Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS:.....GEORGE P. GILLMORE.

Phillips & Gillmore, Editors & Proprietors.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....NOVEMBER 10.

MORNING POST JOB OFFICE.

We have now employed in our Job Office an unusual number of excellent job printers, and are prepared to execute all orders with neatness unsurpassed, and with a speed that *shall* not be beat.

LOCOMOTIVE MANUFACTORY.

We learn with pleasure that an enterprising firm in our city is about to commence the manufacture of locomotives and passenger cars. They have ample means and skill; and a wide field before them for successful competition. It certainly must be that locomotives, and the running gear of cars, can be manufactured cheaper in Pittsburgh than in almost any other place in the country. Our advantage in cheaper iron and coal must render the business very profitable. It is known to be now one of the most profitable branches of manufactures wherever carried on. And the demand for locomotives and cars will in a few years be almost unlimited. A fact, which we lately stated on good authority, will give some idea of the extent of the demand for railroad equipments already. It was stated that, when the Central road was completed, the locomotives and freight and passenger cars and trucks, required in its business, would make a continuous line forty-eight miles in length: nearly one seventh of the entire length of the road. There are now nearly thirteen thousand miles of railroad in the country, and almost all of them doing a large business. Supposing them all to require about the same amount of locomotives and cars of all kinds, or even much less, say one tenth of their length, the trains would be nearly thirteen hundred miles in length. It seems incredible, but may be true. In five years, if the country continues prosperous, the extent of our railroads will be nearly doubled: so that the demand for locomotives is constantly and rapidly increasing for new roads, as well as new supplies for old roads. The whole North American continent will yet be traversed in every direction by the iron horses; and the locomotive manufactories will be driven with ceaseless toil to supply the immense demand. While the demand is so continually increasing, the prices will be sustained, and cannot fail to be abundantly remunerative. There are not now enough locomotive manufactories in this country to supply the demand at the present time. Sometime ago the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, we are informed, ordered twelve new locomotives, and we learn that it is not expected that part of them can be furnished for some months to come.

The railroad system of Pittsburgh, too, when all our roads are completed, gives Pittsburgh an advantage in this line of business. We shall have roads running in every direction, and to all parts of the Union, so that locomotives manufactured here could be sent over railroads, by their own power, to any part of the country. The twelve new locomotives for the Ohio and Pennsylvania road will probably cost over a hundred thousand dollars. That money might have been earned by Pittsburgh mechanics and capitalists, and retained in our midst, instead of being sent eastward. Our whole community have thus an interest in the matter, and we are glad that a well known and enterprising firm, possessing means and skill, are about to enter upon the business. We predict for them abundant success.

Our manufacturers of railroad iron too have, we believe, equally encouraging prospects, and will add equally to the wealth and prosperity of our community. Pittsburghers are a little slow in taking hold of such new enterprises; but when they do begin, they are almost uniformly successful.

ANOTHER SWINDLE.

The Massillon Bank has blown up, under "very peculiar circumstances." It was chartered in 1835 for 20 years. Capital stock $200,000, with privilege to issue $400,000. H. Dwight, of New York, bought enough of its stock to give him the entire control of the concern. He employed about $200,000 of its bills in building the Chicago and Mississippi Railroad; so that that amount of its bills is in the pockets of the Western farmers and laborers. Dwight has possession of about $350,000 of its assets, and has lately failed in New York, and the bank goes down of course, with no present means to redeem its bills. The people who have trusted to the rotten concern, are thus likely to be cheated out of two or three hundred thousand dollars. It is said, however, that Dwight's assets will pay all his liabilities, if properly applied. In that case, holders of the bills will have to sell them to brokers at about fifty cents on the dollar. Holders of small sums cannot afford to wait for months, perhaps years, for the full amount; and have more trouble in looking after their money than it is worth; so they submit to the shave, and the brokers make a fortune. So goes the game of "bank facilities" and swindles. Patchin's Bank of Buffalo; Pratts Bank of Buffalo; the Oswego Bank, and the Chatauque Bank, are also broken or breaking. Their bills, however, are secured by State Stock.

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* says of the Massillon Bank:

"It belonged neither to the State Banks, State Stock Banks, or Independent Banks of the State, but a sort of free booter with license to sin and sink whenever a big swindle can be effected."

