Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE T. GILLMORE.
Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING:.....DECEMBER 7.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We have now employed in our Job Office an unusual number of excellent job printers, and are prepared to execute all orders with neatness unsurpassed, and with a speed that *shall* not be beat.

WHO IS DOST MOHAMMED?

One of our exchanges comes to us with an answer to this question. It is tolerably well done; but we think we can do it better, by pursuing a different course; and will try our hand at it. The great and interesting events rapidly accumulating, of late, all over the world, render some knowledge of the geography, history and condition of all the nations of the earth desirable. The question at the head of this article becomes of interest, at the present time, from the fact reported that the Emperor of Russia has formed a treaty with Dost Mohammed, by which he engages to assist the latter in invading the British possessions in the Indies, in case England persists in sustaining and aiding the Sultan of Turkey.

Should this intelligence prove true, which we doubt, the name of Dost Mohammed may again become famous in history.

Afghanistan, one of the nations of Asia, lies to the north-westward of Indostan, from which it is separated by the Indus river, and north from Bellochistan. It is a very mountainous country, inhabited by a hardy, brave and warlike people, descended from the Caucassian family. Afghanistan is one fifth larger than the whole kingdom of France; though containing a population of only about 8,000,000. They are of the Mahomedan faith, of the Soimite sect. The proper name of the country is Caboul; and its capital is Cabul, which contains about 80,000 inhabitants. Dost Mohammed is the ruler or Shah of this nation; having taken advantage of the death of a former monarch, and the confusion of a disputed succession, to seize the reins of government.

The British in India espoused the cause of Shah Shuja, a deposed monarch of Afghanistan; marched an army into the country, took Cabul, seated Shuja on the throne, and carried Dost Mohammed a prisoner into India, where he was retained as a captive nearly two years. This occurred in 1839-40. This unfortunate interference of the English in the affairs of Afghanistan was induced by the apprehension that Persia and Afghanistan, instigated by Russia, would attack the English possessions in India. But never was aggression, without excuse, more severely punished.

Our exchange paper, the Philadelphia *North American*, we believe it is, says:

"In November, 1841, an insurrection broke out at Cabul against the British. In the tumult Sir Alexander Barnes, and several other distinguished officers lost their lives. This partial rising was followed by an insurrection overtial rising was followed by an insurrection overthe whole kingdom. The British, for the first time in India, since Lord Clive began to lay the foundations of their power, quailed before the storm. Sir William McNaghten, the British envoy at Cabul, agreed with Akber Khan, the favorite son of Dost Mohammed, to evacuate the country, Akber stipulating to escort the British army to the frontiers, and Sir William pledging that Shah Shuja should abdicate in order to make room for Dost Mohammed's return. At a second meeting, between Sir William and Akber a dissention arising, probably provoked on purpose by the latter, Sir William was shot dead by the Afghan chief. Akber, however, agreed subsequently to carry out the terms of the treaty.

"Now began a retreat; the horrors of which only that of Moscow has equalled in modern times. Akber professed to escort the British army, but secretly instigated, the mountain tribes to assail them; and consequently the march of the fugitives was a daily scene of massacre. The season was cold; the defiles was blocked up with snow; the troops were encumbered with a large number of women and children besides a vast body of camp followers. Some died from exposure; and some were left to perish from sickness on the way-side; but a greater quantity fell by the swords of the merciless mountaineers. Never but once in modern times has a more signal vengeance been visited on invaders. The passes were filled along the whole line of retreat with corpses, that often were piled in heaps. Almost the only persons who escaped were some officers and their wives, who had placed themselves under Akber's personal care; a few marches from Cabul, and who, after months of captivity, after terrible privations, and after long weeks of suspense, more agonizing than the worst privations, succeeded, by bribes, in making their escape and reaching the nearest British force—having ridden several days in hourly peril of their lives."

The Shah Shuja was assassinated. The British recovered their prisoners, and set Dost Mohammed at liberty; wisely resolving to let the Afghans alone. Dost Mohammed returned, and took possession of the throne of Caboul; and is now the ruler of Afghanistan. That he is no friend of the English is well known. But, as a wise and prudent ruler of a brave and warlike people, he has waited for a favorable opportunity to strike at their possessions in the Indies. The embroilment of England in a war with Russia, on the Eastern question, would seem to afford that favorable opportunity. And the Emperor of Russia, well informed of all political events for the last quarter of a century, has lately sought to engage Dost Mohammed in a war with the English in India, if England gives active support to the Sultan of Turkey.

One account states that the treaty is consummated; and Russia is to send an army to aid the Afghans in an invasion of India. But a very different account comes from another source; and that is, that the Afghans have declared in favor of Turkey; and have threatened to invade Persia if she takes part with the Emperor of Russia against Turkey.

