Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS.....GEORGE F. GILMORE.

Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING:.....DECEMBER 6.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We have now employed in our Job Office an unusual number of excellent job printers, and are prepared to execute all orders with neatness unsurpassed, and with a speed that *shall* not be beat.

RUSSIAN PROJECTS AND PROSPECTS.

The friends of Russia are now saying that Russia was bound to be beaten in the first campaign against Turkey; that such has always been the case in the wars of that empire; but that in the end she always comes out victorious. Such may be the result in the present war; but we would still prefer the moral effect of victory in the first campaign; and are glad that it is yet with Turkey. Before the Emperor of Russia can prepare for a second campaign, Turkey will have armies and allies in the field, powerful enough to maintain its position for a second campaign. This war involves many nations of Europe and Asia in its vicissitudes and results; and will not be decided *by arms* without a desperate conflict. The aims of Russia extend far beyond the conquest of Turkey. The revolution in China will produce important changes in the condition of that empire. It is a war of races. The revolutionists, it is well known, aim to drive out the Tartar race and dynasty, that has ruled the empire for more than two centuries. But, under this Tartar dynasty was embraced, within the Chinese empire, Chinese Tartary, or Manchouria, the great northern Tartar province of the old empire. The success of the Chinese revolution will set free that vast province, as well as Khokan, Tashkeng, Thibet, and many other provinces of central Asia, that are connected with China proper only by the fact of a Tartar dynasty ruling in China. That rule at an end, their connection with China ends; and they become a sure and easy acquisition of Russia. The Chinese race, professing christianity, can never reduce them to obedience. They are Bhuddists, and belong to a political party already in the interest of Russia; and will doubtless soon form a part of the vast Russian empire; and will carry with them to their new master the pretexts for an invasion of China, when he is not otherwise employed. That Russia has such designs in view is already apparent from her operations in central Asia, and intrigues and influence with the Bhuddists of China. The time is uncertain, but the event is scarce doubtful, that the Russian sway will be extended over double its present territory, and three times its present population, in eastern and central Asia.

The conquest of Turkey, and the possession of Constantinople as the seat of its empire, would give to Russia the control of two-thirds of the continent of Asia, and the half of Europe. In the possession of Russia, Constantinople would become one of the most important and commanding cities of the world: and its conquest will never be relinquished by Russia; though it may be delayed for a time, by the interposition of the western powers of Europe.

The late successes of Turkey cannot last long. The strength of Russia for the conflict is manifest from its audacity. The comparative weakness of Turkey is equally manifest from its appeal to western Europe for help. The success of that appeal is still doubtful. France will doubtless stand firm in favor of Turkey; but with Lord Palmerston at the head of the foreign department of the English cabinet, the action of England in the contest is doubtful; for a more treacherous and faithless ally and friend than "Henry John Lord Viscount Palmerston," England has seldom produced. Unless Turkey has better hopes and surer resources than reliance upon him, her peril is great indeed.

On the whole, while sympathising with Mohomedan Turkey in this momentous struggle, we look upon her chances as desperate, notwithstanding her recent and gallant efforts, and success. The struggle may be protracted and bloody; but the giant power of the north, it seems to us, must in the end prevail: and the consequences of that result will be felt over half the world of mankind.

MONONGALIA MIRROR.

We have discovered, to our astonishment, that there is a paper published at Morgantown; and that it is called by the above name: and we have further discovered, to our grief and horror, that its editor is fearfully enraged at Lecky Harper, Esq., and the Pittsburgh *Post*. Mr. H. has no connection whatever with the *Post*, but our Morgantown "brudder" is not aware of that fact. But such a be-laboring as the old *Post* gets in the last *Mirror* "we never did see." And the sin of ours, which has brought this terrible infliction upon us, was merely making a pun or two, while speaking of a meeting at Morgantown, some time ago, in relation to the Slackwater improvement of the Monongahela river.

We will be more careful hereafter. If the *Mirror* will let us off this time without further punishment, we will sin no more in that direction, if we can help it. There: will that satisfy you, Mr. Brigade? Pray don't come down on the old *Post* so hard again. We feel hurt about it.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH REVIEW AND OPERATOR'S COMPANION: Edited by JAMES D. REED.—We have received a copy of this interesting work from our friend, Col. Hugus. It is of much interest to every person interested in the Telegraph business. It is embellished with a most life like portrait of Gen. J. K. MOORHEAD, with a very interesting biography of this popular gentleman.

A FAST LIKE GALLOP.—We have received from Madame CHARLOTTE BLUME a beautiful piece of music, bearing the above title, composed by JAMES N. BECK, and dedicated "To the President and Directors of the Great Pennsylvania Central Railroad." Apart from the excellence of the music, the maps on the title-page is worth more than double the price of a copy.