☞ The editor of the Chambersburg *Whig* is a wag of the first water. He was the late whig candidate for Auditor General, and he announces his *success* in Monroe county as follows:

"We feel under peculiar obligations to the gallant Whigs of several districts in Monroe county for the unbroken front they presented, not only for the Whig candidate for Auditor General, but for the whole State ticket. It will be observed that in seven districts the vote for the Whig candidates presents the most complete uniformity, without the slightest variation or 'scratching.' We append the vote:"

	Auditor Gen.		*Surveyor Gen.*	
	Banks.	D. McClure.	W. Brawley.	D. Myers.
Chesnuthill	155	00	107	00
Coolbaugh	84	00	37	00
Eldred	135	00	132	00
Jackson	108	00	109	00
Paradise	42	00	41	00
Polk	95	00	97	00
Ross	70	00	72	00
Total	649	00	655	00

We like the result of the election in these seven districts, and we also like the pleasant spirit in which Mr. McClure announces the "unanimous" vote which he secured. He is too pleasant a man to be a whig; his proper position is in the democratic ranks. Come over, brother, and you will have better luck next time. The whig ranks is not your place; if you want to advance, you must go with the progressive. Franklin county whiggery is worn out; they have not a sight in Allegheny county now, and we would advise our cotemporary to cut loose from the whigs as soon as possible. The time was when Franklin Squatters could thrive and grow fat in Allegheny county, but now they are as lean and lank as the kine which Pharaoh saw in his dream. The only hope for our friend McClure is to come over to the Democratic party, and then he will thrive.

☞ The Missouri *Democrat* has to reduce its size on account of the scarcity of paper. Were it published in Pittsburgh, it might increase its size, could it increase its "price" to pay for it. We can have any size we want, but then there is a correspouding and growing consideration demanded for it.

☞ The fire which took place in the Ohio Penitentiary on Saturday, appears to have been a very destructive one. It is supposed that it was started by one of the convicts.

The *Statesman* says the loss to the Institution is about $800, besides the buildings, which cannot be rebuilt short of $3000 or $4000. But we learn it has funds sufficient to complete the new buildings in progress, and rebuild this, without further aid from the State.

The loss of Hall & Brown is very heavy. They estimate their stock in their prison shops at $25,000, not over $6,000 of which was saved. They were insured, but to what extent we have not learned. Their heaviest loss is in the derangement of their business. The Messrs. Brown are young and enterprising men, with their all invested in this business, and the loss will fall heavily upon them.

Mr. Burdell has sustained no loss and but little inconvenience. The loss of Mr. Hayden cannot be great. This is the most extensive and destructive fire that has occurred in that Institution since 1847, under Col. Dewey, when the Saddle Tree Shop of Mr. Hayden was burned—destroying about the same amount of building and more property.

Receipts and Expenditures.—The following are the total figures of the Revenues and Expenditures of the Government for the fiscal year ending 30th June last, as they will be officially reported to Congress:

RECEIPTS.

From Customs	$58,931,865 52
From Sales of Public Lands	1,667,084 99
Miscellaneous and Miscellaneous sources	738,623 89
Total	$61,337,574 40
Balance in Treasury, July 1, 1852	$14,632,186 37
	$75,969,710 77
Total Expenditures	$54,026,818 21
Balance in Treasury July 1, 1853	$21,942,892 56

This statement of the expenditures includes the amount paid for the redemption of public stocks.....$10,482,555 89

Stand from Under.—There is no doubt a crisis coming in money affairs. We find the following account of the collapsing shinplaster concerns in the *Forest City*, of the 8th:

Bank Failures.—On the heels of the collapse of the old Massillon bank came the "detonations" of several more. About one per hour bursted during banking hours yesterday. The following is the state of the killed and wounded, as far as could be ascertained last night.

Massillon Bank, after exhausting the $200,000 due from the C. & P. Railroad, which is good, there will be $150,000 outstanding bills drawn on the bank, and invested it in Illinois railroad speculation. This "stopped" his bank, and bursted its boiler.

The Patchin bank of Buffalo was secured by State stocks and real estate, to what extent we know not. The suspension of payment was caused by large loans to the New York City railroad, whose affairs are embarrassed. Mr. Patchin, the President of the Bank, is also President of the Road, and has assumed the liabilities on its behalf.

Pratt's bank, and Merchants bank, of Buffalo, are reported failed. Bank of Oswego, broke in consequence of its connection with Dwight's Wall street speculations. Farmer's Joint Stock Company, Canada, redeemed in Canada, blew up. It was a regular shin-plaster concern from the beginning.

