and giving power to the whole system, it is almost miraculous in its effects. Fifty cents a bottle.

Dr. Rose's Celebrated Family Medicines, and his Medical Adviser to Persons in Sickness and in Health.—I am just in receipt of a fresh assortment of the above Medicines, and a lot of his valuable books for distribution, of which the public are invited to call and accept a copy.

dec12:daw G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.

☞ **New Goods!**—FRESH ARRIVAL of every description of Cloth, Cassimeres, Overcoatings, and Vestings, suitable for the season. Also, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Stocks, Suspenders, Gloves, Hdkfs, &c. Also, a full assortment of Ready-made Clothing, Trunks, Carpet Bags, and Umbrellas, wholesale and retail. Those wishing to purchase good articles, and at a fair price, would do well to call at E. GRIBBLE'S CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT No. 240 LIBERTY street, head of Wood, and you will not go away disappointed. nov23

☞ **Neuralgia.**—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

Mr. P. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others who were suffering nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success.

He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

☞ See advertisement in another column. [nov17:dawlm

Murphy & Burchfield

HAVE received an extensive assortment of Honiton and French Needle-worked COLLARS, SLEEVES, and CHEMIZETTES; French Cambric do.; Embroidered Linen Cambric HdKfs; Fancy Scarfs, Dress Silks, and other Goods, well adapted for Holiday Gifts for the Ladies. [dec22:2t

For Sale.

A BARGE OR S. B. HULL, in good condition, now ready to load—will carry 450 tons, drawing 4½ feet; or 500 tons drawing 5 feet, upon which an insurance of her cargo can be effected. For sale low. Enquire of

J. G. MUNTZ,
dec16:1w Corner of Market and Liberty sts.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale a SMALL FARM, containing SIXTY ACRES, situated in Franklin township, Allegheny county; with about fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation; a good young orchard, of the best kind of fruit; a good Log House and Kitchen, and a Log Barn; about ten miles from Pittsburgh, and about four miles from Perrysville.

For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM GRAHAM, in Sewickleyville, or to the subscriber, on the premises.

dec16 HUGH NEELY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **The Democratic Citizens of Allegheny** will hold their PRIMARY MEETINGS on SATURDAY, the 24th inst., at the usual places of meeting, between the hours of one and five o'clock in the afternoon, to elect Delegates to nominate a MAYOR.

MANY DEMOCRATS.
dec22

☞ **Grand Juvenile Concert.**—Mr. D. SHRYOCK has the honor of informing the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that he will give a GRAND CONCERT on FRIDAY EVENING, December 23d, in the Hall of the Third Ward Public School, Grant st. The performers will consist of 250 Children, Pupils of the School. Mr. WAMPLINK will preside at the Piano.

Tickets, admitting a Lady and Gentleman, 25 cents; to be had at SCHERER'S, MELLON'S, and at the door on the evening of the Concert.

For particulars, see programme. dec23:3t

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, December 15th, 1853.

THE President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Five Dollars per Share upon the Capital Stock—thus, three dollars, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith, and two dollars credited to the *stock*.

dec16:10t SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

OFFICE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, Dec. 19, 1853.

AT AN ELECTION held at the office of the Company, on Monday, the 19th inst., the following named persons were elected DIRECTORS, for the ensuing year:—

H. D. King,	Wm. Bagaley,
Samuel Rea,	Robert Dunlap, Jr.,
S. Harbaugh,	Isaac M. Pennock,
Walter Bryant,	Wm. Larimer, Jr.,
Samuel M. Kier,	William Bingham,
John S. Dilworth,	Francis Sellers,
J. Schoonmaker,	William B. Hays,
John Shipton.	SAMUEL L. MARSHALL,
dec21:6t	Secretary.

☞ **Mercy Hospital Fair.**—The Ladies' Fair for the benefit of the Mercy Hospital, will commence TO-DAY, at LAFAYETTE HALL, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, entrance on Fourth street—and continue for one week only. [dec16:6tf

☞ **Monongahela Navigation Company.**—NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—An ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Monongahela Navigation Company will be held, in pursuance of the provisions of the Charter of Incorporation, at their Office on Grant street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the second day of January, 1854, (being the first Monday in the month,) at two o'clock, P. M., for the ELECTION OF OFFICERS for the ensuing year.

dec12:td WM. BAKEWELL, Secretary.