For the Morning Post.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The time is approaching when a selection should be made by each of the great political parties, of a suitable candidate to fill the office of Mayor of this city.

Our democratic party has many well qualified men in the city to present, but as we have to contend against a strong federal aristocratic money power and desperado influence, (that may be purchased by money,) we should take the precaution to select a democratic candidate that is particularly well qualified to fill the office; and such a one as the voters of all parties may have full confidence in and respect for. If our party will be governed by that standard, I think we could not make a better selection than JOHN B. GUTHRIE, as our candidate.

He has been weighed in the balance and not found wanting.

If we select him, there can be very little doubt that we can elect him, as we did twice before, when our chances were not so favorable as they would seem to be "at this load of poles." M.

We concur in the above.

THE LATE BANK ROBBERY IN NEW YORK.—Two men, named Stevenson and Baker, have been arrested at Toledo, Ohio, on the charge of attempting to rob a returned Californian. A package of bills on the Bank of the State of New York, amounting to about $190, was found on one, and skeleton keys, a box of jewelry, and a loaded revolver, on the other. It will be remembered that on or about the 31st of October last, the Bank of the State of New York was robbed of bills of its own issue to the amount of $27,610, and up to this date, no clue to the thief or thieves has been had. Suspicion arose, and the Mayor held the prisoners in custody until witnesses from New York city could arrive.

Naval Forces in the East.

Our readers will doubtless feel interested in the following naval statistics:

English Fleet.

The English fleet, which rendezvoused a short time since at Malta, in readiness to act in conjunction with the French fleet, in the event of an attempt to pass the Dardanelles on the part of the Russian naval force, was composed of the following vessels:

Ships.	Guns.		
Britannia	120	guns,	3 decker
Trafalgar	120	"	"
Rodney	92	"	line of bat. ship
Albion	90	"	"
Bellerophon	78	"	frigate.
Arethusa	50	"	"
Indefatigable	50	"	"
Phaeton	50	"	"
Modeste	18	"	Corvette.
Tiger	16	"	"
Sampson	407	one horse-power,	steam frig.
Retribution	400	"	"
Niger	400	"	"
Scourge	450	"	"
Firebrand	410	"	"
Fury	512	"	"
Spiteful	280	"	steam Corvette
Oberon	260	"	"
Spitfire	360	"	"

French Fleet.

The French squadron in the Mediterranean, under the command of Vice Admiral de Lusse, and Rear Admiral Jacquinot, consists of the following:—

Ville de Paris, Le Valmy and Le Montebello, 3 deckers, rated at 120 guns

Le Napoleon, 100 guns, and Le Charlemagne, 90 guns, screw line of battle ships.

Le Bayard, Le Henri IV., and Le Jupiter, line of battle ships, 100 guns each.

Le Magadore, Le Sane and Le Magellan, steam frigates, 32 guns each.

Le Caton, steam sloop, 6 guns.

To be joined on arrival in the Levant by the following vessels, viz:

Le Gomez, of 450 horse power,	steam frigate.		
Le Chaptal, of 220 horse power,	steam sloop.		
Le Heron,	200	do	do.
Le Naival,	160	do	do.
Le Scentinelle,	120	do	do.

Turkish Fleet.

The Turkish fleet, it will be seen from the annexed list, is very far from insignificant. It is pretty well manned, and has a reserve on shore of 7,000 men, to supply vacancies. The ships are well found too, both in arms and equipments, and their gunners are skilful.

Ships.	Guns.	Men.	Ships.	Guns.	Men.
Navik-i-bahri	90	900	Kaidi-sefer	60	450
Nesr-i-sefer	62	600	Kaval-itaat	50	450
Tarsali-ist	60	600	Sherif-ummar	50	180
Tarsali-sefer	60	600	Teflik-sefi	22	180
Fatsi Norbout	60	600	Gal-refia	22	180
Mahmoudieh	124	1220	Djal-ferah	18	150
Mahmoudieh	84	1140	Nasamieh	6	150
Nememi sefer	50	450	Nadjat-ler	22	180
Pelkes Mess	80	710	Nedjini Fer	14	150
Pelkes Nouvelle	74	710	Nedjini Zefer	14	150
Mirreichi	74	710	Fethi Valeni	20	150

Steamers.			Men.
Mejedik, 450 horse power			200
Taif, 450	"	"	200
Fatsi Vahri, 450	"	"	200
Takl Shadi, 450	"	"	200
Kenyi Djedid, 500	"	"	300
Kregli 150	"	"	150
Mesceri Djedid, 120	"	"	150
Tari Vahri, 120	"	"	150
Mochberi Souver 650	"	"	300
Mimbarkhi	"	"	2 fitting out.
Fourich	"	"	2 " out.