Erie and Kalamazoo, Michigan, reported "gone by the board." A despatch from the Cashier, received here last night, denies the report of this failure, and claims they are stronger than ever. That may be true, and yet they may be unworthy of public confidence any longer. The Lewis county bank is marked doubtful by the Cleveland backers. We would caution the public to stand from under. The Macomb county bank, which is said to be a Wild Cat, with a charter that permits it to discount at pleasure.

The Chatauqua bank is also reported failed, and so believed here by the knowing ones.

A merchant informed us last evening, that a runner travelled on the river, of the failure of the Clinton bank at Columbus, that its notes were refused, and that it had probably followed the Massillon bank.

All these banks held will cat charters—art without security, and unlimited in their privileges to issue paper. They belong to the free-booter class, ready to blow up on the first favorable opportunity. The regularly chartered banks which have gone into business since 1845, are believed to be perfectly sound and abundantly secured by stocks and reserved funds.

The Fire in Wellsville.—Took place on Wednesday morning of last week. The *Patriot* gives the following particulars:

The fire was discovered to be in the hall, separating McIntosh, M'Collough & Co's Exchange Office from H. D. Cooper's Grocery; but before any assistance could be procured, the entire block, fronting the river, was wrapped in one vast sheet of the devouring element.

It next communicated to that portion of the block fronting Main street, in which was Walker's Drug Store, and also to the dwelling known as the "Catlett property," and the whole soon presented one grand conflagration—and was given up as lost.

Fears were entertained that the surrounding buildings—being mostly of wood—would also be consumed; but fortunately, about daylight the flames were so much subdued as to render a further outbreak impossible.

The grocery and dry goods store of Mr. Wm. Smith was completely gutted—goods, shelving and counters were thrown into the street in one mass of confusion and utter disorder; and also the goods and fixtures of M. P. Gear, baker, were equally destroyed by similar rashness.

In the block destroyed, was Biggs' Grocery and ale saloon—nearly all a total loss. Such articles as were in the cellar, were all destroyed; and but a few of those on the first floor were saved.

Next—McIntosh and McCullough's Exchange Office also used as the railroad ticket office—all saved but a few articles of furniture. Books, safe and other valuables were rescued from the flames.

Next—Cooper's Grocery. He was about removing from Wellsville, and had his entire stock packed up. A portion, however, was lost. This room also contained the entire fixtures of the Telegraph office, which were consumed with the rest.

Next—a room on Lisbon street, occupied by D. & D. McDonald & Co., as a temporary business house. All lost except books and papers.

Next, was M. U. Walker's drug store—of more value than all the rest,—a complete mass of smouldering ruins—with the exception of a few hundred dollars worth of Drugs—considerably damaged.

In the upper room of the block, cornering on Lisbon and Water streets, was situated the Masonic Hall, and as the fire is supposed to have originated at the foot of the steps leading to the Hall, not a particle of masonic property was saved. This loss may be considered as great as any other department of the building, as the order have but recently refitted the Blue Lodge and established a Royal Arch Chapter. The furniture, Masonic carpet, &c. were all consumed. Loss, not less than $1,000.

Secretary Dobbin.—It is not often we find anything in a Whig print favorable to Democrats high in authority; but the following extract from the National Intelligencer, whose Federal affinities cannot be doubted, in reference to the above named gentleman, is so well deserved and appropriate, that we cannot refrain from giving it a place in our paper:

"The Secretary of the Navy appears to be winning his way to public confidence, and, as we are not unwilling to do justice to a political opponent, we are ready to give credit to the Administrator of the Navy Department for any honest endeavors he may make to improve the condition of this all-important branch of the public service. With this view we copy the annexed brief article from a neutral and highly intelligent New Orleans paper. One act at least of the Secretary's we cheerfully embrace this opportunity to commend, and that is the issue of his "General Order" on the 17th. Without professing much familiarity with such matters, we are under the impression that such an order was greatly needed, and will have a very salutary effect on the discipline of the navy. We may further use the occasion to express a hope that the Secretary's party position may enable him to prevail with Congress to reform some of those mischifs introduced into the naval service by Democratic legislation, which his able Whig predecessors had not the influence to effect."

☞ The Pacific Railroad Company have purchased four blocks in the city of St. Louis, at a cost of $120,000.

NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

Lehigh County.—*Allentown Railroad.*—The Lehigh *Register* says that the corps of Engineers engaged in making a temporary survey of the Allentown and Port Clinton Railroad, have run a distance of four miles, as far up the Ceder Creek as "Knauss's Mill." In this distance the route is found very favorable, the grade being only about 18 to 20 feet to the mile. We are informed that as soon as the survey can be made and the necessary specifications prepared, the Road will be put under contract. Application will be made to the next Legislature to consolidate this road with the one between Kutztown and Reading, where it will connect with the Lobanon Valley Road. This then, will make a direct line from New York to Harrisburg, and thence to the Great West by way of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Venango County.—We learn from the *Spectator* that a contract has been made with an eastern company for building the entire line of the Venango Railroad. The preliminary survey is finished, and proves satisfactory. There is no difficulty whatever in finding a direct route and easy grades.

The work of locating the line will be commenced immediately and the contractors will break ground about the 1st of December next and push the work to a speedy completion.

Lancaster County.—*Judge Lowrie.*—This distinguished Jurist spent a day or two last week with his colleague and friend, Judge Lewis, in this city. On Friday evening a large party, consisting of the Judges of our Court and Members of the Bar generally, by invitation met at the residence of the latter, for the purpose of paying their respects to Judge Lowrie, where they were hospitably entertained by Judge Lewis and his excellent lady, in a style which could not be excelled. Two or three hours were spent very pleasantly together in social intercourse and all present appeared very much gratified with the gentlemanly bearing and suavity of manner which characterize Judge Lowrie, and with the ease and fluency of his conversation on the different subjects—grave and gay—which were introduced. About ten o'clock the company partook of an elegant collation prepared for the occasion, the merits of which were properly discussed, after which they retired, greatly delighted with the entertainment, social and gastronomic, of the evening.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

Items of News and Miscellany.

Sebastian Ringtz, of Hamilton county, Ohio, has made this season, from 11,096 vines, 5,700 gallons of wine, worth $1 per gallon.

A gentleman, says the Daily Advertiser, died at an advanced age, recently, in a neighboring town, who had never passed a single night out of the house in which he was born.

"Sambo, what am your 'pinion of rats?"

"Why I think the rats has the shortest tail will get in de hole de quickest."

The Soldiers of 1812, in Hartford county, Md., meet in Havre de Grace on the 5th of January next, for the purpose of adopting measures that may have a tendency of procuring for them 160 acres of land.

It is said the seamstresses of Philadelphia are on a strike against the introduction of sewing machines into the establishments where they are employed.

The Rhode Island legislature has passed an act making railroad and steamboat companies responsible in damges for loss of life by carelessness. The amount of damage was not limited.

It is stated that the shipping at New York continues scarce. All classes of vessels are in demand, and freights are nearly double the rates of a few weeks since. Eastern vessels, to carry grain to that section, are very difficult to be had on any terms.

The Washington Star states that the appointment of American Consul to Lima, declined not long since by Judge J Smith, of California, late of Pauquier county, Virginia, has been bestowed on James W. Green, Esq., of Alexandria, Virginia.

The Cadiz correspondent of the Havana Diaria, writes, Oct. 7th, from Madrid, that Mr. Soule's presence there makes some sensation—but adds that Mr. S., by some publications in the Paris Siecle, propitiatory, had paved the way for a reception.

Lamartine, it is said, has sold a new work of his, "The History of the Medicis," in advance, (for it is not yet written,) to two of the French government journals, for the round sum of 150,000 francs, ($28,150.) It is to consist of four octavo volumes, of 400 pages each.

Mr Vanderbilt, of New York, on Friday is sued a writ of attachment against the steamship Commodore, one of the vessels running in the line of the Nicaragua Transit Company. She was immediately released, upon Charles Morgan and Joseph L. White, Esqs. entering the necessary bonds.

The receipts of hogs for slaughtering at Cincinnati were light last week, but it is stated that vast droves are within a few miles of the city, and packers expect to kill upward of 300,000 this season. Prices were dull—asking 5c., and buyers offering 4½c. net.

One of the 700 Turkish cannon which guard the Dardanelles is charged with 230 pounds of powder, and throws a stone shot of one thousand pounds weight. Of course such immense guns are more formidable in appearance than reality, and the firing is not unattended with danger to their own artillerymen.

The new democratic Governor of Vermont, in his inaugural address, takes strong ground against the Liquor (Maine) Law, intimating that the Legislature transcended its powers in enacting it, and that it is tyrannical and inoperative, as well as in some respects unconstitutional.