At the time the difficulty arose between the Czar and the Sultan, Persia was threatening hostilities against the Turkish dominions; and had raised an army to commence the war. It is now reported from Constantinople that that army is disbanded; and that the Shah of Persia has announced that he will take no part against Turkey in the impending conflict. Which is the most reliable intelligence it is impossible to decide at present. But it is most probable that the latter is the truth. The prevailing religion of Persia and Afghanistan is the Mahomedan, tho' the governments of both are liberal and tolerant to other sects. The Mahomedans are also divided into different sects, but all are united in defence of Mahomedanism against all other religions. The Czar has proclaimed this war as a war of religions. Dost Mohammed and the Shah of Persia are Mahomedans, and it is not probable that they will join the Czar.

Such is our answer to the question, "Who is Dost Mohammed?" and such is the improbability that he is leagued with the Czar against Turkey.

Constantinople is the chief seat, and the Sultan the head, of the Mahomedan religion; and it is not probable that any Mahomedan people will join the Emperor of Russia against them. But our readers will see, from this brief view, how wide spread throughout Europe and Asia are the interests and nations involved in this war, already commenced, between Russia and Turkey.

A family of nine persons passed through Dayton, Ohio, last week, on their way to Iowa, on a freight train, and as freight. At Bellefontaine, it is said, they were put upon the scales and weighed like dead shoats, and a regular bill of lading was made out for them at 10 cents a hundred, after which they were stowed away in a freight car, and locked up, like so many bales of merchandise, or so many tubs of grease.

PENNSYLVANIA FARM JOURNAL.

This Journal, the December Nos., 11 and 12 of which we have received, is devoted to Agricultural, Horticultural, and Rural Economy. It is edited by J. L. Darlington and A. M. Spangler, and published by J. M. Meredith & Co., West Chester, Pennsylvania.

The value of this work cannot be too highly appreciated. Its design is to circulate valuable information amongst the largest and most important class of the great American community, the agricultural class. The information it contains will assist each farmer in increasing the productiveness of his farm, and the profits of his labor. With the same labor intelligently applied in our country, each farmer can double the value of his productions, not only in amount, but in quality and healthfulness. Wheat that weighs seventy pounds per bushel is not only more profitable to the producer, but more nutritive and healthful to the consumer. Skillful and intelligent cultivation produces such results; and any publications that aim to circulate the information and practical science on which such results depend, are deserving of public patronage and confidence. We think the *Pennsylvania Farm Journal* such a publication. We intend to quote liberally from its pages, for the benefit of our thousands of farmer readers.

It is perhaps not too much to say that the farming interest is *the* great interest of this country; and nothing would be more gratifying to us than to know that our paper was contributing to its improvement and prosperity. American farmers are destined to become the feeders, not only of the American people, but, to a great extent of the people of the old nations of Europe and Asia. Our prolific soil can produce food far more cheap and and abundant than the worn out soils of Europe and Asia; and the densely peopled nations of those old continents must and will become the permanent markets of the products of the great agricultural community of America. Whatever knowledge or skill then increases the value of our agricultural products will increase our individual and national wealth.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

We have received Vol. 2 of Putnam & Co's cheap and splendid edition of "Addison's Complete Works." We have already expressed our preference for this edition, over any other published, of the ever interesting productions of the classic pen of Addison. "No library is complete without them;" and this edition is just the right size and form for a library.

Published by Putnam and Co., New York; for sale by H. S. Bosworth, 82 Market street, Pittsburgh.

THE POTPOURRI PAPERS—Re-printed from "Putnam's Monthly." Published by G. P. Putnam & Co., No. 10 Park Place, New York.

These papers, as they appeared in the Monthly, were much read and admired. They now form a handsome volume of 250 pages, neatly bound, and handsomely illustrated. It is well worth a perusal.

For sale by H. S. Bosworth, Market street.

GOLDEN DREAMS AND LEADEN REALITIES; PUTNAM.—We have received a copy of this highly interesting work from Messrs. Bosworth & Co. It is a book that will be read with pleasure by all who are fond of pleasant reading.

THE LYRICS OF THE WIDE, WIDE WORLD.—We have received from PUTNAM & Co., a beautiful volume of music with the above title. It is for sale at Bosworth & Co's.

MR. AND MISS RICHINGS.