Besides several smaller vessels fitting out. The armaments of the line of battle ships and frigates are 32 pounders.

Egyptian Fleet in the Bosphorus.

Ships.	Guns.	Men.	Ships.	Guns.	Men.
Shoubabad	94	900	Theslibud	54	450
Aleppo	100	1000	Samah Baho	58	450
Mahjidabad	100	1000	Tahul Hahi	30	180
Baharati	61	500	Surbar	18	120
Nour (s)	62	600	Nile (s)	4	80
Damietta	54	450	Bouchaiboo	4	80

Russian Fleet.

The following composed the Russian fleet in the Black Sea, a short time since, ready for a descent on Constantinople, in case of a difficulty occurring between the two powers:

Ships.	Guns.		
Varna	84	guns,	3 decker.
Deona Apotres	120	do	do
Rostilar	120	do	do
Ivistoslar	120	do	do
Selafond	120	do	do
Trois Iwrarchies	150	do	do
Twis Ierarchies	84	do	line of bat. ship
Sultan Mahmond	84	do	do
Uriel	84	do	do
Jagondib	84	do	do
Chabrey	84	do	do
Crezten	84	do	do
Silistria	84	do	do
Agatapol	60	do	frigate.
Midia	60	do	do
Kovama	60	do	do
Brailow	60	do	do
Flora	60	do	do
Mislavin	60	do	do
Lizopol	60	do	do
Kagal	60	do	do
Gylote	24	do	corvette.
Iphigenie	24	do	do
Greste	37	do	do
Andromaque	24	do	do
Perron	34	do	do
Calypso	18	do	do

To which must be added brigs, transports and light vessels.

From the Washington Sentinel.

Democratic Caucus.

Agreeably to the call, the democratic members of the House of Representatives convened in the hall of the House at 6 o'clock last evening, and organized by choosing Hon. Edson B. Olds, of Ohio, as chairman, and Hon. Colin N. Ingersol, of Connecticut, and Hon. John G. Davis, of Indiana, secretaries.

The rules of the last House were adopted as the rules of this meeting.

Hon. P. F. Stanton, of Tennessee, offered a series of resolutions, affirming the principles of the Baltimore platform, in favor of carrying out the principles of the late inaugural, opposing all interference, by the administration, in State politics, including an extract from Thomas Jefferson, in point, &c.

On a point of order these resolutions were voted out. An appeal was taken, which was not sustained.

The meeting then proceeded to ballot for Speaker, with the following result:

First ballot: Linn Boyd, 45; James L. Orr, 35; David T. Disney, 31; Thomas B. Babcock, 1. Whole number 118.

Second ballot: Boyd, 61; Orr, 23; Disney, 31. Whole number 118.

Hon. Linn Boyd, of Kentucky, was therefore declared to be nominated.

The meeting next proceeded to ballot for the remaining officers of the House in succession, with the following results:

John W. Forney was nominated for Clerk on the first ballot—the only opposing candidate being Hon. R. L. Young.

Mr. Glossbrenner was nominated for Sergeant-at-Arms, without opposition.

Mr. McKnew was nominated for Door-Keeper on the 2d ballot.

Mr. Johnson was nominated for Postmaster, without opposition.

It will therefore be perceived that all the officers of the last Congress were nominated.

LATER NEWS FROM MEXICO.—By advices from Mexico to the 17th ult., the New Orleans Picayune learns that the drawing for the conscription having been badly done, the Government has ordered it to be made anew, and that the whole process be gone over afresh with the greatest possible exactness. The drawing for the standing army is to take place on the 12th February; and on the 13th March the drawing for militia on service shall take place.

It is now quite certain that the construction of the railroad from the city of Mexico to Tacubaya will be commenced on the 1st December. The works will be inaugurated by the President with great pomp. This will be the first attempt in the railroad line in Mexico, and if good policy prevails, will not be the last.

Awful accounts of the depredations of the Indians in the frontier States reach the Capital by every mail. The savages are carrying on a sanguinary war against the unfortunate inhabitants in the north of Mexico, and the General Government, it seems, is unable to render them any help.

THE PATENT OFFICE.—Among the patents granted in 1852, is one for frosting the surface of glass plate by covering it with sand, pebbles, and water, and rocking it backwards and forwards, so that the sand will pass over the surface. Another was for a camphine lamp, the wick of which is surrounded by a chamber filled with water, to extinguish the lamps if they should be accidentally upset. Another for a machine for making patent medicine, which, considering the amount of drugs annually passing through the human stomach, is not undeserving of notice. The ingredients are fed in between cylinders, and they come out manufactured pills. Just the machine for cholera times.