The Capitol of the State of Tennessee, now nearly completion, is said to be one of the finest buildings in the world. Its cost is a million of dollars. But it is built of solid limestone, taken from near the hill on which it stands. The roof is of Sennesse copper, and the Speaker's stand of marble quarried in that State.

Among other matters mentioned in the late China news, is the fact that the Emperor has, for the first time, summoned the Princes of Mongolia to his assistance. There is a large number of Tartar troops in the Imperial Chinese armies, but they have been a long time in the country and have become enervated.

The laborers struck on Black's section of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville railroad, on Tuesday last, because of a reduction from $1 20 to $1 10 per day. The contractor refused to give more, so that the work on this section is suspended for the present, and will be for some time.

"Women's Sprees."—Barnum is a thoroughgoing T-totaller. He even wants the ladies to give up their Tea, and insinuates that they can get T'd upon that as well as upon draughts of stronger stuff. Here how he comes down upon the fragrant article—the article which our most delicious table beverage is distilled, at the World's Temperance Convention held lately in New York city:

"Tea has the nervine property, and we see its effect upon women when they go to tea parties. Tea parties are women's sprees, and when they have taken around a strong cup of tea, just drop in, and you will find them so garrulous and talkative, that you would think that the ship which brought the tea from China had brought the language also."

The ladies, we doubt not, will now, with one voice, join their lords in denouncing Barnum as a *humbug* of the first *water*. The recollection that he once called Jenny Lind a "sweet angel," won't save him. No more should it.

African Colonization.—The plan of African colonization is daily growing in favor with the free colored population of the United States. A letter from the office of the American Colonization Society to Gov. Pinoey, in New York, says:

"Applications are pouring in from various parts of the country for passage to Liberia in our expedition from Baltimore, Nov. 1st, and Norfolk, Nov. 5th. We shall probably send from 200 to 250 emigrants at that time. We expect to dispatch a vessel from Savannah, about Dec. 15th, with probably over 150 emigrants."

Saturday last was the day for the sailing of the New York expedition, and over seventy had engaged passage.

The following gentlemen have been elected directors of the Pacific Railroad Company:

Messrs. Levi S. Chatfield, Sanford E. Church, Orville Clark, Caleb S. Woodhull, of New York; Cyrus Moore, Maine; George Ashmun, Mass; T. Butler King, Georgia; Alfred Gilmore, Pa.; Francis M. Dimon, R. I.; Robert J. Walker, Washington; Elon Farnsworth, Michigan; Wm. Noyes, Pa., Jeptha Fowlkes, Tenn; Thomas J. Green, California; Anson Jones, Levi Jones, W. R. D. Ward, Texas; James H. Lucas, Mo.; Isaac E. Holmes, S. C.; Nathaniel T. Green, N. C.; Philip T. Thomas, Md.; H. D. Spelman, Samuel Wagoner, Ohio; G. W. Underhill, Ark; E. T. Bridge, N. J.

"I Hain't Been Stealin' Nothin'!"

A rich incident occurred a short time since, in one of the County Courts in Vermont, which we consider too good to be lost.

Many of the jury, together with the judge and lawyers, were intending to participate in a celebration of a society of which they were members, and were consequently—in their anxiety to close the term—rushing cases through with all the despatch that honor and justice would permit.

At half past twelve o'clock, one day, an intermission for half an hour for dinner was granted, with a strict injunction from the Judge that "all hands" must be back punctually at *one*, to commence a new case of larceny.

The dinners that day, were swallowed with greater rapidity than usual, and as the clock struck *one*, the officers of the law rushed into Court, like chickens into a meal-trough.

While they were eating their dinners, however, a young man from the "kedntry," being somewhat anxious to see the manner in which justice was meted out, walked into the Court-room, and, as he afterwards expressed himself, "took a squint at all the seats, and seein' there wasn't nobody in the nicest one, with a railin' all around it, and thought he'd make sure on it 'afore the fellers got back from dinner."

In five minutes after the crowd entered the room, the Judge rapped the desk with the butt-end of his jacknife, and with a dignified frown cried—

"Silence'n the Court!"

"Silence'n the Cout," repeated the broad-shouldered constable, leaning on the railing in front of his honor, and immediately resumed the occupation of picking his teeth with a pin.

"Silence'n the Court!" echoed the squeaking tones of a small, red headed constable near the door; and the latter spker immediately commenced elbowing the crowd, right and left, to let them know that he was *around!*

"All ready!" says the Judge.