These accomplished and talented artists were enthusiastically received last night, upon their return to our Theatre, in their own delightful version of the "Daughter of the Regiment, and the new comedietta of "A Hopeless Passion," and won for themselves the highest praise by their admirable delineations. Mr. Richings fully displayed his art with an unction for which he has been so long celebrated, and freighted his characters with abundant points that told powerfully upon the audience. Miss Richings sang delightfully, and not only gave the many gems of the opera in a style and with an effect, that brought forth bursts of rapturous applause, but enacted her characters with a judgment and archness that stamped her at once as a being of soul and mind. Their exquisite opera will be repeated this evening, at the celebrated drama of "Robert Macaire," in which Mr. Richings personates the "Chevalier D'Industrie." His acting of this extraordinary character has elicited from the press and public of New York and Philadelphia the very highest encomiums, and we do not hesitate in saying it will meet with equal success in Pittsburgh. Readers, lose not the opportunity, but go, see and judge for yourselves.

EDINBURGH REVIEW.

The October number of this old and excellent Quarterly is received. It is No. 2 of the 39th Volume.

"Church Parties," "Mahometanism in Western Asia," "Our National Defences," "Grote's History of Greece," "Military Bridges," "Life of Hayden," and "Parliamentary Purification," are the principal subjects of this number.

"An Article on the Arctic Regions," we would also mention. It will be read with interest. Every scholar and general reader will find this one of the very best numbers of the famous Edinburgh Review.

It is published by Leonard Scott & Co., New York; and for sale by H. Miner & Co., and Gildenfenney & Co., at their Literary Depots.

For the Morning Post.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The time is approaching when a selection should be made by each of the great political parties, of a suitable candidate to fill the office of Mayor of this city.

Our democratic party has many well qualified men in the city to present, but as we have to contend against a strong federal aristocratic money power and desperado influence, (that may be purchased by money,) we should take the precaution to select a democratic candidate that is particularly well qualified to fill the office; and such a one as the voters of all parties may have full confidence in and respect for. If our party will be governed by that standard, I think we could not make a better selection than JOHN B. GUTHRIE, as our candidate.

He has been weighed in the balance and not found wanting.

If we select him, there can be very little doubt that we can elect him, as we did twice before, when our chances were not so favorable as they would seem to be "at this land of poles." M.

We concur in the above.

INVASION OF LOWER CALIFORNIA.—It is stated that private advices have reached Washington from the city of Mexico to the 17th ult., to the effect that letters received there from Teploc, dated on Nov. 12, state two hundred armed men from San Francisco had just landed from the brig Caroline, at the port of La Paz, Lower California, and had taken possession of the town, put the Commanding General in prison, and declared Lower California independent. Great excitement prevailed at Mexico on the 17th ult., when the news was received.

It is said to be likely that Santa Anna may take advantage of this circumstance, and of the agitation it causes among the Mexican people, to proclaim himself Emperor. The invaders are no doubt the same party who recently sailed from San Francisco.

The place where these fillibusters have landed (La Paz,) is a small, unimportant town, in the Gulf of California, about a hundred miles from the southern extremity of the peninsula of Lower California. It has but few inhabitants, and it is not supposed that these few have any means of protecting themselves.

The Boston delegation which proceeded to New York to invite John Mitchel, the Irish exile, to visit Boston, have returned, and report that they were received with great cordiality. Mr. Mitchel accepted the invitation, and intimated that he should visit Boston about Christmas.

Mrs. J. H. Walley, wife of the member elect for Congress, died in Boston on Thursday night of lock-jaw. A son of the late Robert Gould Shaw, Mr. R. G. Shaw, Jr., also died suddenly on Thursday night.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MORNING POST

WASHINGTON CITY, December 1, 1853.

Messrs. Phillips & Gillmore: All the world, "and the rest of mankind," are flocking into this great centre of attraction. Some there are who come to attend to their legitimate business of legislating for the country, whilst others come to assist them in shaping that legislation to suit their own private purposes. Some come to seek for lucrative offices, and others come to look for public plunder. There is a large force now here whose business it is to catch the "green ones" and "new comers," and instruct them in the arts and mysteries, and to organize them into corps, for a general assault on the administration, which, if successful, will open the way to the plundering of the treasury.

The Grand Army is to be composed of three Divisions, under the command of Lieut. Gen. Bronson, each Division to consist of two brigades of two regiments each, and will be commanded as follows:

FIRST DIVISION—MAJ. GEN. JAMES GORDON BENNETT.
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Dickinson, composed of
One Regiment of Hards.....Col. Brady.
" " Anti-Renters.....Col. Cooley.
" " Battalion Subterraneans.....Col. Slam.
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. E. Burk, composed of
One Regiment Wall Street Brokers.....Col. Shell.
" " Speculators.....Col. Law.
SECOND DIVISION—MAJ. GEN. JAMES WARNOR WEAN.
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. John M. Botts, composed of
One Regiment Silver Greys.....Col. Toombs.
" " Strong Minded Women...Col. Abby Kelly
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Corwin, composed of
One Regiment Short Boys.....Col. Collier.
" " Sappers and Miners.....Col. Gardner.
THIRD DIVISION—MAJ. GEN. FRED. DOUGLASS.
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Seward, composed of
One Regiment Free Negroes.....Col. Hale.
" " Runaway Niggers.....Col. W. Phillips
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Lester, composed of
One Regiment Gulphins.....Col. Crawford.
" " Letter Writers.....Col. Grunde.