DISASTER TO THE CALIFORNIA PACKET, AND FIFTEEN LIVES LOST.—Advices from Limerick, Ireland, state that the brig California Packet, McNelly, sailed from Broadhaven on the 3d ult., with four hundred tons of iron, and fifty passengers, for New York. On the next day, having sprung aleak, her crew and passengers were compelled to take to the boats, two of which floated about the sea for several days, during which fifteen persons, after great suffering, died. The rest were subsequently picked up.

"DOVETAILING."—In the western stage coaches, with their three seats, each seat accommodating three passengers, the arrangements of legplacing not unfrequently leads to outbreaks of ire. A fat old lady got into a coach at Peoria, whose uncompromising rotundity and snappishness of temper, combined with a most uncomodating pair of "limbs," rendered her the most undesirable vis-a-vis that a traveler could possibly be afflicted with. The modest, bashful ness of the individual sitting before her, prevented his remonstrating; so after unmitigated suffering for fifty miles, borne with christian resignation, he disappeared from the scene of martyrdom, and his place was occupied by a hardfeatured captain of one of the lake steamboats, whose sternness and determination of purpose plainly indicated that he was warned of the purgatory in store for him, and was resolved to grapple gallantly with the difficulty.

As he took his seat, and bent his head to the right and left over his fences, looking, as it were, for some place to bestow his legs, an ominous silence prevailed in the rocking conch, and all anxiously awaited the result of the attack which this bold man was evidently meditating.

The skipper certainly imagined that this pantomimic indications of discomfort would have a slight effect, but when the contrary was the result, and the uncompromising knees wedged him into a corner, he turned purple with emotion, and bending towards his tormentor, he solemnly exclaimed—

"I guess, marm, it's got to be done any how, sooner or later, so you and I marm, must "dove tail."

The lady bounded from her seat aghast at the mysterious proposal, exclaiming: "Must what sir-r?"

"Dovetail, marm you and I have got to dovetail, and no two ways about it."

"Dovetail me, you inhuman savage?" she roared out, shaking her fist in the face of the skipper, who shrunk alarmed into the corner: "dovetail a lone woman in a christian country! If that's law on earth, sir-r, and in the State of Illinoy, I'll have you hanged!"

"Driver, stop the coach!" she shrieked from the window; "I go no farther with this man; my husband shall learn of this, as sure as shooting. Open the door, I say, and let me out!"

And in spite of all our expostulations and explanations of the science of "dovetailing," (that is, the process of mutually accommodating each other's legs,) she actually left the coach, and sought shelter in a house at the road side, and we heard her as we drove off, muttering, "dove tail me, will they? the Injine savages! if that's law in Illinoy, I'll have him hanged!".

AN AGED MAN.—Mr. George Roush, residing in Mason county, Va., on the Ohio river, is now in his 94th year, having been born on the 19th day of August, 1760. He has 13 children, 75 grand-children, 102 great-grand-children, and 4 great-great-grand-children. He is hale and hearty, and can ride on horseback 40 miles a day with ease. He has resided in this section of the country since he was very young, and relates many tales of early border life with much interest.

He tells a story of his being on horseback, when quite young, on a young horse, and having ridden to a house in the outskirts of Pittsburgh, around which there were some twenty Indians collected. As he came up a big Indian came out of the house, stepped up, saying, "me good friend," and offered him one hand while he slipped off his horse's bridle with the other, and gave it a severe blow. The frightened horse run off with a great deal of the white man's luck, but he at length brought up at a farm house, where he borrowed another bridle, and rode back. Before he reached the house, he cut the butt of a hoop-pole, and rode up holding it down on the opposite side of his horse with one hand. All the Indians were out, sitting on the ground. The big Indian again came up, laughing, "Me friend, me fun." He rose up in his stirrups, and struck the Indian just as he was about slipping off his bridle again, and then putting spurs to his horse rode off. There was a bend in the road, and the whole troop of Indians ran across the field, whooping like devils. He but just escaped with his life. He heard afterwards that the Indian never moved after he struck him. He did not tell it, nor visit Pittsburgh again for years.—*Wheeling Times.*

AMERICAN INDEBTEDNESS.—A writer in the New York Journal of Commerce makes the following estimate:

The total debt of the United States.	$58,000,000
The total debt of the Individual States, both *absolute* and *contingent*, according to the census of 1850, was about	209,000,000
The number of miles of railroad in the United States, finished, is	13,000
In progress	12 000
Total	25,000
On which, admitting that bonds on every road in the country to the extent of $10,000 per mile had been issued, the am't. would be.	250,000,000
Total, Government, State and quasi railroad debt	$400,000,000

What amount of this indebtedness is held abroad is a question about which doctors differ.