☞ **Pyrophorus.**—It is due to KIER'S *Petroleum* to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestage of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy in *Paralysis, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight*, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physicians, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the boom of the earth.

☞ *The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, N. Y., and bears date August 2, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of the celebrated D. P. Fort, M. D., of Syracuse:*

This may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the last seven years that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk and confined to my room, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best Physicians our country affords; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as everything else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface and I soon found it at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum, or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of inveterate ulcers and other diseases for which it is recommended, and can with confidence recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended its use where other medicine had failed.

D. P. FOOT, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh. [aug27:4tw.

PHILADELPHIA CURTAIN WAREHOUSE,
171 Chestnut st., opposite the State House.
H. W. SAFFORD,

☞ KEEPS constantly on hand the most extensive and varied assortment of Curtains and Curtain Materials to be found in the city, comprising in part of the following CURTAIN GOODS AND FURNITURE COVERINGS—all styles of—

French Lace Curtains,	Window Shades, all prices,
Muslin "	Buff Hollands, all widths,
French Brocatelles, all widths,	Gilt Cornices, every style and price,
French Plushes,	Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Satin Lampas,	" Bands,
" Lampas,	Cords and Tassels,
" Satins,	Gimps, all prices,
" Damask Linens,	Loops,
" Cashmerette,	Fringes,
Plain Turkey Red,	Picture Tassels and Cords,
India Satin Damask,	Shade Tassels and Brasses,
" Lining Silks,	Hooks, Rings, Brackets, &c.

A full assortment of the above goods constantly for sale, wholesale or retail. [mar15:y—at m. n.

Indigestion and Liver Complaint CURED BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. DICKINSON, a Missionary in Oregon:

MR. J. M. KIER—*Dear Sir:* Myself and wife having been greatly benefited by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box of two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several times have been very severely affected with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM, or Rock Oil. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle, before that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. oct25

☞ **CASH MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pennsylvania.** CAPITAL, $100,000. *CHARTER PERPETUAL.*

President—Hon. AUGUSTUS O. HEISTER.
Secretary—THOMAS H. WILKSON, Esq.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. A. O. Heister,	Samuel W. Hays,
William Robinson, Jr.,	Thomas Gillespie,
William F. Fahnestock,	John B. Cox,
Harvey Rollman,	Jacob Peters,
John Walker, Jr.,	William Colder, Jr.,
Jacob S. Haldeman,	Aaron Bornbaugh.

RUSSELL & OAKES, Agents,
Office, in Lafayette Buildings,
(entrance on Wood street.)
jn8

☞ **ASSOCIATED Firemen's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.** J. K. MOORHEAD, President—ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary. Will insure against FIRE and MARINE RISKS of all kinds. Office: in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 126 Water street.

DIRECTORS:

J. K. Moorhead,	W. J. Anderson,
H. G. Sawyer,	R. B. Simson,
Wm. M. Piper,	H. B. Wilkins,
W. W. Dallas,	Charles Kent,
C. H. Paulson,	William Collingwood,
A. P. Anshutz,	Joseph Kaye,
	William Wilkinson. jn8

☞ **NELSON'S DAGUERREOTYPES.**—Post Office Buildings, Third street. Likenesses taken in all kinds of weather, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., giving an accurate artistic and animate likeness, unlike and vastly superior to the common cheap daguerreotypes, at the following cheap prices: $1.50, $2, $3, $4, $5 and upward, according to the size and quality of the frame.

Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N. B.—Likenesses of sick or deceased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov23:ly

☞ **ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,** HEATING AND VENTILATING WAREHOUSE, No. 22 MARKET street, Pittsburgh—Manufacturers of WROUGHT IRON TUBING, BRASS AND IRON FITTINGS and CHILSON'S FURNACES, Registers, Ventilators, Tin Pipes, and every article required in their line.

Particular attention paid to the erection of Heating, Ventilating and Drying Apparatus, by Steam Pipes, Hot Water, and Chilson's Furnace. nov2m

☞ **Dr. Larzette's Juno Cordial,** or PHILOCREATIVE ELIXIR, prescrib