I had no idea that Gen. Bronson could have brought such an immense force into the field so go short a notice, but it seems that he is possessed of great personal energy, and that he enjoys the entire confidence of the whole army, "niggers" and all. It is generally supposed that the first assault will be made on the treasury, as the possession of that fortress and the funds are very necessary to sustain the army during the siege. But there stands "Old Kentucky," who will without doubt make a terrific defence, supported, as he will be, by Marcy's artillery, which always tells with wonderful effect on the rear of his enemies.

These people will be defeated and scattered to the four winds of Heaven, as they deserve to be. There is no real virtue in their assault on the defenders of the Union. There has been no act of the President, so far, to cause the mass of the people to doubt his patriotism or political integrity, and until something of that kind does occur the democracy of the nation will not desert him. What do the great masses of the people care about the offices, so that they are filled by honest, faithful and competent democrats? What do the democrats of Pennsylvania care about the war of the "shelle" in New York, or about the "Adamantines," "Anti-Renters," "Buck-Tails," "Free Soilers," "Barnburners," "Anti-Masons," "Subter-neans," &c., &c., by all which names they are, and have been known and designated, for a third of a century.

The Keystone Democracy cannot be lugged into such a fight. Her Democracy know no isms; they make no loud professions, no boisterous denunciations; but when the Union is in real danger, she looms up a head and shoulders taller than any of her sisters. In times of danger, she is the polar star, to which the Democracy of the Union turn their eyes, as naturally and surely as the sunflower turns to the bright luminary of day.

These New York patriots would have the world believe that they were the saviours of the Union and that they alone are entitled to say who shall and who shall not be taken into the Democratic fold. A great people truly, with greater pretensions. Owing to their factional fights and personal quarrels, they are seldom able to make a united stand against the enemy—having, since President Jefferson's last election, given the vote of their State six times to the Democratic nominees for President, but five times against them. There was the Pennsylvania Democracy during this time? I answer: In the field with their armor on, eager for the fight, and out of eleven pitched battles, only lost two; and those two were occasioned by the shameful desertion of the right wing of the Democratic army, composed of New Yorkers. BELMONT.

EXCITING TRIAL FOR MURDER, AND SUICIDE OF THE CRIMINAL IN COURT.—The Washington (N. C.) Whig brings us an account of the trial of the Rev. George H. Carawan, for the murder of C. H. Lassiter, in Hyde county, North Carolina, in November of last year. Carawan was first arraigned before the Superior Court of Hyde, at the Spring term of this year, and on his affidavit that he could not have justice done him in Hyde, the case was removed to Beaufort. The testimony elicited on the trial, (which closed on the 30th ult., after continuing for one week) is very voluminous. The main facts are as follows:

"Carawan is fifty-six years old, and for many years has been a popular preacher in the Baptist church—a son of strong will; exercising a powerful influence over his friends, and feared as much as hated by his foes. Lassiter was a quiet young man, engaged in the business of teaching. Some months before the murder, Lassiter boarded in the house of Carawan, and a quarrel arose between them. Carawan alleging that Lassiter was too familiar with his (C.s') wife.

"Carawan talked very freely among his neighbors on the subject; said that L. ought to be shot; that shooting was too good for him, and that he and L. could not live in the same neighborhood, &c., and finally tried to get out a place warrant against L., alleging that he had attempted to take his life. He went on this way for some time, when L. sued him for slander, laying the damages at $2,000. A few hours after the writ was served on C., Lassiter was killed.

"He had finished a school on Rose Day, and on Monday, 15th November, 1852, started on foot, with a carpet-bag in his hand, to go to the Lake, where he had engaged another school. About 3 o'clock, P. M., he passed C's house, on his way to the Lake. Shortly after he passed, C. left his house and went across the field towards the woods which lie between the house and the spot on the road where L. was killed, his wife following, with a gun wrapped in her apron. She returned to the house immediately—Carawan not until sundown. That night he was gone, the witness could not tell how long; he was not at home when the witness went to bed. Tuesday he remained at home, but on Wednesday, a rainy day, he took a hoe and went into the woods, and was gone several hours. Thursday, before he was missing, (the people on the Lake thinking he was at the Bay, and the people on the Bay thinking he was at the Lake,) C. went to one of the neighbors and inquired if he had seen anything of L., stating that his (C's) family had seen him pass his house on Monday with a package of clothes, and he was thinking he had run away. Friday evening, when told that the people were searching for L., he expressed great surprise that he should be missing; never had heard anything of it. Saturday morning, the search for L. still going on, he wrote to a friend to come and see him; that L. was missing supposed to be killed, and added that he (C.) was at home all day Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and that he could prove it by Carawan Sawyer, (the main witness on the trial for the State,) his nephew, a boy who was living with him.