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.—It is said the Czar is one of the tallest men in the world, and drinks champagne before breakfast. He is very tall, and, a recent work says, "is very proud of it: too proud, perhaps, as he has acquired the habit of certain airs, which often give him a strong resemblance to a peacock, when about to spread his tail. It is a fact well known in St. Petersburg, that every well grown man newly recruited for the guard is called into the Emperor's presence, who measures heights with him. His air is serious, his glance wild, even a little savage. His majesty has something hard mattern in it: his gestures are abrupt, and he cuts his words in pronouncing them. The Emperor never shows himself but in the military costume, the stiffness of which is in perfect keeping with his tastes, and which makes his great height still more conspicuous. Meanwhile there is a want of ease in his movements; since a fall from his horse, he drags one leg after him, in a disagreeably inelegant manner."

THE LATE PRIZE FIGHT.—The Philadelphia Sun gives the following account of the brutal encounter, near Phœnixville, Pa., on Thursday, between a man named Sloan or Sludden, from Baltimore, and another named Bradley, from Moyamensing:

"Sloan was terribly and shockingly mutilated At the commencement of the fight, Sloan appeared to be the better man, but at the fourth round he came to time with blood streaming from his mouth. After eight rounds had been fought, Sloan became very weak, and staggered up for some more, a perfect gore of blood, to receive the blows of his adversary. At the thirteenth round Bradley was proclaimed the victor, when Sloan was taken from the ground, presenting a most horrible appearance. We earnestly trust that both the parties may be brought to justice, and the extreme penalty of the law be meted out to them."

BLENNERHASSETT'S SLAVE.—The Jefferson, Texas *Herald*, tells the following:

"At the refuge plantation of Capt. James C. Scott, is an old negro man, the property of the Captain, who formerly belonged to Blennerhassett. He was on Blennerhassett's Island at the time the force of militia was sent to arrest him, for his connection with the Burr conspiracy. He remembers distinctly, and can relate many incidents in connection with the rumaging and mutilation of his master's elegant mansion on that occasion, and speaks indignantly of the outrage and insult to his mistress, who, it will be remebered, remained there after the flight of her husband. He describes Aaron Burr as being the finest gentleman he ever saw, and says, "white women in these days can't come nigh up to what Mrs. Blennerhassett was. When speaking of Blennerhassett and his family, the old slave is often moved to shed tears."

TREATMENT OF HEBREWS BY AUSTRIA.—The Hebrew citizens of Albany, N. Y., have held a meeting to express their indignation at "the late atrocious, tyrannical, and arbitrary act of Francis Joseph of Austria, by which he has deprived 700,000 of his Jewish subjects of the inalienable rights of man." They adopted a long series of resolutions, in the preamble to which they say that in consequence of the cruel and despotic decree of the Austrian tyrant, the Jewish Bankers of London, viz: Messrs. Adam Spielman & Co., Baum & Co., Monteau Brothers, and Abraham Baner & Co., have agreed not to deal in Austrian stocks, and a Hebrew member of the Stock Exchange has also thrown a large quantity of Austrian stock on the market "in not worth keeping." This example they urge all friends of religion and political liberty to follow, throughout the world.

ARREST OF A FEMALE AT HAVANA.—A lady, the wife of a Creole gentleman, named Silva, a family well and favorably known in Havana, was, it is said, lately thrown into prison there. She has since been placed in the especial custody of the administrator of the prison, or some high official of the institution, who is responsible for her safety. Madame Silva is to be tried for mutilated about the sea for several days, during which fifteen persons, after great suffering, died. The rest were subsequently picked up.

DAMAGES BY THE LOPEZ EXPEDITON.—In the Havana *Diario de la Marina*, of the 28th October, there appears an authorized and final report of the operations of the relief committee for compensating persons in Cuba, for the injuries suffered by them in consequence of the invasion of the island by Lopez and his confederates, and it appears that the whole sum of money contributed for the purpose was $285,893 38. All of this was paid to the sufferers or their surviving relatives, except $5,165 not yet claimed, and $19,817 18 surplus, which latter amount, by the recommendation of the Captain General, has been handed over to the Treasurer of the College of Public Instruction.