"All ready!" replied the attorney.

"Command the prisoner to stand up!" says the Judge, "while the indictment is being read!"

The broad-shouldered constable now walked up to the prisoner's box, during the apparent momentary absence of the sheriff, placed his hands on the shoulder of the young man, and exclaimed—

"Stand up!"

"Wat fur?" said the astonished young farmer.

"To hear the charge read!" exclaimed the constable.

"Wall, I guess I kin hear what's goin' on, without standin', as well as the rest on 'em," was the reply.

"Stand up!" roared the Judge, in a burst of passion—he had just bit his tongue while picking his teeth; "young man, *stand up!* or the consequences be upon your own head."

The victim came upon his feet as if under the influence of a galvanic battery, and looking around the court-room, and noticing that all eyes were upon him, with an expression about as affectionate as that of a rabid man toward a bowl of water, he hung his head in confusion and mortification, and was nearly deaf to the words of the indictment, but he heard enough of the long, complicated, tangled sentences to learn that he was charged with stealing, or embezzling, or cheating, or pilfering some house or somebody, and he couldn't tell exactly which.

"What does he say to the charge? Guilty or not guilty?" inquired the Judge, peeping over his spectacles with a look cold enough to freeze a man's blood. "Guilty or not guilty?"

The young man ventured to look up, in hopes to find a sympathising eye, but all were cold and unfriendly, and he again gazed on the saw-dusted floor, and trembled with confusion.

"Guilty or not guilty?" again vociferated the Judge, in a tone that plainly denoted impatience to proceed with the case.

The broad shouldered constable being rather a humane man, now stepped up to the prisoner and said—

"You had better say '*not guilty*,' of course! If you say '*guilty*' you don't stand no chance this term, that's *sure*, and if you say '*not guilty*' and oish at any future state of the case to change your plea to '*guilty*,' you can do it, without any injury to yourself. Therefore I advise you to say '*not guilty*,' and stick to it as long as there's any chance."

Jonathan's feelings had been simmering some time, but now they fairly boiled over; and with a look of innocence, but determined resolution, he swung his arms about his head and exclaimed

"What in all natur' are you fellers a trying' to jew? I hain't been stealin' nothin'! *I hain't, sure.*"

Just at this moment the front door opened, and the sheriff, with the *genuine* prisoner, walked into the room, and proceeded at once to the bar.

The Court saw in a moment that it was a mistake, and tried to choke off its effect with a frown—but it was no go. The crowd burst forth into a horse-laugh that fairly made the windows rattle, and the young man left the room, exclaiming as he passed the door—

"I knowed all the time that I hadn't stole nothin'"—*Literary Museum.*

An Entertaining Public Speaker.—The following humorous account of the soporific speeches of a medical member of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, towards the close of last century, is from the pen of the celebrated Cobbet, who at that period published a strong partisan paper in Philadelphia.

"I allude to one Doctor Morpheus, who, finding his neighbors determined not to die under his hands, is now endeaving to assassinate the State. The State, however, seems to partake of the obstinacy of his neighbors, turning a deaf ear to all his prescriptions. At the end of the second paragraph the chairman was perceived to yawn, the third rocked him off, and the fourth laid the whole assembly fast asleep. The fifth reached the door keeper at the further end of the passage; and before the sixth was finished, an old woman who was selling apples at the gate dropped from her stool. Should this quack in politics, as well as physic, be suffered to continue his lectures, the Assembly of Pennsylvania may write over their doors, as the French do over their burying grounds—'This is the place of everlasting sleep.'"

The Case of Mrs. Gaines.—The Wilmington (Del) Gazette mentions a rumor that Mrs. Gaines has come across an old gentleman who was present when her mother was duly married to her father, Daniel Clarke. The lady proof of this marriage, it will be remembered, was the cause of Mrs. Gaines losing her late suit. It is further stated by the Gazette that upon the existence of this evidence being made known to the defendant in a suit now pending in the Louisiana Courts, he became fully satisfied of her right to recover, and therefore offered to purchase the property at a fair equivalent, which she has accepted—since which transaction Mrs. Gaines has compromised with nearly all the possessors of her father's lands, for a very large sum of money in the aggregate, the payment of which will soon be secured to her.

Population of the Turkish Empire.—We are constantly told of twelve millions of Greeks dominevered over by four millions of Turks. The proportions are not correctly given, even if we confine ourselves to European Turkey alone. In this estimate are given the whole Greek population, in all the dominions of the Sultan, whilst the Mussulman numbers are only those of Europe.