"The body of L. was found on Saturday evening, in the swamp back of C.'s house, in an open spot, which was surrounded with briars, underbrush, &c., and which was covered with moss. The moss over the grave had been carefully removed, the grave dug just large enough to hold the body, the body pressed into it, the grave filled up even with the surrounding earth and pressed down, and the moss carefully laid back upon it. The moss leaving no trace of a footprint, there was no sign that any body had ever been there except that the moss over the grave had faded a little, and about a handful of fresh dirt was near it, and a dead limb of a tree had apparently been recently disturbed, the bark, which had evidently just fallen off, lying in one spot and the limb in another. The men who were searching for the body had stopped in this lonely spot to rest, having given up the search for the day, when those appearances attracted their attention, and the body was found.

"L. was killed by gunshot wounds. Several shot were taken from the heart. There were three sizes of shot found in the body, and in one of the barrels of C.'s gun, found in his house, just such shot, and three sizes were found. That night C. left Hyde county, telling his nephew (Sawyer) that if he staid there he should be hung; that he should send for his family, and he (S.) must go with them. Sunday morning he handed from a canoe at Durham's Creek Mills, in Beaufort county, about thirty miles from his home, telling the man who rowed him over that he was after a piece of land which another man was trying to buy, and that was the reason of his hurry, and charging him to keep his movements a secret.

"From this time till his arrest at night in his house, in January following, the State did not show his whereabouts. But, from letters received by the Sheriff of Hyde from Tennessee, it seems he had been in that State preaching under the assumed name of John Forbes.

"After his imprisonment in Hyde county jail, he tried to get a friend to hire the witness Sawyer to go away. He had offered this same witness, before the body of L. was found, a negro if he would swear he (C.) was home all day Monday the murder was committed. And while in Hyde jail, he wrote to a friend (the letters were produced in Court) to get Sawyer out of the way. He had given, he said in one of the letters, Mary (his wife) $500 to get Sawyer off; and if that would not do, give him $1,000; and if that would not do, he (his friend) must get rid of Sawyer 'by hook or by crook,' and not suffer his (C's) neck to be broken.'"

The above are the main facts brought out by the mass of testimony on the trial. The defense set up for the prisoner was that three of the witnesses (including Sawyer) had sworn falsely; that they had committed wilful and deliberate perjury; that it was impossible for Carawan to have gone through the woods after Lassiter passed his house quick enough to have cut him off; and the danger of convicting a man of murder on circumstantial evidence was learnedly, ingeniously and elaborately dwelt upon. But the Whig states that the general—it might say unanimous—opinion of those who heard the trial, is that Carawan was guilty of the murder. He, however, maintained his self-control throughout, even when the clothes worn by Lassiter when he was killed, were exhibited in court, pierced with bullet holes and stained with blood. He is thus described in the Whig:

"Carawan is as fine a looking man as one would find among a thousand—tall, admirably built, with a massive head, showing, with enormous animal passions, large intellect. These passions have destroyed him, having given himself all his life to their unbridled sway. His wife, apparently about his own age, and his three children have been with him during the trial, accompanying him to and from the court-house and jail. It is a melancholy sight."

At half past eight o'clock last Wednesday morning the jury returned into court with a verdict of guilty. The jury was then polled and discharged by the Judge. A recess of the Court for one hour was then ordered, and the crowd commenced leaving the court-room, when two reports of pistols were heard in quick succession. It was found that Carawan had two self-cocking single-barrel pistols. One of them he had discharged at E. J. Warren, Esq. (the counsel for the prosecution who made the closing address to the jury,) who was but slightly wounded, the ball having struck just above his heart and glanced; and with the other Carawan had shot a hole through his own head, and fell a corpse in the prisoner's box!

☞ There was originally the sum of thirty-six millions of dollars, the estate of the Earl of Lancaster, in England, and upon the death of the Earl and his brother, a dispute arose between the House of York and the House of Lancaster, (instituted by the former, because of an intermarriage between the two houses,) the House of York suing for the heirship. The suit was protracted, from the lower to the higher courts, from fifty to a hundred years, and was finally decided at the Exchequer, the Queen's bench, in favor of the House of Lancaster. After this decision, advertisements were scattered abroad over the world, for the heirs of the Lancaster estate, and the mother of Mrs. Clawson, wife of Rev. Samuel Clawson, of Virginia, is one of the heirs. Attorneys are employed by the heirs to secure their interests, and it is supposed the whole affair will be settled up during this winter, when the heirs will receive their portions. The above sum of thirty-six millions has been at interest for more than sixty years, which interest will pay the costs of law, and leave the original clear fat!