ALL A MISTAKE.—The Boston Pilot says that the statement which is going the rounds, that a "Mr. Beck, of Somerville, Massachusetts, has renounced Romanism, and conveyed to the Episcopal Church the large property known as the 'Catholic Orphan Asylum,' in that town," is not true, for the following reasons: that Mr. Beck never was a Roman Catholic, and there is no such property in that town, known as a "Catholic Orphan Asylum."

Alexander Dumas has applied to the French Government for permission to have his forthcoming journal cried and sold in the public streets of Paris. The subject was deliberated upon in Cabinet Council. The decision was that no exception could be made even for a paper exclusively literary.

DIED:

On Sabbath evening, at half-past seven o'clock, Mrs. CAROLINE SCOTT, in the 35th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on this day, (Monday,) at 10 o'clock, A. M. from the residence of her husband, on Darragh street, adjoining R. Hall's plow factory, Allegheny City.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seventh Ward.—The tax-payers of the Seventh Ward will meet THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, the 6th instant, at 7 o'clock, P. M., at the Seventh Ward School House, to take into consideration the inquitous measure proposed at the last meeting of Councils by the "Old Hunkers," in relation to grading and paving.

dec6:1t

TO THE EDITORS OF THE PITTSBURGH MORNING POST—SIRS: In Pittsburgh, where the purity and excellence of WOLFE'S SCHNEIDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS are well known and extensively appreciated, the pamphlet which accompanies this letter, and of which I have sent a considerable number of copies for free distribution, will not, I think, be uninteresting. It contains, as you will perceive, extracts from the letters of hundreds of physicians of the first eminence, and editorial articles from the periodical press, endorsing, in the most unequivocal manner, the superior quality of my Schnapps, and giving unanswerable reasons why it should be preferred to all other alcoholic liquor, both as a beverage and for medicinal purposes.

I invite the attention of your readers to the quotations from the pamphlet, at the close of this communication. When professional men, holding the high positions of D. L. Motz, Beck, Chaleoner, Calkins, and Chit'den, unite in pronouncing my Schnapps a healthful, unadulterated, and remedial article, and when I add to the opinion of the curative efficacy of a pure Holland Gin which they have proven the Schnapps to be, the testimony contained in the letters from almost hundreds of members of the faculty, of which those contained in my pamphlet are merely specimens, I think it will be conceded that there is not a peg left to hang a doubt upon. In Pittsburgh, as in other parts of the Union, the baneful effects of adulterated liquors are doubtless witnessed and deplored. It is the opinion of the writer that if pure Holland Gin and pure liquors are doubtless witnessed and deplored. It is the opinion of the writer that if pure Holland Gin and pure liquors, of which my Schnapps is a depraved specific for alcohol. Every time that appetite seeks relief for its cravings from the same poisonous source that created it, fresh fuel is added to this fire, and the poor inebriate becomes, in time, a confirmed drunkard, the inmate of houses, lunatic asylums, prisons and graves are filled with the victims of adulterated and acrid stimulants. Would it not be well for the community at large, if the use of a moderate quantity of which satisfies the appetite, instead of rousing and exasperating it, could everywhere be substituted for divugent brandies and gins, the use of which so rapidly transfers the bestted drunkard to the hospital and the cemetery? The public opinion of Pittsburgh, I am glad to know by the rapid increase in my sales, which have now reached an average of 1500 per week.

I would caution your readers against an iniquitous imposition which I understand to be somewhat prevalent in the West. I am informed that common gin, an active poison, is sometimes retailed as "SCHNAPPS," under cover of my bottles and labels. My agents are on the alert to detect all such frauds, and I shall publish the names of those engaged in them.

ADOLPHO WOLFE,
Sole Importer, New York City.

LABORATORY, New York, May 2, 1853.

MR. ADOLPHO WOLFE—*Dear Sir:* I cannot speak too highly of the purity of your Schiedam Schnapps. It is decidedly superior to anything of the kind in the market. It is entirely free from the deleterious fusel oil, or any of the pernicious compounds which produce such a mischievous and irreparable effect upon the constitution, and which very few samples of alcoholic distilled liquors are entirely free from, being largely impregnated with it. I have personally inspected the various processes of distillation practiced at Schiedam, and I know that unscrupulous men seek to separate the noxious elements from the pure alcohol—and your Schnapps is a striking proof of the success. As a medical agent for chronic and renal affections, I have successfully prescribed it, and recommend it as an agreeable cordial and harmless stimulant. As a diuretic, I regard it as well as to use it as a source of pure alcohol, for chemical investigations and experiments.

Your obedient servant,
ISAIAH DECK,
Consulting Analytical Chemist.