The latest authority upon the statistics of the population of the whole Turkish Empire, is a work just published in Paris by A. Ubicini. He gives the numbers as follows:

Religions.	*Asia.*	*Africa*	
Mussulmans	4,550,000	12,050,000	3,800,000
Greeks	10,000,000	3,000,000	
Catholics	600,000	200,000	
Jews	70,000	80,000	
Gipsies	80,000		

Low Railroad Fares in England.—The London Times of October 4th, states that the competition between the Northwestern and the Great Western Railway Companies has risen to such a pitch that in one case, where the lines of the two great companies run between the same towns, the traveler may ride a distance of sixty miles for six-pence. In another case, the fare for riding ninety miles is 1s. 6d. Such an arrangement we can easily conceive to be very gratifying to the traveling public. Whether it is satisfactory in its results to the shareholders, is a different question.

Decapitation.—The *North American* of Tuesday says:—

The President has ordered the removal of Stilles, Postmaster at Bedford, and Merrill, Postmaster at South Andover, Massachusetts, for coalescing with the Free Soilers at the recent Middlesex County Convention, in the nomination of candidates for State Senator. Hobart Clark has been appointed to succeed Marrill, and Henry A. Gleason to succeed Stilles. Calvin H. Perry has been appointed Postmaster at Natick, Massachusetts.

Providence and Worcester Railroad.—The Woonsocket Patriot says this corporation is settling with the individuals who were injured by the collision on the 12th of August; and also that the damages are so large that it is proposed to declare no dividend at the end of the present year.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Indigestion and Liver Complaint** CURED BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. Dickinson, a Missionary in Oregon:

Mr. J. M. Kier—*Dear Sir:* Myself and wife having been greatly benefitted by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box of two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are affected with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your Petroleum, or Rock Oil. We took several bottles two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle, before that fullness of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. Kier, Canal Basin, Geo. H. Keyser, 140 Wood street, and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. oct25

☞ **Arnold & Williams,** Heating and Ventilating Warehouse, No. 93 Market street, Pittsburgh—Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubing, Brass and Iron Fittings and Chilson's Furnaces, Registers, Ventilators, Tin Pipes, and every article required in their line.

Particular attention paid to the erection of Heating, Ventilating and Drying Apparatus, by Steam Pipes, Hot Water, and Chilson's Furnace. nov22m

☞ **Dr. Larzette's Juno Cordial,** or Prolific Creative Elixir, prescribed as an effectual restorative in cases of Weakness, Impotency, or Barrenness, and all irregularities of nature. As an Invigorating Remedy it is unequalled. Also a certain Remedy for Incipient Consumption, Indigestion, Loss of Muscular Energy, and, Female Weakness. Sold only at No. 145 THIRD street Pittsburgh. octl4ly

☞ **H. Ahl, Surgeon Dentist,** (Successor of G. W. Biddle,) No. 144 Smithfield st. [my3]y

☞ **Angerona Lodge, I. O. O. F.**—The Angerona Lodge, No. 289, I. O. of O. F., meets every Wednesday evening in Washington Hall, Wood st. [jy1]y

☞ **Notice.**—The Journeymen Tailors 50 City, of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, meets on the first and third Wednesday of every month, at the Florida House, Market street. By order,

JOHN YOUNG, JR., Secretary. jely

☞ **Cargo's Cotillion and Brass Saxhorn Band,** can be had by applying to Wm. Frank Cargo, at the "Crystal Palace Daguerrean Rooms," of R. M. CARGO & CO'S, Fourth street. my24tf

☞ **I. O. O. F.**—Place of meeting, Washington Hall, Wood street, between 5th street and Virgin alley.

Pittsburgh Lodge, No. 350—Meets every Tuesday evening.

Monongahela Encampment, No. 87—Meets first and third Friday of each month. [mar25]y

☞ **Black Tea**—For the best Oolong Tea in Pittsburgh, at 50 cents ℔ lb., go to the Pekin Tea Store, No. 38 Fifth street, where the very best Black and Green Teas can always be had. [jy9

☞ **Corns! Corns!! Corns!!!** A great many persons are dreadfully tormented with corns. A certain remedy will be found in Dr. Cheek's Corn Plaster, for sale by Dr. Geo. S. Keyser, 140 Wood street.