INTERESTING FROM NEW MEXICO.—The Santa Fe Gazette, of October 29th, contains letters giving most flattering accounts of the richness of the New Mexican Gold Placers. A letter from the Placers, dated October 15th, describes the erection of six mills for crushing the ore, and though they were not yet fairly at work, the writer has no doubt of their success.

The corner stone of the new building intended for the Capitol of the Territory was laid on the 8th of October, by Governor Merriwether, in presence of a large assemblage of citizens.

The whole vote given in the Territory of New Mexico, at the late election is set down at 9497; of which Governor Lane received 4526, and Gallegos 4071; but the extraordinary vote of San Miguel county—267 for Lane, and 1377 for Gallegos—shows, it is alleged, that there was cheating on a big figure. Indeed, in the county of Santa Fe, it is said, the Grand Jury found 20 odd bills of indictment against men who voted for Gallegos, for perjury and fraudulent voting, and they express the opinion that they were not one-tenth of the number really voting.

DIED:

On Tuesday evening, 6th inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH LINDSEY, aged 58 years.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of the above, (Wednesday) at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her son, John Dunwoody, No. 141 Smithfield street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ AS AN EVIDENCE of what untiring energy can do, through unassisted by every species of misrepresentation and outrage, witness the success of ALF. KEESER, of the "BANNER HAT STORE." Go she, is his name in order to be fashionable—keeping up to, and sometimes ahead of all in his business—keeping up to, and sometimes ahead of all in style. He does business honestly with every one, selling good at lowest prices for cash, and cash only—buying for same medium. Hats at less than cost, is impossible. We advise all our readers, who wish a good hat, or any other article, to go to the "Banner Hat Store," 147 Wood street, next door to the Mansion House. Sixth street. dec7.

925 Reward.

STOLEN, or taken by mistake, from the Lake Shore Train, at the Cleveland Depot, on Saturday evening, 24 inst., a Brussels CARPET BAG, containing a large and valuable amount of over $4,000, payable to the Geauga Iron Company, or to George E. Paine, or endorsed to their order, including two notes against Moses Nicholson & Payne, (of Cleveland, O.,) endorsed by A. S. Nicholson, both dated June 4th, 1853; one for $754.55, due March 4th 1854, and one for $919.95, due June 4th, 1854, payable at Pittsburgh, to the order of George E. Paine, and endorsed in blank by George E. Paine. The above reward of $25 will be paid for the return of the Carpet Bag and contents, and $25 more for the detection of the thief. GEORGE E. PAINE,
Agent Geauga Iron Company.
dec7:1wd

Western Insurance Company.

STATEMENT of the assets of the Western Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, on the 1st day of November, 1853:

Balance due on Stock	$120,500 00
Office Furniture	659 76
Mortgages	1,755 53
Notes received for premiums	31,422 83
Notes and bills discounted	91,782 70
Accounts for premiums	4,891 37
Cash	11,650 52
Estimated amount due on open policies	1,675 00
Estimated amount recoverable from wrecks	2,400 00
	$275,664 80

F. M. GORDON, Secretary.
dec7:1wd

☞ BOOKS RECEIVED TO-DAY, AT 65 MARKET STREET.—The Coming Struggle;
Pearson on Infidelity: a third supply;
Golden Dreams and Leaden Realities.
Wild Scenes and Song Birds; an elegant gift book; by Webber; with 25 colored illustrations.
Homes of American Statesmen; a companion to Homes of American Authors.
Lyrics from the Wide, Wide World; words by Delaney; music by Glover.
Hamilton's Philosophy.
Men and Things in Europe; Hirivan.
Coleridge's Complete Works; 1 lb. vol. ½ calf.
The Czar and Sultan.
Hildreth's Theory of Politics. For sale at Eastern prices, by J. S. DAVISON,
65 Market street, near Fourth.
dec7

TRUNKS AND VALISES—A full assortment always on hand, at low prices.
I. E. HAYWARD,
dec7 Corner Market and Liberty streets.

BOYS AND YOUTH'S BOOTS, of every variety.—Those in want are invited to call—prices reasonable.
I. E. HAYWARD,
dec7 Corner Market and Liberty streets.

THE COMING STRUGGLE; or, THE NEXT FIFTEEN YEARS, according to prophecy; for sale, single or in lots. By mail, pre paid, 13 cents in stamps, a copy.
J. S. DAVISON, 65 Market st.
dec7

STATIONERY, of all kinds and qualities, for sale low by
J. S. DAVISON.
dec7 65 Market street, near Fourth.