DR. CHARLES A. LEE, Commissioner of Health, Baltimore, writes as follows in relation to the value of Schnapps as a remedy in chronic catarrhal complaints, &c. The letter is dated July 27, 1852:

I take great pleasure in bearing highly creditable testimony to the efficacy as a remedial agent in the diseases for which you recommend it. Having a natural tendency to the mucous surfaces, with a slight degree of stimulation, I regard it as one of the most important remedies in chronic catarrhal affections, particularly those of the genito-urinary apparatus. With much respect, your obedient servant.

C. A. LEE, M. D.

DR. Chaloner, of Philadelphia, who is well known to be opposed to the use of ordinary alcoholic stimulants, thus endorses the Schnapps:

PHILADELPHIA, July 15, 1853.

MR. ADOLPHO WOLFE, No. 22 Beaver st., N. Y.—Dear Sir: Last season the writer received through you a few gallons of a bottle of Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps, and since that period has presented the same in certain forms of urinary complaints; also in cases of debility in aged persons, and the Schnapps has been of much benefit to those into it. * * In conclusion, where a diuretic and stimulant is required, I should use the Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps. Thanking you for your kindness, I am respectfully yours,

A. D. CHALONER, M. D.,
No. 150 South 8th st.

DR. C. ROBBINS, of Boston, celebrated for the cure of epileptic fits, &c., reminder of the great difficulty of procuring a pure Holland gin, and speaks of the Schiedam Schnapps as follows, under date of Dec. 5, 1850:

I have commenced your article to four cases, two in Connecticut, one in Vermont, and one in Rhode Island. An article of this merit must be needed. I have been able to find a substitute in the materia medica for your Schnapps.

C. ROBBINS.

DR. G. GALKINS, town Physician and Surgeon, Norwich, Connecticut, says, in a letter dated Jan. 14, 1853:

I consider your Schiedam Schnapps a superior article, and one that will not come short of our highest expectations. It is an article the medical fraternity have long wanted. I have used it for fifth every patient among those I have referred me as soon as you can conveniently, twelve bottles. (dec6:1t&w)

C. GALKINS.

United States Patent Office,
Washington, Dec. 2, 1852.

ON the petition of Henry Burden, of Troy, New York, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the second of September, 1840, and antedated record March, 1840, for an improvement in machinery for making horse-headed nailes, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the second day of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, (1854.)

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 13th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, M., and all persons are notified to appear and be heard in support of the same, if they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing; testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing, must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Union, Intelligencer, and Evening Star, Washington; D. C.; Evening National Argus, Philadelphia; Evening Journal of States Argus, and Scientific American, New York; Boston Post, Boston, Massachusetts; Times, Hartford, Connecticut; Herald, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; and Enquirer, Cincinnati, Ohio, once a week for three successive weeks previous to the thirteenth day of February next, the day of hearing.

CHARLES MASON,
Commissioner of Patents.

P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send their bills to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. dec4:w3t

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ONE LOT and a THREE STORY HOUSE or STORE, with brick Building and Lot House,
Two Lots and a good Brick Dwelling House.
Also, three Lots on Caldwell street.

If the above property is not sold at private sale previous to THURSDAY, January 20, 1854, it will be positively sold on that day to the highest bidder, as the subscriber is leaving the city, and going West.

ADAM WEAVER,
Penna. Avenue, No. 271.
dec4:3t

Administration Notice.

WHEREAS, Letters of Administration *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo*, to the estate of BERNARD KANE, late of the City of Pittsburgh, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said Estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, to

WILLIAM HANEY, Adm'r.,
7th Ward, Pittsburgh.
Or—
MITCHEL & PALMER,
Attorneys at Law.
dec6

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!!—The Illustrated Magazine of Art, for December;
The Popular Educator, for December;
Part VI, the Practical Draughtsman:
The Twin Brothers; or, the Victim of the Press Gang;
The Twin Brothers, or the Victims of the Press-Gang; by Henry T. Tuckerman.
A Month in England; by Henry T. Tuckerman.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

In great variety, comprising all the standard juveniles and numerous new and beautiful books, for the approaching holidays.

GIFT BOOKS AND ANNUALS.

Our stock comprises everything published, most of them in superb bindings and elegantly illustrated, forming a magnificent collection.

BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS,

Of every variety of size and style of binding, suitable for holiday gifts, or other purposes.

H. MINER & CO.,
dec6 No. 52 Smithfield street.

NEW BOOKS!—H. P. CALLOW, Diepatch Buildings, has received the following:
Magazine of Art, for December;
No. 6 Practical Draughtsman;
Popular Educator, for December;
The Lady at Home, by Arthur;
The Iron Rule, by Arthur;
The Twin Brothers;
And all the different Magazines for the present month.
dec6 H. P. CALLOW, Third street.