Price, retail at 12½ and 25 cts. per box. sep8

☞ Liberal deductions to those who buy to sell again.

☞ **Curtains, Curtain Materials, and** Curtain Trimmings of every description, Furniture Plushes, Brocatelles, &c., Lace and Muslin Curtains, N. Y. Painted Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Pins, Bands, &c., at wholesale and retail.

No. 169 Chestnut street, corner Fifth, Philadelphia.

Curtains Made and Trimmed in the very newest French style. [mar26]y W. H. CARRYS.

CHAS. E. LOOMIS,

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Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, &c., Negotiated.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS.

☞ Office—75 Fourth street, between Market and Wood opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. jan18ly

Pearl Steam Mill;

CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY CITY,

(NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION.)

FAMILIES will be supplied with our various grades of FRESH GROUND FLOUR, By leaving their orders at the Mill or in our boxes at Logan, Wilson & Co., Wood street, or Braun & Reiter, corner Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

J. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Sample, Druggists, Allegheny.

Flour will be delivered to families in either of the two cities.

Terms: CASH on delivery.

jy29 BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

☞ **Nelson's Daguerreotypes.**—Post Office Buildings, Third street. Likenesses taken in all kinds of weather, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., giving an accurate artistic and animate likeness, unlike and vastly superior to the common cheap daguerreotypes, at the following cheap prices: $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3 and upward, according to the size and quality of case or frame.

Hours for children, from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N. B.—Likenesses of sick or deceased persons taken in any part of the city. [nov22]y

☞ **W. A. McLURG,** Dealer in *Fine Teas, Choice Family Groceries, Hooks and Willow Ware.*—Has on hand one of the most extensive Stocks of goods in his line to be found in the West, which he offers at the lowest market rates, wholesale or retail, and warrants them to be of the best quality.

☞ Goods delivered in the cities free of charge. au5

☞ **Associated Fire men's Insurance Company of the City of Pittsburgh.** J. K. Moorhead, President—Robert Finney, Secretary. Will insure against Fire and Marine Risks of all kinds. Office: in Monongahela House, Nos. 124 and 126 Water street.

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☞ **Cash Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Pennsylvania.** Capital, $100,000. *Charter Perpetual.*

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Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and tributaries.

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PHILADELPHIA CURTAIN WAREHOUSE,

173 Chestnut st., opposite the State House.

H. W. SAFFORD,

KEEPS constantly on hand the most extensive and varied assortment of Curtains and Curtain Materials to be found in the city, comprising in part of the following: CURTAIN GOODS AND FURNISHING COVERINGS—all styles of—

French Lace Curtains,	Window Shades, all prices,
Muslin "	Buff Hollands, all widths,
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Gilt Cornices, every style and price,	Gilt Curtain Pins,
" Satin Lames,	" Bands,
" Lampas,	Cords and Tassels,
" Satins,	Gimps, all prices,
" Damask Linens,	Loops,
" Cashmeretts,	Fringes,
Plain Turkey Red,	Picture Tassels and Cords,
India Satin Damask,	Shade Tassels and Brasses,
" Linen Silks,	Hooks, Rings, Brackets, &c.

Furniture Gimps.

A full assortment of the above goods constantly for sale, wholesale or retail. [marily—d.m.n.

☞ **Pittsburgh Life Insurance Company,** of *Pittsburgh, Pa.* Capital, $100,000

President—James S. Hoon.

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OFFICE, NO. 65 FIFTH STREET, (*Masonic Hall Building.*)

This Company makes every Insurance appertaining to or connected with Life Risks.

Mutual Rates are the same as those adopted by other safely conducted Companies.

Joint Stock rates at a reduction of one-third from the Mutual rates—equal to a dividend of thirty-three and one-third per cent, paid annually in advance.

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☞ **Splendid Fresh Stock of NEW PIANOS.**—The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now selecting, in person, at the factories of New York and Boston, a most extensive and ELEGANT STOCK OF NEW PIANO FORTES. The utmost care and attention will be given to the selection of the very best instruments which are manufactured in this country. Purchasers are politely requested to await the arrival of these elegant instruments before buying elsewhere, as they will have the advantage of choosing from among the *finest toned* Pianos which the New York and Boston market affords. The subscriber is determined to select the best and finest instruments, from among the hundreds of the Eastern stock, and will positively sell them at *net factory prices*, without additional charges for freight, &c. The first Pianos of this lot will arrive in about a fortnight. Call and examine.

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