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ONE LOT and a THREE STORY HOUSE or STORE, with back Building and Ice House.
Two Lots and a good Brick Dwelling House.
Also, three Lots on Caldwell street.
If the above property is not sold at private sale previous to TUESDAY, January 26, 1854, it will be positively sold on the day to the highest bidder, at the auctioneer's leaving the city, and going West.
ADAM WEAVER,
dec6:tw Penna. Avenue, No. 371.

Administration Notice.

WHEREAS, letters of Administration *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo*, to the estate of BERNARD KANE, late of the City of Pittsburgh, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, to
WILLIAM HANEY, Adm'r,
7th Ward, Pittsburgh.
Or—
MITCHEL & PALMER,
dec6 Attorneys at Law.

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!!—The Illustrated Magazine of Art, for December;
The Popular Educator, for December;
Part VI, the Practical Draughtsman;
The Twin Brothers; or, the Victim of the Press Gang;
A Month in England; by Henry T. Tuckerman.
JUVENILE BOOKS.
In great variety, comprising all the standard juveniles and numerous new and beautiful books, for the approaching holidays.
GIFT BOOKS AND ANNUALS.
Our stock comprises everything published, most of them in superb bindings and elegantly illustrated, forming a magnificent collection.
BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS,
Of every variety of size and style of binding, suitable for holiday gifts, or other purposes.
H. MINER & CO.,
dec6 No. 32 Smithfield street.

NEW BOOKS!—H. P. CALLOW, Dispatch Buildings, has received the following:
Magazine of Art, for December;
No. 6, Practical Draughtsman;
Popular Educator, for December;
The Lady at Home, by Arthur;
The Iron Bell, by Arthur;
The Twin Brothers;
And all the different Magazines for the present month.
And all the different Magazines for the present month.
H. P. CALLOW, Third street.
dec6

TAR—50 bbls for sale by
SMITH & SINCLAIR.
nov30

☞ Cristadoro's Excelsior Liquid Hair Dye.—For instantaneously converting any unbecoming Color of the Hair to a magnificent and lustrous Black or Brown. In a few years from this, no other Dye will be used than this will be sold or heard of. Already it has caused the withdrawal of many caustic dyes from the market. It contains all the elements of the coloring matter with which black and brown hair are supplied by nature. It is absorbed by the vessels that feed the roots of the hair, and circulates like the natural fluid through the interior of every fibre, keeping the whole mass in a moist, healthy condition. Ordinary dyes kill the hair; this increases its vigor. Nothing like it has ever been invented. It stands alone, the most wonderful among all the aids to comeliness which scientific skill has yet compounded. A bottle of it was forwarded about three months ago to one of our most distinguished chemists, with a request that he would favor the proprietor with his opinion of it; the following is an extract from his reply: "I have analyzed your Hair Dye. It contains the constituents of the natural pigment or fluid which black and brown hair owe their color, and is entirely free from any substance that can scorch, burn, or otherwise injure the fibre. I regard it as a happy combination of harmless ingredients, and the colors it imparts are certainly not distinguishable from the finest black or brown derived from nature." In every city and town where agents have been appointed, the "Excelsior Hair Dye" has distinguished itself. The process of application only occupies five minutes; the color is fixed on the instant, and remains unalterable; no stain or unpleasant odor arises from its use.

Sold wholesale and retail at Dr. G. H. KEYSER'S DRUG STORE, corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley. [nov25:d&w

☞ A Great Blessing to the Afflicted.—Dr. M'Lane, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, used these pills for several years in his practice, before he could be induced to offer them to the public in such a manner as to make them known throughout the country. This learned physician felt the same repugnance that all high-minded men of science feel in entering the lists against those unscrupulous empirics who obtrude their useless nostrums upon the public, and rely upon a system of puffing to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real virtue of the Liver Pills, and influenced by the plain dictates of duty, the Doctor finally sacrificed his delicate feelings on the altar of public good. His great medicine has not disappointed the expectations of the medical practitioners, at whose instance he was induced to forego his inclinations. From every quarter do we hear the most gratifying accounts of its wonderful curative effects—the East and the West, the North and the South, are alike laden with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted. These wonderful Pills have completely conquered the great scourge of America, the Liver Complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and by the sole proprietors.
FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
nov18:daw 60 Wood street.