CODFISH—Just received,
10 casks prime Codfish,
5 bbls No. 1 Salmon,
300 lbs smoked Salmon,
20 bbls pickl Herring,
20 do No. 3 Mackerel,
150 boxes Burlington scaled and No. 1 smoked Herring,
For sale low for cash by JESSE HAWORTH,
dec6 Corner of Diamond and Diamond alley.

200 BOXES FIRE CRACKERS, No. 1.
50 do do Jackson do
20,000 Torpedoes.
1 case Nutmegs,
20 kegs Cooking Raisins.
Received and for sale by
dec6 J. C. ANDERSON & CO., No. 6 Wood st.

A NEW BRICK HOUSE, of hall, 6 rooms and finished attic, with Lot of 25 feet front on Main st., Duquesne borough, by 100 deep to Carpenter's alley, with fruit and shade trees. Price $1100. Terms easy.
dec6 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 140 Third st.

AMUSEMENTS.

FOSTER'S THEATRE.

JOSEPH C. FOSTER.....LESSEE AND MANAGER.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Boxes and Parquet	50c.	Second Tier	25
Private Boxes, large	$3	Boxes for COLORED PEOPLE	
Do. do. small	$2	PIT	50c

☞ Persons securing seats will be charged 12½ cts. extra for the certificate.

☞ Doors open at ½ before 7 o'clock; performance commence at 7½ o'clock.

TRIUMPH OF TALENT!

THIS EVENING, December 5, 1853, will be presented a new Operatic Play entitled

LOUISE MUELLA.

Karl Muella.....Mr. Richings.
Louise Muella.....Miss Richings.
(To which she will sing the original Music from Verdi's celebrated Italian Opera of that name.)
To conclude with the laughable Comedy of

A ROLAND FOR AN OLIVER.

Hon. Alfred Highflyer.....Mr. Richings.
Maria Darlington, (with songs).....Miss Richings.

☞ To-morrow, Mr. and Miss Richings will appear in two popular pieces.

GRAND CONCERT.

OLE BULL

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Pittsburgh, that he will soon give, in this City, a GRAND CONCERT, on which occasion he will be assisted by Mlle. NORINA ADELINA PATTI, the musical phenomenon.

MAURICH STRAKOSCH, the great Pianist, Musical Director and Conductor.

☞ For Programme and particulars, see future advertisements, and at the Ticket Offices, at Mr. H. KLEBER'S Music Store. nov22tf

Fall Style of Hats.

SAMUEL WEST, No. 231 LIBERTY STREET, (Head of Wood,) has just received the FALL STYLE OF HATS, and would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and customers to it. He has also on hand a large and varied assortment of HATS and CAPS, which he will sell CHEAP, for cash. [au13tf

Hats and Caps.

JOSEPH COX & CO., corner Wood street and Diamond alley, would respectfully inform their friends and the public that they are receiving a large and splendid stock of HATS AND CAPS, of the latest styles, which they are prepared to sell on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city. Give us a call and examine our stock. sep10

FRESH OYSTERS,
FROM BALTIMORE,
JUST RECEIVED AT
A. FIELD'S DEPOT
On corner of Wood and Fifth Streets,
UNDER PATRICK & FRIEND. [sep10

To Steamboats, Hotels, and Families.

JUST OPENED, a complete assortment of genuine YEDDO STONE CHINA, which is recommended as being much superior to French China. Also, a large assortment of every other article in the trade.

H. HODKINSON,
65 Wood st.; Pittsburgh.
Near St. Charles Hotel.

SECOND HAND ENGINES AND BOILERS FOR SALE.
2 Engines, each 11 inch cylinder, 3½ feet stroke.
1 Engine, 10 inch cylinder, 8 feet stroke.
2 double flue Boilers, 30 feet long, 42 inch diameter.
2 double flue Boilers, 21 feet long, 36 inch diameter.
R. CUTHBERT & SON,
nov29 General Commission Ag'ts, 140 Third st.

CHILDREN'S FANCY SHOES, of new style, just received at 45 No. 107 Market street.
nov30 W. F. SCHMERTZ.

LADIES' FRENCH MOROCCO BOOTS and ½ BOOTS—A new supply at No. 107 Market street.
nov29 W. F. SCHMERTZ.

GENT'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CALF, KIP and COW-HIDE BOOTS—A large assortment of the very best quality, warranted. Prices unexceptionable.
nov29 W. F. SCHMERTZ.

PLAIDS, PLAIDS.—A. MASON & CO., No. 25 FIFTH street, will open, this morning, another beautiful assort