☞ New Goods!—FRESH ARRIVAL of every description of Cloth, Cassimeres, Overcoatings, and Vestings, suitable for the season. Also, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Stocks, Suspenders, Gloves, Hdkfs., &c. Also, a full assortment of Ready-made Clothing, Trunks, Carpet Bags, and Umbrellas, wholesale and retail. Those wishing to purchase good articles, and at a fair price, would do well to call at R. GRIBBLE'S CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 240 LIBERTY street, head of Wood, and you will not go away disappointed. nov22

☞ Assignees' Notice.—The undersigned, Assignees of EDWARD HEAZLETON, hereby notify all persons indebted to said Heazleton to call and make payment, and all persons having claims against him, will please present them for settlement.

The Store will be kept open to sell out the Stock of Goods on hand about sixty days from this date, where W. H. KINCAID, one of the Assignees, will be found.
REUBEN MILLER, Jr.,
GEORGE A. BERRY,
WILLIAM H. KINCAID, } Assignees.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 18, 1853. [oct21:4w*]

☞ Neuralgia.—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

Dr. F. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others who were suffering nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success.

He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen, and the best blood purifier known.

☞ See advertisement in another column. [nov17:4aw1m

CODFISH—Just received.
10 casks prime Codfish,
5 bbls No. 1 Salmon,
200 lbs smoked Salmon,
20 bbls fulcd Herring,
20 do No. 3 Mackerel,
150 boxes Burlington scaled and No. 1 smoked Herring,
For sale low for cash by BENJ HAWORTH,
dec6 Corner of Diamond and Diamond alley.

200 BOXES FIRE CRACKERS, No. 1.
50 do Jackson do
20,000 Torpedoes.
1 case Nutmegs,
20 kegs Cooking Raisins.
Received and for sale by
J. C. ANDERSON & CO., No. 6 Wood st.
dec6

A NEW BRICK HOUSE, of hall, 5 rooms and finished attic, with lot of 22 feet front on Ross st., near Penn, in borough, by 100 deep to Carpenter's alley, with fruit and shade trees. Price $1100. Terms easy.
S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third st.
dec6

ATTENTION, LADIES.

HAVING determined to close out our entire stock of Silk, Satin, Velvet and Gro De Afric RIBBONS before the 1st of January, *at greatly reduced prices*—at prices that we defy competition in the city—call and see our BONNETS, and satisfy yourselves.

Our gentlemanly old friend next door
Is being alarmed at his expenses;
Notwithstanding he is there more and more—
But he cannot compete with the SPENCES.

Now Ladies, you must bear in mind,
In order to save expenses:
Get a BONNET of the right kind,
At the Fancy Store of SPENCES.

☞ Remember the place, No. 52 MARKET st., between Second and Third streets, at the sign of the Chest Bonnet Store. [dec6] M. J. & C. SPENCE.

500 DRUMS FIGS.
250 boxes M. R. Raisins,
150 half boxes M. R. Raisins;
200 " " " "
300 boxes Fancy Toys;
100 " Motto Lozenges.
Receiving and for sale by
J. C. ANDERSON & CO., No. 6 Wood st.
dec5

A. A. MASON & CO., No. 25 FIFTH street, will open this morning, a large variety of Ladies' Cloth Cloaks and Talmas. dec5

A. A. MASON & CO. have just opened a fine lot of wool Plaids, for Ladies' Scarfs. dec5

WOOL SHAWLS—5000 on hands, and daily receiving Long and Square Woolen Shawls of every quality.
A. A. MASON & CO., No. 25 FIFTH st.
dec5

PLAID DE LAINES—Just received, and on hand, an excellent assortment of Plaid De Laines, fine styles.
A. A. MASON & CO., No. 25 FIFTH st.
dec5

PLAID PRINTS—Fast cass Plaid Prints, warranted fast colors, just received.
A. A. MASON & CO.,
dec5 No. 25 Fifth street.

SELLING OFF.

GREAT CHANCES

FOR BARGAINS!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform their friends and the citizens generally that they are about closing out their large and well selected stock of

RICH AND ELEGANT CARPETINGS,

lately purchased in the East, from the Manufacturers and Importers, which, for variety, style and quality, are unsurpassed—consisting of

VELVET TAPESTRY AND BRUSSELS,

Of splendid designs, selected expressly for our City Retail Trade, and at lower prices than would now cover the cost of importation.

IMPERIAL, EXTRA and SUPER THREE-PLY CARPETS, from the most celebrated manufactories in the United States; colors warranted. Ingrain Carpets of all kinds; Venitian, Hall and Stair Carpets; Wool and Hemp Dutch Carpets; together with a large assortment of Oil Cloths, 4ply, Rugs, Matting, Table and Piano Covers, &c.

The entire stock will positively be sold the present season, to make room for other goods.
G. B. HEADLY & CO.
dec3

EXCHANGE AND BANKING HOUSE
OF
A. WILKINS & CO.,
UNITED STATES BANK BUILDING,
No. 57 and 59 Fourth Street,
PITT